

AT the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*,
the 2nd day of *February*, 1895.

PRESENT,
The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.
Marquess of Ripon.
Lord Chamberlain.
Lord Kensington.
Mr. Cecil Rhodes.

WHEREAS by section twenty (3) of "The Finance Act, 1894," it is enacted that Her Majesty the Queen may by Order in Council apply that section to any British Possession where Her Majesty is satisfied that by the law of such possession either no duty is leviable in respect of property situate in the United Kingdom when passing on death or that the law of such possession as respects any duty so leviable is to the like effect as the foregoing provisions of that section ;

And whereas Her Majesty is satisfied that by the law of British India no duty is leviable in respect of property situate in the United Kingdom, when passing on death, Her Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order and it is hereby ordered that section twenty of "The Finance Act, 1894;" shall be and is hereby extended to British India.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*,
the 2nd day of *February*, 1895.

PRESENT,
The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.
Marquess of Ripon.
Lord Chamberlain.
Lord Kensington.
Mr. Cecil Rhodes.

WHEREAS by the twentieth section of "The Finance Act, 1894," it is enacted that Her Majesty the Queen may, by Order in Council, apply that section to any British possession, where Her Majesty is satisfied that, by the law of such possession, no duty is leviable in respect of property situate in the United Kingdom when passing on death.

And whereas Her Majesty is satisfied that by the law of the Colony of New Zealand no duty is leviable in respect of property situate in the United Kingdom when passing on death.

Now therefore Her Majesty by virtue and in exercise of the power by the aforesaid Act in Her Majesty vested is pleased by and with the advice of Her Privy Council to order and it is hereby ordered that the twentieth section of "The Finance Act, 1894," shall apply to the Colony of New Zealand.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*,
the 2nd day of *February*, 1895.

PRESENT,
The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by section sixteen of "The Pluralities Act, 1838," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the Bishop of any diocese, or by the Bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefices or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in his or their diocese or dioceses, being either in the same parish, or contiguous to each other,

"and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such inquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty as hereinafter directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation, to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories, or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make and issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls, for ecclesiastical purposes only; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons, if there be more than one patron, shall present or nominate to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant."

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a certificate in writing, bearing date the third day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four, in the words following, that is to say:—

"To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty
in Council.

"We the undersigned Edward White Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury Primate of all England and Metropolitan do hereby certify to Your Majesty in Council.

"That the Right Reverend Edward Lord Bishop of Lincoln as Bishop of the diocese within which are situate the rectory of Partney and the perpetual curacy of Dalby both in the county and diocese of Lincoln having represented unto us that the said benefices being contiguous to each other and of which the aggregate population does not exceed one thousand five hundred persons might with advantage to the interests of religion be united into one benefice we enquired into the circumstances of the case.

"That on such enquiry it appeared to us that such union might be usefully made and would not be of inconvenient extent and that the Right Honourable Gilbert Henry Heathcote Drummond Willoughby Earl of Ancaster (being the patron or person entitled to present to the said benefice of Partney if the same were now vacant) and the said Lord Bishop of Lincoln (being the patron or person entitled by virtue of his bishoprick to present to the said benefice of Dalby if the same were now vacant) consent to the proposed union.

"That six weeks and upwards before certifying