

153. And William Henry Preece, of the town and county of Southampton, Electrical Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the mode of, and apparatus for, signalling on railways."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 14th day of January, 1873.

166. And Joseph Warren Wattles, of the State of Massachusetts, of the United States of America, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain new and useful improvements in machinery for spinning."

As set forth in his petition recorded in the said office on the 15th day of January, 1873.

174. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 18, Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin, Paris, France, and 6, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain new and useful improvements in machines for spinning wool, cotton, silk, and fibrous materials in general."—A communication from Celestin Martin, a person resident at Verviers, in the Kingdom of Belgium.

188. And George Horner, of Belfast, in the county of Antrim, Ireland, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for hackling flax and other fibrous materials."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 16th day of January, 1873.

196. And Ezra Milner, of Clayton, near Bradford, in the county of York, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in lubricating the parts of steam and other engines."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of January, 1873.

212. And Thomas Frederick Henley, of St. George's-square, Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of meat extract."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 18th day of January, 1873.

230. And James Robey, of the city of Manchester, Sugar Refiner, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new or improved charcoal to be used for purifying sewage and other foul waters, and for disinfecting and deodorising purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of January, 1873.

243. And Graham William Betham Edwards, of Bredfield, in the county of Suffolk, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in drills or machinery for distributing artificial manure and guano."

246. And John Napier, of 18, Finsbury-circus, in the city of London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus to be used in lieu of a coffer dam for making excavations under water, and for excluding water for other purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of January, 1873.

256. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in breech-loading firearms."—A com-

munication to him from abroad by John Broughton, of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, United States of America.

257. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for applying steam to the raising and forcing of water and other liquids."—A communication to him from abroad by William Burdon, of Brooklyn, in the State of New York, United States of America.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of January, 1873.

310. And Henri Adrien Bonneville, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 18, Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin, Paris, France, and 6, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new and improved artificial stone or cement called 'cement of magnesia,' to be used in aquatic or other buildings, also moulded and made applicable to ornamental, architectural, and other purposes."—A communication from Messrs. Schenck, Baronet, and Hayek, acting as administrators of the Company known as Weiss Cement Actien Gesellschaft, two persons resident at Vienna, Austria.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 27th day of January, 1873.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objection to such application at the said Office of the Commissioners, within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

Errata in Gazette of Friday, January 31, 1873.

172. For "Just Larne," read "Just Larue."

247. For "Henry Lartique," read "Henry Lartigue."

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1867, and in the Matter of the Union Marine Insurance Company Limited and Reduced.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for confirming a resolution reducing the capital of the above Company from £2,060,000 to £824,000, was, on the 8th day of January, 1873, presented to the Lord Chancellor, and is now pending; and that the list of creditors of the Company is to be made out as for the 15th day of March 1873.

*Field, Roscoe, Field, Francis, and Osbaldeston*, 36, Lincoln's-inn-fields, London; Agents for

*Bateson and Coy.*, Liverpool, Solicitors for the Company.

In Chancery.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Bristol and London Assurance Corporation Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court of Chancery, was, on the 31st day of December, 1872, presented to the Lord Chancellor by Jonathan Perrin, of Small-street, in the city of Bristol, Gentleman, a creditor of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, on Friday, the 14th day of February, 1873; and any creditor or contri-