tinuance of burials in such churchyards be post- | of any proceeding in respect of an offence componed as follows, viz.:-

In the parish churchyard of Charlton Marshall, in the county of Dorset, until the thirty-first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

In the parish churchyard of Belton, in the county of Leicester, until the thirty-first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine. C. L. Peel.

Privy Council Office, July 5, 1889.

YE-LAWS made by the School Boards and School Attendance Committees for the following Places, were approved by Her Majesty in Council on the 5th day of July, 1889 :-

SCHOOL BOARIS.

Adwick-upon-Dearne.

Carshalton.

Elland-cum-Greetland.

Farnborough (Kent).

Great and Little Stambridge (United School District).

Kemble.

Runcorn.

Wolstanton.

Somerton (Somerset).

Wigan (Municipal Borough).

York (City).

THE RABIES (CITY AND METROPO-LITAN POLICE DISTRICTS) ORDER OF 1889.

T the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 9th day of July, 1889.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT:

Lord President. Duke of Richmond and Gordon. Duke of Rutland. Viscount Lewisham.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts, 1878 to 1886, as extended by The Rabies Order of 1887, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

Short Title.

1. This Order may be cited as THE RABIES (CITY AND METROPOLITAN POLICE DISTRICTS) . ORDER OF 1889.

Extent and Enforcement.

2. This Order applies to and shall be in force in the City of London and such Districts or parts of Districts of Local Authorities as are included within the Metropolitan Police District, and shall be enforced by each of such Local Authorities within their District or part of their District to which this Order applies.

Commencement and Duration.

3. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and eightynine; and shall, unless previously revoked by Order of Council, cease to have effect from and immediately after the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, without prejudice to the institution or prosecution

mitted on or before that day.

${\it Interpretation.}$

4. In this Order-

Public place includes any street, highway, thoroughfare, public bridge, royal park, public park garden or pleasure ground, common, uninclosed land, or other place to which the public have for the time being

The Act of 1878 means The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878:

Other terms have the same meaning as in The Rabies Order of 1887.

Slaughter of Dogs Affected with or Suspected of Rabies.

5. The Local Authority of each of the Districts to which this Order applies shall cause all dogs affected with or suspected of rabies or having been bitten by a dog affected with or suspected of rabies within their District to be forthwith slaughtered.

Muzzling of Dogs.

6.—(1.) No dog shall be allowed to be in or on any public place unless such dog is muzzled with a muzzle so constructed as to render it impossible for such dog while wearing the same to bite any person or animal, but not so as to prevent such dog from breathing freely or lapping water.

2.) If any dog is found in or on any public place without being muzzled in manner prescribed by this Article, the person for the time being in charge of the dog, and the owner thereof, and the person allowing the same to be in or on such public place in contravention of this Article, shall, each according to and in respect of his own acts and defaults, be deemed guilty of an offence against the Act of 1878.

(3.) Provided that the provisions of this Article shall not apply to packs of hounds, harriers, or beagles, or greyhounds or other sporting dogs, while being used for sporting purposes, or to any dogs while being used for the capture or destruction of vermin, and in charge of competent

Seisure and Detention of Stray Dogs and of Dogs not Muzzled.

7. The Local Authority of each of the Districts to which this Order refers shall cause all stray dogs, and all dogs not muzzled in accordance with the provisions of this Order, to be seised, and such dogs so seised shall be dealt with as follows:

(i.) If the dog is affected with, or suspected of, rabies it shall be forthwith slaughtered.

(ii.) If the dog is not affected with, or suspected of, rabies it shall be detained in some proper place and be there kept for such period as the Local Authority think expedient: Provided that where the person having charge of or the owner of a dog so detained is known, the Local Authority shall cause notice to be forthwith given to such person or owner of the fact of the dog having been so seised and detained, and the dog shall, without prejudice to the recovery of any penalty for the infringement of this Order, be given up to such person or owner on payment of the reasonable expenses incurred by the Local Authority in respect of such detention.

Food and Water during Detention,

8. A Local Authority, or an Inspector, officer, or constable detaining a dog under this Order shall cause it to be supplied with requisite food and water during its detention; and the expenses incurred by the Local Authority, or by the In-