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Rome, June 2.

THE Council has now lasted almost four months, and yet we see no likelihood of its ending, the Cardinals being as much divided as ever, and the several Factions pursuing their different Aims with great Earnestness; tho' it is believed for the Zealots, finding they cannot overcome the Difficulties they meet with as to *Bambergo's* Promotion, have laid aside the Thoughts of him; but that before they retire themselves for any Body else, they will endeavour to gain some more Voices to their Party, which is already very considerable; they pretending to have no other design than to chuse a fit Person to govern the Church in this great Conjunction.

Genoa, June 2. There are come into this Port 20 French Gallies, who are bound for *Leghorne* to joyn the French Men of War that lie now in that Road, under the Command of the Count *d'Estree*.

Leghorn, June 4. The *Reserve* Frigate, Captain *Tea Crawly* Commander, is arrived here, with two English Merchant-men under his Convoy, from *Tunis* and *Tripoli*, having confirmed the Peace between Their Majesties of *Great Britain* and those Governments; and burnt three French Ships in the Bay of *Tunis*, with the Consent of the Basha. The French had sent out 4 Men of War, under Monsieur *Gakner*, to look after this Frigate, but they did not meet with her, and she came in here with a stiff Gale, though the Count *d'Estree* lay at the same time in this Road with 5 French Men of War and 2 Frigates.

Genoa, June 8. By several Vessels come from the *Levant* we have advice, that the Captain-General, having visited *Parrasse*, *Fressat*, *Lepanto*, and *Santa Maria*, was gone to do the like at *Navarin*, and the other places in the *Mercas*, after which he intended to repair to *Napoli di Romania*. We hear from *Malta*, that the Gallies of that Order set sail about the middle of the last month, with a considerable number of Land Forces to joyn our Fleet in the *Levant*.

Vienna, June 10. Prince *Louis's* Baggage and Equipage is arrived here from *Bohemia*, and will be forthwith sent for *Hungary*, whether he himself will follow in 8 or 10 days; most of the other Generals and Commanders are already departed: Count *Souches* is gone to *Hungary*, and General *Palfi* towards *Piedmont*; General *Dumouvalle* and the Duke *de Croÿ* are still here, waiting the Emperor's return from the Review of the *Brandenburg* Troops, which was on the 8th instant at *Galling* on the River *Morava*. The Turks do not yet begin to move on the Frontiers, only some small Parties were appeared near *Peter-Waradin*. We have an account from *Buda*, that the Sieur *Kesfersfeldt*, the Emperor's chief Engineer, had made a Tryal before the Governor and chief Officers of that Garrison, of his new invented Engins, to raise Water and other Weights, which succeeded to great Admiration; one of them, drawn by one Ox, and managed by 4 men, being able to raise in a day, into the upper

Town, Water sufficient for 30000 men. From *Essex* we have Letters of the 27th of *May*, which tell us, that the Regiments of *Sain*, *Beck*, *Nigrelli*, and several others, were already drawn together there; that those of *Rabutin*, *Sarau*, and *Hefcken*, were expected in few days, and that the Raisians encamped apart in a considerable Body, and were so numerous, that not having Ensigns enough of their own, they were forced to make use of those they had lately taken from the Turks, only placing a Cross in the middle of them.

Frankfurt, June 17. The Elector of *Saxony* arrived the 15th at *Haulbron*, and on the 20th of this month all his Troops will have passed the *Neckar*, and have joined the Confederate Army, which lies encamped at *Wisselock*. The French continue to destroy the Country about *Mentz*.

Cologne, June 19. The Landgrave of *Hesse* passed through this place on the 15th instant, going to joyn the Confederate Army in *Flanders*. The Letters from *Leige*, of the 16th, tell us, that the Duke of *Luxemburgh's* Camp; but those from the *Walselle* say, that he was come to *Florenville* in the Country of *Luxemburgh*, having sent only a Detachment to joyn the French Army in *Flanders*. They write from *Mentz*, that the Troops in Garrison there have had several Skirmishes with the French, who continue to ravage the Country about that place. And from *Heydelbergh* we have an account, that the Saxons had passed the *Mein* at *Wersheim*, and that by the 20th of this month they would be at *Haulbron*, where their Elector arrived on the 15th.

Paris, June 19. The Letters from *Briss*, of the 8th instant, say, that there were still about 25 Men of War in that Port, but that Monsieur *Tourville* would embark the next day, and set sail with the first fair Wind, to joyn those which lie, to the number of about 44, at *Belle-Ile*. They write from *Pignarol*, that Monsieur *Catinat*, being come before *Carmagnole*, the Trenches were opened the 7th at night; and that the 9th in the Evening, the Garrison surrendered, and was permitted to retire to *Turin*. We hear from *Flanders*, that the Duke of *Luxemburgh* was still encamped at *Brain le Comte*, and that the Sieur *de Rubantell* had joyned him with 10000 men detached from the Body commanded by the Marquis *de Bossiers*. The Advices from *Luzignee*, and the Neighbouring Provinces, do all speak of the great Miseries the People suffer in these parts, occasioned by their extreme Poverty, and the great want of Corn, inasmuch that many Families have perished through hunger.

From His Majesties Camp at *Dun* in *Beauvichin*, June 21. Yesterday morning the Army decamped from *Beckham-Abby*, and marched to *Parch*, about half a mile on the other side of *Louvan*; and this day we marched about 2 Leagues farther to this place, where we shall rest to-morrow, and the next day march to *Wavre*. We have as fine an Army as can be seen, consisting of near 60000 men, besides which we expect the Troops of *Luxemburgh*, *Hesse*, &c. and in all probability we shall not be long with out entering upon Action. The Duke of *Luxemburgh* continues still at *Brain le Comte*, but we hear he has caused a Camp to be marked out at *Cambren*. While we were encamped at *Beckham*, Father *Stipaton*, an Irish-man, and Rector of the University of *Louvain*, with several Members of that University, waited on the King,