And whereas the said Conservators have, in exercise of the powers conferred upon them by the said recited Acts, made and submitted for the allowance of Her Majesty in Council certain rules and Bye-laws for the regulation, management, and improvement of the navigation of the River Thames, and amongst others certain Bye-laws which have been allowed by Orders in Council, dated respectively the fifth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, the twentieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, the seventeenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven; and the eleventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven:

And whereas it has been deemed expedient by the said Conservators to repeal in part the said last-mentioned Bye-laws, and to make new Byelaws in lieu of the portions so repealed, in the manner set forth in the schedule hereunto annexed:

And whereas the said new Bye-laws have been duly published in accordance with the said recited Acts: and it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the said new Bye-laws are reasonable

and proper.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers vested in Her by "The Thames Conservancy Act, 1864," and of every other power enabling Her in that behalf, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to allow the said new Bye-laws, and to direct that the same shall come into force from and after the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

C. L. Peel.

SCHEDULE referred to in the above Order.

Bye-laws numbered 28, 29, with sub-sections (a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j), and 32, with sub-sections (a) (b) (c) (d), 33, 34, 35, with sub-sections (a) and (b), and 46 allowed by Order of Her Majesty in Council on the 5th February, 1872, and the Bye-law so allowed on the 20th November, 1873, and Bye-laws numbered 1, 4, 5, so allowed on the 17th March, 1875, and Bye-law No. 5, so allowed on the 11th July, 1877, shall after these present Bye-laws have been allowed by Order of Her Majesty in Council be, and the same are hereby repealed.

The word "vessel" shall mean any ship, lighter, barge, boat, wherry, punt, canoe, and any kind of craft whatever, whether navigated by steam or

otherwise.

The word "river" shall mean that part of the River Thames which is within the jurisdiction of the Conservators between Cricklade, in the county of Wilts, and Yantlet Creek, in the county of Kent.

1. In obeying and construing the following rules, due regard shall be had to all dangers of navigation, and to any special circumstances which may render a departure from the rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

2. Nothing in the following rules shall exonerate any vessel, or the owner or master or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

## . Bye-law for the Regulation of the Navigation of the River.

3. Every steam vessel navigating the river shall be navigated with care and caution, and at a speed and in a manner which shall not endanger

the safety of other vessels or moorings, or cause damage thereto, or to the banks of the river. Special care and caution shall be used in navigating such steam vessel when passing vessels employed in dredging or removing sunken vessels or other obstructions.

If the safety of any vessel or moorings is endangered or damage is caused thereto or to the banks of the river by a passing steam vessel, the onus shall lie upon the owner of such steam vessel to show that she was navigated with care and caution, at such speed and in such manner as directed by this rule.

Bye-laws and Rules for the Regulation of the Navigation of the River between Yantlet Creek and Teddington Lock.

## Rules concerning Lights.

4. The lights mentioned in the following Rules, numbered 5 to 10 and no others, shall be carried in all weathers, from sunset to sunrise.

5. A steam vessel when under way shall carry:

(a.) On or before the foremast, or if there be no foremast, on a staff at the forepart of the vessel at a height above the hull of not less than 20 feet, and if the breadth of the vessel exceeds 20 feet, then at a height above the hull not less than such breadth, a bright white light, so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 20 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light 10 points on each side of the vessel, viz., from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles. Provided that steam vessels which navigate both above and below London Bridge, shall not be required to carry their lights at a greater height than 12 feet above the hull.

Steam vessels navigating only above London Bridge, may carry the white light at any con-

venient height above the stem.

(b.) On the starboard side, a green light so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two. points abaft the beam on the starboard side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least one mile;

(c.) On the port side, a red light, so constructed as to show a uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on the port side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at

least one mile.

(d.) The said green and red side lights shall be fitted in such a manner as to prevent these lights

from being seen across the bow.

(e.) A steam vessel, when towing another vessel shall, in addition to her side lights, carry two bright white lights in a vertical line one over the other, not less than four feet apart. Each of these lights shall be of the same construction and character, and shall be carried in the same position as the white light which other steam vessels are required to carry.

(f.) A steam vessel towing may also carry a light showing astern as a guiding light to the vessel or vessels towed, but this light must be so screened as not to be visible further forward

than four points abaft her beam.

6. A sailing vessel under way, or being towed, shall only carry the side lights provided by (b) and (c) of Rule 5 for a steam vessel under way.