And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Chichester.

C. L. Peel.

A T the Court at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the 11th day of August, 1884.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Local Board of Health for the district of the township of Monk Bretton, in the West Riding of the county of York, have (under the provisions of an Act passed in the Session of Parliament held in the twentieth and twenty-first years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the Burial Acts") presented a petition stating that the district of the said Board is co-extensive with the district for which it is proposed to provide a burial ground, that no Burial Board has been appointed for the said district, that an Order in Council has been made for closing the burial ground within the said district, and praying that the said Local Board may be appointed a Burial Board for the district of such Local Board.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such petition, and to order that the same may be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand

eight hundred and eighty-four.

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be published in the London Gazette, and in one of the newspapers usually circulating in the district of the Local Board aforesaid, one month at least before the said twenty-fifth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.

C. L. Peel.

Whitehall, August 9, 1884.

THE Queen taking into Her Royal consideration, that upon the decease of George Pnilip, eighth Earl of Chesterfield without surviving issue, on or about the nineteenth day of October last, the title and dignity of Earl of Chesterfield devolved upon Henry Edwyn Chandos, now Earl of Chesterfield, as the heir male of the body of Philip, first Earl of Chesterfield, and that according to the ordinary rules of honour, the younger brothers of the said Henry Edwyn Chandos, Earl of Chesterfield, cannot enjoy that place and precedence which would have been due to them in case their father, Sir Edwyn Francis Scudamore-Stanhope, of Holme Lacy, in the county of Hereford, Baronet, had survived George Philip, late Earl of Chesterfield, and had thereby become Earl of Chesterfield, Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to ordain and declare that Berkeley Lionel Scudamore-Stanhope, Clerk, Master of Arts, Rector of Byford-cum-Mansell Gamage, in the said county of Hereford, and William Pitt Scudamore-Stanhope, Clerk, Master of Arts, Vicar of Holme Lacy aforesaid, the only brothers of the said Henry Edwyn Chandos, Earl of Chesterfield, shall henceforth have, hold, and enjoy the same

title, place, pre-eminence, and precedence as if their late father, the said Sir Edwyn Francis Scudamore-Stanhope, Baronet, had survived the said George Philip, Earl of Chesterfield, and had thereby succeeded to the title and dignity of Earl of Chesterfield:

And Her Majesty has been further pleased to command the said Royal Order and Declaration be registered in the College of Arms.

Education Department, Whitehall. August 18, 1884.

THE Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education have issued an order this day for the formation of a School Board in the undermentioned Parish:—

Ainstable ... Cumberland

··· Cumberiana

(H. 6572.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), Whitehall Gardens, August 15, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a Despatch from Her Majesty's Representative in the Argentine Republic, reporting as follows:—

Buenos Ayres, July 5th.—On account of the telegraphic intelligence recently received of an outbreak of cholera at Toulon and Marseilles, the National Health Board, yesterday, issued the following sanitary regulations:—

1. Eight days quarantine will be imposed upon all arrivals from Toulon and Marseilles, or any other port in which cholera has shown itself, provided that no verified or suspicious cases of the disease have occurred during the voyage.

2. All other arrivals from the Mediterranean or Africa will be subjected to four days' observation, with the same proviso as in the preceding

Article.

- 3. When any undoubted or suspected cases have occurred during the voyage, the duration of the quarantine will be fifteen days; and when such cases present themselves after the arrival of the vessel in the River Plate, the period of fifteen days shall be calculated from the date of their complete disappearance, and after the disinfection of the ship.
- 4. Passengers shall perform quarantine on board the ships themselves; and merchandize in lighters as usual.

(H. 6573.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), Whitehall Gardens, August 18, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of the following translation of a Notice as to quarantine which has been issued by the Government of the Danish West India Islands:—

It is hereby brought to public notice that in consequence of the cholera epidemic prevailing in the south of France, Government has adopted the following preventive measures against vessels arriving here from any European port.

A.—Sailing Ships.

1. Strict quarantine investigation.

2. If suspicious cases of disease or death have occurred on board within the last fortnight before arrival, quarantine proper until fourteen days have passed since last case.

3. Fumigation and disinfection of linen and woollen articles, passengers' and crews' clothes and other objects which may be deemed particularly apt to contain and spread the contagious

matter.