

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by the Foreign Jurisdiction Acts, 1843 to 1878, or otherwise in Her Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. This Order may be cited as the Somali Order in Council, 1889.

2. This Order shall come into operation on such day, not being earlier than the day on which the Persian Coast and Islands Order in Council of 1889 comes into operation, as a Secretary of State appoints by notification published in the "London Gazette" and in the "Gazette of India."

3. (i.) Subject as hereinafter provided, this Order shall apply to the places and territories for the time being comprised in the Protectorate of the Somali Coast from Ras Jibuti on the south coast of the entrance to the Bay of Tajourra, eastwards to and including Bunder Ziadeh on the forty-ninth meridian of longitude east of Greenwich, as notified on the twentieth July, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, in pursuance of the General Act of the Conference at Berlin relative to the Congo, dated the twenty-sixth February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five, including such islands and territorial waters of the said coast as are not expressly excluded from the said Protectorate.

(ii.) The places to which this Order for the time being applies are hereinafter described as the "limits of this Order"

(iii.) Provided that a Secretary of State, by instructions addressed to a Principal Consular Officer or Resident acting within the said limits, may from time to time direct that any place or district within the said limits shall not be subject to this Order, or shall be subject thereto with any restrictions or modifications.

(iv.) In case of dispute or doubt whether any place is within the limits of this Order, or whether any place within the limits of this Order is excluded from the operation thereof under any such instructions as aforesaid, a Principal Consular Officer or Resident acting within the said limits may, by any writing under his hand, determine such dispute or doubt, and his determination shall, as to all cases and matters arising under or depending on this Order, be conclusive unless and until a Secretary of State otherwise directs.

4. Within the limits of this Order, the Persian Coast and Islands Order in Council of 1889 shall apply and have effect as if the places within the limits of this Order were included in that Order, provided that in relation to such places that Order shall be construed and have effect with the following modifications, that is to say:—

(1.) Expressions referring to the Persian coasts and islands, or to Persia, or Persian Courts or laws, or Persian subjects, shall be construed as referring to the places within the limits of this Order, and the native or other Courts and laws there, and the subjects of the native or other Chiefs or Rulers of such places.

(2.) All things to be done by, or in relation to, a Consul-General, or Judicial Assistant, or Political Resident, shall be done by, or in relation to, such Consular or other officer, Resident, or person, as may be designated in that behalf, either permanently or temporarily, and either generally or for any particular district, by a Secretary of State, either by way of any Commission or instructions or otherwise in writing signed by a Secretary or Under-Secretary of State: and if either generally or in relation to any class of matters, or to any district or place, there are not distinct officers or persons designated to perform

severally the functions by the said Order severally assigned to the Consul-General and the Judicial Assistant, the provisions of the said Order may be administered as if all the jurisdiction thereby given to each of such officers respectively were also given as original jurisdiction to the other of them; and when under this provision the officer or person exercising the functions of one of such officers also exercises the functions of the other in a matter in which an appeal lies to the Sessions Judge or to the High Court of Bombay, an appeal may be brought directly to the High Court of Bombay, but on the like conditions, mutatis mutandis, as are prescribed in the case of an appeal from a Sessions Judge.

And the Most Honourable the Marquis of Salisbury and the Right Honourable Viscount Cross, two of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

C. L. Peel.

AT the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 13th day of December, 1889.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT:

Lord President.

Sir W. Hart Dyke.

Mr. Ritchie.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a letter to the Clerk of the Council from the Secretary and Registrar of the Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, dated the fifth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, in the words following:—

"I have to acquaint you that at a meeting of the Council of this Society held yesterday the Pharmaceutical Chemists whose names appear on the other side were appointed Examiners for the ensuing year, and I am requested to submit their names to the Privy Council for approval, in accordance with the Bye-laws of the Society.

"Neither of the persons appointed has held office as Member of the Council of the Society during the year preceding the date hereof."

ENGLAND AND WALES.

Thomas Porter Blunt.

John William Bowen.

Octavius Corder.

Robert Higgins Davies.

George Claridge Druce.

John Fletcher.

Samuel Gale.

Alfred William Gerrard.

Thomas Edward Greenish.

Francis Ransom.

John Edward Saul.

William Henry Symons.

Alfred Edward Tanner.

George Spratt Taylor.

SCOTLAND.

William Inglis Clark.

David Brown Dott.

Adam Gibson.

William Gilmour.

Alexander Kinninmont.

Thomas Maben.

John Nesbit.

John Bertram Stephenson.