## Whitehall, July 29, 1884.

THE Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, for presenting the Reverend John Fitzalan Cornwall to the Rectory of Barton-le-Clay, in the county of Bedford, and diocese of Ely, void by the cession of the Reverend Arthur Blomfield, the last Incumbent.

## Crown Office, July 21, 1884.

THE Queen has been pleased by Letters Patent under the Great Seal to appoint Alfred Wills, Esq., one of Her Counsel learned in the Law, to the office of one of the Justices of Her Majesty's High Court of Justice.

## Whitehall, July 16, 1884.

THE Queen has been pleased to grant unto Herbert John Hodgkinson, of Malpas-road, in the parish of Brockley, in the county of Kent, Gentleman, Her Royal licence and authority that be may, in compliance with the last will and testament of John Patten, of Mile End-road, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, assume and use the surname of Patten in addition to and after that of Hodgkinson:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms, otherwise to be void and of none effect.

(H. 6160.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), Whitehall Gardens, July 30, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Callao, transmitting the following translation of a Decree issued by the Peruvian Government with respect to Bills of Health, viz.:—

By the Ministry of War the following Decree has been issued:—

In view of the foregoing question, and considering—

1st. That the entrance of vessels in the ports of the Republic without the corresponding Bill of Health is a fault of more or less consequence to the country, according to circumstances.

2nd. That these form intimate relations with the sanitary state of the places from which they arrive, with the tonnage, with the crew, and with the class of the vessels; and

3rd. That neither in the Regulations of Commerce, nor in those of the Captains of Ports, nor in those of the Supreme Sanitary Board, is stated the fine which should be applied for the omission mentioned. It is resolved,

That the captain of the port, or whoever represents him, shall impose the fines to which they may be subject on all vessels which present themselves without a Bill of Health, in conformity with the following rules:—

1st. If it is a steamer, and of less than 200 tons register, 50 soles; and if more than 200 tons, 100 soles.

2nd. If the vessel is a sailing ship, and of less than 200 tons, 30 soles; and if more than 200 tons, 60 soles.

When proceeding from a port where an epidemic exists:—

1st. If a steamer, of less than 200 tons, 200 soles.

2nd. If only one single case of epidemic disease has presented itself without probability of propagation, and the steamer is less than 200 tons, 300 soles; and if of more than 200 tons, 600 soles.

3rd. If there has been more than one case, and the steamer is of less than 200 tons, 1,000 soles, and

4th. On sailing vessels there will be imposed just the half of what is determined in the above-mentioned cases.

Let it be communicated, registered, and published. (Signed) GARCIA LEON.

Rubric of His Excellency.

(H. 6161.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), Whitehall Gardens, July 31, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs the following copy of a Notice issued by the Norwegian Government, viz:—

In addition to the French Mediterranean ports, the French ports on the Atlantic and in the Channel, are to be considered as infected with cholera until further notice.

The following is the list of countries and places at present considered to be infected:—

Japan, China, East Indian Islands, East India, Red Sea Ports, Egypt, Syria, Smyrna, Fez, Mequinez, and Dar el Brida, in Morocco, France, and Uruguayana, in Brazil.

Vessels with cholera patients on board, and bound for Norwegian ports, shall be taken by the pilots to the quarantine station at Christiansund.

(H. 6162.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), Whitehall Gardens, July 31, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs the following translation of a Quarantine Notice issued by the Italian Government, viz.:—

The Minster of the Interior decrees:

A quarantine of five days shall, from to-day, be applied at the frontier of the Tyrol, in the provinces of Brescia, Verena, and Vicenza, for all persons entering the Kingdom.

The Prefects of the above provinces are charged with the duty of carrying out this Ordinance fully, especially naming the positions of the quarantine places in which the disinfection of articles in use shall also take place; they shall also inform the public by putting up notifications.

The Minister,

Rome, July 25, 1884.

DEPRETIS.

(H. 6189.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), Whitehall Gardens, July 31, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for the Colonies a copy of a Proclamation issued by the Governor of Gibraltar, to the effect that all arrivals from France are to quit the port without communication, unless any unforeseen emergency has arisen on board any vessel, when the Board of Health will consider each case on its merits.

(H. 6191.)

Board of Trade (Harbour Department), Whitehall Gardens, August 1, 1884.

THE Board of Trade have received through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of Notices issued by the Portuguese Government, declaring the ports of Sierra Leone infected with yellow fever since the 1st ultimo, the port of Ceara infected with, and all the other ports of that province suspected of, the same disease since the 20th June last.