

20th *Middlesex (Artists)*, Captain M. Maybrick resigns his Commission. Dated 12th March, 1892.

1st *Cadet Battalion, the Manchester Regiment*, Honorary Second Lieutenant W. V. White resigns his appointment. Dated 12th March, 1892.

*Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Flint.*

Henry St. John Digby Raikes, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

David Falconer Pennant, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

*Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland.*

Henry Algernon George Percy, Esq. (commonly called Lord Warkworth), to be Deputy Lieutenant.

29th February, 1892.

REGULATIONS AS TO TELEGRAPH MONEY ORDERS.

WHEREAS by the Post Office Money Orders Acts, 1848 and 1880, the Postmaster-General is authorized, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, to make Regulations relating to Money Orders and to the payment thereof, and to the persons by or to whom Money Orders shall be paid, and to the times at which and the mode in which the same shall be paid.

Whereas by the Telegraph Acts, 1863 to 1889, the Postmaster-General is authorized, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, to make Regulations for the general conduct of Telegraphic business.

Now I, the Right Honourable Sir James Fergusson, Bart., M.P., Her Majesty's Postmaster-General, in pursuance and by virtue of the said Acts and of all other powers enabling me in this behalf, do, with the consent of Her Majesty's Treasury, make the following Regulations, that is to say:—

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Money Order (Telegraph) Regulations, 1892.

2. In these Regulations unless the context otherwise requires—

The expression "the Postmaster-General" means the Postmaster-General for the time being.

The expression "Postmaster" means any Officer in charge of a Money Order Office, and includes any Officer of the Post Office acting under the instructions of the Postmaster.

The expression "Telegraph Money Order" means a Post Office Money Order the payment of which at the office of payment is authorized by Telegraph.

The masculine includes the feminine, and the plural includes the singular, and the singular includes the plural.

3. These Regulations shall come into operation on the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two, on and from which date the Regulations dated the seventeenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and ninety, are hereby repealed, without prejudice nevertheless to anything already done in pursuance thereof.

4.—(1.) Subject to the provisions of these Regulations, Telegraph Money Orders may be issued and paid at any Post Office in the United Kingdom at which Telegraph and Money Order business is transacted: provided that (2.) at a Post Office at which Telegrams are received from the public for transmission, but are not received over the Postmaster-General's Telegraphs for delivery to the public, Telegraph Money Orders may be issued, but shall not be paid unless in the case of any such office the Postmaster-General shall so direct.

5. Any person requiring the issue of a Telegraph Money Order, must fill up the Money Order Requisition Form prescribed from time to time by the Postmaster-General, and must write in some conspicuous place on the said form the words "By Telegraph."

6. Upon receipt of a requisition for a Telegraph Money Order, and of the amount of the said Order and all charges payable in respect of the said Order, under these Regulations the Postmaster shall—

(a.) Prepare a Money Order and Advice for the sum required, and write or stamp across the face of the Order the words "Telegraph Money Order," and across the face of the Advice the words "Permitted by Telegraph."

(b.) Hand to the person, at whose request the Order is issued, a receipt in the form specified in the First Schedule hereto for the amount of the Money Order and all charges for the remission thereof.

(c.) Send to the Postmaster of the office of payment a telegram, stating the number of the Order, the name of the person at whose request the Order is issued, the name of the person to whom payment is to be made and the amount remitted, such amount to be telegraphed in words (which Telegram is hereinafter referred to as a Telegram of Advice).

7. Where any person requires at one time the issue of several Telegraph Money Orders in favour of the same person, and the aggregate amount does not exceed the sum of £50, the Postmaster shall specify all the particulars (as prescribed by the last preceding Regulation) of each and all of the said Orders in one Telegram of Advice.

8. The following rules shall apply to a Telegram of Advice—

(a.) It shall be written by the Postmaster at the office of origin on the form used for the ordinary telegrams of the public known and hereinafter referred to as the "A" Form.

(b.) It shall be repeated from office to office, to insure accuracy.

(c.) The form shall bear postage stamps representing the amount payable (in accordance with the provisions of the Telegraph Acts, 1863 to 1885), and the regulations for the time being made thereunder for the transmission and repetition of the Telegram as an ordinary Telegram.

(d.) Such stamps shall be cancelled by the dated stamp of the office of origin as in the case of an ordinary Telegram.

9. Any person requiring payment of a Telegraph Money Order must attend at the Money Order Office of payment, and

(a.) Produce evidence to the satisfaction of the Postmaster that he is the person entitled to receive the amount of such Order, and

(b.) Sign a receipt in the form specified in the Second Schedule hereto.