

The London Gazette.

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Whitehall, April 11.

THIS Day the Coronation of Their Sacred Majesties King William and Queen Mary was performed at Westminster in manner following.

Her Majesties being come from Whitehall to Westminster, and the Nobility, &c. being put in Order by the Heraldes, they came down in State into Westminster-hall where the Swords and Spurrs were presented to them.

After which the Dean and Prebendaries of Westminster having brought the Crowns and other Regalia, presented them severally to Their Majesties; which with the Swords and Spurrs, were therupon delivered to the Lords appointed to carry them.

Then the Procession began in this manner. Drums and Trumpets; Six Clerks in Chancery, two a Breast (as all the rest of the Proceeding went;) Chaplains having Dignities, Aldermen of London; Masters in Chancery; Solicitor, and Attorney General; Gentlemen of the Privy Chamber; Judges Children of Westminster, and of the King's Chapel; Clerks of Westminster, and Gentlemen of the Chapel; Prebendaries of Westminster; Master of the Jewel-house, Privy Councillor, not Peers.

Two Pursuivants, Baronesses, Barons, Bishops; A Pursuivant, a Vicount, a Count; Two Heraldes, Commissaries, Earls; A Herald, a Marchioness; Two Heraldes, Duchesses, Dukes; Two Kings of Arms, The Lord Privy Seal, Lord President of the Council; Archishop of York; His Royal Highness Prince George of Denmark; Two Persons representing the Dukes of Aquitaine and Normandy.

Next, The Lords who bore Their Majesties' Regalia, viz. The Earl of Manchester St. Edward's Staff; and the Lord Grey of Ruthin the Spurrs; the Earl of Clare the Queen's Sceptre with the Crots, and the Earl of Northampton the Kings; the Earls of Shrewsbury, Derby, and Pembroke, the three Swords. Next, Garter King of Arms between the Usher of the Black Rod and the Lord Mayor of London; the Lord Great Chamberlain single; the Earl of Oxford with the Sword of State; between the Duke of Norfolk Earl Marshall, and the Duke of Ormond Lord High Constable for that Day; then the Earl of Bedford with the Queen's Sceptre of the Dove, and the Earl of Rutland with the King's; the Duke of Bolton with the Queen's Orb, and the Duke of Grafton with the King's; the Duke of Somerset with the Queen's Crown, and the Earl of Devonshire, Lord Steward of His Majesties Household, who was made Lord High Steward of England for that Day; with the King's; The Bishop of London with the Bible, between the Bishop of St. Asaph with the Paten, and the Bishop of Rochester with the Chalice.

Then the KING Supported by the Bishop of Winchester, and the QUEEN by the Bishop of Bristol, under a Canopy borne by Sixteen Barons of the Cirque Ports; His Majesties Train borne by the Master of the Robes, assisted by the Lord Bland, Lord Willoughby, Lord Lansdowne, and the Lord Dunblane; and Her Majesties Train by the Duchess of Mercier, assisted by the Lady Elizabeth Paulet, Lady Diana Vere, Lady Elizabeth Cavendish, and the Lady Henrietta Hyde. After the King, a Gentleman of the Bedchamber and two Guards of the Bedchamber; and after the Queen, a Lady of the Bedchamber, and two of Her Majesties Women.

Lastly the Captain of His Majesties Guard, between the Captain of the Train of the Guard and the Captain of the Band of Pipers; followed by the Officers and Bands of the Guard. The Serjeants-at-Arms going on each side of the Regalia, and the Gentlemen-Pensioners on each side of the Canopy.

Thus their Majesties in their Robes of Crimson Velvet, the

King with a Cap and the Queen a Circle on her Head, All the Nobility, &c. Crimson Velvet Robes with their Coronets in their hands, marched off of the Preceding in their proper Habits, mounted on foot upon their Chariot in Westminster Abbey; all the Way-side houses on each side being crowded with vast numbers of spectators expressing their great Satisfaction by loud repeated Acclamations.

Being entered the Church, and all duly Seated, the Bishop of London did perform this great Solemnity, begin with the Recognition, which ended with a mighty shout. Then Their Majesties Offered, and the Lords who bore the Regalia presented them at the Altar. The Litany was sung by two Bishops, and after the Epistles Gospel and Nicene Creed, the Bishop of Salisbury directed on this Text, H. Sam. XXII.

After Sermons, their Majesties took the Oath, and being seated in their Royal Chairs placed on the Theatre (that people might be more conspicuous to the Members of the House of Commons, who were seated in the North Crispe) were anointed and presented with the Spurrs and Sword, and invested with the Pall and Orb, and here unto the Rings and Sceptres; And as four of the Clock the Crowns were put upon Their Heads. At sight whereof the People shouted, the Drums and Trumpets sounded, the Great Guns were Discharged, and the Peals and Peccives rung on their Coronets.

Then the Bible was presented to Them, and after the Benediction Theyouchesed to kiss the Bishops. Being instruced, first the Bishops and then the Temporal Lords did their Homage, and kissed their Majesties left Cheeks; while the Treasurer of the Household threw away the Coronation Medals. Next, followed the Companions, and Their Majesties being made Their Second Obligation, Received the Holy sacrament. Then the Bishop read the final Prayers, and their Masses being returned into St. Edward's Chapel, and being now arrayed in Scarlet Robes, returned to Westminster-hall, bearing Their Rich Crowns of State, and the Nobility their Coronets.

The Nobility, &c. being seated at their respective Tables, which were all ready furnished before their coming in; The first Course (as their Majesties Table was served up with the proper Ceremony, being preceded by the great Officers and the High-Constable, High-Steward, and Earl-Marshal; And for the second Course Charles Dymoke Esq; Their Majesties Champion, between the High-Constable and the Earl-Marshal, performed the Challenge: After which the Herald proclaimed their Majesties Styles.

Dinner being end'd, and the whole Solemnity performed with great Splendor and Magnificence, about Eight in the Evening, Their Majesties returned to Whitehall.

Venice, April 3. On Wednesday last the Ambassador of Venice delivered to the Turkish Envoy the Demands of the Republike. The chief points are; That the Port shall yeild to the Republike the Island of Negropont, the Duchy of Athens, with all its Dependencies, and the Fortresses of Scutigine and Modone. That the Limits of the conquerred Countries be settled; and that the Turks pay the Republike 4000000 Duckets. The Ambassiator of Poland is expected here this week, and so soon as he has likewise given in the Proclamations of that Country, the said Envoy will be called upon for their final and positive Answer. They write from Pol-sia, That some Troops detached by General Puccolomini had surprized the Town of Lissa, which they burnt, and took a great many Prisoners, and released divers Christian Slaves. The Duke of Lorraine arrived here yesterday from Innspruck. The Archduchess, wife of the Electoral Prince Palatine, is very dangerously ill.

Bruyls, April 19. The French having drawn their Troops together from Dinant, Charlemont, and other Garrisons on that side, to the number of 5000 Men, with a design to surprize Huy, they marched thither in the Night, and攻占 the place the 14th instant at break of Day; but the Dutch Garrison that was there defended it so well, that after an Attack of four hours the French were obliged to retire with the loss of about 40 Men. The States of Liege have declared War against France, and have resolved to raise 4000 Foot and 1000 Dragoons, with which the Confederates will join the same number for their Defence. They have concluded the French Provisions and Ammunition, and have delivered part thereof to the Governor of Maerstroet. The Marechal d'Humieres is on his march with all the Forces he can draw together to ravage and destroy that Country. On the other side Prince Waldeck is marching to protect it, so that we may quickly hear of some Action. In the meantime we are told from France, That the great Preparation of the Confederates has put them into such a Confermentation, that the French King hath ordered the Ban and Arrierman to be raised, which is never done, but in cases of extremity. We hear likewise, That the French have broke down all the Bridges upon the Sambre, from Chatelet to Monbœuf, and so to Lanarey. And what Orders are given through all Luxembourg. That none of the Inhabitants within that Province shall keep more than three Months Provision for themselves and Families, and that they carry the rest within a present time to the City of Luxembourg, where ar 3 Months end, they are to be farther supplied. The French have given over working on the Fortifications of Ments, which makes it thought they intend to abandon that place. The Letters from Vienna of the 7th instant give an account of the Death of the Archduchess Maria Anna, Wife of the Electoral Prince Palatine of Neuburg; and that it was believed the Duke of Lorraine would command the Emperor's Forces against France.

Paris, April 20. Yesterday was published here a Declaration of War against the Crown of Spain. Orders have been sent to the Marechal d'Humieres, to repair with all diligence to Charleville, and there to assemble a Body of an Army, in order to the Execution of some Design against Lige, and four Lieutenant-Generals are to command under him. We hear from Rome, That the Pope continues to raise Money, and that he had given Orders for the fortifying of Civita Vecchia.

Edinburgh, April 6. The Committee for Setting the Government are busied in drawing up the Grievances, which are many, as also the Instrument of Government, of which they will make their Report to the House on Monday next, and on the Thursday following, the day of Their Majesties Coronation in England, it's believed Their Majesties will be Proclaimed King and Queen of Scotland. The Estates of the Kingdom having taken into Consideration the great Invasion that have been made of late Years upon the Privileges of the Royal Burghs, particularly those of Edinburgh, in the Election of their Magistrates by Recommendations and Nominations made by the late King in an Arbitrary and Despotic Way, contrary to the Laws and Liberties of the Kingdom; So that the present Magistrates and Council of the said Burgh are not their true Magistrates and Council by them freely elected: The said Estates have Authorized the Members of the Incorporation, to whom the said Liberties and Privileges were originally Granted, to make a new Election of Magistrates and Council, for which purpose the whole Burghes are to meet on the 10th instant. Major-General Murray hath raised 4 Batteries against the Castle of Edinburgh, and intend to storm it in few days. Several Letters from the North of Ireland give an Account of the defeat of the Irish Forces before Colloone. They had besieged that little Town, and surrounded the Protestants that are in it to defend it, which they remaine, the Irish made two furious Attacks, but were beaten back with great slaughter, insomuch that a third Assault being commanded to be made, the Soldiers durst not approach the breach, upon which the Protestants made a brisk Sally, and beat the Irish from several Palls, and returned Victorious to the Town, where they made by the Breach, and call'd up several Retrements, being resolved to defend themselves to the last Man.

Gibraltar, April 9. We hear by several Persons come from Ireland, that the Protestants at Colloone, in the North of that Kingdom, had raised a Sally upon the Irish Forces who besieged that place, and had put them to flight, putting them to flight Miles, and cutting off a great number of them, and taking several Wagons with Provisions.

Whitehall, April 10. The Allegedly Infamous Captain of the Royal Horse Guards, Sir James Town, and Viscount Hawkes of Corun in the King's Guard of Ireland.

Whitehall, April 12. This Afternoon the Knights, Citizens and Burghers in Parliament Assembled walked from Westminster to the Banqueting-house, where they attended Their Majesties, to congratulate them upon Their Coronation, Which was performed by the Right Honourable Henry Powle Esq; their Speaker, in most Eloquent Speech. After which all the Members kissed their Majesties hands.

Sheriff for

Warwickshire Sir William Boughton.

Whereas one large Pearl, and divers pieces of Plate, some with the Kings arms and Cupper, and the rest with other Marks, were lost in the Coronation. Whoever can give Notice of the same to His Majesties Board of Green-cloth, shall receive a Reward proportionable to what they discover.

Advertisements

* * There is in the Press, and will be published in few days, The Sermon Preached at the Coronation of William the Third, and Mary the Second King and Queen of England, France, and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, in the Abby Church of Westmister, April the 11th, 1689. By Gilbert Lord Bishop of Salisbury. By Their Majesties Special Command. Printed for J. Starkey, and R. Chiswell at the Rose and Crown in St. Pauls Church yard.

* * A Resolution of Certain Queries concerning Submission to the Present Government. By a Divide of the Church of England, as by Law Establish'd. Sold by R. Baldwin in the Old Bailey.

* * This present Monday the 15th, and Tuesday the 16th of this instant April, at three in the Afternoon exactly, will begin the Sale by Auction of the Libri Milcellani, viz. Historia Geographicæ, Philologicæ, Medici, Mathematicæ, &c. in Octavo, Consisting of about 400 Volumes in Folio, contained in the Pages 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, &c. of the Bibliotheca Guldeniana now upon Sale at the Authors house in Mary Lane against the Black Swan. Catalogues of which will be given to all Gentlemen, &c. that please to be present at the place of sale.

THE True Blingies of Their Majesties King William and Queen Mary, newly done; Each on a Royal Sheet in the Robes. Both Engraved by R. White; Sold at his House in Bloomsbury Market, and most Printellers in London and Westminster.

* * The Lord Ruffe's Innocency further defended, by way of Reply to an Answer, Entituled, The Magnificacy and Government of England vindicated; by Sir Robert Arkyns Knight of the Bath. Printed for Timothy Goodwin at the Maiden-head against St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street.

* * On Wednesday the 17th instant, at Sam's Coffee-house near the West End of St. Paul's, will be sold by way of Auction, a most Curious Collection of Philistic Books, Ancient and Modern, being the Library of Dr. de Monginot, a late Empirick Physician of Paris, among which are very many Curiosities in Anatomy, as also the most Valuable Histories of Plants, &c. with Excellent Figures. Catalogues of which are distributed gratis at Mr. Nutt's in the Pall Mall, Mr. Heinsmans in Westmister Hall, Mr. Newtons in Fleet street, Mr. Bonwicks and Mr. Bullards in St. Paul's Church yard, and at Mr. Eddowes's at the Royal Exchange, Bookellers.

THE Feat of the Sons of the Clergy, which was to have been on the 6th of December last, will be kept at Merchant Taylors Hall on the 23 of May next. All Persons that have Tickets of the former Date will be admitted; And they that want Tickets may have them at Mr. Greco's at the King's Arms in the Poultry, and at the Blue Boar in Ludgate-street.

There are to give Notice, That there hath been one House burnt, and several damaged, belonging to the Members of the Friendly Society; and that the Rate for every Hundred Pounds secured, is Ten Pence half-Penny for Brick, and double for Timber, which is by Covenant to be paid before the 14th day of May next, at the Faulcon Coffee House in Fleet street, under the Penalty of a fourth part more, and if not paid in three Months after, they are to lose the Benefit of their Insurance.

At the house of Augustin Crow, Upholsterer, in Bartholomew-new-Cheese Smithfield, lately Deceased, all manner of Rich Household Goods are to be sold, as Damask, Mowhawk, and Camlet Beds; Tapistry Hangings, Feather-Beds, Chairs, Carpets, and other Furniture, which will be forthwith disposed of at the said House at reasonable rates.

Sold from Mrs. Mary Cramer, by Tobias Cramer, a smooth faced proper Man, about 21 years of age, a considerable parcel of broad Gold and Guineas, about 20l in Spanish Money and Crofts Dollars, and three pieces of Bullion. He had on new dark Olive colour'd Coat, and a black Rattee Wall-coat with silver Bredgs. Whoever secures him, and gives notice to the said Mrs. Cramer at Curb in Worsell in Cheshire, or to Mr. Cramer at Shuttleworth's Coffee-house in Buckingham Court at Charing Cross, shall have ten Guineas Reward.