

sideration of the matter, after notice of the business to be transacted thereat issued not less than four weeks before the proposed day of meeting; and it shall be lawful for a majority of the Fellows present at the meeting to present a petition to the Visitor, setting forth the circumstances of the case, and praying the Visitor to inquire into the truth of them, and the Visitor shall institute an inquiry accordingly.

(c.) If, on such inquiry, or on a petition presented by the Warden (as the case may be), it appears to the satisfaction of the Visitor that the Warden has become permanently incapable of performing his duties, the Visitor shall declare the Warden's office to be vacant, and shall assign to him such pension, not exceeding 750*l.* a year, as the Visitor may determine.

Any pension to be assigned to a Warden ceasing to hold office under this clause shall be provided for and paid as follows (namely), two-fifths thereof by a deduction from the stipend of his successor in the Wardenship, and the residue out of the corporate revenues of the College.

Deprivation of Warden.

8. If the Warden is guilty of any grave immorality, or misconduct in his office, or culpable neglect of his duties, or becomes bankrupt, or makes any statutory composition or arrangement with his creditors, he may be deprived of his office (without pension) by the Visitor, after due inquiry held on the petition of a majority of the Fellows present at a meeting specially called with notice of the business to be transacted thereat. The Sub-Warden, or in his absence the Senior Fellow in residence, shall, on the receipt of a requisition signed by not fewer than five Fellows, be bound to call such a meeting, giving not less than a fortnight's notice thereof.

STATUTE III.

The Fellows.

Number of Fellowships with Emoluments.

1. The number of Fellowships with emoluments shall not be less than nineteen, and it may, when and as the revenues of the College permit, be raised by the College to a greater number not exceeding twenty-six.

Emolument of Fellowship.

2. Subject to the qualifications hereinafter mentioned, there shall be attached to each Fellowship a fixed annual stipend of 200*l.*, clear of income tax, payable out of the corporate revenues of the College.

Tenure of Fellowships.

3. Subject to the provisions of these Statutes respecting the vacating of Fellowships in certain cases, and except Fellowships held by Professors *ex officio* under clause 11 of this Statute, every Fellowship shall be tenable for a period of seven years from the date of election or re-election, as the case may be.

Right of Election to Fellowships.

4. The election of Fellows shall be vested in the Warden and such of the Fellows present at the time of the election as have completed two years from the day of their admission as actual Fellows.

Precedence of Fellows.

5. Every Fellow shall have precedence in the College according to the priority of his original election or appointment.

Fellowships after Examination.

6. (a.) The election to a Fellowship after examination shall take place on a stated day in each year to be appointed by the College (subject to the provision for postponement hereinafter

contained), and notice of every election, of the number of vacancies to be filled, and of the conditions of election, shall be given by the Warden, in such manner as he may deem best adapted to ensure publicity, at least thirty days before the day of election.

(b.) Not less than one such Fellowship shall, if and as far as practicable, be filled up in each year, but the College shall not be required to elect to more than two such Fellowships in any one year.

Qualifications.

(c.) No person shall be eligible to such a Fellowship, unless he has passed all the examinations required by the University for the degree of Bachelor of Arts, or other first degree; nor shall any person be eligible who is in possession of any property or income, which if acquired after election would disqualify him from continuing a Fellow.

Examination.

(d.) The intellectual qualifications of each candidate shall be tested by an examination in such subjects connected with the studies of the University as the College may from time to time determine.

(e.) Provided that each of the subjects recognised as the subjects of a distinct school in the Second Public Examination for the degree of Bachelor of Arts shall once at least in every cycle of fourteen elections be specially recognised in the examination for a Fellowship.

(f.) The electors shall choose that candidate who being duly qualified appears to them after the examination to be of the greatest merit and most fit to be a Fellow of the College as a place of religion, learning, and education.

(g.) Provided that, if there is not any candidate for a vacant Fellowship whom the electors judge to be of sufficient merit for election, the election to fill the vacancy shall be postponed to a day to be fixed by the College not later than the next stated day of election.

Voting.

(h.) That candidate shall be deemed elected for whom the greatest number of electors present have voted; and if there is an equality of votes between two or more candidates, the Warden shall have an additional casting vote.

Probation.

(i.) Every person so elected shall remain a Probationer Fellow for one year from his election.

(j.) A Probationer Fellow may, if permitted by the Bylaws of the College in force for the time being, attend College Meetings, but he shall not be entitled to vote thereat, or to take any part in the government of the College, or in the administration of the College property. He shall be entitled during his year of probation to the same emoluments as if he had been admitted an actual Fellow.

(k.) On the expiration of his year of probation, a Probationer Fellow, if approved by the College, shall be admitted an Actual Fellow.

Property Disqualification.

6. Every Fellow elected under the foregoing clauses who shall—

(a.) become entitled in possession, either by descent or devolution, or by virtue of any testamentary or other gift or settlement, for his life or for any greater estate, to property, real or personal, or to any Government pension; or

(b.) be instituted to any ecclesiastical benefice, with or without cure of souls, or admitted to any office tenable for life or during good behaviour (not being a Professorship or Public