

Downing Street, March 4, 1897.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Alfred Milner, K.C.B., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Cape of Good Hope with its Territories and Dependencies, who, in virtue of a Commission under the Royal Sign Manual and Signet, dated the 20th August, 1889, will become Her Majesty's High Commissioner for South Africa.

As High Commissioner for South Africa, Sir Alfred Milner will, under an Order of the Queen in Council, dated the 2nd February, 1884, be charged with the duty of exercising all legislative and executive authority in Her Majesty's name in Basutoland.

Downing Street, March 4, 1897.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint William Grey-Wilson, Esq., C.M.G. (Governor of St. Helena), to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of the Falkland Islands and its Dependencies.

Downing Street, March 4, 1897.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint Robert Armitage Sterndale, Esq., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Island of St. Helena.

Whitehall, March 4, 1897.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for presenting the Reverend Richard Rhodes Bristow, M.A., Honorary Canon of the Cathedral Church of Rochester, to the Rectory of Saint Olave, in the borough of Southwark, county of London, and diocese of Rochester, void by the death of the Reverend William Walter Edwards, M.A., the last Incumbent.

Whitehall, March 4, 1897.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for presenting the Reverend William Dampier, B.A., Vicar of Buckley, to the Rectory of Nailstone, in the county of Leicester and diocese of Peterborough, void by the resignation of the Reverend Frederic Lewis Donaldson, M.A., the last Incumbent.

Whitehall, March 4, 1897.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the said United Kingdom unto James Musgrave, of Drumglass, in the parish of Shankhill, in the county of Antrim, and of Carrick Lodge, in the parish of Glencolumbkille, in the county of Donegal, Esquire, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

Whitehall, March 4, 1897.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, granting the dignity of a Baronet of the said United Kingdom unto Richard Douglas Powell, of Wimpole-street, in the parish of Saint Marylebone, in the county of London, Esquire, Doctor in Medicine, one of Her Majesty's Physicians Extraordinary, and the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten.

*Master of the Horse's Office,
Royal Mews, Piccadilly, March 4, 1897.*

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Harold England Festing, Esq., to be Page of Honour to Her Majesty, vice Alexander Wood, Esq., resigned.

Crown Office, March 5, 1897.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present
PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Huli-fax.

Alfred Billson, Esq., in the place of William Rawson Shaw, Esq., who has accepted the Stewardship of the Manor of Northstead.

(S. 947.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries Department),
London, March 4, 1897.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Bucharest enclosing the following Note Verbale from the Roumanian Ministry of Foreign Affairs, viz. :—

Bucarest, ce 5-17 Février, 1897.

Pour faire suite à sa Note Verbale No. 971 en date du 17-29 Janvier dernier, le Ministère Royal des Affaires Etrangères a l'honneur de porter à la connaissance de la Légation Royal que, vu les proportions de plus en plus dangereuses prises par la peste aux Indes, le Conseil des Ministres, sur l'avis du Conseil supérieur sanitaire, a pris dans sa séance du 1-13 Février courant, les mesures suivantes.

A partir de la susdite date, l'importation en Roumanie sera défendue pour tous les produits animaux provenant des Indes, savoir : cuirs et peaux brutes (salées ou séchées) fourrures, feutres, ongles, cornes, os et tous autres produits animaux de toute espèce.

(S. 1024.)

*Board of Trade (Fisheries Department),
London, March 4, 1897.*

THE Board of Trade have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative at Paris, enclosing the following copy of a Note addressed to him respecting the importation into France of goods from British India, viz. :—

Paris.

le 18 Février, 1897.

Monsieur l'Ambassadeur :—

A la suite du décret du 9 Février dernier, relatif aux provenances contaminées de l'Inde Anglaise Votre Excellence a bien voulu m'exprimer, au nom de son Gouvernement, le désir d'être renseignée sur les points ci-après concernant l'importation en France des marchandises originaires de l'Inde Anglaise.

1. Quels sont les ports, autres que Bombay et Kurrachee auxquels s'applique la prohibition édictée par le décret du 9 Février ?

Actuellement les ports reconnus contaminés sont Bombay et Kurrachee (Inde Anglaise) et Givadar (Belouchistan). Mais c'est seulement au moment de l'arrivée d'un navire qu'il peut être répondu à la question dont il s'agit. S'il est démontré, par les mentions portées sur la patente de sante ou par tout autre renseignement postérieur à l'établissement de la patente, et parvenu au service sanitaire français, que le navire vient d'un port qui était contaminé au moment de son départ, les mesures relatives aux provenances des ports contaminés lui seront appliquées.