

9. The places hereinafter mentioned are the preserves staked and marked by the Conservators for the preservation of the Fishery, and no person shall take up or remove any stake, burr, boat, punt, or any other thing placed for the purpose of impeding fishing, or wilfully disturb the said preserves or spawning beds in any way, and no person shall fish or attempt to take fish in any of the said places, except by angling with rod and line:—

Richmond.—From Richmond Bridge to the Duke of Buccleuch's grounds—a distance of 700 yards in length, or thereabouts.

Twickenham.—From the Upper end of the Lawn at Pope's Villa to the Island, being 400 yards in length.

Kingston.—From Mr. Park's lawn at Teddington through the backwater (the Crowlock) up to the Lower Malthouse at Hampton Wick, being 1,960 yards in length.

Thames Ditton.—From Lord Henry Fitzgerald's—Eastward, 512 yards in length.

Hampton.—From Mousley Lock to Garrick's Lawn, Hampton, being 1,514 yards in length, or thereabouts.

Sunbury.—From Sunbury Weir—688 yards in length, to the Eastward.

Walton.—Walton Sale—250 yards in length.

Shepperton.—Upper Deep—240 yards Eastward of Creek rails.

Lower Deep—200 yards Eastward of the Public Drain.

Weybridge.—From Shepperton Lock round the course of the River to the Weir—830 yards in length.

Chertsey.—From the Weir at to 80 yards below the Bridge, being 445 yards in length.

Penton Hook.—From the Weir at round the Island and up to the Lock at Penton Hook, being 1,150 yards in length.

Staines.—From the City Stone to a point 210 yards below the Road bridge at Staines.

10.—No person shall do the following things, that is to say:—

- (a.) Fish with, use, trawl, lay or set a prohibited net or engine, or apparatus.
- (b.) Have in his possession while on the river or on the shore thereof, a prohibited net or engine unless he shows to the satisfaction of the Justices before whom he is charged, that he had not the same in his possession with intent at the time of such possession to fish with, use, trawl, lay or set the same in the river.
- (c.) Fish for or take, or attempt to take any fish by using, baited or unbaited hooks, or wire or snare, or any other engine for the purpose of foul hooking commonly called snatching or snaring.
- (d.) Fish for or take, or attempt to take above Richmond Bridge any fish except in the day time, that is to say between the beginning of the last hour before sunrise, and the end of the first hour after sunset.
- (e.) Fish for or take, or attempt to take any fish within the fence season for the same.
- (f.) Buy, sell, or expose for sale or have in his possession any fish that has been caught or taken within the fence season for the same, in the River Thames.
- (g.) Take or attempt to take, or disturb any fish when spawning.
- (h.) Take, destroy, or spoil any spawn, fry or brood of fish or spat of oysters.
- (i.) Use doubled walled net or nets with false or double bottoms, with cod or pouse.
- (j.) Use eel spears commonly so called for the purpose of taking fish.
- (k.) Attach any net, engine or other device to

any anchor, or fix the same in any manner so as to cross any part of the River Thames.

- (l.) Lay night hooks or night lines of any description whatever, or any fixed hooks or lines by night or day.

11. On and after the 1st day of January, 1883, every person following the business of a fisherman on the River Thames, or who shall keep to be let for hire for fishing in the River Thames any boat, punt, or vessel, shall cause his name and place of abode to be duly registered in a book to be kept for that purpose by the Secretary to the Conservators of the River Thames, at their office in London, which is now situate at 41, Trinity-square, Tower-hill, and every such person shall pay one shilling for every registry of each boat, punt, or vessel, and on every registry the Secretary to the said Conservators shall deliver a number for each boat, punt, or vessel to such person, and such person shall cause to be painted and kept in legible characters of not less than two inches long and broad in proportion on the stern, and on each bow of each boat, punt, or vessel such number, together with his name and place of abode, so as to be plainly seen in the day-time, and if such person shall neglect to cause such boat, punt, or vessel to be duly registered, or such number, together with his name and place of abode to be painted and preserved in legible characters as aforesaid, or shall wilfully suffer the same to be altered or defaced, and if not renewed he shall be liable to a penalty for a breach of these bye-laws, and it shall not be lawful for any person following the business of a fisherman on the River Thames, and having a boat, punt, or vessel for that purpose, or who shall keep a boat or boats, punts or vessels, to be let for hire for fishing, to use or let for hire for fishing any boat, punt, or vessel without having the same registered and his name and place of abode legibly painted thereon as hereinafter mentioned.

12. No person shall put down in the River Thames, at the mouth of any creek, river, or backwater communicating with the River Thames, or running into the said river, or at any mill or sluice, any net or device whatever to stop, catch, or hinder the fish, or spawn, or fry of fish from coming into the said River Thames.

When a prohibited net, or engine, or other apparatus is seized under the provisions of the Acts in such case made or either of them, or these bye-laws, the same may be burnt or otherwise destroyed by the order of the justices before whom the same is brought without prejudice to the infliction of a penalty on, or other remedy against the person offending, or relating to the net, engine, or apparatus.

13. Nothing in these bye-laws shall prevent any person, provided he has the previous consent of the Conservators in writing under their common seal, from obtaining fish for the purposes of artificial propagation or scientific purposes, or from having in his possession Salmon Roe or Trout Roe for any of those purposes, or for taking or attempting to take Salmon or Trout when spawning, or near the spawning beds.

14. Nothing in these bye-laws, except the provisions relative to the fence season, shall take away, or abridge any right of the owner or occupier of a private fishery, or any person having authority in writing from any such owner or occupier to fish for, or to take or attempt to take fish and eels by means of nets commonly called cast nets and crayfish nets, or by grig or ground weels for eels, or by night lines, or by means of eel bucks or stages, so far only as such eel bucks or stages can be legally used.