



The London Gazette.

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FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1874.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace,
March 26, 1874.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Birthday will be kept on Saturday, the 30th of May next.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace,
May 15, 1874.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales will, by command of The Queen, hold a Levee at St. James's Palace, on behalf of Her Majesty, on Monday, the 1st of June next, at two o'clock.

It is The Queen's pleasure that Presentations to His Royal Highness at the Levee shall be considered as equivalent to Presentations to Her Majesty.

REGULATIONS

TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S LEVEE TO BE HELD BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES, ON BEHALF OF HER MAJESTY, AT ST. JAMES'S PALACE.

By Her Majesty's Command.

The Noblemen and Gentlemen, who propose to attend Her Majesty's Levee, at St. James's Palace, are requested to bring with them two large cards, with their names *clearly written* thereon, one to be left with The Queen's Page in attendance in the Corridor, and the other to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, who will announce the name to His Royal Highness.

PRESENTATIONS.

Any Nobleman or Gentleman who proposes to be presented, must leave at the Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace, *before twelve o'clock*, two clear days before the Levee, a card with his name written thereon, and with the name of the Nobleman or Gentleman by whom he is to be presented. In order to carry out the existing regulations that no presentation can be made at a Levee excepting by a person actually attending that Levee, it is also necessary that an intimation from the Nobleman or Gentleman who is to make the presentation, of his intention to be present, should accompany the presentation card above referred to, which will be submitted to The Queen for Her Majesty's approbation. It is Her Majesty's command that no presentations

shall be made at the Levee, except in accordance with the above regulations.

It is particularly requested, that in every case the names be *very distinctly written* upon the cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to His Royal Highness.

The State Apartments will be open for the reception of Company coming to Court at one o'clock.

HERTFORD,
Lord Chamberlain.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day, the Honourable Gerard James Noel was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, on a representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, to appoint Edward Maxwell Kenney, Esquire, M.A., of Merton College, Oxford, to be one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, on a representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, to appoint John Gerald Fitzmaurice, Esquire, B.A., of University College, Oxford, to be one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, on a representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education in Scotland, to appoint Thomas Anderson Stewart, Esquire, M.A., of the University of Aberdeen, to be one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools in Scotland.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, by "The Common Law Procedure Act, 1860," it is enacted, among other things, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any part of the provisions of the said Act shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England and Wales, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be, in like manner, from time to time altered and annulled, and that in and by such Order Her Majesty may direct by whom any powers or duties incident to the provisions applied under the said Act shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such Court or Courts, and may make any orders or regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such Court or Courts the provisions so applied; and whereas, by "The Borough and Local Courts of Record Act, 1872," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty from time to time, by an Order in Council, to direct, among other things, that all or any part of the provisions set forth in the schedule to the said Act, shall apply to all or any Local Court or Courts of Record in England or Wales, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be in like manner, from time to time altered and annulled, and that in and by such Order Her Majesty may alter and modify such provisions as are mentioned in the schedule, so as to adapt the same to the constitution, jurisdiction, and procedure of any such Court or Courts, and may direct by whom, and at what time or times, any powers and duties incident to the provisions applied under the said Act shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such Court or Courts, and may make any orders or regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such Court or Courts the provisions so applied; and whereas it has seemed fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that certain of the provisions of the said Common Law Procedure Act, 1860, and of the rules made and to be made in pursuance thereof, and also that, subject to the following alterations and modifications, the provisions of the said schedule to the Borough and Local Courts of Record Act, 1872, should be extended and apply to the Court of Record of the Borough of Great Yarmouth,

called the Borough Court, in manner hereinafter directed:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the several hereinafter mentioned provisions of "The Common Law Procedure Act, 1860," contained in the sections of the said Act, numbered 1 to 11 inclusive, sections 19, 20, 21, and 25; sections 28 to 31 inclusive, sections 34 to 36 inclusive, shall be applied to the said Court of Record for the Borough of Great Yarmouth, called the Borough Court, in such manner that the pleadings in the said Court shall, as heretofore, be filed in Court in lieu of being delivered; and Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that, subject to the alterations and modifications hereinafter set forth, and to such orders, rules, and regulations as Her Majesty, by Order in Council, shall from time to time direct as to the appointment of a Deputy or Assistant Judge, under section 7 of the said Borough and Local Courts of Record Act, 1872, the provisions contained in the schedule of the said last-mentioned Act shall be extended and apply to the Court of Record for the Borough of Great Yarmouth, called the Borough Court, provided always, and it is hereby ordered, that the powers given by the second clause of the said schedule to the said Borough and Local Courts of Record Act, 1872, shall, in every case, be exercised either by the Judge himself, or by a Deputy or Assistant Judge, duly appointed under section 7 of the said Act, or otherwise, such Deputy or Assistant Judge being a barrister of not less than seven years' standing, but that none of such powers shall be capable of being exercised by any Deputy or Assistant Judge not being such barrister. And Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is further pleased to direct that such provisions of "The Common Law Procedure Act, 1860," as are ordered hereby to be applied as aforesaid to the said Court of Record for the Borough of Great Yarmouth, called the Borough Court, shall apply to the said Court in such manner as if the several expressions in such provisions referring to the superior Courts of Common Law at Westminster, or any of them expressly referred to the said Court of Record for the Borough of Great Yarmouth, called the Borough Court. And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to direct that the powers and duties incident to the above-mentioned provisions hereby to be applied which are exercisable by the Court, or a Judge, shall and may, with respect to matters in the said Court of Record, be exercised by the Recorder of the said city, or save, as aforesaid, by his deputy, duly appointed, and that the powers and duties incident to the above-mentioned provisions, which are exercisable by the Master or Registrar, shall and may, with respect to matters in the said Court, be exercised by the Registrar thereof.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, it is enacted amongst other things, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty from time to time by an Order in Council, to

direct that all or any part of the provisions of the said Act, or of the rules to be made in pursuance thereof, shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England or Wales, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such Provisions and Rules respectively shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be in like manner from time to time altered or annulled. And whereas by "The Common Law Procedure Act, 1854," it is enacted amongst other things, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty from time to time by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any part of the provisions of that Act, or of the rules made in pursuance thereof, shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England and Wales, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions and rules shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be in like manner from time to time altered or annulled; and that in and by such Order, Her Majesty may direct by whom any powers or duties incident to the provisions applied under the said Acts, shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such Court or Courts, and may make any Orders and Regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such Court or Courts, the provisions so applied. And whereas by "The Summary Procedure on Bills of Exchange Act, 1855" it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty from time to time by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any part of the provisions of that Act shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England and Wales, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such provisions shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and any such Order may in like manner from time to time be altered and annulled; and in and by such Order Her Majesty may direct by whom any powers or duties incident to the provisions applied under the said Act, shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such Court or Courts, and may make any Orders or Regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such Court or Courts the provisions so applied. And whereas by "The Common Procedure Act, 1860," it is amongst other things enacted, that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty from time to time by an Order in Council, to direct that all or any part of the provisions of the said Act, or of the rules to be made in pursuance thereof, shall apply to all or any Court or Courts of Record in England and Wales, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette, such Provisions and Rules respectively shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and any such Order may be in like manner from time to time altered and annulled. And that in and by such Order, Her Majesty may direct by whom any powers or duties incident to the provisions applied under the said Act, shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such Court or Courts, and may make any Orders or Regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such Court or Courts the provisions so applied.

And whereas by the Borough and Local Courts of Record Act, 1872, it is enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty from time to time, by an Order in Council, to direct, among other things, that all or any part of the provisions set forth in the schedule of the said Act shall apply

to all or any Local Court or Courts of Record in England or Wales, and that within one month after such Order shall have been made and published in the London Gazette such provisions shall extend and apply in manner directed by such Order, and that any such Order may be, in like manner, from time to time altered and annulled, and that in and by such Order Her Majesty may alter and modify such provisions as are mentioned in the schedule, so as to adapt the same to the constitution, jurisdiction, and procedure of any such Court or Courts, and may direct by whom and at what time or times any powers and duties incident to the provisions applied under the said Act shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such Court or Courts, and may make any orders or regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such Court or Courts the provisions so applied:

And whereas it has seemed fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that certain of the provisions of the said Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, and of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854; the Summary Procedure on Bills of Exchange Act, 1855; the Common Law Procedure Act, 1860; and also that, subject to the following alterations and modifications, the provisions of the said schedule to the Borough and Local Courts of Record Act, 1872, should be extended and apply to the Court of Record of the city and county of the city of Exeter, called the Provost Court, in manner hereinafter directed:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that certain portions of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, that is to say, the provisions contained in Sections 2 to 8, both inclusive (except so much as relates to the form and teste of the writs of summons); Sections 11, 13, 15, 16, 17, 20, 25 to 40, both inclusive; Section 41 (except so much thereof as relates to causes of action in different counties); Sections 42 to 68, both inclusive; Section 69 (except the words, "and such plea may, when necessary, be pleaded at nisi prius between the tenth of August and twenty-fourth of October"); Sections 70 to 100, both inclusive); Sections 116, 117, 118, 119, 123, 124, 125, 128, 129, 130, 131 (so far as and inclusive of the words "to the like effect" in that section); Sections 133 to 138, both inclusive; 139 (except the words "two terms," which shall be read as if they were "three months") 140, 141, 142, 143 (except so much thereof as relates to a motion in arrest of judgment, pursuant to 1 Will. IV, c. 7); 144, 145, 168, to 177, both inclusive; 178 (except the word "Sheriff," which shall be read to mean the proper officer of the Court); 179, 180, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186) except in both the said sections 185 and 186, the words "not exceeding the fifth day in term after the verdict," and also the words "if no such order be made, then on the fifth day in term after the verdict or within fourteen days after the verdict, whichever shall first happen"); 187 to 202, both inclusive (so that the last-mentioned section shall apply to the sitting of the Court for the trial of causes in lieu of the sittings or assizes referred to in such section); 203 to 207, both inclusive; 209 to 216, both inclusive; and 218 to 222, both inclusive; 225 and 226, and Section 227, commencing with the words "and wherever in this Act" unto the end; and the schedules thereto (but so that the forms in the said schedules may be modified as the procedure and jurisdiction of the Court and circumstances may require) shall be applied to the said Court of Record for the city

and county of the city of Exeter, called the Provost Court:

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that certain portions of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854, that is to say, the provisions contained in sections 1, 3, 4, 5 (except the words "or upon any reference by consent of parties" where the submission is or may be made a rule "or order of any of the superior courts of law or equity at Westminster, if he shall think fit, and "if it is not provided to the contrary"), 6 to 31 both inclusive, 60 to 67 both inclusive, 78 to 86 both inclusive, 89, 92, 93, and 96 of the said Act shall be applied to the said Court of Record for the city and county of the city of Exeter, called the Provost Court.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the several hereinafter mentioned provisions of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1860, contained in the sections of the said Act numbered 1 to 11 inclusive, sections 19, 20, 21, and 25, sections 28 to 31 inclusive, sections 34 to 36 inclusive, shall be applied to the said Court of Record for the city and county of the city of Exeter, called the Provost Court, in such manner that the pleadings in the said court shall, as heretofore, be filed in court in lieu of being delivered.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that, subject to the alterations and modifications hereinafter set forth, and to such orders, rules, and regulations as Her Majesty by Order in Council shall from time to time direct, as to the appointment of a deputy or assistant-judge under section 7 of the said Borough and Local Courts of Record Act, 1872, the provisions contained in the schedule of the said last-mentioned Act shall be extended and apply to the Court of Record for the city and county of the city of Exeter called the Provost Court; provided always, and it is hereby ordered, that the powers given by the second clause of the said schedule to the said Borough and Local Courts of Record Act, 1872, shall, in every case, be exercised either by the judge himself or by a deputy or assistant-judge duly appointed under section 7 of the said Act or otherwise, such deputy or assistant-judge being a barrister of not less than seven years' standing, and that none of such powers shall be capable of being exercised by any deputy or assistant-judge not being such barrister.

And Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is further pleased to direct that such provisions of the Common Law Procedure Act, 1852, the Common Law Procedure Act, 1854, the Summary Procedure on Bills of Exchange Act, 1855, the Common Law Procedure Act, 1860, as are ordered hereby to be applied as aforesaid to the said Court of Record for the city and county of the city of Exeter called the Provost Court, shall apply to the said court in such manner as if the several expressions in such provisions referring to the superior Courts of Common Law at Westminster, or any of them, expressly referred to the said Court of Record for the city and county of the city of Exeter called the Provost Court. And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to direct that the powers and duties incident to the above-mentioned provisions hereby to be applied, which are exercisable by the court or judge, shall and may, with respect to matters in the said Court of Record, be exercised by the recorder of the said city or town as aforesaid, by his deputy duly appointed, and that the powers and duties incident

to the above-mentioned provisions, which are exercisable by the master or registrar, shall and may, with respect to matters in the said Court, be exercised by the registrar thereof.

And Her Majesty is further pleased, by and with the advice aforesaid, to order and it is hereby ordered, that the provisions of the Summary Procedure on Bills of Exchange Act, 1855, excepting those contained in sections 8, 9, and 10, shall be applied to the said Court of Record for the city and county of the city of Exeter called the Provost Court.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by "The Merchant Shipping (Colonial) Act, 1869," it is (among other things) enacted, that where the Legislature of any British Possession provides for the examination of, and grant of Certificates of Competency to, persons intending to act as masters, mates, or engineers on board British ships, and the Board of Trade reports to Her Majesty that they are satisfied that the examinations are so conducted as to be equally efficient as the examinations for the same purpose in the United Kingdom under the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping, and that the certificates are granted on such principles as to show the like qualifications and competency as those granted under the said Acts, and are liable to be forfeited for the like reasons and in the like manner, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by Order in Council:—

1. To declare that the said certificates shall be of the same force as if they had been granted under the said Acts.

2. To declare that all or any of the provisions of the said Acts which relate to Certificates of Competency granted under those Acts shall apply to the certificates referred to in the said Order.

3. To impose such conditions, and to make such regulations with respect to the said certificates, and to the use, issue, delivery, cancellation, and suspension thereof, as to Her Majesty may seem fit; and to impose penalties, not exceeding fifty pounds, for the breach of such conditions and regulations.

And that, upon the publication in the London Gazette of any such Order in Council as last aforesaid, the provisions therein contained shall, from a date to be mentioned for the purpose in such Order, take effect as if they had been contained in the Act; and that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to revoke any Order made under this section.

And whereas the Legislature of the British Possession of the Island of Malta and its Dependencies, has in pursuance of the amended Ordinance No. 2, of 1873, enacted by the Governor of Malta, with the advice and consent of the Council of Government, and assented to the thirtieth January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, provided for the examination of, and grant of warrants or Certificates of Competency to persons intending to act as masters, mates, or engineers on board British ships, that is to say:— To masters of the first class or master for a foreign-going ship, to mates of the first class or first mate for a foreign-going ship, to mates of the

second class or second mate for a foreign-going ship, to engineers of the first class or first class engineers, and to engineers of the second class or second class engineers, which warrants or certificates are hereinafter denominated Colonial Certificates of Competency, and the Board of Trade have reported to Her Majesty that they are satisfied that the said examinations are so conducted as to be equally efficient as the examinations for the same purpose in the United Kingdom under the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping, and that the certificates are granted upon such principles as to show the like qualifications and competency as those granted under the said Acts, and are liable to be forfeited for the like reasons and in the like manner.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in exercise of the power vested in Her by the said recited Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council is pleased,

(1.) To declare that the said Colonial Certificates of Competency granted by the head of the Government of the said possession of Malta and its dependencies, in pursuance of the said amended Ordinance so assented to as aforesaid, shall be of the same force as if they had been granted under the said Acts.

(2.) To declare that all the provisions of the said Acts which relate to Certificates of Competency for the foreign trade granted under those Acts, except so much of the one hundred and thirty-ninth section of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the tenth section of "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," as requires the delivery by the Board of Trade to any master, mate, or engineer of a copy of any certificate to which he appears to be entitled as therein mentioned, so much of the third paragraph of the twenty-third section of the said last-mentioned Act as requires, at the conclusion of a case relating to the cancelling or suspending of a certificate, such certificate, if cancelled or suspended, to be forwarded to the Board of Trade, and the whole of the provisions of the fourth paragraph of the same section shall apply to such Colonial Certificates of Competency.

(3.) To impose and make the conditions and regulations following, numbered 1 to 10 respectively, with respect to the said Colonial Certificates of Competency, and to the use, issue, delivery, cancellation, and suspension thereof, and to impose for the breach of such conditions and regulations the penalties therein mentioned.

Form of Certificate.

1. Every such Colonial Certificate of Competency shall be on parchment, and as nearly as possible similar in shape and form to the corresponding Certificate of Competency for the Foreign Trade granted by the Board of Trade under the Acts relating to the Merchant Shipping.

Name of Possession to be inserted.

2. Every such Colonial Certificate of Competency shall have the name of the said possession of Malta and its dependencies inserted prominently on its face and back.

Certificates to be numbered consecutively.

3. Such Colonial Certificates of Competency shall be numbered in consecutive order.

List of Certificates granted, cancelled, &c., to be sent to the Registrar-General of Seamen.

4. The Government of the said possession and its dependencies shall furnish the Registrar-General of Seamen in London from time to time

with accurate lists of all such Colonial Certificates of Competency as may be granted by the head of the Government of the said possession and its dependencies as aforesaid, or as may for any cause whatsoever be cancelled, suspended, renewed, or re-issued, and shall also furnish him with duplicates of the applications for examination made by the persons to whom such certificates are granted.

Three years Domicile or Service necessary.

5. Such Colonial Certificates of Competency shall be granted only to persons who have been domiciled in the said possession or its dependencies, or have served in ships registered therein for a period of or for periods amounting to at least three years immediately preceding their application for such Colonial Certificates. Colonial Certificates of Competency granted contrary to this regulation shall be regarded as improperly granted.

Certificates not to be Granted, when former are Cancelled.

6. Such Colonial Certificates of Competency shall not be granted to any person who may have had a certificate, whether granted by the Board of Trade or by the Government of a British possession, cancelled or suspended under the provisions of the said Acts, or of any Act for the time being in force in any part of Her Majesty's dominions, unless the period of suspension has expired, or unless intimation has been received from the Board of Trade, or the Government by whom the cancelled or suspended certificate was originally granted, to the effect that no objection to the grant of such Colonial Certificate is known to exist, or unless a new certificate has been granted to him by such Board or Government, and in the last-named event no such Colonial Certificate of Competency shall be for a higher grade than the certificate so last granted as aforesaid. Colonial Certificates of Competency granted contrary to this regulation shall be regarded as improperly granted.

Certificates improperly granted may be Cancelled without formal Investigation.

7. Any such Colonial Certificate of Competency which appears from information subsequently acquired or otherwise to have been improperly granted, whether in the above or in any other respect, may be cancelled by the Governor for the time being of the said possession and its dependencies, or by the Board of Trade in the United Kingdom without any formal investigation under "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the holder of such certificate shall thereupon deliver it to the Board of Trade, or the Governor for the time being of the said possession and its dependencies, or as they or either of them may direct, and in default thereof shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds, which shall be recoverable in the same manner as penalties imposed by the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping are thereby made recoverable.

Cancellation, &c., of a Certificate shall involve cancellation of all the other Certificates possessed by its owner.

8. Every decision with respect to the cancellation or suspension of a certificate pronounced by any board, court, or tribunal under the provisions of the said Acts, shall extend equally to all the Colonial Certificates at the time possessed by the person in respect of whom the decision is made, as well as to all certificates granted to him under any of the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping, and whether such certificates be specified in such decision or not.

Certificates believed to be fraudulent may be demanded.

9. Any officer of the Board of Trade, or the Registrar-General of Seamen, or any of his officers or a superintendent of a mercantile marine office, or a consular officer, or duly appointed shipping officer in a British possession may demand the delivery to him of any such Colonial Certificate of Competency which he has reason to believe has been improperly issued or is forged, altered, cancelled, or suspended, or to which the person using it is not justly entitled, or may detain such certificate for a reasonable period for the purpose of making enquiries respecting such issue, forgery, alteration, cancellation, suspension, or possession, and any person who without reasonable cause neglects or refuses to comply with such demand shall incur a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds, which shall be recoverable in the same manner as penalties imposed by the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping are thereby made recoverable.

Suspended Certificates to be reissued only by the Colony by which originally granted.

10. Any such Colonial Certificate of Competency which has from any cause been cancelled or suspended, whether by a tribunal in Malta and its dependencies or elsewhere, shall be renewed or reissued only by the head of the Government of Malta and its dependencies.

This Order shall take effect in the said possession of Malta and its dependencies from and after the date hereof.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT:

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by "The Merchant Shipping (Colonial) Act, 1869," it is (among other things) enacted, that where the Legislature of any British possession provides for the examination of and grant of Certificates of Competency to persons intending to act as masters, mates, or engineers on board British ships, and the Board of Trade reports to Her Majesty that they are satisfied that the examinations are so conducted as to be equally efficient as the examinations for the same purpose in the United Kingdom under the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping, and that the certificates are granted on such principles as to show the like qualifications and competency as those granted under the said Acts, and are liable to be forfeited for the like reasons and in the like manner, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty by Order in Council—

1. To declare that the said Certificates shall be of the same force as if they had been granted under the said Acts.

2. To declare that all or any of the provisions of the said Acts which relate to Certificates of Competency granted under those Acts shall apply to the Certificates referred to in the said Order.

3. To impose such conditions and to make such regulations with respect to the said Certificates and to the use, issue, delivery, cancellation, and suspension thereof as to Her Majesty may seem fit, and to impose penalties not exceeding fifty pounds for the breach of such conditions and regulations.

And that upon the publication in the London Gazette of any such Order in Council as last aforesaid, the provisions therein contained shall, from a

date to be mentioned for the purpose in such Order, take effect as if they had been contained in the Act, and that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to revoke any Order made under this section.

And whereas the Legislature of the British Possession of South Australia has by "The Marine Board Amendment Act, 1873," provided for the examination of and grant of Certificates of Competency for foreign-going ships to persons intending to act as masters, first mates, only mates, or second mates, or as first-class engineers or second-class engineers, on board British ships, which Certificates are hereinafter denominated Colonial Certificates of Competency, and the Board of Trade have reported to Her Majesty that they are satisfied that the said examinations are so conducted as to be equally efficient as the examinations for the same purpose in the United Kingdom under the Acts relating to merchant shipping, and that the Certificates are granted on such principles as to show the like qualifications and competency as those granted under the said Acts, and are liable to be forfeited for the like reasons and in the like manner:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, in exercise of the power vested in Her by the said recited Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased—

1. To declare that the said Colonial Certificates of Competency granted by the Marine Board of the said possession of South Australia shall be of the same force as if they had been granted under the said Acts.

2. To declare that all the provisions of the said Acts which relate to Certificates of Competency for the foreign trade granted under those Acts, except so much of the one hundred and thirty-ninth section of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the tenth section of "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," as requires the delivery by the Board of Trade to any master, mate, or engineer, of a copy of any Certificate to which he appears to be entitled as therein mentioned, so much of the third paragraph of the twenty-third section of the said last-mentioned Act as requires at the conclusion of a case relating to the cancelling or suspending of a Certificate, such Certificate, if cancelled or suspended, to be forwarded to the Board of Trade, and the whole of the provisions of the fourth paragraph of the same section shall apply to such Colonial Certificates of Competency.

3. To impose and make the conditions and regulations following, numbered 1 to 10 respectively, with respect to the said Colonial Certificates of Competency, and to the use, issue, delivery, cancellation, and suspension thereof, and to impose for the breach of such conditions and regulations the penalties therein mentioned.

Form of Certificate.

1. Every such Colonial Certificate of Competency shall be on parchment, and as nearly as possible similar in shape and form to the corresponding Certificate of Competency for the foreign trade granted by the Board of Trade under the Acts relating to merchant shipping.

Name of Possession to be inserted.

2. Every such Colonial Certificate of Competency shall have the name of the said possession of South Australia inserted prominently on its face and back.

Certificates to be numbered consecutively.

3. Such Colonial Certificates of Competency shall be numbered in consecutive order.

List of Certificates granted, cancelled, &c., to be sent to the Registrar-General of Seamen.

4. The government of the said possession shall furnish the Registrar-General of Seamen in London from time to time, with accurate lists of all such Colonial Certificates of Competency as may be granted by the Marine Board of the said possession as aforesaid, or as may, from any cause whatever, be cancelled, suspended, renewed, or re-issued, and shall also furnish him with duplicates of the applications for examination made by the persons to whom such Certificates are granted.

Three Years' Domicile or Service necessary.

5. Such Colonial Certificates of Competency shall be granted only to persons who have been domiciled in the said possession, or have served in ships registered therein, for a period of, or for periods amounting to, at least three years immediately preceding their application for such Colonial Certificates.

Colonial Certificates of Competency granted contrary to this regulation shall be regarded as improperly granted.

Certificates not to be granted when former are Cancelled.

6. Such Colonial Certificates of Competency shall not be granted to any person who may have had a Certificate, whether granted by the Board of Trade or by the Government of a British possession, cancelled or suspended under the provisions of the said Acts, or of any Act for the time being in force in any part of Her Majesty's dominions, unless the period of suspension has expired, or unless intimation has been received from the Board of Trade or the Government by whom the cancelled or suspended Certificate was originally granted, to the effect that no objection to the grant of such Colonial Certificate is known to exist, or unless a new Certificate has been granted to him by such Board or Government, and in the last-named event no such Colonial Certificate of Competency shall be for a higher grade than the Certificate so last granted as aforesaid. Colonial Certificates of Competency granted contrary to this regulation, shall be regarded as improperly granted.

Certificates improperly granted may be cancelled without formal investigation.

7. Any such Colonial Certificate of Competency which appears from information subsequently acquired, or otherwise, to have been improperly granted whether in the above or in any other respect, may be cancelled by the Marine Board of the said possession, or by the Board of Trade in the United Kingdom, without any formal investigation under "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," and the holder of such Certificate shall thereupon deliver it to the Board of Trade or the Marine Board of the said possession, or as they may direct; and in default thereof, shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty pounds, which shall be recoverable in the same manner as penalties imposed by the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping are thereby made recoverable.

Cancellation, &c., of a Certificate, shall involve cancellation of all the other Certificates possessed by its Owner.

8. Every decision with respect to the cancellation or suspension of a Certificate pronounced by any Board, Court, or Tribunal, under the provisions of the said Acts, shall extend equally to all the Colonial Certificates at the time possessed by the person in respect of whom the decision is made as well as to all Certificates granted to him under any of the Acts relating to Merchant Shipping,

and whether such Certificates be specified in such decision or not.

Certificates believed to be fraudulent may be demanded.

9. Any officer of the Board of Trade, or the Registrar-General of Seamen, or any of his officers, or a superintendent of a mercantile marine office, or a consular officer, or duly appointed shipping officer in a British possession, may demand the delivery to him of any such Colonial Certificate of Competency which he has reason to believe has been improperly issued, or is forged, altered, cancelled, or suspended, or to which the person using it is not justly entitled, and may detain such Certificate for a reasonable period for the purpose of making inquiries respecting such issue, forgery, alteration, cancellation, suspension, or possession, and any person who, without reasonable cause, neglects or refuses to comply with such demand, shall incur a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds, which shall be recoverable in the same manner as penalties imposed by the Acts relating to merchant shipping are thereby made recoverable.

Suspended Certificates to be re-issued only by Colony by which originally granted.

10. Any such Colonial Certificate of Competency which has from any cause been cancelled or suspended, whether by a tribunal in South Australia or elsewhere, shall be renewed or re-issued only by the Marine Board of South Australia.

This Order shall take effect in the said possession of South Australia from and after the date hereof.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the four hundred and tenth Section of "The Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," it is enacted "that upon the completion of any new lighthouse (in which terms are included floating and other lights exhibited for the guidance of ships), Her Majesty may by Order in Council fix such dues in respect thereof, to be paid by the master or owner of every ship which passes the same, or derives benefit therefrom, as Her Majesty may deem reasonable, and may from time to time alter the amount thereof, and that such dues shall be paid and collected in the same manner, by the same means, and subject to the same conditions in, by, and subject to which the light dues authorized to be levied by the said Act are paid and collected:"

And whereas the Commissioners of Irish Lights are about to place a light vessel to mark Daunts Rock, off the entrance of Cork Harbour, and to exhibit a light therefrom:

And whereas, the several classes of ships following, that is to say:—

1. All ships calling at or off Cork Harbour for the purpose of obtaining orders or of landing or embarking passengers or mails:
 2. All ships, whether over-sea or coasters, entering Cork Harbour:
- will pass the said light vessel or derive benefit therefrom:

Now, therefore, her Majesty, in exercise of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is

pleased to direct that, upon the exhibition of the said light there shall be paid in respect of the said light vessel for every ship (other than those in ballast), whether British or foreign, if on an over-sea voyage and entering Cork Harbour, or calling at or off Cork Harbour, for the purpose of obtaining orders or of landing or embarking passengers or mails, the toll of eight-sixteenths of a penny per ton of the burthen of every such ship for each time of so entering or so calling at or off Cork Harbour; and if on a coasting voyage the toll of two-sixteenths of a penny per ton of the burthen of every such ship for each time of entering or so calling off Cork Harbour.

The said toll shall be levied by the General Lighthouse Authorities, subject only to the gross abatement or discount of sixty per centum mentioned in an Order in Council dated the twenty-first day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the bishop of any diocese, or by the bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in his or their diocese or dioceses, being either in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such inquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty, as hereinafter directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation, to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council; and thereupon it

"shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make and issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls, for ecclesiastical purposes only; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons, if there be more than one patron, shall present or nominate to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant."

And whereas by an Act passed in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the law relating to the holding of benefices in plurality," it is, amongst other things, recited that "whereas in the said recited Act a provision is contained authorizing the union by Order of Her Majesty in Council, after such enquiry and notice and with such consent, and upon such certificate as therein mentioned, of two or more benefices, or of one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in the same parish or contiguous to each other, of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds: Be it enacted that the said provision of the said Act shall extend and be applicable to and for the union of two or more benefices, or one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, notwithstanding the aggregate yearly value shall exceed five hundred pounds in like manner, and with the like preliminaries and consequences, as if the words, 'and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds,' had not been inserted in the provision lastly hereinafore referred to: Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the bishop to direct that there shall be two full services in each church of such consolidated livings."

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a certificate, in writing, bearing date the sixteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say:

"To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, Primate of all England and Metropolitan, do hereby certify to your Majesty in Council: That the Right Reverend Henry, Lord Bishop of Worcester, as Bishop of the diocese within which are situate the rectory of Kington, and the vicarage of Dormston, both in the county of Worcester, having represented unto us that the said benefices, being contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population does not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, might with advantage to the interests of religion be united into one benefice, we inquired into the circumstances of the case: That on such inquiry it appeared to us that such union might be usefully made, and would not be of inconvenient extent, and that William Laslett, of Abberton Hall, in the county of Worcester, Esquire, being the patron or person entitled to present to both the said benefices of Kington and Dormston if the same

respectively were now vacant, has signified his consent, in writing, to the union of the said benefices into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes: That six weeks and upwards before certifying such inquiry and consent to your Majesty in Council, we caused copies, in writing, of the aforesaid representation of the said Lord Bishop, to be affixed on the principal outer door of parish church of each of the said benefices, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they might within such six weeks show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to us, the said Archbishop, against such union, and no such cause has been shown: The representation of the said Lord Bishop of Worcester, our inquiry into the circumstances of the case, the statement of circumstances in reply thereto, the consent in writing of the patron, and the copies of the representation and notice before-mentioned, are hereunto annexed: And we do hereby certify, the inquiry and consent aforesaid to your Majesty in Council, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for uniting the said benefices into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only: As witness our hand this sixteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"A. C. Cantuar."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said rectory of Kington, and the said vicarage of Dormston, in the said certificate respectively mentioned, be united into one benefice with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only.

Arthur Helps.

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," after reciting that "Whereas, in some instances, tithings, hamlets, chapelries, and other places or districts may be separated from the parishes or mother churches to which they belong, with great advantage, and places altogether extra-parochial may in some instances with advantage be annexed to parishes or districts to which they are contiguous, or be constituted separate parishes for ecclesiastical purposes," it is, amongst other things, enacted "That when, with respect to his own diocese, it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, or when the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said archbishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district within the diocese of such archbishop, or the diocese of such bishop, as the case may be, may be advantageously separated from any parish or mother church, and either be constituted a separate benefice by itself or be united to any other parish to which it may be more conveniently annexed, or to any other adjoining tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district, parochial or extra-parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or that any extra-

parochial place may with advantage be annexed to any parish to which it is contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes; and the said archbishop or bishop shall draw up a scheme in writing (the scheme of such bishop to be transmitted to the said archbishop for his consideration), describing the mode in which it appears to him that the alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent-charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested; and if the patron or patrons of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such alteration shall consent in writing under his or their hands to such scheme, or to such modification thereof as the said archbishop may approve, and the said archbishop shall, on full consideration and inquiry, be satisfied with any such scheme, or modification thereof, and shall certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an Order for carrying such scheme, or modification thereof, as the case may be, into effect."

And whereas by another Act of Parliament, passed in the second and third years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the assignment of ecclesiastical districts to churches or chapels augmented by the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne; and for other purposes," it is, amongst other things, further enacted, "That when, by any Order of Her Majesty in Council as aforesaid, a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes is constituted, the same shall, on registration thereof, and with the consent in writing of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be thereby affected, become a perpetual curacy and benefice, and the minister thereof, duly nominated and licensed thereto, and his successors, shall be a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, and may receive and take to himself and his successor all such lands, tenements, tithes, rent-charges and hereditaments as shall be granted unto him or them, and such perpetual curate shall thenceforth have, within the limits of the district parish formed under the Church Building Acts, for the church of such perpetual curacy, sole and exclusive cure of souls, and shall not in anywise be subject to the control or interference of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such Order, if he or they shall have consented to such Order as aforesaid; but if such incumbent or incumbents shall not have so consented thereto, this last-mentioned provision shall not come into operation until the next avoidance of the benefice by the incumbent objecting thereto, or by the surviving incumbent objecting, if more than one shall object thereto, and in such case the last-mentioned provision shall forthwith after such avoidance come into operation, and shall be binding on all persons whatsoever."

And whereas the Lord Bishop of Bangor hath represented to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, that a certain chapelry known by the name of Llanrhwydrus, within the diocese of the said Bishop, may be advantageously separated from the parish or mother church of Llanrhyddlad, to which it belongs, and be united to the parish of Llanfairynghorwy, in the same diocese, to which it is contiguous, and may be more conveniently

annexed; and the said Lord Bishop hath drawn up such a scheme, in writing, as in the firstly hereinbefore recited Act is mentioned, and hath transmitted the same to the said Lord Archbishop, together with the consent, in writing, of the said Lord Bishop, as the patron in right of his see, both of the said rectory or parish church of Llanrhyddlad (which rectory is now vacant), and of the said vicarage or parish church of Llanfairynghorwy, and of the Reverend Hugh Lewis, Pryce as the Incumbent of the said vicarage or parish church of Llanfairynghorwy, to such scheme, which said representation, scheme, and consents are in the words and figures respectively following:—

“Representation.”

“To the Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury.

“I, James Colquhoun, Lord Bishop of Bangor, do hereby represent to your Grace, that there is in the county of Anglesey, and within my diocese of Bangor, the rectory of Llanrhyddlad, comprising the parochial chapelries of Llanfflewin and Llanrhydrus, the limits and boundaries of which are respectively well-known and defined.

“That according to the last census the population of the parish of Llanrhyddlad, exclusive of the said two chapelries, is 730, and the population of the said chapelry of Llanfflewin is 125, and the population of the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus is 130.

“That there is in each of the said chapelries a church or chapel, the church or chapel of the said parochial chapelry of Llanrhydrus, being distant from the parish church of the said rectory of Llanrhyddlad about 4 miles, and that the said parochial chapelry of Llanrhydrus is only contiguous to the said rectory and parish of Llanrhyddlad at one narrow point at the extreme end of the said parochial chapelry of Llanrhydrus.

“That the said parochial chapelry of Llanrhydrus appears to have been from time immemorial treated as a separate and distinct parish for all civil and religious purposes, and each of the said churches, with the churchyard thereunto belonging, is deemed to be, and is used in all respects as and for the church and churchyard of the parish wherein it is locally situate, and has its own churchwardens and parish officers, and is in no way connected as to rates with either of the others of the said three parishes.

“That the gross yearly value or income of the said rectory of Llanrhyddlad, exclusive of the income arising from the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus, is £436 4s. 1d., or thereabouts, together with 12 acres of glebe, more or less, which is situate within the said parish of Llanrhyddlad, and the gross yearly income arising from the said parochial chapelry of Llanrhydrus is £168 10s. 2½d., or thereabouts.

“That there is a house of residence within and belonging to the said parish of Llanrhyddlad, but there is none within or belonging to the said parochial chapelry of Llanrhydrus.

“That it does not appear that any of the inhabitants or landowners either of the said rectory of Llanrhyddlad, or of the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus, possess any legal rights, by faculty or otherwise, to the exclusive use of any pews or sittings in any or either of the said churches or chapels.

“That the persons residing within the said parishes of Llanrhyddlad, Llanfflewin, and Llanrhydrus appear to be rateable for the repairs only of the church or chapel of the parish in which they are so resident, and not to any other

or others of the said churches or chapels of the said parishes.

“That in consequence of the great distance between the churches of Llanrhyddlad and Llanrhydrus, the rector of Llanrhyddlad has considerable difficulty in properly performing his parochial duties in the parish of Llanrhydrus.

“That the church or chapel of the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus is distant four miles, or thereabouts, from the said parish church of Llanrhyddlad, but is only about half that distance from the parish church of Llanfairynghorwy, in the said county and diocese to which last-mentioned parish, the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus, is contiguous.

“That according to the last census the population of the said vicarage and parish of Llanfairynghorwy is 270, and the gross annual income of the said vicarage is £285.

“That there is a house of residence belonging to the said vicarage.

“That the patronage of or right of collation to the said rectory of Llanrhyddlad, with the chapelries of Llanfflewin and Llanrhydrus thereunto belonging (now vacant), and of the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy, belongs to me in right of my see of Bangor, and that the Reverend Hugh Lewis Pryce is the present incumbent of the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy.

“That it appears to me that under the provisions of the Act of Parliament passed in the session holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, cap. 106, the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus might under the aforesaid circumstances, with advantage to the interests of religion, be separated from the parish to which it belongs, and be annexed to the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy for ecclesiastical purposes.

“That pursuant to the directions of the said Act I have prepared the following scheme, which, together with the consent thereto of the said Reverend Hugh Lewis Pryce, incumbent of the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy,

“I do submit to your Grace, to the intent that your Grace may, if on full consideration and enquiry you shall be satisfied with such scheme, certify the same and such consent by your report to Her Majesty in Council.

“The Scheme above referred to.”

“That the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus shall be separated from the said rectory and parish churches of Llanrhyddlad and Llanfflewin, and that the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus shall be united and annexed to and become and be deemed for ecclesiastical purposes part and parcel of the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy, and that the incumbent of the said vicarage shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus.

“That all the tithe rent-charges, or other payments or compositions in lieu of tithes, belonging to the said rectory of Llanrhyddlad, which arise or accrue or are payable within or in respect of the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus shall henceforth belong and be attached to the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy, and be held, received, and enjoyed by the incumbent of the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy for the time being accordingly, and that all fees and other ecclesiastical dues and payments for churchings, marriages, burials, and other ecclesiastical offices solemnised and performed within or in respect of the said chapelry of Llanrhydrus shall henceforth belong to the said incumbent, clerk, and sexton of the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy cum Llanrhydrus.

"That the inhabitants of the said parish of Llanfairynghorwy shall not be called upon to contribute to the repair and maintenance of the church of Llanrhydyrus, nor shall the inhabitants of the chapelry of Llanrhydyrus be called upon to contribute to the repair and maintenance of the church of Llanfairynghorwy.

"That the inhabitants of the said chapelry of Llanrhydyrus shall not be entitled henceforth to any accommodation within the said parish church of Llanrhyddlad, nor shall the inhabitants of the said parish or rectory of Llanrhyddlad be entitled henceforth to any accommodation within the said church or chapel of Llanrhydyrus, except nevertheless any person or persons (if any) possessing a legal right by faculty or otherwise to the exclusive use of any pew or sitting in the said parish church or chapel, or in any or either of them, and who may not be willing to relinquish and give up the same.

"Given under my hand this twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"*J. C. Bangor.*"

"*Consent.*"

"I, the undersigned, James Colquhoun, Lord Bishop of Bangor, the patron of or the person entitled, in right of my see, to collate to the said rectory of Llanrhyddlad with the chapelries of Llanfflewin and Llanrhydyrus thereunto belonging (the same rectory being now vacant) and to the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy, and I, the Reverend Hugh Lewis Pryce, the present incumbent of the said vicarage of Llanfairynghorwy, do, each of us, hereby respectively consent to the scheme above proposed and set forth and to every matter and thing therein contained.

"Given under our hands this twenty-sixth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"*J. C. Bangor.*"

"*Hugh Lewis Pryce.*"

And whereas the said Lord Archbishop, being on full consideration and inquiry satisfied with such scheme, hath certified the same and such consents as aforesaid by his report to Her Majesty in Council, dated the sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, which report is in the words and figures following:—

"To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby report to your Majesty in Council, that the Right Reverend James Colquhoun, Lord Bishop of Bangor, has represented unto us (amongst other things):

"That there is in the county of Anglesea and diocese of Bangor, the rectory of Llanrhyddlad, comprising the parochial chapelries of Llanfflewin and Llanrhydyrus, the limits and boundaries of which are respectively well known and defined;

"That the church or chapel of the said chapelry of Llanrhydyrus is distant four miles or thereabouts from the parish church of Llanrhyddlad, but is only about half that distance from the parish church of Llanfairynghorwy, in the said county and diocese, to which last-mentioned parish the said chapelry of Llanrhydyrus is contiguous;

"That it appears to the said Lord Bishop, that under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, chapter 106, the said chapelry of

Llanrhydyrus might be advantageously separated from the said parish to which it now belongs and be united for ecclesiastical purposes to the parish of Llanfairynghorwy;

"That the said Lord Bishop has drawn up a scheme, in writing, describing the mode in which it appears to him the proposed alterations may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alterations in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested, which scheme, together with the consent thereto of himself, as patron of both the said benefices, and the consent of the incumbent of the said benefice of Llanfairynghorwy (the said benefice of Llanrhyddlad being now vacant), has been transmitted by the said Lord Bishop to us for our consideration.

"The representation and scheme of the said Lord Bishop and the consents before referred to are hereunto annexed.

"And we, the said Archbishop, being, on full consideration and inquiry, satisfied with the said scheme, do hereby, pursuant to the said Act of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, certify the same and such consents as aforesaid, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for carrying the said scheme into effect.

"As witness our hands this sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"*A. C. Cantuar.*"

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said scheme of the said Lord Bishop of Bangor be carried into effect.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," after reciting that "Whereas, in some instances, tithings, hamlets, chapelries, and other places or districts may be separated from the parishes or mother churches to which they belong, with great advantage, and places altogether extra-parochial may in some instances with advantage be annexed to parishes or districts to which they are contiguous, or be constituted separate parishes for ecclesiastical purposes," it is, amongst other things, enacted "That when, with respect to his own diocese, it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, or when the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said archbishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place or district within the diocese of such archbishop, or the diocese of such bishop, as the case may be, may be advantageously separated from any parish or mother church, and either be constituted a separate benefice by itself or be united to any other parish to which it may be more conveniently annexed, or to any other adjoining

"tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district, parochial or extra-parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or that any extra-parochial place may with advantage be annexed to any parish to which it is contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes; and the said archbishop or bishop shall draw up a scheme in writing (the scheme of such bishop to be transmitted to the said archbishop for his consideration), describing the mode in which it appears to him that the alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent-charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested; and if the patron or patrons of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such alteration shall consent in writing under his or their hands to such scheme, or to such modification thereof as the said archbishop may approve, and the said archbishop shall, on full consideration and inquiry, be satisfied with any such scheme, or modification thereof, and shall certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an Order for carrying such scheme, or modification thereof, as the case may be, into effect."

And whereas by another Act of Parliament, passed in the second and third years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the assignment of ecclesiastical districts to churches or chapels augmented by the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne; and for other purposes," it is, amongst other things, further enacted, "That when, by any Order of Her Majesty in Council as aforesaid, a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes is constituted, the same shall, on registration thereof, and with the consent in writing of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be thereby affected, become a perpetual curacy and benefice, and the minister thereof, duly nominated and licensed thereto, and his successors, shall be a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, and may receive and take to himself and his successor all such lands, tenements, tithes, rent-charges and hereditaments as shall be granted unto him or them, and such perpetual curate shall thenceforth have, within the limits of the district parish formed under the Church Building Acts, for the church of such perpetual curacy, sole and exclusive cure of souls, and shall not in anywise be subject to the control or interference of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such Order, if he or they shall have consented to such Order as aforesaid; but if such incumbent or incumbents shall not have so consented thereto, this last-mentioned provision shall not come into operation until the next avoidance of the benefice by the incumbent objecting thereto, or by the surviving incumbent objecting, if more than one shall object thereto, and in such case the last-mentioned provision shall forthwith after such avoidance come into operation, and shall be binding on all persons whatsoever."

And whereas the Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol hath represented to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, that a certain place or district known by the name of Downend, within the diocese of the said Lord Bishop, may be advantageously separated from the parish of

Mangotsfield, in the same diocese, within which it lies, and constituted a separate parish or benefice for ecclesiastical purposes; and that a certain other place or district, known by the name of Hopewell Hill, within the said diocese, may be advantageously separated from the said parish of Mangotsfield, within which it lies, and be united to the parish of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton, within the said diocese, and that a certain other place or district, situate within the said parish of Kingswood, consisting of a triangular piece of ground, may be advantageously separated from the said parish of Kingswood, and be united to the said parish of Mangotsfield. And the said Lord Bishop hath drawn up such a scheme, in writing, as in the firstly hereinbefore recited Act is mentioned, and hath transmitted the same to the said Lord Archbishop, together with the consents, in writing, of the patrons and incumbents of the said benefices of Mangotsfield and Kingswood respectively to such schemes, which said representation, scheme, and consents, are in the words and figures respectively following, that is to say:—

"To the Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, by Divine Providence, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury.

"I, the Right Reverend Charles John, Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, do hereby represent to your Grace that there are in the county of Gloucester, and my diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, the vicarage of Mangotsfield and the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton.

"That there is situate within the parish of Mangotsfield aforesaid, a place, district, or village known by the name of Downend, in which village there is a consecrated church or chapel forming a chapel of ease to the mother church of Mangotsfield aforesaid.

"That there is also situate within the said parish of Mangotsfield a place or district known as Hopewell Hill, consisting of a strip of ground or territory running into the said parish of Kingswood aforesaid.

"That there is situate within the said parish of Kingswood a place or district consisting of a triangular piece of ground or territory, bounded on the east and west sides by portions of the said parish of Mangotsfield.

"That the population of the said parish of Mangotsfield, according to the census of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, amounts to four thousand five hundred and thirty-three; and the population of the said parish of Kingswood, according to the same census, amounts to five thousand two hundred and nine.

"That the annual value of the said vicarage of Mangotsfield is three hundred and twenty pounds seven shillings and two pence, arising partly from an augmentation grant made by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, partly from certain yearly rents-charge arising out of hereditaments in the counties of Gloucester and Somerset, partly from interest on a sum of money in the hands of the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne, partly from pew rents in respect of pews or sittings in the said chapel of Downend, and partly from surplice fees.

"That there is no glebe house or glebe land belonging to the said vicarage.

"That the annual value of the said vicarage of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton, is three hundred pounds, arising partly from an augmentation fund made by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and partly from a charge

of ten pounds on the vicarage of Bitton, and partly from the surplice fees, and partly from a parliamentary grant made at the first constitution of the benefice.

"That the patronage of the said vicarage of Mangotsfield belongs to the Reverend Alfred Peache, of Mangotsfield aforesaid, Clerk, and the said Alfred Peache is also the present incumbent of the said vicarage; and the patronage of the said vicarage of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton, belongs to me, in right of the see of Gloucester and Bristol, and the Reverend John Teague is the present incumbent of the last-mentioned vicarage.

"That it appears to me that all that portion of the parish of Mangotsfield which is divided from the remainder of the parish by the Westerleigh-road, commencing at the Folly Public-house, to Stockwell Hill, by the road leading to Mangotsfield Common, and by the stream leading to Hill House, and by the north and west boundaries of Hill House Park, and which is divided from the said parish of Kingswood by another stream, and which extends as far as Hopewell Hill (such portion comprising the village and chapel of Downend aforesaid, and containing a population of about three thousand five hundred persons), may, under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of Her present Majesty, chapter 106, and the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter 49, be advantageously constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes, and a perpetual curacy and benefice.

"That it also appears to me that all that portion of the said parish of Mangotsfield known as Hopewell Hill, hereinbefore described or referred to, and containing a population of about three hundred persons, may, under the provisions of the first-mentioned Act of Parliament, be advantageously separated from the said parish of Mangotsfield, and annexed to the said parish of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton.

"That it also appears to me that all that portion of the said parish of Kingswood which is hereinbefore described or referred to, and containing a population of about six hundred persons, may, under the provisions of the said first-mentioned Act of Parliament, be advantageously separated from the said parish of Kingswood, and annexed to the said parish of Mangotsfield.

"That, pursuant to the direction contained in the twenty-sixth section of the said first-mentioned Act of Parliament, I, the said Lord Bishop, have prepared the following scheme, describing the mode in which it appears to me that the proposed alterations may best be effected, which scheme I do submit to your Grace, together with the contents, in writing, of the said Alfred Peache, as the patron and vicar of the said vicarage of Mangotsfield, and of myself, as patron of the said vicarage of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton, and of the said John Teague, as the vicar thereof.

"The Scheme hereinbefore referred to.

"The portion of the parish of Mangotsfield which comprises the village and chapel of Downend is bounded, as hereinbefore described, and is delineated on the map hereunto annexed and thereon coloured green, to be constituted a separate parish and benefice for ecclesiastical purposes, and a perpetual curacy and benefice, under the style of the Perpetual Curacy of Downend.

"The portion of the said parish of Mangotsfield known as Hopewell Hill aforesaid, and de-

lined on the said map and thereon coloured yellow, to be separated from the said parish of Mangotsfield, and to be annexed to and deemed part and parcel of the said parish of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton, for ecclesiastical purposes.

"The portion of the said parish of Kingswood before described or referred to, and delineated on the said map and thereon coloured blue, to be separated from the said parish of Kingswood, and to be annexed to and be deemed part and parcel of the said parish of Mangotsfield for ecclesiastical purposes.

"The incumbent to be licensed and admitted to the said perpetual curacy and benefice of Downend shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the same.

"The portion of the parish of Mangotsfield proposed to be annexed to the parish of Kingswood to be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said vicarage of Kingswood, and the vicar of Kingswood to have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the same.

"The portion of the said parish of Kingswood proposed to be annexed to the parish of Mangotsfield to be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said vicarage of Mangotsfield, and the vicar of Mangotsfield to have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the same.

"The present annual value or income of the vicarage of Mangotsfield, to be apportioned between the said vicarage and the intended new benefice of Downend, as follows:—

To the Incumbent of Mangotsfield :		£	s.	d.
One-half of augmentation grant of £132 13s. 4d. per annum, made by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners to the Vicar	...	66	6	8
Rent-charge issuing out of Rangeworthy Farm, in the county of Gloucester	...	24	0	0
Rents-charge issuing out of an Estate known as Wadham Estate, in the parish of Mangotsfield	...	13	0	0
		<hr/>		
		£103	6	8

To the Incumbent of Downend :		£	s.	d.
One-half of the said augmentation grant of £132 13s. 4d. per annum, made by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners	...	66	6	8
Rent-charge issuing out of Estate at Kingston Seymour, in the county of Somerset	...	30	0	0
Interest on £1189 16s. 11d., Three per Cents., held by Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty	...	35	13	10
		<hr/>		
		£132	0	4

"One moiety of the income of the capital sum of six thousand pounds, made up of the benefactions of two thousand five hundred pounds, lately given by the said Alfred Peache, five hundred pounds given by the Right Honourable Stephen Cave, and three thousand pounds granted or promised by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, to belong and be paid to the incumbent of Mangotsfield, and the remaining moiety of such income to belong and be paid to the incumbent of the new benefice or perpetual curacy of Downend.

"Baptisms, christenings, marriages, and burials of any inhabitants of the said proposed new parish of Downend, to be performed in the said church or chapel of Downend, and the burial ground thereto belonging, and the fees for all

such offices performed, and all ecclesiastical dues, offerings, and other emoluments arising from, or in respect of, the said proposed new parish, to belong and be payable to the incumbent of Downend.

"Baptisms, christenings, marriages, and burials of any inhabitants of the portion of the said parish of Mangotsfield proposed to be annexed to the said parish of Kingswood, to be performed in the parish church of Kingswood, and the burial ground thereto belonging, and the fees for all such offices performed, and all ecclesiastical dues, offerings, and other emoluments arising from or in respect of the same portion to belong and be payable to the vicar of Kingswood.

"Baptisms, christenings, marriages, and burials of any inhabitants of the portion of the said parish of Kingswood proposed to be annexed to the said parish of Mangotsfield, to be performed in the parish church of Mangotsfield, and the fees for all such offices performed, and all ecclesiastical dues, offerings, and other emoluments arising from or in respect of the same portion, to belong and be payable to the vicar of Mangotsfield.

"The inhabitants of the proposed new parish of Downend to be entitled to sittings and accommodation in the said church or chapel of Downend, and to cease to be entitled to any sittings or accommodation in the parish church of Mangotsfield.

"The inhabitants of the portion of the said parish of Mangotsfield proposed to be annexed to the said parish of Kingswood to be entitled, in common with the remaining inhabitants of the same parish of Kingswood, to sittings and accommodation in the parish church of Kingswood, and to cease to be entitled to any sittings or accommodation in the parish church of Mangotsfield.

"The inhabitants of the portion of the said parish of Kingswood proposed to be annexed to the said parish of Mangotsfield to be entitled, in common with the remaining inhabitants of the same parish of Mangotsfield, to sittings and accommodation in the parish church of Mangotsfield, and to cease to be entitled to any sittings or accommodation in the parish church of Kingswood.

"The patronage of the said intended new parish and benefice of Downend to be vested in the said Alfred Peache, his heirs and assigns.

"Given under my hand, this second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

" *C. J. Gloucester and Bristol.*

" *Consents.*

"We, the Reverend Alfred Peache, of Mangotsfield, in the county of Gloucester and diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, Clerk in Holy Orders, the patron of the vicarage of Mangotsfield aforesaid, and vicar of the said vicarage, the Right Reverend Father in God, Charles John, Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, the patron of the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton, in the same county and diocese, and the Reverend John Teague, the vicar of the said vicarage or perpetual curacy of Kingswood aforesaid, do hereby respectively signify our consent to the scheme above proposed and set forth, and to every matter and thing therein contained.

"As witness our hands, this second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

" *Alfred Peache.*

" *C. J. Gloucester and Bristol.*

" *John Teague.*"

And whereas the said Lord Archbishop being, on full consideration and enquiry, satisfied with such scheme, hath certified the same and such consents as aforesaid by his report to Her Majesty in Council, dated the sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, which report is in the words and figures following: that is to say:

"To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby report to your Majesty in Council, that the Right Reverend Charles John, Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, has represented unto us (amongst other things):

"That there are in the county of Gloucester, and diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, the vicarage of Mangotsfield, and the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton.

"That there is situate within the parish of Mangotsfield aforesaid a place, district, or village known by the name of Downend, in which village there is a consecrated church or chapel forming a chapel of ease to the mother church of Mangotsfield aforesaid.

"That it appears to the said Lord Bishop, that a certain portion of the parish of Mangotsfield, particularly described in the said representation (such portion comprising the village and chapel of Downend aforesaid, and containing a population of about three thousand five hundred persons), may, under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, chapter 106, and of the second and third years of your Majesty's reign, chapter 49, be advantageously constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes, and a perpetual curacy and benefice.

"That it also appears to the said Lord Bishop that a further portion of the said parish of Mangotsfield, also particularly described in the said representation, may, under the provisions of the said first-mentioned Act of Parliament, be advantageously separated from the said parish of Mangotsfield, and annexed to the said parish of Kingswood, otherwise Holy Trinity, Bitton.

"That it also appears to the said Lord Bishop that a portion of the said parish of Kingswood, also particularly described in the said representation, may, under the provisions of the said first-mentioned Act of Parliament, be advantageously separated from the said parish of Kingswood, and annexed to the said parish of Mangotsfield.

"That the said Lord Bishop has drawn up a scheme, in writing, describing the mode in which it appears to him that the proposed alterations may best be affected, and how the changes consequent on such alterations in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested, which scheme, together with the consent thereto of the patrons and incumbents of the said vicarage of Mangotsfield and vicarage or perpetual curacy of Kingswood has been transmitted by the said Lord Bishop to us for our consideration.

"The representation and scheme of the said Lord Bishop and the consent before referred to are hereunto annexed.

"And we, the said Archbishop, being on full consideration and enquiry satisfied with the said scheme, do hereby, pursuant to the said Act of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, certify the same and such consent as aforesaid,

to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an order for carrying the said scheme into effect.

"As witness our hand, this sixteenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"A. C. Cantuar."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said scheme of the said Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol be carried into effect.

Arthur Helps.

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the bishop of any diocese, or by the bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in his or their diocese or dioceses, being either in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such inquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty, as hereinafter directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation, to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make and issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council

"to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons, if there be more than one patron, shall present or nominate to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant."

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a certificate, in writing, bearing date the fourteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say:

"To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, Primate of all England and Metropolitan, do hereby certify to your Majesty in Council, that the Right Reverend Alfred, Lord Bishop of Llandaff (as Bishop of the diocese within which are situate the perpetual curacy of Bishton, and the rectory of Llanwern, both in the county of Monmouth), having represented unto us that the said benefices being contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population does not exceed one hundred and sixty-four persons, might, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, we inquired into the circumstances of the case; that on such inquiry it appeared to us that such union might be usefully made, and would not be of inconvenient extent, and that the Venerable Henry Lynch Blossie, archdeacon of the archdeaconry of Llandaff, being, as such archdeacon, the patron or person entitled to present to the said benefice of Bishton, which is now vacant, and George Grey Rous, of Courtyrala, near Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, Esquire, being the patron or person entitled to present to the said benefice of Llanwern, if the same were now vacant, have signified their consent, in writing, to the union of the said benefices into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes, and that the patronage of such united benefice shall be exercised in manner hereinafter proposed; that six weeks and upwards before certifying such inquiry and consent to your Majesty in Council, we caused copies, in writing, of the aforesaid representation of the said Lord Bishop to be affixed on the principal outer door of the parish church of each of the said benefices, with notice to any person or persons interested that he, she, or they might, within such six weeks, show cause, in writing, under his, her, or their hand or hands, to us, the said Archbishop, against such union, and no such cause has been shown; the representation of the said Lord Bishop of Llandaff, our inquiry into the circumstances of the case, the statement of circumstances in reply thereto, the consent, in writing, of the patron, and the copies of the representation and notice before mentioned, are hereunto annexed:—And we do hereby certify the enquiry and consent aforesaid to your Majesty in Council, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for uniting the said benefices into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only, and for declaring that the patronage of such united benefice, when and as the same shall from time to time become vacant, shall for ever hereafter be exercised alternately by the archdeacon for the time being of the archdeaconry of Llandaff and by the said George Grey Rous, his heirs and assigns; the first turn or right of presentation or nomination to be

exercised by the archdeacon for the time being of the said archdeaconry.

"As witness our hand, this fourteenth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"A. C. Cantuar."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the perpetual curacy of Bishton, in the county of Monmouth, and diocese of Llandaff, and the rectory of Llanwynn, in the same county and diocese, be united into one benefice, with the cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only. And Her Majesty doth hereby direct, that the patronage of such united benefice, when and as the same shall from time to time become vacant, shall for ever hereafter be exercised alternately by the archdeacon for the time being of the archdeaconry of Llandaff and by the said George Grey Rous, his heirs and assigns; the first turn or right of presentation or nomination to be exercised by the archdeacon for the time being of the said archdeaconry.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," after reciting that "Whereas, in some instances, tithings, hamlets, chapeltries, and other places or districts may be separated from the parishes or mother churches to which they belong with great advantage, and places altogether extra-parochial may in some instances with advantage be annexed to parishes or districts to which they are contiguous, or be constituted separate parishes for ecclesiastical purposes," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That when, with respect to his own diocese, it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, or when the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said archbishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district within the diocese of such archbishop, or the diocese of such bishop, as the case may be, may be advantageously separated from any parish or mother church, and either be constituted a separate benefice by itself or be united to any other parish to which it may be more conveniently annexed, or to any other adjoining tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district, parochial or extra-parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or that any extra-parochial place may with advantage be annexed to any parish to which it is contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes; and the said archbishop or bishop shall draw up a scheme in writing (the scheme of such bishop to be transmitted to the said archbishop for his consideration), describing the mode in which it appears to him that the alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent-charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and

rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested; and if the patron or patrons of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such alteration shall consent in writing under his or their hands to such scheme, or to such modification thereof as the said Archbishop may approve, and the said Archbishop shall, on full consideration and inquiry, be satisfied with any such scheme, or modification thereof, and shall certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an Order for carrying such scheme, or modification thereof, as the case may be, into effect."

And whereas by another Act of Parliament, passed in the second and third years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the assignment of ecclesiastical districts to churches or chapels augmented by the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne; and for other purposes," it is, amongst other things, further enacted, "That when, by any Order of Her Majesty in Council as aforesaid, a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes is constituted, the same shall, on registration thereof, and with the consent in writing of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be thereby affected, become a perpetual curacy and benefice, and the minister thereof, duly nominated and licensed thereto, and his successors, shall be a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, and may receive and take to himself and his successors all such lands, tenements, tithes, rent-charges, and hereditaments as shall be granted unto him or them, and such perpetual curate shall thenceforth have, within the limits of the district parish formed under the Church Building Acts, for the church of such perpetual curacy, sole and exclusive cure of souls, and shall not in anywise be subject to the control or interference of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such Order, if he or they shall have consented to such Order as aforesaid; but if such incumbent or incumbents shall not have so consented thereto, this last-mentioned provision shall not come into operation until the next avoidance of the benefice by the incumbent objecting thereto, or by the surviving incumbent objecting, if more than one shall object thereto, and in such case the last-mentioned provision shall forthwith after such avoidance come into operation, and shall be binding on all persons whatsoever."

And whereas the Lord Bishop of Lincoln hath represented to His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, that a part of a certain extra-parochial place known by the name of Revesby, in the diocese of the said Bishop, may be advantageously united to the parish of Wilksby, in the same diocese, to which it is contiguous, and the said Lord Bishop hath drawn up such a scheme, in writing, as in the firstly hereinbefore recited Act is mentioned, and hath transmitted the same to the said Lord Archbishop, together with the consent, in writing, of the patron of the said benefice of Wilksby (such benefice being now void of an incumbent), to such scheme, which said representation, scheme, and consent, are in the words and figures respectively following that is to say:—

"To the Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

"I, the Right Reverend Christopher, Lord Bishop of Lincoln, do hereby represent to your Grace, as follows:—That there is in the county:

and diocese of Lincoln the rectory and parish of Wilksby, to which is contiguous an extra-parochial place, known by the name of Revesby.

"That the population of the said parish of Wilksby, according to the census of 1871, amounts to 73 persons.

"That there is a church in the said parish of Wilksby affording accommodation for about 60 persons.

"That there is no house of residence belonging to the said benefice of Wilksby.

"That the parish church of Wilksby is distant from the most remote part of that portion of the said extra-parochial place of Revesby, which it is hereinafter proposed should be annexed to the said parish of Wilksby, about two (2) miles.

"That the annual value of the said rectory of Wilksby is £220, or thereabouts.

"That the population of that part of the said extra-parochial place called Revesby, which it is hereinafter proposed should be annexed to the said parish of Wilksby, is fifteen (15) persons.

"That there is no church or chapel within the limits of the said extra-parochial place called Revesby, excepting a private chapel the property of James Banks Stanhope, Esquire, the owner of the said extra-parochial place.

"That the inhabitants of the said extra-parochial place have no right to any pew or sitting in any church or chapel.

"That it appears to me that that portion of the said extra-parochial place called Revesby, which is comprised within the yellow outline on the map or plan hereunto appended, and which is particularly described in the subjoined scheme, may, under the provisions of the Act of Parliament of the 1st and 2nd years of Her present Majesty's reign, chapter 106, and the 2nd and 3rd years of Her said Majesty, chapter 49, be advantageously annexed to the said parish of Wilksby for ecclesiastical purposes, and in pursuance of the direction contained on the 26th section of the said first-mentioned Act of Parliament, I, the said Christopher, Lord Bishop of Lincoln, have drawn up the following scheme, describing the mode in which it appears to me that the alteration above proposed may be best effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, payments, and rights to pews may be made with justice to all parties interested. And I do submit the same to your Grace, together with the consent in writing of James Banks Stanhope, of Revesby Abbey, in the said county, Esquire, the patron of the said rectory of Wilksby, which is now vacant, to the intent that your Grace may, if on full consideration and enquiry you shall be satisfied with the said scheme, certify the same and such consent to Her Majesty in Council.

"Scheme.

"That all that part of the said extra-parochial place called Revesby, which is comprised within the yellow outline on the map or plan hereunto appended, and which is bounded on the north by Moorby Claxby and Miningsby Beck, dividing it from the parishes of Claxby and Moorby, on the east by a field called the Black Wong, in the parish of Miningsby, on the south by Terracelane and a portion of a highway from Revesby and Moorby dividing it from plantations in Revesby called the Wilksby plantation and Abbey plantation, and on the west by the Moorby-road dividing it from Wilksby parish, be annexed to the said rectory and parish of Wilksby aforesaid, for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said rectory of Wilksby now is.

No. 24095.

C

"That the rector of Wilksby shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of that portion of the said extra-parochial place called Revesby so proposed to be annexed to the said parish of Wilksby as aforesaid.

"That all fees and other ecclesiastical dues and payments for churchings, marriages, burials, and other ecclesiastical offices solemnized and performed within the said parish of Wilksby, in respect of that part of the said extra-parochial place so proposed to be annexed as aforesaid, shall belong to the incumbent, clerk, and sexton respectively of the said parish.

"That the inhabitants of that part of the said extra-parochial place so proposed to be annexed as aforesaid, shall, in common with the other parishioners of the said parish of Wilksby, be entitled to accommodation in the said church of Wilksby, and be liable, subject to the provisions of the Church Rate Abolition Act, to repair the said parish church of Wilksby.

"Given under my hand the 5th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

"C. Lincoln.

"Consent.

"I, James Banks Stanhope, of Revesby Abbey, in the county of Lincoln, Esquire, the patron or person entitled to present or nominate to the said rectory of Wilksby, the same being now vacant, do hereby signify my consent to the scheme above proposed and set forth, and to every matter and thing therein contained.

"Witness my hand this 5th day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

"J. Banks Stanhope."

And whereas the said Lord Archbishop being on full consideration and inquiry satisfied with such scheme, hath certified the same and such consent as aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council by his report dated the twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, which report is in the words and figures following (that is to say):—

"To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby report to your Majesty in Council, that the Right Reverend Christopher, Lord Bishop of Lincoln, has represented unto us (amongst other things):

"That there is in the county and diocese of Lincoln the rectory and parish of Wilksby, to which is contiguous an extra-parochial place known by the name of Revesby;

"That it appears to the said Lord Bishop, that under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, chapter 106, and of the second and third years of your Majesty's said reign, chapter 49, a part of the said extra-parochial place called Revesby referred to in the said representation may be advantageously annexed for ecclesiastical purposes to the parish of Wilksby;

"That the said Lord Bishop has drawn up a scheme, in writing, describing the mode in which it appears to him the proposed alterations may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alterations in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested, which scheme, together with the consent thereto in

writing of the patron of the said benefice of Wilksby (the same benefice being now void of an incumbent) has been transmitted by the said Lord Bishop to us for our consideration ;

“The representation and scheme of the said Lord Bishop, and the consent before referred to, are hereunto annexed ;

“And we, the said Archbishop, being, on full consideration and inquiry, satisfied with the said scheme, do hereby, pursuant to the said Act of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for carrying the said scheme into effect.

“As witness our hand, this twentieth day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

“A. C. Cantuar.”

Now therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that such scheme be carried into effect.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled “An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy,” it is, amongst other things, enacted, “That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the bishop of any diocese, or by the bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in his or their diocese or dioceses, being either in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case ; and if on such inquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty, as herein after directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation, to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or

“their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union ; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only ; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons, if there be more than one patron, shall present or nominate to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant.”

And whereas by an Act passed in the thirteenth and fourteenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled “An Act to amend the law relating to the holding of benefices in plurality,” it is, amongst other things, recited that, “whereas in the said recited Act a provision is contained authorizing the union by Order of Her Majesty in Council, after such enquiry and notice and with such consent, and upon such certificate as therein mentioned, of two or more benefices, or of one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in the same parish or contiguous to each other, of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds : Be it enacted, that the said provision of the said Act shall extend and be applicable to and for the union of two or more benefices or one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, notwithstanding the aggregate yearly value shall exceed five hundred pounds in like manner, and with the like preliminaries and consequences, as if the words ‘and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds’ had not been inserted in the provision lastly hereinbefore referred to : Provided always, that it shall be lawful for the bishop to direct that there shall be two full services in each church of such consolidated livings.”

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a certificate, in writing, bearing date the seventeenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, in the words and figures following ; that is to say :—

“To the QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

“We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby, in pursuance of the Acts of Parliament made and passed in the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, c. 106, and the thirteenth and fourteenth years of your Majesty's reign, c. 98, certify to your Majesty in Council that the Right Reverend Edward Harold, Lord Bishop of Ely, having represented to us that the rectory of Duxford Saint Peter and the vicarage of Duxford Saint John, both in the county of Cambridge, and diocese of Ely, being in the same parish, and of which parish the population is 841, and which two benefices are of the aggregate yearly value of £613, might, with advantage to the interests of

religion, be united into one benefice, we enquired into the circumstances of the case; that on such enquiry, it appeared to us that such union might be usefully made, and would not be of inconvenient extent, and that the Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Clare College, in the University of Cambridge, patrons of the said benefices of Duxford Saint Peter and Duxford Saint John, were consenting to such union; that six weeks and upwards before certifying such enquiry and consent to your Majesty in Council, we caused a copy, in writing, of the representation of the said Lord Bishop to be affixed on the principal outer door of the church of each of such benefices, with notice to any person or persons interested that he, she, or they might, within such six weeks, show cause, in writing, to us, the said Archbishop, against such union; that no sufficient cause has been shown; the representation of the said Lord Bishop of Ely, our enquiry into the circumstances of the case, the statement of the circumstances in reply thereto, the consent of the patrons of the said benefices, and the copies of the representation and notice affixed to the principal outer door of the church of each of such benefices, are hereto annexed.

"And we do certify the enquiry and consent aforesaid, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, if your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for the uniting the rectory of Duxford Saint Peter and the vicarage of Duxford Saint John into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only.

"As witness our hand this seventeenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine.
"A. C. Cantuar."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, and doth hereby order, that the said rectory of Duxford Saint Peter and the said vicarage of Duxford Saint John shall be united into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only.

Arthur Helps.

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled, "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," after reciting that "Whereas, in some instances, tithings, hamlets, chapelries, and other places or districts, may be separated from the parishes or mother churches to which they belong, with great advantage, and places altogether extra-parochial may in some instances with advantage be annexed to parishes or districts to which they are contiguous, or be constituted separate parishes for ecclesiastical purposes," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That when with respect to his own diocese, it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, or when the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said archbishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place or district within the diocese of such archbishop, or the diocese of such bishop, as the case may be, may be advantageously separated from any parish or mother church, and either be consti-

tuted a separate benefice by itself or be united to any other parish to which it may be more conveniently annexed, or to any other adjoining tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district, parochial or extra-parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or that any extra-parochial place may with advantage be annexed to any parish to which it is contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes; and the said archbishop or bishop shall draw up a scheme in writing (the scheme of such bishop to be transmitted to the said archbishop for his consideration), describing the mode in which it appears to him that the alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent-charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested; and if the patron or patrons of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such alteration shall consent in writing under his or their hands to such scheme, or to such modification thereof as the said archbishop may approve, and the said archbishop shall, on full consideration and inquiry, be satisfied with any such scheme or modification thereof, and shall certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an Order for carrying such scheme or modification thereof, as the case may be, into effect."

And whereas by another Act of Parliament, passed in the second and third years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the assignment of ecclesiastical districts to churches or chapels augmented by the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne; and for other purposes," it is, amongst other things, further enacted, "That when, by any Order of Her Majesty in Council as aforesaid, a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes is constituted, the same shall, on registration thereof, and with the consent in writing of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be thereby affected, become a perpetual curacy and benefice, and the minister thereof, duly nominated and licensed thereto, and his successors, shall be a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, and may receive and take to himself and his successors, all such lands, tenements, tithes, rent-charges, and hereditaments as shall be granted unto him or them, and such perpetual curate shall thenceforth have, within the limits of the district parish formed under the Church Building Acts, for the church of such perpetual curacy, sole and exclusive cure of souls, and shall not in anywise be subject to the control or interference of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such Order, if he or they shall have consented to such Order as aforesaid; but if such incumbent or incumbents shall not have so consented thereto, this last-mentioned provision shall not come into operation until the next avoidance of the benefice by the incumbent objecting thereto, or by the surviving incumbent objecting, if more than one shall object thereto, and in such case the last-mentioned provision shall forthwith after such avoidance come into operation, and shall be binding on all persons whatsoever."

And whereas the Lord Bishop of Winchester hath represented to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, that two portions of the parish of St. James, West End, in the county of Southamp-

ton, and in the diocese of the said Bishop respectively, known by the names of Long Common and Botley Gate, and that a portion of the parish of Shidfield, in the said county and diocese, known as Steeple Court, may respectively be advantageously separated from the said parishes of St. James West End, and Shidfield, to which they respectively belong, and be respectively united to the parish of Botley, in the same county and diocese to which they respectively are contiguous; and the said Lord Bishop hath drawn up such a scheme in writing, as in the firstly hereinbefore recited Act is mentioned, and hath transmitted the same to the said Lord Archbishop, with the consents in writing of the patrons and incumbents of the said benefices of Botley, St. James West End, and Shidfield respectively to such scheme, which said representation, scheme, and consents, are in the words and figures respectively following:—

“To the Right Honorable and Most Reverend Archibald Campbell Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England and Metropolitan.

“I, the undersigned Edward Harold, Lord Bishop of Winchester, do, in pursuance of the 26th section of the Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the 1st and 2nd years of your Majesty's reign, chapter 106, represent to your grace—

“That there are in the county of Southampton and diocese of Winchester the rectory of the parish church of Botley, the vicarage or perpetual curacy of St. James West End, and the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Shidfield.

“That contiguous to the parish of Botley are two portions of the parish of St. James West End, known as Long Common and Botley Gate (shown on the plan hereunto annexed by the colour yellow), and a portion of the parish of Shidfield, known as Steeple Court (shown on the plan hereunto annexed by the colour pink), the limits and boundaries whereof respectively are well known and defined.

“That the population of the said parish of Botley is nine hundred and ninety; the joint population of the said two portions of the parish of Saint James West End, known as Long Common and Botley Gate, is one hundred and thirteen; and the population of the said portion of the parish of Shidfield, known as Steeple Court, is fourteen.

“That the persons residing within Long Common and Botley Gate are at a distance of from two to three miles from West End Church, and are at a distance of from one quarter of a mile to one mile from Botley Church, and the persons residing within Steeple Court are within about half a mile of the parish church of Botley, and are four miles or thereabouts from the parish church of Shidfield.

“That the parish church of Botley contains sufficient accommodation for the inhabitants of the said several places of Long Common, Botley Gate, and Steeple Court, in addition to the inhabitants of its own parish.

“That the Reverend John Morley Lee is the patron and incumbent of the said rectory of Botley, the Reverend Albert Basil Orme Wilberforce, rector of the parish church of St. Mary Southampton, is the patron in right of his said rectory of the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Saint James West End, and the Reverend James William Hatherej is the vicar or perpetual curate of the said vicarage or perpetual curacy, and the Reverend Stephen Bridge, Clerk, rector of the parish church of Droxford, is the patron in right of his said rectory of the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Shidfield, and

the Reverend William Bray is the vicar or perpetual curate of the same vicarage or perpetual curacy, all of whom consent to the scheme herein-after proposed.

“That it appears to me that the said two portions of the parish of St. James West End and the portion of the parish of Shidfield, hereinbefore referred to, may be advantageously separated from the parishes to which they respectively belong, and may be together united for ecclesiastical purposes to the said parish of Botley.

“That pursuant to the directions contained in the Act of Parliament of the 1st and 2nd years of your Majesty's reign, chapter 106, I have prepared a scheme in writing, appended to this representation, describing the mode in which it appears to me that the alterations above proposed may be best effected, and how the changes consequent thereon in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews may be made with justice to all parties interested to the intent that your Grace may, if on full consideration and inquiry you shall be satisfied with such scheme, certify the same and the consents hereinbefore referred to to Her Majesty in Council.

“The Scheme referred to in the foregoing Report:—

“That the two portions of the parish of St. James West End, known respectively as Long Common and Botley Gate, and that portion of the parish of Shidfield known as Steeple Court, shall be separated from the parishes to which they respectively belong and be together annexed for ecclesiastical purposes to the parish of Botley.

“That the said portions of the said parish of St. James West End and the said portion of the parish of Shidfield so separated and annexed as aforesaid shall be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the benefice of Botley, and the incumbent of the last-mentioned benefice shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the places so annexed to his said benefice.

“That all fees and payments arising from churchings, marriages, and burials, and for all other Ecclesiastical offices solemnized and performed in respect of the said places so annexed to the said parish of Botley shall belong to and be received by the incumbent of the benefice of Botley, but no change shall be made by this scheme in regard to glebe lands, tithes, rent charges, or other endowments belonging to either of the benefices of St. James West End or Shidfield.

“That no alteration shall be made in the patronage of either one of the said benefices.

“That the inhabitants of the said places so separated and annexed as aforesaid shall cease to be entitled to accommodation in the parish churches of West End and Shidfield respectively, and shall be entitled to accommodation in the parish church of Botley.

“Given under my hand the twelfth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

“E. H. Winton.”

“Consents.

“I, the Reverend John Morley Lee, Clerk, of Botley, in the county of Southampton, the patron and also the incumbent of the rectory of the parish church of Botley aforesaid, I, the Reverend Albert Basil Orme Wilberforce, Clerk, rector of the parish church of St. Mary, Southampton, the patron in right of my said rectory, of the vicarage or perpetual curacy of St. James, West End, in

the said county of Southampton, I, the Reverend James William Hatherell, Clerk, vicar or perpetual curate of the vicarage or perpetual curacy of West End, I, the Reverend Stephen Bridge, Clerk, rector of the parish church of Droxford, the patron in right of my said rectory, of the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Shidfield, in the said county of Southampton, and I, the Reverend William Bray, Clerk, vicar or perpetual curate of the last-mentioned vicarage or perpetual curacy, do hereby respectively assent to the foregoing report and scheme.

"Dated this fifth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"John Morley Lea.
"Albert Basil Orma Wilberforce.
"James Williams Hatherell.
"Stephen Bridge.
"William Bray."

And whereas the said Lord Archbishop being on full consideration and enquiry satisfied with such scheme, hath certified the same, and such consents as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, dated the 30th day of March, 1874, which report is in the words following:—

"To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby report to your Majesty in Council that the Right Reverend Edward Harold, Lord Bishop of Winchester, has represented unto us (amongst other things):

"That there are in the county of Southampton, and diocese of Winchester, the rectory of the parish church of Botley, the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Saint James, West End, and the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Shidfield.

"That contiguous to the parish of Botley are two portions of the parish of Saint James, West End, known as 'Long Common' and 'Botley Gate,' and a portion of the parish of Shidfield known as 'Steeple Court,' the limits and boundaries whereof respectively are well known and defined.

"That it appears to the said Lord Bishop that the said two portions of the parish of Saint James, West End, and a portion of the parish of Shidfield referred to in the said representation, may be advantageously separated from the parishes to which they respectively belong, and may be together united for ecclesiastical purposes to the said parish of Botley.

"That the said Lord Bishop has drawn up a scheme, in writing, describing the mode in which it appears to him the proposed alterations may best be effected, and how the changes consequent upon such alterations in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested, which scheme, together with the consents thereto in writing of the patrons and incumbents of the said benefice of Botley, Saint James West End, and Shidfield, has been transmitted by the said Lord Bishop to us for our consideration.

"The representation and scheme of the said Lord Bishop and the consents before referred to are hereunto annexed.

"And we, the said Archbishop, being on full consideration and enquiry satisfied with the said scheme, do hereby, pursuant to the said Act of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, certify the same and such consents as aforesaid, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to

do, make and issue an order for carrying the said scheme into effect.

"As witness our hand, this thirtieth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"A. C. Cantuar."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said scheme of the said Lord Bishop of Winchester be carried into effect.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," after reciting that "Whereas in some instances tithings, hamlets, chapelries, and other places or districts, may be separated from the parishes or mother churches to which they belong, with great advantage, and places altogether extra parochial may in some instances with advantage be annexed to parishes or districts to which they are contiguous, or be constituted separate parishes for ecclesiastical purposes," it is, amongst other things, enacted "That when with respect to his own diocese it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, or when the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said archbishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district within the diocese of such archbishop, or the diocese of such bishop, as the case may be, may be advantageously separated from any parish or mother church, and either be constituted a separate benefice by itself or be united to any other parish to which it may be more conveniently annexed, or to any other adjoining tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district, parochial or extra parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or that any extra parochial place may with advantage be annexed to any parish to which it is contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes; and the said archbishop or bishop shall draw up a scheme in writing (the scheme of such bishop to be transmitted to the said archbishop for his consideration) describing the mode in which it appears to him that the alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested; and if the patron or patrons of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such alteration shall consent in writing under his or their hands to such scheme, or to such modification thereof as the said archbishop may approve, and the said archbishop shall, on full consideration and enquiry, be satisfied with any such scheme, or modification thereof, and shall certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an Order for carrying such scheme, or modification thereof, as the case may be, into effect."

And whereas by another Act of Parliament, passed in the second and third years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the assignment of ecclesiastical districts to churches or chapels augmented by the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne; and for other purposes," it is, amongst other things, further enacted, "That when by any Order of Her Majesty in Council, as aforesaid, a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes is constituted, the same shall, on registration thereof, and with the consent, in writing, of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be thereby affected, become a perpetual curacy and benefice, and the minister thereof, duly nominated and licensed thereto, and his successors, shall be a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, and may receive and take to himself and his successors all such lands, tenements, tithes, rent charges, and hereditaments as shall be granted unto him or them, and such perpetual curate shall thenceforth have, within the limits of the district parish formed under the Church Building Acts, for the church of such perpetual curacy, sole and exclusive cure of souls, and shall not in anywise be subject to the control or interference of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such order, if he or they shall have consented to such order as aforesaid; but if such incumbent or incumbents shall not have so consented thereto, this last-mentioned provision shall not come into operation until the next avoidance of the benefice by the incumbent objecting thereto, or by the surviving incumbent objecting, if more than one shall object thereto, and in such case the last-mentioned provision shall forthwith after such avoidance come into operation, and shall be binding on all persons whatsoever."

And whereas the Lord Bishop of Lincoln hath represented to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury that a certain ancient parochial chapelry or township known by the name of Carlton-on-Trent, and situate within the parish of Norwell, in the county of Nottingham, and in the diocese of the said Bishop, may be advantageously separated from the said parish of Norwell, and constituted a separate benefice by itself for ecclesiastical purposes, by the style of the perpetual curacy of Carlton-on-Trent, and the said Lord Bishop hath drawn up such a scheme in writing as in the firstly hereinbefore recited Act is mentioned, and hath transmitted the same to the said Lord Archbishop, with the consent in writing of the patron of the said benefice of Norwell (such benefice being now vacant) to such scheme, which said representation scheme and consent are in the words and figures respectively following:

"To the Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

"I, the Right Reverend Christopher Lord Bishop of Lincoln, do hereby represent to your Grace that there is in the county of Nottingham and my diocese of Lincoln the vicarage and parish church of Norwell, to which belongs, amongst other places, the ancient parochial chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent, the boundaries whereof are well known and defined.

"1. That the population of the parish of Norwell according to the census of 1871, exclusive of the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent, amounts to 721 persons.

"2. That there is one church in the parish of Norwell affording accommodation for 320 persons or thereabouts.

"3. That the parish church of Norwell is distant from the chapel of Carlton-on-Trent two miles and a half.

"4. That the annual value of the said vicarage of Norwell, on an average of the last three years, exclusive of the approximate value of the vicarage house, garden, and premises, voluntary subscriptions and fees, and a grant from the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England of £100 per annum towards a stipend for a curate, is £397 16s. 1d., and that the sources from which such income is derived are as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
From land in Norwell, in the occupation of Mr. G. Esam	279	2	0
From corn rents from Willoughby (Mr. Curtis)	13	8	2
From corn rents from Willoughby (Mr. J. Harby)	7	6	2
From corn rents from Willoughby (Mr. J. Moore)	0	13	10
From corn rents from Willoughby (executors of W. Smith)	2	15	1
From corn rents from Willoughby (executors of W. Smith)	7	13	7
From land in Norwell in hand	6	0	0
From land in Carlton-on-Trent, in the occupation of T. Smith	60	7	3
From Ecclesiastical Commissioners	20	0	0
From Norwell Charity (for Ascension Day Sermon)	0	10	0
	£397	16	1

"5. That the said vicarage of Norwell is now vacant.

"6. That there is a glebe house or house of residence belonging to the said vicarage of Norwell, in which the incumbent has usually resided.

"7. That the population of the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent, according to the census of 1871, amounts to 222 persons.

"8. That there is one chapel or church in the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent, affording accommodation for about 204 persons.

"9. That the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent appears to have been from time immemorial and is now treated as a separate and distinct parish, for all civil purposes, and baptisms and churchings have been from time immemorial and are now performed in the said church or chapel of the said chapelry or township; that the present church or chapel of the said chapelry or township and the burial ground thereto belonging were consecrated on the 10th day of June, 1851, when it was rebuilt by the then Lord Bishop of Lincoln, and that since that date the inhabitants of the said chapelry or township have buried their dead in the said burial ground; that on the 21st day of September, 1859, a license was granted by the then Lord Bishop of Lincoln, under the provisions of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 6th and 7th years of the reign of his late Majesty King William IV, intituled "An Act for Marriages in England," authorizing the publication of banns of marriage and the solemnization of marriages in the said church or chapel, and that since that time banns of marriage have been published and marriages solemnized in the said church or chapel; that the said Chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent has its own churchwardens, overseers, and other parish officers, and is in no way connected with the said parish of Norwell in respect to rates of any kind.

"10. That it appears to me that the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent may, under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of her present Majesty, chapter 106, and the second and third years of her said

Majesty, chapter 49, be advantageously separated from the said parish and parish church of Norwell, and constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes, and a benefice by the style of the perpetual curacy of Carlton-on-Trent.

"11. That if the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent be separated from the said vicarage of Norwell, and so constituted a separate benefice, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have decided to make a grant to such perpetual curacy of such a sum per annum as will, with the income to be derived from the glebe land situate within the said chapelry, the rental of which now amounts to £60 7s. 3d., and by the scheme hereinafter referred to, proposed to be assigned and attached to the said proposed perpetual curacy, give to the incumbent thereof an income of £200 per annum; and the said Commissioners have also decided to make to the said proposed benefice of Carlton-on-Trent a grant of a capital sum of £1,500 towards providing a parsonage house for the said proposed benefice; such grants to be in lieu of the sum of £100 per annum, part of the sum now paid by the said Commissioners as a stipend for a curate for the said parish of Norwell.

"12. That pursuant to the direction contained in the 26th section of the said first-mentioned Act of Parliament, I, the said Lord Bishop, have drawn up a scheme in writing, appended to this representation describing the mode in which it appears to me that the alteration above proposed may be best effected and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews may be made with justice to all parties interested; and I do submit the same to your Grace, together with the consent in writing of the Right Reverend James, by Divine permission Lord Bishop of Manchester, the patron in right of his see, of the said vicarage of Norwell with the said chapelry. To the intent that your Grace may if on full consideration and inquiry you shall be satisfied with the said Scheme, certify the same and such consent to Her Majesty in Council.

"Scheme.

"1. That the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent be separated from the said vicarage and parish church of Norwell aforesaid, and be constituted a separate and distinct parish for ecclesiastical purposes, and a benefice by the name or style of 'The Perpetual Curacy of Carlton-on-Trent,' of which the church or chapel in the said chapelry or township shall be the parish church, and be and remain under the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said vicarage of Norwell now is.

"2. That the incumbent of Carlton-on-Trent shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the said proposed separate parish and benefice.

"3. That baptisms, churchings, marriages, and burials arising, happening, or accruing within the said proposed separate parish and benefice of Carlton-on-Trent shall be performed, celebrated, and take place in the chapel or church of Carlton-on-Trent and in the burial ground thereto belonging, and that the fees for all such and other ecclesiastical offices and all ecclesiastical dues, offerings, and other emoluments arising from or in respect of the said separate parish and benefice, and usually payable to the incumbent of a benefice, shall belong and be paid to the incumbent thereof.

"4. That the glebe lands, with the houses and buildings thereon, of and belonging to the said vicarage, situate in the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent, and now in the occupation of Thomas Smith, at the annual rent of £60 7s. 3d.,

which said lands are more particularly delineated and set forth in the map or plan hereunto annexed, and thereon coloured round with red, shall belong and be attached to the said proposed separate benefice of Carlton-on-Trent for ever, and be held and enjoyed by the incumbent thereof for the time being accordingly.

"5. That the inhabitants of the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent shall be exonerated from all liability to repair the parish church of Norwell, or any other church or chapel now or hereafter to be erected in the said parish, but shall be liable, subject to the provisions of 'The Compulsory Church Rate Abolition Act, 1868,' to repair the said church or chapel of Carlton-on-Trent.

"6. That the inhabitants of Carlton-on-Trent shall be entitled to resort to and attend the said church or chapel at Carlton-on-Trent aforesaid as their parish church, and be accommodated with sittings therein, but shall not henceforth be entitled to any accommodation in the Parish Church of Norwell aforesaid.

"7. That nothing herein contained shall affect or be construed to affect the right of patronage of the said benefice of Norwell, but that the same shall remain, continue, and be as it now is, and that the patronage of the said proposed benefice of Carlton-on-Trent shall be vested in the said Lord Bishop of Manchester and his successors for ever.

"Given under my hand this ninth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"C. Lincoln.

"Consent.

"I, the Right Reverend James by divine permission Lord Bishop of Manchester, in right of my See, the patron entitled to present to the vicarage of Norwell, with the chapelry of Carlton-on-Trent annexed, the same being now vacant, do hereby signify my consent to the scheme above proposed, and to every matter and thing therein contained.

"Witness my hand this thirteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"J. Manchester."

And whereas the said Lord Archbishop being, on full consideration and enquiry, satisfied with such scheme, hath certified the same and such consent as aforesaid by his report to Her Majesty in Council, dated the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, which report is in the words and figures following:

"To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby report to your Majesty in Council, that the Right Reverend Christopher Lord Bishop of Lincoln, has represented unto us (amongst other things):

"That there is in the county of Nottingham, and diocese of Lincoln, the vicarage and parish church of Norwell, to which belongs (amongst other places), the ancient parochial chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent, the boundaries whereof are well known and defined.

"That the parish church of Norwell is distant from the chapel of the said chapelry of Carlton-on-Trent two miles and a-half.

"That it appears to the said Lord Bishop, that the said chapelry or township of Carlton-on-Trent, may under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of your Majesty's

reign, chapter 106, and of the second and third years of your Majesty's said reign, chapter 49, be advantageously separated from the said parish and parish church of Norwell, and be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes, and a benefice by the style of the perpetual curacy of Carlton-on-Trent.

"That the said Lord Bishop has drawn up a scheme, in writing, describing the mode in which it appears to him the proposed alterations may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alterations in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested, which scheme, together with the consent thereto of the patron of the said vicarage and parish church of Norwell (the same vicarage being now vacant), has been transmitted by the said Lord Bishop to us for our consideration.

"The representation and scheme of the said Lord Bishop and the consent before referred to are hereunto annexed.

"And we, the said Archbishop, being on full consideration and enquiry satisfied with the said scheme, do hereby, pursuant to the said Act of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit, so to do, make and issue an Order for carrying the said scheme into effect.

"As witness our hand this twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"A. C. Cantuar."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said scheme of the said Lord Bishop of Lincoln be carried into effect.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," after reciting that "Whereas in some instances, tithings, hamlets, chapelries, and other places or districts may be separated from the parishes or mother churches to which they belong, with great advantage, and places altogether extra-parochial may in some instances with advantage be annexed to parishes or districts to which they are contiguous, or be constituted separate parishes for ecclesiastical purposes," it is, amongst other things, enacted "That when, with respect to his own diocese, it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, or when the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said archbishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place or district within the diocese of such archbishop, or the diocese of such bishop, as the case may be, may be advantageously separated from any parish or mother church, and either be constituted a separate benefice by itself or be united to any other parish to which it may be more conveniently annexed,

or to any other adjoining tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district, parochial or extra-parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or that any extra-parochial place may with advantage be annexed to any parish to which it is contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes; and the said archbishop or bishop shall draw up a scheme in writing (the scheme of such bishop to be transmitted to the said archbishop for his consideration) describing the mode in which it appears to him that the alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent-charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested; and if the patron or patrons of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such alteration shall consent in writing under his or their hands to such scheme, or to such modification thereof as the said archbishop may approve, and the said archbishop shall, on full consideration and inquiry, be satisfied with any such scheme, or modification thereof, and shall certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an Order for carrying such scheme, or modification thereof, as the case may be, into effect."

And whereas by another Act of Parliament passed in the second and third years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the assignment of ecclesiastical districts to churches or chapels augmented by the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne; and for other purposes," it is, amongst other things, further enacted, "That when by any Order of Her Majesty in Council, as aforesaid, a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes is constituted, the same shall, on registration thereof, and with the consent in writing of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be thereby affected, become a perpetual curacy and benefice, and the minister thereof, duly nominated and licensed thereto, and his successors, shall be a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, and may receive and take to himself and his successors all such lands, tenements, tithes, rent-charges, and hereditaments as shall be granted unto him or them, and such perpetual curate shall thenceforth have, within the limits of the district parish formed under the Church Building Acts, for the church of such perpetual curacy, sole and exclusive care of souls, and shall not in anywise be subject to the control or interference of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such Order, if he or they shall have consented to such Order as aforesaid; but if such incumbent or incumbents shall not have so consented thereto, this last-mentioned provision shall not come into operation until the next avoidance of the benefice by the incumbent objecting thereto, or by the surviving incumbent objecting, if more than one shall object thereto, and in such case the last-mentioned provision shall forthwith after such avoidance come into operation, and shall be binding on all persons whatsoever."

And whereas the Lord Bishop of Lichfield hath represented to His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, that a certain township known by the name of Walcot, and situate

within the parish of Wellington, in the county of Salop, in the diocese of the said bishop, may be advantageously separated from the said parish of Wellington, and united to the parish of Withington in the same county and diocese to which it is contiguous, and the said Lord Bishop hath drawn up such a scheme in writing as in the firstly hereinbefore recited Act is mentioned, and hath transmitted the same to the said Lord Archbishop, with the consents in writing of the patrons and incumbents of the said benefices of Wellington and Withington respectively, to such scheme, which said representation, scheme, and consents, are in the words and figures respectively following:—

“To the Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, by Divine Providence, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury.

“I, the Right Reverend George Augustus, Lord Bishop of Lichfield, do hereby represent to your Grace that there is in the county of Salop, and my diocese of Lichfield, the vicarage of Wellington, the parish whereof comprises, amongst other places, a township known by the name of Walcot, the boundaries whereof are well known and defined.

“That contiguous to the said township of Walcot, and adjoining thereto, is the parish of Withington, in the same county and diocese, the church of which parish is distant from the said township one mile and a quarter or thereabouts.

“That there is no church or chapel erected within the said township of Walcot, the inhabitants whereof are distant from the parish church of Wellington, three miles and seven furlongs, or thereabouts. That the population of the said township of Walcot amounts, according to the latest returns of population made under the authority of Parliament, to forty-seven persons, for whom the church of the said parish of Withington affords sufficient accommodation, and that the inhabitants of the said township appear to have been in the habit of resorting to the said church of Withington for divine service from time immemorial.

“That the inhabitants of the said township are not entitled by faculty or prescription to any accommodation in the parish church of Wellington aforesaid, the seats in the said church being free and unappropriated.

“That the population of the said parish of Wellington, exclusive of the said township of Walcot, amounts, according to the latest returns of the population made under the authority of Parliament, to thirteen thousand four hundred and fifty-three persons.

That the nett annual value of the said vicarage of Wellington is four hundred and sixty pounds, or thereabouts, arising partly from rent charges given in commutation of tithes, partly from glebe, partly from cottage rents, and partly from surplice fees.

“That the nett annual value of the said parish of Withington is one hundred and eight pounds five shillings, arising partly from

	£	s.	d.
Rent of house and land in the village	12	0	0
Land in Shrewsbury	40	0	0
Poor Benefice Fund	45	0	0
Land in Withington	18	0	0
	<hr/>		
	115	0	0
Deduct outgoings	6	15	0
	<hr/>		
Nett value	£108	5	0

No. 24095.

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“That it appears to me that the said township of Walcot may, under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament passed in the first and second years of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, chapter 106, and the second and third years of Her said Majesty, chapter 49, be advantageously separated from the said parish of Wellington and united to the adjoining parish of Withington, for ecclesiastical purposes.

“That, pursuant to the directions contained in the twenty-sixth section of the said first-mentioned Act of Parliament, I, the said Lord Bishop, have drawn up a scheme in writing, appended to this representation, describing the mode in which it appears to me that the alteration above proposed may be best effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent-charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested; and I do submit the same to your Grace, together with the consents in writing of Thomas Slaney Eyton, of Walford Hall, in the county of Salop, esquire, the patron or person entitled to present or nominate to the said vicarage of Wellington, if the same were now vacant; of the Reverend George William Pigott, clerk, Bachelor of Arts, rector of the rectory of the parish church of Upton Magna, in the county of Salop aforesaid, and in right of his said rectory the patron or person entitled to present or nominate to the said vicarage of Withington; and the consents in writing of the Reverend Benjamin Banning, clerk, Master of Arts, and of the Reverend John Thomas Halke, clerk, Bachelor of Laws, the incumbents of the said vicarages of Wellington and Withington aforesaid respectively; to the intent that your Grace may, if on full consideration and inquiry you shall be satisfied with the said scheme, certify the same, and such consents, to Her Majesty in Council.

“Given under my hand, this twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

“G. A. Lichfield.”

“The Scheme referred to in the foregoing Representation.

“That the township of Walcot be separated from the parish of Wellington to which it belongs, and be united to the parish of Withington, in the county of Salop and diocese of Lichfield, for ecclesiastical purposes.

“That such township shall be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said vicarage of Withington.

“That the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have signified their intention (provided the proposed annexation of the township of Walcot to the said benefice of Withington be duly carried into effect) to annex to such benefice tithe rent-charges accruing to such Commissioners from lands within the said township to the amount of forty-two pounds ten shillings and six pence per annum.

“That the inhabitants of the said township of Walcot shall not in the future be entitled to any accommodation in the said parish church of Wellington, and shall be exonerated from all liability to repair the said parish church, but shall be entitled to accommodation in the said church of Withington, and shall be liable, subject to the provisions of the Compulsory Church Rates Abolition Act, 1868, to the repairs of the said church.

“That the incumbent of Withington shall

have exclusive care of souls within the limits of the said township of Walcot.

"That the right of nominating an incumbent to the parish church of Withington with Walcot annexed shall, as heretofore, be vested in and exercised by the Reverend George William Pigott, clerk, Bachelor of Arts, rector of the rectory of the parish church of Upton Magna, in the county of Salop aforesaid, and by his successors, incumbents, or rectors of the said parish church of Upton Magna.

"That the first fruits and tenths now charged upon the vicarage of Wellington shall remain a charge on the same.

"*Consent of the Patron and Incumbent of the Vicarage of Wellington.*

"I, Thomas Slaney Byton, of Walford Hall, in the county of Salop, Esquire, the patron or person entitled to present or nominate to the vicarage of the parish church of Wellington, in the county of Salop aforesaid, within the diocese of Lichfield, in case the same were now vacant; and I, the Reverend Benjamin Banning, Clerk, Master of Arts, incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish church of Wellington, do hereby respectively certify to your Grace our consent to the scheme above proposed for separating the township of Walcot from the said parish of Wellington, and for uniting the said township to the vicarage of Withington, in the county and diocese aforesaid, and to every matter and thing therein contained.

"In witness whereof we have hereunto respectively set our hands, this seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"*T. Slaney Byton, Patron.*
"*B. Banning, Incumbent.*"

"*Consent of the Patron and Incumbent of the Vicarage of Withington.*

"I, the Reverend George William Pigott, Clerk, Bachelor of Arts, rector of the rectory of the parish church of Upton Magna, in the county of Salop and diocese of Lichfield, and in right of my said rectory, the patron or person entitled to present or nominate to the vicarage of Withington, in the same county and diocese, in case the same were now vacant; and I, the Reverend John Thomas Halke, Clerk, Bachelor of Laws, incumbent of the said vicarage of Withington, do hereby respectively signify to your Grace our consent to the scheme above proposed for separating the township of Walcot from the parish of Wellington, and for uniting the said township to the vicarage of Withington aforesaid, and to every matter and thing therein contained.

"In witness whereof, we have hereunto respectively set our hands, this tenth day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"*George W. Pigott, Patron.*
"*John Thomas Halke, Incumbent.*"

And whereas the said Lord Archbishop being, on full consideration and inquiry, satisfied with such scheme, hath certified the same, and such consents as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, dated the twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, which report is in the words and figures following:—

"To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby report to your Majesty in Council that the Right Reverend George Augustus, Lord

Bishop of Lichfield, has represented unto us (amongst other things):—

"That there is in the county of Salop and diocese of Lichfield the vicarage of Wellington, the parish whereof comprises, amongst other places, a township known by the name of Walcot, the boundaries whereof are well known and defined.

"That contiguous to the said township of Walcot is the parish of Withington, in the same county and diocese, the church of which parish is distant from the said township one mile and a quarter, or thereabouts.

"That it appears to the said Lord Bishop that the said township of Walcot may be advantageously separated from the parish of Wellington, and be united for ecclesiastical purposes to the parish of Withington.

"That the said Lord Bishop has drawn up a scheme in writing, describing the mode in which it appears to him the proposed alterations may best be effected, and how the changes consequent upon such alterations in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested, which scheme, together with the consents thereto of the patrons and incumbents of the said benefices of Wellington and Withington has been transmitted by the said Lord Bishop to us for our consideration.

"The representation and scheme of the said Lord Bishop, and the contents before referred to, are hereunto annexed.

"And we, the said Archbishop, being, on full consideration and inquiry, satisfied with the said scheme, do hereby, pursuant to the Act of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, chapter one hundred and six, certify the same and such consents as aforesaid, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for carrying the said scheme into effect.

"As witness our hand this twenty-eighth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

"*A. C. Cantuar.*"

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said scheme of the said Lord Bishop of Lichfield be carried into effect.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the bishop of any diocese, or by the bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories,

“vicarage or vicarages, in his or their diocese or dioceses, being either in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such enquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty, as herein-after directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation, to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make and issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons, if there be more than one patron, shall present or nominate to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant.”

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a certificate, in writing, bearing date the twenty-fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say:—

“To the QUEEN’S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

“We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, Primate of all England and Metropolitan, do hereby certify to your Majesty in Council, that the Right Reverend Henry, Lord Bishop of Worcester, as bishop of the diocese within which are situate the rectory of Spetchley and the rectory of Warndon, both in the county of Worcester, having represented unto us that the said benefices being contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population does not exceed three hundred and eleven persons, might, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, we inquired into the circumstances of the case; that on such inquiry it appeared to us that such union might be usefully made and would not be of inconvenient extent; and that Robert Berkeley, of Spetchley aforesaid, Esquire, being the patron or person entitled to present to both the said benefices of Spetchley and Warndon, if the same respectively were now vacant, has signified

his consent, in writing, to the union of the said benefices into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes; that six weeks and upwards before certifying such inquiry and consent to your Majesty in Council we caused copies in writing of the aforesaid representation of the said Lord Bishop to be affixed on the principal outer door of the parish church of each of the said benefices, with notice to any person or persons interested that he, she, or they might, within such six weeks, show cause, in writing, under his, her, or their hand or hands to us, the said Archbishop, against such union, and no such cause has been shown; the representation of the said Lord Bishop of Worcester, our inquiry into the circumstances of the case, the statement of circumstances in reply thereto, the consent, in writing, of the patron, and the copies of the representation and notice before mentioned are hereunto annexed; and we do hereby certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to your Majesty in Council, to the intent that your Majesty in Council, may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for uniting the said benefices into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only: As witness our hand this twenty-fourth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

“A. C. Cantuar.”

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council is pleased to order, and doth hereby order, that the said rectory of Spetchley, and the said rectory of Warndon, both in the county of Worcester, and diocese of Worcester, shall be united into one benefice with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN’S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled “An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy,” it is amongst other things, enacted, “That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the bishop of any diocese, or by the bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in his or their diocese or dioceses, being either in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such inquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the

“hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty, as herein-after directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation, to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make and issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons, if there be more than one patron, shall present or nominate to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant.”

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a certificate, in writing, bearing date the twenty-ninth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say:

“To the QUEEN’s Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

“We the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, Primate of all England and Metropolitan, do hereby certify to your Majesty in Council, that the Right Reverend Charles John, Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, (as bishop of the diocese, within which are situate the rectory of Foxley, in the county of Wilts, and the rectory of Bremilham, in the same county), having represented unto us that the said benefices being contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population does not exceed one hundred and nine persons, and the aggregate yearly value does not exceed three hundred and eighty-two pounds, might with advantage to the interests of religion be united into one benefice, we inquired into the circumstances of the case: That on such inquiry it appeared to us that such union might be usefully made, and would not be of inconvenient extent, and that the Right Honourable Mary Augusta, Lady Holland, Widow, being the patron or person entitled to present to the said rectory of Foxley (if the same were now vacant), and the Right Honourable George Rushout Bowles, Baron Northwick, being the patron or person entitled to present to the said rectory of Bremilham (if the same were now vacant), have signified their consent, in writing, to the union of the said benefices into one benefice with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes: That six weeks and upwards before certifying such inquiry and consent to your Majesty in Council, we caused a copy, in writing, of the aforesaid representation of the said Lord Bishop to be affixed on the principal outer door of the church of each of the said benefices, with notice to any person or persons interested that he, she, or they might within such six weeks show cause, in writing, under his, her, or their hand or hands to us, the said

Archbishop; against such union, and no such cause has been shown: The representation of the said Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, the consents, in writing, of the said patrons, and the copies of the representation and notice before mentioned, are hereunto annexed, and we do hereby certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to your Majesty in Council, to the intent that your Majesty in Council, may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for uniting the said benefices into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only, and for declaring that the course and succession in which the respective patrons for the time being shall present to the said benefices, after the same shall be united into one benefice, from time to time as the same shall become vacant, shall be as follows, namely, that the Right Honourable Mary Augusta, Lady Holland, Widow, her heirs and assigns, shall be entitled to present to the said united benefice two turns out of every three turns, and that the Right Honourable George Rushout Bowles, Baron Northwick, his heirs and assigns, shall be entitled to present to the said united benefice one turn out of every three turns, the said Baron Northwick, his heirs and assigns to be entitled to the second, fifth, eighth, and every subsequent third turn, and the said Lady Holland, her heirs and assigns to be entitled to all other turns: As witness our hand this twenty-ninth day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

“A. C. Cantuar.”

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to Order, and doth hereby Order, that the said rectory of Foxley, and the said rectory of Bremilham, both in the county of Wilts, and diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, shall be united into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only, and Her Majesty is pleased to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons shall present to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant, as follows, that is to say, that the Right Honourable Mary Augusta, Lady Holland, Widow, her heirs and assigns, shall be entitled to present to the said benefice two turns out of every three turns, and that the Right Honourable George Rushout Bowles, Baron Northwick, his heirs and assigns, shall be entitled to present to the said united benefice one turn out of every three turns, the said Baron Northwick, his heirs and assigns, to be entitled to the second, fifth, eighth, and every subsequent third turn, and the said Lady Holland, her heirs and assigns, to be entitled to all other turns.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN’s Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the twenty-first and twenty-second years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-eight; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme,

bearing date the twenty-ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the twenty-first and twenty-second years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-eight; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes, to comprise portions of the parish or parochial chapelry of Trimdon, and of the new parish of Wingate Grange, both in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular portions of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Trimdon, and of the said new parish of Wingate Grange, which are hereinafter mentioned and described (such portions not at present containing within their limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship), should be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, in the manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.

"And whereas it is enacted, by the thirdly hereinbefore-mentioned Act, that as soon as the tithe or tenth of lead ore or ure in the parish of Stanhope, in the said county of Durham, shall have come into our possession, as in the said Act is contemplated, the common fund under our control created by the firstly hereinbefore-mentioned Act shall be charged with a gross annual charge of four thousand five hundred pounds, to be appropriated towards permanently augmenting or endowing such benefices, with cure of souls, within the county of Durham, and in the patronage or alternate patronage of the Bishop of Durham for the time being, as shall be selected by the said Bishop and approved by us, the said Commissioners.

"And whereas the said tithe or tenth of lead ore or ure of the said parish of Stanhope has come into our possession.

"And whereas, with a view to the permanent endowment of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, it has been proposed to us by the Right Reverend Charles, now Bishop of Durham, and it appears to us to be expedient, that out of the said sum of four thousand five hundred pounds so charged upon the common fund under our control as aforesaid, a sum of one hundred and fifty pounds per annum should be appropriated towards the endowment of the said district so soon as the same shall have been constituted, and shall be payable to the minister thereof so soon as one shall have been appointed and licensed in accordance with the provisions of the herein secondly mentioned Act, and to his successors, and also that so soon as such district shall have become a new parish under the provisions of the lastly mentioned Act, such further sum shall be appropriated out of the said sum of four thousand five hundred pounds towards the further endowment of the said new parish as will suffice to raise the income of the incumbent of such new parish to two hundred pounds per annum.

"And whereas such sums so to be appropriated as aforesaid will be secured by an instrument or instruments to be executed by us under our common seal, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth

years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

"And whereas it has also been proposed to, and stipulated with, us by the said Charles, Bishop of Durham, and it appears to us to be desirable, and we have accordingly agreed and undertaken to recommend to your Majesty in Council that, in consideration of the concurrence of the said Bishop in the appropriation of the said annual sums towards the permanent endowment of the said district or new parish, the whole right of patronage of the said district or new parish, and of the nomination of the minister or incumbent thereof, should be assigned to, and be absolutely vested in, the said Charles, Bishop of Durham, and his successors, Bishops of the same diocese for ever.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the said Charles, Bishop of Durham (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly recommend and propose that all those portions of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Trimdon, and of the said new parish of Wingate Grange, which are mentioned or described in the schedule hereunder written, and which are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be together constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Deaf Hill cum Langdale.'

"And we further recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and so soon as such district shall have become a new parish as aforesaid, then of such new parish, and of the nomination of the minister or incumbent thereof, shall without any assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to, and be absolutely vested in, and shall, and may from time to time be exercised by, the said Charles, Bishop of the said diocese of Durham, and by his successors, Bishops of the same diocese, for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Deaf Hill cum Langdale, being:

"All that portion of the parish or parochial chapelry of Trimdon, and also all that contiguous portion of the new parish of Wingate Grange, both in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham, which said portions of such cures are comprised within, and are bounded by, an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the new parish of Thornley, in the said county and diocese, from the new parish of Wingate Grange aforesaid, at a point in the middle of the road leading from Thornley Hall past Deaf Hill to South Wingate; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of nine chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said road to its junction with the road leading to Old Wingate; and extending thence, eastward,

for a distance of eighteen chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'D. H. cum L. D., 1874, No. 1,' and placed on the southern side of the same road, at a distance of exactly three hundred yards (measured in a direct line and from the nearest point) from the middle of the road leading from Thornley Hall past Deaf Hill to South Wingate as aforesaid; and extending thence, south-eastward, to such boundary stone; and continuing thence, still generally south-eastward, for a distance of about one mile and a quarter, following a course parallel to and distant exactly three hundred yards to the north-east of the middle of the last-mentioned road to a boundary stone inscribed 'D. H. cum L. D., 1874, No. 2,' and placed on the southern side of the line of the Hartlepool Branch of the North Eastern Railway at a distance of twenty-six and a half chains (measured along the same branch line of railway) to the east of the middle of the bridge which carries the said last-mentioned road over the same branch line of railway; and extending thence, i.e., from the last-described boundary stone south-westward, and in a direct line for a distance of twelve chains or thereabouts to a boundary stone inscribed 'D. H. cum L. D., 1874, No. 3,' and placed on the northern side of the road leading from Thornley Hall past Deaf Hill to South Wingate as aforesaid, at the point where such road is intersected by the footpath leading from New Trimdon towards Wingate High Grange; and continuing thence, still south-westward, from the last-mentioned boundary stone across the last-described road, and along the middle of the last-mentioned footpath to the boundary which divides the said new parish of Wingate Grange from the parish or parochial chapelry of Trimdon aforesaid; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the last-described boundary to its junction with the boundary which divides the parish of Kelloe, in the county and diocese aforesaid, from the parish or parochial chapelry of Trimdon aforesaid; and extending thence, south-westward, along the last-described boundary to a point in the middle of the stream called or known as Langley or Langdale Beck; and extending thence, generally westward, for a distance of about three-quarters of a mile along the middle of the said stream to the point where it is joined by the watercourse flowing from Deaf Hill Colliery; and extending thence, generally northward, for a distance of rather more than a quarter of a mile along the middle of the said watercourse (thereby passing under the line of the Hartlepool Branch of the North-Eastern Railway aforesaid) to the boundary on the northern side of the said branch line of railway dividing the said parish or parochial chapelry of Trimdon, from the new parish of Wingate Grange aforesaid; and extending thence, westward, for a distance of twenty-nine and a half chains, or thereabouts, along the last-mentioned boundary to its junction at Salter's-lane with the boundary which divides the said new parish of Wingate Grange from the parish of Kelloe aforesaid; and extending thence, for a distance of nearly one mile, first westward then northward, and then again westward, along the last-described boundary to its junction on the northern side of the Kelloe New Colliery, with the boundary which divides the said new parish of Wingate Grange from the new parish of Thornley as aforesaid; and extending thence, northward, for a distance of fifteen and a half chains, or thereabouts, along the last-described boundary to the first-described point in the middle of the road

leading from Thornley Hall, past Deaf Hill, to South Wingate as aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas drafts of the said scheme have, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbents of the two cures out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken:

And whereas the patron of one of the said cures, and the incumbents of both the said cures, have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme:

And whereas the patron of the other of the said cures, namely, of the parish or parochial chapelry of Trimdon, has made certain objections to the said scheme:

And whereas the said scheme has been, notwithstanding such objections, approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Durham.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the nineteenth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two; have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint James, situate within the limits of the district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, and in the diocese of Winchester.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, of the district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington, in the said county of Surrey, and in the said diocese of Winchester, of the new parish of Christ

Church, Brixton-road, in the same county and diocese, and of the new parish of Saint Saviour, Herne Hill-road, also in the same county and diocese, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such respective cures.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, of the said district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington, of the said new parish of Christ Church, Brixton-road, and of the said new parish of Saint Saviour, Herne Hill-road, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint James situate within the limits of the said district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Edward Harold, Bishop of the said diocese of Winchester, with the consent of the Reverend William Harker, Clerk, now vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the parish of Milton-next-Sittingbourne, in the county of Kent, the patron of the vicarage of the said district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, with the consent of the Reverend Charles Edward Brooke, of Vassal-road, Kennington, in the said county of Surrey, Clerk, the patron of the said district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington, with the consent of the Reverend James McConnel Hussey, Clerk, now vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said new parish of Christ Church, Brixton-road, the patron of the same vicarage, and with the consent of the Reverend Stephen Bridge, Clerk, now rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of Droxford, in the county of Southampton, the patron of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint Saviour, Herne Hill-road (in testimony whereof they, the said consenting parties, have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, of the said district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington, of the said new parish of Christ Church, Brixton-road, and of the said new parish of Saint Saviour, Herne Hill-road, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint James, situate within the limits of the district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint James, Camberwell.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order in respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint James, Camberwell, being:

"All those several contiguous portions of the district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, of the district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington, of the new parish of Christ Church, Brixton-road, and of the new parish of Saint Saviour, Herne Hill-road, all in the county of

Surrey, and in the diocese of Winchester, all which said portions of such cures are comprised within, and are bounded by, an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, from the district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington aforesaid, at the point where Camberwell New-road is joined by Lothian-road; and extending thence, south-westward, along the middle of the last-named road (thereby following as to the first part of such road the boundary which divides the said district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, from the district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington aforesaid) to the junction of the said Lothian-road with Loughborough-road North; and extending thence, first southward and then south-westward, along the middle of the last-named road to the boundary which divides the said district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington, from the new parish of Christ Church, Brixton-road aforesaid; and continuing thence, southward, still along the middle of the said Loughborough-road North (thereby following at first the said last-described boundary) to the point at the junction of the same road with Loughborough-road, with Wiltshire road, and with Holland-road, where the boundary which divides the said new parish of Christ Church, Brixton-road, from the new parish of Saint John, Angell Town, in the county and diocese aforesaid, meets the boundary dividing the said new parish of Christ Church, Brixton-road, from the new parish of Saint Saviour, Herne Hill-road aforesaid; and extending thence, first eastward, along the middle of the last-named road (thereby following the last-described boundary), and then southward, along the middle of the same road to its junction with the street or road, called or known as Gordon-grove; and extending thence, first north-eastward, and then eastward, along the middle of the last-named street or road (thereby passing under the line of the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway) to the point where the same street or road is joined by Eastlake-road and by Flaxman-road; and extending thence, northward, along the middle of the last-named road to its junction with Lilford-street; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street to the boundary at the intersection of the same street by Lilford-road, which divides the said new parish of Saint Saviour, Herne Hill-road, from the particular district of Saint Matthew, Denmark Hill, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence, north-westward, along the middle of the said Lilford-road (thereby following the last-described boundary) to the point where the same road is joined by Hareld-street, and where the said last-described boundary is joined by the boundary which divides the said particular district of Saint Matthew, Denmark Hill, from the district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell aforesaid; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the last-described boundary to a point in the middle of Denmark-street; and extending thence, from the same boundary, first north-westward and then north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street to its junction with Denmark-road; and extending thence, north-westward, along the middle of the last-named road (thereby passing under the line of the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway aforesaid) to the junction of the same road with Knatchbull-road; and extending thence, eastward, along the middle of the last-named road to its junction with the road called or known as County-grove; and extending thence, northward, along the middle of the last-named road to its

junction with Camberwell New-road aforesaid ; and extending thence, north-westward, along the middle of the last-named road to the first-described point at the junction of the same road with Lothian-road as aforesaid, upon the boundary dividing the said district parish of Emmanuel, Camberwell, from the district of Saint John the Divine, Kennington as aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council ; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts ; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Winchester.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words and figures following ; that is to say :

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Lenton, in the county of Nottingham, and in the diocese of Lincoln.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular portion of the said parish of Lenton, which is hereinafter mentioned and described, such portion not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of divine worship, should be constituted a separate district in manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas by a certain deed bearing date on or about the twenty-eighth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, made under the authority of the 'New Parishes Acts, 1843, 1844, and 1856,' or some or one of them, and being under the hand and seal of the Most Noble William Amelius Aubrey De Vere, Duke of Saint Albans, and being also under the common seal of us, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners (which deed is intended to be enrolled in your Majesty's High Court of Chancery at Westminster), the said Duke

of Saint Albans did grant and convey unto the incumbent of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, so soon as an incumbent shall have been appointed and licensed thereto, according to the provisions of the herein secondly mentioned Act, and to his successors the incumbents thereof for the time being, a clear yearly rent charge or annual sum of one hundred pounds, to be issuing and payable out of and charged upon all the messuage or tenement farm closes, pieces, or parcels of land and hereditaments situate and being in the said parish of Lenton, which are particularly described in the first Schedule to the said deed, and are also delineated upon a map or plan drawn upon and forming part of such deed.

"And whereas the said rent charge or annual sum of one hundred pounds has been so granted and conveyed as aforesaid, upon the understanding that we should make and pay out of the Common Fund created by the firstly herein mentioned Act to the incumbent for the time being of the said intended district, when he shall have been duly licensed as aforesaid, a grant of fifty pounds per annum, and upon the further understanding and upon the condition that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient) the whole right of patronage of the said district and of the nomination of the incumbent thereto should be assigned in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

"And whereas we have agreed and undertaken to make such grant of fifty pounds per annum as aforesaid, by an instrument to be executed by us under our common seal, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Christopher, Bishop of the said diocese of Lincoln (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly recommend and propose that all that portion of the said parish of Lenton which is described in the Schedule hereunder written, and which is delineated and set forth upon the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall, upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of Your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Bestwood Park.'

"And we further recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the Incumbent thereto, shall, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme and any duly Gazetted Order of Your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to and be absolutely vested in the said William Amelius Aubrey De Vere, Duke of Saint Albans, his heirs, and assigns for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing scheme has reference.

"The District of Bestwood Park, being—

"All that outlying and detached portion of the parish of Lenton, in the county of Nottingham and in the diocese of Lincoln, which comprises within its limits and is co-extensive with the estate

commonly called or known as Bestwood Park, all which said portion of such parish is bounded on the south-west by the parish of Basford, on the south-east partly by the last-named parish and partly by the parish of Arnold, on the east and on the north-east by the last-named parish, on the north-west by the parish or parochial chapelry of Papplewick, and on the west partly by the last-named Cure and partly by the parish of Bulwell, all such abutting Cures being in the said county of Nottingham and in the diocese of Lincoln aforesaid."

And whereas drafts of the said scheme have, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Lenton, out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and such patrons and incumbent have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said Scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Lincoln.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme or representation, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting under the provisions of the Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-four, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme or representation for altering the boundaries of the new parish of St. Barnabas, Heaton, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon.

"Whereas, by the authority of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the 7th day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and published in the London Gazette upon the tenth day of the same month, a part of the district parish of Shipley-cum-Heaton, in the county and diocese aforesaid, was assigned as a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Barnabas, situate at Heaton, in the said district parish and the same district chapelry was called 'The District Chapelry of Saint Barnabas, Heaton.'

"And whereas the said district chapelry of Saint Barnabas, Heaton, has, under the provisions of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, become a new parish of the character contemplated by that Act, and by the Act of the sixth and

seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and by the said above-mentioned Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-four.

"And whereas it has been represented to us, and it appears to us to be expedient, that the boundaries of the said new parish of Saint Barnabas, Heaton, should be altered by way of extension, so that they shall include an additional portion of the said district parish of Shipley-cum-Heaton.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert, Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme or representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, recommend, and propose, that from and after the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme or representation, the boundaries of the said new parish of Saint Barnabas, Heaton, shall be altered by way of extension, so that they shall include all that portion of the said district parish of Shipley-cum-Heaton which is described in the schedule hereunder written, and is delineated and set forth upon the map or plan hereunto appended, and is thereon coloured pink, and that from and after the same day, and without any assurance in law other than such Order, and so published as aforesaid, the said portion of the district parish of Shipley-cum-Heaton, so to be included as aforesaid, shall become, and be, and form part of the said new parish of Saint Barnabas, Heaton.

"And we further represent, recommend, and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from representing, recommending, or proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore-mentioned Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme or Representation has reference.

"The territory proposed to be annexed to the new parish of Saint Barnabas Heaton, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, being

"All that part of the district parish of Shipley-cum-Heaton, in the said county and diocese, which is bounded on the east by the district chapelry of Christ Church Windhill, in the county and diocese aforesaid; on the south and on the west by the new parish of Saint Barnabas Heaton aforesaid, and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the north-west, by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Barnabas Heaton, from the district parish of Shipley-cum-Heaton aforesaid, at the point on the north-western side of Pit-lane, near Heaton Royd, where the said boundary diverges to the north-west from the said lane, and extending thence south-eastward, and in a direct line, to a point in the middle of the same lane, and extending thence first northward and then eastward along the middle of the same lane to its eastern end, on the western side of Low Wood, where the said lane is joined by the footpath which leads from the said Pit-lane through Low Wood aforesaid, and past the southern side of the house called or known as New Lathes, into the Keighley and Bradford Trust Road, and extending thence, that is to say, from the eastern end of Pit-lane aforesaid, first eastward and then north-eastward along the middle of the said footpath, to its junction with the Keighley and Bradford Trust Road aforesaid, and extending thence south-eastward for a distance of one chain and a-half or thereabouts, along the middle of the said Trust Road to its junction with

the footpath which leads past Red Beck Mill, and over the line of the Leeds and Bradford Railway into Valley-road, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the last described footpath, to the centre of the foot-bridge which carries the same footpath over the said line of railway, and extending thence northward for a distance of thirteen chains and a quarter or thereabouts, along the middle of the same line of railway, to a point a little to the south of the Shipley Railway Station in the centre of the bridge which carries the Valley-road aforesaid over the same line of railway, and extending thence eastward and in a direct line to the boundary in the middle of Bradford Beck, which divides the said district parish of Shipley-cum-Heaton from the district chapelry of Christ Church Windhill aforesaid."

And whereas drafts of the said scheme or representation have been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbents of the two cures affected by the arrangements which are contemplated by such scheme or representation, and such patrons and incumbents have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme or representation.

And whereas the said scheme or representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme or representation, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-four; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the registrar of the said diocese of Ripon.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-nine, and of the Acts therein mentioned, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-nine, and of the Acts therein mentioned, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for effecting a transfer of the ownership of the advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and to the church and cure (which said church and cure are hereinafter called 'the said benefice') of Bilsdale, otherwise and hereinafter called Bilsdale, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York.

"Whereas the church (which is dedicated to Saint Hilda) of the said benefice of Bilsdale is the chapel of an ancient parochial chapelry within the parish of Helmsley Blackmoor, in the county and diocese aforesaid, the same parochial chapelry being the parochial chapelry of Bilsdale.

"And whereas the advowson or perpetual right

of patronage of the said benefice of Bilsdale is vested in the incumbent for the time being of the said parish of Helmsley Blackmoor as such incumbent.

"And whereas the Right Honourable William Ernest, Earl of Feversham, has, to our satisfaction, made a certain benefaction in augmentation of the endowment of the said benefice of Bilsdale, upon the understanding and condition that a transfer of the advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the same benefice from the incumbent for the time being of the said parish of Helmsley Blackmoor (in whom as such incumbent the same is now vested as aforesaid) to him, the said William Ernest, Earl of Feversham, and his heirs and assigns, shall be effected by the agency of us, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, and that we should thereupon make a certain grant in further augmentation of the endowment of the said benefice of Bilsdale.

"And whereas the Reverend Charles Norris Gray, Clerk, vicar of Helmsley Blackmoor, incumbent of the parish of Helmsley Blackmoor aforesaid, and, as such incumbent, patron of the said benefice of Bilsdale as aforesaid, is desirous that the said advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Bilsdale should be transferred to the said William Ernest, Earl of Feversham, and his heirs and assigns as aforesaid.

"And whereas the said William Ernest, Earl of Feversham is the patron of the vicarage of the said parish of Helmsley Blackmoor, and the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William, now Archbishop of York, is consenting as diocesan to the said proposed transfer, and in token of such his consent (which consent is by the Acts in the hereinbefore mentioned Act mentioned, or by some or one of them, made necessary) he, the said William, Archbishop of York, has executed this scheme, as hereinafter mentioned.

"And whereas it appears to us that the transfer of the advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Bilsdale which is hereinbefore mentioned, and hereinafter recommended and proposed, will under and in consequence of the circumstances hereinbefore set forth, tend to make better provision for the cure of souls in the district or parish, in or in respect of which the same right of patronage or advowson arises or exists, that is to say, in the ancient parochial chapelry of Bilsdale aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the said William, Archbishop of York, acting as Bishop of the said diocese of York (in testimony of which consent he has signed this scheme, and sealed the same with his episcopal seal), and with the consent of the said William Ernest, Earl of Feversham, acting as patron as aforesaid of the vicarage of the said parish of Helmsley Blackmoor, and with the consent of the said Charles Norris Gray, now incumbent of the same parish of Helmsley, Blackmoor (in testimony of which consent they, the said William Ernest, Earl of Feversham, and the said Charles Norris Gray, have signed and sealed this scheme), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly recommend and propose that upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, and without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than such duly gazetted Order, the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Bilsdale, now vested in him, the said Charles Norris Gray, as such incumbent as aforesaid, shall be transferred from him, the said Charles Norris Gray and from his successors, incumbents of the said

parish of Helmsley Blackmoor, to the said William Ernest, Earl of Feversham and his heirs and assigns, and shall thereupon and thenceforth become and be absolutely vested in, and shall, and may from time to time, be exercised by, the said William Ernest, Earl of Feversham, and his heirs and assigns for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any of them, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts: and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of York.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty chapter one hundred and twenty-four, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes, to be taken partly out of the parochial chapelry of Great Harwood, in the parish of Blackburn, partly out of the new parish of Saint Thomas, Blackburn, and partly out of the new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Blackburn, all in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion, that the particular portions of the said parochial chapelry of Great Harwood, of the said new parish of Saint Thomas, Blackburn, and of the said new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Blackburn, which are hereinafter mentioned and

described (such portions not at present containing within their limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship), should be constituted a separate district in the manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas certain hereditaments and premises situate within the said parish of Blackburn, have become vested in us under the provisions of and for the purposes of the herein-mentioned Acts or of some of them, and we have in respect of such hereditaments and premises agreed to make and pay out of the common fund created by the firstly herein-mentioned Act to the minister or incumbent of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, so soon as such a minister shall have been appointed and licensed in accordance with the provisions of the secondly herein-mentioned Act, and to his successors, a grant of two hundred pounds per annum, and also so soon as a church shall have been erected within and for such district, and shall have been approved by us, and shall have been consecrated as the church of such district, and such district shall have thereupon become a new parish within the meaning of the secondly hereinbefore mentioned Act, to make and pay out of the same fund, such further grant as will suffice to raise the income of the incumbent of such new parish to three hundred pounds per annum.

"And whereas such grants as aforesaid will be made by an instrument or instruments to be executed by us under our common seal, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

"And whereas a sum of three thousand pounds sterling has been contributed and paid to the credit of our account at the Bank of England by certain persons, to be applied in and towards the provision of a church for the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted.

"And whereas the said sum of three thousand pounds sterling has been paid to us as aforesaid, upon the understanding and condition that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient) we should recommend and propose to your Majesty in Council that the whole right of patronage of the said district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the minister or incumbent thereto, should be assigned in manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend James, Bishop of the said diocese of Manchester (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly recommend and propose that all those portions of the said parochial chapelry of Great Harwood, of the said new parish of Saint Thomas, Blackburn, and of the said new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Blackburn, which are mentioned and described in the schedule hereunder written, and which are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall, upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Saint Peter and Saint Paul, Rishton.'

"And we further recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the minister or incumbent thereto, or (as the case may be) of the incumbent of the new parish which such district will or may hereafter become, shall, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme and any duly gazetted

Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to and be vested in, and shall and may from time to time be exercised jointly by, Frederick William Grafton, of Heysham Hall, in the said county of Lancaster, and also of Whalley Range, Manchester, in the same county, Esquire, Henry Masters Fielden, of Witton Park, Blackburn, in the same county, now a Member of the Commons House of Parliament, James Maden Holt, of Stubby Lee, Bacup, in the same county, now a Member of the Commons House of Parliament, James Hindle, of Whalley, in the same county, Esquire, and the Reverend Edward Birch, now vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Blackburn, and by their heirs and assigns for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or any of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Saint Peter and Saint Paul, Rishton, being:—

"All those several contiguous portions of the parochial chapelry of Great Harwood, in the parish of Blackburn, of the new parish of Saint Thomas, Blackburn, and of the new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Blackburn, all in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester, which said portions of such cures, taken together, form the bulk of the township of Rishton, and are comprised within and bounded by an imaginary line commencing at a point in the centre of Side Beet Bridge, which carries the road leading from Higher Side Beet to Lower Side Beet over the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, at which point the boundary dividing the said new parish of Saint Thomas, Blackburn, from the new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Blackburn aforesaid, is joined by the boundary which divides the said township of Rishton from the township of Little Harwood; and extending thence north-westward, for a distance of half a mile, or thereabouts, along the said township boundary to a point in the middle of the Clitheroe and Blackburn Old Trust-road; and extending thence (that is to say, from the said township boundary) north-eastward for a distance of eighteen chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said Old Trust-road to the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Blackburn, from the parochial chapelry of Great Harwood aforesaid; and extending thence, north-westward, along the last-described boundary (thereby passing to the north-east of Mickle Hey North Farm) to the point at Knott's Brook, where the said last-described boundary is joined by the boundary which divides the said parochial chapelry of Great Harwood from the new parish of Saint Peter, Salesbury, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the last-mentioned boundary to its junction near Dean-head with the boundary which divides the said township of Rishton from the township of Great Harwood; and extending thence, first generally south-eastward, and then generally north-eastward, along the last-mentioned township boundary (thereby following in the last-named direction generally the course of Norden Brook) to the point on the western bank of Hyndburn Brook, where the same township boundary is joined by the boundary which divides

the said parochial chapelry of Great Harwood from the particular district of All Saints, Clayton-le-Moors, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence generally southward, along the last-described boundary (thereby following generally the course of the said Hyndburn Brook) to the junction of the same boundary in Dunkenhagh Park, with the boundary which divides the said parochial chapelry of Great Harwood from the parochial chapelry of Church Kirk, in the parish of Whalley, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and continuing thence, first generally southward along the last-described boundary (thereby following in part the course of Hyndburn Brook aforesaid; and in part the course of Tinker's Brook, and of White Ash Brook, and crossing the line of the East Lancashire section of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway) and then westward along the same boundary (thereby following generally the course of the stream called or known as Wolfenden Syke) to the point in the middle of the Leeds and Liverpool Canal aforesaid, where the said last-described boundary is joined by the boundary which divides the said parochial chapelry of Great Harwood from the particular district of Oswaldtwistle, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence, generally north-westward, along the last-described boundary (thereby continuing to follow the course of the stream called or known as Wolfenden Syke aforesaid) to the junction of the same boundary with the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Thomas, Blackburn, from the particular district of Oswaldtwistle aforesaid; and extending thence, generally south-westward, along the last-described boundary (thereby following in part the course of the last-mentioned stream) to the point in Abbott Clough, where the said last-described boundary is joined by the boundary which divides the said township of Rishton from the township of Blackburn; and extending thence, generally north-westward, along the last-mentioned township boundary (thereby following in part the course of Knuzden Brook, and crossing at the Leeds and Liverpool canal aforesaid the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Thomas, Blackburn, from the new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Blackburn aforesaid) to the point where the same township boundary is joined by the boundary which divides the said township of Rishton from the township of Little Harwood aforesaid; and extending thence northward along the last-described township boundary (thereby crossing the line of the East Lancashire section of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway aforesaid) to the point in the middle of the said Leeds and Liverpool Canal, where the same township boundary is joined by the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Thomas, Blackburn, from the new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Blackburn as aforesaid; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the last-described boundary (thereby following the middle of the Leeds and Liverpool Canal aforesaid) to the first-described point, in the centre of Side Beet Bridge, which carries the road leading from Higher Side Beet to Lower Side Beet, over the Leeds and Liverpool Canal as aforesaid, where the said last-described boundary is joined by the boundary which divides the said township of Rishton from the township of Little Harwood as aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas drafts of the said scheme have, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbents of the several cures out of which it is intended that the

district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and whereas such patrons and incumbents, with the exception of the incumbent of the perpetual curacy of the said parochial chapelry of Great Harwood, have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme.

And whereas the incumbent of the perpetual curacy of the said parochial chapelry of Great Harwood has made certain objections to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has, notwithstanding such objections, been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Manchester.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the fifth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of the Holy Trinity, situate within the limits of the parish of Skirbeck, in the county of Lincoln, and in the diocese of Lincoln.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate within the limits of the said parish of Skirbeck.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Christopher, Bishop of the said diocese of Lincoln (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Skirbeck, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate within the limits of such parish as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Skirbeck.'

"And with the like consent of the said Christopher, Bishop of the said diocese of Lincoln (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference:—

"The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Skirbeck, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Skirbeck, comprising a portion of the Skirbeck Fen Allotment, in the county of Lincoln, and in the diocese of Lincoln, which is bounded on the east partly by the parish of Fishtoft, and partly by detached portions of the parish of Boston, and partly by the parish of Sibsey, on the north-east by the parochial township of Frithville, all in the county and diocese aforesaid, on the north-west, partly by a detached portion of the Boston Fen Allotment, in the parish of Boston aforesaid, partly by a detached portion of the parochial township of Frithville aforesaid, and partly by a detached portion of the parish of Sibsey aforesaid, called or known as Frith Bank, on the west, and on the south-west by the main portion of the parish of Boston aforesaid, and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the south, by an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary which divides the said main portion of the parish of Boston, from the parish of Skirbeck aforesaid, at a point on the eastern side of the town of Boston, in the centre of Mainridge Bridge which spans Maudfooster Drain; and extending thence eastward, along the middle of the said bridge, and along the middle of Vauxhail-road, to the junction of the said road with Church-road, and with Freiston Low-road; and extending thence, first south-eastward, and then eastward, along the middle of the last-named road to the boundary at the junction of the same road with Kyme Tower-lane, which boundary divides the said parish of Skirbeck from the parish of Fishtoft aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Lincoln.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-nine, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the nineteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-nine, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for effecting a transfer of the ownership of the advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and to the church and cure (which said church and cure are hereinafter called the said benefice) of the parish of Claines, in the county of Worcester, and in the diocese of Worcester.

"Whereas the said advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Claines is vested for an estate in fee simple in possession in Sir Offley Wakeman, of Perdeswell, in the said county of Worcester, Baronet, and his heirs and assigns.

"And whereas the said Sir Offley Wakeman is desirous that the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Claines now vested in him as aforesaid should be transferred to and be vested in the Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester for the time being.

"And whereas the Right Reverend Henry, Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester, is willing to accept for himself and his successors, bishops of the same diocese, the said proposed transfer, and in token of such his willingness, and also in token that the same transfer has that consent of the Bishop of the diocese which by the Acts in the hereinbefore-mentioned Act recited, or by some or one of them is made necessary he, the said Henry, Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester, has executed this scheme as hereinafter mentioned.

"And whereas it appears to us that the transfer of the patronage of the said benefice of Claines, which is hereinbefore mentioned and hereinafter recommended and proposed, will tend to make better provision for the cure of souls in the parish of Claines aforesaid (being the parish in or in respect of which the said right of patronage and advowson arises and exists), by rendering the said benefice more eligible than it is at present for certain augmentation out of funds under our control.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the said Sir Offley Wakeman (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), and with the consent of the said Henry, Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester (in testimony whereof he has signed this scheme and sealed the same with his episcopal seal), we humbly recommend and propose that upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying this scheme, and without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than such duly gazetted order, the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Claines, now vested in the said Sir Offley Wakeman as aforesaid, shall be transferred from the said Sir Offley Wakeman, and from his heirs and assigns, to the said Henry,

Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester, and his successors, bishops of the same diocese, for ever, and shall thereupon and thenceforth become and be absolutely vested in, and shall and may from time to time be exercised by the said Henry, Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester, and by his successors, bishops of the same diocese, for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Worcester.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the nineteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property, formerly belonging to the Prebend of North Newbald, in the Cathedral Church of York, and now vested in us.

"Whereas on the vacancy of the said prebend, which occurred in the month of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, by the decease of the Reverend William Vernon Harcourt, the then Prebendary, all the lands, tenements, and hereditaments then belonging to the said prebend (except rights of patronage) became, by virtue of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, absolutely vested in us for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas the lands, tenements, and hereditaments which became so vested in us as aforesaid, consist of reversions expectant upon beneficial leases for long terms of years, and produce during the subsistence of such leases only a small annual revenue, and on that account and partly on account of the character or situation of the property are

unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

“And whereas by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions or the purchase of the leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such leasehold interests at a valuation.

“And whereas, with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or such parts thereof, as we shall at any time, and from time to time, think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

“Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered by instrument or instruments, in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of, and duly to convey, according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, with the consent of the holder or holders thereof (if any), to be testified by his, her, or their being made parties to such instruments, all or any of the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration as shall, upon due calculation and enquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable, it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sale, from time to time, as occasion may arise, in the purchase of other lands, tithes, rent charges, tenements, or hereditaments, or of some estate or interest therein, convenient to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid, and in the meantime to invest the said proceeds in some Government or Parliamentary stock, or other public securities in England.

“And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of any other Act of Parliament.”

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of York.

Arthur Helps.

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-third day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

“We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property situate in the parish of Appledram, in the county of Sussex, and now vested in us.

“Whereas under and by virtue of a certain indenture, bearing date the thirty-first day of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and made, or expressed to be made, between William George Wyndham, of Waghen, in the county of York, Esquire, George Palmer, the younger, of Nazing Park, in the county of Essex, then resident in the East Indies, Esquire, Edward Howley Palmer, of King's Arms-yard, in the city of London, Esquire, and Benjamin Charles Stephenson, of Number 12, Bolton-row, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, of the first part, Robert William Hamilton, then or late of Number 108, Eaton-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, and Charlotte Maria Hamilton, his wife, of the second part, and us, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, of the third part, certain lands and hereditaments situate in the said parish of Appledram, more particularly described in the schedule hereunto annexed, became, with their appurtenances, and are now vested in us.

“And whereas the said lands and hereditaments are not subject to any outstanding beneficial lease or grant, but are now in our possession, but some portions thereof, on account of their character and situation, are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

“And whereas, with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the same, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands and hereditaments or such part or parts thereof, as we shall at any time, and from time to time, think fit should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to sell or dispose of our interest in such lands and hereditaments, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

“Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered, by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of and duly to convey according to the provisions of the said Act, all or any of the said lands and hereditaments so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his or their heirs,

executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he or they shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration as shall upon due calculation and enquiry appear to us to be just and reasonable, it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sale from time to time as occasion may arise in the purchase of other lands, tithes, rent-charges, tenements, or hereditaments, or of some estate or interest therein, convenient to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by

which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid, and in the meantime to invest the said proceeds in some government or parliamentary stock or other public securities in England.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any other Act of Parliament.

" SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

Number on Plan annexed to Indenture referred to in this Scheme.	Description.	State.	Quantity.		
			A.	R.	P.
1	Residence, outbuildings, yard, garden, and orchard	...	3	1	22
2	Worst Raymonds 13A. 2R. 5P. }	Pasture	16	1	27
Part 3	Best Raymonds, part of 2 3 22 }				
Part 3	Best Raymonds, part of	Arable	14	0	0
4	Long Field	Ditto	19	3	36
5	Barrow Close } now in one { 21 1 34 }	Ditto	41	0	18
6	Quay Field } now in one { 19 2 24 }				
7	Coal yards and garden ... ..	...	0	1	33
8	The Crown and Anchor Public-house, stable, and plot of ground	...	0	1	20
9	Timber Yard Meadow, in which are garden and shed	Meadow, &c.	2	0	20
10	Double Field	Arable	15	0	32
11	Quay Coppice } now in one { 14 2 12 }	Ditto	30	1	2
12	Coppice Field } now in one { 15 2 30 }				
13	The Great Thirty Acres	Ditto	25	1	37
14	The Little Thirty Acres	Ditto	21	0	23
15	Boar Croft	Ditto	19	0	28
16	Pecked Field	Ditto	22	0	15
17	Hempsteadle... ..	Ditto	15	0	20
18	The Sixteen Acres } now in one { 14 0 34 }	Ditto	23	3	25
19	Cumbrims ... } now in one { 9 2 31 }				
20	The Nore 27 1 25 }	Ditto	30	1	25
Part 21	Saltings Coppice, part of 3 0 0 }	Wood	9	2	10
Part 22	Saltings Coppice, part of				
23	The Lost Labour } now in one { 14 0 37 }	Arable	35	1	33
24	New Barn Field } now in one { 21 0 36 }				
25	Cottage, outbuildings, yard, and garden ... ..	...	1	2	37
26	The Eighteen Acres	Meadow	13	0	36
27	The Marsh Piece	Arable	13	1	32
29	Upper Marsh } now in one { 15 2 15 }	Ditto	34	2	4
30	Middle Marsh } now in one { 11 2 5 }				
33	Pleak Field } now in one { 7 1 24 }				
31	Lower Marsh	Meadow	28	0	27
Part 32	Old Wall Coppice, part of	Wood	5	0	22
Part 32	Old Wall Coppice, part of	Arable	3	0	0
35	Pump House, cottages, and gardens ... ..	...	0	2	0
			465	3	26
34	Bleak Meadow	Arable	7	0	1
36	Two tenements known as Halfway House... ..	...	0	1	3
Total			473	0	30

"And all that the Manor or Lordship of Appledram, and all other the hereditaments, if any, comprised in and conveyed by the Indenture referred to in this Scheme."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have

been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Chichester.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-nine, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme bearing date the nineteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words and figures following, that is to say :

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-nine, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for effecting a transfer of the ownership of the advowson or perpetual right of patronage of and to the church and cure (which said church and cure are hereinafter called the said benefice) of Bromley Saint Leonard, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas the said advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Bromley Saint Leonard, is vested for an estate in fee simple in possession in John Walter, of No. 40, Upper Grosvenor-street, in the said county of Middlesex, and of Bearwood, in the county of Berks, Esquire, a Member of the Commons House of Parliament, and his heirs and assigns.

"And whereas the said John Walter is desirous that the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Bromley Saint Leonard, now vested in him as aforesaid, should be transferred to and be vested in the bishop of the said diocese of London, for the time being.

"And whereas the Right Honourable and Right Reverend John, Bishop of the said diocese of London, is willing to accept for himself and his successors, bishops of the same diocese, the said proposed transfer, and in token of such his willingness, and also in token that the same transfer has that consent of the bishop of the diocese which by the Acts in the hereinbefore mentioned Act recited, or by some or one of them is made necessary he the said John, Bishop of the said diocese of London, has executed this scheme as hereinafter mentioned.

"And whereas it appears to us that the transfer of the patronage of the said benefice of Bromley Saint Leonard, which is hereinbefore mentioned and hereinafter recommended and proposed, will tend to make better provision for the cure of souls in the parish of Bromley Saint Leonard (being the parish in or in respect of which the said right of patronage and advowson arises and exists), by rendering the said benefice more eligible than it is at present for augmentation out of funds under our control.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the said John Walter (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), and with the consent of the said John, Bishop of the said diocese of London (in testimony whereof he has signed this scheme and sealed the same with his episcopal seal), we humbly recommend and propose that upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, and without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than such duly gazetted Order, the whole advowson or perpetual right of patronage of the said benefice of Bromley Saint Leonard, now vested in the said John Walter and his heirs and

assigns as aforesaid, shall be transferred from the said John Walter, and from his heirs and assigns, to the said John, Bishop of the said diocese of London, and his successors, bishops of the same diocese for ever, and shall thereupon and thenceforth become and be absolutely vested in, and shall and may from time to time be exercised by, the said John, Bishop of the said diocese of London, and by his successors, bishops of the same diocese for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of London.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the nineteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following; that is to say :

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Luke, situate within the limits of the township and chapelry of Soulby, otherwise called or known as Southby, in the parish of Kirkby Stephen, in the county of Westmoreland, and in the diocese of Carlisle.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Luke, situate within the limits of the township and chapelry of Soulby, otherwise called or known as Southby aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Harvey, Bishop of the said diocese of Carlisle (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical

Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Kirkby Stephen which is comprised within and is co-extensive with the limits of the said township and chapelry of Soulby, otherwise called or known as Southby as aforesaid, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Luke, situate as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Luke, Soulby.' And, with the like consent of the said Harvey, Bishop of the said diocese of Carlisle (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Carlisle.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the nineteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty, King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four, of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine, and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your

Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church situate at Ireleth, in the parish of Dalton-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Carlisle.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church situate at Ireleth as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Harvey, Bishop of the said diocese of Carlisle (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Dalton-in-Furness which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church situate at Ireleth as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Ireleth-with-Askam.'

"And with the like consent of the said Harvey, Bishop of the said diocese of Carlisle (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at the said church, situate at Ireleth as aforesaid, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that so long as the Reverend James Morrison Morgan, the present vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Dalton-in-Furness, shall continue to be such vicar or incumbent, all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church situate at Ireleth as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said James Morrison Morgan; and, provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Ireleth-with-Askam, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Dalton-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Carlisle, which is bounded on the west by the boundary in the Duddon Channel which divides the said county of Lancaster from the county of Cumberland, on the north-west and on the north by the parish of Kirkby Ireleth, in the said county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Carlisle aforesaid, on the south-east partly by the parish or parochial chapelry of Pennington, in the same county and diocese, and partly by the district of Lindale-with-Martin, sometime part of the parish of Dalton-in-Furness aforesaid, and on the remaining sides, that is to say, on the south-west and on the south by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the

said district of Lindale-with-Martin from the parish of Dalton-in-Furness aforesaid at the centre of Holmes Green Bridge, which carries the Kirkby Kendal and Kirkby Ireleth trust road over the stream called or known as Poaka Beck; and extending thence north-westward for a distance of about half a mile along the middle of the said trust road to the centre of the culvert which carries the same trust road over the stream called or known as Greenscow Beck; and extending thence south-westward for a distance of fifty-one chains or thereabouts along the last-named stream to the point a little to the south-west of the house called or known as 'Greenscow,' where the said last-named stream joins the stream called or known as Blea Beck; and extending thence generally north-westward for a distance of twenty-three chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named stream to the centre of the bridge or culvert which carries the line of the Furness Railway over the same stream, such bridge or culvert being distant six and a half chains, or thereabouts, to the north of the mile post on the said line of railway indicating a distance of six miles from Barrow; and extending thence, that is from the same bridge or culvert, due westward and in a direct line for a distance of about one mile to the boundary in the Duddon Channel aforesaid, which divides the said county of Lancaster from the county of Cumberland aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council, now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Carlisle.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the Archdeaconry of Essex, in the diocese of Rochester, and now vested in us.

"Whereas, under an Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, and of another Act of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of your Majesty,

chapter ninety-four, and by virtue of an Order of your Majesty in Council, made under the provisions of the same Acts, and bearing date the twenty-sixth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and duly published in the London Gazette on the twenty-ninth day of the same month, all lands, tenements, and hereditaments (excepting any right of ecclesiastical patronage) then belonging to the said archdeaconry, became absolutely vested in us for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas our estate in the lands, tenements, and hereditaments aforesaid, consists of a reversion expectant upon the determination of a beneficial lease for lives, such lease producing only a small annual revenue, and partly on that account, and partly on account of the character or situation of the property, the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas, by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions, or the purchase of the leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such leasehold interests at a valuation.

"And whereas, with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or such parts thereof as we shall at any time, and from time to time, think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest in such lands, tenements, and hereditaments, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, that we may be authorized and empowered, by instrument or instruments, in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of, and duly to convey, according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, with the consent of the respective holders (if any), to be testified by their being made parties to such instruments, all or any of the said lands, tenements, and hereditaments formerly belonging to the said Archdeaconry of Essex, and so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto, and to the use of, any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he or they shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration as shall, upon due calculation and enquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable, it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sale from time to time, as occasion may arise, in the purchase of other lands, tithes, rent-charges, tenements, or hereditaments, or of some estate or interest therein, convenient to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid, and in the meantime to invest the said proceeds in some Government or Parliamentary stock or other public securities in England.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them,

in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Rochester.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-sixth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Barnabas, situate within the limits of the parish of the Holy Trinity, Kingston-upon-Hull, in the town and county of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull, and in the diocese of York.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Barnabas, situate within the limits of the parish of the Holy Trinity, Kingston-upon-Hull as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William, Archbishop of York (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of the Holy Trinity, Kingston-upon-Hull, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Barnabas, situate within the limits of such parish as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Barnabas, Kingston-upon-Hull.'

"And with the like consent of the said William, Archbishop of York, (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further

represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at the said church of Saint Barnabas, situate within the limits of the said parish of the Holy Trinity, Kingston-upon-Hull, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always that so long as the Reverend Richard England Brooke, the present vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of the Holy Trinity, Kingston-upon-Hull, shall continue to be such vicar or incumbent, all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church of Saint Barnabas, situate within the limits of such parish as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said Richard England Brooke; and provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Barnabas, Kingston-upon-Hull, being:

"All that part of the parish of the Holy Trinity, Kingston-upon-Hull, in the town and county of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull, and in the diocese of York, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the north by the new parish of Saint Matthew, Kingston-upon-Hull, in the town and county and diocese aforesaid, and on all other sides, that is to say, on the north-east, on the south-east, and on the south-west, by an imaginary line commencing at a point upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Matthew, Kingston-upon-Hull, from the parish of the Holy Trinity, Kingston-upon-Hull aforesaid, at the southern end of the street or road called or known as South-parade, at or near to the gate or wicket called or known as Halfpenny-hatch, which connects the said street or road with the street or road called or known as Staniforth-place, such point being east of and opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'K. St. M. D. C., 1872, No. 1;' and extending thence, south-eastward, to and along the middle of the last-named street or road to its junction with Hessele-road; and continuing thence, still south-eastward, across the last-named road, to and along the middle of Ropery-street to the junction of the last-named street with the street or road called or known as Humber-bank; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of thirty-three chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named street or road to its junction with the street or road called or known as the Boulevard; and extending thence, north-westward, for a distance of thirty-eight chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named street or road (thereby crossing the Hessele-road aforesaid) to the boundary at the centre of the north circus of the said Boulevard, which boundary divides the said parish of the

Holy Trinity, Kingston-upon-Hull, from the new parish of Saint Matthew, Kingston-upon-Hull aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of York.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, chapter seventy-seven; and of the Act of the fifth and sixth years of Her Majesty, chapter twenty-six, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixteenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, chapter seventy-seven; and of the Act of the fifth and sixth years of your Majesty, chapter twenty-six, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorizing certain alterations and improvements at the episcopal residence belonging to the See of Hereford, which is situate in the city of Hereford.

"Whereas the Right Reverend James, Bishop of the diocese of Hereford, is desirous that certain permanent improvements should be made at the said episcopal residence at Hereford, in addition to the improvements in and about the same residence which were effected under the authority of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the eleventh day of August, one thousand eight hundred and forty-eight, and published in the London Gazette of the first of September following, in respect of which last-mentioned improvements a sum of eight hundred pounds was, under the authority aforesaid, borrowed by the then Bishop of the said diocese of Hereford from the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne upon the security of a mortgage for the term of thirty-five years of the lands, tenements, and hereditaments of the See of Hereford.

"And whereas the said James, Bishop of the said diocese of Hereford, has submitted to us the particulars of such proposed further improvements and we have approved the same.

"And whereas the said bishop is also desirous, and it appears to us to be expedient, that towards the cost of effecting the said proposed further improvements, a sum not exceeding five hundred pounds (being a sum, which together with a sum of eight hundred pounds already borrowed as aforesaid, upon the security of the revenues of the See of Hereford under the authority of the statutes

hereinbefore mentioned, does not exceed two years income of the same See) should be provided by borrowing the same by way of further mortgage upon the security of all and every part of the lands, tenements, and hereditaments or endowments which now belong or may hereafter belong to the bishoprick of Hereford aforesaid."

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the said James, Bishop of the said diocese of Hereford, testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme, we humbly recommend and propose that the said bishop be authorized to borrow from the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne, and that the said governors be empowered to lend, under the provisions of the above-mentioned Acts, any sum not exceeding five hundred pounds, and that as a security for the same the said bishop do mortgage all and every part of the lands, tenements, and hereditaments and endowments which now belong, or may hereafter belong to his said See to the said governors, by deed for the term of thirty-five years, or until the said sum of five hundred pounds (or other the sum to be borrowed as aforesaid) with the interest for the same as hereinafter-mentioned, and all costs and charges which may attend the recovery thereof, shall be fully paid and satisfied, and that such principal sum shall be repaid with interest in manner following, that is to say, during and in respect of the first period of twelve months of the said term computed from the day of the date of the mortgage, no part of the said principal sum shall be repayable, but the said bishop, or his successors, shall yearly, at the end of the second period of twelve months so computed, and at the end of every such like period thereafter, pay to the said governors, their successors or assigns, one thirtieth part of the said principal sum until the whole thereof shall be repaid, and shall at the end of the first and each succeeding period of twelve months aforesaid, pay interest at the rate of four pounds per centum per annum on the said principal sum, or on so much thereof as shall from time to time remain unpaid, and if and when it shall happen that the principal and interest directed to be paid as hereinbefore-mentioned shall be in arrear and unpaid for the space of forty days after the same shall have become due, it shall and may be lawful for the said governors, their successors and assigns, to recover the same, and the costs and charges attending the recovery thereof, by distress and sale in like manner as rents may be recovered by landlords or lessors from their tenants by the laws in force at the time of such distress and sale, and that such mortgage deed shall be in the form, and to the effect to be approved by us, and shall bind as well the said James, now Bishop of the said diocese of Hereford, as every succeeding Bishop of the same diocese, until the principal money and interest, costs, and charges shall have been paid off and discharged.

"And we further recommend and propose that the said sum of five hundred pounds (or other the sum to be borrowed as aforesaid) shall be paid to us, and that the receipt of our joint treasurers for the time being endorsed on the said mortgage deed, shall be a good and sufficient discharge to the said governors and their successors for the same, who shall not be bound or required to see to the application thereof, and that upon the receipt of the said sum, the whole, or any part or parts thereof, shall be applied by us at such times, and in such manner as shall appear to us to be expedient towards effecting the said proposed further improvements at the episcopal residence aforesaid.

"And we further recommend and propose that

nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in conformity with the provisions of the herein-named Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Hereford.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, have, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixteenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say;

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for assigning the right of patronage of the district of Dyer's Hill, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York.

"Whereas by an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the sixth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-six, and published in the London Gazette on the twenty-eighth day of the same month, the district of Dyer's Hill was, under the hereinbefore mentioned Act, constituted out of the parish of Sheffield, in the county and diocese aforesaid, and such district has not yet become a new parish under the provisions of the same Act.

"And whereas no specific assignment of the whole or any part of the right of patronage of the said district of Dyer's Hill, or of the nomination of the minister thereof, has been made by any Order of your Majesty in Council, and such right of patronage and nomination has hitherto continued to be exercised in accordance with the directions in that behalf contained in the hereinbefore mentioned Act.

"And whereas certain persons have contributed and paid to the credit of our account at the Bank of England a sum of three thousand pounds sterling towards providing a church for the use of the inhabitants of the said district of Dyer's Hill, and we have, in respect of the said sum, agreed and have undertaken that the said sum of three thousand pounds shall be disbursed and expended by us in and towards defraying the cost of such church accordingly, the same church to be satisfactory to us, and to be approved by us in due course, as by the hereinbefore mentioned Act is provided.

"And whereas the said sum of three thousand

pounds sterling was so contributed and paid as aforesaid, upon the understanding and condition that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient) the whole right of patronage of the said district of Dyer's Hill, and of the new parish of Dyer's Hill, when the said district shall have become a new parish, and the whole right of nomination and presentation of the minister of the same district, or (as the case may be) of the vicar or incumbent of the same new parish, should be assigned in the manner and to the extent hereinafter recommended and proposed, to certain persons, five in number, who have been duly nominated to us for that purpose.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the district (or, as the case may be) of the new parish of Dyer's Hill, and the whole right of nomination and presentation of the minister of the same district, or (as the case may be) of the vicar or incumbent of the same new parish, shall without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than this scheme and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to and be absolutely vested in, and shall and may, from time to time, be jointly exercised by the following five persons (being the five persons so nominated to us as aforesaid), and their heirs and assigns for ever, that is to say, the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William, now Archbishop of York, the Reverend Rowley Hill, Clerk in Holy Orders, now vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Sheffield, the Reverend John Edward Blakeney, Clerk in Holy Orders, now incumbent of the vicarage or perpetual curacy of Saint Paul, Sheffield, in the said diocese of York, Thomas Wilson, of Sheffield aforesaid, Merchant, and Charles Macro Wilson, of Sheffield aforesaid, Gentleman, and their heirs and assigns for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore-mentioned Act, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of York.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of

Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the sixteenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Luke, situate at South Kensington, in the new parish of Saint Mary, West Brompton, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas, it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Luke, situate at South Kensington as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend John, Bishop of the said diocese of London (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said new parish of Saint Mary, West Brompton, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Luke, situate at South Kensington as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Luke, South Kensington.'

"And with the like consent of the said John, Bishop of the said diocese of London, (testified as aforesaid), we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient, that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Luke, South Kensington, being:—

"All that part of the new parish of Saint Mary, West Brompton, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, wherein the present incumbent of such new parish now pos-

sesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the north-west by the new parish of Saint Matthias, Earl's-court, in the said county and diocese, or in other words by Richmond-road; on the south-west partly by the new parish of Saint John, Walham-green, and partly by the consolidated chapelry of Saint James', Moor Park, Fulham, both in the county and diocese aforesaid, or in other words by the line of the West London Extension Railway; on the south-east by the parish of Chelsea, in the same county and diocese, or in other words by the Fulham-road; and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the north-east by an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Chelsea from the new parish of Saint Mary, West Brompton aforesaid, at the point where the said Fulham-road is joined by the road called or known as Redcliffe-gardens; and extending thence north-westward along the middle of the last-mentioned road, thereby passing through Redcliffe-square to the boundary at the junction of the same road with the Old Brompton-road and with Richmond-road aforesaid, which boundary divides the said new parish of Saint Mary, West Brompton, from the new parish of Saint Matthias, Earl's-court aforesaid.

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of London.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-third day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the Prebend of Grimstone and Yetminster, in the Cathedral Church of Salisbury, and now vested in us.

"Whereas, on the vacancy of the said prebend, which occurred on or about the seventeenth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven, by the decease of the Reverend Herbert Hawes, the then Prebendary, all the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments theretofore belonging to the said prebend (except rights of patronage), became by virtue of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty,

chapter one hundred and thirteen, absolutely vested in us for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas our estate in the lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments aforesaid, consists of reversions expectant upon the determination of beneficial leases, such leases producing only a small annual revenue, and partly on that account, and partly on account of the character or situation of the property, the said lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas, by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions or the purchase of the leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such leasehold interests at a valuation.

"And whereas, with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments, or such parts thereof as we shall at any time, and from time to time, think fit should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered, by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time, to sell or dispose of, and duly to convey, according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, with the consent of the holder or holders thereof (if any), to be testified by his, her, or their being made parties to such instruments, all or any of the said lands, tenements, hereditaments, and endowments formerly belonging to the said prebend of Grimstone and Yetminster, and so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they, shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration as shall, upon due calculation and enquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable, it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sale from time to time as occasion may arise in the purchase of other lands, tithes, rent-charges, tenements, or hereditaments, or of some estate, or interest therein, convenient to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid, and in the meantime to invest the said proceeds in some Government or parliamentary stock, or other public securities in England.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme,

and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Salisbury.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-third day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words following, that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for constituting a separate district, for spiritual purposes, out of the parish of Saint Luke, Old-street, out of the new parish of Saint Barnabas, King-square, out of the new parish of Saint Mark, Old-street, and out of the district parish of Saint John the Baptist, Hoxton, all in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular portions of the said parish of Saint Luke, Old-street, of the said new parish of Saint Barnabas, King-square, of the said new parish of Saint Mark, Old-street, and of the said district parish of Saint John the Baptist, Hoxton, which are hereinafter mentioned and described (such portions not at present containing within their limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship), should be constituted a separate district in manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas certain hereditaments and premises situate within the said parish of Saint Luke, Old-street, have become vested in us under the provisions of, and for the purposes of the herein mentioned Acts, or of some of them.

"And whereas Richard Foster, of Stainforth House, the Common, Upper Clapton, in the said county of Middlesex, Esquire, has contributed and paid to the credit of our account at the Bank of England a capital sum of three thousand pounds, to be applied in and towards the erection of a church for the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, upon the understanding

that we should provide for and pay to the minister of the said district a grant of two hundred pounds per annum, when and so soon as such district shall have been constituted, and when and so soon as such minister shall have been duly licensed, according to the provisions of the herein secondly mentioned Act, and also, that so soon as a church shall have been erected within and for such district, and shall have been approved by us, and shall have been consecrated as the church of such district, and such district shall have thereupon become a new parish within the meaning of the secondly hereinbefore mentioned Act, we should provide for and pay to the incumbent of such new parish such further grant as will suffice to raise the income of the incumbent of such new parish to three hundred pounds per annum, and also upon the further understanding that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient) the whole right of patronage of the said district, and of the nomination of the minister thereof, should be assigned in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

“And whereas such grants as aforesaid will be made by an instrument or instruments to be executed by us under our common seal, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

“Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend John, Bishop of the said diocese of London (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme) we humbly recommend and propose that all those portions of the said parish of Saint Luke, Old-street, of the said new parish of Saint Barnabas, King-square, of the said new parish of Saint Mark, Old-street, and of the said district parish of Saint John the Baptist, Hoxton, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named ‘The District of Saint Clement, City-road.’

“And we further recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the minister thereof, shall, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and, upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to and be absolutely vested in and shall and may, from time to time, be exercised by the Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Saint Paul, in the city of London, and their successors for ever.

“And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

“The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

“The District of Saint Clement, City-road, being:

“All those several contiguous portions of the parish of Saint Luke, Old-street, of the new parish of Saint Barnabas, King-square, of the new parish

of Saint Mark, Old-street, and of the district parish of Saint John the Baptist, Hoxton, all in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, which said portions of such cures are comprised within and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Saint Luke, Old-street, from the new parish of Saint Mark, Old-street aforesaid, at the point where the City-road, is intersected by Old-street; and extending thence, for a distance of half a mile, or thereabouts, first northward and then north-westward, along the middle of the said City-road (thereby following in part the above-described boundary, and crossing the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Mark, Old-street, from the district parish of Saint John the Baptist, Hoxton aforesaid, and following also the line of boundary which divides the last-described district parish, the said parish of Saint Luke, Old-street, and the said new parish of Saint Barnabas, King-square, on the one hand, from the new parish of Saint Mary, Hoxton, and from the new parish of Saint Matthew, City-road, both in the county and diocese aforesaid, on the other hand) to the point where the said City-road is joined by Macclesfield-street South; and extending thence (that is from the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Matthew, City-road, from the new parish of Saint Barnabas, King-square aforesaid), south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street to its junction with York-road; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named road, to its junction with the street called or known as Ironmonger-row; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street (thereby crossing the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Barnabas, King-square, from the parish of Saint Luke, Old-street aforesaid), to the junction of the said last-named street with Ironmonger-street; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street, to its junction with Lizard-street; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street, and along the middle of the road which passes along the eastern side of Bartholomew-square, to the point at the south-eastern angle of the said square, where the last-described-road is joined by King-street; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street, to its junction with Bath-street; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street, to the boundary at the junction of the said last-named street with Old-street aforesaid; which divides the said parish of Saint Luke, Old-street, from the new parish of Saint Mark, Old-street aforesaid; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street (thereby following the last-described boundary), to the first-described point, where the said City-road is intersected by Old-street as aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced.”

And whereas drafts of the said scheme have, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patrons and to the Incumbents of the several cures out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and such patrons and Incumbents have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every

part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of London.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the thirtieth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, in the words and figures following; that is to say:—

“We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Norton, in the county of Derby, and in the diocese of Lichfield.

“Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular part of the said parish of Norton, hereinafter mentioned and described (such part not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship), should be constituted a separate district in manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.

“And whereas, by a certain deed or indenture, bearing date on or about the twenty-third day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and made or expressed to be made under the provisions of the New Parishes Acts, 1843, 1844, and 1856, or some or one of them, between the Reverend Henry Hollingworth Pearson, vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Norton, of the first part; Henry Wilson, of Westbrook, in the parish of Sheffield, in the county of York, Esquire, patron of the said vicarage of the parish of Norton aforesaid, of the second part; the Right Reverend George Augustus, Bishop of the said diocese of Lichfield, of the third part, George Pringle, of No. 10, Whitehall-place, Westminster, Esquire, of the fourth part, and us, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, of the fifth part (which deed or indenture is intended to be enrolled in your Majesty's High Court of Chancery, at Westminster), the said Henry Hollingworth Pearson, with the consent of the said Henry Wilson, and with the consent of the said George Augustus, Bishop of the diocese of Lichfield aforesaid, did grant and confirm unto the said George Pringle and his heirs certain pieces or parcels of land

situate in the Upper Chipping House-road, in the parish of Sheffield aforesaid, as the same pieces or parcels of land, with the dimensions thereof respectively, are more particularly delineated in the plan drawn in the margin of the said deed or indenture, and are thereon coloured pink, and are thereon consecutively numbered, and also all the messuages or tenements and buildings erected and built upon the said pieces or parcels of land, subject, nevertheless, to the several indentures of lease, the particulars of which are set forth in the schedule appended to such deed or indenture, but with the benefit of the several reserved rents, amounting in gross to the sum of one hundred and forty-nine pounds nineteen shillings per annum, payable under or by virtue of the said leases; to have and to hold the said several pieces or parcels of land, with the messuages or tenements and buildings thereon erected or built as aforesaid, unto the said George Pringle and his heirs, to the use of the said Henry Hollingworth Pearson, and his successors, vicars for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Norton, until a minister shall have been appointed and licensed to the said district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, and when and so soon as such minister shall have been appointed and licensed, then to the use of the minister of the said district, and his successors, ministers thereof, or, as the case may be, incumbents of the new parish (when the same district shall have become a new parish) for the time being for ever.

“And whereas the said deed or indenture was made and entered into upon the understanding that we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, should out of our common fund created by the firstly hereinbefore mentioned Act, pay to the Minister for the time being of the said district, so recommended to be constituted, or, as the case may be, to the incumbent of the new parish as aforesaid, when duly licensed according to the provisions of the secondly hereinbefore mentioned Act, a grant of fifty pounds per annum, and upon the further understanding that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient), the whole right of patronage of the said district or new parish and of the nomination of the minister or incumbent thereto should be assigned in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

“And whereas we have agreed and undertaken to make such grant of fifty pounds per annum as aforesaid, by an instrument to be executed by us under our common seal in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

“Now, therefore, with the consent of the said George Augustus, Bishop of the said diocese of Lichfield, (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly recommend and propose that all that part of the said parish of Norton which is described in the schedule hereunder written, and is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named, ‘The District of Norton Woodseats.’

“And we further recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said district, and when the same district shall have become a new parish, then of the said new parish, and of the nomination of the minister or incumbent thereof, shall, without any assurance in the law

other than this scheme and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to, and be vested in, and shall and may, from time to time, be exercised by the said Henry Hollingworth Pearson, and by his successors, vicars or incumbents of the said vicarage of the parish of Norton aforesaid for ever.

“ And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

“ The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

“ The District of Norton Woodseats being :—

“ All that part of the parish of Norton, in the county of Derby, and in the diocese of Lichfield, which is bounded on the north-east and on the north-west by the county of York, or in other words by Meer's Brook, and by the River Sheaf, on the west by the territory called or known as the Liberty of Beauchieff, in the said county of Derby, and in the diocese of Lichfield aforesaid, and upon the remaining sides, that is to say, on the south and on the east by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said territory, called or known as the Liberty of Beauchieff, from the parish of Norton aforesaid, at a point near Abbey-lane Houses, in the middle of Abbey-lane; and extending thence eastward for a distance of eighteen chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said lane to its junction with the Chesterfield and Sheffield turnpike-road; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance of nine chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said turnpike-road to a point at the junction of the same turnpike-road with Bolehill-lane, opposite to the northern end of the wall or fence forming the western boundary of the buildings and premises called or known as the Woodseats School; and extending thence, southward, to and along the said wall or fence to its junction with the wall or fence forming the southern boundary of the said buildings and premises; and extending thence, eastward, along the last-described wall or fence to its junction with the wall or fence forming the eastern boundary of the same buildings and premises; and extending thence, northward, along the last-described wall or fence to its northern end on the southern side of Bolehill-lane aforesaid; and continuing thence, still northward, and in a direct line to a point in the middle of the last-named lane; and extending thence eastward for a distance of one mile and six chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the same lane, and along the middle of Backmoor-road to the point at Back Moor where the last-named road joins the public footpath leading past Cockshutt's Farm and Lees Hall to Upper Heeley; and, extending thence northward, for a distance of one mile, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said footpath to the boundary at Meer's-brook aforesaid, which divides the said county of Derby from the county of York aforesaid.”

And whereas drafts of the said scheme have, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patron and to the incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Norton, out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to

be constituted shall be taken, and such patron and incumbent have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Lichfield.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of Parliament held in the twentieth and twenty-first years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled “ An Act to amend the Burial Acts,” it is, amongst other things, enacted, that in case it appear to Her Majesty in Council, upon the petition of the Local Board of Health of any district established under the Public Health Act, that the district of such Local Board of Health is co-extensive with a district for which it is proposed to provide a burial-ground, and that no Burial Board has been appointed for such district, and that an Order in Council has been made for closing all or any of the burial-grounds within the said district, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, with the advice of Her Privy Council, in case Her Majesty see fit so to do, to order that such Local Board shall be a Burial Board for the district of such Local Board, and thereupon such Local Board shall be a Burial Board for such district accordingly; and the powers and provisions of the Acts therein before-mentioned (except the provisions relating to the constitution or appointment and resignation of members of Burial Boards), and the provisions therein contained shall extend to the district of such Board, and to such Board, and to any burial-ground and place for the reception of the bodies of the dead previously to interment which may be provided by such Board in like manner as to any parish or parishes, and the Burial Board thereof, and any burial-ground, and any such place as aforesaid provided by such last-mentioned Board, save that no approval, sanction, or authorization of any vestry shall be requisite: Provided always, that notice of such petition, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order the same to be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, and in one of the newspapers usually circulated in the district of such Local Board, one month, at least, before such petition is so considered:

And whereas the Local Board for the district of Mossley, in the counties of Lancaster, York, and Chester, established under the Local Government Act, 1858, have, under the provisions of the said recited Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the twentieth and twenty-first years of Her Majesty's reign, presented a petition stating, amongst other things, that the said district of Mossley is co-extensive with the district for which it is proposed to provide a new burial-ground,

that no Burial Board has been appointed for such district, and that an Order in Council has been made for closing the burial-grounds therein mentioned within the said district, and praying that Her Majesty would be pleased to order that the said Local Board may be constituted the Burial for the said district of such Local Board.

And whereas notice of such petition, and of the time when Her Majesty was pleased to order the same to be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, has been duly published as required by the said Act :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the Local Board for the said district of Mossley, in the counties of Lancaster, York, and Chester, shall be a Burial Board for the district of such Local Board, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act passed in the session of Parliament, held in the twentieth and twenty-first years of Her Majesty's reign.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Local Board for the District of Yeadon, in the West Riding of the county of York, established under the Public Health Act, 1848, and the Local Government Act, 1858, have presented a petition stating, amongst other things, that the said district of Yeadon is co-extensive with the district for which it is proposed to provide a burial-ground, that no Burial Board has been appointed for such district, and that an Order in Council has been made for closing, with certain exceptions, the burial-grounds, therein mentioned, within the said district, and praying that the said Local Board may be constituted a Burial Board for the district of such Local Board :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such petition, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lord of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four :

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be published in the London Gazette, and in one of the newspapers usually circulating in the district of the Local Board aforesaid, one month at least before the said twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Local Board for the District of Tyldesley with Shakerley, in the county of Lancaster, have, under the provisions of an Act passed in the session of Parliament held in the twentieth and twenty-first years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the Burial Acts," presented a petition stating that the said district of Tyldesley with Shakerley is

co-extensive with the district for which it is proposed to provide a burial-ground, that no Burial Board has been appointed for such district, and that an Order in Council has been made for closing the burial-grounds within the said district, with certain exceptions therein recited, and praying that the said Local Board may be constituted a Burial Board for the district of such Local Board :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such petition, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four :

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be published in the London Gazette, and in one of the newspapers usually circulating in the district of the Local Board aforesaid, one month at least before the said twenty-fourth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of Parliament held in the eighteenth and nineteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act further to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time, to postpone the time appointed by any Order in Council for the discontinuance of burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under any of the Acts recited in the said Act, or under the said Act (whether the time thereby appointed for the discontinuance of burials thereunder, or other operation of such Order, shall or shall not have arrived), as to Her Majesty, with such advice as aforesaid, may seem fit ;

And whereas by an Order in Council bearing date the seventeenth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, it was directed that burials be discontinued, with certain exceptions, in the churchyard of St. John's Yeadon, Guiseley, and in the burial-grounds of the Wesleyan and Primitive Methodist chapels, Yeadon, from the time specified in such Order ; and whereas it seems fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the said Order be varied :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty by and with the advice aforesaid is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows ; viz. :

That after the words "other grave," in the thirteenth line of the paragraph of the said Order, which relates to the parish of St. John's, Yeadon, Guiseley, the following words be added "unless purchased before the seventeenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, to be used only for the burial of members of the families of those already buried in the adjoining graves;" and that the said Order in Council of the seventeenth of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, be read and construed accordingly.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The **QUEEN's** Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the eighteenth and nineteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act further to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time, to postpone the time appointed by any Order in Council for the discontinuance of burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under any of the Acts recited in the said Act, or under the said Act (whether the time thereby appointed for the discontinuance of burials thereunder, or other operation of such Order, shall or shall not have arrived), as to Her Majesty, with such advice as aforesaid, may seem fit:

And whereas Orders in Council have been made, directing the discontinuance of burials in the churchyards hereinafter mentioned, from the time specified in such Orders; and whereas it seems fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that one of the said Orders be varied:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows; viz.:

That in ninth line of the paragraph of the Order in Council of the fourteenth of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, which relates to burials in the churchyards of Saint Giles and Saint Sepulchre, and in Saint Catherine's new churchyard, Northampton, the words "the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five," be substituted for "the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four," and that in the twelfth line of the said paragraph, the word "unmarried" be omitted, and in the same line the word "parents" inserted after the word "widows," so that from the eighth line of the said paragraph the Order be read and construed as follows: "And that on and after the first day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, burials in the above-mentioned churchyards be limited to the widowers, widows, parents, children, brothers, and sisters of those previously buried therein."

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The **QUEEN's** Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Right Honourable Richard Assheton Cross, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbents and the Churchwardens of the parishes hereinafter mentioned ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, has, under the provisions of an Act passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled

"An Act to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England beyond the limits of the Metropolis, and to amend the Act concerning the burial of the dead in the Metropolis," made a representation stating that, for the protection of the public health, no new burial ground should be opened in the undermentioned parishes without the previous consent of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials should be discontinued therein, with the following modifications, viz. :—

SAINT JAMES', LONGTON.—Forthwith wholly in the church of Saint James', Longton, and in the churchyard after the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, each coffin buried in which shall be separately enclosed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented, and that in the meantime no coffin be buried less than four feet below the surface in earthen graves that can be opened without the exposure of coffins.

NEW SAINT GEORGE'S, STALEYBRIDGE.—Forthwith in New Saint George's Churchyard, Staleybridge, in the parish of Ashton-under-Lyne, except in vaults and graves which are free from water; that every coffin be entombed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented, and that no coffin buried in an earthen grave be placed within a foot of any other coffin, or less than four feet beneath the surface of the ground.

LITTLEHAMPTON.—In the churchyard of the parish, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, every coffin buried in which shall be separately entombed in brickwork or stonework properly cemented, which shall not afterwards be disturbed.

CAMBORNE.—Forthwith wholly in the church of Camborne; and in the churchyard after the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, in which each coffin shall be separately entombed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented, and except in earthen graves, for the burial of members of the families of those already buried therein, no such grave to be buried in unless it be free from remains to the depth of five feet.

WHARTON.—In Wharton churchyard, Cheshire, after the thirty-first of December next, except in family graves that can be opened without the exposure of coffins.

DARNALL.—Forthwith wholly in the parish church and churchyard of Darnall.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the twenty-fourth day of June next.

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be forthwith published in the London Gazette; and that copies thereof be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of, or on some conspicuous places within, the parishes affected by such representation, one month before the said twenty-fourth day of June.

Arthur Helps.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of *Bedhampton*, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the sixth of September, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, numbered 280:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Bedhampton School Board.

PROPOSED ALTERATION OF BYE-LAWS.

Bye-laws 8 and 10 are hereby revoked.

In place of Form 4 in the Schedule, the following form is substituted, viz. :—

FORM 4.

To A.B.

Take Notice, that whereas you were required by the Bye-laws of the *Bedhampton School Board* to cause your child *C.D.* to attend school, and the said *C.D.* did not so attend, you will be summoned before the Magistrates for the Petty Sessional Division of *Havant*, to show cause why you have failed to comply with the said Bye-laws, unless you can satisfy the Board that you had reasonable excuse for not doing so.

The next meeting of the Board will be held at the *Bedhampton School*, on *Saturday*, the day of _____ at _____ o'clock, and if you have any application to make on the subject of this notice, you must attend such meeting.



Sealed by Order of the Board,
J. N. Hillman, Clerk.
6th September, 1873.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of *Hucknall Torkard*, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the 74th section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-fourth of December, one

thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, numbered 281:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Parish of Hucknall Torkard.

BYE-LAWS OF THE HUCKNALL TORKARD SCHOOL BOARD.

At a Meeting of the School Board for the parish of *Hucknall Torkard*, duly held at the Board Schools in *Hucknall Torkard* aforesaid, on *Wednesday*, 24th *December*, 1873, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present:

The said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, Section 74, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

1. The parent of every child residing within the said parish of *Hucknall Torkard*, and not being less than five years or more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend a Public Elementary School, unless there be a reasonable excuse.

2. Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, viz. :—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School within two miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.
- (d.) That the child is subject for the time being to the provisions of any statutes for regulating the education of children in certain employments.

3. Nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance, or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

4. When a child shall have attained the age of ten years, and it shall be certified by one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that such child has passed the fourth standard of the New Code, dated 28th *February*, 1873, such child shall be exempt from attending school for more than twelve hours in one week.

5. Except as provided by the foregoing, every child between the ages of five and thirteen, shall attend school during the whole time during which the school shall be open.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be liable to a

penalty not exceeding such sum as with the costs shall amount to five shillings for each offence.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board for the District of Hucknall Torkard, this 24th day of December, 1873,



In the presence of us,

John E. Ellis, Chairman.
R. Rowe, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Nailstone, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the fourth of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, numbered 282 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Parish of Nailstone.

BYE-LAWS OF THE NAILSTONE SCHOOL BOARD.
(Under the 74th Section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870.)

At a meeting of the School Board for the parish of Nailstone, held at the School Room, in the said parish, on the 4th day of December, 1873, the said Board, in pursuance of the powers of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, hereby, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

1. The parent of every child not less than five years of age nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said parish, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

2. The following shall be deemed such reasonable excuses:—

- (a.) Sickness or other unavoidable cause.
- (b.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend, within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.
- (d.) If sickness in the family, or other urgent reason shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Board to exist.

3. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the time during which a child is required to attend school is the whole time for which the school selected shall be opened for the instruction of children; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs, or shall be construed as contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between 10 and 13 years of age has reached the fourth standard of education, mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, 1872, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school, and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the third standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than ten hours in any one week.

5. If the parent of any child residing in the school district satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board will remit at schools provided by the Board, or pay at other Public Elementary Schools the whole, or such part of the school fees as in the opinion of the Board the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six months: provided that the amount of fees to be paid or remitted shall not exceed the ordinary payment at the school selected by the parent.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence: provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence; and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-laws shall exceed such a sum as, with the costs, amounts to five shillings for each offence.

7. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.



Richard Watts, Chairman.

4th December, 1873.

Thomas Birch Fitch, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Long Buckby, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eighteenth of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, numbered 283 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her

Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXIII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

School District of Long Buckby.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LONG BUCKBY SCHOOL
BOARD

(Under the 74th Section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870)

Adopted at a Meeting of the School Board for the district of Long Buckby, held at the office of the Clerk, at Long Buckby, the 18th day of December, 1873.

BYE-LAWS.

Interpretation of Terms.

1. The term "School Board" or "Board," means the School Board of the parish of Long Buckby. The term "School," or "Public Elementary School," means a Public Elementary School as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870. The term "Parent" includes guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living, and is residing within the school district.

Parents shall cause Children between five and twelve years of Age to attend School.

2. The parent of every child residing within the school district of the parish of Long Buckby shall cause such child, not being less than five or more than twelve years of age, to attend a Public Elementary School, unless there is some reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, viz. :—

Reasonable Excuses for Non-Attendance.

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause, or cause which, in the opinion of the School Board shall be deemed reasonable.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child being under seven years of age can attend within one mile, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child, or being over seven and under twelve years of age can so attend within three miles.
- (d.) That such child having attained the age of ten years, has reached the fourth standard of the Government Code of February, 1871, and has obtained a certificate to that effect from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

3. Whenever the parent of any child shall satisfy the School Board, that he is unable from poverty to pay the school fees for such child, the School Board shall, for a renewable period not exceeding six calendar months, remit or pay the whole or such part of the fees as the parent is unable to pay.

As to Time of Attendance, &c.

4. The time during which every child shall attend school shall, subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Acts, 1870, 1873, and of these Bye-laws, be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age:

Provided that nothing contained in these Bye-laws shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs, or shall require any child to attend school if such requirement would be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

5. Any parent who shall be guilty of a breach of any of these Bye-laws shall for every such offence be subject to a penalty, including costs, not exceeding 5s.

6. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Common Seal of the Long Buckby School Board, this 18th day of December, 1873.

Thomas March,
Chairman of Meeting.

Sealed in my presence,
Richard F. Leake, Clerk.



At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Great Ellingham, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-sixth of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, numbered 284:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXIV.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

THE BYE-LAWS OF THE GREAT ELLINGHAM
SCHOOL BOARD.

At a meeting of the School Board for Great Ellingham, in the county of Norfolk, duly convened and held at the Board Room, Great Elling-

ham, on Wednesday, the 26th day of November, 1873, at which meeting a quorum of the members of the Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers to them given by the "Elementary Education Act, 1870," and subject to the approval of the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

1. In these Bye-laws,

The term "School" means either a Public Elementary School, or any other school at which efficient elementary instruction is given.

The term "Public Elementary School" means a school or department of a school at which elementary education is the principal part of the education given, and at which the ordinary payments in respect of instruction do not exceed ninepence per week, and which is conducted in accordance with the regulations contained in the 7th section of the Elementary Education Act.

The term "Board" or "School Board" means the School Board for Great Ellingham.

2. The parent of every child not less than five years nor more than thirteen years of age, is required to cause such child to attend school, unless there be some reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

3. Except as hereinafter provided the time during which every such child is required to attend school, is the whole time for which the school selected shall be opened for the instruction of children, not being less than twenty-five hours a week, except on Sundays, and except also that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

4. (1.) A child not less than ten years of age who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he or she has reached a standard equivalent to the fourth standard of the Government New Code of 1871, shall be altogether exempt from obligation to attend school.

(2.) A boy not less than ten years of age, who shows to the satisfaction of the Board that he is beneficially and necessarily at work, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school during the whole time for which the school shall be opened as aforesaid; but every such boy is required to attend school for at least ten hours in every week in which the school is opened as aforesaid; and in computing for the purpose of this section, the time during which the child has attended any school, there shall not be included any time during which such child has attended either;

(a) In excess of three hours at any one time, or in excess of five hours on any one day, or

(b) On Sundays.

3. A boy of not less than ten years of age, who shows to the satisfaction of the Board that he is beneficially and necessarily at work, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school upon producing to the Board a certificate from the master of the school that such boy has completed one hundred attendances at school since the 1st day of November or the first day of May, whichever day shall last have happened previous to the date of

such certificate, and such exemption shall continue until the 1st day of May, or the 1st day of November, whichever shall first follow the date of such certificate, and no longer.

5. Provided always that if, and whenever Bye-laws 3 and 4, or either of them, shall be contrary to, or inconsistent with the regulations affecting any child subject thereto, contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour, the said regulations shall prevail, and the said Bye-laws shall affect such child only to such extent as they are consistent with the said regulations.

6. In addition to the reasonable excuses for the non-attendance of a child at school mentioned in the Act, viz. :—

(1.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(2.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

It shall be

(3.) A reasonable excuse for his non-attendance that there is no Public Elementary School open which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

7. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect, or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, for each offence.

8. If any parent, whose child is or has been attending any school, or who has been required under these Bye-laws to cause his child to attend school, shall satisfy the Board that he is unable, from poverty, to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the Board will, at schools provided by the Board, remit the whole of the fees, or such part thereof, as in the opinion of the Board the parent is unable to pay, for such renewable period not exceeding six calendar months, as shall be from time to time fixed by the Board.

James Toll.

Chairman of the Board.

Edward Tooley.

Clerk of the Board.

26th November, 1873.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS the School Board of Toft Monks and Haddiscoe, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-third of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 285:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy

whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXV.

**THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACTS,
1870 and 1873.**

*United School District of Toft Monks and
Haddiscoe, in the county of Norfolk.*

BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Clerk of the Guardians of the Loddon and Clavering Union, in the county of Norfolk, a School Board for the United School District of Toft Monks and Haddiscoe, comprising the said parishes of Toft Monks and Haddiscoe, in the said Union, was duly elected on the 1st day of July, 1873.

Now, therefore, at a meeting of the said School Board, held at the School-house, at Toft Monks, in the said United School District, this day, to wit, the 23rd day of February, 1874, at which meeting three of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers enabling them in this behalf, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

BYE-LAWS.

*Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend
School.*

I. The parent of every child residing within the district of the said School Board shall cause such child, being not less than five years nor more than thirteen years of age, to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

The following shall be considered reasonable excuses for the non-attendance of a child at school, viz. :—

- (a.) That such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within a distance of $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.
- (d.) That the child, having attained the age of ten years, is certified by one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools as having reached a standard of education which would enable it to pass in the fourth standard of education, as set forth in the Government New Code of 1873.

PROVISO.

When it is shown to the satisfaction of the Board that a child of not less than ten years of age is necessarily at work for the maintenance of himself or his parent, such child shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school during the whole time for which the school shall be open; but every child is required to attend school for at least ten hours in every week, in which the school is open as aforesaid; and in computing for the purpose of this section the time during which a child has attended school, there shall not be in-

cluded any time during which such child has attended, either—

- (a.) In excess of three hours at any one time, or in excess of five hours in any one day; or
- (b.) On Sundays.

The Board may exempt a child from attendance at school for such period as they may think fit, if sickness in the family or other urgent reason shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Board to exist.

*Determining Time during which Children shall
attend School.*

II. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Acts 1870 and 1873, and of these Bye-laws, the time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for instruction of children of similar age; provided that nothing contained in these Bye-laws shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the parent of such child belongs, or shall be held or construed as being contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

*Providing for Remission of Fees in case of
Poverty.*

III. If the parent of any child satisfies the Board that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the Board shall remit the whole of the fees or such part thereof as in their opinion the parent is unable to pay, for such renewable period not exceeding six calendar months as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-Laws.

IV. Every parent committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Definition of Terms.

V. In these Bye-laws, terms used in the Elementary Education Acts 1870 and 1873, have the interpretation given to them in the said Act.

The term "United School District" includes the parishes of Toft Monks and Haddiscoe. The term "School Board" means the School Board for the said United School District. The term "Child" includes any child residing within the said United School District.

Terms importing males include females.

*Date on which these Bye-Laws shall come into
operation.*

VI. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the Toft Monks and Haddiscoe United School Board, this 23rd day of February, 1874.



Wm. Talman, Chairman.

James Cole Copeman, Clerk.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS the School Board of Downham Market, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the second of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 286 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXVI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE DOWNHAM MARKET SCHOOL BOARD.

I. THE parent of every child of not less than five years and not more than thirteen years of age residing within the parish of Downham Market, shall cause the child to attend school unless there be some reasonable excuse. Any of the following reasons shall be deemed a reasonable excuse, viz :

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Provided

- (a.) That any child of not less than ten years of age who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors, a certificate that he has reached the fourth standard of the Government New Code of the year 1872, shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school, and
- (b.) That a child of not less than ten years of age who has been so certified to have reached the third standard of the said Code, and who is shown to the satisfaction of the Board to be industriously employed, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than 120 times in the course of the year.

II. The time during which such children shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school is open for the instruction of children of similar age, or with the sanction of the Board (or reasonable cause shown), such portion of the time of each meeting of the school as constitutes an attendance under the said Code of 1872.

Provided

That nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend

school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs, or shall require any child to attend school if such requirement would be contrary to anything contained in any Act for the regulating the education of children employed in labour.

III. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the Board shall from time to time, for a renewable period not exceeding six months, remit the whole or such part of the fees as the parent is unable from poverty to pay.

IV. Any parent who is guilty of a breach of these bye-laws, or any of them, shall for every such offence be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, but no penalty imposed shall exceed such amount as with the costs will exceed five shillings for each offence.

V. These bye-laws shall come into operation from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council.

Interpretation of Terms in these Bye-laws.

The term "School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board of Downham Market, this 2nd day of March, 1874.



G. F. Wood, Chairman.

T. L. Reed, Clerk.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT :

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Fersfield, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eighth day of November, 1873, numbered 287 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXVII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACTS,
1870 AND 1873.

BYE-LAWS OF THE FERSFIELD SCHOOL BOARD,
IN THE COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

At a Meeting of the Fersfield School Board, duly convened and held at the Board School Room in Fersfield aforesaid, on the 8th day of November, 1873, at which Meeting a quorum of the Members

of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers given to and vested in them under and by virtue of "The Elementary Education Acts, 1870 and 1873," and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation of Terms.

1. In these Bye-laws the term "Education Department" means the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education. The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means the Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department. The term "District" means the Parish of Fersfield. The term "School Board" or "Board" means the School Board of the district comprising the parish of Fersfield. The term "School" or "Public Elementary School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act. The term "Parent" includes Guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living and is residing within the district.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. Subject to the provisions of "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age nor more than twelve years of age, residing within the district, shall cause such child (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend School.

Specifying reasonable excuses for Non-Attendance.

3. Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner;
- (b) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause;
- (c) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend, within two miles measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Provision for total or partial exemption from Attendance, if Child has reached certain Standard.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and twelve years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 6th day of February, 1872, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend School; and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the third standard of education mentioned in the said Code shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

5. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided—

- (a) That nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child during the time or times in which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects is given.

And that no child shall be required—

- (b) To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observances by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (c) To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of public fast or thanksgiving.

Provided also that any requirement herein contained shall not be held or construed to apply to any child employed in labour and receiving instruction in conformity with the provisions of the Factory Acts, or of the "Workshop Regulation Act, 1867," or of any other Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Providing for Remission of School Fees in case of Poverty.

6. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board will remit the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-Laws.

7. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as, with the costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence.

Date on which Bye-laws shall come into operation.

8. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the Fersfield School Board, this 8th day of November, 1873.

George W. Darby,
Chairman.

Isaac Vertigen,
Clerk.



AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Mildenhall, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twentieth of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 288:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXVIII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

District of Mildenhall.

BYE-LAWS OF THE MILDENHALL SCHOOL BOARD.

At a Meeting of the School Board for the school district of Mildenhall, in the county of Suffolk, duly convened and held at the Board Room, Mildenhall, on the 20th day of February, 1874, at which Meeting all the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers given to and vested in them under and by virtue of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation of Terms.

1. In these Bye-laws the term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education." The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means "The Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department." The term "School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or any other school at which efficient elementary instruction is given, and includes a free school but not an industrial school. The term "Parent" includes guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

Parent to cause Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child residing within the school district of Mildenhall shall cause such child, being not less than six years nor more than twelve years of age, to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Time of Attendance at School.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age.

Withdrawal of Children from Religious Observance.

4. Nothing in these Bye-laws shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs, or shall be held, or construed as being contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Exemption from Attendance in certain Cases.

5. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and twelve years of age has reached the 4th Standard of Education mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, dated the 28th day of February, 1873, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend School, and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the 3rd Standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend School more than fifteen hours in any one week.

Reasonable Excuses for Non-attendance defined.

6. The following shall be considered reasonable

excuses for the non-attendance of a child at school, viz. :—

- (a.) That such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That such child is prevented from attending School by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That such child is beneficially and industriously employed to the satisfaction of the School Board, and has attended 250 meetings of the School in the current School year, or in the twelve months immediately preceding the day as to attendance on which this excuse is advanced.
- (d.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which such child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

7. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Five Shillings, inclusive of costs, for each offence.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board of Mildenhall, this 20th day of February, 1874.

William Paine,

Chairman.

Sealed in the presence of

Geo. Isaacson,

Clerk to the Board.



AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Pembrey, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the thirty-first of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, numbered 289 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCLXXXIX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Parish of Pembrey.

BYE-LAWS OF THE PEMBREY SCHOOL BOARD.

Recital of Election of School Board.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Clerk of the Guardians of the Llanelly Poor Law Union, a School Board for the parish of Pembrey, in the

county of Carmarthen, was duly elected on the 21st day of June, 1871.

Now, at a meeting of the School Board of the said parish of Pembrey, held at the Burry Port Copper Works School, in the said parish of Pembrey, on Friday, the 31st day of January, 1873, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the aforesaid powers, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation of Terms.

1. The term "Education Department" means the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education.

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means the Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department.

The term "School Board" or "Board" means the School Board of the parish of Pembrey.

The term "School" or "Public Elementary School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act, and includes a free school but not an Industrial School.

The term "Parent" includes Guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living, and is residing within the district.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child, not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the Pembrey School Board District, shall cause such child to attend a Public Elementary School, unless there is some reasonable excuse; any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, viz.:—

Reasonable Excuses for Non-Attendance.

- (a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

3. The time during which every such child is required to attend school is the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age not being less than twenty hours a week (except Sundays), and except also that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal by the parent of any child during the time or times in which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects is given, and that no child shall be required—

- (a.) To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (b.) To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or on Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon.

(c.) To attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school, and the examination of the scholars therein, in respect of religious subjects.

Provided also that nothing herein contained shall apply to any child that may be subject to the provisions of the Factory Acts, or of the Workshop Regulation Act, 1867.

Proviso for Total or Partial Exemption from Attendance, if Child has reached certain Standard.

4. When a child shall have attained the age of ten years, and it shall be certified by one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools, that such child has passed in the fourth standard of education mentioned in the Government New Code of 1871, such child shall be exempt from attending school more than one half of the whole time for which the school shall be open.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

5. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, provided that any breach of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week, shall be deemed one offence.

Date on which Bye-laws shall come into operation.

6. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.



Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board of the parish of Pembrey, in the county of Carmarthen, this 31st day of January, 1873.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of S. Mewan, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-eighth of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 290:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXC.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

S. MEWAN SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS a School Board was duly elected for the parish of S. Mewan on the 27th day of June,

1872, now, at a meeting of the said Board, held in the Vestry Room, used as a temporary Board Room, in the parish of S. Mewan, on the 28th day of January, 1874, at which meeting, three members being a quorum of such Board are present, the said Board do, subject to the approval of the Education Department, make the following

BYE-LAWS.

I. Interpretation of terms.

- (A.) The term "Education Department" means the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education.
- (B.) The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means the Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department.
- (C.) The term "School Board" means the School Board for the parish of S. Mewan.
- (D.) The term "School" means a Public Elementary School, within the meaning of the Elementary Education Act, 1870.
- (E.) The term "Parent" includes a guardian and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child.

II. Subject to the provisions of the "Elementary Education Act, 1870," the parent of every child not less than five nor more than twelve years of age, residing within the said parish of S. Mewan, shall cause such child (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend school.

III. Any one of the following reasons shall be deemed a reasonable excuse:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or some other unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no school open which the child can attend within the distance of three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.
- (d.) In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child, between 5 and 12 years of age, has reached the fourth standard of education, mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

IV. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Act, 1870, the time during which every child shall attend school, shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of a similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance, or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school: 1st, On any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs; or, 2nd, On any day fixed for the examination of children in respect of religious subjects; or, 3rd, If such requirement would be contrary to any thing contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

V. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence; provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for a breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

VI. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which they shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Dated January 28th, 1874.



G. L. Woolcombe, Chairman of the Board and Acting Clerk.
Frank Bennetts,
James Nott,
Two Members of the Board.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of March, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the thirteenth of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 291:

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXCI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1870.

BYE-LAWS of the March School Board, made under and in pursuance of the 74th section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, adopted at an Ordinary Meeting of the School Board for the parish of March, held at the Guildhall, in March, on the 6th day of March, 1874.

1. The parent of every child of not less than five years, and not more than thirteen years of age, residing within the parish of March, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be some reasonable excuse. Any of the following reasons shall be deemed a reasonable excuse, viz:—

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Provided that a child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he has reached the fourth standard of the Code of the Education Department (1872), shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than 150 times in the course of a year.

2. The time during which such children shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the schools are open for the instruction of children of similar age, or with the sanction of the Board

as regards each meeting of the school, such portion of time as constitutes an attendance under the said Code of 1872.

Provided—

(a.) That nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

(b.) That nothing contained in these Bye-laws shall be construed contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

3. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the whole or some part of the school fees, the Board shall from time to time for a renewable period, not exceeding six months, remit the whole or such part of the fees as the parent is unable to pay.

4. Any parent who shall neglect to cause any child to attend school under Bye-law 1, or during the time required by Bye-law 2, shall for every such offence be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, but no penalty imposed shall exceed such amount as with the costs will exceed five shillings for each offence.

5. These Bye-laws shall come into operation from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council.

Interpretation of terms in these Bye-laws—

The term "attend school" means the Public Elementary Board Schools of the north and south districts respectively, the river being the line of boundary separating the parish into such districts, and the attendance shall be at the school in that district in which the child resides.



Thos. T. Elliott, Chairman.

Tho. Tusting, Clerk.

13th April, 1874.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 15th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Ermington, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the 74th section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-eighth of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 292.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXCII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD OF THE
PARISH OF ERMINGTON.

At a Meeting of the School Board for the parish of Ermington, in the county of Devon, held at the School Board Office, Ivybridge, on the 28th day of January, 1874, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers vested in them under the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make the following Bye-laws:—

1. The term "School Board" or "Board" means the School Board for the parish of Ermington. The term "School" or "Public Elementary School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act. The term "Parent" includes the guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said Board, shall cause such child (unless there be some reasonable excuse) to attend school. Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, viz.:—

- (1) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner
- (2) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (3) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Proviso:—In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education, mentioned in the new code of the regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school; and any such child who shall be so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age; but no child shall be required

- (a) To attend on Sunday, Christmas-day; or Good Friday, or on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (b) To attend any religious observance, or any instruction on religious subjects.
- (c) To attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school, or the examination of the scholars therein, in respect of religious subjects.
- (d) To attend school if such requirement would be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

4. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit, and in the case of any other school will pay

the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months; but the amount of fees to be so paid shall not exceed the ordinary payment at the schools provided by the Board.

5. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week, shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as, with the costs, shall amount to five shillings for each offence.

6. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board of the said parish of Ermington, this twenty-eighth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

W. F. Splatt, Chairman.
Sealed in the presence of
G. Coleman, Clerk.



AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT:

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llanaber, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eighth of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 293.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXCIII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

The Parish of Llanaber.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LLANABER SCHOOL BOARD.

Whereas, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department, a School Board for the parish of Llanaber, in the county of Merioneth, was duly elected on the 19th day of April, 1871, now at a meeting of the School Board of the said parish of Llanaber, held at the Board Room, at the schoolroom, in the town of Barmouth, on the 8th day of January, 1874, at which meeting all the members of such Board were present, the said Board do hereby (subject to the approval of the Education Department) make and ordain the following Bye-laws.

No. 24095.

I

Interpretation of Terms.

1. The term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education."

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means "The Inspectors of Schools," appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department.

The term "Parish" means "The Parish of Llanaber."

The term "School Board" or "Board" means "The School Board of the District, comprising the Parish of Llanaber."

The term "School" or "Public Elementary School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870.

The term "Parent" includes Guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living, and is residing within the parish.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the said parish, shall cause such child (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend school.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely,

- (a.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) That the child is prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which such child can attend within a reasonable distance from the residence of such child.

The following scale of distances for children of different ages shall be held to be reasonable distances, viz. :—

For children of 5 and 6 years of age, 1½ miles.

" 7 and 8 " 2 "

" 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13, 3 "

The distance to be measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Providing for remission or payment of School Fees in case of Poverty.

3. The School Board shall, in the case of any child resident in their district whose parent is in their opinion unable from poverty to pay school fees of such child, remit or pay from time to time for a renewable period not exceeding six months, the whole or such part of the school fees as in the opinion of the Board the parent is unable to pay, at any Public Elementary School which may be selected by the parent of such child.

Determining time during which such children shall attend School.

4. The time during which every such child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child during the time or times in which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects is given, and that no child shall be required—

- (a.) To attend school on any day set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.

(b) To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of public thanksgiving, or on Saturdays after twelve o'clock at noon.

Provided also that any requirements herein contained shall not be held or construed to apply to any child employed in labour and receiving instruction in conformity with the provisions of the Factory Acts or of the Workshop Regulation Act, 1867, or of any other Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso for total or partial exemption from attendance if child has reached a certain standard.

5. Provided that in case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of School shall certify that any child between 10 and 13 years of age has reached the Sixth Standard of Education mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 6th day of February, 1872, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school, and provided that any such child who has been so certified to have reached the Fourth Standard of Education mentioned in the said Code shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than 15 hours in any week.

Penalty for breach of Bye-laws.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws or any of them shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

Date on which Bye-laws shall come into operation.

7. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Common Seal of the "Llanaber School Board" this 8th day of January, 1874.

John Jones, Chairman.

Cadwalader Roberts, Clerk.



AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT :

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Holbeton, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eleventh of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 294.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled; and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXCIV.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD FOR THE
PARISH OF HOLBETON.

At a Meeting of the School Board for the parish of Holbeton, in the county of Devon, held at the Board Room, Holbeton, on the eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers vested in them under the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make the following

BYE-LAWS.

1. Interpretation of terms:—The term "Parish" means a place for which for the time being a separate poor rate is or can be made. The term "School Board" or "Board" means the School Board for the parish of Holbeton. The term "School" or "Public Elementary School," means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act. The term "Parent" includes the guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said Board, shall cause such child (unless there be some reasonable excuse) to attend school. Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c) That there is no Public Elementary School open which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, but no child shall be required

- (a) To attend on Sunday, Christmas-day, or Good Friday, or on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (b) To attend any religious observance, or any instruction in religious subjects.
- (c) To attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school, and the examination of the scholars therein, in respect of religious subjects.
- (d) To attend school if such requirement would be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the new code of regulations of the Education Department, made on the seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school; and any such child who shall be so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

5. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable from poverty, to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit, and in the case of any other school will pay, the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months; but the amount of fees to be so paid, shall not exceed the ordinary payment at the schools provided by the Board.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding *Two Shillings and Sixpence*; provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week, shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as, with the costs, shall amount to *Five Shillings for each offence*.

7. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board of the said parish of Holbeton, this eleventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Wm. F. Splatt,
Chairman.

Sealed in the presence of
J. Loveday,
Clerk.



AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llangurig, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the fourteenth of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 295.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXCXV.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,

Parish of Llangurig.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LLANGURIG SCHOOL BOARD.

At a Meeting of the School Board of the above parish, held at the Unicorn Inn, in the borough of Llanidloes, on the 14th day of February, 1874 (pursuant to notice). A quorum of the members

being present. The said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers vested in them by section 74 of the "Elementary Education Act" (subject to the approval of the "Education Department") make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

I.—The definition of terms shall be the same as set forth in section 3 of the "Elementary Education Act, 1870."

II.—The parent of every child, not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend school.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

(1.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(2.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause, or cause which shall appear to the Board a reasonable ground for non-attendance.

(3.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend, within the following distances, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

(a.) For a child between 5 and 7 years old—one mile.

(b.) For a child between 7 and 10 years old—two miles.

(c.) For a child between 10 and 13 years old—Three miles.

III.—The time during which every such child shall attend school, shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age. Provided that nothing in these Bye-laws shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance, by the religious body to which his parent belongs; or shall require any child to attend, or excuse any child from attending, school, if such requirement or excuse would be contrary to any thing contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

IV.—In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between 10 and 13 years of age has reached the 5th Standard of Education mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 28th February, 1873, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school. And any such child who has been so certified to have reached the 4th Standard of Education mentioned in the said code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than 15 hours in any one week.

V.—If the parent (not being a pauper) satisfies the Board that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the school fees of any child who is required by these Bye-laws to attend school, the Board will remit the whole or such part of the fees as in the opinion of the Board the parent is unable to pay.

VI.—Every person who is guilty of a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, for each offence.

VII.—These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall have been sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council.

John Hughes,
Chairman.

Signed and sealed in the presence of
W. Jones,
Clerk.

14th February, 1874.



AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of
May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of *Cyfoeth-y-Brenin*, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eleventh of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 296 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXCVI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Township of Cyfoeth-y-Brenin.

BYE-LAWS OF THE CYFOETH-Y-BRENIN SCHOOL
BOARD.

At a Meeting of the School Board of the said township of *Cyfoeth-y-Brenin*, held at the Board Room, *Borth*, in the said township, the 11th day of March, 1872, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make the following :—

BYE-LAWS.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

1. The parent of every child, not less than five years of age nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the said township, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there is some reasonable excuse.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

2. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be opened for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal by the parent of any child during the time or times in

which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects is given, and that no child shall be required—

(A.) To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.

(B.) To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or on Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon.

(C.) To attend school on any day fixed for the examination of the scholars therein, in respect of religious subjects.

Provided also, that any requirements herein contained shall not be held or construed to apply to any child employed in labour, and receiving instruction in conformity with the provisions of the Factory Acts, or of the Workshops' Regulation Act, 1867.

Proviso for Exemption from Attendance if Child has reached certain Standard.

3. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

Defining reasonable Excuses for Non-attendance.

4. A child shall not be required to attend school :—

(A.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(B.) If such child is prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(C.) If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Providing for Remission of School Fees in case of Poverty.

5. Where the parent of any child not attending School satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the School Board, in schools provided by the Board, will remit the whole or such part of the fees as in the opinion of the Board the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period to be fixed by the Board not exceeding six calendar months, provided that the amount of fees to be remitted shall not exceed the ordinary amount payable in such school which the parent may select.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

6. Every parent committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board of the township of *Cyfoeth-y-Brenin*, this 11th day of March, 1872.



James James, Chairman.

A. L. Lewis, Clerk to the said Board.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT:

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Birmingham, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain supplemental Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-fifth of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 297.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXCVII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1870.

Borough of Birmingham.

SUPPLEMENTAL BYE-LAWS OF THE BIRMINGHAM SCHOOL BOARD.

Whereas in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Mayor of the borough of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, a School Board for the District of the said borough was duly elected on the 28th day of November, 1870;

And whereas Bye-laws were duly made by the said School Board on the 12th day of February, 1873, and sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council on the 5th day of May, 1873, and the said Board are desirous of revoking one of those Bye-laws, namely, that numbered 5, and of making a new Bye-law in lieu thereof;

Now, at a meeting of the School Board for the said district, duly convened and held at the Parish Offices, in Paradise-street, in the said borough of Birmingham, this 25th day of February, 1874, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers in this behalf conferred by the Elementary Education Act of 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make the following Bye-laws, to come into effect forthwith, after the same shall receive the sanction of Her Majesty in Council:—

1. The Bye-law numbered 5 of the Bye-laws, made and sanctioned as aforesaid, shall forthwith be, and the same is hereby wholly revoked.

2. Where the parent of a child is, in the opinion of the School Board, unable from poverty to pay the whole or part of the school fees payable by such child, the Board shall remit, for a renewable period, to be from time to time fixed by them, not exceeding six calendar months, the whole or such part of the fees as in their opinion the parent is unable from poverty to pay.

3. The rules of interpretation contained in the Bye-law numbered 6 of the Bye-laws, made and sanctioned as aforesaid, shall apply to these Bye-laws.

As witness the Common Seal of the School

Board, and the signatures of the Chairman and the Clerk of the Board, this 25th day of February, 1874.

Joseph Chamberlain,
Chairman of the School Board for the
borough of Birmingham.

George B. Davis,
Clerk to the said Board.



AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llanybyther, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the second of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 298.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXCVIII.

Parish of Llanybyther.

LLANYBYTHER SCHOOL BOARD.

BYE-LAWS.

Whereas, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Clerk of the Union of Lampeter, in the county of Carmarthen, a School Board for the district of the said parish, was duly elected on the twenty-fourth day of May, 1871:

Now, at a Meeting of the School Board for the said district of Llanybyther, held at the office of the Board (Delhi Cottage), in the said parish of Llanybyther, on Monday, the 1st of December, 1873, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are now present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers vested in them by "The Education Acts, 1870 and 1873," and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

1. All terms are to be interpreted as "The Education Act, 1870," directs.

2. Subject to the provisions of "The Elementary Education Acts, 1870 and 1873," and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said parish, shall cause such child, unless there is some reasonable excuse, to attend some Public Elementary School.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for secular instruction; provided that nothing in these Bye-laws shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious

subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs, or shall require any child to attend school if such requirement would be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child, between ten and thirteen years of age, has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the new code of regulations of the Education Department, made on the 28th day of February, 1873, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

5. A child shall not be required to attend school—

- a. If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- b. If such child is prevented by sickness, or any other unavoidable cause.
- c. If there be no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

6. Where the parent of any child attending any school provided by the Board satisfies the School Board that he is unable, from poverty, to pay the whole or any part of the school fees for such child, the School Board will remit the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months.

7. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, but all breaches of these Bye-laws, committed by a parent in one and the same week, shall be deemed one offence, and no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

8. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporation Common Seal of the School Board of the district of Llanybyther, this second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.



H. D. Evans,
Chairman.
Sealed in the presence of
Jno. D. Jones,
Clerk.

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *May*, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Workington, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the fifth of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 299.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-

laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCXCIX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACTS,
1870-3.

Township of Workington.

BYE-LAWS OF THE WORKINGTON SCHOOL BOARD.

*Recital of Election of School Board for the
Township of Workington.*

Whereas, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Clerk of the Guardians of the Cockermouth Union, in the county of Cumberland, a School Board of the township of Workington, was duly elected on the 4th day of April, 1873:

Now, at a Meeting of the School Board of the said township of Workington, held at the office of the School Board, in the town of Workington, on Thursday, the 5th of March, 1874, at which Meeting a quorum of the Members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, subject to the approval of the Education Department and the sanction of Her Majesty in Council, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Parents shall cause their Children to attend School.

1. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Acts, 1870-3, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said township of Workington shall cause such child (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend School.

Reasonable Excuses for Non-attendance.

Any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

- (a) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b) That the child is prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
- (c) That there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Time during which Children shall attend School.

2. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child during the time or times in which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects is given, and that no child shall be required—

- (a) To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (b) To attend school (if withdrawn by the parent) on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or on Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon.

(c) To attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school or the examination of the scholars therein in respect of religious subjects.

(d) To attend school under these Bye-laws, if such requirement would be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

3. Provided that if one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the seventh day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school, and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said code shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

Payment and Remission of School Fees of Children of Indigent Parents.

4. Where the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, shall remit, and in the case of any other Public Elementary School selected by the parent, shall pay the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board the parent is not able to pay for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months, provided that the amount of fees to be remitted or paid shall not exceed the sum of threepence per week.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

5. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty which, with costs, shall not exceed five shillings for each offence.

Date on which Bye-laws shall come into operation.

6. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Common Seal of the School Board of the township of Workington, this 5th day of March, 1874.

H. Curwen,
Chairman.

Sealed in the presence of
John Dand,
Clerk.



AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of May, 1874.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Cley-next-the-Sea, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, numbered 300 :

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said

Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Arthur Helps.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CCC.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD FOR CLEY-NEXT-THE-SEA.

AT a meeting of the School Board for the parish of Cley-next-the-Sea, held on Tuesday, the 3rd day of March, 1874, the following Bye-laws, in pursuance of the powers given by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education, were made and ordained:—

Parents to cause Children to attend School.

I.—The parent of every child residing within the parish of Cley-next-the-Sea, is required to cause such child, being not less than five years nor more than twelve years old, to attend a Public Elementary School, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses for Non-attendance.

II.—It shall be a reasonable excuse for the non-attendance of a child at school—

- (1.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (2.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or by any unavoidable cause, or by some other cause which the School Board shall deem satisfactory.
- (3.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which such child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

The Time during which Children shall attend School.

III.—The time during which every such child is required to attend School, is the whole time for which the School selected shall be open for the instruction of children of a similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance, or instruction in religious subjects, and that no child shall be required—

- (a.) To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (b.) Or to attend school in violation of, or contrary to, anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso for Total or Partial Exemption from Attendance.

IV.—Any child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he or she has reached a standard equivalent to the fifth standard of the Government Code of 1873, shall be altogether exempt from obligation to attend school.

V.—Any child of not less than ten years of age who shows, to the satisfaction of the School Board,

that he or she is beneficially and necessarily at work, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school during the continuance of such work as aforesaid, but no longer.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-Laws.

VI.—Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding 5s., including costs, for each offence; provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence.

Dated this 3rd day of March, 1874.



Clement W. H. Cozens-Hardy,
Chairman.
Edward Hudson, Clerk.

Council Office, May 12, 1874.

WHEREAS the Governing Body of Rugby School, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the Public Schools Act, 1868 and 1872, and of every other power enabling them in that behalf, did, on the sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, make a Scheme for the construction of new and separate buildings for the purpose of a subordinate school, and for making additions to, and alterations in, the buildings of the existing school.

And whereas the said Scheme has been submitted to and approved by the Special Commissioners appointed by the said "Public Schools Act, 1868," and has been this day laid before Her Majesty in Council, the same is published in the London Gazette, in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act.

And notice is hereby given, that it is lawful for the bodies or persons authorized so to do, in that Act, within two months from the date of the publication of this notification, to petition Her Majesty in Council to withhold Her approval from the whole or any part of such Scheme.

Scheme referred to in foregoing Notice.

RUGBY SCHOOL.

SCHEME for the Construction of New and Separate Buildings for the purpose of a Subordinate School, and for making additions to, and alterations in, the Buildings of the existing School.

WHEREAS, by "The Public Schools Act, 1868," Section 21, the Governing Body of any of the Schools to which that Act applies, are empowered to submit to the Special Commissioners appointed by and for the purposes of the said Act, and if approved of by them to lay a scheme before Her Majesty in Council, for making any additions to, or alterations in, the buildings of the school, and may also in any such scheme make provisions for purchasing any land that may be required for making such additions or alterations as aforesaid. And by Section 25 of the same Act, any such scheme may contain all powers and provisions that may be thought expedient for carrying into effect its objects.

And whereas, by "The Public Schools Act, 1872," Section 4, it is enacted that the additions and alterations mentioned in Section 21 of the

above mentioned Act, shall be construed to include and authorize the construction of any new or separate buildings for the purposes of any subordinate or other school established or to be established in connection with any school to which the said Act applies.

And whereas by a certain Scheme made on the 25th day of July, 1873, by the said Governing Body of Rugby School, being a school to which the said Acts apply, pursuant to the provisions contained in Section 5 of "The Public Schools Act, 1872," and approved by the said Commissioners, and by Her Majesty in Council, as directed by the said Acts, the Trustees of the Rugby Charity, founded by Lawrence Sheriff, Grocer, of London, are directed on the requisition of the Governing Body of the said School to raise by sale of a sufficient part of the capital fund of £14,395 9s. 11d. Consols then standing in their name, such sums of money as may from time to time be required by the said Governing Body, and pay to them the sums so raised for or towards the carrying into execution any Scheme which may be made under the provisions of the Acts above-mentioned for a Subordinate School to be established in connection with the existing school, and after the establishment of such Subordinate School, for or towards making any additions to or alterations in the buildings of the said existing school.

Now, therefore, the Governing Body of Rugby School in exercise of the powers conferred upon them as aforesaid, and of all other powers enabling them in this behalf, submit to the Special Commissioners appointed for the purposes of "The Public Schools Act, 1868," the following scheme:—

Subordinate School.

1 The said Governing Body of Rugby School shall purchase out of the moneys so to be raised and paid to them as aforesaid a plot of ground in the parish of Rugby, not exceeding seven acres, for the erection thereon of the buildings hereinafter mentioned, with sufficient play grounds attached thereto, and for this purpose may enter into any contracts with any person or persons.

2 The said Governing Body shall, out of the moneys to be raised as aforesaid, erect on the site so to be purchased all such buildings and premises as may be necessary for a Subordinate School, including, if they think fit, a Master's House, with or without accommodation for boarders.

3 The said buildings and premises shall be large enough to accommodate 150 boys at the least.

Additional Buildings for the existing School.

4 The Governing Body may, out of the moneys so to be raised and paid to them by the Trustees of the Rugby Charity as aforesaid, complete the quadrangle of school rooms on the north side of the chapel, which was begun in the year 1867, and may appropriate to that purpose the ground on which the stables and other offices heretofore occupied by the Head Master now stand, and the yard belonging thereto, and may pull down such stables and offices accordingly.

5 They may also, out of such moneys, purchase the plot of garden ground belonging to the Reverend Charles Evans, Rector of Solihull, in the county of Warwick, and situate on the east side of Barby-road, at Rugby aforesaid, or any other site suitable for the purposes of this scheme.

6 The said Governing Body may erect a coach house and stables, and other suitable offices, as they may think necessary, in lieu of the stables and other offices mentioned in the preceding clause 4, together with a house attached to the

said stables to be used as the residence of a servant to the Head Master.

7. The said Governing Body may use as a site for buildings mentioned in the last preceding clause, the Head Master's garden, situate on the east side of Barby-road, at Rugby, or the plot of ground so to be purchased as aforesaid, or any part or parts thereof respectively.

Given under the Common Seal of the Governing Body of Rugby School, this sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

L. S.

Approved and sealed by the Special Commissioners appointed for the purposes of "The Public Schools Act, 1868," this sixteenth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

L. S.

Privy Council Office, May 12, 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Petition has been presented to Her Majesty in Council from the Town Council of the borough of Hastings, praying that Her Majesty in Council, under the Act 22 Vict., cap. 35, will be pleased to fix the number of wards into which the said borough shall be divided. And notice is hereby further given, that Her Majesty has been pleased, by Her Order in Council of this day's date, to order that the said Petition be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on Thursday, the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Privy Council Office, May 12, 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Petition has been presented to Her Majesty in Council from certain Inhabitant Householders of the town of Leamington Priors, in the county of Warwick, praying that Her Majesty in Council, under the Act 1 Victoria, cap. 78, will be pleased to grant to that town a ROYAL CHARTER, by which the powers and provisions of the Municipal Corporations Act, 5 and 6 William the Fourth, cap. 76, may be extended to the Inhabitants of the said town, within the limits to be set forth in such Charter; and notice is hereby further given, that Her Majesty has been pleased, by Her Order in Council of this day's date, to order that the said Petition be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the twenty-fifth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Windsor Castle, May 12, 1874.

The Queen was this day pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on Joseph William Bazalgette, Esq., C.B., Engineer to the Metropolitan Board of Works.

Whitehall, May 14, 1874.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Henry Hayman, D.D., to the Rectory of Aldingham, in the county of Lancaster, and diocese of Carlisle, vacant by the death of the Reverend John Macaulay.

No. 24095.

K

(H. 3197.)

*Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, May 13, 1874.*

THE Board of Trade have received a telegram, dated yesterday, from Her Majesty's Acting Consul at Archangel, stating that the River Dwina was opened on the 11th instant, that there are no reports of ice, and that the prevailing winds are favourable for clearing the White Sea.

(H. 3225.)

*Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, May 14, 1874.*

THE Board of Trade have received a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Pernambuco, dated 28th ultimo, stating that yellow fever and small pox still prevailed in that port and city.

Admiralty, 12th May, 1874.

Navigating Lieutenant Frederick Augustus Johnston has this day been promoted to the rank of Staff Commander in Her Majesty's Fleet, with seniority of 10th May, 1874.

In accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 3rd March, 1873—

Paymaster John Douglas Parminter has been placed on the Retired List from the 9th instant, and has been allowed to assume the rank of Paymaster-in-Chief from the same date.

Admiralty, May 13, 1874.

NAVAL KNIGHTS OF WINDSOR.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty do hereby give notice to such Lieutenants in Her Majesty's Navy and to such Lieutenants of the Royal Navy retired with the rank of Commander, as are desirous of being recommended for the appointment of Naval Knight of Windsor, under the will of the late Samuel Travers, Esq., that they must apply at this office, either personally or by letter, on or before the 21st instant, when they will be informed of the nature of the certificates and testimonials which are required to show that they come within the meaning of the will, an extract from which is herewith appended:

"These gentlemen are to be superannuated or
"disabled Lieutenants of English men-of-
"war, single men, without children, inclined
"to lead a virtuous, studious, and devout
"life; to be removed if they give occasion
"for scandal."

By the Act 30 and 31 Victoria, cap. 100, widowers are deemed single men within the meaning of the will in question.

War Office, 15th May, 1874.

MILITIA.

Bedford.

Lieutenant Arthur George Judd to be Captain.
Dated 16th May, 1874.

Lieutenant Henry John Hugh de Vismes to be Captain. Dated 16th May 1874.

Royal Berks.

Captain Arthur Thomas Pratt Barlow resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Lieutenant Sydney Alers Hankey resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Assistant-Surgeon Francis Arthur Bulley resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

1st Royal Cheshire.

Captain Henry Potts resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

2nd Derby.

William Gladwin Turbutt, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

Royal Glamorgan Artillery.

Charles Basil Mansfield, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 11th May, 1874.

Royal South Gloucester.

Captain Arthur Northey Le Patourel resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.
Lieutenant John William Holmes resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Hampshire.

Lieutenant Lawrence Fortescue resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

2nd Royal Lancashire.

Major the Honourable Frederick Arthur Stanley to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Captain and Honorary Major Charles Sutton Garraway to be Major. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Captain Richard George Belford Bolton to be Major. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Royal South Lincoln.

George Clark Downing, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Royal East Middlesex.

John Wood Gordon, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

2nd Middlesex or Edmonton Royal Rifle Regiment.

Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant Henry Riversdale Grenfell resigns his Commission, also is permitted to retain his rank, and to continue to wear the uniform of the Regiment on his retirement. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Major Jervoise Smith resigns his Commission, also is permitted to retain his rank, and to continue to wear the uniform of the Regiment on his retirement. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Lieutenant Charles Edward Wardroper resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Julian Meade Schreiber, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

3rd Middlesex or Royal Westminster.

William Hollingworth Quayle Jones, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

Royal Ethorne or 5th Middlesex.

Lieutenant Edmond Robert Henry Gray resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Northumberland.

Captain Henry, Earl Percy to be Major, vice Mitford, resigned. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Oxford.

Walter Bulkeley Barrington, late Ensign and Lieutenant Coldstream Guards, to be Captain, vice Brewis, resigned. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Lieutenant Arthur William Du Vernet resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Surgeon John Briscoe resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Shropshire.

Lieutenant Algernon George Bernard Whitmore to be Captain, vice Lovett, promoted. Dated 16th May, 1874.

2nd Somerset.

Lieutenant George Heberden Emery resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

2nd Royal Surrey.

Reynolds Harrison, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 16th May, 1874.

George Alexander Flower, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 16th May, 1874.

1st Warwick.

Captain William Hull to be Major, vice Jee, resigned. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Captain and Honorary Major William George Fetherston to be Major, vice Grimston, promoted. Dated 16th May, 1874.

2nd Warwick.

Richard Herbert Dickins, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

Worcester.

Captain John Edwin Winnall resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

3rd West York.

The appointment of John Stanley Lightfoot, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant, dated the 29th April, 1874, notified in the Gazette of the 28th April, 1874, to bear date 13th April, 1874.

5th West York.

Joseph Henry Hoole, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 9th May, 1874.

6th West York.

Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant Robert Stansfeld resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Robert Stansfeld (late Lieutenant-Colonel Commandant), to be Honorary Colonel of the Regiment. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Captain Henry Fox Davis to be Major, vice Cooper, resigned. Dated 8th May, 1874.

Lieutenant John Birkbeck Evelyn Stansfeld to be Captain. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Highland Borderers, Light Infantry.

Archibald Earnest Orr Ewing, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

2nd Royal Lanark.

Lieutenant Gavin Steel to be Captain, vice Clifford, resigned. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Antrim.

Lieutenant Henry Irwin Stuart resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Royal Cork City Artillery.

Lieutenant James Edmond FitzWilliam Barry resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Donegal.

Lieutenant Charles Hector Stewart resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Sub-Lieutenant William Mackey resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Dublin County.

Lieutenant - Colonel Charles Vesey Colthurst Vesey is granted the honorary rank of Colonel. Dated 16th May, 1874.
George FitzGerald Murphy, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

Fermanagh.

Lieutenant John Ponsonby King resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Kerry.

Albert Wiley, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Limerick County.

Lieutenant William Gough Gubbins to be Captain. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Tyrone Artillery.

Joseph Henry Greer, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

YEOMANRY CAVALRY.

Hampshire.

Arthur Tristram Ellis Jervoise, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Northumberland and Newcastle.

Captain George Anthony Fenwick resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

West Suffolk.

Henry Farnell, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 16th May, 1874.

1st West York.

Surgeon Jonathan Barber resigns his Commission. Dated 16th May, 1874.

Treasury Chambers, May 14, 1874.

THE Commissioners of Patents, with the concurrence of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, hereby give notice, that the following situation is added to Schedule B of the Order in Council of 4th June, 1870; viz:—

The situation of—

Charwoman in the Patent Office.

Civil Service Commission,

May 14, 1874.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give notice, that an Open Competition for one situation of Draughtsman in the Hydrographical Department of the Admiralty, will be held in London, on Tuesday, the 23rd of June, 1874, and following days, under the Special Regulations dated 3rd January, 1874, and published in the London Gazette of the 6th January, 1874. Persons wishing to compete should apply at once for the necessary form to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W.

Civil Service Commission,

May 14, 1874.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give notice, that at an Open Competitive Examination for one situation of Assistant Engineer to the Board of Public Works, Ireland, held in pursuance of the Regulations, dated March 6, 1874, and

published in the London Gazette of March 10, 1874, the undermentioned Candidate obtained the first place:—

Charles Frederic Green.

[Extract from the Edinburgh Gazette, May 12, 1874.]

The Chief Justice and the Judges of the Supreme Court of the Province of South Australia have nominated and appointed Thomas McLaren, Solicitor before the Supreme Courts of Scotland, Edinburgh, to be a Commissioner in Scotland to take Evidence, &c., in any cause depending or hereafter depending in the said Court. He has also been appointed to a similar Office by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Western Australia, and by the Act of the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Tasmania.

ORDER issued by the Local Government Board under "The Public Health Act, 1872," investing Rural Sanitary Authority with Urban Powers:—

Coventry Union.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Coventry Union, in the city of Coventry and county of the same city;

To the Churchwardens and Overseers of the Poor of the several parishes comprised in the said Union;

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS the Poor Law Board, by General Orders, dated respectively the 14th day of December, 1852, and the 25th day of November, 1870, and addressed, among others, to the Guardians and Directors of the Poor of the several parishes of Saint Michael and Holy Trinity, in the city of Coventry and county of the same city, prescribed Regulations for the administration of relief to Out-door Poor, and the Boarding-out of Pauper Children:

And whereas by an Order dated the 7th day of March, 1874, the Local Government Board ordered and directed that the said parishes should, on and after the 26th day of that month, be united for the administration of the laws for the relief of the poor, and form a union, to be termed the Coventry Union:

And whereas it is expedient that the provisions of the above-recited Orders, as well as of certain other General Orders hereinafter mentioned, should be made applicable to the said Coventry Union:

Now, therefore, we, the Local Government Board, in pursuance of the powers given by the Statutes in that behalf, hereby order and direct as follows; that is to say,—

On and after the 15th day of April instant, the provisions of the above-recited Orders dated respectively the 14th day of December, 1852, and the 25th day of November, 1870, shall be applicable to the Coventry Union, and shall be binding upon the Guardians of that Union, and their officers.

The provisions of the following General Orders of the Poor Law Board and the Local Government Board shall also, on and after the 15th day of April instant, be applicable to the Coventry Union, and shall be binding upon the Guardians of that Union and their officers; namely,—

The General Order of the Poor Law Board dated the 15th day of February, 1868, prescribing the form of contract to be entered into for public vaccination.

The General Order of the Local Government Board dated the 30th day of November, 1871, prescribing the forms of the notices of requirement of vaccination to be given by Registrars of Births, and the forms of certificates relating to vaccination to be given by Public Vaccinators and Medical Practitioners.

The General Order of the Local Government Board dated the 23rd day of January, 1872, prescribing regulations with respect to the appointment of Vaccination Officers by Boards of Guardians, and the tenure of office, execution of duties, and remuneration of such officers.

The General Order of the Local Government Board dated the 8th day of January, 1874, prescribing forms of proceedings in Bastardy, upon the application of Guardians of the Poor.

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this thirteenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.



G. Sclater-Booth,
President.

John Lambert, Secretary.

ORDER issued by the Local Government Board under "The Public Health Act, 1872," investing Rural Sanitary Authority with Urban Powers:—

Grantham Union.—Parishes of Bottesford, Colsterworth, and Great Gonerby, and the Township of Spittlegate-with-Houghton and Walton.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Grantham Union, in the counties of Lincoln and Leicester, being the Rural Sanitary Authority for that Union;

To the Churchwardens and Overseers of the parishes of Bottesford, Colsterworth, and Great Gonerby, and to the Overseers of the township of Spittlegate-with-Houghton and Walton, all in the said Union;

And to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by Section 23 of the Public Health Act, 1872, it is enacted, that the Local Government Board may, on the application of the authority of any Rural Sanitary District, by Order, to be published in the London Gazette, or in such other manner as they may direct, invest such authority with all or any of the powers, rights, duties, capacities, liabilities, and obligations of an Urban Sanitary Authority; and that such investment may be made, either unconditionally or subject to any conditions to be specified by the Board as to the time, portion of district, or manner during, at, and in which, such powers, rights, duties, capacities, liabilities, and obligations are to be exercised and attach:

And whereas the Guardians of the Poor of the Grantham Union, in the counties of Lincoln and Leicester, being the Rural Sanitary Authority for that Union, have applied to the Local Government Board to issue an Order investing them, as such Sanitary Authority, with certain of the powers, rights, duties, capacities, liabilities, and obligations of an Urban Sanitary Authority, as regards the parishes of Bottesford, Colsterworth, and Great Gonerby, and the township of Spittlegate-with-Houghton and Walton, all in the said Union:

Now therefore, We, the Local Government Board, having duly considered the said appli-

cation, and acting under the authority of the several statutes in that behalf, do hereby invest the Guardians of the Poor of the Grantham Union, as such Sanitary Authority within such district as aforesaid, from and after the 1st day of June, 1874, with all the powers, rights, duties, capacities, liabilities, and obligations of an Urban Sanitary Authority, as regards the parishes of Bottesford, Colsterworth, and Great Gonerby, and the township of Spittlegate-with-Houghton and Walton, with reference to making bylaws, and otherwise, in respect to the following matters, viz:—

In respect to the various matters mentioned in Section 64 of the Public Health Act, 1848, and in Sections 34 of the Local Government Act, 1858.

In respect to the various matters mentioned in Sub-section 4 of Section 32 of the Local Government Act, 1858.

And in respect to Slaughter-houses, under Section 45 of the Local Government Act, 1858.

And We do hereby direct the said Guardians to cause this our Order to be published once in some newspaper circulated within their district, before the expiration of one calendar month from the date hereof.

Given under the Seal of Office of the Local Government Board, this thirteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.



G. Sclater-Booth,
President.

John Lambert, Secretary.

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of one hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Upper Armley, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said vicarage of Upper Armley, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of one hundred pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Upper Armley.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of one hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the district chapelry and benefice of Saint Paul, Sheerness, in the county of Kent, and in the diocese of Canterbury,

do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said district chapelry and benefice of Saint Paul, Sheerness, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of one hundred pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said district chapelry and benefice, according to plans and a specification to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said district chapelry and benefice of Saint Paul, Sheerness.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of five hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Great Dawley, in the county of Salop, and in the diocese of Lichfield, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same vicarage, and to his successors, a yearly sum of sixteen pounds thirteen shillings and four pence, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said vicarage of Great Dawley, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of sixteen pounds thirteen shillings and four pence, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said vicarage in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of one thousand and one hundred pounds, four pounds per centum debenture stock of the London and North Western Railway Company, which has been permanently secured for the benefit of the district chapelry and benefice of Saint George, Preston, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said district chapelry and benefice of Saint George, Preston, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one yearly sum or stipend of thirty-

six pounds thirteen shillings and four pence, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the said yearly sum or stipend, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said district chapelry and benefice, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of five hundred and fifty pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint Catherine, Tranmere, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said vicarage of Saint Catherine, Tranmere, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of five hundred and fifty pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Saint Catherine, Tranmere.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of four hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the rectory of Saint Michael, Bedwardine, in the county of Worcester, and in the diocese of Worcester, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said rectory of Saint Michael, Bedwardine, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of four hundred pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said rectory, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said rectory of Saint Michael, Bedwardine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, do hereby, subject as hereinafter mentioned, grant and convey to the Incumbent of the vicarage of Loxwood, in the county of Sussex, and in the diocese of Chichester, and to his successors, Incumbents of the same vicarage, all those annual tithe commutation rent-charges which are particularly described in the schedule hereunto annexed, and are now vested in us; to have and to hold the said annual tithe commutation rent-charges, subject as hereinafter mentioned, to the use of the said Incumbent and his successors for ever: Provided always, that the said annual tithe commutation rent-charges hereby expressed to be granted and conveyed, shall be and be taken to be in full satisfaction and discharge of any claim which might be preferred or advanced on behalf of any Incumbent of the said vicarage of Loxwood for payment by us, or our successors or assigns, of certain yearly sums or charges, which a certain deed of indenture, bearing date the twelfth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-nine, and made between the Reverend Richard Constable, Prebendary of the Prebend of Wisborough Green aforesaid, of the one part, the Right Reverend Father in God William, Lord Bishop of Chichester, of the second part, and the Reverend John Constable, of Ringmer, in the said county, Clerk, the Reverend Henry Hoper, of Portslade, in the said county, Clerk, George Hoper, of Lewes, in the said county, Esquire, and the Reverend William Wallinger, of Tonbridge Wells, in the county of Kent, Clerk, of the third part, purported to secure to the Incumbent or Curate of the ecclesiastical chapel at Loxwood End, in the parish of Wisborough Green, in the said county: And provided also, that the Incumbent for the time being of the same vicarage shall be entitled to receive from us, or on our account, the net amount of the rents, profits, and proceeds of the said annual tithe commutation rent-charges, for and in respect of the period intervening between the fifteenth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and the date of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

SCHEDULE.

EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent-charge in lieu of Tithes in the parish Wisborough Green, in the county of Sussex.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent-charge payable to the Reverend L. V. Harcourt and Wife, Lessees of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.
		A.	R.	P.	
Cooper, John	Hemming, John	4	1	38	£ 0 15 7
	Himself	5	3	12	0 17 4
Gallup, E. I.	Himself	6	3	30	1 3 7
	Hemming, James	2	3	39	0 13 1
Hemming, John	Himself	8	1	33	1 12 0
	"	2	3	37	0 9 7
Harmes, Miss	Parsons, William... ..	21	2	24	3 3 1
	"	42	0	3	6 5 6
Harcourt, Vernon Leveson, Honourable	King, John	22	1	27	1 1 2
	Childs, James	5	2	16	0 14 8
King, John, Esquire	Himself	9	1	33	1 6 9
	"	220	2	7	25 11 3
	Hoar, Jacob	13	0	20	2 10 9
	Garton, Josiah	9	2	37	1 16 2
	Tucker, William	1	3	14	0 4 8
	Boarer, John	1	0	33	0 1 9
	Garton, Josiah	1	0	35	0 5 5
	Hoar, Jacob	4	0	9	1 3 10
	Luff, James	83	3	1	13 16 4
	Himself	1	1	25	0 3 7
Knight, George	King, John	7	2	24	1 6 5
	Hemming, John	4	2	22	0 18 1
Loxwood Chapel, Trustees of	Botting, Henry	1	2	2	0 3 1
	Himself	139	0	31	17 17 11
Napper, John Laker, Esquire	Bonsey, William, senior ..	1	3	11	0 4 8
	Botting, Henry	6	1	1	1 2 7
Napper, Edward, Esquire	Standing, John	2	1	10	0 7 7
	Bonsey, William, senior ...	3	1	6	0 9 7
	Parsons, William	24	0	8	4 7 4
	Tribe, James	34	2	12	5 4 1
	Himself	154	3	14	27 7 0
	Himself	110	1	25	19 7 10
Napper, Henry Frederick, Esquire	Hard, Mrs. Ann	18	3	10	2 8 11
	Himself	89	1	31	13 7 9

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent-charge payable to the Reverend L. V. Harcourt and Wife, Lessees of the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Napper, Henry Frederick, Esquire (continued)	Napper, Walter ...	90	1	25	15	3	2
	Hard, Mrs. Ann ...	39	1	20	5	8	6
	Himself ...	5	2	0	1	3	9
Onslow, Denzil, Esquire...	Knight, Stephen ...	57	2	14	5	3	0
	Knight, Hannah ...	18	0	15	2	5	5
	Seward, Thomas ...	15	1	20	2	7	8
	Fuller, Stephen ...	3	0	0	0	9	7
	Child, James ...	190	1	9	21	5	2
	Churchman, William ...	107	2	8	19	8	7
	Penfold, Elijah ...	6	2	17	0	17	11
	Seward, Thomas ...	3	1	1	0	11	5
	Hoar, Jacob ...	82	1	2	8	4	9
	Penfold, Elijah ...	20	3	18	1	17	11
	Puttock, William...	3	2	4	0	10	7
	Churchman, William	25	3	25	3	2	6
	Seward, Thomas ...	48	3	11	5	4	5
	Woods, James ...	29	1	16	3	12	8
	Penfold, Elijah ...	13	3	30	1	18	5
	Sopp, John ...	1	1	21	0	6	6
	Hoar, Jacob ...	4	1	7	0	10	1
	Woods, James ...	181	0	4	35	19	11
	Seward, Thomas ...	24	0	14	3	7	11
	Fuller, Stephen ...	3	1	13	0	7	8
Tobitt, Israel ...	Tobitt, Israel ...	67	0	6	10	10	0
	Ditto ...	79	1	9	8	8	9
Puttock, James ...	Himself ...	1	2	1	0	5	0
Sayers, James ...	Himself ...	1	1	30	0	6	6
Strudwick, Robert ...	Himself ...	2	0	13	0	7	9
Tucker, William...	Bonsey, William, senior ...	1	0	14	0	3	8
Waller, Jesse, Executors of	Tobitt, Israel ...	5	3	10	0	16	5
	Himself ...	59	2	6	9	1	1
Wyndham, Henry, General	Ditto ...	115	0	15	18	7	2
	Ditto ...	40	0	16	6	9	11
	Rogers, —, Esquire ...	2	0	32	0	3	3
					£352 15 11		

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of six hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint Mary with the rectory of Saint Benedict, Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, and in the diocese of Ely, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same vicarage and rectory, and to his successors, a yearly sum of twenty pounds, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said vicarage of Saint Mary with the rectory of Saint Benedict, Huntingdon, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of twenty pounds, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said

vicarage and rectory, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be; shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of one thousand three hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint Saviour, Ravensthorpe, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same vicarage, and to his successors, a yearly sum of forty-three pounds six shillings and eight pence, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said vicarage of Saint Saviour, Ravensthorpe, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of forty-three pounds six shillings and eight pence, such yearly sum or stipend to be

payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend so payable out of our common fund as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said vicarage, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter, cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of seven hundred and fifty pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint Peter, Malvern Wells, in the county of Worcester, and in the diocese of Worcester, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said vicarage of Saint Peter, Malvern Wells, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of seven hundred and fifty pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Saint Peter, Malvern, Wells.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of one thousand pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Whixley, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same vicarage, and to his successors, a yearly sum of thirty-three pounds six shillings and eight pence, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said vicarage of Whixley, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of thirty-three pounds six shillings and eight pence, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend so payable out of our common fund, as

lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said vicarage in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction consisting of certain pieces of land, comprising in the aggregate two acres two roods and thirty perches, more or less, together with the messuage or dwelling-house standing thereon, which has been permanently secured to the district of Lindale-with-Martin, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Carlisle, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Minister or Incumbent of the said district of Lindale-with-Martin, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one yearly sum or stipend of thirty-nine pounds three shillings and four pence, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the said yearly sum or stipend, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said district, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of three hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the district chapelry and benefice of Saint Mary the Virgin, Noman's Heath, in some or one of the three counties of Derby, Leicester, and Warwick, and in the diocese of Lichfield, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same district chapelry and benefice, and to his successors, a yearly sum of ten pounds, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said district chapelry and benefice of Saint Mary the Virgin, Noman's Heath, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of ten pounds, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to

produce the yearly sum or stipend, so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said district chapelry and benefice, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of one hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint Saviour, Brownhill, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund, to the said vicarage of Saint Saviour, Brownhill, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of one hundred pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification approved by us; such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Saint Saviour, Brownhill.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of two hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the rectory of Saint Mary, Wombwell, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said rectory of Saint Mary, Wombwell, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of two hundred pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said rectory, according to plans and a specification approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said rectory of Saint Mary, Wombwell.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of one thousand five hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the district chapelry and benefice of Saint Oswald, Worleston, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of

Chester, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same district chapelry and benefice and to his successors, a yearly sum of fifty pounds, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said district chapelry and benefice of Saint Oswald, Worleston, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of fifty pounds, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend, so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said district chapelry and benefice, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of five hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint Peter, Hednesford, in the county of Stafford, and in the diocese of Lichfield, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same vicarage, and to his successors, a yearly sum of sixteen pounds thirteen shillings and four pence, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said vicarage of Saint Peter, Hednesford, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of sixteen pounds thirteen shillings and four pence, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lauds, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend, so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said vicarage, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of one thousand five hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the

vicarage of Saint Thomas, Portman-square, Marylebone, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said vicarage of Saint Thomas, Portman-square, Marylebone, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of one thousand five hundred pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Saint Thomas, Portman-square, Marylebone.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of one thousand five hundred pounds sterling which has been paid to us in favour of the district chapelry and benefice of Emmanuel, Saltburn-by-the-Sea, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same district chapelry and benefice, and to his successors, a yearly sum of fifty pounds, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said district chapelry and benefice of Emmanuel, Saltburn-by-the-Sea, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of fifty pounds, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend, so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said district chapelry and benefice, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction, consisting of one hundred and fifty pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint Oswald, Fulford, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said vicarage of Saint Oswald, Fulford, to meet

such benefaction, one other capital sum of one hundred and fifty pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification approved or to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Saint Oswald, Fulford.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of one hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Little Maplestead, in the county of Essex, and in the diocese of Rochester, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same vicarage and to his successors, a yearly sum of three pounds six shillings and eight pence, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said vicarage of Little Maplestead, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of three pounds six shillings and eight pence, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend, so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said vicarage, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of one hundred and seventy-five pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint James-with-Pockthorpe, Norwich, in the county of Norfolk, and in the diocese of Norwich, and in respect of a portion amounting to one hundred and twenty-five pounds, of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage, and to his successors, a yearly sum of four pounds three shillings and four pence, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant to the Incumbent of the said vicarage of Saint James-with-Pockthorpe, Norwich, in the county of Norfolk, and in the diocese of Norwich, and to his successors, Incumbents of the same vicarage, one other yearly sum or stipend of four pounds three shillings and four pence such yearly sum or stipend to be payable

out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: And we do also, in further consideration of the benefaction aforesaid, hereby grant and appropriate out of our said common fund, to the said vicarage of Saint James-with-Pockthorpe, Norwich, one capital sum of fifty pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of enlarging and otherwise improving the parsonage or house of residence belonging to the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification approved or to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Saint James-with-Pockthorpe, Norwich: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the said lastly-mentioned yearly sum or stipend of four pounds three shillings and four pence, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said vicarage, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction consisting of four hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Saint Simon, Sheffield, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said vicarage of Saint Simon, Sheffield, to meet such benefaction, one other capital sum of four hundred pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Saint Simon, Sheffield.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of one thousand five hundred pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the district chapelry and benefice of the Holy Trinity, Hepworth, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same district chapelry and benefice, and to his successors, a yearly sum of fifty pounds, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her

Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said district chapelry and benefice of the Holy Trinity, Hepworth, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of fifty pounds, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the day of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend, so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said district chapelry and benefice, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

(L.S.)

The County Court of Yorkshire, holden at
Kingston-upon-Hull.

The County Courts' Admiralty Jurisdiction Act,
31 and 32 Vict., c. 7 s. 14.

A LIST, confirmed by the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty, of Assessors, being persons of nautical skill and experience, residing or having places of business within the district assigned to this Court for Admiralty purposes, by an Order of Her Majesty the Queen in Council, at Windsor, on the 9th day of December, 1868, and amended by another Order of Her Majesty in Council, dated at Osborne House, on the 14th day of January, 1869:—

William Brown, Beverley-road, Hull, Merchant,
Lloyds' Agent at Hull, previously Master
Mariner.

John Barker, Hull, Warden of the Trinity House,
formerly Master Mariner.

Thomas Bolton, Hull, Elder Brother of the
Trinity House, formerly Master Mariner.

H. W. Brodrick, Hull, Elder Brother of the
Trinity House, formerly Master Mariner.

J. H. Brown, Hull, formerly Master Mariner.

John B. Cator, Hull, Captain R.N.

Horatio Dring, Hull, formerly Master Mariner.

Arthur Donaldson, Hull, Warden of the Trinity
House, formerly Master Mariner.

George Foster, Hull, formerly Master Mariner.

Joseph Peckitt, Hull, formerly Master Mariner,
now retired.

Robert P. Priest, Hull, formerly Master Mariner,
now retired.

R. M. Sawyer, Hull, formerly Master Mariner.

John Wilson, Hull, Warden of the Trinity House,
formerly Master Mariner.

John Wharton, 50, Wright-street, Hull, Lieu-
tenant R.N.R., formerly Master Mariner.

Dale Brown, Albion-street, Hull, Master Mariner,
retired, formerly Commodore of Hull Pilots.

Approved—

Robert J. Phillimore,

Judge of the High Court of Admiralty.

May 8, 1874.

Official Notice.

Proposal to Change a Ship's Name.

THE Royal Mail Steam Packet Company hereby give notice, that in consequence of its being the practice of the Company to name their steam ships after rivers, it is their intention to apply to the Board of Trade, under Section 6 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1871, in respect of their steam ship "Leopold II," of London, official number 68,386, of gross tonnage 2,539 tons, of register tonnage 1,490 tons, heretofore owned by the Belgian Royal Mail Company Limited, of Fenchurch-street, London, for permission to change her name to "Minho," to be registered under the said new name at the Port of London, as owned by the said Royal Mail Steam Packet Company.

Any objections to the proposed change of name must be sent to the Assistant-Secretary, Marine Department, Board of Trade, within fifteen days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at 55, Moorgate-street, London, this 14th day of May, 1874.

J. M. Lloyd, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Saint Paul's Wesleyan Chapel, situate at Brighthouse, in the parish of Halifax, in the county of York, in the district of Halifax, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 2nd day of May, 1874, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 12th of May, 1874.

Chas. Barstow, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named General Baptist Chapel, situated at East Leake, in the parish of East Leake, in the county of Nottingham, in the

district of Loughborough, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 7th day of May, 1874, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 12th of May, 1874.

John Wilson, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named Trebulet Chapel, situate at Trebulet, in the parish of Lezant, in the county of Cornwall, in the district of Launceston, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 11th day of May, 1874, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 12th of May, 1874.

John Dingley, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Wesleyan Chapel, situated at Honeywill, in the parish of Ilington, in the county of Devon, in the district of Newton Abbot, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 12th day of May, 1874, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 13th of May, 1874.

John Alsop, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorised by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the Hadleigh Senior Benefit Society, held at Hadleigh, in the county of Suffolk, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England on the 9th day of May, 1874.

A. K. Stephenson, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 11th day of May, 1874.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1869.

RETURN of the Number of Foreign Animals brought by Sea to Ports in Great Britain, which on inspection on landing, within the Month of April, 1874, have been found to be affected with any Contagious or Infectious Disease, specifying the Disease, and the Ports from which, and to which, such Animals were brought, and the mode in which such Animals have been disposed of.

FOREIGN PORTS from which brought.	PORTS IN GREAT BRITAIN to which brought.	DISEASE.	NUMBER OF ANIMALS AFFECTED.					DISPOSAL.
			Cattle.	Sheep.	Goats.	Swine.	TOTAL.	Slaughtered at place of landing.
Bremen	London	Foot-and-Mouth	8	...	...	...	8	8
Dunkirk ... ..	" ... ..	"	...	...	...	43	43	43
Hamburg	Hartlepool	"	7	...	...	...	7	7
"	Hull	"	...	10	...	...	10	10
"	London	"	10	...	...	...	10	10
Ostend... ..	" ... ..	"	...	...	...	136	136	136
Rotterdam	Grimsby... ..	"	...	...	...	1	1	1
"	Harwich... ..	"	...	...	...	2	2	2
TOTAL			25	10	...	182	217	217

Privy Council Office,
Veterinary Department, 14th May, 1874.

ALEXANDER WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

SUPPLEMENT TO

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the week ending Saturday, the 2nd day of May, 1874.

The undermentioned Parties having omitted to transmit their Accounts in proper time to be inserted in the Gazette of Tuesday, the 12th day of May, 1874.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.				Average Amount.
				£
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank	Tiverton ...	Dunsford and Co. ... ..	...	6,521
County of Gloucester Banking Company ...	Cheltenham ...	...	...	94,516

W. H. COUSINS, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, May 14, 1874.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of BULLION and SPECIE registered in the Week ending 13th May, 1874.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
France	1,365	2,815	4,180	84,640	11,496	96,136
United States of America ... ..	...	425	425	...	211,167	211,167
Chili ... ..	...	...	...	1,600	108,804	110,404
Brazil	11,350	...	11,350	7,100	...	7,100
Other Countries	747	167	914	54,011	12,600	66,611
...
...
...
...
...
Aggregate of the Importations } registered in the Week ... }	13,462	3,407	16,869	147,351	344,067	491,418
Declared Value of the said } Importations }	£ 57,450	£ 13,626	£ 71,076	£ 36,820	£ 86,015	£ 122,835

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.			British.	Foreign.		
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Holland ... ..	...	...	2,000	2,000	...	...	113,600	113,600
Belgium ... ..	...	...	...	...	20,000	32,000	...	52,000
France ... ..	...	15,700	...	15,700	...	12,000	176,000	188,000
Spain ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	569,800	569,800
Egypt	521	...	...	521	...	...	845,152	845,152
Newfoundland ... ..	...	...	...	...	27,520	...	...	27,520
Other Countries	577	...	...	577	86	3,927	...	4,013
Aggregate of the Exportations } registered in the Week ... }	1,098	15,700	2,000	18,798	47,606	47,927	1704552	1800065
Declared Value of the said } Exportations }	£ 4,385	£ 59,900	£ 8,000	£ 72,285	£ 13,025	£ 11,986	£ 433,688	£ 458,669

Statistical Department, Custom House, London, May 14, 1874.

S. SELDON, Principal.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 13th day of May, 1874.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

				£					£
Notes issued	...	...	...	35,493,025	Government Debt	...	...	...	11,015,100
					Other Securities	...	...	...	3,984,900
					Gold Coin and Bullion	...	...	...	20,493,025
					Silver Bullion	...	...	...	...
				£35,493,025					£35,493,025

Dated the 14th day of May, 1874.

F. May, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

				£					£
Proprietors' Capital	...	...	...	14,553,000	Government Securities	...	...	...	13,803,274
Rest	...	...	...	3,155,497	Other Securities	...	...	...	20,247,272
Public Deposits (including Ex-					Notes	...	...	...	9,057,420
chequer, Savings Banks, Com-					Gold and Silver Coin	...	...	...	735,274
missioners of National Debt, and									
Dividend Accounts)	...	...	...	6,885,419					
Other Deposits	...	...	...	18,870,487					
Seven Day and other Bills	...	...	...	378,837					
				£43,843,240					£43,843,240

Dated the 14th day of May, 1874.

F. May, Chief Cashier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by George Edward Dering, of Lockley's, near Welwyn, in the county of Hertford, Esq., by petition, to Her Majesty in Council, for a prolongation of the term of sole using and vending an invention of "improvements in the permanent ways of railways," bearing date the 23rd day of November, 1860, in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, the Channel Islands, and Isle of Man; and notice is hereby given, that the said Petitioner intends to apply, by Counsel, to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, on the 3rd day of July, 1874, or if the said Judicial Committee shall not sit on that day, at the next sitting of the Judicial Committee after that day, for a time to be fixed for the hearing of the said petition; and that on or before the said 3rd day of July, 1874, notice must be given of any opposition intended to be made to the said petition; and any person intending to oppose the said petition must lodge a caveat to that effect at the Council Office on or before that date.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

Wilson, Bristows, and Carpmael, 1, Copt-hall-buildings, E.C., Solicitors for the above-named Petitioner.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
1593. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Henry Sawyer, of Boston, in the county of Suffolk, and State of Massachusetts, of the United States of America, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in extension tables,"—a communication to him from Franklin Osgood, of Boston, in the county of

Suffolk, and State of Massachusetts, of the United States of America,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of May, 1874, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
1603. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of William Manson, of the city and county of San Francisco, State of California, in the United States of America, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in reciprocating pistons by atmospheric pressure, obtained by the action of a piston in a separate cylinder, by which the air in said cylinder is forced alternately above and below the working piston, said improvement being applicable for driving hammers, stamps, drills, and other percussive machinery," was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of May, 1874, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
1610. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Charles Denton Abel, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in the construction of buildings and in the materials employed therefor,"—a communication to him from abroad by Dr. E. Jachne, of Berthelsdorf, in the Kingdom of

Prussia,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 7th day of May, 1874, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
1628. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Edward Primerose Howard Vaughan, F.C.S., of 54, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of metallic compositions having phosphorus combined therewith, the same being applicable for bearings and other parts of machinery exposed to friction,"—a communication to him from abroad by Charles Künzel, Doctor of Philosophy, residing at Blasewitz, in the Kingdom of Saxony,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of May, 1874, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
1632. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of George Haseltine, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, Doctor of Laws, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improved methods of, and machinery for, ornamenting and finishing buttons and other like articles,"—a communication to him from abroad by Robert Harris Isbell, of New Milford, Connecticut, United States of America, Manufacturer,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of May, 1874, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
1636. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Charles Denton Abel, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for separating the fibres of silk rags,"—a communication to him from abroad by Philipp Ernst Mueller, of Dresden, in the Kingdom of Saxony,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of May, 1874, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said Office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed—

1267. To Saint John Vincent Day, of 166, Buchanan-street, Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Consulting Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of iron and steel, and in furnaces employed therefor."—A communication to him from abroad by James Henderson, of the city, county, and State of New York, United States of America.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 13th day of April, 1874.

1407. To Edward Henry Taylor and James Wilson Taylor, both of Barnsley, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in self acting catches or fastenings for securing the doors of railway and other wagons or trucks."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 22nd day of April, 1874.

1423. To Walter George Fearnley, of Wells-street, Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, Gas Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for heating ovens."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 23rd day of April, 1874.

1452. To John Martin Stanley and Henry James, both of Sheffield, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in appliances for milking cows."

1455. To Augustus Bryant Childs, of 16, Mark-lane, London, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for cleaning grain, rice, or seeds, or bolting flour and separating and purifying middlings made therefrom."

1463. And to Edwin Powley Alexander, of 14, Southampton-buildings, London, Consulting Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in shot cartridges."—A communication to him from abroad by Allan B. Kay and Robert A. Kay, both of Newark, New Jersey, in the United States of America, Gentlemen.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 27th day of April, 1874.

1471. To John Anderson Cotton, of "The Ferns," Tottenham, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, for the invention of "a new method of providing a foothold for horses on asphalt and other similar pavements."

1473. To Edward Bevan, of Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, Watch Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in treating flax, hemp, jute, and manilla in the manufacture of paper pulp."

1477. To William Hayden the younger, of the city of Chichester, Solicitor's Clerk, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for guiding piston rods and other parts of machinery which move in a straight line, so as to preserve their parallelism, commonly called a 'parallel motion.'"

1481. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "an improved machine for burnishing photographs, cards, and other like articles."—A communication to him from abroad by Joseph Parker Bass, of Bangor, Maine, United States of America.

1483. To John Crowley the younger, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Ironfounder and Machine Maker, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for raising and lowering weights or heavy bodies."

1485. And to Samuel Fox, of Stocksbridge Works, Deepcar, near Sheffield, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus to be used in rolling steel for the manufacture of wire."

On their several Petitions recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of April, 1874.

1487. To John Stewart Wallace and Edward Tucker, both of Belfast, in the county of Antrim, for the invention of "an improved method of and apparatus for protecting ware-

- houses and other buidings and ships from fire, also applicable to the preservation of iron safes and similar receptacles and their contents."
1489. To Robert Brydon and James Shepherd Davidson, both of Whitehaven, and George Grey, of Moor Row, all in the county of Cumberland, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of apparatus to be employed for boring or sinking."
1491. To John Carrington Sellars, of Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, Manufacturing Chemist, for the invention of "improvements in and connected with the manufacture of metal founders' blacking."
1493. To William Baker and John Unwin, both of Sheffield, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in the preparation and in the electro-deposition of nickel upon metals."
1499. To Torfi Bjarnason, of Iceland, but at present of 166, Buchanan-street, Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Farmer, for the invention of "an improvement in scythes."
1501. To James Carrick, of George-square, Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for respiratory and inhaling purposes."
1503. And to Frederick John Cheesbrough, of the Office for Patents, 15, Water-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Consulting Engineer, for the invention of "an improved spark arrester for locomotive and other engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Abraham Baschwitz, of Nakel, in the Empire of Germany.
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 29th day of April, 1874.
1505. To Samuel Dunseith McKellen, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Watch Manufacturer and Jeweller, for the invention of "improvements in the methods of and in means for impelling the pendulums of horological or other apparatus."
1506. To Henry Twells Cutts and John Dean, both of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineers, trading under the firm of H. Cutts and Company, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of 'check actions' of venetian blinds, and for other purposes."
1508. To Frank Wirth, of the firm of Wirth and Company, Patent Agency, of Frankfort on the Main, in the Empire of Germany, for the invention of "improvements in steam boilers."—A communication from Henry Furnell, Engineer, a person resident at Osterholz, in the Empire of Germany.
1512. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "an improved inhaling apparatus."—A communication to him from abroad by Edward Reed Gardner, of New Bedford, Massachusetts, United States of America, Merchant.
1513. To Frederick Wigg, of Runcorn, in the county of Chester, Chemical Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in treating and preparing granular or finely divided ores for smelting."
1514. To Charles Henry Southall, of Leeds, in the county of York, Machinist, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for finishing the edges of the soles and heels of boots and shoes."
1515. To Benjamin Thomas Newnham, of the city of Bath, Carriage Builder, for the invention of "improvements in landaus or such like carriages."
1516. To John William Gibson, of Dundalk, Civil Engineer, James Patrick Kennedy, Tobacco Manufacturer, of Cavan, and Alexander Prior, Accountant, of Cavan, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of tobacco and oil, and in apparatus employed therein."
1517. To Peter Martin Shanks, of No. 31, Red Lion-square, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the production of raised surfaces or blocks for printing, and in the preparation of materials and construction of apparatus employed therein."—The result partly of a communication to him from abroad by John Robert Johnson, at present residing in Algeria, and partly of an invention and discovery made by himself.
1518. To John Thomas McNally, of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, United States of America, for the invention of "improvements in means for separating flour or meal from bran and other foreign matter."
1519. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in spark arresters."—A communication to him from abroad by Henry G. Holmes, of New York, in the United States of America.
1520. To Alexander Browne, of the firm of Browne and Company, Patent Agents, of 5, Southampton-buildings, Holborn, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in tongs for serving salad, asparagus, and other edibles."—A communication to him from abroad by Auguste Léopold Lenoir, of Paris, in the French Republic.
1521. To Josiah Vavasseur, of the London Ordnance Works, Bear-lane, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in projectiles for ordnance."
1522. To Richard David Sanders, of Bombay, in the Empire of British India, but at present residing at Great Missenden, in the county of Buckingham, Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the construction and working of signals and brakes on railway trains, in locking and unlocking the doors of railway carriages, and in economizing fuel in locomotive engines."
1523. To Theophilus Larking Joyce, of East Moulsey, in the county of Surrey, Merchant, for the invention of "an improved mode of, and apparatus for, effecting a reduction of temperature, applicable to the generation of motive power and to the manufacture of ice."—A communication to him from abroad by Isidor Selten, of Vienna, in the Empire of Austria.
1524. To Cristoforo Muratori, of No. 29, Burton-crescent, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of artificial leather."
1525. To John Garrett Tongue, of the firm of Tongue & Birkbeck, Patent Agents & Engineers, of 34, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the means employed for transmitting motion on railways."—A communication to him from abroad by Orange McConnell Chamberlain and Lehman Henry Mandelbaum, both of the city, county, and State of New York, United States of America:

1526. And to Sir Francis Charles Knowles, Baronet, of Lovell's Hill, in the county of Berks, for the invention of "improved means and method of preventing decay of wood and other ligneous fibres."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 30th day of April, 1874.
1527. To Thomas Brigham Bishop, of Regent-street, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in sewing machines, and in attachments therefor."—Partly his own invention, and partly the result of a communication to him from abroad by George Henry Bishop, of the city of New York, and Henry M. Hall, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, both in the United States of America.
1529. To William McAdam, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, for the invention of "improvements in utilizing waste products of chemical works for constructing bricks or blocks for building or analogous structural purposes."
1530. To George James Brine, of Brunswick-road, Southsea, Manager of Water Works, and Thomas Allen, of Russell-street, Southsea, Ironmonger, both in the county of Hants, for the invention of "improved cisterns or cistern apparatus for discharging or flushing at intervals and preventing waste of water."
1531. To Karl Ludwig Hartwig Gercke, of Berlin, in Prussia, but now residing at Alfred-place, Bedford-square, London, Doctor of Philosophy, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for regulating and measuring the flow of gas or other fluids."—The result partly of a communication made to him from abroad by Karl Neuber, of Hamburg, and partly of invention or discovery made by himself.
1533. To Leonard Jennett Todd, of Leith, in the county of Midlothian, North Britain, for the invention of "improvements in tramway locomotives, and in cars for the same."
1534. To William Henry Maxwell Blews, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in purifying the quinoidine of commerce."—A communication to him from abroad Dr. J. E. de Vrij, of the Hague, in the Kingdom of Holland.
1535. To Joseph Whitehead Broadbent, of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improved arrangements and apparatus for heating the feed water of the boilers of locomotive engines."
1536. To Isaac Bradley, of Ward End, in the county of Warwick, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in solid flanged metallic cartridge cases."—A communication to him from abroad by General Hiram Berdan, of the city of New York, in the United States of America, but now resident at Berlin, in the Empire of Germany.
1538. To William Bull, of Ewell, in the county of Surrey, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in flame kilns or ovens for baking or burning bricks or other goods by means of continuous firing."
1539. To Alexander Melville Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."—A communication to him from abroad by William Nuttall and Thomas Isherwood, both of Westerly, in the county of Washington, State of Rhode Island, and Charles Ralph Broadbent, of the city, county, and State of New York, both in the United States of America.
1540. To George Westinghouse, junior, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, in the United States of America, but at present of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for working brakes and communicating signals on railway trains."
1541. To George Payne and Joseph William Freestone, both of the Palm Candle Works, Millwall, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in night-lights."
1542. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in looms."—A communication to him from abroad by Arthur Villemot, of Paris, in the Republic of France.
1543. To Henry Boyland Wilsher, of the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for withdrawing beer or other liquids from casks or other vessels."
1544. To George Arthur Crow, of the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, for the invention of "improvements in machines and tools for shaping metals."
1545. To James Stone, of West Bromwich, in the county of Stafford, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of wrought iron, and in furnaces and apparatus employed therein."
1546. To Max Heymann, of Penge, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "an improved portable book holder."
1547. And to Sir Francis Charles Knowles, Baronet, of Lovell's Hill, in the county of Berks, for the invention of "improvements in the preparation of peat for fuel, and in appliances or apparatus for the purpose."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 1st day of May, 1874.
1548. To William Webster, of 1, Morpeth-terrace, Victoria-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, Publisher, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of balls to be used in the game of croquet or other games."
1549. To Thomas Edward Colcutt, of No. 17, Essex-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Architect, for the invention of "improved methods of constructing buildings, warehouses, and dwelling-houses to render them fire proof."
1550. To Sir Francis Charles Knowles, Baronet, of Lovell's Hill, in the county of Berks, for the invention of "improved manufacture of gas for heating purposes."
1551. To Arthur Chamberlain, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, and James Smith, of Birmingham aforesaid, Foreman of Brass Workers, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of pattern or moulding plates used in making moulds for casting metals."
1552. To John Challis, of Dullingham, in the county of Cambridge, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for thinning and hoeing turnips."
1553. To Jacob Henry Radcliffe, of Number 28, Waterloo-street, in Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Tin Plate Worker, for the invention of "improvements in valve oil cans and machine for manufacturing them, which is applicable to cutting out of other cone tin or sheet iron vessels."

1554. To Henry Wilde, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery and apparatus for excavating coal and other minerals, and in the mode of actuating such machinery."
1555. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "improvements in anchors."—A communication to him from abroad by Joseph Thomas Fewkes, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America, Machinist.
1556. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "an improved label or ticket for the manufacturers of cloth or clothing."—A communication to him from abroad by Halmeagh Van Geasen, of New York, United States of America.
1557. And to Edmund Walker, of Shoe-lane, in the city of London, Engineer, for an invention of "an improved method of and machinery for damping paper for printing purposes."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 2nd day of May, 1874.
1560. To William Alexander Lyttle, of the Grove, Hammersmith, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the process and apparatus for smelting iron."
1561. To Henri Adrien Bonneville, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 18, Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin, Paris, France, and 6, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "a new and improved apparatus for drying up bagauze and other materials."—A communication from Auguste Alexandre Rampant, a person resident at Saigon (Cochin China), Architect.
1562. To Charles Brock, of Saint Mary Church, in the county of Devon, Manager, of the Watcombe Terra Cotta Clay Company's Works, for the invention of "a new process of decorating pottery and other fictile manufactures."
1563. To Joseph Ward, of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for drawing and spinning cotton."
1564. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "an improved syrup jug or pitcher."—A communication to him from abroad by George McLain Irwin, of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, United States of America, Manufacturer and Merchant.
1565. To Robert Gottheil, of the "International Patent Office," at 126, Linden Str., Berlin, Prussia, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in heated air-motors."—A communication to him by the Berlin-Anhalt Machine Manufacturing Company, at Berlin and Dessau, Germany.
1566. To Robert Gottheil, of the "International Patent Office," 126, Linden Str., Berlin, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "a new or improved explosive compound for blasting purposes."—A communication to him by the Rhenish Dynamite Manufacturing Company, of Opladen, Germany.
1567. To Robert Mann Lowne, of East End, Finchley, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in anemometers and other fluid meters."
1568. To William Pinkerton, of Londonderry, in the county of Londonderry, Ireland, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for communicating or signalling between parts of railway trains."
1569. To William Lancaster, of Accrington, in the county of Lancaster, and Eugène Dollander, of Wilderstein, Alsace, in the Empire of Germany, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of apparatus for sizing and dressing yarns, part of which improvements is also applicable for starching and drying woven goods."
1570. To Thomas Skinner, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Etcher, for the invention of "improvements in the mode or process of etching on steel or iron, or other metal or substance."
1571. To Henry Phillips, of No. 19, Salisbury-street, Strand, W.C., Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in marine engine governors, or speed-governing and regulating apparatus for the motors of steam-ships, and such like purposes."
1572. To Henry Cherry, of Handsworth, in the county of Stafford, Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in condensers for steam pumping engines."
1573. To William Mort, of 155, Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, for the invention of "improvements in the preservation of food and other perishable substances."—A communication to him from abroad by Eugene Dominique Nicolle and Thomas Sutcliffe Mort, both of Sydney, in the Colony of New South Wales.
1574. To Benjamin Brown, of Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, Paper Maker, for the invention of "improvements in boilers for treating fibrous substances for the manufacture of paper."
1575. To William Taylor, of Great Driffield, in the county of York, Sewing Machine Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in sewing machines and in shuttles for the same."—Partly his own invention and partly the result of a communication to him from abroad by Johann Heinrich Rudolph Dreyer and Heinrich Schipmann, both of Hamburg, in the Empire of Germany.
1576. And to Thomas James Smith, of the firm of Robertson, Brooman, and Company, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agents, for the invention of "an improved manufacture of lace."—A communication to him from abroad by the Company or Society Desiré Sival Frères, of Lyons, in the Republic of France, Manufacturers.
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of May, 1874.
1577. To William Elsam, of Finsbury-place South, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, for the invention of "an improved eyelet."—A communication to him from abroad by John P. Pultz and L. V. Walkley, both of Plantsville, Connecticut, United States of America.
1578. To Hugh Willock, of Ardrossan, in the county of Ayrshire, North Britain, Hardware Merchant, for the invention of "an improved button."
1579. To William Edward Gedge, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "an improved traction engine or mechanical horse, which may also be used for working fixed or portable machines."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Bret, Captain Commanding the Recruitment at Albi, Tarn, France.

1582. To Thomas Octavius Jones, of No. 8, Blackheath-hill, in the county of Kent, Manufacturer, for the invention of "a new manufacture of crystal handles and tops for umbrellas, sun shades, and walking sticks, also applicable to riding whips."

1584. To William Thomas Sugg, of Vincent Works, Vincent-street, in the city of Westminster, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for regulating the supply of gas."

1585. To Benjamin Looker, of Kingston-upon-Thames, in the county of Surrey, Brick and Tile Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in heating apparatus."

1586. To Daniel Spill, of High-street, Homerton, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for propelling tramway cars and other vehicles upon rails and common roads, or both alternately, also applicable for propelling boats and other floating vessels."

1587. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for indicating and registering or recording variations in pressure, weight, and temperature."—A communication to him from abroad by the firm of Redier and Company of Paris, in the Republic of France.

1588. To Richard Henry Cowins, of Bishopwearmouth, in the county of Durham, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in railway signalling apparatus."

1589. And to François Lenoir, of Paris, in the Republic of France, but at present residing at Oxford-street, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, for the invention of "improved apparatus for carburetted gas."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 5th day of May, 1874.

1592. To Edward Priestman, of Bradford, in the county of York, Worsted Spinner and Manufacturer, and William Crook, of the same place, Comb Setter, for an invention of "improvements in machinery for combing wool and other fibres."

1594. To Frederick Curtis, of Boston, in the county of Suffolk, and State of Massachusetts, in the United States of America, for the invention of "an improved manufacture of agricultural and other implements."—A communication to him from Archibald MacMartin, a person resident at New York, in the county and State of New York, in the United States of America.

1596. To John Thornton and William Daniel Thornton, Dyers, of Marsh Field Dye Works, Bradford, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for dyeing in sections fibrous materials or striped goods."

1598. To Samuel Stead, of Leeds, in the county of York, for the invention of "an improved means for preventing rust or corrosion of iron and other metals."

1600. To William Gibson, of Bootle, in the county of Lancaster, Marine Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in marine and other engine governors, which are especially adapted to high and low pressure combined engines."

1602. And to David Fisher, of Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the inven-

tion of "improvements in meters for measuring water and other fluids."

On their several petitions recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of May, 1874.

PATENTS WHICH HAVE BECOME VOID.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £50, before the expiration of the third year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 9th day of May, 1874.

1181. Alexander Melville Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for an invention of "an improved process of oxidizing certain matters."—Communicated to him from abroad by Edouard Aubertin, Railway Superintendent, of 13, Boulevard St. Martin, Paris.—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1184. Francis Waldon, of Kilmorony, Queen's County, Ireland, Captain in the Madras Staff Corps, for an invention of "improvements in presses or compressing apparatus."—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1185. Edward Thomas Hughes, of the firm of Hughes and Son, Patent Agents, 123, Chancery-lane, London, for an invention of "improved processes and apparatus for obtaining sugar from boiled saccharine syrups or juices."—Communicated to him from abroad by Ludwig Weinrich and Julius Schröder, of Perek, Austria.—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1191. Joseph Law and Abraham Crossley, both of Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, for an invention of "improvements in self acting mules for spinning and doubling cotton or other fibrous substances."—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1194. Frederick Ball, of Stratford-upon-Avon, in the county of Warwick, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in machinery for sorting coins."—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1198. Edward Loomes, of Bower-road, Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for an invention of "improved machinery for making boxes for containing matches, splints, and other analogous articles."—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1199. William Morgan-Brown, of 13, Rue Gaillon, Paris, France, but now residing at 3, Albion-road, Hampstead, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in oscillating engines whether for steam, air, water, or pumping."—Communicated to him from abroad by John Goulding, of Worcester, in the State of Massachusetts, United States of America.—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1200. William Peverett, Manager of the East Surrey Iron Works, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, for an invention of "an improved construction of grain and seed separator."—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1201. William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, and Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for an invention of improvements in sewing machines.—Communicated to him from abroad by William Gould Beckwith, of Newark, New Jersey, United States of America.—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1202. William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for an invention of "improvements in windlasses."—Communicated to him from abroad by Christopher Coatsworth Jorleson, of Montreal, Canada, Master Mariner.—Dated 3rd May, 1871.

1204. John Hopkinson, of Normanton, in the county of York, Colliery Manager, for an invention of "improved machinery or apparatus for elevating, delivering, or storing and weighing coal and other minerals and goods for shipment."—Dated 4th May, 1871.
1205. Henry Fisher, of Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Banker, for an invention of "certain improvements in portable or stationary wardrobes."—Dated 4th May, 1871.
1208. James Wright, of Moorgate-street, in the city of London, Merchant, for an invention of "improvements in waterproof compounds for coating cloth, wood, metals, and other surfaces."—Communicated to him from abroad by Peter E. Minor, of Schenectady, and Benjamin F. Britton, of New York, both in the State of New York, United States of America.—Dated 4th May, 1871.
1209. Archibald Turner, of Leicester, in the county of Liecester, Elastic Fabric Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of terry or carpet fabrics."—Dated 4th May, 1871.
1210. Henry Alexander Frederick Duckham, of Camden Town, in the county of Middlesex, Gas Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus for controlling or regulating the supply of gas to burners."—Dated 4th May, 1871.
1220. Thomas Reid, of Monkton Miln, in the county of Ayr, North Britain, Farmer, for an invention of "improvements in ploughs and other cultivating implements."—Dated 5th May, 1871.
1222. John Edward Woodhouse, of Farsley, near Bradford, and William Chaffer, of Holbeck, near Leeds, both in the county of York, for an invention of "improvements in machinery for clearing, drawing, twisting, and spinning wool, cotton, silk, and other fibrous substances."—Dated 5th May, 1871.
1223. Henry Clarke Ash, of No. 315c, Oxford-street, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in railway vans and other vehicles for conveying meat and other perishable articles of food."—Dated 5th May, 1871.
1225. William Francis, of No. 19, Pinner's Hall, Great Winchester-street, London, Merchant, John Bayley and Thomas Bayley, the younger, of Lenton, in the county of Nottingham, for an invention of "improvements in tanning and in the arrangement and construction of apparatus for the purpose."—Dated 5th May, 1871.
1226. John Macintosh, of 10, Strand, Civil Engineer, and William Boggett, of Lindsey Houses, Chelsea, Gentleman, both in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in treating india rubber, and in the manufacture of india rubber air beds and other like articles."—Dated 6th May, 1871.
1227. Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for an invention of "improvements in liquid meters."—Communicated to him from abroad by José Francisco de Navarro, of the city and State of New York, United States of America.—Dated 6th May, 1871.
1228. Eneas Ronald Macdonell, of Edinburgh North Britain, Gentleman, for an invention of "an improvement in the manufacture of dinner plates."—Dated 6th May, 1871.
1230. William Hughes, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer and Machinist, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus for condensing steam and cooling liquids."—Communicated to him from abroad by Charles Hughes, of the Island of Cuba, Engineer.—Dated 6th May, 1871.
1236. Ebenezer Entwistle, of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Agent, and Joseph Raw, of the same place, Accountant, for an invention of "improvements in railway signals."—Dated 8th May, 1871.
1237. Edward Fairburn, of Kirkless Mills, Mirfield, in the county of York, Card Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for condensing wool or other fibrous substances."—Dated 8th May, 1871.
1238. Eugene George Bartholomew, of Frederick-street, Hampstead-road, in the county of Middlesex, Telegraphic Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in signalling by electricity."—Dated 8th May, 1871.
1239. Charles Lambert, of Sunk Island, Hull, in the county of York, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus for the feeding of sheep, lambs, and other animals."—Dated 8th May, 1871.
1240. Henry Davis Hoskold, of Cinderford, in the county of Gloucester, Mining and Civil Engineer, and John Emanuel Winspear, of Kingston-upon-Hull, in the county of York, Mathematical Instrument Maker, for an invention of "improvements in surveying instruments."—Dated 8th May, 1871.
1248. John Webb King, of Everleigh, in the county of Wilts, Gentleman, for an invention of "the improvement of drills or machines used for depositing seeds, either with or without manure or liquids."—Dated 9th May, 1871.
1249. Henry Gardner, Shopman, Rodger Lowe, and Joseph Wood, Furniture Dealers, James Wood, Shopman, and James Pickering, Traveller, all of the city of Manchester, for an invention of "improvements in bedsteads, spring mattresses, and other articles for sitting or reclining upon."—Dated 9th May, 1871.
1251. George Hodgson, of Bradford, in the county of York, Machine Maker, and William Moxon, of No. 11, Dudley-grove, Hulme, in the city of Manchester, Machinist, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus employed in weaving carpets and other pile fabrics."—Dated 9th May, 1871.
1252. William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in weighing machines."—Communicated to him from abroad by Fordyce Almon Allen and Charles Herman Allen, both of Mansfield, in the State of Pennsylvania, United States of America.—Dated 9th May, 1871.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £100, before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vict., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 9th day of May, 1874.

1293. Ernest Krieghoff, of the city of Toronto, in the Province of Canada, for an invention of "improvements in spring mattresses or beds and bedsteads."—Dated 3rd May, 1867.
1297. John Holmes, of Wyld Green, Sutton Coldfield, in the county of Warwick, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in beer engines, which improvements are also

applicable to pumps for various purposes."—
Dated 3rd May, 1867.

1307. Léon Delperdange, of Schaerbeck, near Brussels, in the Kingdom of Belgium, Manufacturer, for an invention of "an improved method of, and apparatus for, laying and protecting underground telegraphic wires."—Dated 4th May, 1867.
1308. John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in magneto-electric signal lights, and in apparatus connected therewith."—Communicated to him from abroad by Auguste Berlioz, Magneto Electric Machine Maker, of Paris, in the Empire of France.—Dated 4th May, 1867.
1311. Theophilus Wood Bunning, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and William Cochrane, of Leghill House, Northumberland, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus used in getting coal, stone, and other minerals."—Dated 4th May, 1867.
1316. Thomas Russell Crampton, of Great George-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in machinery for preparing clay, and for making bricks, tiles, and similar articles."—Dated 4th May, 1867.
1324. Alexander Clark, of Rathbone-place, in the county of Middlesex, Executor of William Clark, late of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, deceased, for an invention of "improvements in looms for weaving pile and other fabrics."—Communicated to the said William Clark from abroad by Jean Baptiste Beau, Machine Builder, of 29, Boulevard St. Martin, Paris.—Dated 6th May, 1867.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Cardigan Iron, Steel, and Wire Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court of Chancery was, on the 14th day of May, 1874, presented to the Master of the Rolls by Thomas Dakin, of Maokenzie-crescent, Broomhall Park, Sheffield, in the county of York, Gentleman, a contributory of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Master of the Rolls, on the 29th day of May, 1874; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Acts, should appear at the time of the hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Doyle and Edwards, of No. 26, Carey-street, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex; Agents for

Messrs. Binney and Sons, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Solicitors for the Petitioner.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Swansea Smelting and Silver Mining Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court, or subject to the supervision of the Court of Chancery was, on the 8th day of May, 1874, presented to the Lord Chancellor by Frederick Clarke Dyer, of 10, Bush-

lane, in the city of London, Architect and Surveyor, a contributory of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins on the 23rd day of May, 1874; and any creditor or contributory desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Acts, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

Vallance and Vallance, of No. 20, Essex-street, Strand, Middlesex, Solicitors for the Petitioners.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Suburban and Metropolitan Co-operative Society Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court of Chancery was, on the 30th day of April, 1874, presented to the Lord Chancellor by James Milne, of No. 19, St. Swithin's-lane, in the city of London, Gas Engineer, a contributory of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, on the 23rd day of May, 1874; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Acts, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Henry Grain, 26, Philpot-lane, London, E.C., Solicitor for the Petitioner.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Tahiti Cotton and Coffee Plantation Company Limited.

BY an Order made by the Master of the Rolls in the above matter, dated the 4th day of May, 1874, on the petition of Henry Runciman Drewry, George Tetley, Edwin Garner, Samuel Grist, George Burgoyne Owen, and Walter Knott Graham, it was ordered that the said Tahiti Cotton and Coffee Plantation Company Limited be wound up under the provisions of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867.

William Foster, of 7, Queen-street-place, London, E.C., Solicitor for the said Petitioners.

In Chancery.

In the Matter of the Lancashire Engineering and Compression Casting Company Limited, and in the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867.

THE creditors of the above-named Company are required, on or before the 10th day of June, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any) to Charles Robinson Trevor, of No. 2, Clarence-buildings, Booth-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, the Official Liquidator of the said Company; and if so required by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidator, are, by their Solicitors, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, No. 3, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, at such

time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved. Wednesday, the 24th day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

In Chancery,

In the Matter of the Joint Stock Companies Winding up Acts, 1848 and 1849, and the Joint Stock Companies Winding up Amendment Act, 1857, and in the Matter of the Agricultural Cattle Insurance Company.

THE Master of the Rolls has, by an Order dated the 28th day of April, 1874, appointed William Henry Houldsworth, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Spinner, to be Official Manager of the above-named Company, in the place of Lewis Henry Evans resigned.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

In the Matter of the London Tramways Company Limited (Purchase) Act, 1873, and the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and of the Metropolitan Street Tramways Company.

THE creditors of the above-named Metropolitan Street Tramways Company are required, on or before the 30th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any), to John Foulston Hunt, of No. 80, Blackfriars-road, in the county of Surrey, the Official Liquidator of the said Company; and if so required by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidator, are, by their Solicitors, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, situate at No. 3, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved. The 8th day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

In the Matter of the London Tramways Company Limited (Purchase) Act, 1873, and the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and of the Pimlico Peckham, and Greenwich Street Tramways Company.

THE creditors of the above-named Pimlico, Peckham, and Greenwich Street Tramways Company are required, on or before the 30th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any) to Joseph Barber Glenn, of No. 7, Poultry, in the city of London, the Official Liquidator of the said Company; and if so required by notice in writing from the said Official Liquidator, are, by their Solicitors, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, situate at No. 3, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, at such time as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved. The 4th day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

In the Court of the Vice-Warden of the Stannaries
Stannaries of Cornwall.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and of the Perran Consols Mining Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court was on the 8th day of May instant, presented to the Vice-Warden of the Stannaries by Alfred Lanyon, of Redruth, in the county of Cornwall, Merchant, trading under the style or firm of J. C. Lanyon and Son, and of the said Alfred Lanyon, on behalf of himself and his partners, Martin Tredinnick Hitchins, William Michell Grylls, John Harvey Trevithick, Richard Boyns, David Wise Bain, William Bickford Smith, and Thomas Willis Field, carrying on business at Pool, in the parish of Illogan, in the said county of Cornwall, as Candle Manufacturers, under the style or firm of the Cornwall Candle and Tallow Company; and of Edwin Milford Cock, of Redruth aforesaid, Merchant, on behalf of himself and his partner, Edwin Cock, carrying on business at Redruth aforesaid, as Merchants, under the style or firm of Edwin Cock and Son, creditors of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Warden, at the Prince's Hall, in Truro, in the said county, on Tuesday, the 26th day of May instant, at twelve o'clock at noon. Any contributory or creditor of the Company may appear at the hearing and oppose the same, provided he has given at least two clear days' notice to the petitioners, their Solicitor or his Agents, of his intention to do so, such notice to be forthwith forwarded to P. P. Smith, Esq., Secretary of the Vice-Warden, Truro. Every such contributory or creditor is entitled to a copy of the petition and affidavit verifying the same from the petitioners, their Solicitor, or his Agents, within twenty-four hours after requiring the same, on payment of the regulated charge per folio. Affidavits intended to be used at the hearing, in opposition to the petition, must be filed at the Registrar's Office, Truro, on or before the 22nd day of May instant, and notice thereof must at the same time be given to the petitioners, their Solicitor, or his Agents.—Dated Truro, May 11, 1874.

Hodge, Hockin, and Marryack, Truro,
Cornwall; Agents for
S. T. G. Downing, Redruth, Solicitor for
the Petitioners.

In the Court of the Vice-Warden of the Stannaries,
Stannaries of Cornwall.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and of the Spearne Consols Mine Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court, was on the 8th day of May instant, presented to the Vice-Warden of the Stannaries by David Wise Bain, of Portreath, in the county of Cornwall, Merchant, a creditor of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Warden, at the Prince's Hall, in Truro, in the said county, on Tuesday, the 26th day of May instant, at twelve o'clock at noon. Any contributory or creditor of the Company may appear at the hearing and oppose the same, provided he has given at least two clear days' notice to the petitioner, his Solicitor, or his Agents, of his intention to do so, such notice to be forthwith forwarded to P. P. Smith, Esq., Secretary of the Vice-Warden, Truro. Every such contributory or creditor is entitled

to a copy of the petition and affidavit verifying the same, from the petitioner, his Solicitor, or his Agents, within twenty-four hours after requiring the same, on payment of the regulated charge per folio. Affidavits intended to be used at the hearing, in opposition to the petition, must be filed at the Registrar's Office, Truro, on or before the 22nd day of May instant, and notice thereof must at the same time be given to the petitioner, his Solicitor, or his Agents.—Dated Truro, the 10th day of May, 1874.

Hodge, Hockin, and Marrack, Truro, Cornwall; Agent for
S. T. G. Downing, Redruth, Solicitor for the Petitioner.

NAVY CONTRACTS FOR FRESH BEEF.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, May 1, 1874.

TENDERS, addressed to the Superintendent of Contracts, Admiralty, Whitehall, S.W., will be received until two o'clock, on Thursday, the 28th May, 1874, for the supply of

FRESH BEEF,

at the following places, for six calendar months from the 1st July next ensuing; viz. :—

ENGLAND.

Cowes; Dartmouth; Falmouth; Gravesend; Harwich; Holyhead; Hull, Hawke Roads, and in the Humber; Jersey; Liverpool; London Bridge to Woolwich, inclusive; Milford Haven, Pembroke, and Pater; Netley; Newhaven; Plymouth (Oxen); Portsmouth (Oxen); Portland, and in Portland Roads; Rock Ferry; Sheerness, &c. (Oxen).

SCOTLAND.

Aberdeen; Granton; Greenock; Lerwick; Queensferry; Rothesay.

IRELAND.

Carrickfergus; Castletown (Berehaven); Foynes; Galway; Killybegs; Kingstown and Dublin; Queenstown and Kinsale; Waterford.

Forms of tender containing all particulars and full conditions of contract can be had on application, in writing or otherwise, to the Superintendent of Contracts, Admiralty, Whitehall, S.W.*

Their Lordships do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

* Forms of Tender are as follows:—(1) For Oxen for Fresh Beef, at Portsmouth and Plymouth. (2) For Oxen for Fresh Beef, at Sheerness. (3) For Fresh Beef at all other places. Applications should state which Form is required.

IRON PLATEWORKERS' WARES.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, April 30, 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given, that tenders will be received not later than two p.m., on Friday, the 22nd May, for supplying Her Majesty's Dockyards with one year's supply of

IRON PLATEWORKERS' WARES

(Baths, Buckets, Buoys, Casks, and Tanks).

The contract will be for specific quantities, and for forward delivery within a stated period.

Tenders may be for the whole or any portion of the contract.

Their Lordships do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Patterns of the articles are on view at the Admiralty Pattern Room, 19, Hemming's-row,

St. Martin's-lane, London, and will be lent to firms whose tenders may be accepted.

Forms of tender containing all particulars may be obtained on personal or written application to this Office, or to the Secretary to the Exchange, Birmingham.

HAMMOCKS.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, April 30, 1874.

TENDERS will be received on Thursday, the 21st May, until two o'clock p.m., for 17,000 HAMMOCKS.

Their Lordships do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and they reserve to themselves the power of accepting any part of a tender.

Forms of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office, on application, either personal or by letter.

VINEGAR.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, May 6, 1874.

TENDERS will be received until two o'clock p.m., on Thursday, the 21st May, for 41,000 Gallons of VINEGAR, to be delivered at Deptford.

Their Lordships do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and they reserve to themselves the power of accepting any part of a tender.

Forms of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office, on application, either personal or by letter.

ACIDS, NAPHTHA, METHYLATED SPIRITS, SAL AMMONIAC, &c.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, May 11, 1874.

TENDERS will be received on Thursday, the 21st May, until two o'clock p.m., for ACIDS, NAPHTHA, METHYLATED SPIRITS, SAL AMMONIAC, BORAX, &c.

Their Lordships do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, and they reserve to themselves the power of accepting any part of a tender.

Forms of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office, on application, either personal or by letter.

MEAT AND BREAD.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, May 13, 1874.

TENDERS will be received until two o'clock p.m., on the 28th May, for the supply of MEAT AND BREAD,

to Royal Marines at Walmer, from 1st July to 31st December next.

Their Lordships do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Forms of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office, on application, either personal or by letter.

Rummage Sale of Tea.
Chamberlain's Wharf.

MESSRS. EVANS and McNAIR have received instructions from the Proprietors of the above Wharf, to sell by public auction, without reserve, in pursuance of an Act passed 11 and 12 Victoria; sessions 1847-8, for the regulation of Sufferance Wharves, at the London Commercial Sale Rooms, Mincing-lane, on the 20th May, 1874, at eleven o'clock precisely (unless

the charges have been previously paid), about 150 packages of tea, rent on which has not been paid since the year 1867. The attention of the holders of warrants for tea warehoused at Chamberlain's Wharf is especially called hereto. The goods may be viewed at the warehouse six days previous to and on the morning of the sale, and catalogues may be obtained on application to Messrs. Evans and McNair, 134, Fenchurch-street, City, E.C.

Besleys and Wilson, Proprietors of Chamberlain's Wharf.

British Linen Company Bank.

Edinburgh, May 15, 1874.

THE Directors of the British Linen Company hereby give notice, that a Quarterly General Court of Proprietors will be held within their office here, on Monday, the 15th day of June next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, in terms of their Charters.

John Gunn, Secretary.

Rock Life Assurance Company.

No. 15, New Bridge-Street, Blackfriars, London, May 14, 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual General Court of the Proprietors of this Company will be held at this office, on Thursday, the 28th instant, at twelve o'clock precisely, to receive a report of receipts and disbursements of the Company during the past year, and for the election of four Directors and one Auditor, in the place of those who are then to go out of office by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.

Notice has been given, in pursuance with the deed of settlement, by the following Proprietors to become candidates each respectively on the occasion, viz. :—

To be Directors :

George Parker Bidder, Esq.

Sir John Kelk, Bart.

Lieutenant-General Sir George St. Patrick Lawrence, K.C.S.I., C.B.

William Beckwith Towse, Esq.

To be Auditor :

William Cossart, Esq.

By order of the Court of Directors,

H. W. Porter, Actuary.

The Prideaux Patent Cement Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of this Company, held at the offices, on the 14th day of April, 1874, resolutions to the following effect were passed, in accordance with the 51st section of the Companies Act, 1862 :—

1st. "That this Company be wound up voluntarily in terms of the Companies Acts.

2nd. "That Messrs. F. Summers and J. E. Mathew be and are hereby appointed Liquidators for that purpose."

And, further, that at an adjourned Extraordinary General Meeting, held at the offices, on Tuesday, the 5th day of May, 1874, the foregoing resolutions were unanimously confirmed.—34, New Bridge-street, London, E.C., May 6th, 1874.

Don. M. Dewar, Chairman.

Pursuant to the Companies Act, 1862, and in the Matter of the Northern Silver Lead and Blende Mining Company Limited.

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, duly convened and held at Abchurch-chambers, Abchurch-yard, in the city of London, on the 9th day of

April, 1874, the following Special Resolutions were duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 30th day of April, 1874, the following Special Resolutions were duly confirmed :

1. "That this Company be wound up voluntarily.

2. "That Richard Mitchell be appointed the Liquidator of the Company at a remuneration not exceeding £100, exclusive of payments out of pocket."

James Rennie, Chairman.

The Patent Type Founding Company Limited.
NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Patent Type Founding Company Limited, duly convened and held at 41, Finsbury-circus, in the city of London, on the 13th day of April, 1874, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of Members, also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 29th day of April, 1874, the following Special Resolution was passed and confirmed :—

"That the Company be wound up and wound up voluntarily."

Fredk. H. Janson, Chairman.

The Industrial Hall Co-operative Society Limited.
In Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the affairs of the Industrial Hall Co-operative Society Limited being now fully wound up, a General Meeting of the Members of the said Society will be held at St. George's Hall, Upper Medlock-street, Hulme, in the city of Manchester, on Monday, the 22nd day of June, 1874, at half-past seven o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of having an account showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Society disposed of laid before them, and hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

John Kerr, Liquidator.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between William Lancy Vellacott and Edward George Withycombe, carrying on business as Drapers, at Bideford, Devon, has been dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 2nd day of May, 1874.

William Lancy Vellacott.

Edward George Withycombe.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, William Henry Hughes and Joseph Graham, at No. 18, King-street in the city of Manchester, as Auctioneers and Accountants, under the style or firm of Hughes and Graham, was, on Saturday, the 9th day of May, 1874, dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

William Henry Hughes.

Josh. Graham.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership (if any), heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Eliza Burrell and William Green, in the business of Ladies and Children's Outfitters, carried on at No. 34, Torwood-street, Torquay, Devon, under the name of Burrell, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated the 9th day of May, 1874.

Eliza Burrell.

William Green.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Graham Parkinson and Joseph Stratford, carrying on business as Common Carriers, at Cirencester, in the county of Gloucester, under the style or firm of Parkinson and Stratford, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 9th day of May instant; and that all debts due to or owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said Joseph Stratford, by whom the business will henceforth be carried on.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

John Graham Parkinson.

Joseph Stratford.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Roberts, Charles James Roberts, and Alfred William Roberts, in John-street, in Rochdale, and Heywood, both in the county of Lancaster, in the profession or business of Attorneys and Solicitors, was dissolved on the 31st day of December, 1872, by mutual consent, and that all debts due to or owing from the said copartnership will be received and paid by the said Charles James Roberts, at the offices, in John-street, in Rochdale, and that the said profession or business heretofore carried on by the said William Roberts, Charles James Roberts, and Alfred William Roberts will be hereafter carried on by the said William Roberts and Charles James Roberts under the style or firm of W. Roberts and Son, at the offices in John-street, in Rochdale, and Heywood aforesaid.—Dated this 18th day of March, 1874.

W. Roberts.
Charles J. Roberts.
Alfred W. Roberts.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Charles James Roberts and Alfred William Roberts, at Uppermill, in Saddleworth, in the West Riding of the county of York, in the profession or business of Attorneys and Solicitors, was dissolved, on the 31st day of December, 1872, by mutual consent; and that all debts due to or owing from the said copartnership will be received and paid by the said Charles James Roberts, at Uppermill aforesaid; and that the said profession and business heretofore carried on by the said Charles James Roberts and Alfred William Roberts will be hereafter carried on by the said Charles James Roberts on his own account, at Uppermill aforesaid.—Dated this 18th day of March, 1874.

Charles J. Roberts.
Alfred W. Roberts.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership formerly subsisting between Thomas Fildes Johnson, deceased, and the undersigned, James Clarkson Johnson, as Cotton Spinners, at Rumworth Cotton Works, Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, under the firm of Thos. F. Johnson and Son, was dissolved, on the 6th day of January, 1873, by the death of the said Thomas Fildes Johnson. All debts due and owing to and by the said concern will be received and paid by the said James Clarkson Johnson.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

J. Thewlis Johnson,
J. Clarkson Johnson,
Executors of Thomas Fildes Johnson,
deceased.
J. Clarkson Johnson.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership (if any), which has heretofore subsisted between the executors of Thomas Fildes Johnson, deceased, and the undersigned James Clarkson Johnson, as Cotton Spinners, at Rumworth Cotton Works, Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, under the firm of Thos. F. Johnson and Son, was dissolved, on the 28th day of March last, by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to and by the said concern will be received and paid by the said James Clarkson Johnson.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

J. Thewlis Johnson,
J. Clarkson Johnson,
Executors of Thomas Fildes Johnson,
deceased.
J. Clarkson Johnson.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership between us the undersigned, George Jackson, Thomas Aspinall, William Hamilton, as Cotton Manufacturers, carrying on business at Smallbridge, near Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, under the firm of George Jackson and Company, was, on the 28th day of March, 1874, dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or owing by the said firm will be received and paid by the said George Jackson, by whom the business will be carried on.—Dated the 11th day of May, 1874.

George Jackson.
Thomas Aspinall.
William Hamilton.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Henry Strouts and Charles Waterman, trading under the firm of Strouts and Waterman, as Common Brewers, at Burton-road Brewery, in Sheffield, in the county of York, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 30th day of June last. All debts due to and owing by the said firm will be received and paid by the said William Henry Strouts.—Dated this 1st day of January, 1874.

W. H. Strouts.
Charles Waterman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, William Griggs and John Griggs, carrying on business as Builders and Contractors, under the firm of Griggs Brothers, at Phillip-street, near Birmingham, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All the debts and credits of the late firm will be paid and received by the said John Griggs.—Dated the 11th day of May, 1874.

William Griggs.
John Griggs.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Thistle Thornes and Thomas Roger Scarfe, trading under the style or firm of Thornes and Scarfe, carrying on business at No. 182, Upper Thames-street, in the city of London, was, as from the 8th day of April, 1874, dissolved by mutual consent; and that the said business will be for the future carried on by the said George Thistle Thornes on his own account, by whom all debts owing to or by the said firm will be received and paid.—As witness our hands this 13th day of May, 1874.

Geo. T. Thornes.
Thos. R. Scarfe.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between John Barnes and Edward Coates, carrying on business as Corn Millers, at Rainhill, has been dissolved by mutual consent, by the withdrawal of Edward Coates, on the 31st July last.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

John Barnes.
Edward Coates.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Turner and Isaac Barrow, as Wholesale Clothiers, at No. 21, Bridgewater-place, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, under the style of William Turner and Co., was dissolved on the 9th day of December last. All debts due to or owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said William Turner, who will henceforth carry on the business on his own account.—Witness our hands this 12th day of May, 1874.

William Turner.
Isaac Barrow.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Henry Margetts and William Henry Probert, carrying on business as Wine Merchants, at Dartmouth, in the county of Devon, under the style or firm of Margetts and Probert, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to or by the said firm will be received and paid by the said William Henry Probert.—Dated this 25th day of April, 1874.

W. H. Margetts.
W. H. Probert.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Ebenezer Lilley White and Robert John Bellamy, as Black Ornament Manufacturers and Jewellers, at No. 3, Upper Hockley-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts and liabilities of the firm will be discharged by the said Robert John Bellamy.—Dated the 11th day of May, 1874.

Ebenezer Lilley White.
Robert John Bellamy.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Alfred Hancock, Richard Stowe, and William Henry Shepherd, at No. 137, Victoria-street, and the Cattle Market, in the city and county of Bristol, as Manufacturers, Agents for the Sale of Agricultural Implements and Manures, &c., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated the 11th day of May, 1874.

Alfred Hancock.
Richard Stowe.
William Henry Shepherd.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore carried on by us the undersigned, Edward James Hatterslay, Sarah Hatterslay, Sarah Annie Clarke, and George Quick, in the trade or business of Plumassiers and Artificial Florists, under the style or firm of Hatterslay, Clarke, and Co., at No. 16, Brook-street, Hanover-square, Middlesex, was dissolved, by mutual consent, so far as concerned the said Sarah Annie Clarke, as and from the 6th day of May, 1874. The said business will in future be carried on by the said Edward James Hatterslay, Sarah Hatterslay, and George Quick only, who will receive and pay all debts of the said late partnership.—As witness our hands this 6th of May, 1874.

Edwd. J. Hatterslay. *Sarah Annie Clarke.*
Sarah Hatterslay. *George Quick.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership hitherto existing between Henry Skinner and William Henry Twigg, Printers, of 6, Warwick-lane, in the city of London, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, the said Henry Skinner paying all accounts and receiving all debts due to the said firm.—7th May, 1874.

Henry Skinner.
William Henry Twigg.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Sacheverell Gisborne and Philip Haughton Whittaker, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Engineers and Electricians, under the firm of Gisborne and Whittaker, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

John S. Gisborne.
Philip H. Whittaker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Samuel Wilson and John Boocock, as Carters, at Bradford, in the county of York, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on and from the 23rd day of April, 1874; and that all debts due to or owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Samuel Wilson.—As witness our hands the 9th day of May, 1874.

Samuel Wilson.
John Boocock.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Frederic William Jones and Arthur Charles Doe, of Liverpool, Stationers and Printers, trading under the firm of Jones and Doe, has been this day dissolved; and such business will in future be carried on by the said Frederic William Jones alone, to whom all accounts are to be paid and by whom all accounts will be paid.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

Frederic W. Jones.
A. C. Doe.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership sometime since subsisting between us the undersigned, John Walker and Jabez Garsed, carrying on business as Dyers, in copartnership at Elland, near Halifax, in the county of York, under the style of Walker and Garsed, was dissolved on the 12th day of August, 1871, by mutual consent.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

John Walker.
Jabez Garsed.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, George Robert Walton and George Alexander Bridges, as Chemists and Druggists, carrying on business at Richmond, in the county of York, under the style or firm of Ward and Company, was dissolved, by mutual consent, as and from the 31st day of December, 1873. All debts due and owing by the said firm will be received and paid by the said George Robert Walton.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

George Robert Walton.
Geo. A. Bridges.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Amos Wesley, Alfred Smith, and Joseph Fairfield, carrying on business at Hooley Hill, Audenshaw, in the parish of Ashton-under-Lyne, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, as Hat Manufacturers, under the name or firm of Wesley, Smith, and Fairfield, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

Amos Wesley.
Alfred Smith.
Joseph Fairfield.

TAKE notice, that the Partnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned, Henry Shoebridge and Edwin Foster Shoebridge, under the style of H. and E. F. Shoebridge, Corn and Coal Merchants, at Bridge Wharf, Putney, in the county of Surrey, hath this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and that the said Henry Shoebridge will continue to carry on the said business under the same style of H. and E. F. Shoebridge, and will receive and pay all debts due and owing to and by the said firm of H. and E. F. Shoebridge.—Dated the 13th day of May, 1874.

H. Shoebridge.
E. F. Shoebridge.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto subsisting between us the undersigned, Benjamin Fothergill and Thomas William Rumble, carrying on business as Consulting Engineers, at No. 15, George-street, Mansion House, in the city of London, under the style or firm of Fothergill and Rumble, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 24th day of April, 1874.

Benjn. Fothergill.
Thos. W. Rumble.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Griffiths, William Christmas, and William Hopkins, carrying on the business of Iron and Brass Founders, at Llanelly, in the county of Carmarthen, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 20th day of January last. All debts due and owing to or by the said partnership will be paid and received by the said William Christmas and William Hopkins, by whom the business will henceforth be carried on, on their own account.—Witness our hands this 8th day of May, 1874.

William Griffiths.
William Christmas.
William Hopkins.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Wade, George Wade the younger, and Samuel Wade, as Commission Woolcombers, at Clarence Works, Water-lane, in Bradford, in the county of York, under the style or firm of George Wade and Sons, has, so far as regards the said Samuel Wade, this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said firm will be received and paid by the said George Wade and George Wade the younger, who for the future will carry on the said business on their own account.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

George Wade.
George Wade, jr.
Samuel Wade.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Andrew Haigh Milroy and Andrew Row McTaggart Milroy, carrying on the business of Saddlers, under the style or firm of Milroy and Sons, at 132, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, has been dissolved by mutual consent, on the retirement from the firm of the said Andrew Haigh Milroy, as from the 31st day of December, 1873; and that the business will henceforth be carried on by the said Andrew Row McTaggart Milroy, under the same style or firm of Milroy and Sons, at the same place; and he will receive and pay all accounts due to or owing from the said firm.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

A. H. Milroy.
A. R. McT. Milroy.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Boyce Adams, Joseph Lamb, and Henry Heath, as Grocers and Provision Merchants, carrying on business at Tunstall, in the county of Stafford, under the firm of Adams and Lamb, has been dissolved by mutual consent, as regards the said Henry Heath, as on and from the date hereof; and that all debts due and owing to or by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Boyce Adams and Joseph Lamb, by whom the said business will henceforth be carried on alone.—As witness our hands this 13th day of May, 1874.

Boyce Adams.
Joseph Lamb.
Henry Heath.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately existing between the undersigned, Moses de Costa Andrade and Joseph Andrade, carrying on business at 7 and 8, Cripplegate-buildings, and at 61 and 62, Woodstreet, Cheapside, in the city of London, as Ostrich Feather Merchants and Manufacturers, under the style or firm of M. de Costa Andrade and Co., and at 145, Duane-street, New York, under the style or firm of Joseph Andrade and Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent. All monies due to or owing by the late firm, with respect to the London business, will be received and paid by the said Moses de Costa Andrade. All monies due to or owing by the late firm, in respect of the New York business, will be received and paid by the said Joseph Andrade.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

M. De Costa Andrade.
Joseph Andrade.

[Extract from the Edinburgh Gazette of May 12, 1874.]

THE firm of Balfour and Company, Wine Merchants, 15, Hope-street, Edinburgh, and 39, St. James'-street, London, of which the subscribers were the sole partners, was dissolved by mutual consent on 17th November, 1873. Mr. Balfour will pay the debts of the firm at 39, St. James'-street, London.

Charles Balfour.

WILLIAM TUCKER, 13, Albert-road, Croydon, Witness.
CHARLES EDMOND REYNOLDS, 3, Abyssinia-terrace, Hornsey, Witness.

John R. Nicholson.

JAMES MURRAY, 43, Castle-street, Edinburgh, Witness.
JOHN WALKER, 43, Castle-street, Edinburgh, Witness.

WILLIAM SPIRES, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act 22 and 23 Victoria, chapter 35.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the estate of William Spires, formerly of the General Havelock Tavern, Lower Ranelagh-grove, Pimlico, Middlesex, but late of the Ifield Arms Tavern, No. 59, Ifield-road, West Brompton, Middlesex, Publican, deceased (who died 4th April last, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry, 30th April last, by William Solomon Smith, of No. 1, Johnson's-place, Pimlico aforesaid, Surveyor, and Henry Bingley, of Grosvenor-road, Pimlico aforesaid, Slate Merchant, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send to the undersigned the particulars of their debts or claims, on or before the 24th June next, after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not have had notice at the time of distribution of the said assets.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

JAS. and JNO. HOPGOOD, 17A, Whitehall-place, London, S.W., Solicitors to the said Executors.

CHARLES LOADER, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Charles Loader, late of 15, Alma-street, New North-road, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 22nd day of March 1874, at Hastings, in the county of Sussex, and letters of administration to whose estate and effects were granted by the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 1st day of May, 1874, to John Bernard Loader, of South-street, Wincanton, in the county of Somerset, Draper's Assistant), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to the said administrator, or to me the undersigned, Walter Justice, his Solicitor, on or before the 24th day of June next, after which day the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Charles Loader among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which the said administrator shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

WALTER JUSTICE, 6, Bernard-street, Russell-square, London, W.C., Solicitor for the Administrator.

Re JANE RIDSDALE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Jane Ridsdale, formerly of Hovingham, but late of Cape Farm, Sheriff Hutton, both in the county of York, Widow, deceased (who died on the 28th day of August, 1873, and whose will was proved in the District Registry at York of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 3rd day of November, 1873, by Richard Ridsdale and William Taylor, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of such claims and demands to the undersigned, Solicitor to the said executors, on or before the 1st day of July next, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

WM. SIMPSON, Malton, Yorkshire, Solicitor to the said Executors.

LAVINIA GALPINE OWEN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim, debt, or demand upon or against the estate of Lavinia Galpine Owen, late of No. 8, Albion-square, Dalston, in the county of Middlesex, Widow, deceased (who died at No. 8, Albion-square aforesaid, on the 18th day of December, 1873, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 9th day of May, 1874, by Thomas Griffith Owen, one of the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, and the full particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, or demands to me the undersigned, Solicitor for the executor, Thomas Griffith Owen, on or before the 12th day of June, 1874, at the expiration of which time the said

executor, Thomas Griffith Owen, will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Lavinia Galpine Owen, deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those debts, claims, or demands of which he shall then have had notice; and the said executor, the said Thomas Griffith Owen, will not be liable or accountable for the said assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose debts, claims, or demands he shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated the 11th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM NEAL, Pinners' Hall, Old Broad-street, London, Solicitor for the said Executor, Thomas Griffith Owen.

HENRY AGAR, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the creditors and all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Henry Agar, late of 63, Wimpole-street, Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, Hotel Keeper (who died on or about the 12th day of April, 1874, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Ellen Agar, of 63, Wimpole-street aforesaid, Hotel Keeper, and William Vick, of London-road, Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, Photographic Artist, the executrix and executor named in the said will, on the 27th day of April, 1874), are hereby required to send in their claims against the estate of the said Henry Agar to the said executrix and executor, at my office, 67, Wimpole-street, Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, on or before the 20th day of June next, at the expiration of which time the said executrix and executor will proceed to apply and distribute the assets of the said Henry Agar, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

WM. FRAS. LOW, 67, Wimpole-street, Cavendish-square, Solicitor to the Executrix and Executor.

GEORGE NIGHTINGALE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of George Nightingale, late of No. 20, Great Dover-street, in the county of Surrey, Draper, deceased (who died on the 9th day of July, 1873, at No. 20, Great Dover-street aforesaid, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 15th day of September, 1873, by John Coates Metcalf and Samuel William Miller, the executors in the said will named), are hereby required to send in particulars, in writing, of their respective debts, claims, or demands to the said executors, at the offices of their Solicitors, Messrs. Farrar and Farrar, 2, Wardrobe-place, Doctor's commons, in the city of London, before the 15th day of June next, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the estate of the said George Nightingale, deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which they shall then have received notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part or parts thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

FARRAR and FARRAR, Solicitors to the said Executors.

JANE BELL, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the estate of Jane Bell, late of Bedlington, in the county of Northumberland, Singlewoman (who died on the 29th day of December, 1873, and whose will was proved, on the 11th day of February, 1874, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Robert Bell Appleby, of High House, in the parish of Morpeth, in the said county, Farmer, and William Reay, of Morpeth, in the said county, House Agent), are hereby required to send particulars of their claims and demands to me, the undersigned, on or before the 12th day of July next after which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable to any person of whose claim they shall not have had notice at the time of the distribution of the said assets.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

W. WOODMAN, Stobhill, Morpeth, Solicitor to the Executors.

ROBERT BISHOPRICK, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand against or affecting the estate of Robert Bishoprick, late of Richmond, in the county of York, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 25th day of March, 1874, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 7th day of May, 1874, by Robert Bishoprick, of Leeds, Saddler, and George Lax Tennet, of Richmond aforesaid, Grocer, the executors therein named), are hereby required, on or before the 30th day of June next, to send the full particulars of the claims or demands to me, the undersigned, after which day the executors will proceed to apply and distribute the assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts or claims of which they then shall have had notice; and will not be liable for any part of such assets to any person of whose claims they shall not then have had due notice. And all persons owing any moneys to the said estate are hereby required to pay the same to the said executors, or the undersigned, forthwith.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

C. M. JNO. CROFT, Solicitor to the said Executors.

EMANUEL BENJAMIN, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22 and 23 Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of Emanuel Benjamin, late of No. 31, Great Alie-street, Whitechapel, in the county of Middlesex, and formerly of No. 337, Hackney-road, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 17th day of March, 1874, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 6th day of May, 1874, by Isaac Michael Myers, of Middlesex-street, Whitechapel aforesaid, Bookseller, Samuel Marks, of Tenber House, Saint Marks-street, Goodman's-fields, Sponge Merchant, Benjamin Benjamin, of No. 337, Hackney-road, Manufacturer, and William Lewis, of No. 7, Wilmington-square, in the county of Middlesex, Solicitor, the executors therein named), are required to send in the particulars of their claims to the said executors, or the undersigned, as the Solicitors for the said executors, of No. 7, Wilmington-square, Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, on or before the 15th day of June next, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall have had notice; and notice is hereby further given, that the said executors will not be liable for any part of such assets to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

LEWIS and SON, 7, Wilmington-square, W.C., Solicitors for the said Executors.

The Honourable Mrs. CATHERINE ROOKE, Deceased. Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of the Honourable Catherine Rooke, wife of the Reverend Willoughby John Edward Rooke, Clerk, late of Gisburne, in the West Riding of the county of York, deceased (who died on the 10th day of October, 1873, at Gisburne aforesaid and whose will was proved by Dixon Robinson, of Ollitheroe Castle, in the county of Lancaster, Esq., and Robert Rutland Newman, of No. 8, Howard-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., the executors therein named, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 13th day of January, 1874), are hereby required to send to us, the undersigned, Solicitors for the said executors, the particulars of their claims or demands, on or before the 1st day of July next, at the expiration of which time the said executors will distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and the executors will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

ROBINSON and SONS, of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Solicitors to the said Executors.

ANN DEAN, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Ann Dean, late of 6, Stratford-place, Hastings, in the county of Sussex, Widow, deceased (who died on the

19th day of February, 1874, at 6, Stratford-place, Hastings aforesaid, and whose will, with one codicil thereto, was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 10th day of April, 1874, by Frederick William Dean, of 9, Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, Continental Carrier, son of the said deceased, one of the executors named in the said will), are required, on or before the 1st day of June, 1874, to send in particulars of their respective claims or demands, in writing, to the said executors, at the office of his Solicitor, Mr. John Nicholas Mason, 7, Gresham-street, in the city of London, after which day the said executor will proceed to distribute the estate of the said Ann Dean among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have received notice; and the said executor will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part or parts thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of April, 1874.

JOHN NICHOLAS MASON, 7, Gresham-street, London, Solicitor for the said Executor.

Re Mrs. MARY BAKER, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament passed in the session of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands against the estate of Mary Baker, late of Leamington Priors, in the county of Warwick, Widow, Innkeeper, deceased (who died on the 18th day of November, 1873, and whose will was proved on the 27th day of April, 1874, in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Birmingham, by John Davis, of Leamington Priors aforesaid, Gentleman, John Staite, of the same place, Auctioneer, and John Jenkins, of the same place, Working Engineer, the executors in the said will named), are, on or before the 24th day of June next, to send to us, the undersigned, the particulars of all such debts, claims, or demands against the said testatrix, and the nature of their securities (if any), and the said executors will forthwith after the said 24th day of June next, distribute all the assets of the said testatrix amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any persons of whose claim they shall not have had notice at the time of the distribution of the said assets, or any part thereof, as the case may be. And all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby required to pay their debts forthwith to us.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

NEWSAM and CHADWICK, Old-square, Warwick, Solicitors.

HENRY EARLEY WYATT, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt or claim against or upon the estate of Henry Earley Wyatt, of Hastings, in the county of Sussex, Esq. (who died on or about the 30th day of March, 1874, at Hastings aforesaid, and whose will was duly proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Lewes, in the said county of Sussex, on the 6th day of May, 1874, by Sarah Anne Wyatt and Charles Henry Gausden, the executors named in the said will), are required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to the executors, at the office of Frederick George Phillips, of 28, Robertson-street, Hastings, the Solicitor of the said executors, on or before the 12th day of August next, after which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator among the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the debts, claims, and demands only of which they will then have had notice; and the said executors will not be answerable or liable for such assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt or claim they will not then have had notice.

FREDK. GEO. PHILLIPS, 28, Robertson-street, Hastings, Solicitor to the said Executors.

WILLIAM GOODRICK, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt, claim, or demand against or upon the estate of William Goodrick, late of No. 8, Spring-street, in the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, formerly a Master Mariner, deceased (who died on the 31st day of March, 1874, and whose will was proved in the District Registry at York of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 22nd day of April, 1874, by John Joseph Thorney, of the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull aforesaid, Solicitor, and George Holmes Bell, of the same borough, his Clerk, the executors therein named), are requested to send particular,

of their debts or claims, on or before the 23rd day of June, 1874, to the said John Joseph Thorney, of No. 10, Parliament-street, Kingston-upon-Hull. And notice is hereby further given, that after the said 23rd day of June, 1874, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said William Goddick among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors may then have had notice; and they will not be answerable or liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had any notice.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

JNO. JOS. THORNEY, 10, Parliament-street, Hull.

JAMES HAMLIN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of James Hamlin, late of the parish of Tickenham, in the county of Somerset, Retired Police Sergeant (who died on the 25th day of September, 1873), are hereby required to send in their claims against the said estate to William Hamlin, the administrator of the deceased, at the office of his Solicitor, Mr. Thomas Hamlin, Redhill, Wrington, on or before the 2nd day of July, 1874, after which date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said James Hamlin among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said administrator shall then have notice.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS HAMLIN, Redhill, Wrington, Solicitor to the said Administrator.

GEORGE LOVELL, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of George Lovell, late of Redhill, in the parish of Wrington, in the county of Somerset, Ostler (who died on the 13th day of August, 1873, and whose will was proved in the District Registry attached to Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Bristol, on the 28th day of October, 1873, by Thomas Hamlin, the sole executor thereof), are hereby required to send in their claims against the said estate to me, the undersigned, at my office, at Redhill, Wrington, on or before the 2nd day of July, 1874, after which date I, the said executor, will proceed to distribute the assets of the said George Lovell amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have notice.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS HAMLIN, Redhill, Wrington.

WILLIAM MILLER, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Miller, late of No. 45, Hatcham Park-road, Old Kent-road, in the county of Surrey, Collector (who died on the 3rd day of October, 1873, and whose will was proved by John Baud, of Brixton, Surrey, Gentleman, and John Richard Hudson, of Bermondsey, Surrey, Gentleman, in the Court of Probate, on the 1st day of November, 1873), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of their claims or demands to us, the undersigned, Solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 1st day of July, 1874. And notice is hereby also given, that at the expiration of the last-mentioned day the said executors will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said William Miller amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they have then had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

J. G. HEPBURN and SONS, Bird in Hand-court, 77, Cheapside, E.C., Solicitors for the said Executors.

The Right Honourable CADWALLADER, Lord BLAYNEY, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the creditors of the Right Honourable Cadwallader, Lord Blayney, late of Castle Blayney, in the county of Monaghan, in Ireland, deceased (who died on the 18th day of January, 1874, and whose will was proved by Thomas Bates, of New-square, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, and of Heddon, Wylam-on-Tyne, in the county of Northumberland, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, the Honourable Walter Philip Alexander, a Lieutenant in Her Majesty's Regiment of Scots Greys, at present stationed at Aldershot, in the county of Hants, Richard Key, of No. 10, Montague-place, Russell-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., and John Davis Garde, of No. 37, Fitzwilliam-place, Dublin, in Ireland, Esq., in the

Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 3rd day of February, 1874), and all other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of the said Cadwallader, Lord Blayney, are to send particulars in writing, of their claims or demands to the said executors, at the office of their Solicitors, Messrs. Palmer, Eland, and Nettleship, of No. 4, Trafalgar-square, Charing Cross, in the county of Middlesex, on or before the 30th day of June, 1874, at the expiration of which time the said executors will distribute the assets of the said Lord Blayney among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim the said executors shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

PALMER, ELAND, and NETTLESHIP, 4, Trafalgar-square, London, W.C., Solicitors to the said Executors.

WILLIAM DANIEL TRIQUET, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts claims, or demands upon or against the estate of William Daniel Triquet, late of No. 70, Camberwell-road, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 4th day of April, 1874, and whose will was proved on the 30th day of April, 1874, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by William Collingwood Smith, of Wyndham Lodge, Brixton Hill, in the county of Surrey, Artist, Robert Shergold Browning, of Leicester, in the county of Leicester, Bank Clerk, and Charles Edward Britten, of 104, Camberwell-grove, in the county of Surrey, Commission Agent, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in the particulars, in writing, of their respective debts, claims, or demands to me, the undersigned, the Solicitor of the said executors, on or before the 10th day of June, 1874. And notice is hereby given, that after the said 10th day of June, 1874, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had such notice as aforesaid.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

THOS. S. ASHWIN, No. 4, Garden-court, Temple, London, Solicitor to the said Executors.

Colonel MOUNTJOY MARTYN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt, claim, or demand against or upon the estate of Francis Mountjoy Martin, Esq., late a Colonel in Her Majesty's 2nd Regiment of Life Guards, deceased, late of No. 17, Charles-street, Berkeley-square, in the county of Middlesex, and of Uddens House, Wimborne, in the county of Dorset, and formerly of Broke Hall, Nacton, near Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk (who died on the 24th day of January last, and whose will, with two codicils, was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 1st day of May instant, by the Honourable Hester Charlotte Hobhouse and Robert Dawson Harling, Esq., M.D., the executrix and executor therein named, power being reserved for Frederick Weatherley, the executor appointed by the first codicil), are required to send particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to the executors, on or before the 1st day of July next, to the office of the undersigned, at Lincoln's-inn-chambers, No. 40, Chancery-lane, London, after which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Francis Mountjoy Martyn among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors may then have had notice; and they will not be answerable or liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time and place above stated.—Dated 13th day of May, 1874.

BEVAN and DANIELL, Lincoln's-inn-chambers, No. 40, Chancery-lane, W.C., Solicitors for the Executors of the said Francis Mountjoy Martyn.

SOPHIA BOGGIS, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any debt, claim, or demand upon or affecting the estate of Sophia Boggis, of Great Baddow, in the county of Essex, Widow (who died on the 28th day of February, 1874, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 23rd day of April, 1874, by Henry Eardley Aylmer Dalbiac, of Worthing, in the

county of Sussex, Esq., Thomas Webb Greene, of No. 9, Upper Wimpole-street, Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., Q.C., and the Reverend Abraham William Bullen, Clerk, Vicar of Great Baddow, in the county of Essex, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, and demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors of the said executors, at the office of the undersigned, at Witham, in the county of Essex, on or before the 1st day of June, 1874, after which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose debts, claims, or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 29th day of April, 1874.

BLOOD and SON, Witham, Essex, Solicitors to the said Executors.

Re LAURINDA DAVY, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Laurinda Davy, late of Skirbeck East, in the county of Lincoln, Widow, deceased (who died on the 1st day of November, 1862, and whose will was proved in the Lincoln District Registry of the Court of Probate, on the 20th day of November, 1862, by Edward Lane, of Kirton, in the county of Lincoln, Surgeon, and James Buckley, of Boston, in the same county, Shipowner, the executors thereof), are required to send the particulars of their claims or demands to Mr. Charles Bean, as Solicitor of the said executors, on or before the 9th day of June next, after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the said assets so distributed to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

CHARLES BEAN, Boston, Attorney for the said Executors.

WILLIAM BARNWELL PARROTT, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors or other persons having any claims, debts, or demands against or affecting the estate of William Barnwell Parrott, late of 10, Banner-street, St. Luke's, and Banner Villa, Wood Green, both in the county of Middlesex, Cardboard Manufacturer, deceased (who died on the 23rd day of January, 1874, and whose will was proved on the 11th day of April, 1874, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Catherine Parrott, of Banner Villa aforesaid, Widow, Harry West Holiday, of Queen-street, Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, and Thomas Howitt, of 51, Moray-road, Tollington Park, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, the executrix and executors in the said will named), are required, on or before the 24th day of June, 1874, to send the particulars, in writing, of their claims to Herbert Henry Poole, Solicitor, 58, Bartholomew-close, London, at the expiration of which time the executrix and executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the testator, or any part thereof, among the parties entitled thereto, of which the executrix and executors have then notice; and notice is hereby further given, that the said executrix and executors will not after the date aforesaid be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not have had notice at the time of distribution of the said assets, or any part thereof.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

H. H. POOLE, 58, Bartholomew-close, London, E.C., Solicitor.

JOHN MONK, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John Monk, late of the Middle Temple, in the city of London, and No. 80, Harley-street, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Counsel (who died at his residence, No. 80, Harley-street aforesaid, on the 29th day of January, 1874, and whose will was proved by Harriet Monk, of No. 80, Harley-street aforesaid, the Widow of the deceased, James Gooden Heap, of Dringhouses, near the city of York, Esquire, and John Holker, of Devonshire-street, Portland-place, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., the executors therein named

in Her Majesty's Court of Probate (The Principal Registry), on the 20th day of March, 1874), are required to send the particulars of their debts and claims to Messrs. Sole, Turner, and Turner, of 68, Aldermanbury, in the city of London, Solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 23rd day of June, 1874, after which the said executors will proceed to distribute the estate of the said John Monk, deceased, amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the debts, claims, and demands of which the said executors shall then have received notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debts, claims, and demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

SOLE, TURNER, and TURNER, 68, Aldermanbury, London, Solicitors for the said Executors.

ELIZABETH ALLEN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament, 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Elizabeth Allen, late of No. 14, Imperial-terrace, Blackpool, in the county of Lancaster, Lodging-house Keeper (who died at Blackpool aforesaid, on the 16th day of March last, and whose will was proved on the 12th day of May, 1874, in the District Registry attached to Her Majesty's Court of Probate, at Lancaster, by Thomas Salthouse, of Blackpool aforesaid, Provision Dealer, and Joseph Smith, of Blackpool aforesaid, Furniture Broker, the executors named in the said will), are required, on or before the 20th day of June next, to send written particulars of such claims or demands to us, the undersigned, Solicitors to the said executors, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, or demands of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

CHARNLEY, SON, and FINCH, 20, Church-street, Blackpool, Solicitors to the said Executors.

WILLIAM BOWER, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Bower, late of Bowerclough, in Rainow, in the county of Chester, Yeoman, deceased (who died on the 25th day of August, 1872, and of whose will, with two codicils thereto, were proved by Joseph Goodwin, of Billinge Head, in Rainow aforesaid, Farmer, and William Nixon, of Harrop, within Rainow aforesaid, the executors therein named, on the 24th day of January, 1874, in the Chester District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 20th day of June next; and notice is hereby also given, that after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

BROCKLEHURST, WRIGHT, and MAIR, King Edward-street, Macclesfield, Solicitors to the said Executors.

WILLIAM LOMAS, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Lomas, late of Swettenham-street, Macclesfield, in the county of Chester, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 22nd day of June, 1873, and whose will was proved by Edward Lomas, of the Further Carr Farm, in Kettlethulme, in the said county, Farmer, and Richard Lomas, of Thornylee, in the township of Combs Edge, in the parish of Chapel-en-le-Frith, in the county of Derby, Farmer, the executors therein named, on the 9th day of July, 1873, in the Chester District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), are hereby required to send in the

particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 20th day of June next; and notice is hereby also given, that after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

BROCKLEHURST, WRIGHT, and MAIR,
King Edward-street, Macclesfield, Solicitors to the said Executors.

MARGARET PHELPS, late of the Elms, Priory-park, in the county of Sussex, Widow, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Margaret Phelps, late of the Elms, Priory-park, Chichester, in the county of Sussex, Widow, deceased (who died at Chichester aforesaid, on the 30th day of January, 1874, and whose will and codicil were duly proved by William Pearce, of 2, Dr. Johnson's-buildings, Temple, London, Esq., James Abbott, of 27, Golden-square, in the county of Middlesex, Builder, John Henry Davey, of 137, Long-acre, in the county of Middlesex, Printer, and William Alexander Perry, of Grove House, Upper Clapton, Gentleman, the executors thereof in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, Principal Registry, on the 16th day of March, 1874), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of their respective claims or demands to the undersigned, Messrs. Keighley, Shea, and Bevan, the Solicitors of the said executors, at their office, situate at No. 16, Philpot-lane, Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, on or before the 15th day of June, 1874; and notice is hereby also given, that after the last-mentioned day the said executors will be at liberty to distribute the assets of the said Margaret Phelps, or any part thereof, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person of whose claim the said executors shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

KEIGHLEY, SHEA, and BEVAN, 16, Philpot-lane, Fenchurch-street, London, E.C.

EDWARD JOHN OTTLEY, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against or affecting the estate of Edward John Ottley, late of No. 72, St. George's-square, in the county of Middlesex, late a Captain in the Second Regiment of Royal Middlesex (Edmonton Rifles) Militia, deceased (who died on the 13th day of June, 1872, and whose will, with a codicil thereto, was proved on the 12th day of July, 1872, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by the Reverend Charles McMahon Ottley and John Hassard, Esq., two of the executors therein named, and was also on the 24th day of April, 1874, proved in the said Principal Registry by the Rev. Thomas Helmore, Clerk, the other executor), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims or demands to us, the undersigned, the Solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 1st day of September, 1874, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to administer the estate and distribute the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims only of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and for the assets, or any part thereof, so administered or distributed the said executors shall not be liable to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

DAY and HASSARD, 28, Great George-street, Westminster, Solicitors for the Executors.

RICHARD WEIGHTMAN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Richard Weightman, late of Darlton, in the county of Nottingham, Farmer, deceased (who died on the 9th day of February, 1866, and whose will was, on the 23rd day of April, 1866, proved in the Nottingham District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by William

Weightman and Joseph Milnes, the executors therein-named), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, and demands, on or before the 13th day of June next, to the said executor, at the office of their Solicitors, Messrs. Marshall, Sons, and Bescoby, of East Retford, in the said county; and notice is hereby further given, that after the said 13th day of June next, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, or demands of which they shall then have received notice as aforesaid.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

MARSHALL, SONS, and BESCOBY, East Retford, Solicitors for the said Executors.

JOSEPH ROUTLEDGE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act "To further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any debt, claim, or demand against or upon the estate of Joseph Routledge, formerly of 124, Bishopsgate-street, Within, and late of 5, East India-avenue, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, Ship and Insurance Broker (who died on the 22nd November last, and whose will was, on the 22nd January last, proved by Fanny Routledge, the executrix), are hereby required to send the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to the undersigned, Solicitor, at 9, Lincoln's-inn-fields, London, by the 1st day of July next, after which date the executrix having regard only to the debts, claims, or demands of which she shall then have had notice, will distribute the estate of the deceased in accordance with his will, and for the estate so distributed she will not be liable to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

GEORGE CAREW, 9, Lincoln's-inn-fields.

CHARLES BRYCE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Charles Bryce, late of No. 5, Old Steine, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Doctor of Medicine (who died at No. 5, Old Steine aforesaid, on the 8th day of April, 1874, and whose will, with a codicil thereto, was proved by Edwin Wilson, of Cahir, in the county of Tipperary, Ireland, Surgeon-Major of Her Majesty's Regiment of Fourth Dragoon Guards, and Richard Molineux, of Brook House, Compton, near Guildford, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, the executors therein named, in the Lewes District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 7th day of May, 1874), are hereby required to send, in writing, particulars of their claims to the undersigned, William Hunter Cockburn, of No. 39, Duke-street, Brighton aforesaid, the Solicitor of the said executors, on or before the 13th day of June next; and notice is hereby also given, that after the said last mentioned day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Charles Bryce among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which they then have notice, and that they will not be answerable or liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim they have not then had notice.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM HUNTER COCKBURN.

Re JOHN JOHNSON, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John Johnson, late of Rockingham-terrace, Malton, in the county of York, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 5th day of April, 1874, and whose will was proved in the District Registry, at York, of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 24th day of April, 1874, by William Brown Clegg, of Rockingham-terrace aforesaid, Gentleman, and Thomas Wilson, of New Malton, Corn Factor, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of such claims and demands to the undersigned, Solicitor the said executors, on or before the 1st day of July next, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice, and that they will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

WM. SIMPSON, Malton, Yorkshire, Solicitor to the said Executors.

Mr. ROBERT GIBBS, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate, or the executor of the will, of Robert Gibbs, formerly of Blackwell, in the parish of Tredington, in the county of Worcester, but late of No. 5, New-street, in the parish of Old Stratford, in the county of Warwick, Gentleman (who died on the 17th day of February last, and whose will was proved in the District Registry at Birmingham of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 15th day of April last, by Joseph Lattimer, of Stratford-upon-Avon, in the said county of Warwick, Architect, one of the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in particulars of their respective debts, claims, and demands to the said executor, or to us, the undersigned, his Solicitors, at our office in Stratford-upon-Avon aforesaid, on or before the 24th day of June next, after which day the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which the said executor shall then have had notice, and he will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand the said executor shall not have had notice at the time of the distribution of the said assets.—Dated the 11th day of May, 1874.

H. O. and T. HUNT, Solicitors for the said Executor.

ELIZABETH LAMBERT, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vict., chap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands on the estate of Elizabeth Lambert, late of Richmond, in the county of York, Spinster, Innkeeper (who died on the 5th day of April, 1874), are hereby required to send in particulars of their respective debts or claims to Thomas George Lambert, of Richmond aforesaid, Innkeeper, Thomas Lambert Jamson, of the same place, Hairdresser, and Margaret Jackson, the wife of Joseph Timothy Jackson, of No. 211, Pentonville-road, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter, the administrators and administratrix of the estate and effects of the said Elizabeth Lambert, deceased, acting under letters of administration granted by the York District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 8th day of May instant, at my office in Richmond, in the county of York, on or before the 30th day of June next, and that after the said 30th day of June the said administrators and administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Elizabeth Lambert among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts or claims of which the said administrators and administratrix shall then have had notice, and the administrators and administratrix will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not have had notice; and all persons owing any money to the said deceased are requested to pay the same to the said administrators and administratrix, at my office forthwith.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

CHR. GEO. CROFT, Solicitor to the said Administrators and Administratrix.

MARY SMITH, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Mary Smith, late of No. 20, Abingdon-street, Blackpool, in the county of Lancaster, Widow (who died at Blackpool aforesaid, on the 30th day of January last, and whose will was proved on the 29th day of April, 1874, in the District Registry at Lancaster attached to Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Thomas Robinson, of Herben Bridge, in the county of York, Cotton Manufacturer, and John Wade, of Blackpool aforesaid, Gentleman, the executors named in the said will), are required, on or before the 15th day of June next, to send written particulars of such claims or demands to us, the undersigned, Solicitors to the said executors, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, or demands of which the said executors then have had notice, and that the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

CHARNLEY, SON, and FINCH, 20, Church-street, Blackpool, Solicitors to the said Executors.

In Chancery.—Bromfield v. Clough.

TO be sold by auction, pursuant to a Decree made in the above cause, with the approbation of Vice-Chancellor Malins, the Judge to whose Court such cause is attached, by Mr. William Mason, at the George Hotel, Rugby, on Thursday, 4th June, 1874, at four for five o'clock in the afternoon, in one lot:—

All that most desirable messuage or dwelling-house, containing sitting-room, study, drawing-room, five bed-rooms, and the usual offices, partly stone and partly brick, situate in the village of Braunston, Northamptonshire, with stable, coach-house, yard, garden, and homestead, containing 3a. 28p. or thereabouts, having a frontage to the street of 113 feet, lately in the occupation of the Reverend J. C. Jenkins. Also all those four closes of excellent pasture and meadow land, at Braunston aforesaid, and lying near to the above, containing 39a. 3a. 24p., or thereabouts (of which 10a. 2a. 30p. are freehold, and the remainder copyhold of the manor of Braunston, and fine cer ain), now in the occupation of Mr. William Dunn, who is under notice to quit at old Michaelmas next; the dwelling-house, homestead, and premises are copyhold. The house is most substantially built, and might at a small cost be converted into a hunting-box, being within easy distance of the meets of the Pytchley, Warwickshire, Duke of Grafton's, and Atherstone hounds, or it is well suited for a small family, the church of Braunston being contiguous. The land is exceedingly well fenced, and watered, a stream running the centre of it, and it might be easily subdivided into accommodation lots. The copyhold portion of the property is subject to annual quit rents, amounting to 9s. 7d., fine certain, payable on admission, is 9s. 7d., and the heriots, also payable on admission, amount to about £2. The whole of the property is free from tithe and land tax. Rugby, the very convenient centre of six lines of railway, is within a distance of 9 miles, and Crick and Weedon Stations on the London and North Western Railway, are respectively within a distance of 3½ and 6 miles. The market towns of Lutterworth, Southam, Rugby, Daventry, Coventry, and Leamington, are each accessible by an easy drive.

Printed particulars and conditions with lithographed plan may be had (gratis) of Mr. M. H. Bloxam, Solicitor, Rugby; Messrs. T. and J. H. Benn, Solicitors, Rugby; Messrs. Routh and Stacey, Solicitors, 14, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury, London; Mr. G. J. Brownlow, Solicitor, 34, Bedford-row, London; Mr. Edmund Byrne, Solicitor, 3, Whitehall-place, London; or of the Auctioneer, Mr. Mason, Rugby; and at the place of sale.

TO be sold, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause Lane v. Salt, with the approbation of the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, by Messrs. Gadsden, Ellis, and Co., the persons appointed by the said Judge, at the Mart, Tokenhouse-yard, in the city of London, on the 26th day of June, 1874, at two o'clock, in one lot:—

The estate of Elmhurst Hall, also farm lands and woods, the whole comprising about 480 acres, situate in the parishes of Saint Chad, otherwise Stowe, and King's Bromley, lying between the towns of Lichfield and Rugeley, and about 20 miles from Stafford.

Particulars may be obtained at the Swan Hotel, Lichfield; of Charles H. Inge, Esq., the Hurst, Lichfield; of Messrs. Prideaux and Son, Solicitors, Goldsmiths' Hall, Foster-lane, London, E.C.; at the Mart; and of Messrs. Gadsden, Ellis, and Co., 18, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

TO be sold, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in the causes of Holmes v. Dudley and Holmes v. Swinson, with the approbation of the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, in two lots, by Mr. William Scroggs, the person appointed by the said Judge, at the Roebuck Hotel, situate at Oxford, in the county of Oxford, on Saturday, the 13th day of June, 1874, at two for three o'clock in the afternoon precisely:—

Lot 1. All that freehold farm, with the farmhouse, yard, garden, stables, buildings, and premises belonging thereto, containing altogether 202 acres and 27 perches, called the Southfield Farm, situate in the parish of Headington, in the county of Oxford, and within one mile of the city of Oxford.

The above farm is in the occupation of Mr. Henry Pether, a yearly tenant at £436 6s.

Lot 2. A piece of freehold building land situate on the High-road from Cowley to Oxford, and within half a mile of Oxford aforesaid, containing 4 acres, in the occupation of Abel Bricknell, a yearly tenant at £20.

Particulars, plans, and conditions of sale may be had (gratis) of Messrs. Dayman and Walsh, 9, St. Giles'-street, Oxford; Messrs. Purkis and Perry, of 1, Lincoln's-inn-fields, London; or of the said William Scroggs, at Kidlington, Oxon; and at the said Roebuck Hotel.

TO be sold, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause of Stanbrough v. Fraser, with the approbation of the Vice-Chancellor Sir Charles Hall, in one lot, by Mr. Henry Hayward (of the firm of Worsfold and Hayward), at the Royal Oak Hotel, Dover,

in the county of Kent, on Thursday, the 25th day of June, 1874, at two for three o'clock in the afternoon precisely:—

Certain freehold estate, situate in the parish of Ewell, near Dover, comprising a freehold residence, known as Beech Grove, and between five and six acres of well timbered grounds.

Particulars (gratis) of Messrs. Farmer and Robins, 11, Pancras-lane; and of Messrs. B. W. and V. Powys, 1, Lincoln's-inn-fields, London; of the Auctioneer, at Dover; at 12, Queen Victoria-street, London; and at the place of sale.

MR. EVAN VAUGHAN, of the firm of Hards, Vaughan, and Jenkinson, has been appointed by his Honour the Vice-Chancellor Sir Charles Hall, to sell by auction at the Mart, Tokenhouse-yard, in the city of London, on Tuesday, the 9th day of June, 1874, at one for two o'clock in the afternoon, in one lot, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in the cause of Nash v. Smith:—

A freehold estate, known as the Cuckoo Hall Farm, in the parish of Edmonton, consisting of a substantial farmhouse, and convenient stabling, and farm premises, together with 94 acres 3 roods and 28 perches of arable and pasture land, let to Mr. James Thurgood, Market Gardener, upon lease, at a rental of £300 per annum.

The property may be viewed, and particulars, plans, and conditions of sale obtained of Messrs. Stoneham and Legge, Solicitors, 5, Philipot-lane, E.C.; T. C. Matthews, Esq., Solicitor, 55, Lincoln's-inn-fields, W.C.; at the Auction Mart; and of Messrs. Hards, Vaughan, and Jenkinson, Auctioneers, 62, Moorgate-street, E.C., and at Greenwich, S.E.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause of Smith v. Crabtree, 1873, S., No. 227, the creditors of William Smith, late of Oakroyd House, in Keighley, in the county of York, Machine Maker, who died in or about the month of November, 1872, are on or before the 4th day of June, 1874, to send by post, prepaid, to Mr. George Burr, one of the firm of Weatherhead and Burr, Solicitors, Keighley, Yorkshire, the Solicitors for the defendants, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, at No. 3, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, on Monday, the 15th day of June, 1874, at twelve of the clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 5th day of May, 1874.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in the cause of Gilpin against Wilson, 1873, G., 167, the creditors of Jane Spittal, late of Whitehaven, in the county of Cumberland, who died in or about the month of July, 1863, are on or before the 10th day of June, 1874, to send by post, prepaid, to Joseph Thomson, of No. 23, Great Winchester-street, in the city of London, the Solicitor of the defendant, William Wilson, the administrator of the deceased, their Christian and surnames, in full, and their addresses and descriptions, the Christian and surnames, in full, of any partner or partners, full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir James Bacon, at his chambers, No. 11, New-square, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, on Wednesday, the 17th day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, in England, made in a cause Talbot against Jevors, all persons claiming to be the next-of-kin, according to the statutes for the distribution of intestates' estates, at the time of his death, of Stirling Freeman Glover, formerly of Buxton, in the county of Derby, Lieutenant-Colonel in Her Majesty's Service, but late of Cheltenham, in the county of Gloucester, who died in or about the month of April, 1866, or the legal personal representatives of such of them, if any, as have since died, are, on or before the 7th day of September, 1874, to send in their claims to Messrs. Coulthurst and Van Sommer, No. 13, New-inn, Strand, Middlesex, or in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Saturday, the 7th day of November, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor Sir James Bacon, No. 11, New-square, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the said claims.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in the matter of the estate of Richard Ashworth, deceased, and in a cause Hill against Ashworth, the creditors of Richard Ashworth, late of New Line, in the township of Spotland, in the parish of Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, who died in or about the month of August, 1871, are, on or before the 5th day of June, 1874, to send by post, prepaid, to Edward Martin Wright, of Bacup, in the county of Lancaster, the Solicitor of the defendant, Miles Ashworth, the administrator of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Charles Hall, at his chambers, situated No. 14, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, on Tuesday, the 16th day of June, 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon, being the time for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 4th day of May, 1874.

In Chancery.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Court, made in the matter of the trusts of the marriage settlement of William Richardson, Esquire, and Elizabeth, his wife, severally deceased, the several persons named in the schedule hereto (if living subsequent to the 20th of September, 1870), or the legal personal representatives of any of them who may have since died, and also the persons claiming to be next-of-kin, according to the statutes for distribution of intestates' effects, of Elizabeth Richardson, late of Fulford, near the city of York, Widow, deceased, living at the time of her death, on the said 20th of September, 1870, or to be the legal personal representatives of any of such persons who may have since died, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the 21st of June, 1874, to come in and prove their claims at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor Sir Charles Hall, No. 14, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Tuesday, the 30th day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the said claims.

N.B.—The claims of several persons respectively, as first cousins, once removed, of the said Elizabeth Richardson, having been established, all other persons claiming to be next-of-kin must prove themselves to be in a degree of relationship equal to or nearer than such persons.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

Margaret Henrietta Ormes, Elizabeth Swift, Samuel Fidoe, children of Jane Bennett and Samuel Fidoe, and grandchildren of Richard Bennett.

The other children (if any) of Jane Bennett and Samuel Fidoe.

The children (if any) of Thomas Bennett and Penelope Susannah Huddesford.

The children (if any) of Ann Bennett and Charles Saunders (first husband) or Robert Dixon (second husband).

The other grandchildren (if any) of the said Richard Bennett.

Richard Salisbury, Alice Sanders, Mary Mousley, children of Frances Batkin and John Salisbury (first husband) and grandchildren of William Batkin and Frances (first wife).

The other children (if any) of Frances Batkin and John Salisbury.

Frances Ashby, child of Frances Batkin and — Larkin (second husband).

The other children (if any) of Frances Batkin and — Larkin.

The other grandchildren (if any) of the said William Batkin, by Frances, his first wife, or by Mary, his second wife.

Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

The Bankruptcy Amendment Act, 1868.

In the Matter of a Deed of Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors, executed by Joseph Firth, of Crosland Moor Bottom, in the parish of Almondbury, in the county of York, Merchant and Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Trustees under the deed of assignment for the benefit of creditors, executed by the above-named Joseph Firth, bearing date the 27th day of September, 1869, will on or after the 23rd day of May instant, proceed to declare a Second and Final Dividend of the estate and effects comprised in the said deed, and all creditors who have not already sent in their claims are hereby required to do so, on or before such last-mentioned day, otherwise the Trustees will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate without reference to such claims, and such creditors will be excluded from the benefit of the said dividend.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

T. W. CLOUGH and SON, 37, Market-street, Huddersfield, Solicitors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A DIVIDEND of 4s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by Richard Martin, of Lansdowne-road, Hackney, and of Lansdowne Works, Bow Common, and Paul's Works, Bow Common, all in the county of Middlesex, Composite Candle and Fancy Soap Maker, and Lucifer Match and Blacking Manufacturer, and will be paid at the offices of J. Waddell and Co., Accountants, Mansion House-chambers, No. 12, Queen Victoria-street, in the city of London, on Wednesday, the 27th day of May, 1874, between the hours of eleven and three, and any following Wednesday between the same hours.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

JAMES WADDELL, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

A SECOND and Final Dividend of 2d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of Richard Ibbitson Richmond, of Beeston Hill, near Leeds, in the county of York, Currier, and will be paid at the office of the undersigned, Charles Beevers, situate at No. 26, Commercial-street, Leeds, in the county of York, on and after the 19th day of May, 1874.—Dated the 12th day of May, 1874.

CHAS. BEEVERS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bath.

A DIVIDEND of 4s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by John Stamp, late of the Three Crowns Inn, Combe Down, Bath, Innkeeper, and will be paid by me, at my offices, No. 19, Monmouth-place, Bath, on and after the 20th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

HENRY EVE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Shropshire, holden at Shrewsbury.

A SECOND and Final Dividend of 8d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of John Miller, of Mardol, Shrewsbury, in the county of Salop, Butcher and Mail Cart Contractor, and will be paid at the office of Mr. Henry Morris, Solicitor, Swan Hill, Shrewsbury aforesaid, on and after the 15th day of May instant.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

THOS. THORNES,
SAML. BICKERTON, Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Greenwich.

A FIRST and Final Dividend of 5s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of John Gosling, of 82, Villas-road, Plumstead, and Crab Tree Manorway, Erith, both in the county of Kent, Horse Slaughterer and Bone Merchant, and will be paid by us, at our offices, No. 2, Adelaide-place, London Bridge, in the city of London, on and after the 20th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

MAY, SYKES, and BATTEN, Attorneys for
Thomas Wood, the Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Francis, Baron de Wolfers, of Orange House, 11, Great Cheyne-row, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturer of the Marvel Fluid.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Thomas Parker, No. 2, Lombard-court, in the city of London, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS PARKER, 2, Lombard-court, City,
Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Luiz Augusto da Costa, of 35, King-street, in the city of London.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 25, Bucklersbury, in the city of London, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

HERBERT EDWARD STENNING, 25, Buck-
lersbury, E.C., Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Julius Samuel Miller, of 5, Bond-court, in the city of London, Attorney-at-Law.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of the undersigned, Raisbeck Welford Robinson, situate at Temple-chambers, 32, Fleet-street, in the city of London, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

RAISBECK W. ROBINSON, Attorney for the said
Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Pleasance Hooke, of 34, Caves-terrace, Gold-hawke-road, Hammersmith, in the county of Middlesex, Commission Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. J. Calverley 9, Essex-street, Strand, London, on the 30th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

R. P. HOOKE, Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Henry Scarth, of No. 50, Saint Augustine's-road, Camden-square, in the county of Middlesex, Governmental Clerk.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Harris and Finch, of Bridge-chambers, Borough High-street, Southwark, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 5th day of May, 1874.

HARRIS and FINCH, Bridge-chambers, Borough
High-street, Southwark, Attorneys for the said
Thomas Henry Scarth.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick Fenton, of No. 9, Southampton-street, Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, Scenic Artist.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Harris and Finch, at Bridge-chambers, Borough High-street, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

HARRIS and FINCH, Bridge-chambers, Borough
High-street, Southwark, Attorneys for the said
Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Barsill, of May Bank-road, George-lane, Woodford, in the county of Essex, Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at our offices, No. 65, Basinghall-street, City, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 18th day of May, 1874.

WOOD and HARE, 65, Basinghall-street, City,
Stratford, Essex, Croydon, Red Hill, and Reigate,
in the county of Surrey, Attorneys for the above-
named Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Cleare, formerly of High-street, Penge, in the county of Surrey, but now of No. 2, Appleby-road, Wilman-road, London Fields, Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Boot and Shoe Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Thomas James Phipos, Solicitor, No. 27, Farringdon-street, in the city of London, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

THOS. JAS. PHIPOS, Attorney for the said George
Cleare.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Lucas Merry, of 118, Cannon-street, in the city of London, and of Surbiton, in the county of Surrey, Merchant, formerly trading in copartnership with George Lloyd, at 118, Cannon-street aforesaid, as Merchants, under the style or firm of Merry, Willis, and Lloyd, and afterwards trading in copartnership with the said George Lloyd and William Johnson, at 118, Cannon-street aforesaid, under the style or firm of Merry, Lloyd, and Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Turquand, Youngs, and Company, No. 16, Tokenhouse-yard, in the city of London, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

BOTHAMLEYS and FREEMAN, 13, Queen-street, Cheapside, London, Attorneys for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Richard Cockhead, of 73, Norfolk-terrace, Westbourne-grove, in the county of Middlesex, Bookseller and Stationer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Learoyd, Learoyd, and Peace, Solicitors, No. 3, Chancery-lane, in the city of London, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

JAMES PEACE, 3, Chancery-lane, in the city of London, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Fuller, of 23, Old Jewry, in the city of London, Dealer in Stocks and Shares.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Victoria-buildings, Queen Victoria-street, in the city of London, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

BELL and CROWDER, Victoria-buildings, Queen Victoria-street, City, Attorneys for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Swait, of 37, Sydney-street, Fulham-road, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Gasfitter and Bellhanger.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 65, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 26th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

WOOD and HARE, 65, Basinghall-street, City, 3, Vicarage-terrace, Stratford, in the county of Essex; Croydon, Red Hill, and Reigate, in the county of Surrey, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jane Wallis, of 105, Park-street, Camden Town, in the county of Middlesex, and George Wallis, of the same place, Glass and China Dealers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at my offices, Guildhall-yard, in the city of London, on the 23rd day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of May, 1874.

H. W. CATTLIN, Guildhall-yard, London, Attorney for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Christopher William Brampton, of 39, Hanover-street, Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, Clerk to an Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of J. J. Kent, Ac-

countant, 55, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 26th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

JOSEPH WILLIAM PERRY, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Evans, of No. 56, Mayall-road, Brixton, Surrey, Builder and Contractor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Lewis and Lewis, 10, Ely-place, Holborn, Middlesex, on the 2nd day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

LEWIS and LEWIS, 10, Ely-place, Holborn, Attorneys for the said Robert Evans.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Baines, of No. 5, Elsham-road, Kensington, and of No. 62, Holland-road, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, House Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 15, Devonshire-street, Hammersmith-road, in the county of Middlesex, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 2nd day of May, 1874.

W. F. MORRIS, 3, Staple-inn, Holborn, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Essex, holden at Chelmsford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alfred Thomas Gunn, of Blackmore End, Wethersfield, in the county of Essex, Wheelwright.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Durrant Edward Cardinall, Solicitor, Halstead, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

DURRANT E. CARDINALL, Halstead, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Essex, holden at Chelmsford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Ray, of No. 5, Nelson-terrace, Southend, in the county of Essex, Poulterer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 7, Mark-lane, in the city of London, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

W. RICHARD PRESTON, 7, Mark-lane, E.C., Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Middlesex, holden at Brentford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John More, of 9, Heath-road, Twickenham, in the county of Middlesex, Jeweller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Chamber of Commerce, 145, Cheapside, in the city of London, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

GEO. EDWIN SMITH, Attorney for the said John More.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Guildford and Godalming.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward James Ellis, of York Town, Frimley, in the county of Surrey, Corn, Ale, and Beer Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Auction Mart, Tokenhouse Yard, in the city of London, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

POTTER and STEVENS, Farnham, Attorneys for the said Edward James Ellis.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hertfordshire, holden at St. Albans.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Smith, of Piccott's End Mill, Piccott's End, in the parish of Hemel Hempstead, in the county of Hertford, Miller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the King's Arms Inn, Hemel Hempstead, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

HENRY HAY, Hemel Hempstead, Herts, Attorney for the said George Smith.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Suffolk, holden at Ipswich.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Corder Squirrel, of Bildeston, in the county of Suffolk, Wine, Spirit, Ale, and Porter Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Green Dragon Hotel, No. 86, Bishopsgate Within, London, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated the 12th day of May, 1874.

NEWMAN and HARPER, Hadleigh, Suffolk, Attorneys for the said John Corder Squirrel.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Belcher, of East Hanney, in the county of Berks, Wheelwright and Carpenter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Llewellyn Jotcham, Solicitor, Newbury-street, Wantage, Berks, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 5th day of May, 1874.

L. JOTCHAM, Wantage, Berks, Attorney for the said Henry Belcher.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Absalom Smith, of No. 2, Spring-cottages, Cambridge-street, in the parish of St. Ebbe's, in the city of Oxford, in the county of Oxford, and late of Dresden Villa, Kingston-road, in the parish of St. Giles', in the said city of Oxford, College Servant and Lodging-house Keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Henry Druce, No. 26, High-street, Oxford, Solicitor, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

HENRY DRUCE, 26, High-street, Oxford, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Macclesfield.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Penney, of No. 5, Great Queen-street, and Wellington Mills, in Macclesfield, in the county of Chester, Silk Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Exchange-chambers, in Macclesfield aforesaid, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

HIGGINBOTHAM and BARCLAY, Exchange-chambers, Macclesfield, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Macclesfield.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Charles Sheldon, of Bridge-street, Congleton, in the county of Chester, Cabinet Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Bull's Head Hotel, Market-place, Macclesfield aforesaid, on the 19th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM COOPER, Congleton, Cheshire, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Greenwich.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Henry Ball, of High-road, Lewisham, in the county of Kent, Hairdresser and Stationer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Henry Arnold, No. 27, Finsbury-pavement, in the city of London, on the 20th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.

HENRY ARNOLD, Attorney for the said George Henry Ball.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Rochester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jane Waghorn, of 4, Chapel-street, Blue Town, Sheerness, Kent, Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Messrs. Carter and Be'l's, 102, Leadenhall-street, London, on the 18th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

JOHN COPLAND, Sheerness, Attorney for the said Jane Waghorn.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Saunders, of Upstreet, in the parish of Chislet, in the county of Kent, Saddler and Harness Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Sankey, Son, and Flint, Solicitors, Castle-street, in the city of Canterbury, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at half-past twelve o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

SANKEY, SON, and FLINT, Castle-street, Canterbury, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Thomas Browning, of Lavender Farm, in the parish of Hernhill, near Faversham, in the county of Kent, Farmer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Sankey, Son, and Flint, Solicitors, Castle-street, in the city of Canterbury, on the 23rd day of May, 1874, at half-past twelve o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

SANKEY, SON, and FLINT, Castle-street, in the city of Canterbury, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Donald Ramsey Edgar and Charles Briggs Murgatroyd, both of 34A, Brook-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, Drysalers, trading in copartnership under the firm of Donald R. Edgar and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. John Walton Berry and Samuel Robinson, Solicitors, Charles-street, in Bradford aforesaid, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

J. W. BERRY and SAML. ROBINSON, Attorneys for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Donald Ramsey Edgar and Charles Briggs Murgatroyd, both of 34A, Brook-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, Drysalers, trading in copartnership under the firm of Donald R. Edgar and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Donald Ramsey Edgar has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. John Walton Berry and Samuel Robinson, Solicitors, Charles-street, in Bradford aforesaid, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at a quarter-past four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

J. W. BERRY and SAML. ROBINSON, Attorneys for the said Donald Ramsey Edgar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Donald Ramsey Edgar and Charles Briggs Murgatroyd, both of 34A, Brook-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, Drysalers, trading in copartnership under the firm of Donald R. Edgar and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Charles Briggs Murgatroyd has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. John Walton Berry and Samuel Robinson, Solicitors, Charles-street, in Bradford aforesaid, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at half-past four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

J. W. BERRY and SAM. L. ROBINSON, Attorneys for the said Charles Briggs Murgatroyd.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Marshall and William Marshall, both of Nelson-court, Bradford, in the county of York, Woolstaplers, trading as James Marshall and Son, the said William Marshall also carrying on business at Eccleshill, in the said county, as a Brick, Tile, and Pottery Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Wood and Killick, Commercial Bank-buildings, Bradford aforesaid, Solicitors, on the 20th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

WOOD and KILLICK, Commercial Bank-buildings, Bradford, Attorneys for the Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Marshall and William Marshall, both of Nelson-court, Bradford, in the county of York, Woolstaplers, trading as James Marshall and Son, the said William Marshall also carrying on business at Eccle-hill, in the said county, as a Brick, Tile, and Pottery Maker, under the style of William Woodhead.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named William Marshall has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Wood and Killick, Commercial Bank-buildings, Bradford, aforesaid, Solicitors, on the 20th day of May, 1874, at half-past four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

WOOD and KILLICK, Commercial Bank-buildings, Bradford, Attorneys for the said William Marshall.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Andrews, of Farsley, in the parish of Calverley, in the county of York, Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Lees, Senior, and Wilson, New Ivegate, Bradford aforesaid, Solicitors, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

LEES, SENIOR, and WILSON, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Daniel Smith, of Saltaire, in the township of Shipley, in the county of York, Artist and Art Master.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of James Gwynne Hutchinson, Solicitor, Piccadilly-chambers, Piccadilly, in Bradford, in the said county, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

JAS. G. HUTCHINSON, Piccadilly-chambers, Piccadilly, in Bradford aforesaid, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Daniel Hainsworth, of Farsley, in the parish of Calverley, in the county of York, Woollen Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Victoria Hotel, Bradford, on

the 27th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

JOSEPH WALKER, 11, East-parade, Leeds, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Bannister, of Horton, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, Alfred Keighley Briggs, of Bradford aforesaid, and Benjamin Andrews, of Farsley, in the parish of Calverley, in the said county, trading in copartnership together, at Bradford aforesaid, as Machine Wool Combers, under the style or firm of Bannister, Briggs, and Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Lees, Senior, and Wilson, New Ivegate, in Bradford aforesaid, Solicitors, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

LEES, SENIOR, and WILSON, Attorneys for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frank Greenhough and Edwin Greenhough, of 33, Union-street, Bradford, in the county of York, Woolstaplers, trading as F. and E. Greenhough.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Walter Gardiner, Solicitor, No. 1, Bond-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WALTER GARDINER, Attorney for the said Frank Greenhough and Edwin Greenhough.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Josephus Inman, of Burnsall, near Skipton, in the county of York, Shoemaker and Farmer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Samuel Cook, in Keighley, in the county of York, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

SAMUEL COOK, Attorney for the said Josephus Inman.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Turner, of the Pack Horse Inn, Briggate, Leeds, in the county of York, Innkeeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Fawcett and Malcolm, Solicitors, No. 20, Park-row, in Leeds aforesaid, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

FAWCETT and MALCOLM, Attorneys for the said Joseph Turner.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Peter Ellis the younger, of Leeds, in the county of York, Cattle Food and Manure Manufacturer, trading under the style of the Yorkshire Shoddy (Woollen Waste) Manure Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Burrell and Pickard, No. 18, Albion-street, in Leeds, in the county of York, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

SIMPSON and BURELL, Attorneys for the said Peter Ellis the younger.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at York. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Cochrane, late of No. 3, Market-street, in the city of York, but now of the Alexandra Hotel, in Market-street, in the same city, Tailor and Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Wilkinson, in St. Helen's-square, in the city of York, on

the 26th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WM. WILKINSON, St. Helen's-square, York, Attorney for the said William Cochrane.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jonathan Wright, of Hanging Heaton, in the parish of Dewsbury, in the county of York, Innkeeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Scholefield and Taylor, Solicitors, Brunswick-street, Batley, in the county of York, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

SCHOLEFIELD and TAYLOR, Brunswick-street, Batley, Attorneys for the said Jonathan Wright.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Carter, of Batley, in the county of York, Flock Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Scholes and Son, Solicitors, Leeds-road, Dewsbury, in the county of York, on the 2nd day of June, 1874, at a quarter-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

SCHOLES and SON, Leeds-road, Dewsbury, Yorkshire, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Parkins, of Robert Town, in the parish of Birstal, in the county of York, Manufacturing Chemist.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Learoyd and Learoyd, in Buxton-road, in Huddersfield, in the county of York, Solicitors, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

LEAROYD and LEAROYD, Buxton-road, Huddersfield, Attorneys for the said Thomas Parkins.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Andrew Dickson, of Halifax, in the county of York, Commercial Traveller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, situate at No. 7, Horton-street, in Halifax, in the county of York, on the 30th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

GODFREY RHODES, 7, Horton-street, Halifax, Attorney for the said Andrew Dickson.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George William Smith, of Hipperholme, near Halifax, in the county of York, Grease Manufacturer, trading under the style or firm of G. W. Smith and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Queen's Hotel, in Bradford, in the county of York, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

HERBERT RITSON, 54, John Dalton-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Kingston-upon-Hull.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Parkinson Frishney, of No. 8, Prospect-street, in the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, Haberdasher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Stead and Sibree, Solicitors, No. 13, Bishop-lane, in the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, on the 25th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

STEAD and SIBREE, 13, Bishop-lane, Hull, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Severn, of Saeinton, in the county of Nottingham, Hosier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. George Belk, No. 7, Middle-pavement, Nottingham, on the 18th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

GEORGE BELK, No. 7, Middle-pavement, Nottingham, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carnarvonshire, holden at Bangor. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Jones, of No. 46, Love-lane, Denbigh, in the county of Denbigh, Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Williams and Wynne, Solicitors, No. 1, Post Office-lane, Denbigh, in the county of Denbigh, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAMS and WYNNE, Denbigh, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carnarvonshire, holden at Bangor. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William John Owen, formerly of London House, Llanerchymedd, in the county of Anglesey, Grocer and Flour Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 8, Castle-street, Carnarvon, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

J. H. ROBERTS and THOMAS, 8, Castle-street, Carnarvon, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Austin Tilley, of No. 61, Ranelagh-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Jeweller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Peter Vine, No. 12, Imperial-chambers, 62, Dale-street, Liverpool aforesaid, Public Accountant, on the 8th day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

JOS. J. RITSON, of Imperial-chambers, 62, Dale-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Hale, residing at 291, Crown-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and also having a slaughterhouse in Crown-street aforesaid, carrying on business as a Wholesale Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Clarendon Rooms, South John-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

JAMES BLACKHURST, 5, Church-alley, Church-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Marsh, of Nos. 2, 8, and 10, Freemason's row, Vauxhall-road, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and No. 36, Brainerd-street, Tue Brook, in the same county, trading under the style or firm of Charles Marsh and Co., Cooper and Dealer in Casks.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Lowe, Solicitor, No. 43, Castle-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, on the 5th day of June, 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM LOWE, 43, Castle-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Smyth, of No. 235, Brownlow-hill, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Provision Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Philip Augustus Crozier, Attorney, 1, Commerce-court, 11, Lord-street, Liverpool aforesaid, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

PHILIP A. CROZIER, 1, Commerce-court, 11, Lord-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Mawdsley, of Clent House, Maghull, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Corn Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Wheat Sheaf Inn, No. 20, Burscough-street, Ormskirk, in the said county, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

CHARLES HILL, of No. 5, Derby-street, Ormskirk, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Nall, of Bexley-villas, Claremont Farm, Eccles Old-road, and New Barnes, Eccles New-road, also of Barrhill, Bolton-road, and Ayecroft Lodge, both in Pendleton, in Salford, and also of Park House, Pendlebury, and Clifton Hall Farm, in Clifton, and of the Cattle Market, Salford aforesaid, all in the county of Lancaster, Farmer, Grazier, Cattle Dealer, and Cattle Salesman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Grundy and Kershaw, Solicitors, 31, Booth-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 22nd day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

GRUNDY and KERSHAW, 31, Booth-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the said John Nall.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Raine, of No. 85, Chapel-street, in the borough of Salford, in the county of Lancaster, and of Market-street, Marple, in the county of Chester, Linen Draper and Hosier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Sale, Shipman, Seddon, and Sale, Solicitors, No. 29, Booth-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 21st day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

SALE, SHIPMAN, SEDDON, and SALE, 29, Booth-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the above-named John Raine.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Taylor, of 6, Hill-street, Cheetham-hill, Cheetham, in the county of Lancaster, Commission Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Mr. Duckworth's offices, Solicitor, 6, Brown-street, Manchester, on the 2nd day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM DUCKWORTH, 6, Brown-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Francis McGrath, of No. 40, Windsor-road, Tue Brook, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and of No. 2, Mathew-street, Liverpool aforesaid, Provision Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my office, situate at No. 5, Cook-

street, Liverpool aforesaid, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

M. NORDON, 5, Cook-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ashton-under-Lyne.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Georgeson, George Georgeson the younger, Sylvester Georgeson, and Henry Georgeson, all of Mottram-road, in Hyde, in the county of Chester, Hat Manufacturers and Copartners in Trade, carrying on business under the style or firm of Georgeson Brothers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Norfolk Arms Hotel, in Hyde, on the 2nd day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

HERVEY SMITH, Attorney for the said George Georgeson, George Georgeson the younger, Sylvester Georgeson, and Henry Georgeson.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ashton-under-Lyne.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Whalley, of Ashton-under-Lyne, in the county of Lancaster, Grocer and Tea Dealer, and Wine and Spirit Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Addleshaw and Warburton, Solicitors, Royal Insurance-buildings, No. 67, King-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

ADDLESHAW and WARBURTON, Royal Insurance-buildings, 67, King-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the said Richard Whalley.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Baynes, of 45, Chorlton-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, and Hare Wood, Disley, in the county of Chester, Commission Agent and Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Charles Tattersall and Co., Accountants, 14, Marsden-street, Manchester, on the 20th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

REGINALD WORSLEY, 1, St. James-square, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Tom George Foster, William Clayton, and John Robert Foster, carrying on business under the style of Foster, Clayton, and Foster, at No. 2, Oak-street, Thomas street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, as Umbrella and Parasol Manufacturers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Gardner and Horner, Solicitors, 45, Cross-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, on the 4th day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

GARDNER and HORNER, 45, Cross-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alfred Taylor, of No. 99, Oxford-street, Chorlton-upon-Medlock, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Cigar Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. A. Lewis Livett, No. 37, Cross-street, Manchester, Solicitor, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

A. LEWIS LIVETT, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Johnstone, of Wilmslow, in the county of Chester, Joiner and Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Clarence Hotel, Spring-gardens, in the city of Manchester, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

W. C. CHEW and SONS, 23, Swan-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Weston, Robert James Jackson, Edward Puddy Perry, and Alfred Evans Stone, trading under the style or firm of Weston, Jackson, Perry, and Stone, at Tailors'-court, Broad-street, in the city of Bristol, and as A. Panton and Company, at No. 47, Week-street, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, Wholesale Clothiers and Manchester Warehousemen.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices, of Messrs. Barnard, Thomas, Tribe, and Company, of Albion-chambers, Small-street, Bristol, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

STANLEY and WASBROUGH, 12, Royal Insurance-buildings, Corn-street, Bristol, Attorneys for the above-named Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Weston, Robert James Jackson, Edward Puddy Perry, and Alfred Evans Stone, trading under the style or firm of Weston, Jackson, Perry, and Stone, at Tailors'-court, Broad-street, in the city of Bristol, and as A. Panton and Company, at No. 47, Week-street, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, Wholesale Clothiers and Manchester Warehousemen.

Separate Estate of John Weston.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of John Weston, one of the above-named persons, has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Barnard, Thomas, Tribe, and Company, of Albion-chambers, Small-street, Bristol, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

STANLEY and WASBROUGH, 12, Royal Insurance-buildings, Corn-street, Bristol, Attorneys for the above-named Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Weston, Robert James Jackson, Edward Puddy Perry, and Alfred Evans Stone, trading under the style or firm of Weston, Jackson, Perry, and Stone, at Tailors'-court, Broad-street, in the city of Bristol, and as A. Panton and Company, at No. 47, Week-street, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, Wholesale Clothiers and Manchester Warehousemen.

Separate Estate of Edward Puddy Perry.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of Edward Puddy Perry, one of the above-named persons, has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Barnard, Thomas, Tribe, and Company, of Albion-chambers, Small-street, Bristol, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

STANLEY and WASBROUGH, 12, Royal Insurance-buildings, Corn-street, Bristol, Attorneys for the above-named Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Weston, Robert James Jackson, Edward Puddy Perry, and Alfred Evans Stone, trading under the style or firm of Weston, Jackson, Perry, and Stone, at Tailors'-court, Broad-street, in the city of Bristol, and as A. Panton and Company, at No. 47, Week-street, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, Wholesale Clothiers and Manchester Warehousemen.

Separate Estate of Alfred Evans Stone.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of Alfred Evans Stone, one of the above-named persons, has been summoned to be held at the

offices of Messrs. Barnard, Thomas, Tribe and Company, of Albion-chambers, Small-street, Bristol, on the 3rd day of June, 1873, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

STANLEY and WASBROUGH, 12, Royal Insurance-buildings, Corn-street, Bristol, Attorneys for the above-named Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Francis George Williams, of 15, Castle-street, in the city of Bristol, Bookseller and Stationer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Henry Brittan, Press, and Inskip, Solicitors, 3, Small-street, Bristol, on the 18th day of May, 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of April, 1874.

HENRY BRITTAN, PRESS, and INSKIP, 3, Small-street, Bristol, Attorneys for the said Francis George Williams.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Croker, of the Phoenix Brewery, Lawrence Hill, in the city of Bristol, Common Brewer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Alexander Daniel and Co., Public Accountants, 49, Broad-street, Bristol, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

HENRY BRITTAN, PRESS, and INSKIP, 3, Small-street, Bristol, Attorneys for the said Joseph Croker.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Gloucester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Ernest Charles Ryder, of the Pudders' Arms, Cinderford, in the county of Gloucester, Beer-house Keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Thomas Potter, Solicitor, Northfield House, North-place, Cheltenham, in the county of Gloucester, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS POTTER, Cheltenham, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Dorsetshire, holden at Dorchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Gilchrist, of Bridport, in the county of Dorset, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Greyhound Hotel, Broadmead, Bristol, on the 2nd day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM DEWETT MANLEY, Attorney for the said Thomas Gilchrist.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Dorsetshire, holden at Dorchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Job Sheppard, of Dorchester, in the county of Dorset, Basket Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Edwin Burnett, Solicitor, South-street, Dorchester aforesaid, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

EDWIN BURNETT, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Fox, of Beleaugh, in the parish of Beleaugh, in the county of Norfolk, Greaser and Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Lucy and Hammond's Exchange Hotel, Norwich, in the county of Norfolk, on the 11th day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

GEORGE FOX, Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Iverson, of Red Lion-street, in the city of Norwich, Leather Cutter and Seller, and residing at Roach's-court, Fisher's-lane, in the same city.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, Church-street, Theatre-street, in the city of Norwich, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WM. SADD, Church-street, Theatre-street, Norwich, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Wolverhampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Harper and Matthew Tildesley, of the Albion Works, Willenhall, in the county of Stafford, Malleable Ironfounders and Hardware Manufacturers, trading under the style of John Harper and Co.; and in the matter of the Separate Estate of Matthew Tildesley.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named Matthew Tildesley has been summoned to be held at No. 21, Darlington-street, Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, on the 23rd day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

H. and J. E. UNDERHILL, 21, Darlington-street, Wolverhampton, Attorneys for the said Matthew Tildesley.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Wainwright, of 23, Hope-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Fruit and Potato Salesman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the County Court Offices, Cheap-side, Hanley, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

R. W. LITCHFIELD, Newcastle, Staffordshire, Attorney for the said John Wainwright.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Hammersley, of Sun-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Joiner and Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my office, 33, Albion-street, Hanley, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

WM. TURNER, 33, Albion-street, Hanley, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Walsall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alfred Clement Edmonds, of No. 82, Stafford-street, Walsall, in the county of Stafford, Wholesale Grocer and Provision Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Fallows, Solicitor, No. 12, Cherry-street, Birmingham, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

WM. FALLOWS, 12, Cherry-street, Birmingham, Attorney for the above-named Alfred Clement Edmonds.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Walsall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Birch, of Wimblesbury, near Hednesford, in the county of Stafford, Grocer and General Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. J. W. Stirk, Queen's-chambers, North-street, Wolverhampton, on the 21st day of May, 1874, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM MORGAN, Stafford, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Walsall.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Wilkes, of Bell-street, Darlaston, in the county of Stafford, Gunlock Forger.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Joseph Edward Sheldon, 51, Lower High-street, Wednesbury, in the county of Stafford, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

JOSEPH E. SHELDON, Wednesbury, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Matthew Field, residing at the back of No. 239, Gooch-street, in the borough of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and carrying on business at the back of No. 229, in the said street, as a Wood Turner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Henry Hawkes, No. 14, Temple-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Attorney-at-Law, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

H. HAWKES, 14, Temple-street, Birmingham, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Dudley.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jesse Siddons, of the Britannia Tube Works, Twidale, in the parish of Rowley Regis, in the county of Stafford, Tube Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Queen's Hotel, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

E. and A. CADDICK, New-street, West Bromwich, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Stourbridge.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Davis, of High-street, Stourbridge, in the county of Worcester, Ale and Porter Dealer and Confectioner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. W. T. Travis, Solicitor, Church-lane, Tipton, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM TH. TRAVIS, Church-lane, Tipton, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Wiltshire, holden at Swindon.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Newcombe, of Cirencester, in the county of Gloucester, Builder and Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Ram Hotel, at Cirencester, in the county of Gloucester, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

MULLINGS, ELLETT, and CO., Cirencester, Attorneys for the said William Newcombe.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Batten, of Overton, in the county of Southampton, Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Samuel Chandler, Solicitor, in Church-street, Basingstoke, in the said county of Southampton, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

S. CHANDLER, Basingstoke, Attorney for the said George Batten.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Blake, of Diptford, in the county of Devon, Boot and Shoe Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Castle Inn, Totnes, in the said county, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS NANSPEAN NEPEAN, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Bealey, of No. 53, Bartholomew-street, in the city of Exeter, Carpenter and Paper Hanger.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Robert T. Campion, Solicitor, No. 8, Bedford-circus, in the city of Exeter, on the 24th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

ROBERT T. CAMPION, Attorney for the said James Bealey.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Barnstaple. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Lee, of High-street, Bideford, in the county of Devon, Watchmaker and Jeweller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John Arnold Thorne, Solicitor, in Castle-street, in Barnstaple, Devon, on the 4th day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

J. A. THORNE, Castle-street, Barnstaple, Attorney for the said William Lee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Barnstaple. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Bilham, of Barnstaple, in the county of Devon, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Chamber of Commerce, No. 145, Cheapside, London, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

J. A. THORNE, Castle-street, Barnstaple, Attorney for the said James Bilham.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Holmes, of No. 21, College-street, Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Plumber and Gas Fitter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Brown and Collins, Solicitors, Worcester-place, Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, on the 22nd day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

WALTER R. COLLINS, Attorney for the said William Holmes.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Evans, of the Prince of Wales Brewery, situate in Pentre, in the parish of St. John's, near Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, a Labourer, and carrying on business there as a Common Brewer, and a Dealer in Provisions, and recently before then residing at Pentremawr aforesaid, carrying on business as a Dealer in Provisions, and working as a Labourer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 1, Somerset-place, Swansea, on the 27th day of May, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

D. REFS LEWIS, 1, Somerset-place, Swansea, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carmarthenshire, holden at Carmarthen.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Caleb Bevan Jones, of London House, Pencader, in the county of Carmarthen, Draper and Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. W. D. Evans, Solicitor, situate in Queen-street, in the county of the borough of Carmarthen, on the 26th day of May, 1874, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

W. D. EVANS, Queen-street, Carmarthen, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Denbighshire, holden at Wrexham. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Moses, of Mountain-street, Rhoslanerchrugog, in the parish of Ruabon, in the county of Denbigh, Brick-maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Royal Oak Inn, Street Issa, in the parish of Ruabon aforesaid, on the 30th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

WM. SHERRATT, Brynnyffnon Lodge, Wrexham, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Howes, of No. 1, Lower Harding-street, in the town of Northampton, in the county of Northampton, Grocer, Provision Dealer, and Beer Seller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Bull Inn, Regent-square, in the said town of Northampton, on the 25th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

R. C. ANDREW, Brixworth, Northamptonshire, Attorney for the said Joseph Howes.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Peterborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jane Poole, of Little Weldon, in the county of Northampton (Widow), Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Richardson and Son, Solicitors, Oundle, in the said county of Northampton, on the 4th day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

RICHARDSON and SON, Oundle, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Peterborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Gatward, of Huntingdon, in the county of Huntingdon, Watchmaker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Maule and Burton, Solicitors, in Huntingdon aforesaid, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

GEO. BURTON, of Huntingdon, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Peterborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Bell the younger, of Benefield, near Oundle, in the county of Northampton, Shoemaker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Talbot Hotel, at Oundle, in the county of Northampton, on the 29th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

DEACON and WILKINS, Peterborough, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Yeovil.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George James Walrond, of Curry Mallett, in the county of Somerset, Innkeeper and Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Dolphin Inn, Ilminster, in the county of Somerset, on the 22nd day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 4th day of May, 1874.

SAM. H. COLLINS, Ilminster, Somerset, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Taunton.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Trivitt, of Creech Saint Michael, in the county of Somerset, General Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Trenchard and Blake, Solicitors, Taunton, on the 21st day of May, 1874, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

TRENCHARD and BLAKE, Registry-place, Taunton, Attorneys for the said Richard Trivitt.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Wiltshire, holden at Salisbury.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Ward Moore, of Andover, in the county of Southampton, Innkeeper and Coal Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the George Hotel, Market-place, Andover, Hants, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

W. H. CAVE, Newbury, Berks, Attorney for the said William Ward Moore.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Caddick, of No. 20, North-place, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Ironmonger's Assistant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 165B, North-street, Brighton, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

W. A. STUCKEY, 165B, North-street, Brighton, Attorney for the said John Caddick.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Arthur Russell, of No. 22, Upper Saint James-street, Brighton, and 68, Western-road, Hove, both in the county of Sussex, Dyer, carrying on business as Russell and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John Kent Nye, Solicitor, 9, North-street, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

J. K. NYE, 9, North-street, Brighton, Attorney for the said Arthur Russell.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Lewes.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Avis, of Uckfield, in the county of Sussex, late Grocer and Draper, and now of the same place, Inspector of Nuisances.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office, in High-street, Lewes, of Mr. Henry John Jones, Solicitor, on the 30th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

H. J. JONES, Lewes, Sussex, Attorney for the said Thomas Avis.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Richard Ward, of No. 20, Northumberland-place, Teignmouth, in the county of Devon, Ship Owner.

A GENERAL Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named person is hereby summoned to be held at Mr. Andrew's office, No. 13, Bedford-circus, Exeter, on Saturday, the 23rd day of May instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, to consider:—1. That the discharge of the said Richard Ward be granted; 2. That the close of the liquidation shall take place from the 24th day of June next; 3. That Thomas Andrews, the Trustee, be released on and from the 24th day of June next.—Dated the 12th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS ANDREW, 13, Bedford-circus, Exeter, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Howe, of No. 7, Red Lion-court, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Publisher and News Agent.

THE creditors of the above-named George Howe who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 30th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, George William Dray, of 12, Great Saint Thomas Apostle, Cannon-street, in the city of London, Wholesale Stationer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.

G. W. DRAY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Hirschmann, of 114, Cannon-street, in the city of London, trading as Oldham, Brothers, and Company, Wine and Brandy Importer.

THE creditors of the above-named Joseph Hirschmann who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 27th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Harrington Evans Broad, of 35, Walbrook, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

H. EVANS BROAD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Gray Langworthy, of 117, Jamaica-road, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named John Gray Langworthy who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, John Daniel Viney, of No. 99, Cheapside, in the city of London, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

J. D. VINEY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Frederick Portch, of No. 16, Orinance-road, Saint John's Wood, in the county of Middlesex, Grocer and Cheesemonger.

THE creditors of the above-named Frederick Portch who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 23rd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Benjamin Bingham Smith, of 45, Cheapside, in the city of London, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

B. B. SMITH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Samuel Linford, of No. 146, Holborn-bars, in the city of London, Operative Chemist, trading under the style or firm of Bolton and Co.

THE creditors of the above-named John Samuel Linford who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of May, 1874, to send

their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, James Robbins, of Gibraltar-walk, Bethnal Green-road, in the county of Middlesex, Manufacturing Chemist, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

JAS. ROBBINS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Curtis, of 81, High-street, and 42, Church-street, Croydon, both in the county of Surrey, Oil and Colour Man.

THE creditors of the above-named William Curtis who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 22nd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Henry Leatherdale, of 14, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

HENRY LEATHERDALE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Clark, of Wallington and Cheam, both in the county of Surrey, Builder and Brickmaker:

THE creditors of the above-named Henry Clark who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Robert Eaton James, of 52, Moor-gate-street, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

R. EATON JAMES, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carnarvonshire, holden at Bangor. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Robert Williams, of the Eagle's Hotel, in the town of Llanrwst, in the county of Denbigh, Hotel Keeper and Farmer.

THE creditors of the above-named Robert Williams who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 23rd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to either of us, the undersigned, Mary Anne Matkin, of Gwydir Castle, near Llanrwst, in the county of Carnarvon, or Thomas Williams, of Caermelior, Llanrwst, in the county of Denbigh, Farmer, the Trustees under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

MARY ANNE MATKIN,
THOMAS WILLIAMS, Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Andrew Harrison, of Whitby, in the county of York, Grocer.

THE creditors of the above-named John Andrew Harrison who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 23rd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Robert Gray, of Whitby, in the county of York, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

ROBERT GRAY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Bailey, of No. 2, Bridge-street, Newcastle-under-Lyme, in the county of Stafford, Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named William Bailey who have not already proved their debts are required, on or before the 29th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Robert Matthews, of 23, Cannon-street, Manchester, Warehouseman, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

ROBT. MATTHEWS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Martin Knight, residing in lodgings at No. 4, Shakespeare-street, Stockport-road, Manchester, and lately carrying on business at No. 56, Bridge-street, St. Helen's, both in the county of Lancaster, Draper and Auctioneer.

THE creditors of the above-named Edward Martin Knight who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Thomas Stopford, of 41, Swan-street, Manchester, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

THOS. STOPFORD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Blackburn. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Lord, of No. 19, Blackburn-road, Church, near Accrington, in the county of Lancaster, Grocer and Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named George Lord who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 22nd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, William Hutchinson, of No. 7, Saint John's-place, Blackburn, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

WM. HUTCHINSON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Coventry. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors instituted by Charles Newsome, of Kenilworth, in the county of Warwick, and of No. 24, Hertford-street, in the city of Coventry, in the same county, Ribbon Manufacturer.

THE creditors of the above-named Charles Newsome who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 26th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Edward Thomas Peirson, of the city of Coventry, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

EDW. THOS. PEIRSON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Smith Fox, of Flint Villa, Ash, near Sandwich, in the county of Kent, Carpenter.

THE creditors of the above-named John Smith Fox who have not already proved their debts are required, on or before the 30th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Edward Rutley Mowll, of Dover, Wine Merchant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

EDW. R. MOWLL, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Rochester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Prime, of No. 156, High-street, Chatham, in the county of Kent, Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named William Prime who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 26th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, George Winch, of Chatham, in the county of Kent, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

GEO. WINCH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Payne, of Teignmouth, in the county of Devon, Butcher.

THE creditors of the above-named John Payne who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of May, 1874, to send their names

and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Henry Blanchford, of Teignmouth, in the county of Devon, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

HENRY BLANCHFORD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Fawcett Brunskill, of Torquay, in the county of Devon, Gentleman.

THE creditors of the above-named William Fawcett Brunskill who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 20th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Frederick Whinney, of No. 8, Old Jewry, in the city of London, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

FRED. WHINNEY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Rush Rednall, of Cullompton, in the county of Devon, Druggist and Grocer.

THE creditors of the above-named William Rush Rednall who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 22nd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Thomas Andrew, of No. 13, Bedford-circus, Exeter, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS ANDREW, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Howells, of No. 1, Lowesmoor-terrace, in the city of Worcester, General Dealer.

THE creditors of the above-named Edward Howells who have not already proved their debts are required, on or before the 20th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, David Shaw, of Pierpoint-street, in the city of Worcester, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

DAVID SHAW, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Bartlett Sparshott, of Jewry-street, in the city of Winchester, in the county of Southampton, Cooper, Basket Manufacturer, and Dealer in Brushes.

THE creditors of the above-named Henry Bartlett Sparshott who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 23rd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Charles Johnson, of the city of Winchester, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

CHAS. JOHNSON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Chester. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Robert Broom the younger, of the Royal Oak Inn, Broxton, in the county of Cheshire, Innkeeper, Draper, Grocer, and Provision Dealer.

THE creditors of the above-named Robert Broom the younger who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts and claims, to me, the undersigned, William Henry Churton, of Eastgate-buildings, in the city of Chester, Solicitor of the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 1st day of May, 1874.

WILLIAM HENRY CHURTON, Eastgate-buildings, Chester, Attorney for the Trustee.

No. 24095.

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The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Kirby, of Sheep-street, Bicester, in the county of Oxford, Attorney and Solicitor.

THE creditors of the above-named George Kirby who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 2nd day of June, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Edwin Gilks, of Bicester aforesaid, Draper, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

EDWIN GILKS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at York. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Slater, of No. 18, Charles-street, De Grey-street, in the city of York, Builder.

THE creditors of the above-named Robert Slater who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 23rd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Francis Rawling, of the city of York, Plasterer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

FRANCIS RAWLING, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Cardiff. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Richard Ash Whitford, of Bute-street, Cardiff, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

THE creditors of the above-named Richard Ash Whitford who have not already proved their debts, are required on or before the 22nd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to Messrs. Hill, Hopkins, and Co., Public Accountants, Cardiff, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

FREDERICK COWDEROY HILL, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Gloucester.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Ebenezer Mercer, of Bell-lane, in the city of Gloucester, Wine and Hop Merchant.

THE creditors of the above-named John Ebenezer Mercer who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 23rd day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

W. CLEMENTS, Bell-chambers, Gloucester, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Simon Wall, of No. 3, Mercer's row, in the town of Northampton, Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named Simon Wall who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of May, 1874, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, with affidavit of proof of debt, to me, the undersigned, John Robinson Clarke (of the firm of Baggs, Clarke, and Josolyne, late Honey, Humphrys, Baggs and Co.), of 28, King-street, in the city of London, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

J. R. CLARKE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Abraham Silverston, of 286, High Holborn, and 72, Ludgate-hill, both in the county of Middlesex, Jeweller.

EDWARD BARNARD ALEXANDER, of No. 22, Richard-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Jeweller, and John Henry Humphris, of 14, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Accountant, have

been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustees, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustees. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustees.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Ford the younger, of No. 141, Commercial-road, Peckham, in the county of Surrey, out of business, late of Miletown, Sheerness, in the county of Kent, Brewer.

PIERSON HARDWICK, of No. 21, Albion-place, Red Lion-street, Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, out of business, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 27th day of April, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick Johnson and William Hatchman (trading as Johnson, Hatchman, and Company), of Nos. 73 and 74, Wood-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, Warehousemen.

GEORGE WARD CHALLIS, of 12, Clement's-lane, Lombard-street, in the city of London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtors must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtors must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jonathan Dore, of No. 13, Camden-passage, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, and of No. 47, Clephane-road, Canonbury, in the said county, Boot and Shoe Maker.

WILLIAM CORNISH COOPER, of No. 7, Gresham-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 5th day of May 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Stacy and Benjamin Stacy, of Nos. 169 and 170, High-street, Shoreditch, and Nos. 3 and 4, New Inn-yard, the said Samuel Stacey having a private residence at 61, King Edward-road, Hackney, and the said Benjamin Stacy also having a private residence at 29, Well-street, Hackney, all in the county of Middlesex, Wholesale and Manufacturing Stationers.

JAMES SPICER, of No. 50, Thames-street, Wholesale Stationer, and Mr. Edward Hart, of Moorgate-street, both in the city of London, Accountant, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtors must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtors must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Paul Wingrove, of 116, Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, Wine Merchant, carrying on business under the style of R. P. Wingrove and Company.

THOMAS STEPHEN EVANS, of 77, King William-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Elizabeth Palmer Parker, otherwise known as Elizabeth Horley, of No. 31, Winchester-street, Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, Widow.

HENRY LUCAS, of No. 9, Stockbridge-terrace, Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, Hairdresser, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor in the place of Henry Clinton Cooper, removed. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Frederick Cosstick, of Nos. 41, 42, and 43, Western-road, Hove, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Grocer, Provision Dealer, and Wine and Spirit Merchant.

JAMES BROAD, of Lewes, in the county of Sussex, Tallow Chandler, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Boston.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Alfred Addlesee, of No. 29, Skirbeck-road, Boston, in the county of Lincoln, Piano-forte Tuner.

CHARLES LUCAS, of Boston, in the county of Lincoln, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of April, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Blackburn.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Ralph Kenyon, of No. 23, Ainsworth-street, and residing at No. 35, Altorn-street, both within Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Tea and Coffee Merchant.

WILLIAM HUTCHINSON, of Blackburn aforesaid, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Robinson, of Nos. 57 and 59, Cable-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Joiner and Cabinet Maker and Wood and Ivory Turner.

HENRY BOLLAND, of 10, South John-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Martin Knight, residing in lodgings at No. 4, Shakespeare-street, Stockport-road, Manchester, and lately carrying on business at No. 56, Bridge-street, St. Helen's, both in the county of Lancaster, Draper and Auctioneer.

THOMAS STOPFORD, of No. 41, Swan-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Attorney's Clerk, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Oldham, of No. 59, Corporation-street, in the city of Manchester, Cornfactor and Commission Agent, residing at No. 2, Crossbill-terrace, Withington, near the same city.

THOMAS WALTON GILLIBRAND, of No. 56, George-street, in the city of Manchester, Public Accountant, and William Blankley Thorpe, of Nottingham, in the county of Nottingham, Malster, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustees, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustees. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustees.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Yeovil. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Davis, of Wincanton, in the county of Somerset, Printer and Stationer.

JAMES RICHARDS, of Wincanton, in the county of Somerset, Auctioneer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 2nd day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Walsall. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Henry Haywood, of No. 199, Staff-rod-street, Walsall, in the county of Stafford, Tobaccoist and Wheelwright.

WILLIAM JACKSON, of Wednesbury, in the county of Stafford, Attorney's Clerk, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Willis Cleveland Harker, of Northumberland House, No. 1, Northumberland-street, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Retail Shawl, Mantle, Costume, and Fur Dealer.

JOHN DANIEL VINEY, of 99, Cheapside, in the city of London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Taylor, of Beck-lane, in the town of Nottingham, Plumber, Glazier, and Gas Fitter.

JOSEPH PRESS, of Nottingham, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Widdowson, of the town of Nottingham, Optician and Surgeons' Instrument Maker.

CHARLES ROGERS, of the town of Nottingham, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edwin Lloyd, of 91, Westgate, Grantham, in the county of Lincoln, General Ironmonger.

ROBERT MELLORS, of the town of Nottingham, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 1st day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Wiltshire, holden at Salisbury. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Charles Waters, of Ford-inebridge, in the county of Hants, Draper.

RICHARD RABBITGE, of 18, King-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Christian Willmann, of Westow-hill, Upper Norwood, in the county of Surrey, Watchmaker and Jeweller.

JOHN FOLLAND LOVERING, of 35, Gresham-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor, must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Stockport. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Ralph Ashton, of Hand-forth, in the county of Chester, Merchant's Clerk, lately carrying on business as a Financial Agent, at No. 59, Piccadilly, in the city of Manchester.

THOMAS WALTON GILLIBRAND, of No. 56, George-street, in the city of Manchester, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Perkins, of Middlesborough, in the county of York, lately carrying on business as a Grocer and Provision Dealer, but now out of business.

GEORGE HUDSON, of Mechanics' Institute Offices, Stockton-on-Tees, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 17th day of April, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Whitworth, of Luddenden Foot, in the parish of Halifax, in the county of York, Spinner and Manufacturer, carrying on business at Luddenden Foot and Halifax aforesaid, under the firm of R. Whitworth and Co.

HENRY WEBSTER BLACKBURN, of Bradford, in the county of York, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at York.
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Henry Thomas Hyde, of Railway-street, in the city of York, Clothier and Outfitter.

THOMAS WALTON GILLIBRAND, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield.
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Henry Mathers, of Sunderland-street, Tickhill, near Doncaster, in the county of York, Grocer and Cabinet Maker.

FREDERICK JAY, of Spalding, in the county of Lincoln, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James West, of St. Mary's-street, Wallingford, in the county of Berks, Grocer and Temperance Hotel-keeper.

WILLIAM HILDER, of Duke-street, Reading, in the county of Berks, Wholesale Grocer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 5th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Dorsetshire, holden at Dorchester.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Hounsell, of Longbrey, in the county of Dorset, Licensed Victualler.

WILLIAM GRAY BRYER, of Dorchester, in the said county of Dorset, Auctioneer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

A DIVIDEND is intended to be declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Briggs Hall, of Grantham, in the county of Lincoln, Hatter. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 22nd day of May, 1874, will be excluded.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

GEORGE PAWSON, Castlegate, Grantham, Trustee.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

A MEETING of the Creditors of Charles Leigh Clarke, of No. 5, Todd-street, Corporation-street, in the city of Manchester, Iron Merchant, adjudicated bankrupt, on the 6th day of March, 1874, will be held at the offices of Messrs. Sale, Shipman, Seddon, and Sale, Solicitors, No. 29, Booth-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the acceptance by the Trustee of a composition offered by the bankrupt of twenty shillings in the pound, payable five shillings within fourteen days from the annulling of the bankruptcy, and eight shillings at the expiration of seven months, and seven shillings at the expiration of fourteen months respectively, from the payment of the first instalment, the last instalment secured, and for annulling thereafter of the order of adjudication made against the bankrupt.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.
In the Matter of Francis Nelson Beaty, of the King's Head, Westminster-road, in the county of Surrey, Licensed Victualler, adjudicated a Bankrupt on the 8th day of April, 1873.

I HEREBY give you notice, that a Meeting of the Creditors will be held at my offices, No. 3, Crosby-square, in the city of London, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon, to consider an application to be made by me to the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 9th day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for an order for my release as Trustee, an order having been made closing the bankruptcy, also to fix the amount of my remuneration as Trustee.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

EDWARD MOORE, of No. 3, Crosby-square, in the city of London, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.
In the Matter of John Cusack, of No. 3, Manor-rise, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, adjudicated a Bankrupt, November 1st, 1870.

TAKE notice, that a Meeting of Creditors in the above bankruptcy will be held at my offices, Nos. 7 and 8, London Bridge Railway-approach, London, S.E., on Wednesday, the 27th day of May, 1874, at twelve o'clock, to consider an application to be made by me to Mr. Registrar Pepsy, at the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, on the 4th day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock, for an order for my release as Trustee, pursuant to the 51st section of the Bankruptcy Act, 1869, an order having been made closing the bankruptcy.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

BENJAMIN NICHOLSON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Cardiff.
In the Matter of Edmund Langley, of No. 38, Ely-road, Canton, near the town of Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, Grocer, adjudicated a Bankrupt on the 12th day of January, 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application will be made by the above-named bankrupt to the Court on Thursday, the 20th day of May instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, that the order of adjudication be annulled, in accordance with the terms of a general scheme of settlement of the affairs of the said bankrupt, the acceptance of which by the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt was sanctioned by special resolution at a Meeting of the Creditors held on the 2nd day of April last, at the offices of Mr. Robert William Griffith, Solicitor, Quay-street, Cardiff.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

ROBERT W. GRIFFITH, Cardiff, Solicitor to the Trustee.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A THIRD Dividend of 6d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Nathaniel Caven, of 2, Derby-terrace, Derby-road, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, Draper, adjudicated bankrupt on the 11th day of February, 1873, and will be paid by me, at my offices, No. 21A, Watling-street, in the city of London, on and after the 18th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 14th day of May, 1874.

ANDW. McDOWALL, Trustee.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A FIRST Dividend of 9d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Leoa Dyer, of 85, King Henry's-road, Primrose Hill, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, adjudicated bankrupt on the 18th day of November, 1873, and will be paid by me, at my offices, No. 35, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on and after the 18th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

JNO. T. LOVERING, Trustee.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Great Yarmouth.

A SECOND Dividend of 4½d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Alfred Lionel Stangroom, of Great Yarmouth, in the county of Norfolk, Fish Salesman, adjudicated bankrupt on the 10th day of April, 1873, and will be paid by me, at 26, King-street, Great Yarmouth on and after the 20th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

JNO. ETHERIDGE, Trustee.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.

A SECOND Dividend of 2s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of William Fawcett Brunskill, of Torquay, in the county of Devon, Gentleman, adjudicated bankrupt on the 1st day of November, 1872, and will be paid by me, at the King's Arms, Kingsbridge, in the

county of Devon, on Thursday, the 21st day of May, 1874, between the hours of twelve and three o'clock, and at my offices, No. 8, Old Jewry, in the city of London, on Monday, the 25th day of May, 1874, or on any subsequent Monday, between the hours of ten and four o'clock.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

FRED. WHINNEY, Trustee.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford.
A FIRST Dividend of 1s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Herbert Price and John Westall, of No. 5, Crescent, Salford, in the county of Lancaster, Painters and Plumbers, trading under the style of Price and Westall, adjudicated bankrupts on the 11th day of November, 1873, and will be paid by me, at No. 73, Princes-street, in the city of Manchester, on and after the 12th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874

WM. BUTCHER, Trustee.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford.
A FINAL Dividend of 20s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Herbert Price, of No. 5, Crescent, Salford, in the county of Lancaster, carrying on business there in copartnership with John Westall, under the style of Price and Westall, as Painters and Plumbers, adjudicated bankrupt on the 11th day of November, 1873, and will be paid by me, at No. 73, Princess street, in the city of Manchester, on and after the 12th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

WM. BUTCHER, Trustee.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton.

A FINAL Dividend of 1s. 9d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of William James Bryant, of Stoke-upon-Trent, in the county of Stafford, Wine and Spirit Merchant, adjudicated bankrupt on the 7th day of October, 1871, and will be paid by me, at my offices, No. 10, Pall Mall, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, on the 22nd day of May, 1874, between the hours of ten and twelve in the forenoon.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

EDWIN JOHN HAMMERSLEY, Trustee.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.
A FIRST and Final Dividend of 6d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of William Coombes White, of Chudleigh, in the county of Devon, Farmer and Coal Dealer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 22nd day of May, 1873, and will be paid by me, at my office, 13, Bedford-circus, Exeter, on and after the 23rd day of May, 1874.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS ANDREW, Trustee.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.
A FIRST and Final Dividend of 4s. 5d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of James Ward, of Gold-street, Tiverton, in the county of Devon, Lessee of Tolls, Tailor and Outfitter, adjudicated bankrupt on the 11th day of November, 1873, and will be paid by me, at my office, 13, Bedford-circus, Exeter, on and after the 23rd day of May, 1874.—Dated this 11th day of May, 1874.

THOMAS ANDREW, Trustee.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

A DIVIDEND of 1s. 7d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of John William Barton, of Evesham, in the county of Worcester, Coal and Corn Merchant and Dealer in Fancy Goods, adjudicated bankrupt on the 30th day of April, 1873, and will be paid by me at the offices of Messrs. Rea and Miller, Solicitors, No. 54, Broad-street, in the city of Worcester, on and after the 18th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

EBENEZER TREDWELL, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford.
 In the Matter of Thomas Rogers, of Bletchington, in the county of Oxford, Farmer, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under a Bankruptcy Petition presented to this Court against the said Thomas Rogers, an order of adjudication was made on the 19th day of June, 1873. This is to give notice, that the said adjudication was, by order of this Court, annulled on the 7th day of May, 1874.—Dated this 7th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.
 In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Robert Cox, of Redcliff Hill, in the city and county of Bristol, Stonemason, and residing at No. 1, Park-street, Knowle, in the county of Somerset.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Robert Cox having been given, it is ordered that the said Robert Cox

be and he is hereby adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 13th day of May, 1874.

By the Court,

Edward Harley, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Robert Cox is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court Offices, Small-street, Bristol, on the 8th day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.
 In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Henry Thomas, of No. 64, Castle-street, in the city and county of Bristol, Boot Upper Merchant and Leather Mercer, trading under the style or firm of Henry Thomas and Company.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Henry Thomas having been given, it is ordered that the said Henry Thomas be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 13th day of May, 1874.

By the Court,

Edward Harley, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Henry Thomas is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court Offices, Small-street, Bristol, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Bedfordshire, holden at Bedford.
 In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Robert Smith, of Saint Neots, in the county of Huntingdon, Chimney Sweep, Soot Dealer, and Onion Dealer.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Robert Smith having been given, it is ordered that the said Robert Smith be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 13th day of May, 1874.

By the Court,

James Pearse, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Robert Smith is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court Office, at Bedford, on the 2nd day of June, 1874, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proof of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at King's Lynn.
 In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William Portass, of Sutton-bridge, in the parish of Long Sutton, in the county of Lincoln, Engine Maker.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said William Portass having been given, it is ordered that the said William Portass be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 12th day of May, 1874.

By the Court,

Fred. R. Partridge, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said William Portass is hereby summoned to be held at the Court-house in King's Lynn aforesaid, on the 2nd day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must

deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Michael Kelly and John Kelly, of Eccles, in the county of Lancaster, Joiners and Builders.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioners, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Michael Kelly and John Kelly having been given, it is ordered that the said Michael Kelly and John Kelly be, and they are hereby, adjudged bankrupts.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 13th day of May, 1874.

By the Court,

Fredk. C. Hulton, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Michael Kelly and John Kelly is hereby summoned to be held at the Court-house, Encombe-place, Salford, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupts to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of their affairs as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupts must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupts must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against John Holden, of 3, Lombard-chambers, Bixteth-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Coal Merchant, and Joseph Edmund Perry, of 1, Apsley-buildings, Old Hall-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Coal Merchant, trading as Copartners under the style of John Holden and Co., at 3, Lombard-chambers, Bixteth-street, Liverpool aforesaid.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Joseph Edmund Perry having been given, it is ordered that the said Joseph Edmund Perry be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 12th day of May, 1874.

By the Court,

James F. Watson, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph Edmund Perry is hereby summoned to be held at the Court-house, 80, Lime-street, Liverpool, on the 2nd day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Herbert Vyse, of No. 23, Noble street, in the city of London, Warehouseman, trading under the style or firm of Vyse and Company, a Bankrupt.

Samuel Barrow, of 24, Gresham-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, on the 28th day of May, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts, must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 17th day of April, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of John Lintott, of Downlands, Reigate-road, Sutton, in the county of Surrey, Commercial Clerk, a Bankrupt.

Edward Hart, of No. 57, Moorgate-street, in the city of London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the

trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Great Yarmouth. In the Matter of William Leeder Mack, of the Market-row, Great Yarmouth, in the county of Norfolk, Tailor, Hosier, and Fancy Dealer, a Bankrupt.

Lovewell Blake, of Great Yarmouth, in the county of Norfolk, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Tolhouse Hall, Great Yarmouth, on the 25th day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Robert Dawson, of Saint Helen's, in the county of Lancaster, Tobaccoist, a Bankrupt.

John Bamford, of Halifax, in the county of York, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Court-house, No. 80, Lime-street, Liverpool aforesaid, on the 12th day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Blackburn. In the Matter of John Irving, of No. 1, Saint John's-place, Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Draper, a Bankrupt.

John Kerr, of Faulkner-street, in the city of Manchester, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at this Court, on the 1st day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Stephen Metcalfe, of New Booth-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, Glass Merchant, a Bankrupt.

John William Tempest, of Bradford, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the said Court on the 5th day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt, must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of Arthur Angus, of No. 5, Saint John-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Travelling Draper, a Bankrupt.

James Cairns, of Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Travelling Draper, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Court, Towhall, Hanley, on the 3rd day of June, 1874, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 5th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

Notice of Sitting for Last Examination.

John Davy Weekes, of No. 9, New Boswell-court, Carey-street, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex,

Attorney-at-Law, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 23rd day of September, 1864, a public-sitting for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before the said Court, on the 4th day of June, 1874, at the said Court, at Basinghall-street, in the city of London, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Peter Paget, of the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Aldridge, of the London Bankruptcy Court is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

The first meeting of creditors has been duly held in the said bankruptcy and at the public sitting above-mentioned Proofs of Debts of creditors who have not proved will be received, and the said bankrupt will be required to surrender himself to the said Court, and to submit himself to be examined, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of all his estate and effects, and to finish his examination.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Nantwich and Crewe.

On the 9th day of June, 1874, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, Luke Jackson, of Middlewich, in the county of Chester, Bookseller, Stationer, and Printer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 8th day of November, 1870, will apply to this Court for an Order of Discharge.—Dated this 13th day of May, 1874.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Kingston-upon-Hull.

On the 10th day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon, John Arminson Sealing, of the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, Publican and Cork Cutter and Dealer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 27th day of February, 1873, will apply for an Order of Discharge.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

On the 8th day of June, 1874, at two o'clock in the afternoon, Henry Waldron, of Catherine-street, Aston, near Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Dealer in Seythes and Hardware Goods, and Printing Ink Manufacturer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 4th day of February, 1874, will apply for an Order of Discharge.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

In the County Court of Wiltshire, holden at Swindon.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Thomas Henry Poore, of Faringdon, in the county of Berks, Corn Merchant, adjudicated bankrupt on the 9th day of September, 1872. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 1st day of June, 1874, will be excluded.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

Edward Burrell, Bank Manager, Faringdon, Berks, Trustee.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Lewes.

A First and Final Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of William Downs, of Hailsham, in the county of Sussex, Dealer in Agricultural Implements, adjudicated bankrupt on the 16th day of January, 1874. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 26th day of May, 1874, will be excluded.—Dated this 8th day of May, 1874.

H. C. Simcock, Harisham, Sussex, Trustee.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Kingston-upon-Hull.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of George Tall, of the borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, Oil Refiner, trading as Frederic Tall and Co., adjudicated bankrupt on the 7th day of January, 1874. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 29th day of May, 1874, will be excluded.—Dated this 12th day of May, 1874.

W. P. Burkinshaw, Trustee.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Benjamin Lodge, of Cross Bank, in Batley, in the county of York, Plumber and Glazier, adjudicated bankrupt on the 5th day of March, 1874. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 28th day of May, 1874, will be excluded.—Dated this 6th day of May, 1874.

John Giddings, Trustee.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Maidstone.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Edward Menzies, late of Belmont Cottage, in the Island of Guernsey, a Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals in Her Majesty's Army, upon half-pay, before that of Lucknow, in the Presidency of Bengal, in India, a Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals in Her Majesty's Army, before that of the Presidency of Bengal, in India, a Surgeon-Major in Her Majesty's 19th Regiment of Hussars, and before that of Maidstone, in the county of Kent, Surgeon-Major to the Cavalry Depot at Maidstone aforesaid, adjudicated bankrupt on the 8th day of August, 1871. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 8th day of August, 1874, will be excluded.—Dated this 9th day of May, 1874.

S. H. King, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

Notice of Dividend Meetings.

Meetings of the Creditors of the Bankrupts hereinafter named will be held, pursuant to the 174th section of the said Act, at the times and places hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:—

At the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool, at the Court-house, 80, Lime-street, Liverpool, before a Registrar:

Ann Kirby Phillips, of No. 5, Manchester-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Licensed Victualler, adjudicated bankrupt on the 27th day of August, 1869. A Dividend Meeting will be held on the 1st day of June next, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.

At the County Court of Northumberland, holden at the Court-house, Westgate-road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, before William Brook Mortimer, Esq., Registrar:

Martin Greener, of Argyle-square, and of No. 25, Fawcett-street, both in the parish of Bishopwearmouth, in the county of Durham, Architect, adjudicated bankrupt on the 10th day of June, 1869. A Dividend Meeting will be held on the 27th day of May instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.

At the said Meeting the Assignees will, in pursuance of the 174th section of the said Act, submit statements of the Bankrupts' estate recovered and outstanding, and of all receipts and of all payments made or to be made thereout; and the creditors at the said meeting will, in pursuance of the said section, declare whether any and what allowance shall be paid to the said bankrupts. Proofs of Debts will be received, and creditors who have not proved, or do not then prove, will be excluded the benefit of the Dividend. And all claims not proved will be disallowed.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Wells. In the Matter of Edwin Gregory, of Street, in the county of Somerset, Grocer, Ironmonger, and General Dealer, a Bankrupt.

AN Order of Discharge was granted to Edwin Gregory, of Street, in the county of Somerset, Grocer, Ironmonger, and General Dealer, who was adjudicated bankrupt on the 15th day of August, 1873.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of an adjudication of bankruptcy, made on the 1st day of February, 1865, against James Ash, of Cubitt's Town, Poplar, in the county of Middlesex, and of 60, Tredegar-square, Bow-road, in the same county, Iron Ship Builder, Joseph Stewart, of Cubitt's Town aforesaid, and of No. 26, Bisterne-place, Poplar, in the same county, Iron Ship Builder, and Robert Baillie, of Cubitt's Town aforesaid, and of Bevendon House, East India-road, Poplar aforesaid, Iron Ship Builders, Copartners in Trade, did, on the 7th day of December, 1866, grant the Discharge of the said bankrupts; and that such Discharge will be delivered to the bankrupts, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Lewes. In the Matter of Silas Guy the younger, of No. 3, Pevensey-road, Eastbourne, in the county of Sussex, Coach Builder, a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 11th day of May, 1874, reporting

that a composition of one shilling in the pound offered by the bankrupt had been duly accepted by the Trustee, to which the approval of this Court was given on the 28th day of March, 1874, the Court being satisfied that a composition of one shilling in the pound has been duly accepted by the Trustee and approved by this Court, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said Silas Guy the younger has closed.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 11th day 0 May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough.

In the Matter of Frederick George Newstead, of Middlesborough and Redcar, both in the county of York, Metal Broker, Iron Merchant, and General Commission and Forwarding Agent, trading under the style or firm of F. G. Newstead and Co., a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 6th day of May, 1874, reporting that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a dividend to the amount of one shilling in the pound has been paid, the Court being satisfied that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a dividend to the amount of one shilling in the pound has been paid, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said Frederick George Newstead has closed.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 12th day of May, 1874.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesborough, by transfer from the County Court of Sunderland.

In the Matter of John Maidens Friskney, of West Hartlepool, in the county of Durham, Grocer and Provision Dealer, a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 6th day of May, 1874, reporting that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a dividend to the amount of one shilling in the pound has been paid, the Court being satisfied that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a dividend to the amount of one shilling in the pound has been paid, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said John Maidens Friskney has closed.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 12th day of May, 1874.

THE estates of Livingston and Company, Wood Merchants, Aberfeldy, as a Company, and of Alexander Livingston, Wood Merchant, Aberfeldy, sole Partner of the said Livingston and Company, as such Partner, and as an Individual, were sequestrated on the 9th day of May, 1874, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated 9th May, 1874.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock, afternoon, on Wednesday, the 20th day of May, 1874, within the Royal George Hotel, George-street, Perth.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 9th day of September, 1874.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff Court of Perthshire.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt, Alexander Livingston.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ROB. MENZIES, S.S.C.,
5, North St. David-street, Edinburgh,
Agent.

Edinburgh, 12th May, 1874.

THE estates of Denis Lundie, Draper, General Dealer and Pawnbroker, in Borrowstounness, Linlithgowshire, were sequestrated on the 12th day of May, 1874, by the Sheriff of Linlithgow, Clackmannan, and Kinross.

The first deliverance is dated the 12th day of May, 1874.

The meeting to elect Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Tuesday, 26th May, 1874, at one o'clock, afternoon, within the Star and Garter Hotel, Linlithgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before 12th September, 1874.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ROBT. J. JAMIESON, Solicitor, Borrowstounness,
Agent.

THE estates of James Abel, residing at Kirktown Skene, formerly Miller, Garlogie, Skene, were sequestrated on the 13th day of May, 1874, by the Sheriff of Aberdeen and Kincardine.

The first deliverance is dated 13th May, 1874.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Friday, the 22nd day of May, 1874, within the Douglas Hotel, Market-street, Aberdeen.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before 13th day of September, 1874.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt till the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

PETER CLARK,
Advocate, in Aberdeen, Agent.

Aberdeen, 13th May, 1874.

All Letters must be Post paid, and all communications on the business of the London Gazette to be addressed to the Office, Princes Street, Storey's Gate, Westminster.

Orders for Gazettes to be addressed to the Publishers, 45, St. Martin's Lane.

Printed and Published by THOMAS HARRISON and JAMES WILLIAM HARRISON, Printers, at their Office, No. 45, St. Martin's Lane, in the Parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, in the County of Middlesex.

Friday, May 16, 1874.

Price One Shilling.