

YEOMANRY CAVALRY.

Dorset (Queen's Own), Henry Charles Thomas Hambro, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 10th June, 1891.

Pembroke, Lieutenant E. E. Lort-Phillips resigns his Commission. Dated 10th June, 1891.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of London.

Sir Owen Roberts to be Deputy Lieutenant.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester.

Christopher Kay, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant.

THE ZETLAND (INFLUENZA) ORDER OF 1891.

By the Board of Agriculture.

THE Board of Agriculture, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Board of Agriculture Act, 1889, and The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts, 1878 to 1890, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as THE ZETLAND (INFLUENZA) ORDER OF 1891.

Extent.

2. This Order extends to the county of Zetland only.

Commencement.

3. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the fifteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one.

Interpretation.

4. In this Order—

The Act of 1878 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878 :

The Act of 1886 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1886 :

The Acts of 1878 to 1886 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts, 1878 to 1886 :

The Acts of 1878 to 1890 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts, 1878 to 1890 :

The Board means the Board of Agriculture :

Fodder means hay or other substance commonly used for food of horses, asses, or mules :

Litter means straw or other substance commonly used for bedding or otherwise for or about horses, asses, or mules :

Master includes a person having the charge or command of a vessel :

Other terms have the same meaning as in the Act of 1878.

Extension of Acts of 1878 to 1886.

5. Influenza, otherwise called or known as pink eye and bilious fever, of horses, asses, and mules (in this Order called influenza) shall be a disease for the purposes of the following Sections of the Acts of 1878 to 1886 (namely) :

Section thirty of the Act of 1878 (slaughter and compensation).

Section thirty-one of the Act of 1878 (separation of diseased animals &c.) except such part of the section as relates to notice of disease.

Section thirty-two of the Act of 1878 (Orders).
Section fifty of the Act of 1878 (powers of police).

Section fifty-one of the Act of 1878 (powers of inspectors).

Section six of the Act of 1886 (slaughter).
and of all other Sections of those Acts containing provisions relative to or consequent on the provisions of those Sections, including such Sections as provide for offences and procedure.

Notice of Disease.

6. Every person having in his possession or under his charge a horse, ass, or mule affected with influenza, or suspected of being so affected, shall with all practicable speed give notice of the fact of the horse, ass, or mule being so affected, or suspected, to an Inspector of the Local Authority, or to one of his Assistants, who shall forthwith report the same to the Local Authority.

Duty of Inspector to act immediately.

7. An Inspector of the Local Authority on receiving in any manner whatsoever information of the supposed existence of influenza, or having reasonable ground to suspect the existence of influenza, shall proceed with all practicable speed to the place where such influenza, according to the information received by him, exists, or is suspected to exist, and shall there and elsewhere put in force and discharge the powers and duties by or under the Acts of 1878 to 1890, and any Order of the Privy Council or of the Board, conferred and imposed on him as Inspector.

Public Warning as to Existence of Influenza.

8.—(1.) The Local Authority may, if they think fit, give public warning by placards, advertisement or otherwise, of the existence of influenza in any stable, building, field, or other place, with or without any particular description thereof, as they think fit, and may continue to do so during the existence of the disease, and in case of a stable, building, or other like place, until the same has been cleansed and disinfected.

(2.) It shall not be lawful for any person (without authority or excuse) to remove or deface any such placard.

Slaughter.

9. The Local Authority may, if they think fit, cause to be slaughtered—

(i.) Any horse, ass, or mule affected with influenza ; or

(ii.) Any horse, ass, or mule being or having been in the same stable, building, field, or other place in which influenza exists or is suspected to exist, or being or having been in contact with a horse, ass, or mule affected with influenza.

(iii.) Provided, that if the owner of a horse, ass, or mule gives notice in writing to the Local Authority, or their Inspector or other officer, that he objects to the horse, ass, or mule being slaughtered, it shall not be lawful for the Local Authority to slaughter that horse, ass, or mule except with the further special authority of the Board first obtained.

Compensation.

10. The Local Authority shall, out of the local rate, pay compensation as follows for horses, asses, or mules slaughtered under this Order :

The compensation shall in every case be the value of the horse, ass, or mule immediately before it was slaughtered.

Regulations of Local Authority as to Movement.

11. The Local Authority may, with the view of preventing the spreading of influenza, make Regulations for the following purposes, or any of them :

(a.) For prohibiting or regulating the move-