

and Governor-General of India in Council is pleased to direct the publication for general information of the subjoined communication from the Adjutant-General in India, submitting, under the orders of the Commander-in-Chief in India, a Despatch from Major-General Sir R. C. Low, K.C.B., Commanding the Chitral Relief Force, relating to the action near Mamugai on 17th April, 1895.

No. 609-G, dated Simla, the 1st May, 1895.
From Major-General G. deC. Morton, C.B.,
Adjutant-General in India, to the Secretary to
the Government of India, Military Department.

The following is submitted for the information of Government:—

No. 160A, dated Camp Mundia Khan, the 19th April, 1895. From Major-General Sir R. C. Low, K.C.B., Commanding the Chitral Relief Force, to the Adjutant-General in India.

I have the honour to forward, for the information of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, a condensed report, accompanied by a sketch by Lieutenant Robertson, Field Intelligence Officer, of the action near Mamugai on the 17th April, 1895.

1. The force at Sado commenced crossing the suspension bridge near Zulm Baba at daybreak. By 10.45 A.M. the following troops had crossed:—

One squadron, Guides Cavalry.

Three squadrons, 11th Bengal Lancers.

No. 2 (Derajat) Mountain Battery.

Half of No. 4 Company, Bengal Sappers and Miners.

Two companies, 23rd Pioneers.

The four infantry battalions of the 3rd Brigade.

The King's Own Scottish Borderers had crossed the bridge previously, and held the heights to the north-west of the bridge.

2. The cavalry were pushed on up the valley towards Miankalai, reconnoitring, and about 9 A.M. reached a point about one mile to north-west of Mamugai, when a considerable body of the enemy with flags were seen collecting near Miankalai. On the cavalry retiring, the enemy followed them up to a certain extent, but carefully avoided ground where the cavalry might have acted against them.

3. I pushed on to Ghobani with the 3rd Brigade, arriving there soon after noon. The enemy had then collected on a bluff in two villages west of Mamugai. The battery came into action about 12.30 P.M., and the enemy soon fell back under cover. The Seaforth Highlanders and 4th Gurkhas moved up to the south side of the valley, and then advanced against the enemy in a westerly direction, driving them back from spur to spur, and eventually arrived at the bluff mentioned about 4 P.M., which they occupied for the night.

4. The cavalry had been moved up the valley to their original position, to try and intercept the enemy in their retreat on Miankalai, but the enemy kept so far over to the west side of the Jandol Valley that our cavalry were unable to get at them. Our loss was very slight,—8 men wounded, and 9 horses wounded, of which two had afterwards to be shot.

5. The enemy's loss was probably slight; their total number engaged was from 3,000 to 4,000, composed of a miscellaneous gathering of Mamunds, Salarzais, a few Mohmands, and a few inhabitants of Asmar and Kunar. It is believed Umra Khan was not present in person. The enemy appeared to retire mainly on Miankalai.

War Office, June 29, 1895.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointment to the Most Honourable Order of the Bath:

To be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross, of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:—

The Right Honourable Henry Campbell-Bannerman.

War Office, July 2, 1895.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Honourable Order of the Bath:

To be Ordinary Members of the Civil Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders, of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:—

Colonel Vivian Dering Majendie, C.B., Inspector of Explosives, Home Office.

Robert Giffen, Esq., C.B., Comptroller-General of the Commercial, Labour, and Statistical Department, Board of Trade.

Alfred Milner, Esq., C.B., Chairman of the Board of Inland Revenue.

To be Ordinary Members of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions, of the said Most Honourable Order, viz.:—

William John Courthorpe, Esq., First Commissioner, Civil Service Commission.

John Roche Dasent, Esq., Education Department.
Maurice William Ernest de Bunsen, Esq., Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General, Siam.

Colonel Robert Bruce Fellows, retired, late 4th Battalion, Bedfordshire Regiment, Deputy Clerk of Council and Chief Clerk, Privy Council.

Henry John Lowndes Graham, Esq., Clerk of the Parliaments.

Arthur Henry Hardinge, Esq., Political Agent and Consul-General, Zanzibar.

Charles Hardinge, Esq., commonly called the Honourable Charles Hardinge, a Second Secretary in the Diplomatic Service.

Edward Stanley Hope, Esq., one of the Charity Commissioners.

Francis John Stephens Hopwood, Esq., C.M.G., one of the Assistant Secretaries Board of Trade.

John Wesley Judd, Esq., Professor of Geology, Royal College of Science.

Edward Chandos Leigh, Esq., Q.C., commonly called the Honourable Edward Chandos Leigh, Q.C., Counsel to the Speaker.

Captain Frederick John Dealtry Lugard, D.S.O., Norfolk Regiment.

Reginald MacLeod, Esq., the Queen's and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer, Scotland.

Alfred Richard Pennefather, Esq., Receiver for the Metropolitan Police District, and for the Police Courts of the Metropolis.

Alfred de Bock Porter, Esq., Secretary to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners.

Stephen Edward Spring-Rice, Esq., one of the Principal Clerks in the Treasury.

Armine Wodehouse, Esq., commonly called the Honourable Armine Wodehouse, Private Secretary to the late Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.