

be allowed on condition that every coffin buried therein be separately enclosed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented.

(b.) In such partly walled graves as are now existing in the churchyard, provided that the earth above them can be opened to the depth of five feet without exposing coffins or disturbing human remains, burials may be allowed of so many of the relations of those interred therein at the date of the Order, as can be buried at or below that depth.

(c.) In such earthen graves now existing in the churchyard, as can be opened to the depth of five feet without exposing coffins or disturbing human remains, burials may be allowed of so many of the following relations of those interred therein at the date of the Order, viz.: widows and widowers, as can be buried at or below that depth.

HATFIELD (YORKS).—Forthwith and entirely in the two additions to Hatfield Churchyard added respectively in one thousand eight hundred and forty and one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, except as follows:—

(a.) In such vaults and wholly walled graves as are now existing burials may be allowed on condition that every coffin buried therein be separately enclosed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented.

(b.) In such partly walled graves as are now existing provided that the earth above them can be opened to the depth of five feet without exposing coffins or disturbing human remains burials may be allowed of so many of the relations of those interred therein at the date of the Order as can be buried at or below that depth.

(c.) In such earthen graves now existing as can be opened to the depth of five feet without exposing coffins or disturbing human remains, burials may be allowed of so many of the relations of those interred therein at the date of the Order as can be buried at or below that depth.

(d.) In such reserved grave spaces as have never before been buried in (and which when opened are free from water) burials may be allowed of so many of the families to whom they may be allotted as can be buried at or below the depth of five feet.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the thirteenth day of September next.

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be forthwith published in the London Gazette; and that copies thereof be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of, or on some conspicuous places within, the parishes affected by such representation, one month before the said thirteenth day of September.

C. L. Peel.

Privy Council Office, August 3, 1886.

THE following Statute, passed on the 1st day of July, 1886, by the Governing Body of the House of Christ Church, Oxford, has been submitted for the approval of Her Majesty in Council, and notice of its having been so submitted is published in accordance with the provisions contained in the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge Act, 1877:—

Statute XXIII of the Statutes made for Christ Church, Oxford, altered by the Governing Body

of the House on 1st July, 1886, at a meeting specially summoned for the purpose, by adding the Clause in *italics*.

XXIII.—College Exhibitions.

The Exhibitions of the Foundations of Archbishop Boulter for Servitors, Mr. Pouncefort, Dr. Gardiner, Bishop Frampton, Dr. Cotton, and Mrs. Paul, shall be applied to the support of College Exhibitioners who shall be elected after examination in such subjects and such manner as the Governing Body shall determine. *If and so far as these funds are insufficient, the support of these Exhibitioners shall be charged on the general revenues of the House.* Notice of each election shall be given in the same manner as that prescribed above for the election of Open Scholars, and the Exhibitioners shall be elected at first for two years only, the tenure of these Exhibitions being renewable in the same manner as that allowed for Scholarships, and on the same terms. No person shall be appointed to one of these Exhibitions unless he shall give sufficient proof to the Dean of his need of such assistance to enable him to obtain the benefit of a University education.



Privy Council Office, August 3, 1886.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Petition has been presented to Her Majesty in Council from the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of the city and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in Council assembled, praying for an alteration of the number and boundaries of the Wards into which the said city is now divided; and notice is hereby further given, that Her Majesty has been pleased, by Her Order in Council of this day's date, to order that the said Petition be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on Monday, the thirteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six.

(PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.)

AT the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 4th day of August, 1886.

By Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

THE Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in them vested under The Contagious Diseases (Animals) Act, 1878, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

1. The following Place (namely),—the grass field called East Glash of Leys, on the farm at Ardlaw, in the parish of Pitsligo, in the county of Aberdeen, in the occupation of the Representatives of Alexander F. Robertson,—which was declared by Order of Council dated the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six, to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia, is hereby declared to be free from pleuro-pneumonia, and that Place shall, as from the commencement of this Order, cease to be a Place infected with pleuro-pneumonia.

2. This Order shall take effect from and immediately after the fifth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six.

C. L. Peel.