

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority:

From Monday June 2. to Thursday June 5. 1690.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM R.

WHENCE Their Majesties have received Information upon Oath, That the Persons herein after particularly Named, have Conspired together, and with diverse other Infected Persons, to raise Rebellion, and for that purpose have made Provision of Arms, and have Laid themselves in several Regiments, Troops, and Companies, under pretence of Commissions from the late King James; Their Majesties have thought fit, by the Advice of Their Privy-Council, to Issue out this Their Royal Proclamation, and do hereby strictly Charge and Command

Thomas Tildesley, Molineux,

Tempe, Towneley, Gerrard's Son,

Gillington, Standish, Gerard's Son,

Thomas Tildesley, Ralph Tildesley,

Henry Butler, Richard Butler, Alexander Butler,

Thomas Carus, Wettby,

Harrington, Robert Moleneux,

Mafie, Penny, Carus;

Berly alias Barlow, Goodwin,

Romish Priest, William Wettby, George Carus

of Sellett, Thomas Butler, Stanley,

Penalt, Knipe, Coate,

Carus, Woolfall, Duckett,

Colton, and David Thornton of Oldifeds in

the County of York, and every of them,

wherewith to Render themselves to some one of Their Majesties Justices of the Peace. And in case they do not Render

themselves, Their Majesties do hereby Require and Command

all Their Loyal Subjects to Discover, Take, and Apprehend them wherever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who are hereby required to Commit them to the

next Gaol, there to remain, until they be taken delivered

by due course of Law. And Their Majesties do hereby Re-

quire the said Justice, or other Magistrate, immediately

to give Notice thereof to Them or their Council, and

Their Majesties do hereby give Notice to all Persons that

do Conceal the Persons above-named, or any of them, or

are aiding or Assisting in the Concealing of them, or fur-

thering their Escape, That they shall be proceeded against

for such their Offence, with the utmost Severity according

to Law.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall the Thirtieth day of May, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

His Majesty has been likewise pleased to cause a Proclamation to be published for a General and Publick Fast, to be observed throughout the Kingdom of Ireland on Wednesday the 25th day of June, and thenceforward on the Third Wednesday in every Month successively during the present War.

Rome, May 20. On Monday last sailed from Civitavecchia 5 of the Pope's Galleys, and 2 of Genoa, with the Vessels that had on Board the Land Forces, designed for the assistance of the Venetians. On Thursday there was a Meeting in the Palace of 17 Cardinals, who are now given by the Pope to consult together about the present State of Affairs.

Taranto, May 20. The Duke of Savoy has promised to give the French King 1000 Men, of his best Troops, but before Taranto he will demand Pomeria for a pincer Army, which his Ally will refuse. In the mean time, the Marquis de la Tour is advanced with part of his Troops as far as Taranto, whence the Prince's Nuncio is gone to meet him, and of these matters. We hear that the French Army, w^t the help of Clinton, forced the Spanish from their Posts, & the Victory o^r Luzzara.

Venice, May 26. On Sunday last arrived here a Vessel from Lissas in Cyprus, whence she came on the 14th of April, and brings an account, that the day before her departure, the Turkish Men of War that fought with the two Venetian Ships, the St. Mark, and the St. Joseph, were in there, being very much torn and disabled; that one of them sunk in the entrance of the Port; and two more were towed in with great difficulty; and that the Turks owned they had lost 600 Men in the Fight. The Letters from Tournon of the 22d say, that the French now contend with the Duke of Rohan, giving them 3000 Men, demanded to have Tournon put into their hands, allowing him but 24 hours to return his Answer; but that his Highness had absolutely refused it, and had commanded all his Subjects to take Arms, in order to oppose the French, in case they should make use of Force against them; that he had ordered the Bridges on the River Po, and that near Cremona, to be broken down; and that some of the Troops of the Milanese were marching to his Assistance.

Fiume, May 28. On Friday last was held a great Council of War in the Emperor's Presence at Linzemburg, at which the Velt-Marechal Caprara (who will now in 2 or 3 days begin his Journey towards the Empire) likewise assisted. The Letters from Nassau of the 12th instant continue to tell us, that the Turks were drawing together about Nicopolis.

Frankfort, June 4. The Imperial Forces are still encamped at Eppingen, about 5 hours march from Heidelberg, where the Elector of Bavaria is expected by the 15th of this Month. The French Army continues in the neighborhood of Worms; and some of their Troops have taken the Castle of Rechtersheim, putting the Garrison, which consisted but of 15 Men, to the Sword. There are Letters from the Palatinate of the 3d instant, which say, the Dauphin was come to Philippsburg.

Cologne, June 6. The Brandenburg and Münster Troops marched out of Bonn on Saturday last, and at the same time 1500 Bavarians took possession of the place in the name of the Elector of Cologne. We are assured that the Army which the Elector of Brandenburg is to command on the Moselle, will consist of 4000 Men, including the Troops of Münster, Neuborg and Liege. The Swiss Cantons assembled at Baden, have granted the Emperor a Levy of 2000 Men for the defence of the Forest Towns, notwithstanding all the endeavors of the French Ambassador to hinder it. The Dauphin arrived last Wednesday with a Convoy of 4 Regiments of Horse at Landau, and was expected at Philippsburg the Friday following; it's believed, he is now come into those Parts to visit the Frontier Garrisons. The French Army lies Encamped between Worms and Frankenthal, but their Soldiers desert in great numbers. The Imperial Forces commanded by General Daun, are posted between Eppingen and Simserhof, where they are daily reinforced by the Troops that come from the Country of Württemberg and the Black Forest.

Hanover, June 6. This day was published here the Imperial Avocatoria, whereby a the French Resident is gone away privately.

Paris, June 6. Though it is confirmed, that the Duke of Savoy has signed a Treaty with the Sieur de la Motte, and accepted a Neutrality upon the Terms proposed by this Count; yet we are assured at the same time, that His Highness persists in his first Resolution, not to receive the French Troops into the Citadel of Tournon and 3 towns. What Orders have been therupon sent to Monseigneur Cambray, is not yet known, but in the mean time it's believed, this Affair will be adjudged by the interposition of the Duke of Orléans, who labours very earnestly therein. We have advice, that the Marquis de la Motte, who commands the French Troops against the Vaudois, had on the 22d put attacked them with several pieces of Cannon, and after having destroyed their Works, had forced them from the Posts where they had intrenched themselves, about 200 of them being killed, and the retreating to a Mountain called La Chabotterie, w^t the loss of 1000 Men in this Action. The Letters from Strasbourg of the 24th put tell us, that the Dauphin arrived there the day before.

Having given the history of the first settlement by the Puritans, we will now follow the progress of New England from the original colony, and pass on to another colony, Virginia, from the first foundation of Jamestown and Roanoke, we will then pass on to Connecticut, New Haven, Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and New England, and finally close our history of New England.

Autumn, May 25. We have an account from Bishop
of West Georgia, who is trying to get a bill introduced
into the Legislature, and we understand, they were as yet
unsuccessful, so far as the State of Georgia, and Georgia didn't
get it introduced at all, and it was, we're guessing,
a very good bill. The bill was introduced by Coffey-Blair,
and it would have given the Negroes the right to vote,
and to register to vote and to stand, and District,

Providence, Boston, New Bedford, Slaton the York, the
West India, the Atlantic, the Caribbean, the Mississippi, and
the Andes, who in their way from Germany, Brazil,
and Ireland, are now kept in the Harbor by the contrary

Alfred M. Webster arrived here the Pacific Coast, the *Great South*, in 4 days from San Fran. The same day passed over the Harbor between the two cities, the Wind at N.W. They were bound for the coast as we are duly informed, they were to have a boat and launch party first with their眷属, leaving a day or two after arrival.

Portugal, about 1000. Yesterday morning sailed from
Lisbon, with three Galleys, and a 50 Gun Ship, armed with 12
Pounders, one 18lb, one 12lb, and two 9lb, and their Majesties Ships the
Navy, the Falcon, the Advice, and the Jersey, arrived
from the Azores. Yesterday the ships arrived in the
Cape at 1 P.M., and as no Wind, English and Dutch
brought up from Portugal, but the Wind coming
on, so at 10 A.M. they were put back to the Westward.
The English and Dutch, and the David of Tigray, both
from Port, were gone in late.

Portsmouth, June 1. Yesterday sailed from hence the
"Warrington," a General Merchant Ship under her Convoy,
to the Westward.

South, May 31. Left night the Earl of *Terrington*, Admiral of the *Mediterranean Fleet*, came into the Downs in the *St. Albans*, and went on board the *Royal Sovereign*, and went off in the Ship. This day came in the *St. Albans* from the Westward.

He is the true King, that during His Ministry
had been despised, & persecuted, & now
is to be exalted, & rewarded, & the foundation
of His Kingdom established, and every thing
done according to His own Order.

Accumulators

Gymnophis metherellae S. Aguirre. *Bolivianicaraguae*
1936: 112. Type: *Gymnophis metherellae* (S. Aguirre). Specimen
from Rio Grande, Dept. of Tocoa, Ecuador, May 1935; dorsal
and ventral skin smooth, body elongated, head depressed, eyes
large, nostrils large, mouth oblique, opercular opening
large, dorsal fin with 10 spines, anal fin with 8 spines, pectoral
fin with 13 rays, pelvic fins with 7 rays, lateral line
extending to posterior part of body.

A curious Collection of Middle-Books, by
Wise and Learned Men, in several Languages, is to be sold
on Friday, July 1st, by the Late Masters, will begin to be sold
on the Monday next at Henry Mayhew's, 10, St. Paul's Church-yard,
London; and will be sold in the Strand, where the Collection may be viewed
and the same of Sale. Catalogues may be had gratis of Middle
Bookbinder in the New-Building in the Strand, Mr. Carr's
Middle-Temple-Gate in Fleet-street, Mr. S. and J. Richardson,
the Nonsuch of St. Paul's Church, Mr. Hildesheim Bookbinder
against the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, or Mr. Henry Mayhew
Shop near the Temple-Church, and of Mr. D. Hill Bookbinder
Oxford.

William Matthews a Shoemaker being a witness for
Mr. Wm. very thin Hair, full beard with Colored
wicks, and afterwards with Colored Fetter chain, went on Satur-
day from his Quartier in Wapping without St. Cuthberts, bearing
lined with blue, and white stockings; Wm. never brings him
the Town Guard, said he was in. At about Gillingham
Crossing, he, William Leggatt of Shadwell, Thos. Saddington,
Harrowden, have I knowed disfurnished from Colored Edwards, who
come and go in their livery in 7 days, they shall be prosecuted at
first, and any one that apprehends them, shall have a Gen-
for them.

WHENCE a Committee of Bankrupts hath been lately Assembled against Benjamin Modis of London, Shoemaker. This is to give Notice, that the Commissioners therein named doth further protest, that the Creditors of the said Committee, intend to fit up a Hall Chamber in Guildford, London, where all Creditors are to come to prove their Debts, and pay their Contribution.

Level in a Hackney Coach on the left side, about 4 in the afternoon, a light-coloured Cobble Clock lined with red and a blue Velvet Cap; The Coachman a thin-faced Negroe and wore his own hair, having a Coat lined with yellow; we took up a Gentleman at the Rainbow Coffee-house near the New Temple Gate, and carried him to Duke's-Gate, Westminster; a Coach lined with blue. Whatever brings me this Coach: Mr. Richd. Hargrove at the Rainbow Coffee-house afford'd have no Reward.

Friend Francis Bullock Run from Mr. Samuel Boudler at the Red Crown in Westmorth on the 20th past, and by the east Box, carrying away several Ducrees, 2 pieces of Broad Cash and other Money, to the value of £100. he is a spare young fellow about 19, with fair Brown Hair, a narrow-faced Face, a short Brown Country Coat and Leather breeches without Legs and a thin Visage. Whoever gives me intelligence of him, to Mr. Samuel Boudler, I will, let to Captain Sanderson Hampshire-Hall in Charles-street, Westminster, East have 5 Guineas Reward.

The Katherine-Wheel, a Turners Shop, in Whitechapel,
the first House in Paddington, is to be Let, and the same
new to be Sold, (the Lease 29 Years to come) from the begin-
ning to Mr. John Riffle. Enquire at the said place.

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