

# The London Gazette.

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From Monday June 1. to Thursday June 4. 1691.

Rome, May 19.

This last week has produced very little alteration in the Affairs of the Conclave; The Zealots are every day more and more pressing for Barberigo, and their Party is so considerable, that if they can gain all the Spanish Cardinals to their side, (which will depend upon the Answer that's expected from the Court at Madrid) they doubt not but to accomplish their design in his Promotion.

Genova, May 19. We have advice, that two French Men of War came on the 15th instant before Oneglia, and sent a Letter ashore from the Count d'Estree, who commands the French Squadron in these Seas, summoning them to take an Oath of Fidelity to the French King, and threatening in case of their refusal to bombard the Town; But the Governour and the Inhabitants seem resolved to stand upon their defence. They write from Monaco, that the French are about raising some new Fortifications at Villa Franca. We hear, that 13 Spanish Gallies are cruising about Porto Longone; And this morning arrived here two of the Duke of Turfs Squadron, with the Marquis de Leganes, who is going to his Government of Milan.

Turin, May 12. The Marquis de Feuquieres has lately made another Excursion towards the Valley of Lucerne, but with no better Success than his former. He marched on the 4th instant with a strong Detachment from Pignerol, taking his march straight to Lucerne, where he forced the Guard of the Vaudois, and then advanced to the Village of Bisy; He made a halt there, and burnt several Houses thereabouts. In the mean time the Vaudois got together, and being joyned by those from Roras, fell upon the Enemy by three different ways, and after a short Dispute, put them into disorder, and soon after to flight; They pursued the French 3 or 4 Italian miles, and killed many of them. The Marquis de Feuquieres had his Horse shot under him; and, according to the Letters from Pignerol, the Enemy had 300 killed and 200 wounded in this Encounter. That which induced the French to make this Excursion was, that they had an account that the Vaudois had sent the day before a Detachment of 250 men towards the Valley of Praxelas, from whence they returned the day after this Action, having taken 100 Mules laden with Ammunition for the Garrison of Pignerol, which they had the good fortune to meet with in their march. The French pretend to make another attempt upon Montmelian, having already brought together some thousands of Pioneers for that purpose, but we are not much concerned at it, the place being in a good condition, and very well provided for its defence. On Thursday last arrived here the Regiment of Grifons, commanded by Colonel Capol, of 800 men.

Milan, May 23. The German Troops, that were quartered in Monteferrat, are now on their march towards Piedmont. A Party of our Troops

in Garison at Alexandria have taken 9 Mules that were going to Casal, and among the Plunder they found a good Sum of Money.

Vienna, May 27. Prince Louis of Baden arrived here this Evening from Bohemia, and will set out in few days for Hungary to command the Imperial Army, which has its Rendezvous near Pest. The Emperor goes the 5th of the next month to Nicolsburg in Moravia, to view the Brandenburg Troops in their march towards Hungary. This last week 18 large Boats laden with Artillery, Mortars, Bombs, &c. were sent from hence down the Danube towards Buda. And several thousand Shovels, Spades, Pickaxes, &c. are sent to Neuhausel, to be employed in repairing the Fortifications of that place. The Turks are drawing their Troops together about Sopha, and it's reported, that they have already between 30 and 40000 men in a Body there; And that they have sent a Reinforcement of 4000 men to Esgrade.

Frankfort, June 3. The Marechal de Lorges, with the Duke of Bourbon, and the Prince de Conti, being arrived in the French Camp near Neustadt, the Army decamped and marched to Lambsheim, from whence he detached 6000 Horse and 400 Granadiers towards Mentz. He expects some more Troops from the Saar and the Moselle, and then may have together about 25 or 30000 men. 'Tis thought, that his design in moving towards Mentz may be to draw the Confederate Forces that way, which are encamped near Simzheim, that so he may have a free passage into Suabia and the Country of Wirtemberg. The Forces of Saxony advance by great marches, and are expected in 7 or 8 days at the Rendezvous near Epipingen; After which, the Elector of Bavaria will immediately begin his march towards Piesmont.

Cologne, June 5. Upon advice, that the Marquis de Boufflers was advanced with a Body of French Troops towards Leige, and that he threatened to bombard that City in case of resistance, the Count de Lippe is marched to its Relief with a strong Detachment of the Forces of Brandenburg, Neubourg, and Hesse. The Dyet of the States of this Diocess, which was held at Bon, broke up on Saturday, after having resolved to raise 3 new Regiments, for which Commissions will be forthwith given out.

Paris, June 1. We have an account by the last Letters from Flanders, that the Duke of Luxembourg decamped on the 28th past in great hast from Leffnes, with a design to cut off the Spanish Troops that were posted at Halle, and after that to advance to Brussels; And that the Marquis de Boufflers was on his march with a Body of 18 or 20000 men to attack the City of Leige. By the last advices from Saroy we hear, that Monsieur Carinat was still encamped near Susa, and that his Artillery could not arrive there till the 8th or 10th of this month. From Brest we have an account, of the return of the Convoy that went lately to Ireland; And that the French Men of War fitted at Brest lay all without that Port towards Belle Ile, except 4 that were not yet ready, and that the Ships from Rochfort, and 4 from Toulon, had joyned them.

Mastricht, June 6. The French forces, under the command of the Marquis de Boufflers, appeared on the 2d instant before the City of Leige, and possessed themselves of the Convent called the Chartreuse, which lies so high that it overlooks the Town, where they raised a Battery; On the 3d, they began to make use of their Cannon, and yesterday they shot above 150 Bombs into the place, some of which did execution, setting several Houses on fire, but the rest fell into the River, or burst in the Air. The Marquis de Boufflers demanded 2 Millions of

tribution, which the Bishop of *Leige* rejected, shewing great firmness and resolution on this occasion, and causing such of the Inhabitants as were inclined to comply with the Enemy, to be disarmed and secured. In the mean time the Forces of *Hesse* and *Brandenburg* march to the Relief of the Town, of which 7 or 8000 passed through here yesterday and this day, as also a Detachment of 2500 from our Army in *Flanders*, with whom are to join 4000 of the Troops of the Prince of *Leige*.

From His Majesty's Camp at *Anderlecht* near *Brussels*, June 7. The Duke of *Luxembourg* having failed in the design he seems to have had in his advancing this way, by the safe retreat our Troops made from *Halle*, and by the good posture he found our Army in, which he durst not attack, though at first very much inferior to his in number, he retired on the 30th, in the evening, to a greater distance from our Camp, and posted himself near *Halle*. The King, upon his arrival in the Camp on Saturday, went out with a good Guard to view the Ground between the two Armies, and resolved to give the Enemy battle the next day, but the Duke of *Luxembourg* avoided it by the advantageous Situation of his Camp; And on the 5th instant, before break of day, he decamped and marched towards *Bis St. Isaac*; Whereupon His Majesty designed to have decamped the same day; and in order thereunto our Baggage and Artillery was ordered to pass the *Senne*, which they did a little above this Town, but the French having layn still ever since at *Braise le Comte* on the South side of *Halle*, we do so too, though the Artillery is not yet ordered back. The best account we have of the Enemies Strength, is, that it consists of 43 Battalions of Foot, 92 Squadrons of Horse, and 9 of Dragoons. Our Army is 49 Battalions, besides two of the English and Scotch that are in a day or two expected from *Bruges*, and 104 Squadrons of Horse and Dragoons. There hardly passes a day, but several German and Swiss Deserters come over to us from the Enemy.

The King, upon the first notice he had that the French designed to bombard *Leige*, sent thither a Detachment from the Army to join the Troops of *Hesse* and *Brandenburg* for its Relief. The Marquis de *Boufflers* being come before the Town, possessed himself of the *Chartreuse*, which is a kind of a small Fort, and from thence attacked the place with his Cannon and Bombs. But the Bishop and his Canons were resolved to stand it out, and the Garrison had repulsed the Enemy in several attempts they made upon their Suburbs; And here is a report, that 500 *Brandenburgers* had fallen upon two French Regiments as they were on their march towards the *Chartreuse*, and killed most of them.

Just now the King receives the news by an Express, that upon the approach of the Count de *Lippe* with 7000 men of the Troops of *Hesse*, and 2500 Horse which His Majesty detached from this Camp, joynd with the Troops of the Bishop of *Leige*, the Marquis de *Boufflers* had yesterday about 7 in the Evening raised his Camp from before *Leige*, and was retired with precipitation.

*Hague*, June 8. The Marquis de *Boufflers*, with the Forces under his Command, which are reckoned at between 18 and 20000 men, set down before *Leige* on Saturday last, and the night following began to attack the Convent of the *Carthusians* that stands on the other side of the River about a Musquet Shot from the Town, which the Garrison defended very well. The Enemy raised a Battery against the said Convent, and the next day fired their Cannon against it, upon which the Garrison retired into the Town. The Enemy demanded 2600000 Livres Contribution, and upon refusal thereof, began on Monday (the 4th) to bombard the Town, and the Bombs set divers Houses on fire. But on the 6th, in the Evening, the Marquis de *Boufflers*, upon the approach of the Condemnate Troops, quitted *Leige*, and having burnt his Camp, retired with a great deal of precipitation; And the loss of two Regiments, who are said to have been cut off by the *Brandenburgers*. The Lord Duke of *Ormond*, the Lord Marquis of *Winchester*, the Earl of *Essex*, with divers other Persons of Quality, are arrived here from *England*, in their way to the Army in *Flanders*.

*Dublin*, May 28. On the 26th instant the Train of Artillery, consisting of 36 Pieces of Cannon and 6 Mortars, marched from hence to *Mullingar*; a little beyond which place is the Rendezvous of our Army. The General intends to follow himself to morrow, and will be met there by the Forces from the North under Lieutenant-General *Douglas*. The Irish are drawing their Troops together at *Loughrea* in *Connacht*, which place is almost at an equal distance from *Limerick*, *Galloway*, and *Athlone*.

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The Parties of our Militia continue their pursuit of the Rapperies with good success.

*Edinburg*, May 26. The Council have recommended to the Earls of *Crawford* and *Leven*, the Viscount *Scar*, Lord *Rait*, Lord *Cardross*, and Sir *Thomas Levington*, or any three of them, to consider what Methods are fit to be taken in the present juncture of Affairs, for securing the Enemies of the Government; and also for putting Their Majesties Loyal Subjects in a condition to act for the Defence of it. The Earl of *Hume* has been lately seized by Order of the Council at his House in the Country; and last night Sir *Peter Fraser* of *Dunrobin*, and Sir *Eneas Macpererson*, who were last year in the Highland Rebellion, were taken here in Town; The first of these being this day examined before the Council, and refusing to give distinct Answers to several Questions, and remaining committed close Prisoner to the *Tobacco*. We hear not of any motions of the Highlanders, and from the West and other Parts of the Kingdom all our advices say, that things are very quiet.

*Deal*, June 2. On the 25th of the last Month about 25 *Sardinians* and *Danes* passed on the back of the *Goodwin*, bound to the Eastward. The night before we heard the firing of some Guns, which we understand was between a Dutch and French Privateer.

*Whitehall*, June 2. The Queen-Dowager went on Tuesday the 26th of the last month from her House at *Hamersmith* for the *Bath*, where Her Majesty arrived the Thursday following, intending to drink the Waters.

### Advertisements.

These are to give notice, That a Map of *Athlone* will be Published the beginning of the next Week, and of *Galloway* and *Limerick* in a few days after, all three by Captain *Tho. Philips*. Printed for *Edw. Jones* in the Savoy, and sold by him, *Robert Morden* at the Atlas in *Cornhill*, and *Philip Lea* in *Westminster-hall*.

A necessary Abstract of the Laws relating to the Militia, reduced into a Practical Method: To which is added, Instructions for Exercising the Trained-Bands. Printed for *Robert Vincent* in *Cliffords-Inn-Lane* in *Fleet-Street*.

At the Scotch Coffee-house in *Bartholomew-lane* behind the *Royal-Exchange*, on Wednesday next the 10th instant will begin, as also on the Thursday and Friday following will continue, the Sale of an extraordinary Collection of Pictures, &c. All Persons that desire any thing in the said Sale, are required to bring or send their respective Notes by Saturday night next, otherwise they will be excluded the Conditions as formerly.

On Monday next the 8th instant between 3 and 4 after Noon, will be sold by Auction *Mr. Ph. Malons* Library, consisting of useful Latin and English Books of Divinity, History, Physick, Philosophy, Mathematicks, &c. in all Volumes, at the *Flower-de-Luce* against the *Globe* in *Little-Britain*. Catalogues may be had at *Mr. Notts* in the *Pall-mall*, *Mr. Welds* between the 2 Temple Gates, *Mr. Bennets* in *St. Pauls Church-yard*, *Mr. Mandlips* in *Cornhill*, *Book-sellers*; and at the place of Sale.

The Moral History of Frugality, with its opposite Vices, Covetousness and Prodigality, Niggardliness and Luxury. Written by the Honourable Sir *George Mackenzie*, late Lord Advocate of Scotland. Printed for *J. Hinchinbark* at the Golden-Ball over-against the *Royal-Exchange* in *Cornhill*.

On Monday next the 8th instant, and the two following days, at 4 after noon, will be exposed to Sale a curious Collection of Paintings, most of them lately belonging to *J.D. de-caesat*, at the *Canary-House* near the East-end of *Exeter-Charge* in the Strand. Catalogues may be had, and the Paintings viewed, at the place of Sale.

Went from his Master the first instant, a young man, going by the name of *Matthew Tracy*, aged about 20, middle sized, inclining to be slender, pale visaged, and full of Freckles, with dark curled Hair, and a down Look; taking with him a blue Cloth Coat lined with blue Shalloon, the Sleeves lead with a broad Gold Galloon, and a Crimson Plush Waistcoat faced with a narrow Gold Galloons, with several other Things of value. Whoever secures him, and gives notice to the Stationer under *Grays-Inn-Gate* in *Grays-Inn-Lane*, *London*, shall have 2 Guineas Reward.

Taken up lately between *London* and *Cathalon*, a Pendulum Watch. The Owner of it describing the Marks, and paying the Charge, may have it again of *Mr. Hastings Hyde* at the *Black-Roy* near *Fleet-Bridge*.

Lost on the 30th past, in the Evening, from behind a Gentleman, on the back Road between *Islington* and the *Boards-House*, a Canvas Bag, wherein was a new Hair-Franello Gown and Cassock, and a Silk Net-work Sash; supposed to have been taken away by 4 Horsemen, who assaulted and beat the said Gentleman. Whoever secures them, and gives notice to *Mr. Manasse* Launder, Woollen-draper, at the *White-Lion* against *Lions-lane* on the back-side of *St. Clements*, shall have 20 s. Reward.