

# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Thursday June 4. to Monday June 8. 1691.

Rome, May 19.

THE Cardinal de S. Peter is come out of the Conclave very much indisposed; And several other Cardinals, who complain that they are not well, have desired the same liberty, but without obtaining it, for that it would be an ill Example, and by permitting all to come out that desire it, the number in the Conclave would be very much lessened, because of the uneasiness many of them are under through the long continuance of it. There has been this week some Entreats used for the Promotion of *Pignatelli*, *Cibo*, and *Lauria*, though with little success; And in all appearance there will be no Election made in the Countries that were lately sent to the several Courts of *Venice*, *Spain*, and *France*, are come back.

*Milan*, May 23. On Sunday last we received an account from *Genova*, of the arrival there of the Marquis *de Legnèze*, our new Governor; And that we might expect him here in few days. But 'tis said, that before he comes hither, he will go to *Alexandria* to meet the Duke of *Savoy* there, and to confer with him about disposing of things for the opening of the Campaign. The German Troops, that were quartered in *Montferat*, are in the mean time marched towards *Piedmont*, where the Duke of *Savoy* will very suddenly have an Army of above 20000 men. The French, under the command of Monsieur *Catinat*, he encamped near *Susa*. We told you in our last, that a Party of our Troops had taken 9 Mules that were going to *Casal*, and can now add, that there were found among the Booty 15000 Crowns in Silver, and 1500 Pistols in Gold, besides several Bills of Exchange, designed for the Payment of the Garrison.

*Vienna*, May 27. The Elector of *Bavaria* goes in Person to the assistance of the Duke of *Savoy* with a Body of about 10000 Foot, 6500 Horse, and 1600 Dragoons, of his own and the Emperor's Forces; And will begin his march towards *Piedmont* so soon as the Troops of *Saxony* arrive near the *Rhine*. The Imperial General Officers that are to serve under his Electoral Highness in this Expedition, are *Paji*, *Comeray*, *Rabutin*, *Nigrelli*, *Lafarres*, and *Werner*; and the Bavarian Generals are *Sennin*, *Arco*, and *Salzburg*. Besides the fore-mentioned Forces, there remain in the Empire 10000 Imperialists, and 4000 Bavarians, with whom he to join 14000 Saxons, and 20000 of the Circle of *Franconia* and *Swabia*, to form the Confederate Army which is to act on the *Upper Rhine*. The Imperial Forces that are to serve against the Turks, consist of 24 Regiments of Foot of 2100 men, 12 Regiments of Horse of 1063, and 10 of Dragoons of 1000 in each, which with the 6000 Brandenburgers make together about 80000 men. By Letters of the 15th instant from *Hermanstadt* in *Transylvania* we have an account, that on the 12th marched from thence to the General Rendezvous of the Imperial Army, which we are now told will be held on the *Drava*; the Regiments of *Baden*, *Gulzb. de Senenitz*, and *Herberole*, and that those that remain in that Province did daily expect their Recruits. They say also, that the Turks of *Great Wallachia* were gone out in a strong Party, and with several Pieces of Cannon, and that it was thought they designed to attack the Castle of *Luzas*, which lies in the possession of the Ratsians. A Sol-

dier of the Regiment of *Souches*, who was a Prisoner at *Brigade*, and made his escape from thence on the 23 instant, says, that there is great scarcity of all manner of Provision; that the new Fortifications are but inconsiderable, and not yet finished; and that the Garrison consists only of 1000 Janisaries, and 2000 Moors.

*Vienna*, May 31. Prince *Louis* of *Baden* went the day after his arrival to *Lamberg*, where the Imperial Court now is, and has since assisted at several Councils of War. We hear from *Essex*, that the *Hoylakes* of *Nassau* had taken the *Bastia* of *Discon* as he was coming from *Belgrade*, after having cut in pieces the Turks that served him for a Convoy. They write from *Transylvania*, that General *Prasins* had ordered all the Imperial Habsburgs in that Province to Rendezvous the beginning of the next March near *Comfild*.

From the Head Quarter of the Saxon Forces at *Graffenthal*, May 29. Yesterday we arrived here out of the Country of *Fulda*, and to morrow shall continue our march directly towards *Hainbrun*, where we design to be by the 7th or 8th of this month. Our Army is 12000 strong, without reckoning the Troops of *Saxe Gotha*, which are 2000 more.

*Hydelberg*, June 2. The Confederate Forces, to the number of about 22000 men, marched yesterday to *Sinzheim*. The French Army, which consists of 10000 Foot and 8000 Horse, is removed from *Wintzingen* towards *Nieder-Ulm*. The Forces of *Saxony* are expected in this Neighbourhood on the 7th or 8th of this month; And a great many Boats are brought together, in order to make a Bridge for the Confederate Army to pass the *Rhine*.

*Mentz*, June 3. The Marschal *de Logz*'s lies at present encamped near *Nieder-Ulm* along the *River Selz*, and has begun to fortify the Castle there. A great many Detachments come over to us daily.

*Frankfurt*, June 6. There are Letters from *Namberg*, which say, that the Elector of *Saxony* arrived there the 4th instant, and that he would part from thence the 6th by two or three o'clock; where his Forces, who are newly arrived in *Franconia*, are expected on the 10th or 11th of this month. The French lie still near *Nieder-Ulm*, thence whence they send out Parties to plunder and destroy the Country.

*Cologne*, June 8. All the Confederate Troops quartered in this Diocess, and the Country of *Limburg*, are on their march towards *Liège* to form a Siege.

*Paris*, June 5. We are expecting with some impatience to know the Success of Monsieur *Boufflers* Entreprise against *Liège*. The Letters from *Pignatelli* of the 25th inst say, that Monsieur *Catinat* was then encamped at *Belgion* between *Susa* and *la Trilivine*, upon which last place 'twas thought he had some design; And that the Duke of *Savoy* was drawing his Forces together near *Chambéry*. They write from *Piedmont*, that the French Men of War and Gallies in the *Mediterranean* had orders to go and take off *Spain*.

*Liège*, June 8. The Marschal *de Bufflers*, who had been marching several days against *Liège*, did not march for this place with 80 Squadrons and 10 Battalions, as he possessed himself of the Hill on which stands the Castle of the *Blackjacks*; He employed that day in making a breach in the Wall, and raising a Battery in the breach, and a Piece near the Wall of the said Castle. On the 7th Instant he paid the whole day upon the Breach, and on the

of Cannon, but with little effect, although the Wall was not above a foot thick. The night following they raised another Battery of 4 Pieces of Cannon; The 30, in the afternoon had made a breach of 40 Paces; They came and attacked our main Guard, but were bravely repulsed, and attacked our Post at *Coyne*, which they made themselves Masters of, and burnt several Houses thereabouts. That night they made Preparations to storm the Convent, and the Count *Zerotin de Tui*, General of the Troops of *Leige*, seeing it could be no longer defended, ordered the Garrison to retire at midnight into the Town, having posted his Horse at the foot of the Hill to cover their Retreat, which was performed with such good order, that the Enemy durst not pursue them. The 24, about 7 in the morning they had finished their new Batteries to which the Town lay exposed, and began to fire upon it from 12 Mortars, which were charged every quarter of an hour; for they sent Parties from time to time to attack us in our Out-works near the Bridge of *Amercur*, both on the right and the left, but they were every time repulsed. The 25, at night, arrived 2 Battalions from *Namur*; We lodged all our Infantry in our Out-works, and at the Bridge of *Amercur*, and the other places that lay most open to the Enemy were guarded by strong Detachments from our main Body.

A Detachment was likewise sent towards *Boterie*; The Dragons of *Douglas* were posted in the Place of *St. Paul*; The Cavalry of *Leige*, and the Dragons of *Zonfeldt*, on the Great Market-places; The Regiment of *Lewis* on the Place of *St. Bartholomew*; The Dragons of *Hesse* near the Gate of *St. Leonard*, and *Vignis*; And the Dragons of *Leige*, part on the Key, and the rest for a Reserve; And thus we were every where in a posture to defend the places where the Enemy might attempt to break in upon us; But they finding they were not able to overcome us with Force, endeavoured to fright us with their Bombs, which they continued to throw into the Town without intermission from Monday morning till Tuesday noon, when they ceased for about 2 hours, during which time the main Body of their Horse, dividing into several Detachments, endeavoured to pass the fordable Places in the *Musee* near *Jupille*, but the Troops posted on the Key received the Enemy so vigorously, that they forced them to retire to their Camp. While this was doing, the French could not attempt, contrary to the Rules of War, with- out offering us any of the Gates, to pass the *Musee*, with 1000 Men, and a Letter, wherein they offered a Capitulation; but seeing the Trumpeter did not return, that their attempt at *Jupille* had miscarried, and that Count *Glasde* as they approached with Succors from the King of *England's* Camp in *Wanders*, they turned all their Fury against the Town, playing upon it with their Cannon and 12 Mortars incessantly from 4 in the afternoon on Tuesday the 5th instant, by which means the City was set on fire in divers places. All possible care was taken to prevent the disorder that might be occasioned thereby; And the Bishop of *Leige*, considering that the place was sufficiently secured by the great number of Troops that were in it, dismissed the Burglers from their Arms, which they had taken up for the defence of the Town, that to every one might look upon us as a town, which had that good effect with the help of the Soldiers, that most of the Streets were preserved, and only that west part of the *Bridge des Arches*, and the *Halle* the elements, which the Inhabitants abandoned, were burnt down. The 5th night, the Enemy thought to surprise the *Fort of St. Pierre*, but were twice beaten off, and their attempts on that side ended in the burning of a few Houses. The 6th, in the morning, the Marquis de *Berghy* upon the news of the approach of Count *de Saxe* with the Empire under his command, who advanced with long marches to our Relief, drew off his Troops, and was seen in his Biggame, and most of his Foot and Artillery, leaving not only the Cannon to play from the Batteries, but likewise continuing to work on two new Batteries, the better to disguise his Retreat.

The 7th, in the morning, the Enemy quitted the *Chantre* and *Coyne*, and rejoined the rest of their Forces, who retired with precipitation towards *Beaufays*, having sustained great loss in the several Repulses that were given them.

Count *Glasde* de *Tilly* marched after the Enemy with a considerable Body of Horse to attack their Rear, and to draw never to *Huy*, in order to cover that place; The advices of this day inform us, that they stayed but one night at *Beaufays*, and that they are marching towards *Leoburg*. During these Affairs, which lasted with some intermission for three days together, the Troops here, as well those belonging to the Town, as those sent to our Assistance, gave the greatest Proofs of their Resolution and Courage, and the Count *de Saxeles* and General Major

*Schoning* did particularly distinguish themselves. The Bishop omitted nothing on his part that might contribute to the preservation of his Subjects, and demonstrate his Sentiments to the Common Cause; nor were the Burglers wanting in this occasion to manifest their Zeal and Adherence to the Interests of their Prince and their Country.

From His Majesty's Camp at *Anderlecke* near *Brussels*, June 11. The King went out this day with a Detachment of the Army to view the Enemies Camp, which is about a League and a half from *Elde*, their right reaching to *Beauvele Conte*, where is their Head Quarter, and then left towards *Cambrom*. The two Armies lie about 15 English miles asunder.

*Hague*, June 12. According to all our advices from *Germany* we may be assured, that the Troops of *Sweden* by this time arrived on the *Rhine*; And the Elector of *Bavaria* on his march towards *Piedmont*. The Letters from *Maeffricht* of the 9th say, that the Marquis de *Buffes* had sent part of his Troops towards the *Musee*, and retired towards *Dinant*. The French are not a little mortified with the disappointment of their design upon *Leige*.

*Dublin*, June 2. The Great Train of Artillery, which marched from hence the 26th past, arrived on the 30th at the Rendezvous near *Nullingar*. The same day General *Ginkel* went from hence to the Army; which Lieutenant-General *Douglas* was to join the 5th with 1000 men from the North. The Prince of *Wurtemberg* is on his march to do the like with the Troops from *Maeffer*. And to-morrow the Army will decamp and march towards *Baden*.

*Windsor*, June 4. This day the Most Reverend Father in God John Lord Archbishop of *Canterbury* was sworn of Their Majesties most Honourable Privy-Council, and accordingly took his Place at the Board.

This was to give notice, That all Deputations granted by Thomas Felton and William Chittrich Esquires, as Master of Their Majesties Hawks in Trust for his Grace the Duke of *St. Albans*, are become void by his Granting now in possession of the said Place, from whom all such Deputations are to be taken for the future at his House in the Post-office.

**Advertisements.**

\*\* A Discourse of God's Ways of disposing of Kingdoms: By the Bishop of *St. Asaph*, Lord Almoner to Their Majesties. Published by Authority. Printed for Thomas James at the White-Horse without Temple-bar.

\*\* *De Antiqua Ecclesiae Disciplina* dissertationes Historice, excerpta ex Conciliis Oecumenicis & Sanctonum Patrum Auctororum Ecclesiae Scriptis. Autore Lud. ELLIUS DU PIN, S.T.P. Sold by Abel Swalle, and Tim. Childs, at the West end of *St. Pauls Church*. By whom also is sold, EDM. RICHERIUS de Potestate Ecclesiae in Rebus Temporalibus.

\*\* *King Arthur, or the British Worthy*; A Dramatick Opera: Performed at the Queen's Theatre by 12 her Majesty's Servants. Written by Mr. Dryden. Printed for Jacob Tonson at the Judges-head in Chancery-lane near Fleet street.

\*\* At the Scotch Coffee house in Bartholomew-lane behind the Royal-Exchange, on Wednesday next the 10th instant will begin, as also on the Thursday and Friday following will continue, the Sale of an extraordinary Collection of Pictures the best Masters, beginning at 4 each afternoon: By Edward Kingdon. Catalogues may be seen at most Coffee-houses, and distributed at the place of Sale.

\*\* *Athenae Oxonienses, and Fasti Oxonienses*, Vetus extending to 1640. is now finished, and will be ready to deliver to Subscribers on Thursday the 10th instant; The 2d extended to this present year 1691. will be Published in such a manner next; the Work being near a 6th part larger than the former; Subscribers are desired to send in their Names and Payments to the Proprietors, and take up their Books, to the Undertaker Tho. Bennet, Bookseller, at the Half-Moon in *St. Pauls Church-yard*.

LOST out of Ax-yard the 7th instant, a Pale Old Cow about 4 years old, fair haired, in a stiff Coat striped and spotted red and orange. Whoever brings her to *Jr. Wicks* in *Ax-yard*, in *King's-street*, Westminster, shall be well rewarded.

There is now made at the Rose-Garden Glass-house in Bank-side, Crown-Window-Glass, much exceeding Best Glass in all its Qualifications, which may be repaired the Glass of Sides for Windows, and other Uses, and may be had of the Glaziers in London.

IN Newmans Court in Cornhill, are two Houses with Shop & Warehouses, to be Let by Lease. Enquire of Mr. John Hampton at the Bell and Mouth Inn near Aldersgate.

There is a very fine Charter, and a pair of Best Soms, with all its Furniture, to be sold by Mr. Broome at the Bell and Horses at the upper end of *St. Martins Lane*.