

The London Gazette.

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From Monday June 16. to Thursday June 19 1690.

Rome, May 27.

THE Cardinal de Bouillon had two days ago a long Audience of the Pope, concerning the Affairs of France, which are more and more Embroiled, inasmuch, that it's thought the Treaty of Accommodation, managed by the Duke de Chaulnes, and the Cardinals of the French Faction, will be at last quite broke off. Several Expresses have of late arriv'd here from Savoy, with the news of the Motion of the French Troops towards Italy; which has somewhat alarmed this Court, as well as the Republick of Venice. The Cardinal de Medicis parted from hence this week for Florence.

Naples, May 26. The Pope's Gallies, with two of Genoua, are arriv'd here, being bound for the Levant; They are to joyn at Missina with the Gallies of Malta, which, as we are advic'd from thence, set sail the 16th of this Month with the Vessels that carry the Land Forces.

Venice, June 2. A great Convoy is preparing for the Levant, with which will be sent the new raised Troops, whereof 1000 Men are ready to Embark, and 1000 more are expected at the Lido the next week. We hear from Dalmatia, that the Morlaques had, since the defeat of the Bassa of Acogovina, made divers Inursions into the Turkish Territories, and brought back a great deal of Booty. The Council here has been several times assembled about the Affair of Savoy.

Vienna, June 3. The Velt-Marshal Caprara parted from hence yesterday, to command the Imperial Forces on the Rhine. The last Letters from Nissa tell us, that nine Imperial Regiments, which had their Winter-Quarters in Transylvania, were come to Widin, where they intended to pass the Danube. The advices from Turkey say, the Grand Vihir was preparing to take the Field, and that he had appointed the General Rendezvous of the Ottoman Forces (with which was to joyn a Body of Tartars) about 2 days march on this side Sophia.

Zurich, June 11. By a Courier from Turin, (who likewise brought two Letters written by the Duke of Savoy to His Majesty of Great-Britain, and to the States-Generall of the United Provinces) we have an account, That the Duke, upon the arrival of an Expres from his Ambassador to the Swiss Cantons, would hear no more Proposals from Monsieur Catinat, but had declared War against France, and call'd the Forces of the Milanese to his Assistance; and that he had given Liberty to the Vaudois, his Subjects, to return to the Valleys of Lucerne, having published an Order to that effect, by which he commands all his Officers, Civil and Military, not only to suffer the said Vaudois to pass freely and quietly, together with such French Protestants as shall be with them, or shall hereafter come into his Territories, whether singly or in Companies, with their Arms and Baggage, but that they likewise furnish them with Provisions at reasonable Rates, and favour and assist them in all things. That he had released about 80 of the Vaudois that were Prisoners at Turin, and had afterwards caus'd them to be brought into the Garden of his Palace, where he spoke to them very compassionately, telling them, That what they had suffer'd, had not proceeded from him, as being contrary to his Inclination, but from the necessity he was under; and that he did receive them into his Favour and Protection; which these poor People answer'd upon their Knees, with Protections of a sincere and unalterable Fidelity to his Highness. The Duke offer'd to have them new clothed; but they desired only to be supplied with Arms, Hats, and

Shoes, which were accordingly deliver'd to them. As for the Vaudois in the Valleys, they have, since this great Change of Affairs, quitted their former Posts, and have fallen upon several Parties of the French, and cut off above 900 of them. We are told likewise, that the Suiffers, which were in Monsieur Catinat's Army, having resolv'd to serve against Savoy, they were order'd to march to Casal, but that in their way they had joyn'd with 2000 of the Militia of Piedmont.

The People of Quality at Bern, viz. The Youth Officers, &c. having resolv'd to Celebrate their Yearly General Exercise this Year with more than ordinary Solemnity, they chose Wednesday last, being St. William's Day, in Respect to the King of England, and Solemniz'd it with great Demonstrations of Zeal and Veneration for His Majesty's Person and Government.

Frankfort, June 18. We have an account from the Palatinate, that the Troops of the Circle of Bavaria, being about 3000 Men, under the command of the Count de Sreineau, have joyn'd the Imperial Army at Sinsheim; and that the Elector of Bavaria was expected there in few day. The French Army continues Encamped at Lamsheim; but there is a discourse, that the Dauphin will suddenly return to Versailles. Great quantities of Ammunition are sent from hence to the Imperial Army.

Cologne, June 20. The Troops of Brandenburg and Neuburg are forming a Camp in the Byffel, between this place and the Mosse, where there may be already about 12000 Men together. The Forces of Munster, that are now on their march towards the Rhine, consist of 4800 Foot, 960 Horse, and 1030 Dragoons. The French Army, according to the last Advices from the Palatinate, was Encamped between Neustadt and Wackenheim, and there was a report, that the Dauphin would not stay long in the Camp, but that he intended to go and visit the Fortresses of Homburg, Saar Louis, Mont Royal, and Luxemburg, and so return to Versailles. The Imperial Army continues Encamped between Hydeiberg and Philippsburg, the Head Quarter being at Sinsheim, where the Elector of Bavaria was expected about the 20th of this Month. The Forces of Saxony, to the number of 16000, are marching towards the Rhine, and it is still said, that the Elector will command them in Person. General Souches lyes with a Body of Imperialists above Basle: The French apprehend, that they have a design upon Humingen, and for that reason, the Marquis d'Uxelles continues in that Neighborhood with the French Troops under his command, which are about 3 or 4000 Men.

Berlin, June 17. On the 10th Instant their Electoral Highnesses of Brandenburg remain'd hither from Covingberg; the 12th, in the Afternoon, James Johnson Esq; Envoy Extraordinary from the King of Great-Britain, and Gregory King Esq; Lancaster Herald of Arms, the two Commissioners from His Majesty, for carrying the Habit of the Garter to his Electoral Highness, and for Investing him therewith, did, at a private Audience, invest his Electoral Highness with the Principal Entigns of the Order, viz. The Garter and lesser G. G. And

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...of the Duke of Savoy, who has declared against France, is not only confirmed, but some Letters add, That there had already passed Hostilities between his Troops and the French. The States-General have received a Letter from the Duke of Savoy, and we understand his Highness has likewise written to the King of England. They write from Flanders, that the Duke of Luxemburg had repassed the Schelde at Pont Esperies, and was Encamped with the French Army near Leuze. That Prince Waldeck would march the 22d from Genap. And that the Spanish Forces had their Rendezvous near Alost. The Letters from France say, that there sailed on the 9th Instant 30 Men of War from Brest.

The Duke of Savoy we have here at present is the Duke of Savoy's having declared against France, which all the Letters from Savoy and Italy confirm. They tell us many particulars, but the chief is, That he had sent to the King of England, to the French Emperor, and to the Dutch Republics, and that he had given Liberty to the Protestants to return to the Netherlands, and that he had received 2000 Men from the Elector of Brandenburg, which with his own standing Forces, and the Militia he had raised, would make a Body of 12000 Men. The Dutch Army will march to march from Genap towards the Sambre. Our Generals had on Monday last a Conference with Prince Waldeck, and is since returned to his Camp between Dautermond and Alost. The Duke of Luxemburg is Encamped at Leuze.

Hague, June 23. The news of the Duke of Savoy's declaring against France, is not only confirmed, but some Letters add, That there had already passed Hostilities between his Troops and the French. The States-General have received a Letter from the Duke of Savoy, and we understand his Highness has likewise written to the King of England. They write from Flanders, that the Duke of Luxemburg had repassed the Schelde at Pont Esperies, and was Encamped with the French Army near Leuze. That Prince Waldeck would march the 22d from Genap. And that the Spanish Forces had their Rendezvous near Alost. The Letters from France say, that there sailed on the 9th Instant 30 Men of War from Brest.

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These are to give notice, That the several Rates and Taxes, to which the Royal Honourable the Peers and Knights of this Realm are liable, by virtue of an Act of Parliament, Entituled, An Act for raising Money by a Poll, and otherwise, towards the Reducing of Ireland, and Prosecuting the War against France; are to be paid to Benjamin Grege of the Exchequer-Office in Lincoln-Inn, who is appointed Collector for the same, by the Order of the House of Lords, in pursuance of the said Act of Parliament.

Advertisements.

AT Tho. Hallen's at the Ship and Anchor against Gun-yard in Houndsditch near Aldgate, London, you may be furnished with several sorts of lined Beds both second-hand and new, (which may be seen ready standing up) as Velvet, Damask, Mohair, and Camblet Beds, with Quills turnable; likewise several sorts of Chests of Drawers, Tables, Stands, and Looking-glasses, of right East-India Japan, and other work; also several sorts of Tapestry hangings second hand, and other Goods not here mentioned: Or if any persons have such Goods to sell, they may have ready Money for them at the same place.

ALL sorts of Household-Goods to be sold, as Damask, Mohair, Camblet, and other Beds and Bedding, Tapestry and other Hangings, Chairs, Tables, Glasses, Scurtours, Bras, Pewter, and other Household-Goods; the Sale will begin on Monday the 21d Instant, at the corner House of North-street in Red-Lyon-Square near Holborn, and so continue till all be sold. And the House is to be Let by Lease or Yearly-Rent, or ready furnished, with a Coach-house and Stables, or without.

IN Gerrard-street near St. Ann's Church, is a very convenient House to be Let, 4 Rooms on a Floor, and Coach-houses and Stables belonging thereto. Enquire at the said House, and you may know further.

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