

The London Gazette.

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THEIR MAJESTIES

DECLARATION

For Encouragement of Officers, Seamen and Mariners Employed in the present Service.

WILLIAM R.

THeir Majesties out of Their Princely Care and Wisdom, with great Tenderness and Regard, having taken into Consideration the Condition of their Seafaring Subjects, as well Officers as Seamen and Mariners, and with intent and purpose that their Resolution and Firmness, Valour and Faithfulness in the present Service, necessarily undertaken for the Honour and Defence of Their Majesties Dominions, the Support of the Protestant Religion, and Security of the Commerce and Trade of Their Subjects may be duly Rewarded and Encouraged, By and with the Advice of Their Council, have thought fit to Publish and Declare,

That all Captains, Seamen and others that do or shall Serve in any of Their Majesties own or Merchant Ships Employed in Their Service, shall (for time to come in lieu of all Prizes) Have and Receive from Their Majesties for every Ship or Prize they shall Lawfully take, whether Merchant Men, or Men of War, Laden or Light, the Sum of Ten shillings for every Tun the said Ship shall measure, according to the ordinary Rule of Shipwrights-Hall, and Six pounds thirteen shillings and four pence for every Piece of Ordnance, whether Iron, or Brass, the same to be paid by the Collector for Prize Goods within Ten days after the payment of the Ships (in case Adjudication be made of the Ship in the Admiralty Court) to be shared and divided amongst them proportionably, according to the respective Places and Offices in the Ship in which they Serv'd, and according to the Custom of the Seas in that case.

And further, That it be Lawful for all Captains, Seamen, and others, serving as aforesaid, to take and have to themselves as Pillage, without further or other account to be given for the same, All such Goods and Merchandizes as shall be found by them, or any of them, in any Ship (they shall take in fight as Prize) upon or above the Gun-Deck of the said Ship, and not otherwise: And for every Man of War sunk or destroyed by Firing or otherwise, to have Ten pounds a Gun only, to be divided as aforesaid, to be paid by the Commissioners for Prize Goods, within ten days after the payment of the Ship as aforesaid, upon Certificate of the Matter of Fact stated by the Council of War.

That in paying the Wages of all Seamen and Mariners, that now do, or hereafter shall Serve on Board any of Their Majesties Ships, the following Method and Regulation shall be observed;

That all Seamen and Mariners that on the First of November next shall have been in Their Majesties Service Six Months, shall by themselves or Assigns receive full Two Months pay; and in like manner those that on the First of May next shall have been in the Service Six Months, shall receive other Two Months pay, and so (till their Ships be paid off) shall continue to receive Two Months pay, after having Served Six Months from the aforesaid days of payment; For which Pay or Pays for Two Months from time to time, as aforesaid, Tickets shall be given gratis under the Hands of the Commander, and other Officers usually appointed in Signing them, and Letters of Attorney shall be also Attested under the Hands of the aforesaid Signing Officers gratis, in such manner as shall be thought to conduce most to the Benefit, Support, and Ease hereby intended to Seamen in general and their Families, of whom Care shall be taken that these Payments be made accordingly.

And all Commanders are hereby strictly Charged and Required not to Discharge any Seaman from Their Majesties Ships, without giving the Person so Discharged the usual Ticket for the time of his Service.

That Care shall be taken for defraying the Charges of Sick and Wounded Men, and for the Relief of Widows, Children and Impotent Parents of such as shall be slain in the Service at Sea; And for Medals, or other Rewards to such Officers and Seamen of the Fleet, as shall be found to have done any Eminent or Extraordinary Service: And that for Supplying of necessary Provisions for Sick and Wounded Men on Board, there shall be allowed by his Majesty Five pounds for Six Months Service for every Hundred Men.

That upon the Discharge of Sick and Wounded Men from the Ships in Their Majesties Service, Care shall be taken for the payment of their Tickets and Conduct Money.

That Directions shall be given to all Mayors, Bailiffs, or other Magistrates in any Port Towns to take Care for all necessary Accommodations at the charge of Their Majesties, for the Relief and Cure of such Sick and Wounded Men as shall be sent on shore.

That the Majesty of Our Hospitals in England, employed for the Cure of Wounded and Sick People, be reserved during the time of War at Sea, for such as shall be Wounded in the Service of the Navy, as they shall become void from and after the First day of June next, 1689.

Given at Our Court at Hampton-Court this Twenty third day of May, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

Venice, May 20. The Duke de Guadagne, General of the Land Forces of this State, with several other General Officers and Persons of Quality, who intend to pass this Campaign in the Venetian Army, parted from hence the 17th Instant with a great Convoy for the Levant. We hear the Turks continue to work on the Fortifications of Negrepont with extraordinary diligence.

Vienna, May 20. Their Imperial Majesties continue still at Luxemburg. There is a discourse of their taking a Journey to Pragva; and from thence into the Empire as far as Francfort. General Caprara, and General Dunewalt, parted from hence this week, the first being to Command under the Elector of Bavaria, and the other under the Duke of Lorraine. The Envoy at this Court from the Czars of Moscow, has received advice, That the Moscovites, to the number of 200000 Men, were marching towards the Frontiers of the Crinè, which had put the Tartars into a great confusion, and had obliged the Cham to send his principal Forces, under the Command of Sultan Nuradin, and Sultan Galga, to oppose them, he remaining with the rest about Budzwich, in no condition to send any Succors to the Turks. We have advice from Belgrade, That the Turks do assemble about Nissa; and that the Serafquier and Tekeley advancing with a good Body of Troops, had attacked the Castle of Csapoua, to open a passage to Temeswaer, but that after having made several assaults upon the place, which was defended only by Rascians, they were repulsed and forced to retire; and that Tekeley was wounded, and carried to Widin.

Vienna, May 26. It is confirmed by the last Letters from the Frontiers, that the Turks were drawing their Forces together at Nissa; and that the Grand Vicer was expected there with the Troops that had their Rendezvous at Adrianople. Whereupon Orders have been sent to the Imperial Regiments to hasten their march towards Belgrad; and Prince Louis of Baden will part from hence to morrow, to Command them. This day arrived here an Express from Munich with the welcome news of the Electors of Bavaria's being brought to Bed of a Prince. The Turkish Envoys will be kept at Raab till the Campaign is over.

Strasburg, May 19. The Suisse Cantons persist in the resolution they have taken to observe a Neutrality; and fortify the Passage of Augst, which is to be guarded by 3000 men. The Duke de Duras is gone towards the Palatinate, intending to form a small Camp between Creutznac and Mentz, while the main of his Army encamps between the last of these places and Philippsburg, to observe the Imperialists. And the Marquis de Chasfeuil is to command another Body between Colmar, and Humingen.

Francfort, May 26. The Troops of Hesse, which were quartered in this City, marched the 23d Instant with a fine Train of Artillery, to Encamp between Hœheim and Riedheim. Several Imperial Regiments are arrived in this Neighbourhood in their march towards the Rhine. A great many French Deserters are come hither from Mentz.

Francfort, June 2. The Duke of Lorraine arrived here privately the 28th past in the Evening; which our Magistrates had no sooner notice of, but they gave Orders for the saluting his Highness with a discharge of 24 Pieces of Cannon, and sent some of their Body to Compliment him. The 29th his Highness went to Hœheim, about a German mile from Mentz on this side the Rhine, and having the next day viewed the Imperial and Confederate Troops that were posted thereabouts, he put himself at the head of a Body of Horse to observe the place,

and went to near, that two Horsemen were killed with a Cannon shot not far from him. The 24th his Highness advanced his Quarter between *Vishaden* and *Mosbach*; The Troops of *Hesse* enlarged theirs from *Hachem* to the *Rhine*; And the Troops of *Wolfsbuttel* marched to *Wishaden*. The 1st Instant the Imperial Artillery was expected by Water at *Coffheim*, with four Imperial Regiments; The same day towards Evening his Highness, having appointed the several Quarters for the Troops in order to the attacking of *Mentz* and *Cassel*, returned hither to confer with the Elector of *Saxony*, who is hourly expected.

Cologne, June 3. The French not satisfied with the Execrable Barbarities they had before committed in the *Palatinate*, &c. have now lately reduced to ashes the Cities of *Spire*, *Wormes*, and *Oppenheim*, there not being left in these famous Places one House standing. A Party of the Garrison of *Bon* being sent to burn the Village of *Hanff*, the Country People fell upon them, and killed 60, and took several Prisoners. *Keiserwaert* holds out still.

Hamburg, May 30. We are expecting with some impatience the King of *Denmark's* final Answer to the Duke of *Holftein's* last Proposals; The 10th of the next Month is the utmost time limited for it; and the *Steur Fuchs*, the *Brandenbourg* Minister, is gone purposely to *Copenhagen* to persuade the taking of such Resolutions as may preserve the Peace of these parts. They write from *Warsaw*, That the King of *Poland* intended to take a Journey towards *Prussia*.

Brussels, June 1. The French about 20000 strong are Encamped betwixt *Mabeuge* and *la Bassiere*; and the *Marschal d'Humieres* has his Quarters at *Villers* near the Camp; Upon which the Prince de *Vaudemont* has drawn all the Spanish Horse and Dragons near *Mons*, to prevent their Incursions that way, Our Troops have defeated several French Parties. The Elector of *Bavaria* intended to part from *Munich* the 23d of the last Month; His Troops march towards *Philipsburg*.

Brussels, June 3. We have an account from *Spain*, That the Marriage of his Catholick Majesty with the Princess *Mary Anne* of *Neubourg*, Daughter of the Elector *Palatine*, was concluded and publicly declared at *Madrid* on the 16th of the last Month. The Dutch Forces, commanded by Prince *Waldeck*, are marching towards the Country of *Liege*, where is appointed their General Rendezvous. They will make an Army of above 40000 Men; 1500 Spanish Horse are to join them. Our Governor General has made a Treaty with the Bishop of *Munster* for 6000 Foot; which are to be here before the middle of the next Month; with these and the 5000 Dutch Foot, his Excellency will have an Army of 20000 Men. Monsieur *Cantelmo* is arrived from *Spain* with Bills of Exchange for a very considerable Supply. *Marschal d'Humieres* is Encamped near *Peyton*, where he expects Monsieur *Bouffiers* to join him. And the Prince de *Vaudemont* is posted with 5000 Horse between *Ninove* and *Grammond*.

Edenburgh, May 25. The Estates met yesterday, and having read a Letter from His Majesty, signifying, That at their desire His Majesty had resolved to turn them into a Parliament, and authorizing them to adjourn themselves to the 5th of *June* next, that all their Members being required to be then present, they may proceed to dispatch what Affairs do most conduce to the settlement of the Nation. The said Estates ordered a Letter of Thanks to be written to His Majesty for His Gracious Letter to them; and then in pursuance thereof Adjourned unto the 5th of *June*, requiring all the Members to be present, and attend that day. The Batteries continue to play upon the Castle, and do considerable Execution. The Viscount *Dumdee* skulks up and down in the *Highlands*, where his Party is so inconsiderable, and the Passages so beset that he will hardly avoid falling into the hands of the Troops that are in pursuit of him.

Chester, May 29. The Advices from *Ireland*, which come by several ways, do all agree that the Protestants at *Londonderry* defend themselves with the greatest bravery and resolution imaginable; and give an account of their having beaten five Irish Regiments of Foot from a post they had taken near the Town, with a great Slaughter of Officers and Soldiers, which, with the other Losses they had sustained, had obliged the Irish Army to withdraw to a greater distance from the Town, in expectation of fresh Supplies of Men and Artillery from *Dublin*. It is confidently reported, that the Protestants at *Balshannon* had entirely defeated a strong Detachment of Horse and Foot that was sent under the Command of Colonel *Sarsfield*, to seize upon a good quantity of Provisions which the Protestants had brought together near that place.

Plimouth, May 28. This day came in here Their Majesties Ships the *Adardant*, the *Tyger*, and the *Hampshire*, from the Eastward. The *Mary* of *London* is arrived in this Port from *Scanderone* with 16 Merchant Ships more from the *Streights* and other Parts.

Portsmouth, May 30. The 28th Instant Vice-Admiral *Almonde* arrived at *Spithead* with six Dutch Men of War, (5 whereof are of the 2 and 3 Rates) and a Fireship, whom they were joined by another Dutch Man of War of about 30 Guns. They sailed out of the *Truill* the 22th, having left the rest of the Fleet in a readiness to sail in two or three days.

Whitehall, May 30. This Afternoon the Heer *Van Engelenburg*, the Heer *Van Wijn*, the Heer *Van Odyck*, the Heer *Van Citters*, and the Heer *Van Dyckvelt*, Ambassadors Extraordinary from the States General of the *United Provinces*, had their Publick Audience of Their Majesties in the *Banqueting-House*; To which they were Conducted, from *Cleveland-House*, by the Earl of *Pembroke*, Sir *Charles Cottrel* Master of the Ceremonies, and six Gentlemen of His Majesties Privy Chamber, in the Kings Coaches, followed by their own, and a great number of other Coaches with six Horses a piece. At the Gate of *Whitehall* Sir *Edward Villers*, Knight Marshal, received their Excellencies, and conducted them to the Council Chamber. The Guards were drawn up in the Court, and the Officers saluted their Excellencies with their Pikes. From the Council Chamber they were accompanied by Sir *Thomas Duppa*, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, to the Stairs of the *Banqueting-House*; and led up by the Earl of *Manchester*, Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard; and at the Door of the *Banqueting-House* their Excellencies were received by the Lord Chamberlain of His Majesties Household, the Gentlemen Pensioners making a Lane to the Throne; And all other Ceremonies being observed that are usual at the Publick Audiences of Ambassadors from Crowned Heads.

Whitehall, June 1. His Majesty has been Graciously pleased to Create the Right Honourable *Arthur Herbert* Esq; Admiral of Their Majesties Fleet, Earl of *Torrington*, and Baron *Herbert* of *Torbay* in the County of *Devon*.

The Lords Commissioners appointed by His Majesty for Regulating the Army having visited several Regiments in pursuance of His Majesties Commission upon their way into the North, have agreed on this further Rout and Places their Lordships will pass through in their return, where they will see the Regiments following.

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| <i>Carlisle, June 13.</i> | } Colonel <i>Langston's</i> Regiment of Horse. |
| <i>Peroth,</i> | |
| <i>Kendal,</i> | } Colonel <i>Beaumont's</i> Regiment of Foot. |
| <i>Lancaster,</i> | |
| <i>Preston,</i> | } Part of Colonel <i>Leveson's</i> Regiment of Dragoons. |
| <i>Warrington,</i> | |
| <i>Chester,</i> | } Earl of <i>Meath's</i> Regiment of Foot. |
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Whereas three Silver Plates and two Spoons with the Kings Arms, a plain Fork, and divers parcels of Table-Linen, Pewter, and other Necessaries provided and used at the Entertainment of their Excellencies the Ambassadors of *Holland* on the 27th, 28th, 29th, and 30th of May past, have been taken away from and about *Cleveland-House*, and are yet concealed. All Persons are hereby required, who have knowledge of any of these Their Majesties Goods in their Custody, forthwith to bring them to *Whitehall*, and there give notice of the same at Their Majesties Board of Green Cloth, upon pain of being prosecuted according to Law; And if any Person or Persons shall there make discovery of any such Their Majesties Goods so unlawfully detained by any Person or Persons whatsoever, they shall be well Rewarded for the same.

Advertisements.

☞ This present Munday being the Third of this Instant *June*, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, will be sold by Auction at the Bear in *Ave Mary Lane* near *Ludgate*, the Lord *Maitland's* admirable Collection of Original Drawings and Prints by the most Eminent Masters of Europe, well conditioned and carefully preserved. Catalogues are delivered at the place of sale.

. A choice Collection of Physick Books, Antient and Modern, will be sold by Auction at *Sam's Coffee-house* in *Ave Mary Lane* near *Ludgate*, on Thursday the 6th Instant in the Afternoon. Catalogues are distributed gratis by Mr. *Nott* in the Pall Mall, Mr. *Hensman* in *Wellminster Hall*, Mr. *Bullford* in *St. Paul's Church-yard*, Mr. *Eddowes* at the *Royal Exchange* in *Cornhill*, *Book-sellers*, and at the place of Sale.

T Hese are to give notice, that the Office of Clerk of the Statutes, called *Statutes Merchant*, and of the *Seaple*, (established by Act of Parliament,) is removed from *Cliffords*. Inn, and is now executed in *Pump Court* in the Temple one pair of Stairs in the first Stair-Case from the Cloisters.

M Icheal *Cavendish* late Drum Major in my Lord *Lovelace's* Regiment of Foot, has deserted his Colour; he is aged about 40, wearing his own Hair, a slender Man, a little Meager Face, and fresh coloured, and wants a Tooth or two before. And *Edw. Veal*, a Serjeant in *Captain Greens* Company in the said Regiment, wearing a fair Perriwig, his own Hair reddish, pale Paced with Pockholes, pretty tall lilly Man, and about 40 years of age, has deserted his Colour, and suspected to be a Papist. Whogever gives notice of them to *Captain Green* at his House in *Green-Street* in *Soho*, or to the Head Quarters at *Oxford*, shall have a Guinea Reward for each Person.

W Hereas the Charge of the *Royal Bagin* in *Newgate* Street hath hitherto been 5 s. 6 d. the Proprietors have, for the Ease of all Gentlemen and Ladies, thought good to fall it to 4 s. which is the whole Charge of the House, not any thing more being due to Servants for Copping, Shaving, or any other Office performed by them. The days for Gentlemen are Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays; and Wednesdays and Saturdays for Ladies, in every Week.