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Rome, May 19.

THE Cardinal de Sineschia is come out of the Conclave very much indisposed; And several other Cardinals, who complain that they are not well, have desired the same liberty, but without obtaining it, for that it would be an ill Example, and by permitting all to come out that desire it, the number in the Conclave would be very much lessened, because of the uneasiness many of them are under through the long continuance of it. There has been this week some Endeavours used for the Promotion of *Pignatelli*, *Cibo*, and *Lauria*, though with little success; And in all appearance there will be no Election made in the Countries that were lately sent to the several Courts of *Venice*, *Spain*, and *France*, are come back.

Milan, May 23. On Sunday last we received an account from *Genova*, of the arrival there of the Marquis *de Legnèze*, our new Governor; And that we might expect him here in few days. But 'tis said, that before he comes hither, he will go to *Alexandria* to meet the Duke of *Savoy* there, and to confer with him about disposing of things for the opening of the Campaign. The German Troops, that were quartered in *Montferrat*, are in the mean time marched towards *Piedmont*, where the Duke of *Savoy* will very suddenly have an Army of above 20000 men. The French, under the command of Monsieur *Catinat*, he encamped near *Susa*. We told you in our last, that a Party of our Troops had taken 9 Mules that were going to *Casal*, and can now add, that there were found among the Booty 15000 Crowns in Silver, and 1500 Pistols in Gold, besides several Bills of Exchange, designed for the Payment of the Garrison.

Vienna, May 27. The Elector of *Bavaria* goes in Person to the assistance of the Duke of *Savoy* with a Body of about 10000 Foot, 6500 Horse, and 1600 Dragoons, of his own and the Emperor's Forces; And will begin his march towards *Piedmont* so soon as the Troops of *Saxony* arrive near the *Rhine*. The Imperial General Officers that are to serve under his Electoral Highness in this Expedition, are *Paji*, *Comeray*, *Ributin*, *Nigrelli*, *Lafarres*, and *Werner*; and the Bavarian Generals are *Sennin*, *Arco*, and *Salzburg*. Besides the fore-mentioned Forces, there remain in the Empire 10000 Imperialists, and 4000 Bavarians, with whom he to join 14000 Saxons, and 20000 of the Circle of *Franconia* and *Saxonia*, to form the Confederate Army which is to act on the *Upper Rhine*. The Imperial Forces that are to serve against the Turks, consist of 24 Regiments of Foot of 2100 men, 12 Regiments of Horse of 1063, and 10 of Dragoons of 1000 in each, which with the 6000 Brandenburgers make together about 80000 men. By Letters of the 15th instant from *Hermanstadt* in *Transilvania* we have an account, that on the 12th marched from thence to the General Rendezvous of the Imperial Army, which we are now told will be held on the *Drava*; the Regiments of *Baden*, *Gulzb*, *Sebenbrunn*, and *Herbrouck*, and that those that remain in that Province did daily expect their Recruits. They say also, that the Turks of *Great Wallachia* were gone out in a strong Party, and with several Pieces of Cannon, and that it was thought they designed to attack the Castle of *Luzas*, which lies in the possession of the Ratsians. A Sol-

dier of the Regiment of *Souches*, who was a Prisoner at *Brigade*, and made his escape from thence on the 23 instant, says, that there is great scarcity of all manner of Provision; that the new Fortifications are but inconsiderable, and not yet finished; and that the Garrison consists only of 1000 Janisaries, and 2000 Moors.

Vienna, May 31. Prince *Louis* of *Baden* went the day after his arrival to *Lamberg*, where the Imperial Court now is, and has since assisted at several Councils of War. We hear from *Essex*, that the *Hoydenes* of *Nassau* had taken the *Bastia* of *Dinowen* as he was coming from *Belgrade*, after having cut in pieces the Turks that served him for a Convoy. They write from *Transilvania*, that General *Wolowicz* had ordered all the Imperial Habsburgs in that Province to Rendezvous the beginning of the next March near *Comfild*.

From the Head Quarter of the Saxon Forces at *Graffenthal*, May 29. Yesterday we arrived here out of the Country of *Fulda*, and to morrow shall continue our march directly towards *Hainbrun*, where we design to be by the 7th or 8th of this month. Our Army is 12000 strong, without reckoning the Troops of *Saxe Gotha*, which are 2000 more.

*Hydelberg*, June 2. The Confederate Forces, to the number of about 22000 men, marched yesterday to *Sinzheim*. The French Army, which consists of 10000 Foot and 8000 Horse, is removed from *Wintzingen* towards *Nieder-Ulm*. The Forces of *Saxony* are expected in this Neighbourhood on the 7th or 8th of this month; And a great many Boats are brought together, in order to make a Bridge for the Confederate Army to pass the *Rhine*.

*Mentz*, June 3. The Marschal *de Logy*'s lies at present encamped near *Nieder-Ulm* along the *River Selz*, and has begun to fortify the Castle there. A great many Detachments come over to us daily.

*Frankfurt*, June 4. There are Letters from *Nassau*, which say, that the Elector of *Saxony* arrived there the 24 instant, and that he would part from thence the 25th with two or three Regiments; where his Forces, who are already arrived in *Franconia*, are expected on the 10th or 12th of this month. The French lie still near *Nieder-Ulm*, thence whence they send out Parties to plunder and destroy the Country.

*Cologne*, June 5. All the Confederate Troops quartered in this Diocess, and the Country of *Limburg*, are on their march towards *Luxemburg* to form a Siege.

*Paris*, June 5. We are expecting with some Impatience to know the Success of Monsieur *Boufflers* Entreprise against *Leige*. The Letters from *Pignatelli* of the 25th inst say, that Monsieur *Catinat* was then encamped at *Belgion* between *Susa* and *la Trivulze*, upon which last place there thought he had some design; And that the Duke of *Savoy* was drawing his Forces together near *Chambéry*. They write from *Piedmont*, that the French Men of War and Gallies in the *Mediterranean* had orders to go and destroy the Country.

*Leige*, June 5. The Marschal *de Bufflers*, who had been marching several days against *Leige*, did not get to this place with 80 Squadrons and 20 Battalions, as he possessed himself of the Hill on which stands the Castle of the *Blackjacks*; He employed that day in making a breach in the Wall, and raising a Battery in the middle of the Place, near the Wall of the said Castle. On the 6th of June he paid the whole day upon the Breach, and on the 7th