- Second. That the vessel has not within twentyeight days before taking them on board or at any time since taking on board the animals imported, entered any port or place in any of the countries mentioned in Part I of the Fourth Schedule, or any port or place in Malta, or in Belgium, or any port or place from which the landing of animals is for the time being prohibited.
- time being prohibited. Third. That the animals imported have not, while on board the vessel, been in contact with any animal exported or carried coastwise from any port or place in any of the countries mentioned in Part I of the Fourth Schedule, or from any port or place in Malta, or in Belgium, or from any port or place from which the landing of animals is for the time being prohibited, or any cattle exported or carried coastwise from a port or place in the German Empire, or any cattle, sheep, or goats being or having been on board a vessel at the same time with cattle so brought.

(2.) And the animals imported shall not be landed at a Foreign Animals Wharf unless and until the master of the vessel has on each occasion of importation of foreign animals therein delivered to the Commissioners of Customs or their proper officer, a declaration made and signed that all the animals then imported therein are properly imported according to the provisions of this Article.

Interpretation.

2. In this Order terms have the same meaning as in The Animals Order of 1886.

Short Title.

3. This Order may be cited as THE ANIMALS (AMENDMENT) ORDER OF 1888.

Commencement.

4. This Order shall commence and take effect from and immediately after the twelfth day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eightyoight. C. L. Peel.

(Swine-Fever.)

A^T the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 9th day of May, 1888.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Acts, 1878 to 1886, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

: 1. Each of the Areas described in the Schedule to this Order is hereby declared to be an Area infected with swine-fever.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the eleventh day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight.

C. L. Peel.

SCHEDULE.

(1.) An Area comprising the townships of Marbury-cum-Quoisley, and Wirswall, in the Nantwich Police Division, in the county of Chester.

(2.) An Area comprising the Runcorn Police Division, in the county of Chester, consisting of the townships of Acton Grange, Anderton, Antrobus, Appleton-with-Hull, Aston Grange, Aston by Sutton with Middleton Grange, Barnton, Bartington, Great Budworth, Clifton, Comberbach, Cogshall, Daresbury, Dutton, Grappenhall,

Halton, Hatton, Kekewick, Latchford (part outside the borough of Warrington), Little Leigh, Marbury, Moore, Newton, Norton, Preston on the Hill, Runcorn, Seven Oaks, Stockham, Stretton, Sutton, Walton Inferior, Walton Superior, Weston, Whitley Inferior, and Whitley Superior.

A^T the Court at Windsor, the 3rd day of May, 1888.

PRESENT:

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council. W HEREAS by the second section of "The Submarine Telegraph Act, 1885," it is enacted as follows :--

"The Convention of the fourteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, mentioned in the schedule to this Act as set forth in that schedule is hereby confirmed and subject to the provisions of this Act the Articles of such Convention (referred to in this Act as 'the Convention') shall be of the same force as if they were enacted in the body of this Act :"

And whereas by the second section of "The Submarine Telegraph Act, 1886," which was passed on the twenty-fifth of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, it is enacted as follows:—

"It shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council at any time after the passing of this Act to order that the Declaration mentioned in the schedule to this Act as set forth in that schedule shall be of the same force, and the same shall accordingly be of the same force, as the Articles of the Convention set forth in the schedule to the Submarine Telegraph Act, 1885":

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that it is expedient to give effect to the Declaration set forth in the schedule to "The Submarine Telegraph Act, 1886 :"

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in exercise of the power vested in Her by the said Submarine Telegraph Act, 1886, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and doth hereby order, that the said Declaration mentioned in the schedule to that Act, as set forth in that schedule and in the schedule hereto, shall be of the same force as the Articles of the said Convention set forth in the schedule to the said Submarine Telegraph Act, 1885.

C. L. Peel.

SCHEDULE to the foregoing Order. Submarine Telegraph Declaration.

Certain doubts having been raised as to the meaning of the word "wilfully," used in Article two of the Convention of the fourteenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, it is understood that the provision in respect of penal responsibility contained in the said Article does not apply to cases of breakage or injury caused accidentally or of necessity in the repair of a cable when all precautions have been taken to avoid such breakage or injury.

It is equally understood that Article four of the Convention had no other object, and is to have no other effect, than to empower the competent tribunals of each country to decide in conformity with their laws and according to the circumstances the question of the civil responsibility of the owner of a cable who in laying or repairing his own cable breaks or injures another cable, as well as the consequences of such responsibility if it is recognised as existing.