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War Office, October 6, 1882.

A DESPATCH, of which the following is a copy, has been received by the Secretary of State for War from the General Officer Commanding in Egypt :—

SIR, *Cairo, September 16, 1882.*

I HAVE already had the honour of reporting by telegraph to you that I attacked the entrenched position of Tele-el-Kebir a little before sunrise on the morning of the 13th instant, completely defeating the enemy with very great loss, and capturing 59 field guns, vast quantities of ammunition, military stores, and supplies of all sorts.

The enemy were pursued to Zagazig, 25 miles from our camp at Kassassin, by the Indian Contingent, the leading detachment of which reached that place under Major-General Sir H. Macpherson, V.C., a little after four P.M., and by the Cavalry Division, under General Lowe, to Belbeis, which was occupied in the evening. Major-General Lowe was ordered to push on with all possible speed to Cairo, as I was most anxious to save that city from the fate which befel Alexandria in July last.

These orders were ably carried out, General Lowe reaching the great barracks of Abbassieh, just outside of Cairo, at 4.45 P.M. on the 14th instant. The cavalry marched 65 miles in these two days. The garrison of about 10,000 men, summoned by Lieutenant-Colonel H. Stewart, A.A.G. to the Cavalry Division, to surrender, laid down their arms, and our troops took possession of the citadel. A message was sent to Arabi Pasha through the Prefect of the City, calling upon him to surrender forthwith, which he did unconditionally; he was accompanied by Toulba Pasha, who was also one of the leading rebels in arms against the Khedive.

The Guards, under His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, reached Cairo early on the 15th instant.

The result of the battle of Tel-el-Kebir has been the entire collapse of the rebellion. The only place that has not as yet surrendered is Damietta, and its capture or surrender can be easily effected at our leisure.

The men of the rebel army having laid down or thrown away their arms in their flight, have now dispersed to their homes, and the country is so rapidly returning to its ordinary condition of

peace, that I am able to report the war to be at an end, and that the object for which this portion of Her Majesty's Army was sent to Egypt has been fully accomplished.

Such is a brief summary of the events of the last three days. I shall now endeavour to describe them somewhat in detail.

From the daily reconnoissance of the position at Tel-el-Kebir, made from our camp at Kassassin, especially from the good view I obtained of the enemy's works on the 9th instant, when our troops drove back within their entrenchments the force of 13 battalions, 5 squadrons, and 18 guns, that had attacked our camp in the morning; it was evident their works were of great extent, and of a formidable character, all the information obtained from spies and prisoners led me to believe that the enemy's force at Tel-el-Kebir consisted of from 60 to 70 horsed guns, which were mostly distributed along their line of works, of two Infantry divisions (24 battalions) of about 20,000 men, and three regiments of Cavalry, together with about 6,000 Bedouins and Irregulars, besides a force of about 5,000 men, with 24 guns, at Salhalieh, all under the immediate command of Arabi Pasha. I have since been able to verify these numbers, which are certainly not overstated, except as regards the number of guns at Tel-el-Kebir, which, I believe, to have been 59, the number we took in the works and during the pursuit.

Owing to the numerous detachments I was obliged to make for the defence of my long line of communications from Suez to Ismailia, and thence on to Kassassin, and owing to the losses incurred in previous actions, I could only place in line about 11,000 bayonets, 2,000 sabres, and 60 field guns.

The enemy's position was a strong one; there was no cover of any kind in the desert lying between my camp at Kassassin and the enemy's works north of the Canal. These works extended from a point on the Canal $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of the railway station of Tel-el-Kebir for a distance, almost due north, of about $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles.

The general character of the ground which forms the northern boundary of the valley through which the Ismailia Canal and railway run is that of gently undulating and rounded slopes, which rise gradually to a fine open plateau from 90 to 100 feet above the valley.

The southern extremity of this plateau is about a mile from the railway, and is nearly parallel to it. To have marched over this plateau upon the enemy's position by daylight, our troops would have had to advance over a glacis-like slope in full view of the enemy, and under the fire of his well-served artillery for about five miles. Such an operation would have entailed enormous losses from an enemy with men and guns well protected by entrenchments from any artillery fire we could have brought to bear upon them. To have turned the enemy's position either by the right or left was an operation that would have entailed a very wide turning movement, and therefore a long, difficult, and fatiguing march, and what is of more importance, it would not have accomplished the object I had in view, namely, to grapple with the enemy at such close quarters that he should not be able to shake himself free from our clutches except by a general fight of all his army.

I wished to make the battle a final one; whereas a wide turning movement would probably have only forced him to retreat, and would have left him free to have moved his troops in good order to some other position further back. My desire was to fight him decisively where he was in the open desert before he could retire to take up fresh positions more difficult of access, in the cultivated country in his rear. That cultivated country is practically impassable to a regular army, being irrigated and cut up in every direction by deep canals.

I had ascertained, by frequent reconnaissances, that the enemy did not push his outposts far beyond his works at night, and I had good reason for believing that he then kept a very bad look out. These circumstances, and the very great reliance I had in the steadiness of our splendid infantry, determined me to resort to the extremely difficult operation of a night march, to be followed by an attack, before daylight, on the enemy's position; the result was all I could have wished for.

At dawn on the morning of the 12th instant, accompanied by all the Generals and Brigadiers, I inspected the enemy's works, and explained to them my intended plan of attack, and gave to each a sketch, showing the formation in which it was to be effected. (Copy enclosed, marked B).

As soon as it was dark on the evening of the 12th instant, I struck my camp at Kassassin, and the troops moved into position, the left near the point marked "Ninth Hill" on sketch A, where they bivouacked.

No fires were allowed, and even smoking was prohibited, and all were ordered to maintain the utmost silence throughout the night's operation. At 1.30 A.M., on the morning of the 13th instant, I gave the order for the advance of the 1st and 2nd Divisions simultaneously. The night was very dark, and it was difficult to maintain the desired formation, but, by means of connecting files between the battalions and brigades, and between the first and second lines, and through the untiring exertions of the Generals and the Officers of the Staff generally, this difficulty was effectually overcome.

The Indian Contingent* under Major-General Sir H. Macpherson, and the Naval Brigade under Captain Fitzroy, R.N., did not move until 2.30 A.M. To have moved them earlier would have given the alarm to the enemy, owing to the number of villages in the cultivated land south of the Canal.

Telegraphic communication by means of an

* 7 | 1 Royal Artillery (Mountain Battery), 1st Battalion Seaforth Highlanders, 3rd Battalion Native Infantry, made up of detachments of 7th Bengal Native Infantry, 20th Punjab Infantry, and 29th Beloochees.

insulated cable was kept up through Kassassin all through the night between the Indian Contingent on the south of the Canal, and the Royal Marine Artillery, with which I moved in rear of the 2nd Division.

In moving over the desert at night, there are no land marks to guide one's movements, we had, consequently, to direct our course by the stars. This was well and correctly effected, and the leading Brigades of each Division both reached the enemy's works within a couple of minutes of one another.

The enemy were completely surprised, and it was not until one or two of their advanced sentries fired their rifles, that they realized our close proximity to their works.

These were, however, very quickly lined with their infantry who opened a deafening musketry fire, and their guns came into action immediately. Our troops advanced steadily without firing a shot, in obedience to the orders they had received, and when close to the works went straight for them, charging with a ringing cheer.

Major-General Graham reports "The steadiness of the advance of the 2nd Brigade* under what appeared to be an utterly overwhelming fire of musketry and artillery will remain a proud remembrance."

The 2nd Brigade was well supported by the Brigade of Guards, under H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught.

On the left the Highland Brigade,† under Major-General Sir A. Alison, had reached the works a few minutes before the 2nd Brigade had done so, and in a dashing manner stormed them at the point of the bayonet, without firing a shot until within the enemy's lines. They were well supported by the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry and the 3rd Royal Rifles, both under the command of Colonel Ashburnham of the last-named corps.

In the centre, between these two attacks, marched seven batteries of Artillery, deployed into one line, under the command of Brigadier-General Goodenough, and, after the capture of the enemy's works, several of these batteries did good service, and inflicted considerable loss upon the enemy, in some instances firing canister at short ranges.

On the extreme left the Indian Contingent and the Naval Brigade, under the command of Major-General Sir H. Macpherson, V.C., advanced steadily and in silence, the Seaforth Highlanders leading, until an advanced battery of the enemy was reached (it is not shown in sketch A), when it was most gallantly stormed by the Highlanders, supported by the Native Infantry Battalions.

The squadron of the 6th Bengal Cavalry, attached temporarily to General Macpherson, did good service in pursuing the enemy through the village of Tel-el-Kebir.

The Indian Contingent scarcely lost a man, a happy circumstance, which I attribute to the excellent arrangements made by Major-General Macpherson, and to the fact that starting one hour later than the 1st and 2nd Divisions, the resistance of the enemy was so shaken by the earlier attacks north of the Canal, that he soon gave way before the impetuous onslaught of the Seaforth Highlanders.

The Cavalry Division, on the extreme right of the line, swept round the northern extremity of the enemy's works, charging the enemy's troops

* 2nd Battalion Royal Irish Regiment, Royal Marine Light Infantry, 2nd Battalion York and Lancaster Regiment, 1st Battalion Royal Irish Fusiliers.

† 1st Battalion Royal Highlanders, 1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders, 1st Battalion Cameron Highlanders, 2nd Battalion Highland Light Infantry.

as they endeavoured to escape, most of the enemy, however, threw away their arms, and, begging for mercy, were unmolested by our men. To have made them prisoners would have taken up too much time, the Cavalry being required for the more important work of pushing on to Cairo.

Such is the general outline of the battle of Tel-el-Kebir. All the previous actions of this short campaign were chiefly Cavalry and Artillery affairs, but that of the 13th instant was essentially an Infantry battle, and was one that from the time we started at 1.30 A.M. until nearly 6 A.M., when it was practically over, was peculiarly calculated to test, in the most crucial manner, the quality and the fighting discipline of our Infantry.

I do not believe that at any previous period of our military history has the British Infantry distinguished itself more than upon this occasion.

I have heard it said of our present Infantry Regiments, that the men are too young, and their training for manœuvring and for fighting, and their powers of endurance, are not sufficient for the requirements of modern war. After a trial of an exceptionally severe kind, both in movement and in attack, I can say emphatically, that I never wish to have under my orders better Infantry Battalions than those whom I am proud to have commanded at Tel-el-Kebir.

Our casualties have been numerous, but not so many as I had anticipated. Her Majesty has to deplore the loss of many gallant men, who died as became the soldiers of an army that is proud of the glorious traditions it has inherited.

It would be impossible in this Despatch to bring to your notice the services of those Officers whom I consider especially worthy of mention. I shall do so in a subsequent Despatch; but I cannot close this without placing on record how much I am indebted to the following officers who took part in the battle of Tel-el-Kebir, and who, by their zeal and ability, contributed so largely to its success:—

General Sir John Acland, K.C.B., Chief of the Staff; Lieutenant-Generals Willis and Sir E. Hamley; Major-Generals Sir A. Alison, H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, Drury-Lowe, Sir H. Macpherson, and Graham; Brigadier-Generals Goodenough, R.A., Sir Baker Russell, the Honourable J. Dormer; Deputy Adjutant-General Tanner and Colonel Ashburnham, who temporarily commanded a brigade during the action; and to Captain Fitzroy, who commanded the Naval Brigade.

Brigadier-General Nugent, R.E., remained during the action in command of the left at Kassassin, to cover the rear of the army operating in his immediate front, and to protect that position with all its stores and depôts from any possible attack from the enemy's force at Salhalieh. He rejoined me in the evening at Tel-el-Kebir, having carried out the orders he had received.

The medical arrangements were all they should have been, and reflect the highest credit upon Surgeon-General Hanbury.

In the removal of the wounded on the 13th and 14th instant to Ismailia, the Canal boat service, worked by the Royal Navy, under Commander Moore, R.N., did most excellent work, and the Army is deeply indebted to that officer and to those under his command for the aid he afforded the wounded, and for the satisfactory manner in which he moved a large number of them by water to Ismailia.

No exertion has been spared on the part of Major-General Earle, Commanding the Line of Communications, and of Commissary-General Morris, to supply all the wants of this army during its advance from Ismailia.

To the Head-Quarter Staff, and to Officers composing the Staff of each Division, my best thanks are due for the able manner in which they performed their duty.

In conclusion, I wish to express my deep sense of the high military spirit displayed throughout the battle of Tel-el-Kebir, and during all our previous engagements, by Commanding Officers, by all Regimental Officers, and by every non-commissioned officer and private now serving in Egypt.

I have also the honour to enclose a roll of the casualties which occurred at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir.

Major George FitzGeorge, 20th Hussars, the senior member of my personal staff, is the bearer of this despatch, and I have the honour to recommend him to your favourable consideration.

I have, &c.,

G. J. WOLSELEY, General,
Commander-in-Chief H.M. Forces in Egypt.

Inclosure.

Summary of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing in the action at Tel-el-Kebir on the 13th September, 1882.

- Staff, Army Corps—1 officer wounded.
- Staff, 1st Division—1 officer wounded.
- 2nd Battalion Grenadier Guards—1 non-commissioned officer and man killed, 1 officer and 9 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- 2nd Battalion Coldstream Guards—1 officer and 7 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- 1st Battalion Scots Guards—4 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- 2nd Battalion Royal Irish Regiment—1 officer and 1 non-commissioned and man killed, 2 officers and 17 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- Royal Marine Light Infantry—2 officers and 3 non-commissioned officers and men killed, 1 officer and 53 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- 2nd Battalion York and Lancaster—12 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- 1st Battalion Royal Irish Fusiliers—2 non-commissioned officers and men killed, 34 non-commissioned officers and men wounded, 3 non-commissioned officers and men missing.
- 19th Hussars—1 officer wounded.
- 2nd Battalion Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry—1 officer and 5 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- Royal Artillery—2 officers and 17 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- 1st Battalion Royal Highlanders—2 officers and 7 non-commissioned officers and men killed, 6 officers and 37 non-commissioned officers and men wounded, 4 non-commissioned officers and men missing.
- 1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders—1 officer and 5 non-commissioned officers and men killed, 1 officer and 29 non-commissioned officers and men wounded, 4 non-commissioned officers and men missing.
- 1st Battalion Cameron Highlanders—13 non-commissioned officers and men killed, 3 officers and 45 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.
- 2nd Battalion Highland Light Infantry—3 officers and 14 non-commissioned officers and men killed, 5 officers and 52 non-commissioned officers and men wounded, 11 non-commissioned officers and men missing.
- 3rd Battalion King's Royal Rifles—20 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.

1st Battalion Seaforth Highlanders—1 non-commissioned officer and man killed, 3 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.

Native Troops—1 non-commissioned officer and man killed, 9 non-commissioned officers and men wounded.

Chaplains—1 wounded.

Total—9 officers and 48 non-commissioned officers and men killed, 27* officers and 353 non-commissioned officers and men wounded, 22 non-commissioned officers and men missing.

Grand total of casualties, all ranks, 459.

LIST of Officers Killed in the action at Tel-el-Kebir, on the 13th September, 1882.

2nd Battalion Connaught Rangers (attached to 2nd Battalion Royal Irish Regiment).
Captain C. N. Jones.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.
Major H. H. Strong.
Captain J. C. Wardell.

1st Battalion Royal Highlanders.
Lieutenant Graham Stirling.
Lieutenant J. G. McNeill.

1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders.
Lieutenant H. G. Brooks.

2nd Battalion Highland Light Infantry.
Major Colville.
Lieutenant D. S. Kays.
Lieutenant L. Somervell.

List of Officers Wounded in the action at Tel-el-Kebir on the 13th September, 1882.

Staff Headquarters.

Lieutenant Wyatt Rawson, Royal Navy.

ARMY CORPS.

Staff First Division.

Lieutenant-General G. H. S. Willis, C.B.

2nd Battalion Grenadier Guards.
Lieutenant-Colonel R. Balfour, severely.

2nd Battalion Coldstream Guards.
Lieutenant-Colonel J. B. Sterling, slightly.

2nd Battalion Royal Irish Regiment.
Lieutenant A. G. Chichester, severely.

2nd Royal Fusiliers, attached to Royal Irish.
Lieutenant H. H. Drummond-Woolf, severely.

Royal Marine Light Infantry.
Lieutenant E. McCausland, severely.

19th Hussars.
Lieutenant D. Barclay, slightly.

2nd Battalion Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. S. Richardson, severely.

1st Battalion Royal Highlanders.
Captain R. C. Coveney.
Captain G. B. Cumberland, severely.
Captain G. M. Fox.
Lieutenant J. A. Park (since dead).
Lieutenant Livingstone.
Captain F. L. Speid.

1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders.
Lieutenant A. G. Pirie, slightly.

1st Battalion Cameron Highlanders.
Lieutenant A. G. Blackburn, severely.
Lieutenant H. H. L. Malcolm.

2nd Battalion Sutherland Highlanders, attached to Cameron Highlanders.
Lieutenant S. Macdougall, slightly.

* Lieutenant Park, Royal Highlanders, since dead.

2nd Battalion Highland Light Infantry.

Lieutenant R. F. M. Synge, slightly.

Lieutenant A. R. Heneage, slightly.

Lieutenant H. Midwood, severely.

Lieutenant G. T. J. Carey, severely.

Lieutenant W. M. M. Edwards, severely.

Staff Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant and Adjutant H. V. Cowan, severely.

F | 1 Royal Artillery.

Captain H. S. Dalbiac, severely.

Chaplain.

Rev. J. Bellord, slightly.

List of Non-Commissioned Officers and Men Killed at the action at Tel-el-Kebir on the 13th September, 1882.

2nd Battalion Grenadier Guards.
Colour-Sergeant — Holmes

2nd Battalion Royal Irish Regiment.
503 Lance-Corporal Francis S. Devine.

Royal Marine Light Infantry
14 Co. Sergeant E. A. Jarvis.
" Private Alban Castle.
18 Co. " Henry Ellis.

1st Battalion Royal Irish Fusileers.
Sergeant — King.
Private — McCaul.

1st Battalion Cameron Highlanders.
2087 Private G. Rugg.

117 " Alexander Dumiston.

127 " G. Crawford.

80 " P. Kenny.

2300 " T. King.

1455 " D. Cameron.

2304 " R. Brown.

299 " William Smith.

2156 " James Pollock.

1483 " Alexander Patterson.

2049 " William Bodel.

2354 " William Simon.

2051 " John Hyslop.

1st Battalion Royal Highlanders.
1294 Sergeant-Major John McNeil.

1434 Private Alexander Michie.

2485 " George Robertson.

1454 " Alexander Smith.

1629 Lance-Corporal James Bannigan.

300 Private Robert Stevenson.

1662 " John Hargreaves.

1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders.
956 Lance-Sergeant P. Fitzgerald.

49 Lance-Corporal W. Munro.

554 Private W. Wilson.

1638 " T. Smith.

2047 " G. Welsford.

2nd Battalion Highland Light Infantry.
1532 Private A. Amer.

2357 " W. Johnston.

2786 " W. McLean.

364 " J. Montgomery.

647 " S. Sheen.

1812 Colour-Sergeant A. Stewart.

1561 Private C. Crawley.

2481 " J. Porteous.

2783 Lance-Sergeant J. McAlister

527 Private A. Whitehouse.

82 Sergeant W. Dempster.

2801 Sergeant J. Scott.

344 Private J. Allen.

1419 " A. Fraser.

1st Seaforth Highlanders.
1881 Private C. Higgs.

13th Bengal Lancers.

Daffadar Purtab Singh.

List of Non-Commissioned Officers and Men Wounded in the action at Tel-el-Kebir on the 13th September, 1882.

- 2nd Battalion Grenadier Guards.
 Corporal — Shepherd, severely.
 5969 Private P. Birtles, severely.
 6987 " S. Smith.
 3994 " T. Winnett, severely.
 7101 " M. Kearns, severely.
 6771 " J. Welsh, slightly.
 " W. Collett, very slightly.
 Corporal — Churchouse, slightly.
 3167 Private H. Parker, slightly.
- 2nd Battalion Coldstream Guards.
 3797 Private J. Canning, severely.
 Armourer-Sergeant — Snelling, slightly.
 4291 Private C. Cochran, slightly.
 2820 " A. Barrett, severely.
 4460 " G. Savin, slightly.
 4037 Corporal C. Smith, dangerously.
 Private — Hatchett, slightly.
- 1st Battalion Scots Guards.
 5045 Corporal W. Webster, slightly.
 Private — Gaw, slightly.
 Corporal — Geddes, slightly.
 3655 Private J. Proctor.
- 2nd Battalion Royal Irish Regiment.
 2148 Colour-Sergeant W. J. Savage, severely.
 2082 Sergeant Michael Darmody, severely.
 1489 Private Patrick Ryan, severely.
 2384 " Cornelius Looby, dangerously.
 2255 " Patrick Stars, mortally.
 337 " Patrick Malone, severely.
 118 " John Woodall, dangerously (since dead).
 2330 " John Shea, severely.
 395 " Peter Connolly, severely.
 1875 " John Sexton, dangerously.
 991 " Patrick Maher, severely.
 933 " Patrick Neill, severely.
 375 " Henry Lines, severely.
 97 " Michael Fleming, severely.
 489 " Joseph Cannon, slightly.
 542 " J. Golding, slightly.
 2209 " P. Gough, severely.
 A. Guy, severely.
- Royal Marine Light Infantry.
 1 co. Sergeant George Moore, slightly.
 5 " Private James Rogers, slightly.
 1 " " John Thirkiet.
 1 " " Charles Smith.
 1 " " Benjamin Parker.
 9 " " J. Armstrong.
 5 " " Samuel House, slightly.
 25 " " Henry Medley, slightly.
 33 " " A. J. Baxter.
 20 " " David Williams.
 20 " " John Gee, slightly.
 2 " " Thomas Skeen, slightly.
 22 " " Ernest Lloyd.
 2 " " James Godfrey, slightly.
 27 " " C. F. Bathe (since dead).
 12 " " J. S. Granger, slightly.
 31 " " Alfred Roberts.
 19 " " Daniel Buckley.
 15 " " John Heathwaite, slightly.
 12 " " Joseph Warren.
 28 " " Charles Salvage.
 37 " " H. G. Rutler.
 29 " " John Webster, slightly.
 16 " " George Day.
 33 " " William Power.
 13 " " Martin Burke, slightly.
 41 " " E. A. Richards.
 2 " " William Wilson (since dead).

- 22 co. Private Robert Murray (since dead).
 21 " " Lewis Nicholson, slightly.
 17 " Bugler F. A. Gunn.
 17 " Private Henry Beldham (since dead).
 25 " " George Wright, severely.
 40 " " E. J. Jordan, slightly.
 34 " " Edward Wilkins, slightly.
 34 " " Henry Hutton, slightly.
 38 " " Solomon Wragg, slightly.
 38 " " Thomas Harrison, slightly.
 38 " " David Burbidge.
 42 " " John Kithow.
 44 " " William Kennedy, slightly.
 2 " " Michael Burke.
 6 " " Thomas Lee, slightly.
 8 " " William Seine, slightly.
 10 " " John Cullen, slightly.
 10 " " Joseph Heap, slightly.
 18 " " Jonathan Hawes, slightly.
 22 " " Peter McCarthy.
 30 " " John Burrows, severely.
 30 " Bugler George W. Challenger, slightly.
 14 " Sergeant J. McKenzie, seriously.
 Private W. Jenkins, dangerously.

2nd Battalion York and Lancaster Regiment.

- 1920 Private R. Spinks.
 2378 " G. Wilson, slightly.
 2301 " M. Skelly, severely.
 2147 " A. Vaughan, slightly.
 210 " J. Ball, slightly.
 472 Colour-Sergeant T. Flynn, slightly.
 389 Private W. Grantham, seriously.
 1762 " T. Brown, slightly.
 2055 " L. Narey, slightly.
 2510 " J. Feeny, slightly.
 865 " J. Sharpe, slightly.
 168 " — Howe, slightly.

1st Battalion Royal Irish Fusiliers.

- 2563 Private W. Cox, slightly.
 2550 " M. Brady, severely.
 2260 " P. Brady, dangerously.
 3 Sergeant J. G. Brown, slightly.
 634 Private J. Murphy, severely.
 A.R. " P. Keany, slightly.
 386 " W. King, slightly.
 A.R. Sergeant P. J. McGrath, severely.
 1663 " J. Johnston, slightly.
 2589 Lance-Corporal F. Byrne, slightly.
 Private M. Connors.
 571 " J. Mahoney, severely.
 " T. Langan.
 A.R. " T. Loughran, severely.
 " P. Conway, severely.
 2591 " G. Reynolds, dangerously.
 Sergeant J. M. Doyle.
 9 Private P. Byrne, slightly.
 " W. Reily.
 A.R. " J. Tyrell, severely.
 1401 Corporal J. C. Foley, slightly.
 2696 Private T. Fahey, slightly.
 38 " J. Fitzgerald, slightly.
 1104 " J. Ingram, slightly.
 " J. Stewart.
 48 " J. Kelly, slightly.
 251 " E. Ryan, slightly.
 A.R. " J. Chambers, severely.
 1351 " J. Head, slightly.
 70 " J. Keating, slightly.
 2402 Corporal J. O'Brien, slightly.
 " J. Cavanagh, slightly.
 " J. McAdary.
 2386 " T. Butler.
 " J. Anderson.
 " T. Crompton.
 6084 Lance-Corporal J. Cendly, slightly.

2nd Battalion Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry.		179 Private C. McDonald, slightly.
48	Sergeant F. Pearce.	287 " W. McDonald.
118	Bandsman W. Robinson, severely.	1581 " W. Reid.
	Corporal W. Clarke	555 " W. Wood.
	Private H. Gilroy.	428 " H. Hodges, dangerously.
	" M. O'Shea.	200 " H. Money, slightly.
	A 1 Royal Artillery.	1294 " J. Gallagher, slightly.
13705	Gunner B. Dowman, severely.	1558 " F. C. Anderson.
32187	" W. Watson, slightly.	1928 " T. Bartlett.
13779	Driver J. Taggart, severely.	577 " J. McGrath.
	" T. Joyce, slightly.	1477 " J. Marrett, slightly.
	" J. Cresswell, slightly.	1475 " J. Wallace, seriously.
	" W. White, slightly.	1941 " J. Vincent.
	D 1 Royal Artillery.	95 " J. McGill, slightly.
8813	Driver W. Kelsey, slightly.	560 Sergeant H. Tattersall, missing.
4135	Gunner D. Beel, slightly.	264 Private W. Baker, missing.
	" G. Flatt, slightly.	402 " W. Matchett, missing.
	Sergeant A. Cook, slightly.	2087 " W. Martin, missing.
	1st Battalion Royal Highlanders.	1st Battalion Cameron Highlanders.
1806	Sergeant Peter Walker, dangerously.	550 Private J. Rogers, slightly.
1808	Private John Arthur.	2125 Sergeant D. Gunn.
1196	" Hope Duff.	1873 Corporal J. McKay, severely.
16	" Matthew Russell.	1536 Private D. Bell, severely.
1449	Lance-Corporal Alexander Smith, slightly.	2247 " W. Chapman.
165	Private Peter Steel.	124 " C. Drummond, slightly.
688	" William Walker, slightly.	1461 " A. Murray, dangerously.
1089	" Henry Young, dangerously.	455 " James Chassels.
172	" Donald Cameron.	2099 Corporal W. Cattanach.
2628	Corporal John Falconer, slightly.	2299 Private D. Alexander, slightly.
1111	Private James Meek, slightly.	2192 " J. Duff, slightly.
2716	" Donald McGeech.	908 " William McKenzie, severely.
675	" William Inkson.	2266 " J. C. Smith, severely.
1192	" James Cunningham, severely.	2343 " James Walker.
2466	" John Hollingham, slightly.	2062 Lance Corporal F. Sillie.
1661	Sergeant William Campbell.	302 Private M. White.
194	Private Hugh Dow.	1406 " James Hart.
1494	" John Kenny.	1261 " T. Bottomley.
238	" Ephraim Holdsworth.	83 " M. Burns, slightly.
263	" John Boardman, severely.	1448 Lance-Corporal J. Cumming, severely.
1416	Lance-Corporal James McIntosh.	84 Private W. Cockerroft.
1724	Drum-Major William Clark.	2197 " D. Nelson.
1685	Colour-Sergeant James McDonald, severely.	215 " A. Telford.
2641	Private Alfred Payne.	1912 Colour-Sergeant F. Chapman.
2683	" William Borland.	1378 Sergeant A. McKenzie, severely.
198	Lance-Corporal John Johnston.	1472 Private T. McRae.
417	Private John Wassell, severely.	901 " J. Page, severely.
1244	" James Wilson.	1500 " J. McAlister, dangerously.
68	" Martin Dempsey.	1055 " T. Brown.
2668	Peter Bell, slightly.	1026 " R. Spers, severely.
1247	" George Bedson.	2175 " J. Dick, slightly.
697	" Archibald McLucas.	1439 " W. Wilson.
1103	" George Turnbull.	1565 " D. Murray.
114	" Peter Cairns, slightly.	2338 " H. Head, slightly.
1688	" Thomas Clack, seriously.	1439 " W. Woolson, slightly.
2699	" James Constable, severely.	1424 " Archibald McAlister.
1528	" Frank McEwen, slightly.	1662 " W. Witherspoon.
1111	" Charles Fryer, wounded.	108 " Luke Young.
224	" William J. Simpson, missing.	292 " P. Kynoch.
768	" Michael Murphy, missing.	68 " George Quinty.
792	" Thomas M. Clark, missing.	426 " John Sheppard.
	1st Battalion Gordon Highlanders.	146 " Robert Roberson, slightly.
1340	Sergeant W. Marsh.	909 " Kennedy H. Hewitt.
2012	Corporal J. Costolo, slightly.	446 " John McKale, slightly.
266	Corporal M. Ryan.	376 " Thomas Meers.
13	Drummer C. McIntosh, slightly.	3rd Battalion King's Royal Rifles.
1902	Lance-Corporal J. Durrant, severely.	Private J. Moore.
1835	" J. Thompson.	2299 " J. Dowling, slightly.
1321	" J. H. Willis, severely.	421 Sergeant W. Bell, slightly.
81	Private J. Melvin, dangerously.	3586 Private J. Holden, slightly.
1883	" J. Warren, slightly.	2269 " G. Cooper, dangerously.
1813	" E. Hedger, severely.	" Hawkins.
571	" M. Hinksman, dangerously.	" Dalton.
531	" M. Johnson.	" Nunn.
331	" J. Smith, seriously.	1493 " M. Hurley, slightly.
519	" M. Connor.	" Coleman.
1714	" S. Lyon.	" Grey.

4194 Private E. Garrett, slightly.
 " Spearing.
 " Fidler.
 " Palmer.
 3455 " T. Harwood, seriously.
 " Mansbridge.
 " Wells.
 3826 " J. Stockhill, dangerously.
 " Riley.

I | 2 Royal Artillery.
 13515 Sergeant W. T. Barrett, severely.
 12250 " McCartney, dangerously.
 Corporal Cormack, slightly.
 Driver Hurley, slightly.

N | 2 Royal Artillery.
 10065 Driver J. Madigan, slightly.
 12831 Gunner B. Cowell, severely.

2nd Battalion Highland Light Infantry.
 2693 Corporal W. Buchan, severely.
 610 Private J. Hayes, dangerously.
 1418 " R. Laing, slightly.
 1802 " W. Livingstone, slightly.
 745 " E. McCahon.
 666 Corporal W. Ward, dangerously.
 2552 Private J. Dixon, slightly.
 101 " J. Roche, severely.
 858 Sergeant S. Davis, slightly.
 293 Private W. McAtear, severely.
 2290 " J. Rees, severely.
 289 " W. Roome, severely.
 2530 " T. Sutherland.
 766 Sergeant J. McLaren, slightly.
 689 Private S. Hunt.
 621 " F. Rodgers.
 166 " T. Geraghty, slightly.
 223 " J. McDermott.
 1734 " C. Kerrigan.
 756 " T. Campbell.
 1089 Drummerr P. Rennie.
 431 Private W. Makin.
 2216 " J. Stapleton, severely.
 411 " R. Jarvis, slightly.
 563 " J. Linbow.
 2223 " P. Braslin, slightly.
 512 " M. Finnegan, slightly.
 201 Sergeant H. Spiers.
 811 Private T. Williamson, severely.
 656 " W. Cramner, severely.
 381 " E. Moran.
 564 Corporal J. Kellie.
 2714 Private W. Ambrose.
 304 " J. Dogherty.
 1139 " J. Ross.
 206 " J. Jordon.
 Lance-Corporal A. Livingston.
 1837 Private W. Thompson.
 1703 Sergeant H. Cousins, slightly.

83 Private J. Moodie, slightly.
 1419 " A. Fraser, dangerously.
 527 " A. Whitehouse, dangerously.
 2269 Lance-Corporal R. England, missing.
 2580 Private W. Baird, severely.
 658 " H. Craney, severely.
 291 " G. Duncan, slightly.
 104 " E. Ellis, seriously.
 2313 " W. Kelman, slightly.
 229 " J. Morrison, missing.
 8 " W. Taylor, missing.
 480 " J. Tweedie, missing.
 263 " J. Stapleton, missing.
 1313 " J. Lockwood, slightly.
 1611 Corporal T. McMillen, severely.
 2633 Private H. Malloy, missing.
 625 " R. Kennedy, missing.
 482 " D. Martin, missing.
 839 " J. Metcalf, missing.
 2691 " J. Porter, severely.
 162 " G. Wallace, slightly.
 2558 " M. Manning, missing.
 2322 " W. O'Neil, missing.
 70 Corporal J. Hill, slightly.

1st Seaforth Highlanders.
 1415 Colour-Sergeant W. McDonald, severely.
 1216 Corporal D. Ross, slightly.
 1068 Private A. Grant, dangerously.

2nd Belochees.
 Private Pir-Bux.
 " Rabob Sheh.
 " Hern Singh, slightly.
 7th Bengal Native Infantry.
 Private Mohomund Kassain.

FOLLOWERS.
 Khabassie.
 Lew Rain.
 2nd Bengal Cavalry.
 Jemedas Phunnee Khan.
 Sowar Hirnam Singh.
 13th Bengal Lancers.
 Sowar Bela Singh.
 " Bolaka Chund.
 C-3 Royal Artillery.
 Gunner Britain, severely.

THE following Telegram has been received from the General Officer Commanding in Egypt by the Secretary of State for War :-

Cairo, October 6, 1882.
 No. 527 Private Adam Whitehouse and No. 1419 Private Alexander Fraser, Highland Light Infantry, reported killed at Tel-el-Kebir, have since been discovered as only wounded, and are in ship "Courland," on way to England.

