

- Notice of intention to lay out new streets.
 Definition of new buildings.
 Erection of urinals and other conveniences.
 The prevention of lock-up shops being used for habitation.
 Damages caused to footways by excavation.
 To extend the period for instituting legal proceedings.
 To provide that undertakings or agreements with the Corporation shall bind successive owners.
 Contributions by Corporation to private street works.
 To compel sinks and slopstone pipes to be disconnected from drains and sewers.
 To enable statues and fountains, cabmen's rests or shelters, or other work of an ornamental character or public utility to be erected.
 To provide for the fencing of vacant or waste lands.
 To make regulations with respect to the occupation of buildings or parts of buildings extending or partially extending over any privy, cesspool, midden, or ashpit.
 The prevention of burning of bricks and other offensive matters and things.
 To prevent the spilling of coals, lime, and other articles on the public roads.
 To provide that sections 116 to 119 (both inclusive) of "The Public Health Act, 1875," shall extend and apply to all articles intended for the food of man, sold or exposed, deposited or prepared for sale within the borough, and that the medical or other officer of the Corporation may inspect and examine all such articles, and for that purpose open any box or other receptacle containing any such articles, and to empower Justices to order such articles, when condemned by the medical or other officer of the Corporation, to be destroyed.
 To make further and better provision for the prevention of infection from disease within the borough, and for that purpose to confer all or some of the following among other powers upon the Corporation:—
 (a.) To provide temporary shelter or house accommodation for the members of a family in which infectious disease has appeared, and also to provide temporary hospitals or wards.
 (b.) To provide or contract for the providing of nurses for attendance upon diseased persons.
 (c.) To compel cowkeepers and others to furnish a list of their customers in certain cases.
 To empower the Corporation either to require any owner or occupier to cleanse and disinfect any house or part of a house or any articles therein, or themselves to cleanse and disinfect such house, part of a house, and articles, and for that purpose to remove any such articles, and to recover the expenses attending such cleansing, disinfecting, and removal from the owner or occupier, or to make other provision for defraying the expenses thereof.
 To prohibit, if thought so expedient, the removal of the body of any person dying from infectious disease from any hospital or place of temporary accommodation as aforesaid, except for the purpose of immediate burial, and to provide for the immediate burial of the body of any person dying from an infectious disease, and for the recovery of the expenses thereof.
- To regulate the removal and the mode of conveyance for the purpose of interment of the body of any person who has died of an infectious disease, and for the recovery of the expenses thereof.
 To prevent the use of public conveyances for the removal of the bodies of persons who may have died from infectious disease.
 To compel under a penalty common lodging-house keepers to give the notice required by section 84 of the Public Health Act, 1875.
 To authorise the Corporation to grant and revoke licenses to hawkers for the sale of marketable commodities.
 To authorise the Corporation to construct police stations for the confinement of persons taken into custody.
 To authorise the appointment as special constables of persons appointed or employed by the Corporation as keepers of parks or in or about any public market.
 To authorise the Corporation to regulate the riding, driving, or propelling of bicycles, tricycles, velocipedes, or other similar mechanical contrivances within the borough.
 To prevent the assembling of persons for betting or other like purposes in the streets within the borough.
 To authorise the apprehension of persons committing aggravated assaults without a warrant.
 To prohibit the exhibition or delivery to any person within the borough of any obscene, indecent, or offensive bill, paper, or notice.
 To make provision in case any person charged with an offence shall refuse to disclose his name, and to enable a judge of any court or a justice to act, notwithstanding he may be liable to any charge under the Acts relating to the borough, or may be a member of the Corporation.
 To make provision with respect to street musicians and singers, and dogs found at large or without muzzles, or for the confining or muzzling of dogs within the borough; to authorise the detention and sale of such dogs, and to provide for the recovery of the expenses of such detention and sale.
 To authorise justices to order the delivery of goods wrongfully detained if under the value of £15.
 To empower the Corporation to regulate, inspect, or license all dancing-rooms, music halls, and places of public resort or entertainment, and the keepers or managers thereof respectively.
 To empower the Corporation to make and enforce bye-laws in respect of all or some of the matters and things mentioned or referred to in this notice, and to impose penalties for the breach of such bye-laws.
 To make provision with reference to the form and service of notices, bye-laws, and other documents, the authentication thereof, destruction of notice boards, prosecution of offenders, and recovery of penalties, street works, and private improvement expenses for securing transient offenders, evidence of appointment, or authority of officers and others, power of entry, power to execute works in default of persons liable, power for occupier to execute works in default of owner, penalty for obstructing the execution of works or exercise of power, tender of amends, and the protection of members and officers.