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*Foreign Office, January 17, 1873.*

**E**ARL GRANVILLE, K.G., Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received from R. G. Watson, Esq., Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires in Japan, the following Despatch, inclosing an article on the Culture of Silk in that country, extracted from the Japan Mail:—

*Yedo,*

*November 11, 1872.*

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to inclose to your Lordship herewith an interesting article on the subject of sericulture and silk, which was originally translated from the Italian into French for the *Moniteur des Soies*, and which has now been retranslated for the Japan Mail into English.

I am not aware whether or not the article in question may have already appeared in English, but as it contains information which may be of value to Englishmen interested in the silk question, I now forward it to your Lordship.

I have, &c.,  
(Signed) R. G. WATSON.

*The Right Honourable  
Earl Granville, K.G., &c., &c., &c.*

## SERICULTURE, AND SILK IN JAPAN AND IN EUROPE.

The following interesting article on this subject is from the pen of Mr. Isidore dell'Oro, originally written in Italian, but translated by us from the French of the *Moniteur des Soies*:—

### *An Excursion to Schimamoura.*

I left Yokohama on the 21st June, 1871, and three days after, arrived at Schimamoura, having traversed, on foot, a distance of 100 kilometres. I was accompanied only by Kamisawaja-Josaburo, the son of a rich proprietor of Schimamoura, who is very popular on account of the excellent quality of the cards of silkworm eggs which he sells.

Immediately after a discussion at the Yokohama Chamber of Commerce, touching the export of silkworm eggs and the diseases of the worms, I undertook an expedition into the interior, to assure myself personally as to whether or not the malady existed as our opponents maintained.

The Italian authorities refused to obtain for me from the Japanese Government a passport and an escort, under the pretext that in affording me these guarantees for the safety of my expedition, they could not refuse the same to other

Italians, so that, had I been assassinated while in the interior, it would have been at my own risk and without remedy.

Thus, I am the first foreigner who, on his own authority, alone and without escort, has penetrated thus far into the interior of Japan. I cannot praise the Japanese too highly for the kindness and courtesies shown to me, and also for the facilities afforded to obtain my object by allowing me to visit, without hindrance, as many as seventy-two native magnaneries.

It is true that in those villages, till then unvisited by foreigners, a few children, with natural curiosity, followed me to the end of the road; but on hearing me speak their own language with fluency, they soon retired, doubting even whether I was a foreigner, a "Tojinsan," as they said, since so many Japanese have adopted European costume.

Schimamoura is situated in a plain at a distance of 100 kilometres from Yokohama. It is surrounded by the river Tonegawa and a large canal dug some 300 years ago, which now serves both for purposes of irrigation and navigation. Surrounding the town, but at a distance of twenty to twenty-five kilometres, are the picturesque mountains of Jiosciu, Sinciu, Mybask, &c., &c.

The silkworm growers of Schimamoura have the reputation of raising the worms better than in any other part of Japan; and so universally is this acknowledged that, during the present year, the Empress, having raised some worms at Tokel, sent for three of the daughters of the principal growers of Schimamoura, among the number being the daughter of Josaburo Tagima, of whom I shall presently speak: the girls, it should be mentioned, were required to teach the Empress, and to aid her in raising the silkworms.

Besides this, the daimio of Heso near the settlement of Nagasaki, being desirous of introducing the silkworm trade into his own province, sent to Schimamoura seven of his most intelligent officers, in order to learn the best methods of sericulture, apprenticing two of these officers to each of the principal growers of the place. I myself saw these officers, notwithstanding their nobility, working like plain artisans, pickling mulberry leaves, distributing the silkworms, and changing their beds.

Having one day invited them to dine with me at the residence of my host Josaburo Tagima, they told me, among other matters, that the daimio, their lord, had imported into his own

province from Schimamoura the best species of mulberry trees, and that they expected to commence rearing silkworms during the following year. "It is for that purpose," added they, "that the daimio, our master, in ordering us to study the cultivation of silkworms in Schimamoura, caused us to travel a distance of 300 ri (a ri is about three kilometres)."

After this preliminary statement of the motives of my visit to Schimamoura, I will divide my remarks into four articles, as follows:—

Firstly:—The rearing of the silkworm.

Secondly:—That which is called in Japan Uji, and the mulberry leaf.

Thirdly:—The eggs of the yellow cocoons.

Fourthly:—The winding of the silk; its increase of price in Japan, and the Italian stamp on the card.

#### *The Rearing of the Silkworm.*

It will be observed, on reference to the annexed wood cut of the magnaneries of Josaburo Tagima Kamisawaja,\* that the native magnaneries are light and well ventilated; and in order to secure this, they are built at a considerable distance from the plantations, in order that the air may circulate freely.

This magnanerie is one of the largest in Schimamoura. Here are reared the eggs of sixteen cards, which, on the fourth moulting, gives 700 tables of silkworms, all reared in the same localities.

Each table, in size about three metres by two, contains 900 silkworms (the Japanese, after the fourth moulting, have sufficient patience to count each worm). Thirty-three persons are employed in rearing the produce of these sixteen cards, that is, two persons to each card—the same rate as with us in Italy.

These tables are made of bamboo pierced with large holes of about four centimetres square to allow the passage of the air. On these tables are placed mats made of rice straw (instead of the paper in use with us), in order that the air can circulate below as well as above.

By the use of these mats the Japanese obtain two essential advantages:—

The first is that these mats, being made of rice straw, prevent dampness.

The second is that it renders the task of changing the beds much easier. This changing of the beds is done much more rapidly than in European countries, since during the morning and after the first meal has been given to the silkworms, and again after the second meal given in the middle of the day, the Japanese spread over their tables a number of threads, upon which are placed mulberry leaves. An hour after, the tables, one after the other, are taken away, men being placed on each side of the table to assist in the work. During this time the worms have been able to pass to other threads stretched over a new mat which a woman holds ready, while yet another takes away the dirty one and throws away the litter. The mat is then exposed to the air or sun for twenty-four hours, in order that it may be dried and cleansed before being again used.

The magnanerie of Josaburo Tagima Kamaisawaja is 80 metres long by 25 broad, women only being employed in the careful and regular feeding of the worms, the men performing the heavier labour.

Instead of the method employed by the Japanese, the Italians use paper on their silkworm

\* The *Moniteur des Soies* publishes a small wood-cut of a Japanese two-storied house, standing in its own grounds. It is scarcely necessary for us to reproduce it.

tables, which, however, prevents the slightest current of air traversing the tables.

Besides, a number of our growers are in the habit of having their silkworms blessed in order that the crop of cocoons may be large; themselves, however, neglecting to bestow the necessary care upon them. Should the crop prove deficient, some go so far as to say, "I have done the will of God"—as if God could be made responsible for their own negligence.

Every nation has its religious convictions more or less developed. Thus the Japanese do not fail to recommend themselves to their innumerable divinities (they are reckoned by millions). They promise that if the gods obtain for them an abundant harvest, they will make them large presents, without forgetting to illuminate their shrines day and night. If the crop is plentiful, they always carry out their vow by paying what they have promised to their bonzes or priests; but if it fail, these poor gods become the object of their curses—they break their images and load them with calumny and abuse.

I have assisted at such a scene, and I have heard a Japanese family, deceived in its hopes of a large crop, say: "And what?" said they to these idols, "you treat us thus, who have worked day and night, we who have lavished upon you so much rice" (rice is the principal sustenance of the Japanese). Then followed thousands of curses.

A Japanese with better sense said to me, "If, instead of watching over silkworms, we neglect them and employ our time in drinking saki (Japanese wine, an extract of rice), we act against the laws of nature and good sense, and in such a case, the fault being all on our side, the gods themselves can do nothing."

The woodcut before alluded to shows an elevated roof placed above the ordinary roof, added in order that the air may find access on all sides, as well as by the top of the house, which is provided with a species of window, closed during high winds; but in order that the wind may not create a draught in the magnanerie, its exit is moderated by holes, three centimetres in size, placed one above the other, in three rows. It must be observed that, in consequence of the high roof, the magnanerie is better protected from excessive heat.

In my previous articles I have always recommended the rearing of silkworms in small quantities, because; being better taken care of, they yield a relatively better crop than a large number which have been neglected. Thus, last year the Japanese, through their cupidity, attempted, contrary to their usual habit, to raise a larger crop of eggs than ordinarily, in consequence of which the crop failed. During the present year, however, others who had mulberry-leaves for twenty-four cards only raised twenty; those again having leaves for twenty only raising sixteen, the result being all that could have been expected or desired.

In order to better prevent dampness, the Japanese take care, in changing the beds of the worms which are disposed to sleep, to spread on the mats, already prepared as I have before related, the chaff of rice (it is that dust which is thrown aside in threshing). If the weather be dry, they make fresh beds every second day; but should it rain, it is changed every day, using for that purpose large and small for threads according to the moulting, and always carefully prepared. After the fourth moulting the bed is necessarily changed each morning as soon as the worms have had their first meal.

Until the fourth moulting, and in order to

enable the worms to leave it easier; they give the worms chopped leaf, in small quantities, seven or eight times a day, and two days after the fourth moulting they give the silkworms an abundance of leaves, but only four times a day, or five times at most if it is very hot.

In all the Japanese magnaneries I found the Fahrenheit thermometer, while they take care to keep below 70° (about 16° Reaumur). When the temperature is very high, and the thermometer indicates a still further rise, they cool the air by pumping water on the roof of the magnaneries, having taken care to so arrange the windows, by means of a temporary shutter, allowing to enter the magnaneries dry and cool, which prevents any stifling likely to cause sudden heat.

I have seen them employ these means equally when the day is very hot or when it rains.

When it rains heavily, if the wind does not blow and the temperature is moderate, the Japanese, to prevent that dampness so hurtful to the silkworms, keep their magnaneries open on all sides. If the wind comes only from one side, they open that opposite, at the same time burning on the floor of the magnanerie the wood of the mulberry tree mixed with rice straw, in order to prevent the rising of those vapours which produce dampness. The Japanese gather the leaves in the morning or in the evening—not as we do, but by dragging the branches to the ground. After carrying them in-doors, they do not shred the branches with the hand, but with a knife. If the day be rainy or threatening to rain, the Japanese make provision for two days, hanging the leaves on small strings, in which way they dry naturally and easier than if heaped up.

Leaving Tokei (the ancient Yedo, the capital of Japan) the island of Japan is traversed by four principal roads running in different directions. All distances are computed from the Nihon Bashi, that is the "bridge of Japan," which is in the centre of Tokei. One of these roads goes to Kioto; another traverses the province of Musashi, Jiōshū, Sinshū, and goes to Niigata; the third leads to Oshio, &c. All the other roads are very narrow, two horses being scarcely able to pass each other. It is for this reason, even during fine and dry weather, that no dust is to be found, as in our countries.

Always, but principally at the time of the fourth moulting, the Japanese wash the leaves intended for the worms with water, because, say they, the leaf is always impregnated with dust, most hurtful to this noble insect. And when we consider that with us the leaves which are used for food are almost covered with dust; when we reflect upon our own repugnance to eat, even by chance, dusty bread; when we think that the silkworm is an insect as delicate as its product is valuable; and then compare the lavish care bestowed on the silkworm by the Japanese with our own negligence, we are forced to the conclusion that we are the chief cause of the failure of our crops—that the first fault lies with us.

Last year I left Europe on the 24th July, after having had plenty of time to visit and attentively examined the magnaneries of Italy and France, and while they are yet fresh in my memory I conceive myself able to make some comparison between the magnaneries of France and Italy and those of Japan.

In the first place, I have recognized this great difference between the results of the Japanese and our systems of rearing the silkworms. This difference is established on irrefutable facts.

In Japan I obtained, in nearly all the seventy-two magnaneries I visited, various silkworms which had arrived at the fourth moulting, and these I preserved in three flasks of spirits of wine.

Among these worms I found only two in each flask that came from yellow cocoons, a species which I had brought from the hills of Tuscany and raised with great success. I sent two of the three flasks to my brother Joseph, at Milan, in order that he might examine them, and the third I retained myself for the same purpose.

Competent persons can thus decide on these samples whether or not the silkworm malady exists; and here I may observe that at all the magnaneries at which I obtained silkworms the finest and most plentiful crops that could be desired have been obtained.

I believe this is the first time that similar silkworms have been sent to Europe since the year 1866, at which time the French Government deputed me to obtain silkworms of the fourth moulting, to be submitted to a microscopical examination by Mr. Pasteur.

I may add that, in opposition to the opinions held by us in Europe, that the silkworms which grow quickest ought, as being considered the most vigorous, to be chosen in preference for obtaining eggs, the Japanese consider these the weakest, and in consequence, so far from using the eggs obtained from them, they sell them for exportation.

#### *Uji and the Mulberry Leaf.*

Silkworms when in the chrysalides are subject to various maladies. I will here give some few ideas upon the malady resulting in Uji in the chrysalides.

The word Uji signifies larva. The Chinese hold that the word means a worm in flesh which is in a state of decomposition. The Uji is therefore a parasite, which bites and devours the chrysalides, and is thus called Uji in the eastern provinces of Japan. In the eight provinces in the centre of this Empire, the name of Horo is given. In Italy we have the Camola, which some believe to be the Uji of Japan, though really they differ in several respects.

The Uji has rings, and when it is fully developed is almost as big as the silkworm chrysalide. Scarcely is the cocoon formed than it attacks and devours the chrysalide.

If, on opening the cocoon, one or more marks are discovered on the chrysalide, it may be considered certain that the germ of one or more Uji will be found in the intestines.

If the rearers discover that the Uji abound, it is necessary to immediately expose the cocoons to the sun and to use them for winding; or, if they are intended for eggs, to ascertain how many cocoons will be rendered unfit for reproduction and then take only those which appear the best.

The colour of the cocoon, after it has been abandoned by the Uji, passes from a pale yellow to a brownish red, assuming gradually deeper tints, while its size diminishes by one-half.

Among the different species of mulberry leaves, the Japanese consider three specially suitable for feeding silkworms to be used for reproduction; these are the leaves of the Corboré, the Schimacougori, and the Icíbé.

These three qualities of leaves possess an unequalled lightness, pliancy, and softness; but the Corboré is even better than the Schimacougori in lightness of leaf. As to the Icíbé, of which the leaves are very large, the Japanese only give it to the silk-worms until the third moulting.

Upon the quality of the leaf—as it may be younger and more tender—depends the number of the Uji. The most industrious and attentive sericulturists obtained this year 95 per cent. of moths. This is an enormous proportion, the average generally being 50 or 75 per cent. of Uji.

The other qualities of mulberry leaves, bearing other names, are used exclusively for feeding silk-worms intended for winding; were these used for the production of eggs as much as 90 per cent. of Uji would be found. It is evident, then, that it would be useless to use worms fed on these leaves for the production of eggs; and it proves, besides, how absurd was the statement made at the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, that the best cocoons were used for seed, and that this was the cause of the depreciation in the quality of the silk.

It is a noticeable fact, that at a distance of three kilometres from Schimamoura, all the worms reared on the system explained above are used for the production of silk.

It is very difficult for any one living in Europe to judge accurately of events which transpire at a distance of several thousand leagues, if they do not take into consideration the difference of vegetation and climate, as well as the Uji, which is scarcely known at all in Europe.

I may add, in support of what I have said above, that the mulberry leaves called Corboré and Schimacougori were sold this year at the rate of five rio to five rio and a half per horse-load (a rio is nearly equivalent to six francs, and a horse-load is about 136 kilogrammes), while the leaves used for feeding the silk-worms used for winding only were sold at the most at three boos per horse-load (a boo equals about 1 fr. 65 cents.)

I have myself witnessed several purchases made at this price, having arrived at Schimamoura when the silkworms entered upon their dormant condition previous to the fourth moulting, remaining there until their resuscitation; that is to say, during the most critical period.

Below I give the prices at which these cocoons are sold.

1st.—As to those reserved for the production of eggs, their price, determined by the quantity of Uji they contain as it may be greater or less, has been 4 to 5 rio per iccammé, a Japanese weight corresponding exactly to 3 kilos 75 gr.

An iccammé of cocoons produces from five to eight cards of eggs, and consequently, even in the interior of Japan, each card of eggs costs the producer a little more than a dollar (the dollar is worth 5fr. 85c.), without the expense of transport, duty, &c., which are enormous.

Last year the price of cocoons rose as high as 20 rio per iccammé.

2nd.—As to these cocoons used for winding. These have been sold at a price ranging from a rio and a half to 2 rio per iccammé according to quality.

These facts which I have set forth, sufficiently show that the tender and young leaves contribute more or less to the production of good crops. In all experiences afforded by the early crops raised in Italy and France only the tender leaves of the young shoots are used, while only a small number of silkworms, of which the greatest care is taken, are raised. This is why these attempts have succeeded so well, while efforts to rear larger crops have failed.

I will cite a fact which will further confirm this observation.

Those daimios at Tokei, possessing large palaces covering a great extent of ground, seeing that the cultivation of silk attracted great wealth to the country, sent to Schimamoura for the best plants of the Corboré, Schimacougori, and Icbé, and at the same time built large magnaneries. This year, when for the first time they raised silkworms, not only did they have an excellent crop of cocoons, but what was even better, the Uji was only developed at an

average rate of 5 per cent.; so that they obtained 90 to 95 per cent. of moths. The Japanese attribute this great success to feeding the worms with these young shoots.

I myself chose on the spot, and afterwards sent to Milan, 600 of these young mulberry plants—400 of the Corboré, 100 of the Schimacougori, and 100 of Icbé species. Besides, I gathered a kilo of mulberry seed of the best plants at Schimamoura, and I may observe that to an experienced eye the Corboré and Schimacougori are easily distinguished from other mulberry trees as much by their colour as by their shape at the time of the sprouting of the fruit which gives the seed.

#### *The Eggs of the Yellow Cocoons.*

For several years I had intended to hatch the eggs of our yellow cocoons which, on account of their produce, are so much better than any others. I saw that the eggs constantly deteriorated in consequence of the inroads of disease. I thought it would be an act of patriotism to save these precious eggs which disease threatened to render extinct, and to reduce to a historical remembrance. I believed that in transporting this seed to Japan, to a healthy country, the eggs would be fortunately preserved from that direful atrophy which attacks our silkworms from yellow cocoons, and that, in changing the locality and the climate, they would eventually prosper in the land in which they had their origin. I believed that there would be found the means of their preservation, whether by means of employing another system of rearing, or by feeding the worms on vegetables better suited to their natures, and more in accordance with the condition of their original country.

I thought, as did Machiavel, that when an institution becomes degenerated it is possible to rejuvenate it by transporting it to its origin, and that this theory, admitted so far as it applies to human institutions, both moral and social, should also be applicable to vegetables or the lower animals.

The ancients, that is to say, the Greeks and Romans, did not cultivate the art of manufacturing silk. They bought the material from the Persian merchants, who themselves purchased it in Serica or in China, where the manufacture had been well understood 2500 years before the birth of Jesus Christ. It was not till the year 550 A.D. that two Persian missionaries brought a few eggs to Constantinople. The Emperor Justinian encouraged this industry, planting mulberry trees in the Peloponesus. This country was in the year 1130 invaded by Roger, King of Sicily, who transferred the silk manufacturing interest to Palermo, whence it spread westward, since the mulberry can live and prosper at an altitude of 700 metres above the level of the sea.

Having recognized the fact that the valuable eggs of the yellow cocoon were lost in the East, I believed, I repeat, that I should perform a useful act in bringing them to Japan—whence they certainly came, *via* China to Europe—to strengthen and restore the seed, and then, on a return to health, to take them to our western countries.

I was confirmed in this resolution by the discovery that in the year 1705, a deadly disease having threatened to destroy the seed of the yellow cocoons in France, which had been long acclimatized in that country, several ounces of seed were sent to the extreme east, with the thought that in thus changing the climate, air, and food this precious seed would be preserved from the destruction which threatened it then as it does



to-day. Two or three years after this the seed of the yellow cocoons was sent back to France completely regenerated, from which time it recommenced to prosper as before the malady.

My resolution to renew this experience dates from the year 1866, but its accomplishment was retarded by those who ought to have been the first to favour it.

In order the easier to attain my end I entered into relations with some influential persons in Japan, and, through their agency, I obtained from Japan several thousands of cards, but without any eggs attached to them. I desired that 2000 of these cards should be covered with eggs of our Italian yellow cocoons; then that they should be sent back to Japan, so that our own manufacturers should be able to take some of the surplus of these cards to raise our own silkworms, which ought thus to become better, and to succeed by the adoption of the Japanese method, which consists in placing the eggs on cards made of silk paper rather than on tissues of linen or leather, heterogeneous substances, which do not suit the silkworm, and do not protect it from dampness.

For several months my project was hindered from being put into practice. I then tried other means.

But, whether it arose from the Japanese being inclined to interest themselves more in their own silkworms than with our own from yellow cocoons, or whether it arose from the Japanese prejudice against eggs which had been exposed to the sea air—which they consider not fit to give good results—or whether it was that the eggs imported were not entirely free from the germs of disease, it so happened that my first effort failed, and the Japanese, seeing the worms from yellow cocoons injured, were discouraged, and disinclined to pursue a new method of cultivation.

For myself, being in no way disheartened by this annoying and prejudicial result, I was able last year to again bring to Japan eggs of yellow cocoons gathered on the hills of Tuscany—eggs that I placed on true Japanese cards; the same that I brought to this country to protect the eggs from damp, and the same which in Italy had given rise to frivolous and ridiculous tales as to my object when I sent them to the west.

Availing myself of my previous relations with the leading Japanese silk manufacturers, I was enabled to persuade them, though with the greatest difficulty, to renew the previous experiments.

This time the result was beyond all that could be desired. A full crop was obtained at Schimamoura, in Oueda and Yonesawa. The abundance of this crop surprised the Japanese, who immediately asked me to keep half the eggs which might be obtained for use during the next season. This I willingly did.

I know for certain that these eggs from cards imported by myself are universally spoken of in Tokei in a most favourable manner.

What aided me most to overcome the obstacles raised by the Japanese was the fact that my brother Joseph persuaded the Japanese to cultivate American corn as being more likely to succeed than that hitherto planted in Japan. The result of this experiment was marvellous, and my brother's advice was highly appreciated. In fact, in a space of 300 tsuboes (the tsubo is equal to about two square metres) the Japanese obtained 450 kilos of wheat instead of 300 which their own grain would produce. Now, the Japanese cultivate only foreign corn, the seed of which my brother recommended.

Besides this, Mr. Vassali, a wealthy proprietor of Milan, favoured me with a small sack of rice grown on his own property. This I intended to distribute to the Japanese, being persuaded that it would add to the wealth of the country in improving the growth of rice.

I may say, in passing, that those who think that the Japanese rice is better than ours, appear to be in error. But I believe, as do many others, that it is necessary to renew the seed from time to time to restore its pristine vigour and to obtain the most satisfactory results. This, experience has proved. For instance, the Japanese are not in the habit of sowing the seed in the same spot from which it was reaped during the previous season—or, at least, they do so very rarely. They adopt the same measures with respect to the silkworms' eggs, &c., &c.

*The Winding of the Silk. The Increase of Price in Japan. The Italian Stamp.*

Europe is but little interested in the methods of winding silk in use in Japan, because she has progressed far more than Japan in this branch of the industry. It is indeed stated that the Japanese Government proposes to send to Italy and France three men and as many women of experience to learn the European methods of winding.

But, what is ignored in Europe—and I was able to make the statement at the last meeting of the Yokohama Chamber of Commerce—is the fact that the advent of strangers in Japan has produced a sensible increase in the wealth of the country.

Thus, for example, before the arrival of Europeans, or, at least, before the silkworm trade sprung into existence in Japan, the superb and now productive lands at Schimamoura, surrounded by the river Yonegawa and its tributaries—these rich lands, I say, now exclusively devoted to the cultivation of the mulberry, were, so to speak, of no value, the river inundating the land for several miles round, and often doing great damage by changing its course. Now, on the contrary, these lands, which had been held for eight years as valueless, sell readily at 150 rio the 300 tsuboes, while others, and from one to two kilometres from the river, are valued at 110 to 125 rio per 300 tsuboes, while before the value was only 25 to 30 rio.

In eight years the production of silkworms at Schimamoura has been quadrupled. But Schimamoura proper is only about 20 kilometres square, and, according to the official statistics which I have before me, can only produce 30,000 to 40,000 cards of silkworm eggs, while some 300,000 or 400,000 cards are annually sold as coming from this same locality.

I know all the growers at Schimamoura personally, and can confirm all I have written on this subject.

I will bring these observations to a close by recommending, as the most urgent requirement, the freedom of commerce; for this year the cause of the bad hatching of the Japanese egg in Italy and France must be attributed to the inopportune nature of the stamp impressed by the Italian Consul.\*

Since 1867 until the present time the injury undergone by these countries may be estimated at more than 40 millions of francs, and the greater part is caused by the Italian Consulate stamp, which forces the Italians to pay two or three times more than was formerly the case.

\* The stamping of the cards by the Italian Consul has since been discontinued.

And who is it that laugh heartily at all this? The Japanese. And how many times have they said, *Italiagnin vacaranai*; the Italians are not merchants?

Also it is well to remember that, of all nations, Italy is most cordially received in Japan; but I say it, however, to our shame, for this friendship costs us millions upon millions every year.

The Japanese, perceptibly agitated when the Italians do not make their appearance, make a point of informing themselves exactly as to the time these illustrious gentlemen should come, since their arrival sensibly increases the prices of their cards.

In the same way that the Japanese had a mania for pigs and dogs, so certain persons have had and have still a mania for stamps, without having foreseen the consequences.

It is only during the present year that another species of stamp has been adopted, so that even a blind man cannot make a mistake as to the eggs or as to the province from which they have come. But I fully believe that this innovation would not have been adopted if the vexations caused to the Japanese by it had been calculated. This I have been able myself to verify, and this annoyance is the result of the new rule, which obliges the Japanese to have their cards stamped before the moth has laid its eggs, or at least directly after, which is worse still, and causes a great deterioration in the eggs.

Able sericulturists, both Italian and French, have calculated that the silkworm eggs traverse four periods.

The first from the day when the moth lays its eggs to the 25th July.

The second from the 25th July to the 25th December.

The third from the 25th December to the 25th January.

And the fourth from the 25th January to the hatching of the silkworm.

To transport the eggs from place to place during the first period is extremely hurtful, and is one of the principal causes which prevent hatching. It is thus as injurious as absurd to oblige the Japanese, who desire to send their silkworm eggs to Europe, to move their cards to the stamping office three days after they have been prepared. It is equally injurious both to the Europeans who have bought the cards, or to the cards themselves deteriorated by this too early operation, and therefore not able to compete in the market with those cards which have not been moved until there was no danger in so doing.

When our sericulturists go to the East to lay in a stock of eggs they do not go till the month of August, precisely in order that the eggs should have time to ripen, or at least to be properly preserved.

And this is what the Japanese do:—

As much out of desire to conform to the requirements of the Italian Consul as to obtain the best price by being first in the market with their eggs, they pack the cards together and put them in cases capable of containing 500. Then they are transported on the backs of horses, both night and day, without taking the cards out of the cases to give the eggs a little air.

I myself have seen this vandalism.

I have remarked upon the great injury which such acts do to the reputation of the trade, both to the principal Japanese producers and to the highest officers of their government; but they have in reply objected, by alleging the hard necessities imposed upon them by our official requirements, and, asking me to put myself in their place, have added that they, having no remedy for these abuses and their baneful results,

had nothing to do but remain silent. I have always made this the subject of my most pressing remonstrances, and I know that this year some attention will be paid to the question.

Besides, I placed at the disposal of the Japanese a few of our cases, subdivided into ten compartments, but well aired, and recommending, as a most important precaution, to transport the egg cards packed in these cases only during the night and in the cool, and also during the hot weather to give the cards plenty of air and shade, in order to avoid the serious inconveniences which do so much harm to the silkworm interest in Europe.

In concluding, I will point out another abuse which should be remedied as soon as possible.

The pasting of the eggs upon the cards is done with so much patience and ability by the Japanese, that the most experienced eye cannot discover in what way the method of pasting is destructive of all probability of hatching. In Italy it is desired that the cards should be entirely covered with eggs, and this causes them to be dearer in Japan. Cards thus pasted being very rare, the Japanese, to meet the demands of the Europeans and to increase their profits, paste eggs, or what resembles them, upon the open spaces of the card where the moth has not laid. Thus many cards are to be found where only half or two-thirds of the eggs hatch, or at most seven-eighths of what is expected, the rest of the eggs pasted on not being able to hatch. This is a fraud and a swindle on the part of the Japanese, and although I am a partisan of free trade, I believe that in this exceptional matter, where we see that we have to deal with a people who glory and delight in deceiving strangers, our authorities ought to prevent the recurrence of such an abuse by the most urgent representations to the Japanese authorities.

The English, backed up by their Minister, acted thus in China, and even this year in Yokohama they have exercised all the power at the command of the Government to prevent all fraud or overcharge in the silk trade. The frauds are easy to be discovered, and we have seen the Japanese push their deceptions so far, as to mix with the silk sold by them that species coming from a double cocoon, or even adding sand or other foreign matter, to the skeins of silk in order to fraudulently increase the weight.

The use of scented woods, or of iron in the construction of the cases for transporting the eggs, is considered as most injurious to the hatching of the silkworm eggs; and experience has shown that eggs carried in cases which previously contained tea would not hatch.

I have been animated in writing the foregoing by a desire for the public weal, and for industrial and commercial progress. In the midst of the agitations of my life in Europe, I believed it well to compare, on the spot, our methods of sericulture with those of the extreme east, with a view to adopting the good features of the latter system, and of pointing out what might seem defective or insufficient. In the west we ought to study the rearing of the silkworm more than we do; we should buy in the east several species of excellent trees which we are now deprived of, in order that we may regenerate our race of yellow cocoons, and obtain eggs which will put an end to the murderous atrophy which attacks the silkworm.

Then the east would in its turn come to learn in the west the art and the best means of winding the silk, and this interchange of benefits and reciprocity of advantages will contribute to the final advent of a brotherly union among nations, who, in spite of strange theories put forth with

respect to pre-historic periods, did not spring out of the ground like mushrooms—who, in all climates are plainly distinguished from the brute—it not being possible that man is a transformed monkey, since all men are descended from one source. And though the colour of the skin and the features may have undergone certain changes dependent upon climate or some other cause, man has none the less preserved the essential and indestructible characteristics denoting the unity of the primitive type, a unity which recalls to mind that of the sun, illuminating with its rays the human race, which, and in spite of distance, of the variety of climate, of temperament and education, remains subject to the imperial law of truth, of which the evidence is the word of peace and an international union drawing all men together in brotherly love.

I repeat, the little I have just traced to its source, is from the affection I bear for beautiful Italy, the country where I was born, and where I have spent the happiest part of my life, but now so far distant.

Will my readers be content with the few remarks I have just submitted to them? I do not know. But I will nevertheless conclude by declaring in all sincerity:—*Feci quod potui, faciant meliora potentes!*

ISIDORO DELL'ORO.

Yokohama, 21st July, 1871.

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**H**ER Majesty in Council was this day pleased, upon a representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education in Scotland, to appoint Sir Francis Richard Sandford, Knight, C.B., to be Secretary to the said Committee.

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS, by the Exchequer and Audit Departments Act, 1866 (29 and 30 Vict., c. 39), it was, amongst other things, enacted that a plan of account books and accounts, adapted to the requirements of each Service, in order to exhibit in a convenient form the whole of the receipts and payments in respect of each vote, should be designed under the superintendence of

the Treasury; and it was further enacted that Her Majesty might, from time to time, by Order in Council, prescribe the manner in which each Department of the public service should keep its accounts:

And whereas, in compliance with the first-named enactment, a plan of account books and accounts, as specified in the Schedule A hereunto appended, has been designed under the directions of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for the several Civil Departments specified in the Schedule B hereunto appended, for the purpose of recording and accounting for the receipts and expenditure of the said Departments in respect of the votes of Parliament comprised in the Appropriation Act of each year, and for the purpose of preparing and rendering to the Comptroller and Auditor-General for examination annual appropriation accounts of the same, as required by the 22nd section of the said Act:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, is pleased to order and direct as follows:

The person or persons (hereinafter called "the Accounting Officers for the time being") to whom the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may from time to time assign the duty of preparing and rendering the appropriation accounts of the several Civil Departments specified in the said Schedule B, and the Accounting Officers for the time being of any Civil Departments which may hereafter be required to prepare and render appropriation accounts of moneys voted by Parliament, shall cause the receipts and payments of their respective Departments (including Departments subordinate thereto), on account of sums granted by Parliament in the Appropriation Act of each year, to be kept and rendered in the books and on the forms specified in the said Schedule A, and according to the manner therein described, or in such of the said books as shall from time to time be determined to be applicable to the said Departments respectively, by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

And the accounts of the said specified Departments, so far as relates to other moneys than the sums granted by Parliament as aforesaid, shall be kept in such manner and according to such forms as shall from time to time be designed and required by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury.

And no alterations whatever in any of the forms of account books and accounts established or approved, or to be established or approved, in pursuance of this Order, nor in the manner of keeping the same, shall be made or allowed to be made except under due authority as herein provided.

*Edmund Harrison.*

#### SCHEDULE A.

Particulars of the plan of account books and accounts, designed under the directions of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for the Civil Departments specified in Schedule B; which account books and accounts, or such of them as may be determined by the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, are to be used in the said Departments respectively for the purpose of recording and accounting for their receipts and expenditure, and for the purpose of rendering appropriation accounts in respect of the votes of Parliament comprised in the Appropriation Act of each year.

[NOTE.—The term "Paymaster-General" in this schedule is intended to include and apply to the "Queen's and Lord-Treasurer's Remembrancer in Scotland," in cases where receipts or payments are effected through that officer.]

#### 1. ACCOUNT OF THE PARLIAMENTARY GRANTS AND OF CASH RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS:—

This account will be transmitted to the Comptroller and Auditor-General, monthly or quarterly (as may be directed), and will contain an abstracted statement of the receipts and payments respectively (1) of the month or quarter for which the account is rendered, (2) of the previously expired period of the financial year to which it relates, and (3) of the total period from the commencement of the financial year to the end of the month or quarter for which the account is rendered.

The receipt side will exhibit:—

1. *Balances*.—The total unexpended balances of the grant or grants administered by the department at the end of the last completed period and financial year, whether undrawn from the Exchequer, or in the hands of the Paymaster-General, or of sub-accounting officers.
2. *Parliamentary Grants*.—So much of the grant or grants administered by the Department as may have been voted in the financial year to which the account relates.
3. Any sums received or brought to credit of votes (specifying the grant and the sub-head) in respect of over-payments, &c., or in correction of errors.
4. *Income Tax*.—Amounts abated in the Department (if any).
5. *Extra Receipts*.—Amounts received which are payable to the Exchequer as Miscellaneous Revenue.
6. *Deposit Accounts*.—Amounts received for services classed under this head.

The payment side will show:—

1. *Parliamentary Grants (unexpended balances written off)*.—The only ordinary entry under this head will be the amount of any surplus which may appear upon the annual appropriation account, and for which the accounting officer (when directed by the Treasury to write it off) will take credit.
2. *Votes*.—The total amounts, under the respective sub-heads of the votes, of all final payments, whether made by orders on the Paymaster-General, or by sub-accounting officers.

[Payments in the nature of imprests or advances will of course not be included.]

3. *Income Tax*.—Amounts ordered to be paid to the Receiver-General of Inland Revenue for tax abated in the Department (if any).
4. *Extra Receipts*.—Amounts ordered to be paid to the Exchequer on account of receipts for Miscellaneous Revenue.
5. *Deposit Accounts*.—Amounts ordered to be paid for services classed under this head.
6. *Balances*.—The total unexpended balances of the grant or grants administered by the Department at the end of the respective periods included in the account, whether undrawn from the Exchequer, or in the hands of the Paymaster-General (less amount of outstanding orders for payments), or of sub-accounting officers.

[NOTE.—In some instances, other heads, applicable to particular services, will be necessary, but they will be exceptional].

## 2. APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT:—

This account (which will be prepared and transmitted to the Comptroller and Auditor-General annually, as directed by the 22nd section of the Exchequer and Audit Departments Act, 1866) will show, for each grant separately, the net expenditure in the financial year to which it relates, compared with the grant, and the surplus or deficit resulting under each sub-head of the estimate upon which the grant was based. Explanations of the causes of variation between expenditure and grant will be appended.

## 3. SCHEDULES OF ORDERS FOR PAYMENTS:—

The payments to be made by the Paymaster-General will be authorized on these forms, specifying the grants or services to which such payments are chargeable, the persons to whom payable, and the amounts; with particulars of any sums subject to income-tax.

An advice of each payment so authorized, with a form of receipt appended, will be sent to the person to whom the amount is due. This letter of advice and the receipt must be presented entire at the office of the Paymaster-General either by the person entitled to payment, or by a banker or other authorized person. The receipt form may be crossed by the Department for security, in which case payment will necessarily be obtained through a banker.

The Paymaster-General will transmit the receipted advices to the Departments which issued them, in support of monthly schedules which he will prepare, showing the actual payments made by him in compliance with the orders of the several Departments; and after examination of the same, the Paymaster-General will be furnished by each Department with a certificate of the total amount of the payments which have been duly vouched.

## 4. SCHEDULES OF PAYMENTS MADE BY ACCOUNTING OFFICERS:—

The vouchers for all final payments (which will accompany the monthly or quarterly accounts transmitted to the Comptroller and Auditor-General) will be scheduled on these forms, under the respective sub-heads of the grant or grants, as classified in the Abstract Book [See below], the totals of the sub-heads (with a schedule reference number or letter) being inserted in the account. If payments are made through sub-accounting officers, the accounts transmitted to the Comptroller and Auditor-General will also be accompanied by an abstract statement showing the total receipts and payments of such officers included in the monthly or quarterly account, and the balances in their hands respectively at the commencement and close of the period.

## 5. REGISTER OF ORDERS; OR,

## 6. ABSTRACT REGISTER OF ORDERS:—

In one of these books will be recorded the particulars of all orders upon the Paymaster-General for imprests and final payments; showing the reference number and date of order, to whom payable, the amount, and the date of payment; also giving a description of the service, and, in the case of final payments, specifying the amounts chargeable against each of the sub-heads of the vote or votes.

In Departments to which only a small number of sub-heads are applicable, the form of Abstract Register will admit of the orders being classified at the time of entry, and will thus render a separate Abstract Book unnecessary. In other Departments the Register of Orders will specify the sub-heads for classification in a separate book.

## 7. ABSTRACT BOOK :—

The final payments recorded in the Register of Orders will be classified therefrom in this Book, under the respective sub-heads of votes; specifying the number and date of the order, to whom payable, and the amount.

The payments made by sub-accounting officers (after examination and allowance by the Department) may also be classified in this book.

## 8. CASH BOOK OR PETTY CASH BOOK :—

These books, or one of them, will be required by sub-accounting officers, and will be used for recording particulars (in the order of occurrence) of imprests, and of any other public moneys received by them, and of the payments made otherwise than by orders on the Paymaster-General, stating the heads or sub-heads of receipt and expenditure to which the amounts are to be credited or charged.

## 9. RECEIVABLE ORDER BOOK :—

In this will be recorded the particulars of sums which the Paymaster-General is authorized to receive on account of the Department; specifying the services or sub-heads which are to be credited.

## 10. JOURNAL :—

## 11. LEDGERS (PERSONAL AND SERVICE) :—

In these books will be made, periodically, the usual entries necessary to complete the record and classification of the receipts and payments. The following ledger accounts will be required :

*Exchequer Grants :—*

*Debits.*—The amounts voted from time to time by the House of Commons, applicable to the Department.

*Credits.*—The amounts issued from the Exchequer to the Paymaster-General. Also any surplus which may arise, when directed to be written off, after the appropriation account of the year has been reported upon.

*Paymaster-General :—*

*Debits.*—The amounts issued from the Exchequer. Also any other moneys received by the Paymaster-General on account of the Department.

*Credits.*—The monthly totals of actual payments by the Paymaster-General, as per Schedule and Vouchers transmitted by him to the Department.

*Orders Payable :—*

*Debits.*—The monthly totals of actual payments by the Paymaster-General (as above).

*Credits.*—The monthly totals of payments which the Paymaster-General has been authorized by the Department to make, as per Register, or Abstract Register of Orders.

*General Account of each Vote :—*

*Debits.*—The net amount of expenditure in the year, as shown under the accounts of the sub-heads of the vote. The surplus of the grant (if any), when directed to be written off, will also be debited to this account.

*Credits.*—The amounts voted by the House of Commons.

If the vote is taken under one head only, this account will be debited monthly with the totals of all final payments, and will be credited with the amount of any disallowances, &c., required to be brought to account.

The annual appropriation account will correspond with this ledger account.

*Accounts of each Sub-Head of the Vote or Votes :—*

*Debits.*—The monthly totals of all final payments, whether made by orders on the Paymaster-General or by sub-accounting officers, as per Abstract Book or Abstract Register, and accounts of sub-accounting officers.

*Credits.*—The net amount of expenditure transferred to the general account of the vote. Also the amount of any disallowances, &c., required to be brought to account.

*Sub-Accounting Officers :—*

*Debits.*—The amounts of imprests to sub-accounting officers, and any other public moneys received by them.

*Credits.*—The amounts of all final payments made by sub-accounting officers, the vouchers for which have been examined and allowed by the Department.

*Income Tax :—*

*Debits.*—The amounts ordered to be paid to the account of the Receiver-General of Inland Revenue.

*Credits.*—The amounts of tax deducted in the Department.

*Extra Receipts :—*

*Debits.*—The amounts ordered to be paid to the Exchequer.

*Credits.*—The amounts of receipts which are payable to the Exchequer, viz., fees, proceeds of old stores or materials sold, and other items of miscellaneous revenue.

[NOTE.—Transfers and other adjusting entries, which it has not been necessary to specify above, will occasionally be required; and in some Departments other Ledger headings (for Deposit Accounts, &c.) will be necessary, but these will be exceptional.]

## SCHEDULE B.

Schedule of the several Civil Departments charged with the duty of keeping Accounts of Receipts and Payments in respect of Votes of Parliament, and of preparing and rendering to the Comptroller and Auditor-General, for examination, Appropriation Accounts of the same.

The Offices of the House of Lords.  
 The Offices of the House of Commons.  
 The Treasury.  
 The Home Office.  
 The Foreign Office.  
 The Colonial Office.  
 The Privy Council Office.  
 The Board of Trade.  
 The Privy Seal Office.  
 The Charity Commission.  
 The Civil Service Commission.  
 The Copyhold, Inclosure, and Tithe Commission.  
 The Exchequer and Audit Department.  
 The General Register Office, England.  
 The Local Government Board, England.  
 The Lunacy Commission, England.  
 The Mint.  
 The National Debt Office.  
 The Patent Office.  
 The Paymaster-General's Office.  
 The Public Record Office, England.  
 The Office of the Public Works Loan Commission.  
 The Offices of the Registrars of Friendly Societies.  
 The Stationery Office.  
 The Office of Woods, Forests, and Land Revenues.  
 The Office of Works and Public Buildings, England.  
 The Office of the Queen's and Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer, Scotland.  
 The Office of the Fishery Board, Scotland.  
 The General Register Office, Scotland.  
 The Lunacy Commission, Scotland.  
 The Poor Law Commission, Scotland.

The Office of the Chief Secretary, Ireland.  
 The Office of Charitable Donations and Bequests, Ireland.  
 The General Register Office, Ireland.  
 The Local Government Board, Ireland.  
 The Public Record Office, Ireland.  
 The Office of Public Works, Ireland.  
 The Valuation Office, Ireland.

The Office of Solicitor to the Treasury.  
 The Court of Chancery, England.  
 The Court of Bankruptcy, England.  
 The Department of the Superintendent of County Courts.  
 The Court of Probate and Divorce, England.  
 The Admiralty Court Registry.  
 The Land Registry Office.  
 The Department of the Directors of Government Prisons, England.  
 The Broadmoor Criminal Lunatic Asylum.  
 The Department of the Managers of Prisons, Scotland.

The Court of Chancery, Ireland.  
 The Court of Bankruptcy and Insolvency, Ireland.  
 The Landed Estates Court, Ireland.  
 The Court of Probate, Ireland.  
 The Admiralty Court Registry, Ireland.  
 The Registry of Deeds, Ireland.  
 The Registry of Judgments, Ireland.  
 The Department of the Dublin Metropolitan Police.  
 The Department of the Constabulary Police, Ireland.  
 The Department of the Directors of Government Prisons, Ireland.  
 The Dundrum Criminal Lunatic Asylum, Ireland.  
 The Four Courts Marshalsea Prison, Dublin.

The Education Department, England.  
 The Science and Art Department.  
 The British Museum.  
 The National Gallery, England.  
 The National Portrait Gallery.  
 The University of London.  
 The National Gallery (Board of Manufactures), Scotland.

The Education Department, Ireland.  
 The Office of Commissioners of Education (Endowed Schools), Ireland.  
 The National Gallery, Ireland.  
 The Queen's University, Ireland.  
 The Emigration Commissioners.



**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the fourteenth of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following, viz. :—

“Whereas by the fourth, fifth, and sixth sections of an Act passed in the thirty-fifth and thirty-sixth years of your Majesty's reign, chapter sixty-seven, entitled ‘An Act for making further provision respecting the application of the revenues of Greenwich Hospital,’ it is, among other things, enacted, that the Regulations to be from time to time made by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, for providing, wholly or in part, for the education and maintenance of daughters of warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the Royal Navy and Marines, and for the education and maintenance of sons and daughters of deceased or distressed commissioned officers of the Royal Navy or Marines, shall not have effect, unless and until they are approved by your Majesty in Council; we beg leave to recommend that your Majesty will be graciously pleased, by your Order in Council, to approve the following Regulations :—

“I.—REGULATIONS respecting Daughters of Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the Royal Navy or Marines.

“1. Daughters of warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, and petty officers and men of the Royal Navy or Marines, may be educated and maintained, wholly or in part, out of the funds of Greenwich Hospital, in such schools as shall be approved by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, subject to the following restrictions :—

- (1.) The number of girls to be educated and maintained at any one time shall not exceed two hundred.
- (2.) The amount to be expended on the education and maintenance of any girl shall not exceed the rate of twenty pounds a-year.

“2. The claims of candidates for admission will be referred to a Committee of Selection appointed by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, who will adjudge them in the following order of precedence, giving special consideration to length of service at sea :—

- (1.) Orphans, both parents dead.
- (2.) Daughters of fathers killed, drowned, or deceased in Her Majesty's service, or while employed by Her Majesty on board a merchant ship, or in action with an enemy, pirate, or rebel.
- (3.) Those whose fathers, having served in the Royal Navy or Marines, are dead.
- (4.) Those whose fathers are serving, and whose mothers are dead.
- (5.) Cases not specified in the above classes will be considered according to the services of the fathers and the state of distress of the children.

“3. Girls eligible for admission must be above nine years of age.

“4. The girls, provided their conduct and progress be satisfactory, will be retained in the school

or home to which they may be admitted, until the completion of their education, according to the regulations of such school or home.

“II.—REGULATIONS respecting Sons and Daughters of Deceased or Distressed Commissioned Officers of the Royal Navy or Marines.

“1. Sons and daughters of deceased or distressed commissioned officers of the Royal Navy or Marines may be educated and maintained, in part, out of the funds of Greenwich Hospital, in such schools as shall be approved by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, subject to the following restrictions :—

- (1.) The number of boys and girls to be educated and maintained shall not, at any one time, exceed fifty.
- (2.) The amount to be expended in aid of the education and maintenance of any boy or girl shall not exceed the rate of twenty pounds a-year.

“2. The claims of candidates for admission will be referred to a Committee of Selection appointed by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, who will adjudge them in the following order of precedence, giving special consideration to length of service at sea :—

- (1.) Orphans, both parents dead.
- (2.) Sons of fathers killed, drowned, or deceased in Her Majesty's service, or while employed by Her Majesty on board a merchant ship, or in action with an enemy, pirate, or rebel.
- (3.) Those whose fathers, having served in the Royal Navy or Marines, are dead.
- (4.) Those whose fathers are serving and whose mothers are dead.
- (5.) Cases not specified in the above classes will be considered according to the services of the fathers and the state of distress of the children.

“3. Children eligible for admission must be above ten years of age.

“4. The boys or girls, provided their conduct and progress be satisfactory, will be retained in the school to which they may be admitted, for a period not exceeding five years; but they will in no case be retained after they reach the age of eighteen years.

“III.—And whereas, by your Majesty's Order in Council of the ninth August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, the ages were fixed for the admission of boys into Greenwich Hospital School, and the discharge of such boys into the Royal Navy for continuous service; and whereas, from subsequent experience, we are humbly of opinion that such ages should be extended; we beg leave to submit that your Majesty will be graciously pleased, by your Order in Council, to authorize that, in the paragraph respecting eligibility for admission, for the words ‘between nine and ten and a-quarter years of age,’ shall be substituted the words ‘between ten and thirteen years of age;’ and in the paragraph respecting discharge from the General School into the Royal Navy, for the words ‘fourteen and a-half years,’ shall be substituted the words ‘fifteen years.’”

Her Majesty, having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to approve of what is therein proposed. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The **QUEEN's** Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by "The Harbours and Passing Tolls, &c., Act, 1861," it is, among other things, enacted as follows; viz. :—

"All rates, dues, duties, and imposts (hereinafter included in the term *Shipping Dues*) leviable by any of the Charitable Authorities named in the first schedule annexed hereto, on ships or on goods carried in ships, shall, except so far as the same may be required for the execution of such shipping purposes as have hitherto been executed by means of the said dues, cease to be levied on and after the first day of *January*, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two."

And whereas by the same Act, it is further enacted as follows; viz. :—

"During the period prior to the said first day of *January*, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, the shipping dues levied by each of the Authorities named in the said first schedule shall, subject to the execution of any shipping purposes to which the same, or any part thereof, may be applicable, be applied in payment of any pensions which have been lawfully granted, or in which a vested interest, absolute or contingent, has been lawfully created before the fifteenth day of *March*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; and any surplus arising from the said dues during the said period, after providing for the said shipping purposes and payment of the said pensions for the time being, and such payments for charitable or other purposes as have heretofore ordinarily been made by the said Authority out of the said dues, shall, with the interest thereon, after the termination of the said period, be applied in payment of such, if any, of the said pensions as have not then ceased; and, subject to such payment, the said surplus shall become part of the charitable funds of the said Authority, and shall be held and administered by them upon the same trusts and for the same purposes upon and for which the said dues would have been held and applied if this Act had not passed: If at any time after the expiration of the said period it is made to appear to Her Majesty in Council that any of the said pensions are still in existence, and that, after duly accounting for the surplus aforesaid, the Authority by which such pensions were granted is unable, either out of the said surplus or out of their other funds applicable to charitable purposes, to pay the said pensions, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, from time to time, by Order in Council, to declare that the shipping dues theretofore levied by the said Authority shall continue for such time and to such extent as may by such Order be declared to be necessary for payment of the said pensions; and thereupon the said shipping dues shall continue to be leviable according to the terms of such Order: Provided that nothing in this Act contained shall enable any of the said Authorities to apply any part of the said dues to any purposes to which they could not lawfully have applied the same if this Act had not passed:"

And whereas, during the period prior to the said first day of *January*, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, the shipping dues levied by the *Fraternity of Masters and Seamen in*

*Dundee* (one of the Authorities named in the said schedule to the said Act, and hereinafter called the *Dundee Trinity House*), have, subject to the execution of certain shipping purposes to which part of the same had, before the first day of *August*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, been applicable, been applied in payment of certain pensions which had been lawfully granted, or in which a vested interest, absolute or contingent, had been lawfully created, before the said fifteenth day of *March*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one:

And whereas by Order in Council, dated the twenty-first day of *February*, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, Her Majesty was pleased to declare that the shipping dues theretofore levied by the *Dundee Trinity House* should, so far as the same were not required for the execution of such shipping purposes as had before the first day of *August*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, been executed by means of the same, continue until the thirty-first day of *December*, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and no longer, unless further continued by Order in Council.

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that some of the pensions so lawfully granted by the *Dundee Trinity House* are still in existence, and that in certain other pensions a vested interest, absolute or contingent, has been lawfully created before the said fifteenth day of *March*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, in favour of certain persons who had before the last-mentioned date been admitted members of the *Dundee Trinity House*, and of their widows and certain relatives, and that, after duly accounting for the surplus before referred to, the *Dundee Trinity House* are unable either out of the said surplus, or out of their other funds applicable to charitable purposes, to pay the said pensions:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to declare that the shipping dues heretofore levied by the *Dundee Trinity House* shall, so far as the same are not required for the execution of such shipping purposes as had before the first day of *August*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, been executed by means of the same, further continue until the thirty-first day of *March*, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and no longer, unless further continued by Order in Council; and the said dues shall, subject as aforesaid, be applied only for the purposes following, that is to say:

1. For the purpose of paying to the persons named in the first schedule annexed hereto, during their respective lives the pensions set forth in the same schedule.
2. For the purpose of paying any pension which may hereafter be lawfully granted to any of the persons named in the second schedule annexed hereto.
3. For the purpose of paying any pension which may hereafter be lawfully granted, in pursuance of the charter of the *Dundee Trinity House*, to the widows or relatives of any decayed and reduced members admitted into the Incorporation before the fifteenth day of *March*, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

And Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased to direct that the *Dundee Trinity House* shall, on or before the first day of *February*, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, furnish

to the Board of Trade a full statement of their accounts for each of the years ended the third Tuesday in December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, and the third Tuesday in December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, showing all sums received by them, and all payments made by them during each of such years; and shall, on or before the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, furnish to the Board of Trade a statement, showing:—

1. What pensions (if any) have been lawfully granted since the commencement of the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, with names and ages of pensioners and amount of pensions.
2. Which of the persons named in the first and second schedules annexed hereto are living, and the dates upon which any of them may have died.
3. Whether any of such persons who may have died have left a widow, children, or grandchildren, and the respective ages of such widow, children, or grandchildren, if any.

*Edmund Harrison.*

First SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Order refers.

(1.) FREE MASTER MEMBERS.

No.	Name.	Age.	Amount of Pension.		
			£	s.	d.
1	George Lindsay ...	85	15	15	0
2	James Lyall ...	80	15	15	0
3	Lanceman Webster ...	87	15	15	0
4	George Banks ...	79	15	15	0
5	William Lamb ...	74	15	15	0
6	John White ...	83	15	15	0
7	William Bell ...	73	15	15	0
8	James Ireland ...	74	15	15	0
9	James Young... ..	70	15	15	0
10	James Kilgour ...	67	15	15	0
11	Thomas White ...	70	15	15	0
12	Andrew Greig ...	79	15	15	0
13	George Ambrose ...	67	15	15	0
14	Robert Tosh ...	69	15	15	0
15	William T. Anderson ...	65	15	15	0
16	William Gray ...	65	15	15	0
17	John Dickson... ..	72	15	15	0
18	Thomas Barron ...	76	15	15	0
19	George Fleming ...	66	15	15	0
20	John Mitchell... ..	63	15	15	0
21	James Gray ...	68	15	15	0
22	Alexander C. Webster ...	62	15	15	0
23	Thomas B. Lewis ...	55	15	15	0
24	David Japp ...	59	15	15	0
25	Melville Pryde ...	58	15	15	0
26	John Rodger ...	61	15	15	0
27	John Henderson ...	57	15	15	0
28	John Jack ...	78	15	15	0
29	James Rattray ...	66	15	15	0
30	William Young ...	59	15	15	0
31	David Gillespie ...	48	15	15	0

(2.) WIDOWS OF FREE MASTER MEMBERS.

No.	Name.	Age.	Amount of Pension.		
			£	s.	d.
32	Mrs. John Young ...	71	11	6	0
33	Robert Lithgow ...	87	11	6	0
34	William Ferguson... ..	71	11	6	0
35	Robert Scott ...	66	11	6	0
36	William Bennett ...	68	11	6	0
37	John Keillor ...	68	11	6	0
38	James Berry ...	61	11	6	0
39	John Gellatly ...	71	11	6	0
40	Peter Lawson ...	66	11	6	0
41	James Fyffe ...	70	11	6	0
42	William Nicoll ...	73	11	6	0
43	George Scott ...	58	11	6	0
44	James Stewart ...	59	11	6	0
45	George Young ...	62	11	6	0
46	George Deuchars ...	69	11	6	0
47	Thomas Banks ...	67	11	6	0
48	James Caithness ...	61	11	6	0
49	David Webster ...	61	11	6	0
50	Peter Kennedy ...	81	11	6	0
51	John Bridie ...	57	11	6	0
52	James Webster ...	80	11	6	0
53	William Henderson	60	11	6	0
54	Alexander Boyack	49	11	6	0
55	Patrick Clark .	49	11	6	0
56	David Davidson ...	71	11	6	0
57	George D. Bruce ...	60	11	6	0
58	Patrick or Peter Clark	49	11	6	0
59	William Ireland ...	67	11	6	0
60	John Boyack... ..	67	11	6	0
61	James Cables ...	62	11	6	0
62	James Patrick ...	54	11	6	0
63	James McLeish ...	51	11	6	0
64	Daniel Soutar ...	63	11	6	0
65	James Kidd ...	63	11	6	0
66	Robert Mawer ...	76	11	6	0
67	Alexander Japp ...	71	11	6	0
68	John Kirkaldy ...	67	11	6	0
69	William Lee ...	54	11	6	0
70	William Patrick ...	55	11	6	0
71	William Mearns ...	73	11	6	0
72	Arthur Brown ...	56	11	6	0
73	John Peat ...	51	11	6	0
74	John Robb ...	61	11	6	0
75	John F. Walker ...	43	11	6	0
76	Leanus W. Duff ...	51	11	6	0
77	David Jack ...	71	11	6	0
78	William Key... ..	66	11	6	0
79	David Mitchell ...	69	11	6	0
80	James Sturrock ...	46	11	6	0
81	Hugh Inglis... ..	55	11	6	0
82	James Norrie... ..	61	11	6	0
83	James M. Barron ...	43	11	6	0
84	Adam D. Webster... ..	71	11	6	0
85	Henry Taylor ...	46	11	6	0

(3.) CHILDREN OF FREE MASTER MEMBERS.

No.	Name.	Age.	Amount of Pension.		
			£	s.	d.
86	Robert Spink's child "Margaret"	61	5	19	6
87	John Colman's child "Thomas"	59	5	17	0
88	George Caithness' child "Agnes"	78	5	17	0

(3.) CHILDREN OF FREE MASTER MEMBERS—  
(continued).

No.	Name.	Age.	Amount of Pension.
89	David Young's child "Jemima"	16	£ s. d. 5 17 0
90	Robert Webster's child "Isabella"	81	5 17 0
91	David Jack's child "David"	59	5 17 0
92	John Phillip's child "John"	61	5 17 0
93	Thomas Cook's child "Agnes"	12	10 0 0
94	Thomas Cook's child "Thomas"	10	

## (4.) MATES.

No.	Name.	Age.	Amount of Pension.
95	Robert Scott ... ..	74	£ s. d. 8 15 6
96	James Brown... ..	63	8 15 6
97	David Kidd ... ..	60	8 15 6
98	David Greig ... ..	60	8 15 6
99	Alexander Barclay ... ..	57	8 15 6
100	James Kidd ... ..	56	8 15 6
101	John David Webster ... ..	60	8 15 6
102	William Small ... ..	68	8 15 6

## (5.) WIDOWS OF MATES.

No.	Name.	Age.	Amount of Pension.
103	Mrs. James Leslie ... ..	69	£ s. d. 5 13 0
104	" John Shepherd ... ..	72	5 13 0
105	" Peter Nucator ... ..	74	5 13 0
106	" David McNab ... ..	72	5 13 0
107	" William Duncan ... ..	73	5 13 0
108	" John Houston ... ..	70	5 13 0
109	" Elizabeth Simpson... ..	67	5 13 0
110	" Thomas Small ... ..	59	5 13 0
111	" George Webster ... ..	71	5 13 0
112	" William Clark ... ..	55	5 13 0
113	" James Ireland ... ..	59	5 13 0
114	" David Cameron ... ..	64	5 13 0
115	" James Cook ... ..	62	5 13 0
116	" James Forsyth ... ..	55	5 13 0
117	" James Kermath ... ..	74	5 13 0
118	" John Ritchie ... ..	67	5 13 0
119	" Robert Cooper ... ..	68	5 13 0
120	" Samuel Smith ... ..	53	5 13 0
121	" David Bower... ..	57	5 13 0
122	" David Rollo ... ..	60	5 13 0
123	" John Crockatt ... ..	50	5 13 0
124	" Thomas Barclay ... ..	55	5 13 0
125	" John Foreman ... ..	79	5 13 0
126	" George Cumming ... ..	71	5 13 0
127	" John Edwards ... ..	47	5 13 0
128	" Thomas Miller ... ..	47	5 13 0
129	" James Ireland ... ..	49	5 13 0
130	" James Milne ... ..	58	5 13 0
131	" William Davidson... ..	43	5 13 0
132	" James Grant... ..	47	5 13 0
133	" Alexander Laing ... ..	71	5 13 0
134	" George Crammond ... ..	67	5 13 0
135	" Peter L. Low ... ..	53	5 13 0

## (6.) CHARITIES.

	£	s.	d.
Margaret Foreman ... ..	4	4	0
Isabella Scott ... ..	5	12	0
Margaret Kincaid ... ..	5	12	0

Second SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Order refers.

## (1.) FREE MASTERS.

1. William Adamson.
2. James Anderson.
3. James Cappon.
4. Thomas Cappon.
5. John Cumming.
6. Thomas Fraser.
7. David Foreman.
8. Alexander O'Greig.
9. John Gregory.
10. John Greig.
11. James Martin.
12. J. W. Melville.
13. James McGregor.
14. James Ogilvy.
15. David Pryde.
16. David Simpson.
17. George Thoms.
18. George Taylor.
19. W. O. Taylor.
20. George Welch.
21. George C. White.
22. William Barron.
23. James Matthew Banks.
24. John Moir Cochrane.
25. David Cumming.
26. William Coleman.
27. Charles Duncan.
28. Thomas Herald.
29. John Kennedy.
30. George Kidd, junr.
31. William Kilgour.
32. Peter Myles.
33. William Ovenstone.
34. David Peters.
35. William Speedy.
36. George White.
37. Edgar Foreman.

(2.) MATES who joined the Incorporation prior to the 15th day of March, 1861, not yet made free, but some of whom may ultimately become Free Masters.

38. David Smart Archibald.
39. Andrew Anderson.
40. Fleming Bishop.
41. William Clark.
42. William Duncan.
43. James Ewing.
44. George Keay.
45. John Key.
46. John Ogilvy.
47. George Oswald.

## (3.) WIDOWS OF FREE MASTERS.

48. Mrs. William Ogilvy Taylor.
49. " William Clark.

## (4.) WIDOW OF MATE.

50. Mrs. Henry Blyth.

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

**PRESENT,**

The **QUEEN'S** Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," after reciting that "Whereas, in some instances, tithings, hamlets, chapeltries, and other places or districts may be separated from the parishes or mother churches to which they belong, with great advantage, and places altogether extra-parochial may in some instances with advantage be annexed to parishes or districts to which they are contiguous, or be constituted separate parishes for ecclesiastical purposes," it is, amongst other things, enacted "That when, with respect to his own diocese, it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, or when the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said archbishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place or district within the diocese of such archbishop, or the diocese of such bishop, as the case may be, may be advantageously separated from any parish or mother church, and either be constituted a separate benefice by itself or be united to any other parish to which it may be more conveniently annexed, or to any other adjoining tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district, parochial or extra-parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or that any extra-parochial place may with advantage be annexed to any parish to which it is contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes; and the said archbishop or bishop shall draw up a scheme in writing (the scheme of such bishop to be transmitted to the said archbishop for his consideration), describing the mode in which it appears to him that the alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent-charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested; and if the patron or patrons of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such alteration shall consent in writing under his or their hands to such scheme, or to such modification thereof as the said archbishop may approve, and the said archbishop shall, on full consideration and inquiry, be satisfied with any such scheme, or modification thereof, and shall certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an Order for carrying such scheme, or modification thereof, as the case may be, into effect."

And whereas by another Act of Parliament, passed in the second and third years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to make better provision for the assignment of ecclesiastical districts to churches or chapels augmented by the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne; and for other purposes," it is, amongst other things, further enacted, "That when, by any Order of Her Majesty in Council as aforesaid, a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes is constituted, the same shall, on registration thereof, and with the consent in writing of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice

"or benefices to be thereby affected, become a perpetual curacy and benefice, and the minister thereof, duly nominated and licensed thereto, and his successors, shall be a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, and may receive and take to himself and his successors all such lands, tenements, tithes, rent-charges and hereditaments as shall be granted unto him or them, and such perpetual curate shall thenceforth have, within the limits of the district parish formed under the Church Building Acts, for the church of such perpetual curacy, sole and exclusive cure of souls, and shall not in anywise be subject to the control or interference of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such Order, if he or they shall have consented to such Order as aforesaid; but if such incumbent or incumbents shall not have so consented thereto, this last-mentioned provision shall not come into operation until the next avoidance of the benefice by the incumbent objecting thereto, or by the surviving incumbent objecting, if more than one shall object thereto, and in such case the last-mentioned provision shall forthwith after such avoidance come into operation, and shall be binding on all persons whatsoever."

And whereas the Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol has drawn up, together with a scheme, a representation, in writing, bearing date the nineteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and has transmitted the same to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, in the words and figures following (that is to say):

"To the Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury.

"I, Charles John, Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, do hereby represent to your Grace, that there are, in the county of Gloucester, and my diocese, the following, amongst other, parishes and benefices, that is to say: the vicarage of Haresfield, the rectory of Harescombe with Pitchcombe, and the vicarage of Brookthorpe with Whaddon; that the said parish of Haresfield comprises a district bounded on the east by a lane leading from Hayes Farm to the road from the Edge Church to Coldthrop, on the south by lands in the tithing of Coldthrop, in the parish of Standish, on the west and north-west by lands in the said parish of Brookthorpe, and on the north partly by the said road from the Edge Church to Coldthrop, and partly by lands in the said parish of Harescombe, and which district consists of the several pieces of land and hereditaments described on the parish map of the said parish of Haresfield and book of reference thereto, as follows:—

Nos.	Description.	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
474	Homestead ... ..	1	1	20
475	Homestead and Orchard ...	1	1	31
476	... ..	1	3	17
477	Home Ground ... ..	1	3	16
478	Homestead ... ..	1	0	30
479	Goose Close ... ..	1	2	14
480	2nd Allotment, Long Ground	1	3	3
481	Plantation ... ..	1	1	19
482	Buckals Iberds ... ..	4	2	11
483	3rd Allotment, Ten Shilling Patch	0	3	24
484	Square Iberds ... ..	1	3	16
485	4th Allotment, Smith's Iberds	1	1	6

Nos.	Description.	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
486	5th Allotment, The Pitts Iberds	1	3	26
487				
488	6th do. Bullard ...	5	0	24
489	14th do. Blind Churl	2	0	32
490	15th do. East Part of do. do.	0	2	5
491	1st do. Part of do. do.	0	3	12
492	2nd do. do. do. do.	1	1	8
493	1st do. Shorn Brook	5	0	5
494	2nd do. Lower Gollington	3	1	11
495	4th do. Hopcroft ...	1	0	16
496	5th do. Middle Gollington	4	2	0
497	6th do. Further Gollington	5	1	14
498	Allotment, Part of Upper Gollington	6	0	32
499	East Part of Upper Gollington	0	3	11
500	1st Allotment in White Hill Field	3	2	21
501	2nd do. White Hill Tynning	1	0	11
502	3rd do. White Hill Field	2	3	20
503	Allotment in do. do.	4	0	0
504	The Windmill Lease ...	11	0	26
505	Allotment in White Hill Field	3	1	8
506	Oakey Close ...	1	0	32
506A	Part of do. do. ...	1	0	35
507	4th Allotment, Vicarage Acre	1	0	4
508	1st Allotment, Pigs' Furlong	2	2	6
509	Hopcroft ...	6	3	30
510	1st Allotment, Little Dockworth	1	0	30
511	9th do. do. do.	0	0	39
512	10th do. Dockworth ...	2	2	23
513	11th do. Little Dockworth	1	0	17
514	13th do. Hollock Field	11	0	33
515	2nd do. Pigs' Furlong	3	0	13
516	3rd do. Shoulder of Mutton	0	0	22
517	Allotment in Hollock Field	3	0	16
518	3rd do. in do. do.	1	1	3
518A	Allotment in do. do.	0	1	24
518B	4th do. do. do.	0	2	28
519	Allotment do. do.	0	3	26
520	Do. do. ...	0	2	0
529	Hollock Piece, 12th Allotment	4	3	15
530	Hollock Ground ...	6	1	35
531	Hollock Orchard ...	2	0	16
532	Cottage and garden ...	0	0	27
533	Dockworth Orchard ...	1	1	8
534	Home Ground ...	2	3	0
535	8th Allotment, Latches ...	3	3	32
536	Orchard ...	0	2	15
537	House and garden ...	0	2	18
	Total ...	A.147	1	36

"That the said district (hereinafter called the District No. 1) contains nine houses, none of which is less than two miles from the parish

church of Haresfield, or more than half a mile from the parish church of Harescombe, while the nearest part of the said District No. 1 is within one hundred yards of the parish church of Harescombe, and the furthest part is within a mile of the same church.

"That the population of the said District No. 1 consists of about forty-six persons, who can more conveniently attend for Divine worship the parish church of Harescombe than the parish church of Haresfield.

"That the said parish church of Harescombe is capable of affording accommodation to the inhabitants of the said District No. 1, as well as to the parishioners of Harescombe.

"That the said parish of Haresfield comprises a district bounded on the north-west by a brook called Daniel's Brook, on the south-west by a road leading from Brookthorpe to Haresfield, on the south-east by a road leading from Harescombe to Quedgeley, and on the north-east by land in the parish of Brookthorpe, in the said county, and which district consists of the several pieces of land and hereditaments described in the said parish map of Haresfield and book of reference thereto, as follows:—

Nos.	Description.	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
521	Daniel's Brook Orchard ...	2	3	21
522	House and garden ...	0	0	21
	Total ...	A.3	0	2

"That the said district (hereinafter called the District No. 2) contains two cottages inhabited by six persons, which cottages are two miles from the parish church of Haresfield, and not more than three-quarters of a mile from the parish church of Brookthorpe.

"That the inhabitants of the said District No. 2 can more conveniently attend for Divine worship the parish church of Brookthorpe than the parish church of Haresfield.

"That the said parish church of Brookthorpe is capable of affording accommodation to the inhabitants of the said District No. 2, as well as to the parishioners of Brookthorpe.

"That the said parish of Harescombe comprises a district consisting of nine tenements which are bounded on the north and south by lands in the said parish of Brookthorpe, and on the east and west by lands in the said parish of Whaddon, and are described in the tithe commutation map of the said parish of Harescombe as follows, that is to say:—

Nos. on Tithe Map.	Description.	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
134	Part of Playne's House ...	0	1	17
135	Cottage and garden ...	0	0	27
136	Cottage and garden ...	0	0	15
137	Cottage and garden ...	0	0	19
138	Cottage and garden ...	0	0	11
139	Cottage and garden ...	0	0	10
140	Cottage and garden ...	0	0	30
141	Cottage, garden, and butcher's shop	0	0	26
142	Payne's Ground ...	4	1	8
	Total ...	A.5	2	3



"That the said district (hereinafter called the District No. 3) lies at a distance of half a mile only from the parish church of Brookthorpe, and at a distance of upwards of two miles from the parish church of Harescombe.

"That the population of the said District No. 3 consists of twenty-six persons who can more conveniently attend for public worship the parish church of Brookthorpe than the parish church of Harescombe.

"That the said parish church of Brookthorpe is capable of affording accommodation for the inhabitants of the said District No. 3, as well as for the parishioners of Brookthorpe.

"That the said parish of Harescombe comprises a district consisting of four tenements which lie in a ring fence, and are bounded on the north-east and south-west by lands in the said parish of Brookthorpe, and on the north-west and south-east by lands in the said parish of Whaddon, and are described in the tithe commutation map of the said parish of Harescombe and book of reference thereto as follows, that is to say :—

Nos.	Description.	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
150	George's Close ... ..	4	2	36
151	Cottage and garden ... ..	0	0	19
152	Plantation adjoining George's Close	0	1	0
153	Cottage and garden ... ..	0	0	34
	Total ... ..	A.5	1	9

"That the said district (hereinafter called the District No. 4) lies at a distance of two miles from the parish church of Harescombe, and at a distance of three-quarters of a mile only from the parish church of Brookthorpe.

"That the population of the said District No. 4 consists of five persons who can more conveniently attend for public worship the parish church of Brookthorpe than the parish church of Harescombe.

"That the said parish church of Brookthorpe is capable of affording accommodation for the inhabitants of the said District No. 4, as well as for the parishioners of Brookthorpe.

"That in the said parishes of Haresfield, Harescombe, Whaddon, and Brookthorpe is comprised a district consisting of sixteen tenements which lies in a ring fence, and bounded on the north and west by lands in the parish of Brookthorpe, on the east by lands in the parish of Painswick, and on the south by the old road leading from the Horsepools to Brookthorpe, and are described in the parish map of Haresfield, and in the tithe-maps of Harescombe, Brookthorpe, and Whaddon respectively as follows, that is to say :—

Nos.	Description.	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
	<i>Haresfield.</i>			
752	Upper Arnold's ... ..	4	0	4
751	Lower Arnold's ... ..	2	2	35
750	5th Allotment, West Part, Lower Arnold's	0	2	14
	<i>Harescombe.</i>			
174	Pear Tree Piece Orchard ...	1	3	34
170	Upper Arnold's ... ..	1	2	33

No.	Description.	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
173	Cottage and garden called Fisher's	0	0	20
172	Fisher's, or Arnold's, by the old road	0	3	16
169	The Lay, at the top of Upper Arnold's	0	0	29
	<i>Brookthorpe.</i>			
161	Ladies' Arnold ... ..	1	2	12
162	The Lower Arnolds ... ..	1	0	5
163	Niblett's Arnolds ... ..	1	1	26
164	Bishop's Arnolds ... ..	2	1	9
165	Wood ... ..	0	0	27
166	The Upper Arnolds ... ..	1	1	31
	<i>Whaddon.</i>			
210	Lagger Lay Arnolds ... ..	0	1	7
	Total ... ..	A.20	1	22

"That the said district (hereinafter called the District No. 5) lies at a distance of three miles from the church of the said parish of Haresfield, one mile and a half from the church of the said parish of Brookthorpe, two miles from the church of the said parish of Whaddon, and one mile from the church of the said parish of Harescombe, and contains a population of five persons, who can more conveniently attend for public worship the parish church of Harescombe than the parish churches of Brookthorpe, Haresfield, or Whaddon respectively.

"That the parish church of Harescombe is capable of affording accommodation for the inhabitants of the said District No. 5, as well as for the parishioners of Harescombe.

"That belonging to the said parish of Brookthorpe are twenty-six tenements, which lie interspersed amongst tenements in the said parish of Pitchcombe, and are described in the tithe commutation map of Brookthorpe aforesaid, and book of reference thereto, as follows, that is to say :—

Nos.	Description.	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
256	In Pitchcombe Hill, common field and shed	3	0	15
257	In Pitchcombe Hill, common field	2	2	17
258	Do. do. do. ... ..	1	3	29
259	House, outhouse, and garden	0	0	18
260	Barley Close Field ... ..	3	2	16
261	Furlong and Langells, or Turnall's	8	2	32
262	Pipe Acre ... ..	1	0	7
262A	Plantation ... ..	0	0	14
263	Do. ... ..	0	1	4
264	House, workshop, and garden	0	0	5
265	Garden ... ..	0	0	12
266	Moores or reddings ... ..	1	2	4
267	Summer Lease ... ..	2	3	28
268	Moores or reddings ... ..	2	3	4
269	Moores or reddings ... ..	0	2	22
270	Moore, ground, or reddings	3	1	17
271	Moore, ground, or reddings	2	1	39
272	House and garden ... ..	0	0	10
273	House and garden ... ..	0	0	34
274	House and garden ... ..	0	1	18

Nos.	Description:	Quantities.		
		A.	R.	P.
275	House and garden, formerly part of Impray Orchard	0	0	27
276	Pasture, formerly part of Impray Orchard	0	3	5
277	Field or home close ...	3	2	15
278	Short Acres ...	1	1	38
279	Pasture and buildings ...	0	2	5
280	The Mead ...	4	3	11
	Total ...	A.47	1	6

"That the said twenty-six tenements (hereinafter referred to as the District No. 6) lie at a distance of three miles from the parish church of Brookthorpe aforesaid, and within half a mile of the parish church of Pitchcombe aforesaid, and contain a population of about eighteen persons, who can more conveniently attend for public worship the parish church of Pitchcombe than the parish church of Brookthorpe.

"That the parish church of Pitchcombe is capable of affording accommodation for the inhabitants of the said District No. 6, as well as for the parishioners of Pitchcombe.

"That the patronage of the said vicarage and parish church of Haresfield belongs to John Daniel Thomas Niblett, of Tuffley Court, in the said county of Gloucester, Esquire, the patronage of the said rectory and parish church of Harescombe with Pitchcombe belongs to the Reverend William Melland, of Port Eynon, in the county of Glamorgan, Clerk, and the patronage of the said vicarage and parish church of Brookthorpe with Whaddon belongs to the Very Reverend the Dean and the Chapter of the cathedral church of Gloucester, for three turns in four, and to Sir John Neeld, of Grittleton, in the county of Wilts, Baronet, for one turn in four.

"That the Reverend William Henry Le Marchant, D.D., is the present vicar of the said vicarage of Haresfield, the Reverend Edward Lewis, M.A., is the present rector of the said rectory of Harescombe with Pitchcombe, and the Reverend Francis Turnour James Bayly, B.A., is the present vicar of the said vicarage of Brookthorpe with Whaddon.

"That it appears to me, that under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament passed in the session holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter one hundred and six, and in the session holden in the second and third years of the same reign, chapter forty-nine, the following alterations may be advantageously made, namely:—

"1. That the District No. 1, belonging to the said parish of Haresfield, may be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to the said parish of Harescombe for ecclesiastical purposes.

"2. That the District No. 2, belonging to the said parish of Haresfield, may be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to the said parish of Brookthorpe for ecclesiastical purposes.

"3. That the said Districts Nos. 3 and 4, respectively belonging to the said parish of Harescombe, may be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to the said parish of Brookthorpe for ecclesiastical purposes.

"4. That the portions of the said District No. 5, which belong to the said parishes of Hares-

field, Brookthorpe, and Whaddon respectively, may be separated from the residue of the said several parishes and be united to the said parish of Harescombe for ecclesiastical purposes.

"5. That the said District No. 6, belonging to the said parish of Brookthorpe, may be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to the said parish of Pitchcombe for ecclesiastical purposes.

"That, pursuant to the direction contained in the 26th section of the said first-mentioned Act, I have prepared the following scheme which, together with the consents thereto of the patrons and incumbents respectively of the said parishes of Haresfield and Brookthorpe respectively, and of the united benefice of Harescombe and Pitchcombe, I do submit to your Grace, to the intent that your Grace may, if on full consideration and inquiry you shall be satisfied with such scheme, certify the same and such consents by your report to Her Majesty in Council.

"The SCHEME above referred to.

"1. That the said District No. 1 belonging to and forming part of the said parish of Haresfield, and in the aforesaid representation particularly described, shall be separated from the residue of the said parish of Haresfield, and be united to, and be deemed part of, the said parish of Harescombe for ecclesiastical purposes.

"That the said District No. 1 shall be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said rectory and parish of Harescombe, and the incumbent of Harescombe with Pitchcombe shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the said District No. 1.

"That all fees and other ecclesiastical dues and payments for churchings, marriages, burials, and other ecclesiastical offices solemnized and performed within the said parish of Harescombe in respect of the said District No. 1, shall henceforth belong to the incumbent of the said parish of Harescombe.

"That the parishioners within the said District No. 1 shall be entitled to accommodation in the parish church of Harescombe aforesaid, but shall not henceforth be entitled to any accommodation in the parish church of Haresfield, except nevertheless any person or persons (if any) possessing a legal right, by faculty or otherwise, to the exclusive use of any pews or sittings in the said parish church of Haresfield, and who may not be willing to relinquish and give up the same.

"2. That the said District No. 2, belonging to and forming part of the said parish of Haresfield, and in the aforesaid representation particularly described, shall be separated from the said parish and be united to, and form part of, the said parish of Brookthorpe for ecclesiastical purposes.

"That the said District No. 2 shall be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said vicarage and parish of Brookthorpe with Whaddon, and the incumbent of Brookthorpe with Whaddon shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the same District No. 2.

"That all fees and other ecclesiastical dues and payments for churchings, marriages, burials, and other ecclesiastical offices solemnized and performed within the said parish of Brookthorpe in respect of the said District No. 2, shall henceforth belong to the incumbent of the said parish of Brookthorpe with Whaddon.

"That the parishioners within the said District No. 2, shall be entitled to accommodation in the parish church of Brookthorpe aforesaid, but shall not henceforth be entitled to any accommodation

in the parish church of Haresfield, except, nevertheless, any person or persons (if any) possessing a legal right, by faculty or otherwise, to the exclusive use of any pews or sittings in the said parish church of Haresfield, and who may not be willing to relinquish and give up the same.

"3. That the said Districts Nos. 3 and 4, belonging to and forming parts respectively of the said parish of Harescombe, and in the aforesaid representation particularly described, shall be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to, and form parts of, the parish of Brookthorpe aforesaid for ecclesiastical purposes.

"That the said Districts Nos. 3 and 4 shall be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said vicarage and parishes of Brookthorpe and Whaddon, and the incumbent of Brookthorpe with Whaddon shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the said Districts Nos. 3 and 4, and each of them.

"That all fees and other ecclesiastical dues and payments for churchings, marriages, burials, and other ecclesiastical offices solemnized and performed within the said parish of Brookthorpe in respect of the said Districts Nos. 3 and 4, or either of them, shall henceforth belong to the incumbent of Brookthorpe with Whaddon.

"That the parishioners within the said Districts Nos. 3 and 4 shall be entitled to accommodation in the parish church of Brookthorpe aforesaid, but shall not henceforth be entitled to any accommodation in the parish church of Harescombe, except, nevertheless, any person or persons (if any) possessing a legal right, by faculty or otherwise, to the exclusive use of any pews or sittings in the said parish church of Harescombe, and who may not be willing to relinquish and give up the same.

"4. That the portions of the said District No. 5, which belong to and form part of the said parishes of Haresfield, Brookthorpe, and Whaddon respectively, and in the aforesaid representation are particularly described, shall be separated from the residue of the said parishes respectively, and the said District No. 5 shall be united to, and form part of, the parish of Harescombe aforesaid for ecclesiastical purposes.

"That the said District No. 5 shall be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said rectory and parish of Harescombe, and the incumbent of Harescombe with Pitchcombe shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the said District No. 5.

"That all fees and other ecclesiastical dues and payments for churchings, marriages, burials, and other ecclesiastical offices solemnized and performed within the said parish of Harescombe, in respect of the said District No. 5, shall henceforth belong to the incumbent of Harescombe and Pitchcombe.

"That the inhabitants of the said District No. 5 shall be entitled to accommodation in the parish church of Harescombe aforesaid, but shall not henceforth be entitled to any accommodation in the said parish churches of Haresfield, Brookthorpe, or Whaddon respectively, except any person or persons (if any) possessing a legal right, by faculty or otherwise, to the exclusive use of any pews or sittings in the said parish churches of Haresfield, Brookthorpe, or Whaddon respectively, and who may not be willing to relinquish and give up the same.

"5. That the said District No. 6, belonging to and forming part of the said parish of Brookthorpe, and in the said representation particularly described, shall be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to, and form part of,

the said parish of Pitchcombe for ecclesiastical purposes.

"That the said District No. 6 shall be subject to the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said rectory and parish of Pitchcombe, and the incumbent of Harescombe with Pitchcombe shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the said District No. 6.

"That all fees and other ecclesiastical dues and payments for churchings, marriages, burials, and other ecclesiastical offices solemnized and performed within the said parish of Pitchcombe, in respect of the said District No. 6, shall henceforth belong to the incumbent of the said parish of Harescombe and Pitchcombe.

"That the inhabitants of the said District No. 6, shall be entitled to accommodation in the parish church of Pitchcombe aforesaid, but shall not henceforth be entitled to any accommodation in the parish church of Brookthorpe, except, nevertheless, any person or persons (if any), possessing a legal right, by faculty or otherwise, to the exclusive use of any pews or sittings in the said parish church of Brookthorpe, and who may not be willing to relinquish and give up the same.

"6. That all and singular the tithe, rent-charges, or other payments in lieu of tithes arising, or which shall from time to time arise, or become payable from or in respect of any of the lands and hereditaments in any of the said districts, shall continue to be payable to the several persons and bodies corporate who are at present entitled to receive the same respectively.

"Dated this nineteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

"C. J. Gloucester and Bristol."

"Consents.

"I, John Daniel Thomas Niblett, of Haresfield Court, in the county of Gloucester, Esquire, being the patron or the person entitled to present to the said vicarage of Haresfield, and I, William Melland, being the patron or the person entitled to present to the said rectory of Harescombe-with-Pitchcombe, and we, the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of the Holy and Indivisible Trinity in Gloucester, being the patrons of the corporation entitled to present to the said vicarage of Brookthorpe with Whaddon, for three turns in four, and I, Sir John Neeld, Baronet, of Grittleton House, in the county of Wilts, being the patron or person entitled to present to the said vicarage of Brookthorpe with Whaddon, for one turn in four, and I, William Henry Le Marchant, being the vicar of the said vicarage of Haresfield, and I, Edward Lewis, being the rector of the said rectory of Harescombe with Pitchcombe, and I, Francis Turnour James Bayly, being the vicar of the said vicarage of Brookthorpe with Whaddon, do hereby severally consent to the foregoing scheme and to every matter and thing therein proposed and set forth.

"Dated this thirtieth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

"J. D. Thos. Niblett.

"William Melland.

"John Neeld.

"William H. Le Marchant.

"Edward Lewis.

"F. Turnour Bayly."

And whereas his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury hath, pursuant to the provisions of the said Acts, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a certificate and report, in writing, bearing date the twelfth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight

hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following :

“ To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

“ We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby report to your Majesty in Council, that the Right Reverend Charles John, Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, has represented unto us (amongst other things) :

“ That there are in the county of Gloucester, and diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, the vicarage of Haresfield, the rectory of Harescombe with Pitchcombe, and the vicarage of Brookthorpe with Whaddon.

“ That in the parish of Haresfield are comprised two several districts, in the said representation particularly described, and therein referred to as District No. 1 and District No. 2.

“ That in the parish of Harescombe are comprised two several districts, in the said representation particularly described, and therein referred to as District No. 3 and District No. 4.

“ That in the said parishes of Haresfield and Harescombe, Whaddon, and Brookthorpe is comprised a district consisting of sixteen tenements, laying within a ring fence, and which is also particularly described in the said representation, and therein referred to as District No. 5.

“ That belonging to the parish of Brookthorpe are twenty-six tenements, which lie interspersed amongst tenements in the parish of Pitchcombe, and which twenty-six tenements are particularly described in the said representation, and therein referred to as District No. 6.

“ That it appears to the said Lord Bishop, that under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, chapter one hundred and six, and of the second and third years of your Majesty's said reign, chapter forty-nine, the following alterations may be advantageously made, namely :—

- “ 1. That the District No. 1, belonging to the said parish of Haresfield, may be separated from the said residue of the said parish, and be united to the said parish of Harescombe for ecclesiastical purposes.
- “ 2. That the District No. 2, belonging to the said parish of Haresfield, may be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to the said parish of Brookthorpe for ecclesiastical purposes.
- “ 3. That the Districts Nos. 3 and 4, respectively belonging to the said parish of Harescombe, may be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to the said parish of Brookthorpe for ecclesiastical purposes.
- “ 4. That the portions of the said District No. 5, which belong to the said parishes of Haresfield, Brookthorpe, and Whaddon respectively, may be separated from the residue of the said several parishes, and be united to the said parish of Harescombe for ecclesiastical purposes.
- “ 5. That the District No. 6, belonging to the said parish of Brookthorpe, may be separated from the residue of the said parish, and be united to the said parish of Pitchcombe for ecclesiastical purposes.

“ That the said Lord Bishop has drawn up a scheme, in writing, describing the mode in which it appears to him that the proposed alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alterations in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in

respect to rights to pews may be made with justice to all parties interested, which scheme, together the consents thereto, in writing, of the patrons and incumbents respectively of the said vicarage of Haresfield, the said rectory of Harescombe with Pitchcombe, and the said vicarage of Brookthorpe with Whaddon, has been transmitted by the said Lord Bishop to us for our consideration.

“ The representation and scheme of the said Lord Bishop, and the consents before referred to, together with extracts from the maps of the several parishes, showing the contents and boundaries of the several Districts, Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, before referred to, are hereunto annexed.

“ And we, the said Archbishop, being, on full consideration and enquiry, satisfied with the said scheme, do hereby pursuant to the said Act of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, certify the same and such consents as aforesaid, to the intent that your Majesty in Council, may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for carrying the said scheme into effect.

“ As witness our hand this twelfth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.”

“ A. C. Cantuar.”

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to approve of the said scheme of the said Lord Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be carried into effect.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the 16th day of January, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventh day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following; that is to say :

“ We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two; have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Paul, situate within the limits of the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York.

“ Whereas at certain extremities of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middles-

brough, and of the parish or parochial chapelry of West Acklam, in the county and diocese aforesaid, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such new parish and parish or parochial chapelry respectively.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, and of the said parish or parochial chapelry of West Acklam, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint Paul, situate within the limits of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William, Archbishop of York, as such Archbishop, and also as the patron, in right of his see, of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, and with the consent of Thomas Hustler, of Acklam Hall, in the said county of York, Esquire, the patron of the vicarage of the said parish or parochial-chapelry of West Acklam, (in testimony whereof they, the said consenting parties, have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, and of the said parish or parochial chapelry of West Acklam, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Paul, situate within the limits of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Paul, Middlesbrough.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Paul, Middlesbrough, being :

"All that portion of the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, and also all that contiguous portion of the parish or parochial-chapelry of West Acklam, both in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, which said portions are comprised within and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, from the parish or parochial chapelry of Middlesbrough, in the county and diocese aforesaid, at the point near the railway bridge called West Bridge, where North-road is joined by Boundary-road; and extending thence, southward, along the middle of the last-named road to its junction with Newport-road; and continuing thence, still southward, across the last-named road, to and along the middle of Brentnall-street (thereby crossing the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, from a certain detached portion of the parish or parochial-

chapelry of West Acklam aforesaid), to the junction of the last-named street with Grange-road; and continuing thence, still in the last-mentioned direction and in a direct line, for a distance of thirty-four chains and a quarter, or thereabouts (thereby again crossing the last-described boundary, and also crossing the wood called or known as Long Plantation) to a boundary stone, inscribed 'M., St. P. C. C., 1872, No. 1,' and placed upon the boundary dividing the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, from the main portion of the parish or parochial-chapelry of West Acklam aforesaid, at a point distant ten chains, or thereabouts, to the north-west of Linthorpe-road; and extending thence, in a direction generally westward, along the last-described boundary to the point at the northern end of the village of Aysome, where the same boundary diverges to the west from Newport-lane, otherwise called West-lane; and extending thence, northward from such boundary, for a distance of seventeen chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the same lane to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'M., St. P. C. C., 1872, No. 2,' and placed on the western side of the said lane, at the point where the same lane abuts upon the line of the North Eastern Railway; and extending thence, westward, to such boundary stone; and extending thence, and in a direct line due north-westward, across the said line of railway to the boundary in the middle of the River Tees, which divides the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, from the parish of Stockton-upon-Tees, in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham; and extending thence, northward, for a distance of one mile and thirty chains, or thereabouts, along the last-described boundary, and along the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, from the parish of Billingham, in the last-mentioned county and diocese, thereby following the county boundary in the middle of the River Tees aforesaid, to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'M., St. P. C. C., 1872, No. 3,' and placed on the right bank of the same river, at the north-western end of the wall or fence which divides certain land belonging to Messrs. Lloyd and Co., of Linthorpe Iron Works, Middlesbrough, from certain land belonging to the firm commonly called or known as the Middlesbrough Owners; and extending thence, south-eastward, to such boundary stone, and continuing thence, still in the last-named direction, for a distance of thirty-four and a half chains, or thereabouts, along the said wall or fence to a boundary stone inscribed 'M., St. P. C. C., 1872, No. 4,' and placed at or near to the south-eastern end of the same wall or fence, on the western side of the line of the West Marsh Branch of the said North Eastern Railway, and continuing thence, still south-eastward, to a point in the middle of the said branch line of railway; and extending thence, southward, for a distance of twenty-eight chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the same branch line of railway, to its junction with the line of the Old Town Branch of the said North Eastern Railway; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of five chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named branch line of railway to a point opposite to the middle of the western end of North-road; and extending thence, first eastward to, and then north-eastward and eastward, along the middle of the last-named road to the first-described point near West Bridge aforesaid, where the said North-road is joined by Boundary-road aforesaid, such point being upon the boundary which divides

the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Middlesbrough, from the parish or parochial chapelry of Middlesbrough aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of York.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a representation, bearing date the seventh day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church, situate in the hamlet of Cockan, in the parish of Kirby Moorside, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said parish of Kirby Moorside, of the parish of Lastingham, in the said county of York, and in the said diocese of York, and of the parish or parochial chapelry of Kirkdale, in the same county and diocese, which said extremities (consisting of the township of Bransdale East and Farndale West, of the township of Farndale Low Quarter, of the township of Farndale East, and of the township of Bransdale West) lie contiguous one to another, and are more particularly described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such respective cures.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said parish of Kirby Moorside, of the said parish of Lastingham, and of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Kirkdale, should be formed into a consolidated

chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church, situate in the hamlet of Cockan as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William, Archbishop of York, with the consent of the Right Honourable Roundell, Baron Selborne, Lord High Chancellor of England, acting as the patron on behalf of the Crown of the vicarage of the said parish of Kirby Moorside, and also of the vicarage of the said parish of Lastingham (in testimony whereof they, the said consenting parties, have respectively signed and sealed this representation), and with the consent of the Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars, of the University of Oxford, the patrons of the vicarage of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Kirkdale (in testimony whereof they, the said Chancellor, Masters, and Scholars, have affixed their common or corporate seal to this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said parish of Kirby Moorside, of the said parish of Lastingham, and of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Kirkdale, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church, situate in the hamlet of Cockan as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Bransdale-cum-Farndale.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order in respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Bransdale-cum-Farndale, being:

"All that portion of the parish of Kirby Moorside, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, which is comprised within, and is co-extensive with, the limits of the township of Bransdale East, and Farndale West, and of the township of Farndale Low Quarter.

"And also all that contiguous portion of the parish of Lastingham, in the said county and diocese, which is comprised within, and is co-extensive with, the limits of the township of Farndale East.

"And also all that contiguous portion of the parish or parochial chapelry of Kirkdale, in the same county and diocese, which is comprised within, and is co-extensive with, the limits of the township of Bransdale West."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of York.

*Edmund Harrison.*



AT the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*,  
the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventh day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church called 'The Edge Church,' situate in the parish of Painswick, in the county of Gloucester, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said parish of Painswick, of the parish of Haresfield, of the parish of Harescombe, and of the parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon, all in the county and diocese aforesaid, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such respective parishes.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said parish of Painswick, of the said parish of Haresfield, of the said parish of Harescombe, and of the said parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church called 'The Edge Church,' situate in the said parish of Painswick.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles John, Bishop of the said diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, with the consent of the Honourable and Reverend Percival George Willoughby, the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Painswick, and also the patron of the same vicarage, with the consent of John Daniel Thomas Niblett, of Haresfield Court, in the said parish of Haresfield, Esquire, the patron of the vicarage of the said parish of Haresfield, with the consent of the Reverend William Melland, rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of Port Eynon, in the county of Glamorgan, the patron of the rectory of the said parish of Harescombe (in testimony whereof they, the said Charles John, Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, Percival George Willoughby, John Daniel Thomas Niblett, and William Melland have respectively signed and sealed this representation), and with the consent of the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Gloucester, the patrons for certain presentations, that is to say, three out of every four consecutive turns of presentation of the vicarage of the said parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon (in testimony whereof they, the said Dean and Chapter, have affixed their common or corporate seal to this representation), and with

the consent of Sir John Neeld, of Grittleton House, in the county of Wilts, Baronet, the patron of the remaining turn of presentation, that is to say, of every fourth turn of presentation of the lastly-mentioned vicarage (in testimony whereof he, the said Sir John Neeld, has signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said parish of Painswick, of the said parish of Haresfield, of the said parish of Harescombe, and of the said parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church called 'The Edge Church,' situate in the said parish of Painswick as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of the Edge.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order in respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of the Edge, being:

"All those several contiguous portions of the parish of Painswick, of the parish of Haresfield, of the parish of Harescombe, and of the parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon, all in the county of Gloucester, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, which said portions of such parishes are comprised within, and are bounded by, an imaginary line commencing at or near to a boundary stone inscribed 'E. C. C., 1872, No. 1,' and placed at or near to the point upon Spoonbed Hill, where the boundary dividing a certain detached portion of the said parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon from the parish of Upton Saint Leonard, in the county and diocese aforesaid, meets the boundary which divides the last-named parish from the parish of Painswick aforesaid, such point being on the western side of Seven Leaze-lane; and extending thence, first eastward to, and then south-westward for a distance of twenty-seven chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said lane to its junction with the road or footway which leads past Halcomb to Painswick; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of one mile, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road or footway, to the point where the same road or footway is joined by the road or lane leading to a farm called or known as Highfold House, near to which point a boundary stone inscribed 'E. C. C., 1872, No. 2,' has been placed; and extending thence, south-westward, along the middle of the last-described road or lane for a distance of thirteen and a half chains, or thereabouts, to its junction with a public bridle road and footpath, which leads across the stream called or known as Washbrook to Back Edge: and extending thence, westward, for a distance of thirty-five chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described bridle road and footpath to the point where the same bridle road and footpath crosses the said stream; and extending thence, generally southward, for a distance of one mile and a quarter, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said stream to the point where it is crossed by the turnpike-road leading from Painswick to

Pitchcombe; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of twenty-five chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said turnpike-road to the point where it intersects the boundary which divides the said parish of Painswick from the parish of Pitchcombe, in the county and diocese aforesaid, near to which point, and on the north-western side of which turnpike-road, a boundary stone, inscribed 'E. C. C., 1872, No. 3,' has been placed; and extending thence generally westward, partly along the last-described boundary, and partly along the boundary which divides the said parish of Painswick from certain detached portions of the parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon aforesaid, to a point at or near to a boundary stone inscribed 'E. C. C., 1872, No. 4,' and placed at the south-western angle of Scot's Quarry, Hill Common, on the northern side of the road leading from the Horsepools to Standish Beacon, at or near to which point the boundary dividing the said parish of Painswick from the parish of Pitchcombe as aforesaid, meets the boundary dividing the last-named parish from the parish of Haresfield aforesaid; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of ten chains or thereabouts, along the last-described boundary, thereby following the course of the last-described road, to the point where the said boundary diverges from such road, and continuing thence, for a distance of thirty-eight chains or thereabouts, first south-westward, and then westward, along the middle of the same road, to the point where it joins the road called Whiteway, and which leads past Gravel Farm to Hayes Farm, near to which point of junction a boundary stone inscribed 'E. C. C. 1872, No. 5,' has been placed; and extending thence, first north-westward, and then northward, along the middle of the last-described road (thereby following in part the boundary which divides the said parish of Haresfield from the tithing of Coldthrop, in the parish of Standish, in the county and diocese aforesaid), to the point at or near to Hayes Farm aforesaid, where the same road is joined by the road leading towards Harescombe Church, at or near to which point of junction, a boundary stone inscribed 'E. C. C. 1872, No. 6,' has been placed; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-described road to the boundary which divides the said parish of Haresfield from the parish of Harescombe aforesaid; and extending thence, first south-eastward, and then alternately eastward and northward, along the last-described boundary (thereby passing to the south and east of Harescombe Church aforesaid, and crossing the turnpike-road leading from Pitchcombe to Gloucester), to the point where the same boundary is joined by the boundary dividing the said parish of Harescombe from a certain detached portion of the parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon aforesaid, at which point a boundary stone inscribed 'E. C. C. 1872, No. 7,' has been placed on the northern side of the private footpath leading from the last-mentioned turnpike-road to the house called or known as Harescombe Grange; and extending thence first northward and then north-westward, along the last-described boundary (thereby passing to the east of the house and grounds called or known as Harescombe Rectory), to a point in the middle of the last-described turnpike-road, nearly opposite to the Horsepools Bar Toll House; and extending thence, northward, for a distance of a quarter of a mile or thereabouts, along the middle of the same turnpike-road, to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'E. C. C. 1872, No. 8,' and placed on the eastern side of the said turnpike-road, at the

western end of the fence forming the northern boundary of the close numbered 206 upon the tithe commutation map of the said parish of Harescombe and upon the map hereunto annexed; and extending thence, eastward, to such boundary stone, and continuing thence, still eastward and in a direct line for a distance of twenty-six chains or thereabouts (thereby passing the southern side of the buildings and premises, called or known as Backhouse), to a boundary stone inscribed 'E. C. C. 1872, No. 9,' and placed at the eastern end of the fence forming the southern boundary of the close numbered 202 upon the said maps, on the western side of the road leading from Brookthorpe, over Huddiknoll Hill to the Horsepools; and extending thence first eastward to, and then south-eastward for a distance of nine chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road, to the boundary on Huddiknoll Hill aforesaid, which divides a certain detached portion of the said parish of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon, in the county and diocese aforesaid, from the parish of Painswick aforesaid; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the last-described boundary, and along the boundary which divides the said parish of Painswick from certain detached portions of the said parishes of Brookthorpe-with-Whaddon, of Haresfield, and of Harescombe, to the first-described point upon Spoonbed Hill, on the western side of Seven Leaze-lane aforesaid, where the first-mentioned boundary stone is placed and at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the two several registries of the said diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, at Gloucester and Bristol.

*Edmund Harrison.*

AT the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the eleventh and twelfth years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventh day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy, of the Act of the eleventh and twelfth years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty,

chapter ninety-seven, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Mark, situate at Stamber Mill, in the new parish of Christ Church, Lye, in the county of Worcester, and in the diocese of Worcester.

"Whereas, at certain extremities of the said new parish of Christ Church, Lye, of the new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge, in the said county of Worcester, and in the said diocese of Worcester, and of the parish of Old Swinford, in the same county and diocese, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such new parishes and parish respectively.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said new parish of Christ Church, Lye, of the said new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge, and of the said parish of Old Swinford, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint Mark, situate at Stamber Mill as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Henry, Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester, as such Bishop, and also as the patron in right of his see of the vicarage of the said new parish of Christ Church, Lye, and with the consent of the Right Honourable William, Earl of Dudley, the patron of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge, and also of the rectory of the said parish of Old Swinford (in testimony whereof they, the said consenting parties, have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said new parish of Christ Church, Lye, of the new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge, and of the said parish of Old Swinford, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Mark, situate at Stamber Mill as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Mark, Stamber Mill.'

"We therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order in respect thereto, as to your Majesty, in your Royal Wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Mark, Stamber Mill, being :

"All those several contiguous portions of the new parish of Christ Church, Lye, of the new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge, and of the parish of Old Swinford, all in the county of Worcester, and in the diocese of Worcester, which are comprised within and are bounded by an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge,

from the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Amblecote, in the county of Stafford, and in the diocese of Worcester aforesaid, at a point near Porto Bella, in the centre of the bridge which carries the line of the West Midland Railway over the River Stour ; and extending thence in a direction, for the most part north-eastward, along the middle of the said river (thereby following the boundaries which divide the said new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge, and the said new parish of Christ Church, Lye, from the said new parish of the Holy Trinity, Amblecote aforesaid, and from the new parish of Quarry Bank, in the said county of Stafford, and in the diocese of Lichfield), to a point near Lye Forge, in the centre of the bridge which carries the turnpike-road leading from Dudley to Pedmore over the same river ; and extending thence, southward, for a distance of half-a-mile or thereabouts, along the middle of the said turnpike-road, to its junction with Green-lane ; and extending thence, eastward, for a distance of two chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named lane, to its junction with Dark-lane ; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named lane to its junction with Church-street ; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street, to the boundary of the hamlet of Wollascote, at the junction of the same street with the street or road called or known as the Cross-walk ; and extending thence, generally south-westward, along the said hamlet boundary (thereby following, in part, the course of the road called or known as Baldwin's Green) to the point in the middle of Shepherd's Brook, where the same boundary joins, and is merged in the boundary which divides the said new parish of Christ Church, Lye, from the parish of Old Swinford aforesaid ; and extending thence, westward, along the last-mentioned boundary, thereby following the course of Shepherd's Brook aforesaid, to the point where the same brook is joined by the watercourse flowing from the grounds attached to Prescott House, at which point the said hamlet boundary leaves the boundary dividing the new parish of Christ Church, Lye, from the parish of Old Swinford as aforesaid ; and extending thence, southward, along the middle of the said watercourse (thereby following in part the said hamlet boundary) to the source of the same watercourse a little to the north of the point where the road leading from Carless Green, past Wollascote House, joins the turnpike-road leading from Dudley to Pedmore as aforesaid ; and continuing thence, still southward, to such point of junction, and then southward along the middle of the said turnpike-road, following thereby the hamlet boundary aforesaid, to the point where it leaves the said turnpike-road ; and extending thence, south-westward, still along the middle of the same turnpike-road to the boundary which divides the said parish of Old Swinford from the parish of Pedmore, in the said county of Worcester, and in the diocese of Worcester aforesaid ; and extending thence, generally westward, along the last-described boundary to the point where it crosses the line of the West Midland Railway aforesaid ; and extending thence, northward, for a distance of sixty-eight chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said line of railway (thereby crossing the boundary which divides the said parish of Old Swinford from the new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge aforesaid), to the first-described point near Porto Bella, in the centre of the bridge which carries the same line of railway over the River Stour aforesaid, upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint John, Stourbridge, from the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Amble-

cote aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Worcester.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventh day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Peter, situate at Sawrey, in the parish of Hawkshead, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Carlisle.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Peter, situate at Sawrey, as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Harvey, Bishop of the said diocese of Carlisle (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Hawkshead which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Peter, situate at Sawrey, as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Peter, Sawrey.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Harvey, Bishop of the said diocese of Carlisle (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in

respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Peter, Sawrey, being:

"All that part of the parish of Hawkshead, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Carlisle, which is comprised within, and is co-extensive with, the limits of the hamlet of Lower Claife, all which said part of such parish is bounded on the east by Lake Windermere, on the south by Cunsey Beck, on the west by Esthwaite Water, and on the north by the hamlet of Upper Claife, in the same parish of Hawkshead."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Carlisle.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventh day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act, of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint James, situate at Torpoint, in the parish of Antony,

otherwise called Antony-in-the-East, in the county of Cornwall, and in the diocese of Exeter.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint James, situate at Torpoint as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Frederick, Bishop of the said diocese of Exeter (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Antony, otherwise called Antony-in-the-East as aforesaid, which is described in the the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint James, situate at Torpoint as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint James, Torpoint.'

"And with the like consent of the said Frederick, Bishop of the said diocese of Exeter (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal Wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint James, Torpoint, being:

"All that part of the parish of Antony, otherwise called Antony-in-the-East, in the county of Cornwall, and in the diocese of Exeter, which comprises the town of Torpoint, and which is bounded on the north-east and on the south-east by the estuary of the River Tamar, which is called or known as the Hamoaze, on the south by Saint John's Lake, and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the north-west, by an imaginary line commencing at a point near Carbeil Mill, on the north-eastern shore of Saint John's Lake aforesaid, at the south-western end of the road which leads from the said Carbeil Mill into the road leading from the Saint German's Union Workhouse to Carbeil; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance of ten chains and three-quarters, or thereabouts, along the middle of the first-described road, to its junction with the road leading from the Saint German's Union Workhouse to Carbeil as aforesaid; and extending thence, north-westward, for a distance of sixteen chains and a-half, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road, to its junction with the road leading from Treval towards Torpoint; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance of thirteen chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road, to its junction with the turnpike-road leading

from Torpoint to Antony; and extending thence, north-westward, for a distance of three chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said turnpike-road, to a point opposite to the south-western end of the fence which divides the close numbered 15 upon the tithe commutation map of the said parish of Antony, otherwise called Antony-in-the-East, and upon the map hereunto annexed, from the closes numbered respectively 14 and 12 upon the same maps; and extending thence, first north-eastward, and then northward, to and along the said fence, to its northern end, on the western shore of the Hamoaze aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Exeter.

*Edmund Harrison.*

AT the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-first day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint John, situate at Devoran, in the parish of Saint Feock, in the county of Cornwall, and in the diocese of Exeter.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint John, situate at Devoran as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Frederick, Bishop of the said diocese of Exeter (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Saint Feock, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint John, situate at Devoran as aforesaid, and

that the same should be named. 'The District Chapelry of Saint John, Devoran.'

"And with the like consent of the said Frederick, Bishop of the said diocese of Exeter (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet."

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint John, Devoran, being:

"All that part of the parish of Saint Feock, in the county of Cornwall, and in the diocese of Exeter, which is bounded on the south by the parish of Mylor, in the said county and diocese, and on the south-west by the parish or chapelry of Perran Arworthal, in the same county and diocese, or in other words, on the south and south-west by Restronguet Creek and Carnon Stream, on the north-west by the new parish of Baldhu, in the county and diocese aforesaid, on the north by the parish of Kea, in the same county and diocese, and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the east, partly by the last-named parish and partly by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Kea, from the parish of Saint Feock aforesaid, at the bridge near "Come-to-good," which carries the road leading from Killigannoon to Saint Feock over the stream flowing into Penpoll Creek; and extending thence, southward, along the middle of the said stream, to its junction with Penpoll Creek aforesaid, and continuing thence, still southward, and in a direct line, along the middle of the said creek, to the boundary in Restronguet Creek aforesaid, which divides the said parish of Saint Feock, from the parish of Mylor aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Exeter.

*Edmund Harrison.*

AT the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight* the 16th day of *January, 1873.*

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-first day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following; that is to say:—

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint John the Evangelist, situate at Newsome, in the new parish of Emmanuel, Lockwood, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint John the Evangelist, situate at Newsome, as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert, Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said new parish of Emmanuel, Lockwood, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint John the Evangelist, situate at Newsome, as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint John the Evangelist, Newsome'; and, with the like consent of the said Robert, Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at the said church of Saint John the Evangelist, situate at Newsome, as aforesaid, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that so long as the Reverend Thomas Barton Bensted, the present rector or incumbent of the said new parish of Emmanuel, Lockwood, shall continue to be such rector or incumbent, all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church of Saint John the Evangelist, situate at Newsome, as aforesaid, shall be paid over by



the minister thereof to the said Thomas Barton Bensted; and provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint John the Evangelist, Newsome, being:

"All that part of the new parish of Emmanuel, Lockwood, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, wherein the present incumbent of such new parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the south by the new parish of Saint Paul, Armitage Bridge, in the county and diocese aforesaid, on the south-east and on the east by the parish of Almondbury, in the same county and diocese, on the north by the district chapelry of Rashcliffe, sometime part of the new parish of Emmanuel, Lockwood aforesaid, and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the west, by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said district chapelry of Rashcliffe from the new parish of Emmanuel, Lockwood aforesaid, at a point in the middle of Whitehead-lane opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'R. D. C., 1864, No. 2,' and placed on the north-western side of the said lane, at the point where the same lane first abuts upon the south-eastern side of Spa Wood; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of seventeen chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said Whitehead-lane, to its junction, at Scar End, with the road called or known as Lockwood Scar; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of nine chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named road, to its junction, at Pump Houses, with Close Hill-lane; and extending thence, south-westward, along the middle of the last-named lane, to its junction with Taylor Hill-lane and with Blagden-lane; and continuing thence, still south-westward, along the middle of the last-named lane, to its south-western end, at the house called or known as Blagden; and continuing thence, still south-westward, to a point at the north-eastern end of the fence which divides the close numbered 1988 upon the tithe commutation map of the said parish of Almondbury, and upon the map hereunto annexed, from the closes numbered respectively 1986 and 1987 upon the same maps; and continuing thence, still south-westward, along the said fence, to the boundary which divides the said new parish of Emmanuel, Lockwood, from the new parish of Saint Paul, Armitage Bridge aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Ripon.

*Edmund Harrison.*

At the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Emmanuel, situate at Saltburn-by-the-Sea, in the parish of Marske, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Emmanuel, situate at Saltburn-by-the-Sea, as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend William, Archbishop of York (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Marske which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Emmanuel, situate at Saltburn-by-the-Sea, as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Emmanuel, Saltburn-by-the-Sea.'

"And, with the like consent of the said William, Archbishop of York (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at the said church of Emmanuel, situate at Saltburn-by-the-Sea, as aforesaid, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that so long as the Reverend Thomas Robson, the present vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Marske, shall continue to be such vicar or incumbent, all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church of Emmanuel, situate at Saltburn-by-the-Sea, as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said Thomas Robson; and provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve

the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Emmanuel, Saltburn-by-the-Sea, being :

"All that part of the parish of Marske, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the north by the sea, on the east, and on the south, by Skelton Beck, or in other words, partly by the new parish of Brotton, and partly by the parish or parochial chapelry of Skelton, both in the county and diocese aforesaid, and on the remaining sides, that is to say, on the south-west and on the north-west, by an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish or parochial chapelry of Skelton from the parish of Marske aforesaid, at the point near Jackdaw Scar, in the middle of the bridge which carries the line of the Saltburn Branch Railway Extension over Skelton Beck aforesaid; and extending thence, first northward and then north-westward, along the middle of the said line of railway, to its junction with the line of the Saltburn Branch Railway; and extending thence, first westward and then north-westward, along the middle of the last-named line of railway, to a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the said line of railway over the stream called Hazel Grove Beck, which flows through Hazel Grove to the Sea; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-described stream, to the tidal high water mark upon the sea shore; and extending thence, due northward, and in a direct line across the sands, to the northern boundary of the said parish of Marske at the tidal low water mark."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of York.

*Edmund Harrison.*

AT the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred

and seventy-two, in the words and figures following, that is to say :

"We the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property, formerly belonging to the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Saint Paul, in London.

"Whereas under 'The Ecclesiastical Commission Act, 1868,' and by virtue of an Order of your Majesty in Council, made under the provisions of the same Act, bearing date the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and duly published in the London Gazette on the thirteenth day of the same month, all the property which then belonged to the said Dean and Chapter (excepting certain portions thereof in such Order particularly excepted, and excepting also any rights of ecclesiastical patronage), became absolutely vested in us, for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas the property aforesaid consists to a considerable extent of reversions expectant upon grants and leases for lives and years, and produces during the subsistence of such grants and leases only small annual revenues, and on that account, and in some instances on account of its character or situation, is unsuitable or inconvenient to be assigned as an endowment for the said Dean and Chapter, or to be held or applied for the other purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions or the purchase of the leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such leasehold interests at a valuation.

"And whereas, with a view to the appropriation of such portions of the aforesaid property, lately belonging to the said Dean and Chapter (either with or without other property vested in us as the case may require), as in the judgment of our Estates Committee, and subject to the approbation of the said Dean and Chapter, shall be deemed convenient to be held as an endowment for the said Dean and Chapter, and as will secure a net annual income of eighteen thousand pounds (being the income contemplated by the above-mentioned Order of your Majesty in Council, of the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two), and for that purpose, as well as with a view to the more advantageous appropriation of the remainder of the said property, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said property or such part or parts thereof as we shall at any time and from time to time think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, that we may be authorized and empowered, by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of, and duly to convey, according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, with the consent of the respective holders (if any), to be

testified by their being made parties to such instruments, all or any part of the said property, heretofore belonging to the said Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Saint Paul, in London, and so transferred to and vested in us as aforesaid, with its appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they shall direct or appoint, and for such considerations as shall, upon due calculation and enquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable, it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sale, from time to time, as occasion may arise, in the purchase of lands, tithes, rent-charges, tenements, or hereditaments, or of some estate or interest therein, convenient to be assigned as an endowment for the said Dean and Chapter, or to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid, and in the meantime to invest the proceeds in some Government or Parliamentary stock, or other public securities in England.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of London.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the nineteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorizing the sale and disposal of certain property formerly held by the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Saint Paul, in London, for the use and benefit of the Pittanciary and Vicars Choral of the same cathedral.

"Whereas, under 'The Ecclesiastical Commission Act, 1868,' and by virtue of an Order of your Majesty in Council made under the provisions of

the same Act, bearing date the ninth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and duly published in the London Gazette of the thirteenth of the same month, all the property then so held by the said Dean and Chapter for the use of the said Pittanciary and Vicars Choral was transferred to and became absolutely vested in us, for the purposes and subject to the provisions applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas the property aforesaid consists to a considerable extent of reversions expectant upon grants and leases for lives and years, and produces, during the subsistence of such grants and leases, only small annual revenues, and on that account, and in some instances on account of its character or situation, is unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

"And whereas, by an Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, power is given to lessees holding under us, in the event of our declining to enter into a treaty for the sale of our reversions or the purchase of the leasehold interests, to require us to purchase such leasehold interests at a valuation.

"And whereas, with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said property, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said property, or such part or parts thereof as we shall at any time, and from time to time, think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly, that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, that we may be authorized and empowered, by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time to sell or dispose of, and duly to convey, according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, with the consent of the respective holders (if any), to be testified by their being made parties to such instruments, all or any part of the property formerly held by the said Dean and Chapter for the use and benefit of the said Pittanciary and Vicars Choral, and so transferred to and vested in us as aforesaid, with its appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise, as he, she, or they shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration as shall, upon due calculation and inquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable; it being our intention to invest the proceeds of such sales, from time to time, as occasion may arise, in the purchase of other lands, tithes, rent-charges, tenements, or hereditaments, or of some estate or interest therein convenient to be held by us for the purposes of the Acts by which our proceedings are governed as aforesaid, and in the meantime to invest the said proceeds in some Government or Parliamentary stock, or other public securities in England."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall

have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of London.

*Edmund Harrison.\**

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme or representation, bearing date the fifth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting under the provisions of the Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-four, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme or representation for altering the boundaries of the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, and of the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft, both in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester.

"Whereas by the authority of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the eleventh day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-two, and published in the London Gazette upon the twentieth day of September, in the same year, a part of the parish of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster aforesaid, and at that time in the diocese of Chester, was assigned as a district to the church of the Holy Trinity, situate within the limits of the township of Over Darwen, in the said parish of Blackburn, and was named 'The Chapelry District of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen.'

"And whereas by the authority of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the fourth day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and published in the London Gazette upon the seventh day of the same month, a portion of the said chapelry district of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, was assigned as a district chapelry to the church of Saint John the Evangelist, situate at Turncroft, within the limits of the same chapelry district, and was named 'The District Chapelry of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft.'

"And whereas both the said chapelry district of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, and the said district chapelry of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft, have under the provisions of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, become new parishes of the character contemplated by that Act, and by the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and by the said above-mentioned Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-four.

"And whereas it has been represented to us, and it appears to us to be expedient that the boundaries of the said new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, and of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft, should be altered so as to admit of an exchange of territory between

the said new parishes in the manner hereinafter set forth.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend James, Bishop of the said diocese of Manchester (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme or representation), we the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, recommend, and propose that from and after the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme or representation, all that portion of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft, which is described in the first schedule hereunder written, and is delineated and set forth upon the map or plan hereunto appended, and is thereon coloured green, shall be dissevered from such new parish, and shall be reannexed to, and shall form part of, and shall become, and be, and be deemed to be within the limits of the said new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, and also that from the same day and date all that portion of the said new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, which is described in the second schedule hereunder written, and is delineated and set forth upon the said map or plan hereunto appended, and is thereon coloured pink, shall be dissevered from such new parish, and shall be annexed to, and shall form part of, and shall become, and be, and be deemed to be within the limits of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from representing, recommending, and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore-mentioned Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULES to which the foregoing Scheme or Representation has reference.

"THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

"The territory proposed to be dissevered from the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester, and to be reannexed to the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, in the same county and diocese, being:

"All that portion of the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft, which is bounded on the west and on the north by the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen aforesaid, and on the remaining sides, that is to say, on the east and on the south, by an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary which separates the said two new parishes, at a point in the centre of the bridge which carries Sudell's-road over the line of the Blackburn Railway; and extending thence, southward, for a distance of one hundred and forty-two yards, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said line of railway, to a point on the eastern side of Pilkington's Timber-yard, opposite to the middle of the eastern end of Redearth-street; and extending thence, westward, and in a direct line, across the said Timber-yard to the middle of the eastern end of Redearth-street aforesaid; and continuing thence, still westward, along the middle of the last-named street to its junction with Sough-road, otherwise called or known as Redearth-road; and extending thence, north-westward, for a distance of two chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named road to its junction with Crown-street; and extending thence, south-westward, along the middle of the last-named street and along the middle of the footbridge across the River Darwen, at the

south-western end of the same street, to the boundary in the middle of the said river which divides the said new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft, from the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen aforesaid.

“ THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

“ The territory proposed to be dissevered from the said new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, and to be annexed to the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft aforesaid, being :

“ All that portion of the said new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, which is bounded on the west partly by the new parish of Saint Stephen, Tockholes, and partly by the new parish of Saint Peter, Belmont, both in the county and diocese aforesaid, on the south by the chapelry district of Walmsley, in the same county and diocese, on the east by the new parish of Saint John the Evangelist, Turncroft aforesaid, and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the north-west by an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary which divides the last-named new parish from the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen aforesaid, at the point where Bolton-street is joined by Mill Gap-road, and by a certain lane which extends along the back of the houses situate on the southern side of Radford-street ; and extending thence, westward, for a distance of one hundred and twelve yards, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said lane to its western end ; and extending thence, south-westward, and in a direct line for a distance of one mile and a quarter, or thereabouts, across Darwen Moor to the point, near the house called or known as Lyon's Den, where the road leading from the said house to Hollinshead Hall crosses Stepback Brook, and crosses also the boundary which divides the said new parish of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen, from the new parish of Saint Stephen, Tockholes aforesaid.”

And whereas a draft of the said scheme or representation has been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbents of the two cures thereby affected, and such patrons and incumbents have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme or representation.

And whereas the said scheme or representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council, now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme or representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act ; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Manchester.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four ; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine ; and of

No. 23939.

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the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five ; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the fifth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following ; that is to say :

“ We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four ; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine ; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five ; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Mark, situate in the township of Dunham Massey, in the parish of Bowdon, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester.

“ Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Mark, situate in the township of Dunham Massey, as aforesaid.

“ Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend William, Bishop of the said diocese of Chester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Bowdon which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Mark, situate in the township of Dunham Massey, as aforesaid, and that the same should be named ‘ The District Chapelry of Saint Mark, Dunham Massey.’

“ And, with the like consent of the said William, Bishop of the said diocese of Chester (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being : Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

“ We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

“ The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

“ The District Chapelry of Saint Mark, Dunham Massey, being :

“ All that part of the parish of Bowdon (comprising a portion of the township of Dunham Massey), in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester, wherein the present Incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the east by the new parish of Saint Margaret, Dunham Massey, in the said county and diocese, on the north by the township and chapelry of Carrington, in the parish

of Bowdon aforesaid, on the west by the parish of Warburton, in the county and diocese aforesaid, on the south, partly by the parish of Lymm, in the said county and diocese, partly by the consolidated chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Bollington, in the same county and diocese, and partly by an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary which divides the said consolidated chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Bollington, from the parish of Bowdon aforesaid, at a point in the middle of the Duke of Bridgewater's Canal; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance of a quarter of a mile or thereabouts, along the middle of the said canal, to a point in the middle of the bridge which carries the same canal over the road leading from Woodhouses to Dunham town; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of ten chains or thereabouts, to and along the middle of the said road to a point on the southern side of the same road, in the fence forming the northern boundary of the enclosure called or known as Dunham Old Park, and numbered 749 upon the title commutation map of the township of Dunham Massey, in the parish of Bowdon aforesaid, and upon the map hereunto annexed, such point being at or near to the western entrance to the said park; and extending thence, for a distance of nearly one mile, first north-eastward and then south-eastward, along the said park fence (thereby following in part the southern side of the road leading from Woodhouses to Dunham town as aforesaid, and in part the southern side of the road leading from Dunham town aforesaid to Bowdon), to the north-eastern entrance to the same park; and extending thence, northward, and in a direct line across the last-described road to a point on the northern side of the same road, in the fence forming the western and northern boundary of the enclosure called or known as Dunham New Park, and numbered 761 upon the said maps; and extending thence, for a distance of nearly one mile, alternately northward and eastward, along the last-described park fence, to the boundary which divides the said parish of Bowdon from the new parish of Saint Margaret, Dunham Massey aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Chester.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation,

bearing date the twelfth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Frideswide, situate at New Osney, in the parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Thomas the Martyr (otherwise Saint Nicholas), Oxford, in the city of Oxford, and in the diocese of Oxford.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Frideswide, situate at New Osney as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend John Fielder, Bishop of the said diocese of Oxford (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Thomas the Martyr (otherwise Saint Nicholas), Oxford, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Frideswide, situate at New Osney as aforesaid, and that the same should be named The District Chapelry of Saint Frideswide, New Osney."

"And, with the like consent of the said John Fielder, Bishop of the said diocese of Oxford (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Frideswide, New Osney, being:

"All that part of the parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Thomas the Martyr (otherwise Saint Nicholas), Oxford, in the city of Oxford, and in the diocese of Oxford, which is bounded on the south-west by the parish or parochial chapelry of North Hinksey, otherwise Ferry Hinksey, in the county of Berks, and in the diocese of Oxford aforesaid, on the west partly by the parish of Wytham, in the last-named county and diocese,



or if not by such parish, then by the extra-parochial territory called or known as Seacourt, in the same county and diocese, and partly by the parish or chapelry of Binsey, in the county of Oxford, and in the diocese of Oxford aforesaid, on the north by the last-named parish or chapelry, and on all other sides, that is to say, on the east and on the south, by an imaginary line commencing at a point near Binsey Green, upon the boundary which divides the said parish or chapelry of Binsey from the parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Thomas the Martyr (otherwise Saint Nicholas), Oxford aforesaid, in the middle of the River Isis; and extending thence, southward, for a distance of half-a-mile, or thereabouts, along the boundary which divides the last-named parish or parochial chapelry from the extra-parochial territory called or known as the Port Meadow, thereby following the middle of the said river, and passing through Medley Lock, and then following the navigable branch channel of the same river, to the point where the same boundary diverges to the east from the said navigable branch channel; and continuing thence, still southward, for a further distance of half-a-mile, or thereabouts, along the middle of the same navigable branch channel, to a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the turnpike-road leading from Witney to Oxford, over the same channel; and extending thence, eastward, for a distance of nine chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the said turnpike-road, to the point where it crosses the line of the Great Western Railway; and extending thence, southward, for a distance of ten chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the said line of railway, to the point where it crosses Osney-lane; and extending thence, for a distance of eleven and a half chains or thereabouts, first westward and then south-westward, along the middle of the last-named lane, to its south-western end at Osney Mill; and extending thence, westward, and in a direct line across the Mill Head (thereby passing to the north of the house called or known as Osney Grange, and situate on the western bank of the said Mill Head), to a point in the middle of the navigable branch channel of the River Isis aforesaid; and extending thence, southward, for a distance of four chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the said navigable branch channel of the same river (thereby passing through Osney Lock), to the point where the same channel is joined by the back branch of the said River Isis, which flows past the western side of Saint Frideswide's Church; and extending thence, north-westward, for a distance of twenty-six chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described branch of the said river (thereby passing along the western side of Saint Frideswide's Church aforesaid), to a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the turnpike-road leading from Witney to Oxford as aforesaid over the said last-described branch of the same river; and extending thence, westward, for a distance of two chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-mentioned bridge, to the point near the western end of the same bridge where the said turnpike-road is joined by the causeway or footpath leading to North Hinksey, otherwise called or known as Ferry Hinksey; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of thirty chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the said causeway or footpath, to the boundary which divides the said parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Thomas the Martyr (otherwise Saint Nicholas), Oxford, from the parish or parochial chapelry of North Hinksey otherwise Ferry Hinksey as aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in Law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Oxford.

Edmund Harrison.

At the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twelfth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Bartholomew, situate at Bowling, in the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Bartholomew, situate at Bowling as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert, Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Bartholomew, situate at Bowling as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Bartholomew, Bowling.'

"And with the like consent of the said Robert, Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such



banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Bartholomew, Bowling, being:

"All that part of the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the north-west by the new parish of Saint Luke, Bradford, on the west partly by the new parish of Saint James, Bradford, partly by the new parish of Saint Stephen, Bowling, and partly by the new parish of Bankfoot, on the south-east by the new parish of Bierley, on the east partly by the last-named new parish, partly by the new parish of Saint John, Bowling, and partly by the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Bradford, all such new parishes being severally situate in the county and diocese aforesaid, and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the north, by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of the Holy Trinity, Bradford, from the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford aforesaid, at a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the line of the Great Northern Goods Railway over Hammerton-street; and extending thence, westward, for a distance of twenty-three chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the said line of railway, to the boundary near to the eastern end of the goods station of the same line of railway, which boundary divides the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, from the new parish of Saint Luke, Bradford aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Ripon.

*Edmund Harrison.*

At the Court at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the 16th day of January, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of

Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twelfth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church called Christ Church, situate in the township of Woodford, in the parish of Prestbury, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church, called Christ Church, situate in the township of Woodford as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend William, Bishop of the said diocese of Chester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Prestbury which is comprised within, and is co-extensive with, the limits of the said township of Woodford, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church called Christ Church, situate in the township of Woodford as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Christ Church, Woodford.'

"And with the like consent of the said William, Bishop of the said diocese of Chester (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at the said church called Christ Church, situate in the said township of Woodford, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that so long as the Reverend Stephen Lea Wilson, the present vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Prestbury shall continue to be such vicar or incumbent, all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance, at the said church called Christ Church, situate in the township of Woodford as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said Stephen Lea Wilson; and provided also that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us the said Commissioners to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, there-

fore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Chester.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the nineteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Oswald, situate near Worleston, within the limits of the township of Aston-juxta-Mondrem, in the parish of Acton, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Oswald, situate near Worleston as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend William, Bishop of the said diocese of Chester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Acton, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Oswald, situate near Worleston as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Oswald, Worleston.'

"And, with the like consent of the said William, Bishop of the said diocese of Chester (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at the said church of Saint Oswald, situate near Worleston as aforesaid, and that the fees to be

received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always that so long as the Reverend Robert Scarr Redfern, the present vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Acton, shall continue to be such vicar or incumbent, all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church of Saint Oswald, situate near Worleston as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said Robert Scarr Redfern; and provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto, as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Oswald, Worleston, being:

"All that part of the parish of Acton, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is comprised within, and is co-extensive with the limits of the four townships of Worleston, of Aston-juxta-Mondrem, of Cholmondeston, and of Poole."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Chester.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the nineteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and

of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes, out of the parish of Standish, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester.

"Whereas, it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion, that the particular part of the said parish of Standish, which is comprised within, and is co-extensive with, the limits of the township of Shevington (the same township not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship), should be constituted a separate district in manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas the scheme prepared by us, and ratified by an Order of your Majesty in Council, dated the ninth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and published in the London Gazette, on the thirteenth day of the same month, which related to the rectory and parish of Standish aforesaid, was so prepared by us and submitted to your Majesty in Council, with the consent of certain persons therein named, parties thereto, with whom we had previously agreed, inter alia, that we would in due course, and partly in consideration of their said consents, recommend and propose the constitution of the district hereinafter described, and the assignment of the patronage thereof as hereinafter mentioned.

"And whereas, we had, moreover, agreed with the same parties, partly in consideration of their said consent to the same scheme, that upon the constitution of the said intended district being effected as hereinafter recommended and proposed, we would grant and secure out of our common fund to the incumbent for the time being of the said district, when such incumbent shall have been duly licensed in accordance with the provisions of the herein secondly-mentioned Act, and to his successors, the yearly sum of three hundred pounds, the same grant to be so made and secured by an instrument to be executed by us under our common seal, in accordance with the provisions of the Act, of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend James, Bishop of the said diocese of Manchester (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly recommend and propose that all that the above-mentioned part of the said parish of Standish, which is comprised within, and is co-extensive with, the limits of the township of Shevington as aforesaid, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth upon the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Shevington.'

"And we further recommend and propose, the arrangement appearing to us to be expedient, that the whole right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the incumbent thereof, shall, for the first turn, and for the first turn only, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be

assigned to, and be absolutely vested in, and shall and may be exercised by, the Reverend William Harper Brandreth, now the rector or incumbent of the said rectory of the parish of Standish aforesaid; and that for the second and every succeeding turn, the said right of patronage of the district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the incumbent thereof as aforesaid, shall, by the like authority, be assigned to, and be absolutely vested in, and shall and may from time to time be exercised by, the said James, Bishop of the said diocese of Manchester, and by his successors, bishops of the same diocese, for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act or Acts of Parliament."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme, has, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patron and to the incumbent of the parish out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and such patron and incumbent have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Manchester.

*Edmund Harrison.*

At the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the eighteenth and nineteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act further to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time, to postpone the time appointed by any Order in Council for the discontinuance of burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under any of the Acts recited in the said Act, or under the said Act (whether the time thereby appointed for the discontinuance of burials thereunder, or other operation of such Order, shall or shall not have arrived), as to Her Majesty, with such advice as aforesaid, may seem fit:

And whereas Orders in Council have been made, directing the discontinuance of burials in the churchyards hereinafter mentioned, from the time specified in such Orders; and whereas it seems fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the time for discontinuing burials in such churchyards be postponed:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty by and with the advice aforesaid is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the time for the discon-

tinuance of burials in such churchyards be postponed as follows:—

In the churchyard of Monk Frystone to the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, inclusive.

In the churchyard of Blackpool to the thirty-first of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

In the churchyard of Walton West (Pembrokeshire) to the first of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

In the churchyard of All Saints, Chorlton, in the parish of Manchester, to the thirty-first of December, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and in the meantime that interments be limited to those in family vaults and walled graves, existing on the seventh October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-nine, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately entombed in an air-tight manner, and in earthen graves not less than five feet deep, which can be opened without the exposure of coffins or of remains, for the burial only of widowers or widows of those already interred, on condition that the Sanitary Inspector for the borough of Manchester be informed the day preceding of the time fixed for any intended funeral.

In the churchyard of St. Mary and St. Cuthbert, and in the Independent burial-ground, Pateley Bridge, all in the parish of Ripon, to the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred seventy-three, inclusive.

*Edmund Harrison.*

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the School Board of Bodmin, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the third of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 156.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

*Edmund Harrison.*

*Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.*

No. CLVI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,  
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE BODMIN SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS, by the 74th section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, it is enacted that every School Board may from time to time, with the approval of the Education Department, make Bye-laws for all or any of the purposes therein

mentioned, but subject to the provisions therein contained.

And whereas, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Mayor of the borough of Bodmin, in the county of Cornwall, a School Board for the district of the said borough was duly elected on the 1st day of February, 1871.

Now, at a meeting of the School Board of the said borough of Bodmin, held at the Guildhall, in the said borough, on Monday, the 3rd day of June, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the aforesaid powers, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

1. The terms hereinafter used when they are the same as those defined in the 3rd section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, shall have the same definitions respectively as are therein given to them.

2. These Bye-laws are subject to the clauses and provisions contained in the said Elementary Education Act.

3. Subject to the provisions aforesaid, and to those contained in these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age residing within the said borough of Bodmin, shall cause such child to attend a Public Elementary School as defined by the 7th section of the said Elementary Education Act.

4. Every child attending school in conformity with the previous Bye-law shall be present during the whole of the time for which the school shall be open for ordinary instruction of children of similar age, subject, however, to the provisions for the withdrawal of a child by its parents at stated times contained in the 74th section of the said Elementary Education Act.

5. Should one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the sixth standard of education mentioned in the Code of Regulations of the Education Department, published in February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school; and any such child who has been certified to have reached the fifth standard of the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school on more than two days, namely, Monday and Thursday, in any one week.

6. A child shall not be required to attend school if such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner, or is prevented by sickness or other unavoidable cause, or if there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within one mile for children between five and eight years of age, or within three miles for children between eight and thirteen years of age, measured along the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

7. If the parent of any child shall satisfy the Board that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the whole or any part of the school fees of such child, the Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit, and, in the case of any other school, will pay the whole of such fees, or such part as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period not exceeding six months, to be fixed by the Board.

8. No proceedings shall be taken against any parent for a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of a notice, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board to state his or her reasons for not complying with the said notice.

9. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that no such penalty shall exceed such a sum as, with costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence; and that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence.

10. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which they shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

*Wm. Ireland,*  
Presiding Chairman.



Signed and sealed in the presence of—  
*Austen Stripp,* Clerk.

At the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight,*  
the 16th day of *January,* 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Great Torrington, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the second of October, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 157.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

*Edmund Harrison.*

*Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.*

No. CLVII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,  
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE GREAT TORRINGTON SCHOOL  
BOARD.

KNOW all men by these presents: That at a meeting of the School Board for Great Torrington, duly convened and held at the Town-hall, in the borough of Great Torrington, on Wednesday, the 2nd day of October, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the Members of the Board are present; the said Board do hereby in pursuance of the powers given to them by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

1. In these Bye-laws terms importing males include females.

The term "School" means a Public Elementary School, which is defined by the Act to be a school, or department of a school, at which elementary education is given, and at which the ordinary payments in respect of instruction do not exceed nine pence per week, and which is conducted in accordance with the regulations contained in the 7th section of the Elementary Education Act.

The term "Board," or "School Board," means the School Board for Great Torrington.

The term "Parent" includes guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of the child.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the borough of Great Torrington, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be some reasonable cause for non-attendance.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children: Provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal by the parent of any child during the time or times in which instruction in religious subjects shall be given, and that no child shall be required—

To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parents belong.

To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, or Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or on Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the revised Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be exempt from further obligation to attend school, and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than thirteen hours in any one week.

5. Provided always, that if and whenever Bye-laws 3 and 4 shall be contrary to, or inconsistent with, the regulations under which any child shall be employed in labour and receiving instruction in accordance with the provisions of the Factory Acts and the Workshops Regulation Act, 1869, such regulations shall prevail, and the said Bye-laws shall affect such child only to the extent in which they are consistent with the said regulations.

6. Reasonable excuses for not attending school are, according to the Act—

If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any other unavoidable cause.

If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within two and a half miles (measured according to the nearest road), of the residence of such child.

7. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect, these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, for each offence.

8. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal  
of the School Board of the  
borough of Great Torrington,  
this 2nd day of October, 1872.



*Samuel Lowater,* Chairman.  
*R. Lewis Tapley,* Clerk to the said Board.

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*,  
the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the School Board of Stainland with Old Lindley, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the thirteenth of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 158.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

*Edmund Harrison.*

*Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.*

No. CLVIII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,  
1870.

*Township of Stainland with Old Lindley.*

BYE-LAWS OF THE STAINLAND WITH OLD  
LINDLEY SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS, by the 74th section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, it is enacted that every School Board may, from time to time, with the approval of the Education Department, make Bye-laws for all or any of the following purposes:—

1. Requiring the parents of children of such age, not less than five years nor more than thirteen years, as may be fixed by the Bye-laws, to cause such children (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend school.

2. Determining the time during which children are so to attend school, provided that no such Bye-law shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parents belong, or shall be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

3. Providing for the remission or payment of the whole or any part of the fees of any child, where the parent satisfies the School Board that he is unable from poverty to pay the same.

4. Imposing penalties for the breach of any Bye-laws.

5. Revoking or altering any Bye-laws previously made.

Provided, that any Bye-law under this section requiring a child between ten and thirteen years of age to attend school, shall provide for the total or partial exemption of such child from the obligation to attend school if one of Her Majesty's Inspectors certifies that such child has reached a standard of education specified in such Bye-law.

And by the said 74th section it is further  
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enacted, that any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

1. That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

2. That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

3. That there is no Public Elementary School open, which the child can attend, within such distance, not exceeding three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child, as the Bye-laws may prescribe.

And by the said 74th section it is further enacted, that any proceeding to enforce any Bye-law may be taken, and any penalty for the breach of any Bye-law may be recovered in a summary manner; but no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such amount as, with the costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence, and such Bye-laws shall not come into operation until they have been sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council.

And whereas by the 17th section of the said Act it is enacted, that every child attending a school provided by any School Board, shall pay such weekly fee as may be prescribed by the School Board, with the consent of the Education Department; but the School Board may, from time to time, for a renewable period not exceeding six months, remit the whole or any part of such fee in the case of any child when they are of opinion that the parent of such child is unable from poverty to pay the same, but such remission shall not be deemed to be parochial relief given to such parent.

And whereas, by the 25th section of the said Act it is enacted, that the School Board may, if they think fit, from time to time, for a renewable period not exceeding six months pay the whole or any part of the school fees payable at any Public Elementary School by any child residing in their district, whose parent is, in their opinion, unable from poverty to pay the same; but no such payment shall be made or refused on condition of the child attending any Public Elementary School other than such as may be selected by the parent; and such payment shall not be deemed to be parochial relief given to such parent.

And whereas, by the 36th section of the Special Act, it is enacted that every School Board may, if they think fit, appoint an officer or officers to enforce any Bye-laws under this Act with reference to the attendance of children at school, and to bring children who are liable under the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, to be sent to a certified Industrial School, before two Justices, in order to their being so sent, and any expenses incurred under this section may be paid out of the school fund.

And whereas, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Returning Officer of the parish of Halifax, in the county of York, a School Board for the district of Stainland with Old Lindley, was duly elected on the 22nd day of February, 1871.

Now, at a meeting of the School Board for the said township of Stainland with Old Lindley, held at the Town's Room, in the said township of Stainland with Old Lindley, on Monday, the 25th day of March, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the aforesaid powers, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

1. The parent of every child, not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within



the district of the said township, shall cause such child to attend a Public Elementary School, except as hereinafter provided.

2. No child shall be required to attend a Public Elementary School:

- (a.) If the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) If the child is prevented by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) If there is no Public Elementary School which the child can attend within the distance of one and a half mile, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.
- (d.) If the child having attained the age of ten years shall be certified by one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools, as having passed in the fifth standard of education, as set forth in the New Code, approved the 7th day of February, 1871, by Her Majesty in Council.

3. The time during which children subject to these Bye-laws shall attend school will be the whole time during which the school shall be open; provided:—

- (a.) That nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) That no child be required to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (c.) That no child be required to attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or on Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon.
- (d.) That no child be required to attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school, and the examination of the scholars therein in respect of religious subjects, if the child has been withdrawn by his or her parent from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects in such school.

Provided also that any requirement contained in these Bye-laws shall not be held or construed to apply to any child employed in labour and receiving instruction in conformity with the provisions of the Factory Acts, or of the Workshop Regulation Act, 1867.

4. Where a child shall have attained the age of ten years, and it shall be certified by one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools that such child has passed in the fourth standard of education, as set forth in the said New Code of 1871, such child may be exempted from attending school more than one half of the whole time for which the school shall be open.

5. Where the parent of any child shall satisfy the said School Board of his or her inability from poverty to pay the whole or any part of the fees of such child, the said School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit, and in the case of any other school selected by the parent will pay the whole or such part of the fees as to the Board shall seem required by the circumstances of the case, for a renewable period not exceeding six calendar months, provided that the amount of fees to be paid shall not exceed the ordinary fees paid at the Board Schools.

6. An officer may visit the parent of any child who, according to his information and belief, is not attending school or under efficient instruction, and may then, or at a subsequent time, serve upon such parent a notice, in the form or to the effect prescribed in the Schedule to these Bye-

laws, and, unless the parent object, the officer shall read over and explain such notice, and the consequences of neglecting to comply therewith to the parent at the time of service.

7. The particulars of each notice served upon parents shall be recorded by the officer serving the same in a book to be provided by the Board, which shall be laid before the Board at each ordinary meeting.

8. No officer of the Board having served such notice as aforesaid, and duly entered the same in the book provided for that purpose, shall give any information relating thereto to any person, or to any member of the Board, but shall report the same only to the monthly Board meeting, or to the committee or officer appointed to receive such information.

9. No proceedings against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of the notice prescribed by Bye-law No. 6, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or of a committee thereof, or of the managers of a school, to state his or her reasons for not complying with the said notice.

10. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as, with costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence.

11. The Board may, from time to time, revoke or alter these or any other Bye-laws hereafter made, or any one or more of such Bye-laws, provided that seven clear days' written notice shall be given to every member of the Board (such notice pointing out every Bye-law it is intended to revoke or alter as the case may be) and that the precise terms of any proposed new Bye-law, whether the same be by way of addition to, or substitution of, or alteration of any then existing Bye-law be clearly contained in such notice; and that such revocation, alteration, or addition shall be voted by not less than a majority of the members present at an ordinary meeting; and that until any altered or new Bye-law shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council (as directed by the Elementary Education Act), the then existing Bye-laws shall continue in full force. Provided also that in all other respects not inconsistent with this Bye-law, the regulations of the Board for the time being, with respect to the summoning, notice, place, management, and adjournment of the meetings of the Board shall apply to the consideration and determination of such revocation, alteration, or addition.

12. In these Bye-laws the term "Education Department" means The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education.

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors," means The Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department.

The term "Township of Stainland with Old Lindley" means the parish of Stainland with Old Lindley according to the Act.

The term "School Board," or "Board," means The School Board of the township of Stainland with Old Lindley.

The term "School" or "Public Elementary School," means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act.

The term "School Managers" means a body of managers appointed by the Board, pursuant to the 15th section of the said Act.

The term "Officer" means an officer appointed by the Board, pursuant to the 36th section of the said Act.

The term "Parent" includes guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child, when the father is living and is residing within the township.

13. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board of the township of Stainland with Old Lindley, this 13th day of November, 1872.

John Walker, Chairman.

Thomas Worthington, Clerk.



[SCHEDULE.]

FORM OF NOTICE TO ATTEND SCHOOL.

To Mr.

TAKE NOTICE, that you are required, within fourteen days from the service hereof, to cause your child [A.B.] who is now between five and thirteen years of age, to attend and continue to attend an Elementary School.

Dated this                      day of                      187 .

Clerk to the School Board.

Offices of the School Board, Stainland.

The officer serving this notice will explain the same, and the consequences of refusing to comply therewith, and will also give you any information relating thereto, or to the schools which your child may attend.

The officer will not disclose the fact of your having been served with this notice, or any information relating thereto, to any person, but shall report the same only to the monthly Board meeting, or to the committee or officer appointed to receive such information.

If you do not comply with this notice, and wish to give any reason or explanation for not doing so, you are invited to attend a meeting of the School Board, or of a committee thereof, appointed by the Board, to be held in the                      on the                      day of                      , 187 ; between                      and                      o'clock in the                      ; and before any proceedings are taken against you, full consideration will be given by the Board to any statement you may think fit to make at such meeting, or to the officer serving this notice.

AT the Court at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the 16th day of January, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llanvrechva Upper appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eleventh of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 159.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CLIX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1870.

Parish of Llanvrechva Upper.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LLANVRECHVA UPPER SCHOOL BOARD.

KNOW all men by these presents, that at a meeting of the School Board of the parish of Llanvrechva Upper, in the county of Monmouth, duly convened and held at the Board Room, Cwmbrân, in the said parish, on Thursday, the 11th day of April, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of the Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers to them given by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation of Terms.

1. In these Bye-laws the term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education."

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means "The Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department."

The term "School Board," or "Board," means "The School Board for the parish of Llanvrechva Upper."

The term "School," or "Public Elementary School," means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act.

The term "School Managers" means a body of Managers appointed by the Board, pursuant to the 15th section of the said Act.

The term "Officer" means an officer appointed by the Board, pursuant to the 36th section of the said Act.

The term "Parent" includes guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living and is residing within the said parish.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said parish, shall cause such child to attend school within the said parish.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

See Sec. 7 (Sub-Section 2.)

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which

the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal by the parent of any child during the time or times in which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects is given, and that no child shall be required—

- (a.) To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.  
 (b.) To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Thanksgiving, or on Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon.

*Section 76.*

- (c.) To attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school and the examination of the scholars therein in respect of religious subjects, if the child has been withdrawn by his or her parent from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects in such school.

Provided also that any requirement herein contained shall not be held or construed to apply to any child employed in labour, and receiving instruction in conformity with the provisions of the Factory Acts, or of the Workshop Regulation Act, 1867.

*Proviso for Total or Partial Exemption from Attendance, if Child has reached certain Standard.*

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the Revised Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school; and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

*Defining Reasonable Excuse for Non-attendance.*

5. A child shall not be required to attend school—

- (a) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.  
 (b) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.  
 (c) If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

*Providing for Remission of School Fees in case of Poverty.*

6. If any parent, who has been served with a notice under these Bye-laws, requiring him or her to cause his or her child to attend school, satisfies the School Board that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board will remit the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months, provided that the amount of fees to be remitted shall not exceed the ordinary payment at the school selected by the parent.

*Requiring notice to Parent to cause Child to attend School.*

7. An officer may visit the parent of any child who, according to his information and belief, is

not attending school, or under efficient instruction, and may then, or at a subsequent time, serve upon such parent a notice in the form or to the effect prescribed in the schedule in these Bye-laws; and, unless the parent object, the officer shall read over and explain such notice and the consequences of neglecting to comply therewith to the parent at the time of service.

*Requiring Particulars of Notices to be recorded.*

8. The particulars of each notice served upon parents shall be recorded by the officer serving the same in a book to be provided by the Board, which shall be laid before the Board at each ordinary meeting.

*Prohibiting Officers from disclosing Information.*

9. An officer shall not disclose the fact of service of any such notice, or any information relating thereto, to any person not a member or officer of the Board, or a manager or principal teacher of a school.

*Providing that no Proceeding be taken until after Fourteen Days from Service.*

10. No proceeding against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of the notice prescribed by Bye-law (No. 7), nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or of a committee thereof, or of the managers of a school, to state his or her reasons for not complying with the said notice.

*Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.*

11. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

*Date on which Bye-laws shall come into Operation.*

12. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

The Common Seal of the  
 School Board for the  
 parish of Llanvrechva  
 Upper was affixed hereto  
 in the presence of



Frederic Lawrence, Chairman.  
 Edward Lawrence, Clerk.

[SCHEDULE.]

FORM OF NOTICE.

NOTICE TO ATTEND SCHOOL.

To Mr.

TAKE Notice, that you are required, within fourteen days from the service hereof, to cause your child (A.B.), who is now between five and thirteen years of age, to attend and continue to attend an elementary school.

Dated this            day of            A.D. 187 .

C.D.,

Clerk to the School Board.

The officer serving this notice will explain the same, and the consequences of refusing to comply therewith, and will also give you any information

relating thereto, or to the schools which your child may attend.

The officer will not disclose the fact of your having been served with this notice, or any information relating thereto to any person other than a member of the Board, or a school manager, or the principal teacher of a school.

If you do not comply with this notice, and wish to give any reason or explanation for not doing so, you are invited to attend a meeting of the School Board, or of a committee thereof, or of school managers, appointed by the Board, to be held at the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 187\_\_\_\_, between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock in the \_\_\_\_\_, and before any proceedings are taken against you, full consideration will be given by the Board to any statement you may think fit to make at such meeting, or to the officer serving this notice.

**A**T the Court at *Osborne House, Isle of Wight*, the 16th day of *January*, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the School Board of Sutton-upon-Trent, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the second of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 160.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is herewith annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

*Edmund Harrison.*

*Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.*

No. CLX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,  
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE SUTTON-UPON-TRENT SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS, a School Board for the parish of Sutton-upon-Trent, in the county of Nottingham, was duly elected on the 5th day of January, 1872.

Now, at a meeting of the School Board of the said parish of Sutton-upon-Trent, duly convened and holden at the School Room, in the said parish of Sutton-upon-Trent, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of July, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the aforesaid powers, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

*Definition of Terms in the following Bye-laws.*

1. The term "Education Department" means the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council of Education.

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means the Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her

Majesty, on the recommendation of the Education Department.

The term "School Board," or "Board," means The School Board of the district comprising the parish of Sutton-upon-Trent.

Terms importing males include females.

The term "Public Elementary School" means a Public Elementary School, as defined by the said Act.

The term "Parent" includes guardians, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

*Bye-Laws.*

1. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child residing within the parish of Sutton-upon-Trent, shall be required to cause such child, being not less than five nor more than thirteen years of age, to attend a Public Elementary School, unless some reasonable excuse be given for the non-attendance of the child.

2. Any one of the following shall be deemed a reasonable excuse within the meaning of Bye-law No. 1.

- (a) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner;
- (b) That the child has been or is prevented from attending school by sickness or some other unavoidable cause;
- (c) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.
- (d.) That the child is subject for the time being to the provisions of any statute or statutes for regulating the education of children in certain employments.

3. The Board shall have power to exempt a child from attendance at school for such period as they may think fit, if sickness in the family, or other urgent reason shall be proved, to the satisfaction of the Board, to exist.

4. If any child between the ages of ten and thirteen be certified by one of Her Majesty's Inspectors to have reached Standard III of the Government Code of February, 1871, such child may be exempted from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week: if any child between the ages of ten and thirteen be so certified to have passed an examination, according to Standard IV of the said Code, such child may be exempted from the obligation to attend any school.

5. Except as aforesaid, the time during which every child shall attend school, shall be the whole time in which the ordinary instruction of the school is given, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the parents of such child belong, or shall require the attendance at school of any child on such days as are set apart by the managers of the school for inspection in religious subjects.

6. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason that his or her child does not attend school is, that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit, and in the case of any other Public Elementary School, will pay the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for

renewable period to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months, provided that the amount of the fees to be remitted or paid shall not exceed the ordinary payment at the school selected by the parent, or the following scale :

For any child under 7 years of age 2d. per week.  
For any child exceeding 7 years of age and under 13, 3d. per week.

7. Any person convicted of a breach of these Bye-laws before two Justices of the Peace, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, in accordance with Section 74-of the said Act.

8. The Board may from time to time revoke or alter these, or any other Bye-laws hereafter made, or any one or more of such Bye-laws, provided that seven clear days' written notice shall be given to every member of the Board (such notice pointing out every Bye-law it is intended to revoke or alter, as the case may be), and that the precise terms of any proposed new Bye-law, whether the same be by way of addition to, or substitution of, or alteration of, any then existing Bye-law, be clearly contained in such notice.

9. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Signed on behalf of the Board this 2nd day of July, 1872.



A. C. Graystone, Chairman.  
John Wilkinson, Vice-Chairman.  
Thos. Smith, }  
W. E. Lynn, } Members of the  
Jno. Fisher, } said Board.

John G. Beevor, Clerk.

AT the Court at Osborne House, Isle of Wight, the 16th day of January, 1873.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Shelley, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the second of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, numbered 161.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

*Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.*

No. CLXI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,  
1870.

*Township of Shelley.*

BYE-LAWS OF THE SHELLEY SCHOOL BOARD.

*Recital of 74th Section of Education Act, authorising School Boards to make Bye-laws as to attendance at School.*

WHEREAS, by the 74th section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, it is enacted that

every School Board may, from time to time, with the approval of the Education Department, make Bye-laws for all or any of the following purposes:—

1. Requiring the parents of children of such age, not less than five years nor more than thirteen years, as may be fixed by the Bye-laws, to cause such children (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend school.
2. Determining the time during which children are so to attend school, provided that no such Bye-law shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs, or shall be contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.
3. Providing for the remission or payment of the whole or any part of the fees of any child, where the parent satisfies the School Board that he is unable from poverty to pay the same.
4. Imposing penalties for the breach of any Bye-laws.
5. Revoking or altering any Bye-laws previously made.

Provided that any Bye-law under this Section requiring a child between ten and thirteen years of age to attend school, shall provide for the total or partial exemption of such child from the obligation to attend school if one of Her Majesty's Inspectors certifies that such child has reached a standard of education specified in such Bye-law.

*Reasonable excuses for Non-attendance.*

And by the said 74th section it is further enacted, that any of the following reasons shall be a reasonable excuse, namely:—

1. That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
2. That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.
3. That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend, within such distance, not exceeding three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child, as the Bye-laws may prescribe.

*Penalties for breach of Bye-laws.*

And by the said 74th section it is further enacted, that any proceeding to enforce any Bye-law may be taken, and any penalty for the breach of any Bye-law may be recovered in a summary manner; but no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such amount as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence, and such Bye-laws shall not come into operation until they have been sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council.

*Recital of Section 17, providing for Payment of School Fees to School Board, and for Remission of Fees in case of Poverty.*

And whereas, by the 17th section of the said Act, it is enacted that every child attending a school provided by any School Board, shall pay such weekly fee as may be prescribed by the School Board, with the consent of the Education Department; but the School Board may, from time to time, for a renewable period not exceeding six months, remit the whole or any part of such

fee in the case of any child when they are of opinion that the parent of such child is unable from poverty to pay the same, but such remission shall not be deemed to be parochial relief given to such parent.

*Recital of Section 25, authorizing School Board to Pay School Fees in case of Poverty.*

And whereas, by the 25th section of the said Act, it is enacted that the School Board may, if they think fit, from time to time, for a renewable period not exceeding six months, pay the whole or any part of the school fees payable at any Public Elementary School by any child resident in their district, whose parent is, in their opinion, unable from poverty to pay the same, but no such payment shall be made or refused on condition of the child attending any Public Elementary School other than such as may be selected by the parent; and such payment shall not be deemed to be parochial relief given to such parent.

*Recital of Section 26, authorizing the Establishment of Free Schools in Special Cases.*

And whereas by the 26th section of the said Act, it is enacted that if a School Board satisfy the Education Department that, on the ground of the poverty of the inhabitants of any place in their district, it is expedient for the interests of education to provide a school at which no fees shall be required from the scholars, the Board may, subject to such rules and conditions as the Education Department may prescribe, provide such school, and may admit scholars to such school without requiring any fee.

*Recital of Section 36, authorizing School Board to Appoint Officers to Enforce Attendance at School.*

And whereas by the 36th section of the said Act, it is enacted that every School Board may, if they think fit, appoint an officer or officers to enforce any Bye-laws under this Act with reference to the attendance of children at school, and to bring children who are liable under the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, to be sent to a certified Industrial School, before two Justices, in order to their being so sent, and any expenses incurred under this section may be paid out of the school fund.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Clerk of the Huddersfield Union, for a School Board to be formed for the township of Shelley, county of York, a School Board for the said township was duly elected on the 1st day of April, 1871.

Now, at a meeting of the School Board of the said township of Shelley, held at the Bank School, in the said township of Shelley, on Thursday, the 18th day of April, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers of the 74th section of the Education Act of 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

*Interpretation of Terms.*

In these Bye-laws,

The term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education."

The terms "importing Males" in these Bye-laws include females.

The term "School Board" or "Board" means "The School Board of the district comprising the township of Shelley."

The term "School" or "Public Elementary School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870," and includes "a free, but not an Industrial School."

The term "Officer" means "an officer appointed by the Board, pursuant to the 36th section of the said Act."

The term "Parent" includes Guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

BYE-LAWS.

1. The parent of every child residing within the township of Shelley shall cause such child, being not less than five nor more than ten years old, to attend a Public Elementary School, unless there be reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

The following shall be deemed reasonable excuses:—

- (a.) Sickness, or any unavoidable cause, or any cause which, in the opinion of the School Board, shall be deemed satisfactory.
- (b.) That there is no school open which the child can attend within one and a-half miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.
- (c.) That such child is otherwise under efficient instruction.

2. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs, or shall be deemed or construed as being contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

3. An officer may visit the parent of any child who, according to his information and belief, is not attending school, or under efficient instruction, and may then, or at a subsequent time, serve upon such parent a notice in the form or to the effect prescribed in the schedule to these Bye-laws; the officer shall, if required, read over and explain such notice, and the consequence of neglecting to comply therewith, to the parent, at the time of service.

4. The particulars of each notice served upon parents shall be recorded by the officer serving the same, in a book to be provided by the Board, which shall be laid before the Board at each ordinary meeting.

5. An officer shall not disclose the fact of service of any such notice, or any information relating thereto, to any person not a member or officer of the Board or principal teacher of a school.

6. No proceeding against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of the notice prescribed by Bye-law No. 3, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, to state his reasons for not complying with the said notice.

7. Every parent who shall neglect or not observe these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, for each offence: Provided always, that no person shall be liable to be convicted more than once in respect of acts of such negligence or non-observance occurring in one and the same week.



8. If the parent of any child shall satisfy the School Board that he is unable from poverty to pay the school fees for such child, the School Board shall, for a renewable period not exceeding six calendar months, remit in a school provided by the Board, or pay in any Public Elementary School in the township of Shelley, the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, pursuant to Sections 17 and 25, of the Elementary Education Act, 1870.

9. These Bye-laws will come into force immediately after receiving the sanction of Her Majesty in Council.

Dated this 18th day of April, 1872.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the School Board of the township of Shelley, this 2nd day of January, 1873.



*Joseph Townend*, Chairman.

Sealed in the presence of—

*Henry Fitton*, Clerk.

[SCHEDULE.]

FORM OF NOTICE.

*Shelley School Board.*

NOTICE TO ATTEND SCHOOL.

To Mr.

TAKE Notice, that you are required within days from the service hereof, to cause your child (A. B.), who is now between five and ten years of age, to attend and continue to attend an Elementary School.

Dated this                    day of                    187 .

Officer of the Shelley School Board.

The officer serving this notice will, if required, explain the same and the consequences of refusing to comply therewith, and will also give you any information relating thereto, or to the school which your child may attend.

The officer will not disclose the fact of your having been served with this notice, or any information relating thereto, to any person other than a member or officer of the Board, or the principal teacher of a school.

If you do not comply with this notice, and wish to give any reason or explanation for not doing so, you are invited to attend a meeting of the School Board, to be held in the  
on                    the                    day of                    18 .  
between                    and                    o'clock, in the  
; and before any proceedings  
are taken against you, full consideration will be given by the Board to any statement you may think fit to make at such meeting.

*Privy Council Office, January 16, 1872.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Petition has been presented to Her Majesty in Council from certain Inhabitant Householdors of the town of St. Ives, in the county of Huntingdon, praying that Her Majesty in Council, under the Act 1 Victoria, cap. 78, will be pleased to grant to that town a ROYAL CHARTER, by which the powers and provisions of the Municipal

Corporations Act, 5 and 6 William the Fourth, cap. 76, may be extended to the Inhabitants of the said town, within the limits to be set forth in such Charter; and notice is hereby further given, that Her Majesty has been pleased, by Her Order in Council of this sixteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred seventy-three, to order that the said Petition be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

*Education Department, Whitehall,*  
*January 11, 1873.*

THE Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education have issued orders this day for filling up vacancies in School Boards in the undermentioned Parishes:—

Bingham ...	...	Notts
Brymbo ...	...	Denbigh
Chulmleigh ...	...	Devon
Danby ...	...	York
Diss ...	...	Norfolk
Drewsteignton ...	...	Devon
Haltwhistle ...	...	Northumberland
St. Levan... ..	...	Cornwall
Sutton in Keighley	...	York
Treleach-ar-Bettws	...	Carmarthen

(S. & C. 19.)

*Board of Trade, Whitehall Gardens,*  
*January 16, 1873.*

THE Board of Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Decree of the French Government, dated the 21st ultimo, prohibiting the importation into France of dynamite of foreign manufacture without the special permission of the Minister of Finance.

(S. & C. 32.)

*Board of Trade, Whitehall Gardens,*  
*January 16, 1873.*

THE Board of Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a copy of a Belgian Law, which came into force on the 15th instant, allowing the free importation into Belgium of cattle, sheep, swine, meat, butter; cereals including rice, flour, &c.; meats, fish and vegetables preserved otherwise than in spirits, sugar, or vinegar; and common soft and white cheese.

*Admiralty, 14th January, 1873.*

In accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 22nd February, 1870—  
Staff Captain T. C. Pullen has been placed on the Retired List from the 29th December, 1872, with permission to assume the rank of Retired Captain from the date of his retirement.

*Admiralty, 15th January, 1873.*

In accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 22nd February, 1870—  
Commander William A. Smyth has this day been placed on the Retired List, and allowed to assume the rank of Retired Captain.

*India Office, 14th January, 1873.*

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned Promotions amongst the Officers of the Staff Corps, and of Her Majesty's Indian Military Forces.

**BREVET.**

*To be Colonel.*

Lieutenant-Colonel John Wellwood Rutherford, Madras Infantry. Dated 11th August, 1872.

*To be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Major Charles Batchelor, Bengal Cavalry. Dated 10th June, 1872.

*To be Major.*

Captain William Shapter Hunt, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 6th July, 1872.

*To be Captains.*

Lieutenant Robert Thompson, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 11th December, 1870.

Lieutenant George Alexander, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 30th December, 1870.

Lieutenant William Patrick Oliphant Boulderson, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 1st June, 1872.

Lieutenant Frederick Alexander Wilson, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant Arthur Conolly, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant Edward Harris Steel, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant Vincent Rivaz, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant Samuel George Drury Turner, Bombay Staff Corps. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant Charles Edward Salkeld, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant Henry Thomas Harris Baber, Madras Infantry. Dated 9th June, 1872.

Lieutenant William Wilmer, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 3rd July, 1872.

Lieutenant Henry Beresford Nangle, Madras Staff Corps. Dated 4th July, 1872.

Lieutenant Henry Loeck Berkley, Madras Infantry. Dated 12th July, 1872.

Lieutenant Elliot Henry Money, Bengal Staff Corps. Dated 16th July, 1872.

Lieutenant John Hotham, Madras Infantry. Dated 21st August, 1872.

Lieutenant Henry Alexander Fletcher, Bengal Cavalry. Dated 4th September, 1872.

Lieutenant George Nolan, Bengal Infantry. Dated 14th September, 1872.

Lieutenant George Edmonds, Bengal Infantry. Dated 5th October, 1872.

Captain Alfred Robert Davidson Mackenzie, Bengal Cavalry, to be Major, in succession to General Thomas Oliver, Bengal Infantry, deceased. Dated 23rd April, 1872.

Captain Edward Morris Cherry, Madras Cavalry, to be Major, in succession to Lieutenant-General John Butler, Bengal Infantry, deceased. Dated 1st May, 1872.

Captain Frederick Morris Alexander, Madras Cavalry, to be Major, in succession to General James Garnault, Madras Infantry, deceased. Dated 16th May, 1872.

**SUBSTANTIVE PROMOTIONS.**

**BENGAL STAFF CORPS.**

*To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Major Wemyss Smith. Dated 12th June, 1872.

Major Robert Stewart. Dated 12th June, 1872.

Major John Alfred Brereton. Dated 12th June, 1872.

Major Jocelyn Pickard Cambridge. Dated 12th June, 1872.

Major William Henry Paget. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Thomas Charleton Hamilton. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Alexander Frederic Corbett. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major George Corham Huxham. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Alfred Combe. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major (Brevet Colonel) Allen Bayard Johnson. Dated 27th July, 1872.

Major Alexander Andrew Bruce. Dated 15th August, 1872.

Major Henry Evans Quin. Dated 24th August, 1872.

Major Theodore Walter Ross Boisragon. Dated 2nd September, 1872.

*To be Majors.*

Captain Walter Musgrave. Dated 11th June, 1872.

Captain Henry Robert Brown Worsley. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Captain Edward Richard Cumberland Wilcox. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Captain Edward Yeamans Walcott. Dated 20th June, 1872.

Captain Alexander McLeod Stewart. Dated 20th June, 1872.

Captain John Charles Campbell Daunt, V.C. Dated 20th July, 1872.

Captain John Thornhill Bushby. Dated 10th August, 1872.

Captain John James Boswell. Dated 10th August, 1872.

Captain Hardress Edmond Waller. Dated 10th August, 1872.

Captain (Brevet Major) Courtney Harvey Saltrou Scott. Dated 17th August, 1872.

Captain Henry Tyndall. Dated 20th August, 1872.

Captain Rowland Smith. Dated 26th August, 1872.

Captain Montagu Mitchell Procter. Dated 31st August, 1872.

Captain Frederick Allen. Dated 20th September, 1872.

Captain John Roberts. Dated 27th September, 1872.

Captain William Garrow Waterfield. Dated 3rd October, 1872.

Captain Frederick Peter Luard. Dated 12th October, 1872.

Captain Alexander Bruce. Dated 20th October, 1872.

*To be Captains.*

Lieutenant James Edward Alexander. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant John Ronald Campbell. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) Duncan George Pitcher. Dated 30th June, 1872.

Lieutenant Thomas Rennie Cowie. Dated 4th July, 1872.

Lieutenant Thomas Shepherd. Dated 4th August, 1872.

Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) Henry John Nuthall. Dated 6th August, 1872.

Lieutenant Frederick Knowles. Dated 4th September, 1872.

Lieutenant George Robert James Shakespear. Dated 7th September, 1872.

Lieutenant William Thom Stuart. Dated 2nd October, 1872.  
 Lieutenant Charles John Walter. Dated 2nd October, 1872.

**BENGAL ARMY.****CAVALRY.**

Major (Brevet Colonel) Lenox James Farquharson to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 1st May, 1872.

*Late 3rd European Cavalry.*

Captain (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) Charles Batchelor to be Major. Dated 21st August, 1872.

**INFANTRY.***To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Major John George Campbell. Dated 17th May, 1872.

Major Griffith Turner Jones. Dated 11th September, 1872.

*Late 15th Native Infantry.*

Captain Leopold Exxel Evans to be Major. Dated 17th May, 1872.

*Late 18th Native Infantry.*

Captain (Brevet Major) Gavin Dring Crawford to be Major. Dated 17th May, 1872.

*Late 35th Native Infantry.*

Captain John Mackie Stewart to be Major. Dated 11th September, 1872.

*Late 43rd Native Infantry.*

Captain William Reid Martin to be Major. Dated 17th May, 1872.

**GENERAL LIST OF CAVALRY OFFICERS.***To be Captains.*

Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) George Woodward Willock. Dated 14th February, 1872.

Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) Martin James Moore. Dated 24th February, 1872.

Lieutenant (Brevet Captain) Ernest Henry Curtis. Dated 1st May, 1872.

The undermentioned Officers will rank as follows:—

Captain Richard Tickell Montgomery Lang from 6th April, 1871.

Captain Charles Walter Campbell from 17th January, 1872.

**MEDICAL OFFICERS.***To be Surgeons-Major.*

Surgeon Stephen Chapman Townsend. Dated 1st June, 1872.

Surgeon William Burns Beatson, M.D. Dated 30th June, 1872.

Surgeon Charles Thomas Paske. Dated 26th August, 1872.

Surgeon William Frederick Blyth Dalzel. Dated 20th September, 1872.

Surgeon Samuel Bowen Partridge. Dated 12th October, 1872.

**MADRAS STAFF CORPS.***To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Major Horatio Biden. Dated 12th June, 1872.

Major Charles Harry Wilson. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Theodore Clayton Georges. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Douglas Gordon Seafield St. John Grant. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Charles Shuckburgh Hearn. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Walter Douglas. Dated 23rd June, 1872.  
 Major George Andrew Walker. Dated 23rd June, 1872.

Major Edward Gervase Campbell. Dated 11th August, 1872.

*To be Majors.*

Captain Henry St. Maur Wynch. Dated 12th June, 1872.

Captain Richard Griffith. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Captain Charles Joseph Stuart. Dated 20th July, 1872.

Captain William Morgan Frazer. Dated 20th August, 1872.

Captain Edward Francis Hunter Armstrong. Dated 20th September, 1872.

*To be Captains.*

Lieutenant James Stuart Fraser Mackenzie. Dated 8th June, 1872.

Lieutenant Shelley Leigh Hunt. Dated 9th June, 1872.

**MADRAS ARMY.***Late 6th Light Cavalry.*

Lieutenant Henry Wilberforce Bird to be Captain. Dated 30th March, 1872.

**MEDICAL OFFICERS.**

Assistant-Surgeon Daniel Kearney to be Surgeon. Dated 15th July, 1872.

**BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.***To be Lieutenant-Colonels.*

Major Richard Maurice Bonnor. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Malcolm Robert Haig. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major (Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel) Franklin Phillips Mignon. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major James Gordon. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Herbert Frederick Disbrowe. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Charles Edward Naylor. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major George Julius Melliss. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major William Charles Lester. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major William Henry Mason. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Charles William Wahab. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major Edward Macalister Gilbert Cooper. Dated 13th June, 1872.

Major George Arnold Laughton. Dated 3rd July, 1872.

Major John Lewin Sheppard. Dated 3rd July, 1872.

Major Sussex Charles Milford. Dated 4th July, 1872.

Major Hely Frederick Bolton. Dated 3rd August, 1872.

Major Clarence Augustus Collier. Dated 3rd August, 1872.

Major Robert Mallaby. Dated 3rd August, 1872.

*To be Majors.*

Captain (Brevet-Major) Horace Searle Anderson. Dated 8th April, 1870.

Captain Charles Jameson. Dated 12th June, 1872.

Captain Patrick Wilson Bannerman. Dated 13th June, 1872.  
 Captain William Augustus Gillespie. Dated 13th June, 1872.  
 Captain Francis James Thomas Ross. Dated 13th June, 1872.  
 Captain George Bell Crispin. Dated 20th July, 1872.

*To be Captains.*

Lieutenant Charles Mountstuart Erskine. Dated 12th May, 1872.  
 Lieutenant Charles Hay. Dated 27th June, 1872.  
 Lieutenant Francis Plummer. Dated 4th July, 1872.

**BOMBAY ARMY.**

**INFANTRY.**

*To be Lieutenant-Colonel.*

Major George Henry William Fagan. Dated 17th April, 1872.

*Late 16th Native Infantry.*

Captain Francis Shrubbs Iredell to be Major. Dated 17th April, 1872.

**GENERAL LIST OF INFANTRY OFFICERS.**

*To be Captains.*

Lieutenant William Cunningham Morris. Dated 12th March, 1872.  
 Lieutenant Charles James Abbott Yates. Dated 20th March, 1872.  
 Lieutenant George Robinson Bridge Drummond. Dated 29th March, 1872.

**MEDICAL OFFICERS.**

*To be Surgeons-Major.*

Surgeon Malcolm Munro Mackenzie. Dated 20th June, 1872.  
 Surgeon Adam Macdougall Rogers. Dated 24th June, 1872.

HER Majesty has been pleased to permit the undermentioned Officer to resign his Commission:—

Captain Richard Henry Ward, Bengal Infantry.

*India Office, 14th January, 1873.*

HER Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned admissions to the Staff Corps made by the Governments in India:—

**BENGAL STAFF CORPS.**

*To be Lieutenants.*

Lieutenant Francis Lowry Graves, Royal Artillery. Dated 24th June, 1863.  
 Lieutenant Cecil Coles Dyce, Royal Artillery. Dated 23rd December, 1864.  
 Lieutenant Thomas John Baynes, 24th Regiment. Dated 30th January, 1866.  
 Lieutenant Benjamin Chamney Graves, Royal Artillery. Dated 30th January, 1866.  
 Lieutenant Horace Richard Le Marchant Carey, 6th Regiment. Dated 4th December, 1866.  
 Lieutenant Frederick Robertson Ditmas, Royal Artillery. Dated 10th July, 1867.  
 Lieutenant Archie Wishart Gairdner, 109th Regiment. Dated 22nd January, 1868.  
 Lieutenant Lyndon Bolton Irwin, 3rd Regiment. Dated 2nd December, 1868.  
 Lieutenant Charles Comyn Egerton, 76th Regiment. Dated 19th October, 1869.  
 Lieutenant Edward James Gardner Lewis, 62nd Regiment. Dated 10th June, 1871.

**MADRAS STAFF CORPS.**

*To be Lieutenant.*

Lieutenant David Cowie, Royal Artillery (Madras). Dated 9th December, 1859.

**BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.**

*To be Lieutenant.*

Lieutenant Robert Locke Price, Royal Artillery. Dated 16th July, 1863.

NOTE.—Lieutenant Arthur Howlett admitted to the Madras Staff Corps, in London Gazette of 15th November last, was of the 1st and not of the 108th Foot.

*War Office, 17th January, 1873.*

**VOLUNTEERS.**

*8th Berkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Honorary Assistant-Surgeon George Henry Maskelyne resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
 George Henry Maskelyne, Gent., to be Acting Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Edinburgh Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Robert Park, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Macara-Finnie, promoted. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*11th Fife-shire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Second Lieutenant James Welsh resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*6th Herefordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Honorary Chaplain Reverend John P. Taylor resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

John James Anderson, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
 James Stuart, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain John Harvey resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
 Lieutenant Robert Gordon resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
 Ensign William Campbell resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
 James Kerr, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Campbell, who resigns. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*25th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Stephen Alley resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
 Ensign Alexander Morrison resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*104th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Robert Hogg resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*2nd Lancashire Light Horse Volunteer Corps.*

Albert Banner, Gent., to be Cornet. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*4th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

First Lieutenant George Edward Bowring to be Captain. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*4th Administrative Battalion Lancashire Rifle Volunteers.*

Major Nathaniel Eckersley resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign John Graham resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*5th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Charles Kirk, jun., Gent., to be Ensign. Dated  
18th January, 1873.

*6th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign Alfred Lockwood to be Lieutenant, vice  
Taylor, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Ensign Henry Warburton resigns his Commis-  
sion. Dated 18th January, 1872.

*8th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain and Adjutant James E. Christie resigns  
his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*15th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Frederick William B. Vernon resigns his  
Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Lieutenant Richard S. Williams resigns his Com-  
mission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*17th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Thomas G. Sandy resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Lieutenant Robert Folds resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Lieutenant James Fishwick to be Captain, vice  
Sandy, who resigns. Dated 18th January,  
1873.  
Ensign Walter Coultate to be Lieutenant, vice  
Folds, who resigns. Dated 18th January,  
1873.  
Ensign William Sutcliffe to be Lieutenant, vice  
Fishwick, promoted. Dated 18th January,  
1873.  
Ensign Thomas Grimshaw to be Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*27th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

John Smith-Cottrill, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated  
18th January, 1873.  
William Henry Tristram, Gent., to be Ensign.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Thomas Roby Foy, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated  
18th January, 1873.

*33rd Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant-Colonel William Willmott Mawson to  
bear the title of Lieutenant-Colonel-Com-  
mandant. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Major Samuel Scott to be Lieutenant-Colonel.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*47th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Alexander McClellan, Gent., to be Ensign.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*55th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant John Jones resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*56th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain F. Ashworth resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st London Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Francis Cotton resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*3rd Middlesex Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Faulconer Morgan, Gent., to be First Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*2nd Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign Francis Ricardo resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Ensign John Fitzgerald Sargent resigns his Com-  
mission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*4th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign Henry Peters to be Captain. Dated 18th  
January, 1873.  
Ensign Henry Walter Blake to be Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*19th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign B. H. d'Avigdor resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*20th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign William Widger Blackstone to be Lieu-  
tenant. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*22nd Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Edwin Burton resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Lieutenant John Scott to be Captain. Dated 18th  
January, 1873.

*28th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Thomas Langdon Roberts, Gent., to be Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*29th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

John Henrique Dunn, Gent., to be Lieutenant,  
vice Cope, promoted. Dated 18th January,  
1873.

*37th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant George Edgar Frere resigns his Com-  
mission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Ensign James William Dawson to be Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Ensign William Hope Hooper to be Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Ensign Percival Birkett to be Lieutenant. Dated  
18th January, 1873.

*39th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

John Dyer, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 18th  
January, 1873.  
Alexander Banks Johnson, Gent., to be Ensign.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*40th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Edward Swansborough resigns his  
Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*49th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Richard Eyre Lambert resigns his Com-  
mission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Captain Thomas Langdon Roberts resigns his  
Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Ensign William Eagle Reeves resigns his Com-  
mission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Henry de Burgh Daly, Gent., to be Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Alfred Ebsworth, Gent., to be Assistant-Surgeon.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Midlothian Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

The appointment of William Lowson, Gent., to  
be Ensign, to be cancelled.  
William Lowson, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated  
3rd July, 1872.  
Thomas Adair Smith, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated  
18th January, 1873.

*1st Nairn Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Second Lieutenant Alexander Findlay to be First  
Lieutenant, vice Squair resigned. Dated 18th  
January, 1873.

*1st Newcastle-on-Tyne Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Captain William Slingsby Hunter to be Major.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Newcastle-on-Tyne Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Major Fife John Scott resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*3rd Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

George Francis Addison Cresswell, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Wells, promoted. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*7th Northumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Joseph Coates resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Lieutenant William Holmes to be Captain, vice Coates, who resigns. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Oxfordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Lewis Boyd Sebastian to be Captain.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Hercules Scott Butler, Esq., to be Captain. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*3rd Oxfordshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Timothy E. Cobb resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*15th Perthshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain William L. Young resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Lieutenant Samuel Hally to be Captain, vice Young, who resigns. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Ensign James Sharp resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Renfrewshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Hugh Richard Walker, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*20th Renfrewshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Robert Stephen Milne, Gent., to be Ensign.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Roxburghshire Mounted Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Sir John Murray, Bart., resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Somersetshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Honorary Chaplain the Reverend E. H. Fothergill resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Somersetshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.*

First Lieutenant Henry Wiltshire to be Captain, vice Bramble, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1873.

Second Lieutenant James Gregory to be First Lieutenant, vice Bowen, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*8th Somersetshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign Samuel Dobree to be Lieutenant, vice Burridge, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1872.

*11th Stirlingshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Henry Murray, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Heron, promoted. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*12th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Francis John Van du Pant, Gent., to be Ensign.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*2nd Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain-Commandant Robert Loder resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

Captain Robert B. Thompson to bear the title of Captain-Commandant. Dated 18th January, 1873.

Lieutenant Henry Hoper to be Captain. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*10th Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Douglas Henty resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*2nd Tower Hamlets Engineer Volunteer Corps.*

David L. Henry, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant, vice Tejada, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant William Cock resigns his Commission.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Charles Greville Harston, Gent., to be Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*4th East Riding of Yorkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

Second Lieutenant John Douglas Close to be Captain. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
Richard England, Gent., to be First Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*6th East Riding of Yorkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.*

George Edward Harding, Esq., to be Captain, vice Cooper, deceased. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*1st East Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain John Henry Brodrick to be Major, vice Bannister, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1873.

Lieutenant William Stead Brodrick to be Captain, vice J. H. Brodrick, promoted. Dated 18th January, 1873.

Ensign Frederick Stead Brodrick to be Lieutenant, vice W. S. Brodrick, promoted. Dated 18th January, 1873.

Arthur Knocker Dibb, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Hewitt, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*19th North Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Ensign John Ingleby Jefferson resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*2nd West Riding of Yorkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.*

Benjamin Law, Gent., to be Second Lieutenant.  
Dated 18th January, 1873.

*3rd West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Clayton Stanford Willicombe resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.  
John Harper, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Ingham, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*6th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Robert Potter Berry resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.



*7th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Joseph William Harding to be Captain. Dated 18th January, 1873.

Lieutenant Walter Ellershaw resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

Henry Leathley Armitage, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Taylor, resigned. Dated 18th January, 1873.

*18th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Thomas E. Wright resigns his Commission. Dated 18th January, 1873.

John Oliver Broadhead, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Wright, who resigns. Dated 18th January, 1873.

**THE FAIRS ACT, 1871.****WEASENHAM ST. PETER'S FAIR.**

IN pursuance of the above-mentioned Act, I, the Right Honourable Henry Austin Bruce, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, hereby notify as follows:

1. By Memorial, dated 4th December, 1872, a representation has been duly made to me by the Justices sitting in Petty Sessions for the Launditch Division of the county of Norfolk, that a Fair has been annually held on the 25th day of January, on the Village Green in the parish of Weasenhams St. Peter's (commonly known as "Powell's" or "Paul's Mart"), in the said division of the said county, and that it would be for the convenience and advantage of the public that such Fair should be abolished.

2. On the 17th day of February, 1873, I shall take the aforesaid representation into consideration, and all persons are to intimate, before that day, any objection they may desire to offer to the abolition of the said Fair.

(Signed) *H. A. Bruce.*

Whitehall, January 16, 1873.

**THE FAIRS ACT, 1871.****BRADNINCH FAIR.**

IN pursuance of the above-mentioned Act, I, the Right Honourable Henry Austin Bruce, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, hereby notify as follows:

1. A representation has been duly made to me by the Mayor and Corporation of the borough of Bradninch as owners, that Fairs have been annually held on the first Wednesday in April, and on the third Wednesday in September, in the borough of Bradninch, in the county of Devon, and that it would be for the convenience and advantage of the public that such Fairs should be abolished.

2. On the 17th day of February, 1873, I shall take the aforesaid representation into consideration, and all persons are to intimate, before that day, any objection they may desire to offer to the abolition of the said Fairs.

(Signed) *H. A. Bruce.*

Whitehall, January 16, 1873.

**THE FAIRS ACT, 1871.****BISHOP'S STORTFORD FAIRS.**

WHEREAS a representation has been duly made to me, as Secretary of State for the Home Department, by the Justices sitting in Petty Sessions for the Bishop's Stortford Division of the county of Hertford, that Fairs have been annually held on the 11th and following day of October,

on Holy Thursday and following day, and on the Thursday after Trinity Sunday and following day, and that it would be for the convenience and advantage of the public that the said Fairs should be abolished:

And whereas notice of the said representation, and of the time when I should take the same into consideration, has been duly published in pursuance of "The Fairs Act, 1871:"

And whereas on such representation and consideration it appears to me that it would be for the convenience and advantage of the public that the said Fairs should be abolished:

And whereas the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, as lords or owners of the said Fairs and the tolls thereof, have consented in writing that the said Fairs should be abolished:

Now therefore, I, as the Secretary of State for the Home Department, in exercise of the powers vested in me by "The Fairs Act, 1871," do hereby order that the Fairs which have been annually held on the 11th and following day of October, on Holy Thursday and following day, and on the Thursday after Trinity Sunday and following day, in the parish and Petty Sessional Division of Bishop's Stortford, in the county of Hertford, shall be abolished as from the date of this order.

Given under my hand at Whitehall, this 14th day of January, 1873.

(Signed) *H. A. Bruce.*

**HOME OFFICE.****Notice under "The Public Offices Fees Act, 1866."**

The Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in pursuance of the provisions of the said Act, hereby declare and direct that from and after the date of this notice the Fees for the time being payable in the Home Office under the Coal Mines Regulation Act of 1872, or to the Officers thereof, shall be collected by means of Stamps.

Treasury Chambers,  
November 30, 1872.

**Civil Service Commission,**

January 16, 1873.

THE Civil Service Commissioners hereby give notice, that the following Regulations have been approved by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury:—

**SPECIAL REGULATIONS** (Supplementary to the General Regulations of 8th April, 1872), respecting Open Competitive Examinations for the situation of Second Assistant Examiner of Binding in Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

**N.B.—These Regulations are liable to alteration.**

I. The Examination will consist of two parts, and will be in the following subjects; viz. :—

**PART I.—Preliminary.**

1. Handwriting.
2. Orthography.
3. Arithmetic (to Vulgar and Decimal Fractions).
4. English Composition.

**NOTE.**—Candidates will be required to show what preliminary training or technical education they have undergone to qualify themselves for a situation of this nature; and they must satisfy the Civil Service Commissioners that they possess

the special qualifications necessary for the office. They must have served the usual apprenticeship to the trade of Binding, and must have been a sufficient time in actual employment.

\*. No Candidate who fails to show satisfactory proficiency in any of the subjects specified above will be admitted to the competitive part of the Examination.

**PART II.—Competitive.**

1. Knowledge of Binding.  
(Candidates must have a thorough knowledge of good work, and the materials required to produce it; they should consequently be able to detect defective work or inferior materials.)
2. Estimating.  
(They must be able readily to calculate the quantity of paper required for any number of books, in the different sizes of folio, quarto, octavo, &c., and to cast up an account with ease.)

The competition will be decided partly by the number of marks given for answers, written or

oral, to questions on the above-mentioned subjects, and partly by such testimony as the Commissioners may obtain from persons of practical experience as to the relative fitness of the Candidates.

II. A fee of 5s. will be required from each Candidate attending the preliminary part of the Examination, and a further fee of 10s. from each Candidate who may be admitted to the competitive part.

III. No Candidate will be eligible whose age on the first day of the Examination is less than 25 or more than 36.

The Civil Service Commissioners further give notice, that an Open Competition for one situation of Second Assistant Examiner of Binding in Her Majesty's Stationery Office will be held in London, under the above Regulations, forthwith; the Preliminary Examination on Tuesday, the 18th February, and the Competitive Examination on Tuesday, the 25th February, 1873, and following days. Persons wishing to compete should apply at once for the necessary form to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W.

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, do hereby, subject as hereinafter mentioned, grant and convey to the Incumbent of the vicarage of Saint Thomas, West Hyde, in the county of Hertford, and in the diocese of Rochester, and to his successors, Incumbents of the same vicarage, all those tithe commutation rent-charges which are particularly described in the schedule hereunto annexed, and are now vested in us, to have and to hold the said tithe commutation rent-charges to the use of the said Incumbent and his successors for ever: Provided always, that the said tithe commutation rent-charges shall be and be held to be in lieu of, and in full substitution both for an annual sum or stipend of one hundred pounds, heretofore payable by us to the Incumbent of the said vicarage in respect of certain property formerly belonging to the Bishoprick of London, and also for a further annual sum or stipend of sixty pounds, likewise heretofore payable by us to the Incumbent of the said vicarage under the provisions of the sixteenth section of the Act hereinbefore mentioned, to which substitution the Reverend Henry Alchorne Lipscomb, Clerk, the present Vicar of the said vicarage of Saint Thomas, West Hyde, is consenting, and in token thereof has signed this instrument: And provided further, that the Incumbent for the time being of the same vicarage shall be entitled to receive from us, or on our account, the net amount of the rents, profits, and proceeds of the said tithe commutation rent-charges, for and in respect of the period intervening between the third day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and the date of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this nineteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

Henry A. Lipscomb, Incumbent.

(L.S.)

**SCHEDULE.**

Extract from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent-charge in lieu of Tithes of the parish of Rickmansworth, in the county of Hertford.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent-charge payable to Appropriator.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Biggs, Richard ... ..	Richard Morten ... ..	23	1	6	4	14	3
Copper Company Mines, Royal	Themselves ... ..	5	3	33	0	12	3
Fellows, James ... ..	Joseph Fountain ... ..	51	2	28	9	17	9
Hospital, St. Thomas... ..	Joseph Brew ... ..	416	3	15	78	6	1
King's College, Cambridge ...	William Magnay ... ..	4	2	17	0	13	1
	Richard Morten ... ..	217	2	6	43	19	2
Thelluson, Peter, Trustees of	Richard Morten ... ..	392	3	21	71	17	0
	Jno. Sedgwick and another ...	441	1	23	84	6	10
Westminster, Marquis of ... ..	Henry Bateman ... ..	156	3	17	29	8	0
					<b>£323 14 5</b>		

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, do hereby, subject as hereinafter mentioned, grant and convey to the Incumbent of the vicarage of South Cerney with Cerney Wick, in the county of Gloucester, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, and to his successors, Incumbents of the same vicarage, all those tithe commutation rent-charges, which are particularly described in the schedule hereunto annexed, and are now vested in us, to have and to hold the said tithe commutation rent-charges to the use of the said Incumbent and his successors for ever: Provided always that the said tithe commutation rent-charges shall be, and be taken to be, in lieu of, and in substitution for, the annual sum or stipend of eleven pounds heretofore payable by us to the Incumbent of the said vicarage in respect of certain estates formerly belonging to the Bishoprick of Gloucester and Bristol, to which substitution the Reverend William Elliot Hadow, Clerk, the present Incumbent of the said vicarage, is consenting, and in token thereof has signed this instrument: And provided further, that the Incumbent for the time being of the same vicarage shall be entitled to receive from us, or on our account, the net amount of the rents, profits, and proceeds of the said tithe commutation rent-charges for and in respect of the period intervening between the first day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and the date of the publication of these presents in the London Gazette.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this nineteenth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

(L.S.)

*William Elliot Hadow*, Incumbent.

## SCHEDULE.

EXTRACT from the Summary of the Apportionment of the Rent-charge in lieu of Tithes of the parish of South Cerney, in the county of Gloucester.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities.			Total Rent-charge payable to Ecclesiastical Commissioners.		
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.
Battersea, Churchwardens and Overseers of	Charles Snell ... ..	15	3	30	5	0	6
Biddell, John ... ..	Wm. Corner ... ..	132	2	37	14	18	4
	Wm. Sutton ... ..	116	0	2	8	3	6
	John Pollard ... ..	148	2	8	14	7	8
Chapman, John ... ..	John Chapman ... ..	3	3	24	0	9	8
Clutterbuck, Lewis ... ..	Robt. K. Habgood... ..	95	3	8	10	19	11
Hewer, John ... ..	James Davis ... ..	7	0	39	1	16	1
	Charles Snell ... ..	4	3	0	0	16	4
Howse, John ... ..	Cornelius Luckett ... ..	26	1	23	0	14	5
Lucas, Trustees of John ... ..	Jos. Freeth... ..	78	3	13	6	4	11
Matthews' Charity, Trustees of	Fredk. W. Cole ... ..	4	2	32	0	19	7
Matthews, John ... ..	James Davis ... ..	9	1	20	2	11	4
Pollard, John ... ..	John Pollard ... ..	10	0	30	2	3	11
Snell, Charles ... ..	Charles Snell ... ..	7	2	9	0	16	7
Stevens, Edmund ... ..	Josh. Tavner ... ..	37	3	25	4	13	5
Sutton, The Reverend Walter	William Corner ... ..	84	1	28	6	2	11
Vaue, Lord Harry ... ..	Edward Carter ... ..	11	3	11	1	0	1
White, George ... ..	Joseph Howell ... ..	17	3	3	1	10	1
Wood, Charles ... ..	Charles Wood ... ..	6	2	14	2	0	1
Wood, Reverend Edmund ... ..	Charles Wood ... ..	2	3	23	0	17	10
Berry, Thomas ... ..	Thomas Berry ... ..	2	1	22	0	15	7
Chapman, John ... ..	Himself ... ..	0	1	20	0	2	5
					£87 5 2		

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, do hereby grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the vicarage of the Holy Trinity, West Marsh, in the county of Kent, and in the diocese of Canterbury, one capital sum of one thousand and five hundred pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification to be approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the

time being of the said vicarage of the Holy Trinity, West Marsh.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, do hereby, subject as hereinafter mentioned, grant to the Incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of Saint John, Waterloo-road, in the parish of Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, and in the diocese of Winchester, one yearly sum or stipend

of one hundred and twenty pounds, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the twenty-second day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and to be receivable in four equal portions on the first day of February, the first day of May, the first day of August, and the first day of November, in each and every year: Provided always, that the annual sum or stipend so granted by us to the Incumbent of the said vicarage shall be paid only upon the production to us, on or after each of the said lastly-mentioned days in each and every year, of a certificate under the hand of the Bishop of the said diocese of Winchester, that a Second Assistant Curate, duly licensed by such Bishop, has been employed within the parish of Saint John, Waterloo-road aforesaid, during the quarter of the year then ended, and is in receipt of a salary after a rate of not less than one hundred and twenty pounds per annum: Provided also, that such yearly sum or stipend shall continue payable as aforesaid so long only as may to us appear to be expedient under the circumstances from time to time affecting the said vicarage.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction consisting of eighty pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the vicarage of Alconbury-cum-Weston, in the county of Huntingdon, and in the diocese of Ely, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, sections five and eleven, grant and appropriate out of our common fund to the said vicarage of Alconbury-cum-Weston, to meet such benefaction, one capital sum of seventy pounds sterling, to be applicable towards defraying the cost of providing a parsonage or house of residence for the said vicarage, according to plans and a specification approved by us, such capital sum, or the balance thereof unapplied to such purpose, to remain in the meantime in our hands at interest after the rate of three pounds per centum per annum, and such interest to be paid to the Incumbent for the time being of the said vicarage of Alconbury-cum-Weston.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of "The Bishop-Wearmouth Rectory Act, 1867," section ten, and of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, do hereby, subject as hereinafter mentioned, grant to the Incumbent of the vicarage or benefice of Saint Peter, Bishop-Wearmouth, in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham, and to his successors, Incumbents of the same vicarage or benefice, one yearly sum or stipend of one hundred pounds, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the twenty-eighth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and to be receivable in equal half-yearly portions on the first day of May and on

the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the said yearly sum or stipend, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said vicarage or benefice, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in consideration of a benefaction of two hundred and twenty-five pounds sterling, which has been paid to us in favour of the rectory of Springthorpe, in the county of Lincoln, and in the diocese of Lincoln, and in respect of which we have agreed to pay to the Incumbent of the same rectory, and to his successors, a yearly sum of seven pounds and ten shillings, do hereby, in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, grant to the Incumbent of the said rectory of Springthorpe, and to his successors, to meet such benefaction, one other yearly sum or stipend of seven pounds and ten shillings, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the twenty-second day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and to be receivable, in equal half-yearly portions, on the first day of May and on the first day of November in each and every year: Provided always, that if at any time lands, tithes, or other hereditaments sufficient, in our opinion, to produce the yearly sum or stipend so payable out of our common fund, as lastly herein mentioned, or any part thereof, shall be annexed by us to the said rectory, in substitution for such yearly sum or stipend, or for such part thereof, our liability for the payment of such yearly sum or stipend, or of such part thereof, as the case may be, shall thereupon and thereafter cease and determine.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto set our common seal, this ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

(L.S.)

WE, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting in pursuance of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven, section five, do hereby, subject as hereinafter mentioned, grant to the Incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of Brayton, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York, one yearly sum or stipend of sixty pounds, such yearly sum or stipend to be payable out of the common fund under our control, and to be calculated as from the fourteenth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and to be receivable in four equal portions, on the first day of February, the first day of May, the first day of August, and the first day of November, in each and every year: Provided always, that the annual sum or stipend so granted by us to the Incumbent of the said vicarage of Brayton shall be paid only upon the production to us, on or after each of the said lastly-mentioned days, in each

and every year, of a certificate, under the hand of the Archbishop of the said diocese of York, that an Assistant Curate, duly licensed by such Archbishop, has been employed within the parish of Brayton aforesaid, during the quarter of the year then ended, and is in receipt of a salary after a rate of not less than one hundred and twenty pounds per annum: Provided also, that such yearly sum or stipend shall continue payable as aforesaid so long only as may to us appear to be expedient under the circumstances from time to time affecting the said parish of Brayton.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our common seal, this ninth day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

(L.S.)

#### INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Merthyr, in the county of Brecon, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the said county, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Caradoc Traich Frâs Inn, Battle, on Tuesday, the 4th day of February, 1873, at four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Merthyr aforesaid.

*A. Montgomery.*

*H. Roberts.*

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,  
London, January 14, 1873.

#### INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of East Ward, in the county of Westmoreland, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the King's Head Hotel, Appleby, on Saturday, the 1st day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of East Ward aforesaid.

*C. J. Herries.*

*Alfred Montgomery.*

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,  
London, January 15, 1873.

#### INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the 28th year of Her Majesty, cap. 30, for granting to Her

Majesty certain duties of Customs and Inland Revenue, power is given for increasing, in certain cases, the number of persons appointed, under the provisions made by the Act passed in the 5th and 6th years of Her Majesty, cap. 35, Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts and persons to supply vacancies amongst such Commissioners in each district or division in Great Britain; and it appearing to the Board of Inland Revenue that the number of persons so appointed for the division of East Ward, in the county of Westmoreland, is insufficient for the proper discharge of the business therein arising under the Income Tax Act, the said Board hereby authorize the increase in the number of the Commissioners for the said division to any number not exceeding fourteen, and of persons to supply vacancies amongst such Commissioners to any number not exceeding fourteen; and we the undersigned, two members of the said Board, do hereby convene a meeting of the persons appointed for putting in execution, within the said county, an Act passed in the 38th year of the reign of King George the Third, intituled "An Act for granting an aid to His Majesty by a Land Tax to be raised in Great Britain for the service of the year 1798," being respectively qualified to act as Commissioners in the execution of the last-mentioned Act, to be holden at the King's Head Hotel, Appleby, on Saturday, the 1st day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing and appointing, according to the regulations of the said Act of the 5th and 6th years of Her Majesty, such number of fit and proper persons to be Commissioners for general purposes for the said division of East Ward, and of persons to supply vacancies amongst such Commissioners, as may be sufficient to increase the number of such Commissioners to any number not exceeding fourteen, and of persons to supply vacancies amongst such Commissioners to any number not exceeding fourteen.

*C. J. Herries.*

*Alfred Montgomery.*

Inland Revenue, London,  
January 15, 1873.

[Extract from the Dublin Gazette, December 3, 1872.]

#### NOTICE.

To all persons concerned.—Renewals of Leases.

ALL persons claiming to be entitled to a renewal or renewals of any lease or leases of the lands of Greenmount, in the county of Antrim, or of any other lands held from or under the Right Hon. Clotworthy John, Viscount Massereene and Ferrard, or by or under any lease or leases affecting his estate, or to a grant or grants in fee-farm, in lieu of such renewal or renewals, are hereby required, on or before the 29th day of January, 1873, to come forward and show their right to the same, and to pay all fines, penalties, and moneys payable therefor, or in respect thereof, and to have the same completed by the said Viscount Massereene and Ferrard, who is now ready and willing to execute the same where the right thereto exists, on payment of the fines, penalties, and moneys aforesaid, and in default thereof the right of renewal will be considered as having been forfeited, and the said Viscount Massereene and Ferrard will not, after the 24th day of January, 1873, hold himself bound to renew

any such lease or leases or to execute any grant or grants in fee-farm, in lieu thereof.

Signed this 28th day of November, 1872.

*Clement K. Cordner,*

Agent for the Right Hon. Clotworthy John, Viscount Massereene and Ferard, Corllon, county Louth.

Meade and Colles, Solicitors,  
8, Kildare-street, Dublin.

land, it is my intention to apply to the Board of Trade, under Section 6 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1871, in respect of my ship "King Arthur," of Whitby, official number 58,782, of gross tonnage 422 tons, of register tonnage 399 tons, heretofore owned by Thomas Turnbull and Son, of Whitby, for permission to change her name to "Hazel Holme," to be registered under the said new name at the port of Liverpool as owned by myself.

Any objections to the proposed change of name must be sent to the Assistant-Secretary, Marine Department, Board of Trade, within fifteen days from the appearance of this advertisement.

Dated at Liverpool, this 14th day of January, 1873.

WILFRID HINE.

Official Notice.—Proposal to Change a Ship's Name.

I, WILFRID HINE, of Liverpool, hereby give notice, that in consequence of my ships being called after various "Holmes" in Cumber-

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of BULLION and SPECIE registered in the Week ended 15th January, 1873.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
China (including Hong Kong)	Ounces. 225	Ounces. 13	Ounces. 238	Ounces. ...	Ounces. 19,972	Ounces. 19,972
Japan ... ..	...	...	...	...	108,332	108,332
South America and West Indies	3,027	245	3,272	3,652	25,902	29,554
United States ... ..	11,763	...	11,763	...	158,960	158,960
Other Countries ... ..	1,114	1,361	2,475	12,322	...	12,322
	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aggregate of the Importations } registered in the Week ... }	16,129	1,619	17,748	15,974	318,166	329,140
Declared Value of the said } Importations ... .. }	£ 64,197	£ 6,478	£ 70,675	£ 3,827	£ 78,291	£ 82,118

  

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
British.	Foreign.	British.			Foreign.			
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	
Denmark ... ..	...	...	12,500	12,500	...	...	...	
Belgium ... ..	...	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	112,400	
France ... ..	10,000	...	...	10,000	...	...	15,000	
Portugal ... ..	...	...	48,900	48,900	...	...	...	
Cape of Good Hope ... ..	6,250	...	...	6,250	8,000	...	8,000	
Mauritius ... ..	8,000	...	...	8,000	40,000	...	40,000	
South America (except Brazil)	105	...	...	105	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Aggregate of the Exportations } registered in the Week ... }	24,355	...	62,400	86,755	48,000	...	127,400	
Declared Value of the said } Exportations ... .. }	£ 95,420	£ ...	£ 249,600	£ 345,020	£ 12,000	£ ...	£ 31,900	



## BANK OF ENGLAND.

*AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 15th day of January, 1873.*

## ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

£				£			
Notes Issued	...	...	38,602,835	Government Debt	...	...	11,015,100
				Other Securities	...	...	3,984,900
				Gold Coin and Bullion	...	...	23,602,835
				Silver Bullion	...	...	—
			£38,602,835				£38,602,835

Dated the 16th day of January, 1873.

*Frank May, Deputy Chief Cashier.*

## BANKING DEPARTMENT.

£				£			
Proprietors' Capital	...	...	14,553,000	Government Securities	...	...	13,270,325
Rest	...	...	3,457,534	Other Securities	...	...	18,985,911
Public Deposits (including Ex- chequer, Savings Banks, Com- missioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	...	...	7,236,982	Notes	...	...	13,069,010
Other Deposits	...	...	20,313,437	Gold and Silver Coin	...	...	663,045
Seven day and other Bills	...	...	427,338				
			£45,988,291				£45,988,291

Dated the 16th day of January, 1873.

*Frank May, Deputy Chief Cashier.*

*India Office, January 16, 1873.*

**T**HE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received a Calcutta Gazette, containing the following notices of Orders made by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11 Victoria, cap. 21.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

*In the Matter of Doorga Churn Dutt and Brojo-nath Seal, Insolvents.*

On Saturday, the 23rd day of November last, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvents were respectively adjudged entitled to their personal discharge under the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, as to all persons named in their schedule as creditors or claiming to be creditors respectively.—Swinhoe, Law, and Co., Attorneys. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

*In the Matter of Guddadhur Pundit and Juggun-nauth Khetree, Insolvents.*

On Saturday, the 23rd day of November last, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Saturday, the 1st day of February next, and that the said Insolvents do then respectively attend to be examined before the said Court.—Insolvents in person. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

*In the Matter of Benjamin Shortt Collins, an Insolvent.*

On Thursday, the 12th day of December instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 1st day of February next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.—W. F. Gillanders, Attor-

ney. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

*In the Matter of Kissorymohun Ruckhit, an Insolvent.*

On Saturday, the 7th day of December instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 5,139-10-5 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent, as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 12-8-0 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

*In the Matter of Adeline Legh, an Insolvent.*

On Saturday, the 7th day of December instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 395-9-6 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent, as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 9-0-0 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

In the Matter of Parke Pittar and Thomas Alcock, Insolvents.

On Saturday, the 7th day of December instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 46,737-8-10 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvents, as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 1-12-0 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvents, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

In the Matter of William Woolstone Greey, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 7th day of December instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 15,203-11-7 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent, as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 32 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

In the Matter of Shaik Meheroollah, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 7th day of December instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 360-7-8 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent as a dividend, at the rate of Rs. 2 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any matter or or thing relating thereto.—A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

In the Matter of Parke Pittar, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 7th day of December instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,70,849-4-8 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent, as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 90 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent, and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule, when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.—A. B. Miller, Official Assignee. Date of Gazette containing notice, December 18, 1872.

Chief Clerk's Office, December 17, 1872.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for  
77. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of George Haseltine, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in hospital-beds,"—a communication to him from abroad by Isabella Waller, of Cleveland, Ohio, and Henry Fowler, of Detroit, Michigan, both in the United States of America, —was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of January, 1873, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for  
121. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Charles Harrison and William Pearson, both of Old Change, in the city of London, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in the construction of frames for umbrellas, parasols, and sunshades," was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 11th day of January, 1873, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for  
126. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of George Haseltine, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, Doctor of Laws, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in projectiles for rifled fire-arms and ordnance,"—a communication to him from abroad by Samuel Hatt Haycock, of Ottawa, Canada, Civil Engineer, was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 11th day of January, 1873, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for  
128. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of George Haseltine, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, Doctor of Laws, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in machinery for rolling iron or other metal,"—a communication to him from abroad by Charles Henry Perkins, of Providence, Rhode Island, United States of America,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 11th day of January, 1873, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for  
144. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Joseph Thomas Parlour, of Rutland-street, Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in wheels, and in bearings for the same, chiefly designed for omnibuses, cabs, waggons, and other similar vehicles," was de-

sited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 14th day of January, 1873, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed—

2668. To Arthur Henry Robinson, of the city of Dublin, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for indicating checking and registering receipts of money, also the receipts and delivery of parcels or goods, and for registering the number of persons carried in public conveyances."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of September, 1872.

3194. To Thomas Cobley, of Dunstable, in the county of Bedford, and John Edgar Poynter, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, Manufacturing Chemists, for the invention of "improvements in obtaining caustic baryta."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of October, 1872.

3312. To Samuel Kerr Ibbetson, of Saville-row, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of cigarettes, and in apparatus therefor."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of November, 1872.

3638. To Edwin Lloyd, of West Gate, Grantham, in the county of Lincoln, for the invention of "an improved iron construction for the erection of buildings, machinery, and bedsteads."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of December, 1872.

3816. To Andrew Betts Brown, of 80, Cannon-street, London, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in hydraulic engines for discharging ships' cargo, parts of which are also applicable for other purposes."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 17th day of December, 1872.

3860. To Robert Bird Stewart, of 20, Clarence-road, Bow, E., in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the method of covering treads of steps or stairs with the risers where necessary and also floorings."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 19th day of December, 1872.

3924. To William McAdam, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, for the invention of "improvements in utilizing waste products of chemical and other works in order to render the same applicable for building and structural purposes."

3926. And to David Crawford Miller, of Larkhall, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Bleacher, for the invention of "improvements in distilling, evaporating, or concentrating saccharine and other solutions or liquids."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 27th day of December, 1872.

3950. To Sydney George Camroux, of Savage-gardens, in the city of London, Gentleman, for

the invention of "improvements in receptacles to be used for heating purposes."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 30th day of December, 1872.

26. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for manufacturing meal or flour."—A communication to him from abroad by Richard Eaton and John H. Hall, both of Montreal, Canada, Gentlemen.

28. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "an improved transposing key-board or manual, applicable to pianofortes, organs, harmoniums, and other analogous instruments."—A communication to him from abroad by Auguste Désiré Bernard Wolff, of Paris, in the Republic of France.

34. And to Joseph Boes, of 38, Swinbrooke-road, Notting Hill, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "a new and improved oven for baking bread and confectionary."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 2nd day of January, 1873.

36. To Orlando Lowe, of Stretford, in the ancient parish of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Surgical Plaister Manufacturer's Manager, for the invention of "improvements in steam boilers."

38. To Gustav Bischof, of the Andersonian University, in the city of Glasgow, Professor of Technical Chemistry, for the invention of "improvements in the purification of water and in the means and apparatus employed for that purpose."

39. To George Fitzgerald Whiting, of Grove-villas, Balham, in the county of Surrey, and James Charles Bolton, of St. Mary Axe, in the city of London, for the invention of "improvements in window fasteners."

40. To Bristow Hunt, of Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in printing telegraph-instruments."—A communication to him from abroad by George Lee Anders and Ebenezer Baker Welch, of Cambridge, Middlesex, county Massachusetts, in the United States of America."

41. To Frank McClean, of No. 21, Whitehall-place, in the city of Westminster, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for raising ships and vessels out of the water for examination and repair."

42. To William Gordon Thompson, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturing Chemist, for the invention of "an improved process and apparatus for extracting oleaginous or fatty matters from liquid or solid substances."

43. And to John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the transmission of power, and in the machinery or apparatus employed therein."—A communication to him from abroad by Henry Picq, of Paris, in the Republic of France, Architect.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of January, 1873.

44. To Samuel Buckley, of No. 8, Tower-st., Hyde, in the county of Chester, Tool Maker, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of a combined pipe wrench and cutter."

45. To Alexander Angus Croll, of Coleman-street, in the city of London, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for the distillation of ammoniacal liquors, which improvements are also applicable in the distillation of other liquids, and in the concentration of soluble salts."
46. To Thomas Leeming and Richard Ray, both of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Lithographers, and Francis Gascoigne Lynde, of Kirkby Stephen, in the county of Westmoreland, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for bronzing, coloring, or otherwise ornamenting paper and other materials."
47. To Peter Burton, of Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improved means and apparatus for opening, closing, and securing the doorways of railway trains."
49. To Thomas Aitken, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in printing calico and other textile fabrics."
50. To Peter Spence, of Newton Heath, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturing Chemist, for the invention of "improvements in obtaining valuable substances derivable from residual liquors produced in the manufacture of alum from natural phosphates of alumina."
51. To Edward John Cowling Welch, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for the invention of "an improved locked safety valve arrangement for marine and other purposes."
52. To William Alexander Lytle, of The Grove, Hammersmith, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in roofs, partly applicable also to floors and pavements."
53. To Henry Kesterton, of Park-road, Mosely, near Birmingham, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of rolled tubes, bars, and plates."
54. To Henry Kesterton, of Park-road, Mosely, near Birmingham, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of metal telegraph posts."
56. And to Edward Umbers, of Weston Hall, near Leamington Spa, in the county of Warwick, Farmer, and Arthur George Fenn, of Beccles, in the county of Suffolk, Engineer, and William Thomas Whiteman, of No. 35, Maitland Park-road, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in and apparatus for signalling on railways."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of January, 1873.
57. To John Uther Burt, of Willow-row, Goswell-road, in the county of Middlesex, Coach Maker, for the invention of "improvements in the mechanical arrangements for opening and closing carriage heads."
58. To Andrew Walker the younger, of Hartwood, in the county of Mid Lothian, North Britain, for the invention of "improvements in steam boilers."
59. To William Foulis, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in charging and drawing retorts, and in the machinery or apparatus employed therefor."
60. To George Turner, of Handsworth, in the county of Stafford, Commercial Traveller, for the invention of "improvements in venetian blinds."
61. To Cornelius Bremerkamp, of 706, Old Kent-road, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "an improved method of removing by steam the bark from osier, willow, or any kind of rods, and also of improving their colour, and in the apparatus for effecting the same."
62. To Frederick Garon, of Southend, in the county of Essex, Builder, for the invention of "an improved stove for heating conservatories, baths, and similar purposes."
63. To Edward Thomas Hughes, of the firm of Hughes and Son, Patent Agents, 123, Chancery-lane, London, for the invention of "an improved system and arrangements for towing canal boats."—A communication to him from abroad by Floris Van Loo Wauters, of Brussels, in the Kingdom of Belgium, Gentleman.
64. To Aaron White Cook Williams, of Paris, France, now of No. 8, Southampton-buildings, London, Merchant and Manufacturer, for the invention of "an improved apparatus for extracting nails."—A communication to him from abroad, by George J. Capewell, of Cheshire, Connecticut, United States of America.
65. And to John Fletcher Wiles, of Sun-court, Cornhill, in the city of London, for the invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for securing the doors of railway carriages whilst a train is in motion."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of January, 1873.
68. To John Argall, of Adderbury, in the county of Oxford, Mining Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of oil paints."
69. To William Anyon, Yarn Agent, of No. 82, Waterloo-road, Manchester, for the invention of "improvements in construction and fixing of fire-grates for domestic and heating purposes in dwelling houses."
71. To James Law and Samuel Law, of the firm of Samuel Law and Sons, of Cleckheaton, in the county of York, Card Manufacturers, for the invention of "improvements in cards for carding woollen, cotton, silk, and other fibres, and in the machinery or apparatus to be employed in the manufacture of the wire for such cards."
72. To Henry Carmichael, of Leeds, in the county of York, Bleacher, for the invention of "an improved process and apparatus for bleaching, dyeing, and washing linen cotton and other yarns and fabrics."
73. To John William Lamb, Manufacturer, and Samuel Lowe, Machinist, both of Nottingham, in the county of Nottingham, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for transferring knitted fabrics to circular knitting machinery."
74. To Charles Henry Adames, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, for the invention of "an improvement or improvements in the manufacture of tea kettles."
75. To Hiram Codd, of Grove-lane, Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of glass bottles and in apparatus employed therein."
76. And to William Wilson, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Hat Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for the manufacture of hats."—A communication to him from abroad by Rudolph Eickemeyer, of Yonkers, in the United States of America.
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office

of the Commissioners on the 7th day of January, 1873.

78. To Richard Baynes, of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improved apparatus for heating the feed water of steam boilers."

79. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agent, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "improvements in thread-spools for sewing, embroidering, and other machines."—A communication to him from abroad by Henri Seeling, of Paris, France, Sewing Machine Manufacturer.

80. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "an improved apparatus for manufacturing illuminating gas."—A communication to him from abroad by Henry Krausse, of Mainz, Germany.

81. To Richard Hartley, of New-road Side, near Keighley, in the county of York, Singer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus employed for singeing yarn."

82. To George Rydill, of Grove House, Dewsbury, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in drying machines for drying animal and vegetable substances, earth, and compositions, part of which are also applicable for furnace bars and other purposes."

83. To William Edward Wiley, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in coating metals, and in machinery or apparatus used for that purpose."

84. To Alexander Timon Cornelis Schoevers, of the Hague, in the Kingdom of Holland, Surgeon, for the invention of "improvements in trusses for the cure or relief of hernia."

85. To Henry Highton, M.A., of Putney, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in electric telegraphs."

86. To Thomas Whitwell, of Thornaby Iron Works, Stockton-on-Tees, in the county of Durham, for the invention of "improvements in register and other fire places."

87. To Joseph Ralph Chislett, of Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Machinist, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for employing electricity for curative and remedial purposes and in appliances to be used in connection therewith."

88. To Godfrey Steinhoff, of Suffolk-lane, Thames-street, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "a new or improved construction of hammer for impressing or printing numbers, letters, or other marks in or upon timber and other substances, and an improved inking or coloring apparatus in connection therewith."—A communication to him from abroad by H. Schmidt, of Schindler's Werk, near Schneeberg, Saxony.

89. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in water wheels, and in mounting the same, parts of which improvements are also applicable to mounting other driving shafts."—A communication to him from abroad by Paul Doury, of Paris, in the Republic of France.

90. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in puddling furnaces."—A communication to him from abroad by Leven

Shreve Goodrich, of Waverly, in the State of Tennessee, and John Hartwell Hillman and George Washington Goodrich, both of Trigg Furnace, in the State of Kentucky, United States of America.

91. To Stanislas Wikentjevitch Konn, of the firm of S. A. Kosloff and Company, of Great Winchester-street-buildings, and of St. Petersburg, in the Empire of Russia, for the invention of "improvements in producing heat by electricity."—A communication to him from abroad by Alexandre Nicolaevitch Lodighin, of St. Petersburg, in the Empire of Russia.

92. To Henry Macaulay, of Kingston-upon-Thames, in the county of Surrey, Captain, 5th Royal Lancashire Militia, for the invention of "improvements in breech loading small arms."

93. And to Harry Farncombe Hodson, of Hayward's Heath, in the county of Sussex, for the invention of "improved combination implements for gardening and other purposes."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of January, 1873.

95. To Paulin Gay, of Rue de Grammont, No. 11, at Paris, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting or excavating coal, stone, or other minerals."

97. To Richard Thwaites, of 36, Waterloo-road, Lambeth, in the county of Surry, and Louis Arthur Stephens, of 111, Peckham Park-road, Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in corks, and in the form of the necks of bottles to be used with the same, and the method of using the same for bottling liquids."

98. And to Leander Wolcott Boynton, of the city and State of New York, United States of America, now of No. 8, Southampton-buildings, London, Engineer, and Joseph Ellicott Holmes, of Vowler-street, Walworth-road, in the county of Surrey, Civil and Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in centrifugal machines, and in kilns and apparatus connected therewith, for drying and charring peat, and for other like purposes."

On their several petitions, recorded in the office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of January, 1873.

#### PATENTS WHICH HAVE BECOME VOID.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £50, before the expiration of the third year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 11th day of January, 1873.

36. Charles Henry Westendarp, of 51, Lansdowne-road, Kensington Park, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, and Daniel Dowling, of 85, Kennington-road, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in breech loading rifles."—Dated 5th January, 1870.

38. Edmund Edwards, of No. 22, Buckingham-street, Adelphi, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in cocks and valves."—Dated 5th January, 1870.

44. William Wharton, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Millwright and Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in the spinning and manufacture of stick and roll tobacco, and in the machinery therefor, parts of which are applicable to the spinning of other fibrous materials."—Dated 5th January, 1870.

45. Adonis Nicolas Cristin Gavard, of Boulevard de Strasbourg, No. 23, Paris, France, for an invention of "an improved cartridge case for breech-loading fire arms."—Dated 5th January, 1870.
47. George Dominicus Kittoe and Peter Brotherhood, both of 56, Compton-street, Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, Engineers, for an invention of "improvements in the packing of pistons, glands, pipe and other joints."—Dated 6th January, 1870.
48. William Weild, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer and Machinist, for an invention of "improvements in machinery for winding yarn or thread on to bobbins, spools, or other similar surfaces."—Dated 6th January, 1870.
51. James John Miller, junior, of No. 17, Albert-terrace, New Church-road, Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus for reversing marine and other large steam engines."—Dated 6th January, 1870.
54. John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in heating apparatus."—Communicated to him from abroad by Jules Henry Weibel, of Paris, in the Empire of France.—Dated 6th January, 1870.
57. Henry Pritty, of Victoria-grove, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for damping copying paper, stamps, labels, and other materials and articles."—Dated 7th January, 1870.
58. Richard Morris, of Doncaster, in the county of Yorkshire, and Mulgrave Daniel Penney, of Stockwith-on-Trent, in the county of Nottingham, for an invention of "improvements in treating shoddy and other animal waste, to obtain ammonia and salts of ammonia therefrom."—Dated 7th January, 1870.
59. William Robert Lake, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, Consulting Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in lawn-mowing machines."—Communicated to him from abroad by Samuel Coit, of Hartford, Connecticut, United States of America.—Dated 7th January, 1870.
61. John Carnaby, of 252, High Holborn, in the county of Middlesex, Gas Apparatus Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvements in dials for gas regulators, and in dials in general, also in besils or rings for dial faces."—Dated 7th January, 1870.
64. Benjamin Brown, Manager to Messieurs Walker and Hacking, of Vulcan Works, Bury, in the county of Lancaster, for an invention of "an improvement in machinery used for spinning and doubling cotton, and other fibrous substances."—Dated 8th January, 1870.
67. William Henry Hughan, of Newton Stewart, North Britain, Post Master, and Guano and Seed Merchant, for an invention of "improvements in the treatment of night soil, sewage, urinous superphosphates, gas lime, refuse, and other refuse matters for the purpose of deodorizing, of obtaining manure, and of diluting acids with urinous mixtures."—Dated 8th January, 1870.
72. Charles Denton Abel, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in the treatment of cast iron for the production of castings therefrom."—Communicated to him from abroad by Nicholas John Pontileff, of St. Petersburg, in the Empire of Russia, Acting State Councillor and Manufacturer.—Dated 10th January, 1870.
73. William George Cunningham, of Stonehouse, in the county of Devon, Esquire, for an invention of "a machine or apparatus for cleaning and polishing boots and shoes."—Dated 10th January, 1870.
74. Walter Watson Hughes, of 48, Porchester-terrace, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in furnaces."—Dated 10th January, 1870.
81. John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus for puddling now applicable, also as tuyeres for metallurgical furnaces generally."—Communicated to him from abroad by Auguste Ponsard, of Paris, in the Empire of France.—Dated 11th January, 1870.
82. Octave Vivier, of Sekforde-street, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in means or apparatus for measuring and indicating the distances travelled by vehicles."—Dated 11th January, 1870.
84. William Campion, of the town and county of the town of Nottingham, Sewing Machine Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvements in sewing machines."—Dated 11th January, 1870.
85. Robert Doayne Dwyer, of 85, Gracechurch-street, in the city of London, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "an improved mode of roofing buildings."—Dated 11th January, 1870.

**A** LIST of the Letters Patent for Invention which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £100, before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vict., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 11th day of January, 1873.

42. Edmund Walker, of London-street, in the city of London, Manufacturer, for an invention of "improvement in windlasses."—Dated 5th January, 1866.

43. Henry Duncan Preston Cunningham, of Bury, in the county of Hants, Esquire, for an invention of improvements in working and in the service of guns with fittings thereof, and in gun carriages."—Dated 5th January, 1866.

58. Herbert Newton Penrice, of Witton House, near Norwich, for an invention of "improvements in machinery employed in forming tunnels and galleries in rocks."—Dated 8th January, 1866.

81. William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in shears or scissors."—Communicated to him from abroad by Richard March Hoe, of the city of New York, in the United States of America.—Dated 10th January, 1866.

84. Amelia Susannah Brooman, of Twickenham, in the county of Middlesex, Widow and sole executrix of Richard Archibald Brooman, late of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, deceased, for an invention of "improvements in bleaching vegetable and animal fibres and tissues."—Communicated to the said Richard Archibald Brooman, from abroad by Charles Raphael Maréchal and Cyprien Marie Tessié du Motay, both of Metz, France.—Dated 10th January, 1866.



94. Charles Bartholomew, of Doncaster, in the county of York, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus used in getting coal."—Dated 11th January, 1866.

In Chancery.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Briton Ferry Floating Dock Company.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court of Chancery, was, on the 14th day of January, 1873, presented to the Lord Chancellor by the Right Honourable Victor Albert George Child Villiers, Earl of Jersey, of Middleton Park, in the county of Oxford, Charles Fane, of Temple-bar, in the city of London, Esquire, and Frederick George Saunders and Thomas Merriman Ward, both of Paddington, in the county of Middlesex, Esquires, creditors of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Chancellor Sir John Wickens, on the 31st day of January, 1873; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Acts, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

*Freshfields, 5, Bank-buildings, London, Solicitors for the Petitioners.*

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Wood Street Warehouse Company Limited.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court of Chancery was, on the 15th day of January, 1873, presented to the Master of the Rolls by John Edensor, of 93, Wood-street, in the city of London, Warehouseman, a contributory of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Master of the Rolls on the 25th day of January, 1873; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Acts, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

*Ashurst, Morris, and Co., of No. 6, Old Jewry, London, E.C., Solicitors for the Petitioner.*

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862, and of the Companies Act, 1867, and in the Matter of the Nanty Lead Mining Company Limited.

**B**y an Order made by his Honour Vice-Chancellor Malins in the above matters, dated the 20th day of December, 1872, on the petition of William Thomas, of Llanidloes, in the county of Montgomery, Merchant, a creditor of the above-named Company, it was ordered that the said Nanty Lead Mining Company Limited be wound up under the provisions of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867.

*N. Bennett, 4, Furnival's-inn, London, Solicitor for the Petitioner.*

In Chancery.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and of the North of Europe Land and Mining Company Limited.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Vice-Chancellor Sir James Bacon has fixed the 30th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, at his chambers, No. 11, New-square, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, as the time and place for the appointment of an Official Liquidator of the above-named Company.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

In Chancery.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Chemical Light Company Limited.

**H**IS Honour the Vice-Chancellor, by an Order dated the 14th day of January, 1873, appointed John Henry Rochester Breckels, of 4, Coleman-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, to be Official Liquidator of the above-named Company.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

In the Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster.—Manchester District.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and of the Court of Chancery of Lancaster Acts, 1850 and 1854, and of the King's Sutton Ironstone Company Limited.

**B**y an Order made by the Vice-Chancellor Little in the above matter, dated the 7th day of January, 1873, on the petition of David Vincent Steuart, of the Victoria Chemical Works, Bradford, near Manchester, Chemical Manufacturer, it was ordered that the said King's Sutton Ironstone Company Limited be wound up by this Court under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1862.

*Partington and Allen, Townhall-buildings, King-street, Manchester, Solicitors for the Petitioner.*

In the Court of the Vice-Warden of the Stannaries-Stannaries of Cornwall.

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862 and 1867, and of the Okel Tor Mine Company.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court, was, on the 10th day of January instant, presented to the Vice-Warden of the Stannaries, by Robert Marsden Massey, of No. 41, Palace Gardens-terrace, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, a contributory and creditor of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Warden, at No. 24, Duke-street, in the city of Westminster, on Tuesday, the 28th day of January instant, at twelve o'clock at noon; and by an order made in the said matter by his Honour the Vice-Warden, dated the 13th day of January instant, Charles Lee Nicholls, of No. 1, Gresham-buildings, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, was appointed provisionally Official Liquidator of the said Company until the hearing of the said petition or the further order of the said Court. Any contributory or creditor of the Company may appear at the hearing of the said petition and oppose the same, provided he has given at least two clear days' notice to the petitioner, or his Solicitors or Agent, of his intention to do so, such notice to be forthwith forwarded to P. P. Smith, Esq., Secretary of the Vice-Warden, Truro.

Every such contributory or creditor is entitled to a copy of the petition and affidavit verifying the same, from the petitioner or his Solicitors or Agent, within twenty-four hours after requiring the same, on payment of the regulated charge per folio. Affidavits intended to be used at the hearing, in opposition to the petition, must be filed at the Registrar's Office, Truro, on or before the 24th day of January instant, and notice thereof must, at the same time be given to the petitioner, his Solicitors or Agent.—Dated Truro, 14th January, 1873.

*Robert Maclean Paul*, Truro, Cornwall;  
Agent for  
*Davidsons, Carr, Bannister, and Morriss*,  
70, Basinghall-street, London, Solicitors  
to the Petitioner.

#### CONTRACT FOR ENGLISH ELM TIMBER.

Contract Department, Admiralty,  
Whitehall, January 4, 1873.

**TENDERS** will be received on Tuesday,  
the 21st instant, at two o'clock, for  
2,100 Loads of ENGLISH ELM TIMBER.

Their Lordships reserve to themselves an unlimited power of selection, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

A form of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office.

Union Bank of Australia.  
No. 1, Bank-Buildings, Lothbury,  
London, E.C., January 16, 1873.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a Special General Meeting of the Proprietors of this Bank will be held at this office, on Tuesday, the 4th February next, at one o'clock, for the purpose of considering and (if thought expedient) confirming the following Resolution passed at the Special General Meeting of Proprietors, held on 13th January instant, viz. :—

“That the 109th clause or regulation in the Company's Deed of Settlement, dated the 26th day of October, 1837, be amended by the omission of the following words (‘subject and until a determination of a Board of Directors in London to the contrary’), so that the amended clause or regulation will stand as follows :—

“109. That every Proprietor whose name shall for the time being be entered in the Colonial Proprietors' Register, and who shall be desirous of transferring all or any of his or her share or shares entered in the said last-mentioned register, shall give a notice in writing of his or her desire to the like purport and effect, as is directed with respect to the notice mentioned in the provision lastly hereinbefore contained, and that such last-mentioned notice shall given to a Local Director, or a Board or Boards of Local Directors, or other officer in the colonies, to be appointed by the Board of Directors in London for that purpose, and subject to such regulations as the said Board of Directors in London shall from time to time make in that behalf, and that the resolution and determination of such Local Director, or Board or Boards of Local Directors, or other officer in the colonies, on the eligibility or non-eligibility of the person so proposed or nominated, shall be final and conclusive upon all parties, and such Local Director, or Board or Boards of Local Directors, or other officer, shall not be obliged to assign any reason or ground for such resolution or determination, and that if any person so proposed or nominated shall not be approved of by the Local

Director, or Board or Boards of Local Directors, the Proprietor making such proposal or nomination shall be at liberty to propose and nominate in like manner some other person to be such Transferee, and so on from time to time until the approval of such Local Director, or Board or Boards of Local Directors, or other officer in the colonies, of a Transferee of the share or shares to be transferred, shall have been obtained.”

*By order of the Board,*  
John Bramwell, *Manager.*

The Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867.  
The Birmingham and Midland Consumers' Co-Operative Association Limited.  
In Liquidation.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company, duly convened and held at No. 30, New Bridge-street, in the city of London, on Monday, the 2nd day of December, 1872, the following Special Resolution was duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place, on Monday, the 30th day of December, 1872, the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed :—

“That this Company be liquidated voluntarily, and that Mr. Edward Gordon Sims be appointed Liquidator for that purpose.”

Robt. H. Cooke, *Chairman.*

The Beehive Co-Operative Society Limited.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of this Society, duly convened and held at the Store, No. 50, Allen's-buildings, Leonard-street, Shoreditch, E.C., on Tuesday, the 14th day of January, 1873, the following Extraordinary Resolutions were passed unanimously :—

1. “That it having been proved to the satisfaction of this Society that it cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same, it is therefore resolved that this Society be wound up voluntarily.

2. “That Mr. James Conning be, and he is hereby, appointed the Liquidator thereof.”

Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

John Ridout, *Chairman.*

The Beehive Co-Operative Society Limited.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a General Meeting of this Society will be held at the Store, No. 50, Allen's-buildings, Leonard-street, Shoreditch, E.C., on Saturday, the 22nd day of February, 1873, at eight o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of laying an account before the said Meeting, showing the manner in which the Society has been wound up, and hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

James Conning, *Liquidator.*

The Anglo-Russian Company Limited.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of this Company, duly convened and held at the offices of the Company, Nos. 5 and 6, Westminster-chambers, Victoria-street, in the city of Westminster, on Monday, the 23rd day of December, 1872, the following resolution was passed :—

“That this Company be wound up voluntarily.”

And notice is hereby further given, that at a further Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, duly convened and held at the offices of

he Company, on Thursday, the 9th day of January, 1873, the following resolutions were passed:—

“That the said Resolution passed at the said Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, on the 23rd day of December, 1872, be and is hereby confirmed.

“That Francis Hughes Webb, Esq., Secretary of the Company, be and is hereby appointed sole Liquidator of the Company.”

Geo. P. Bidder, Chairman.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Star and Garter Limited, duly convened and held at 79, Lombard-street, in the city of London, on the 28th day of November, 1872; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders, also duly convened and held at 79, Lombard-street, in the city of London, on the 23rd day of December, 1872, the following Special Resolution was duly passed and confirmed:—

“That this Company be wound up voluntarily, under the provisions of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867.”

John H. Hale, Chairman.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between William Elers, Edward Morgan, William Shrub Elers, Frederick Wadham Elers, carrying on business as Sugar Refiners, at 47, Lambeth-street, Goodman's-fields, London, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by the above-named William Elers.—Dated this 1st day of January, 1873.

William Elers. William Shrub Elers.  
Edward Morgan. Frederick Wadham Elers.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, William Wakefield and Henry Dancy, carrying on business as Linen and Woollen Drapers, at Fairford, in the county of Gloucester, under the firm of Wakefield and Dancy, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said Henry Dancy.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

W. Wakefield.  
Henry Dancy.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Daniel Bradshaw and William Hollinshed Brady, as Auctioneers and Valuers, at Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 29th day of September, 1872.—Dated this 7th January, 1873.

Daniel Bradshaw.  
W. H. Brady.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Henry Charlton and John Thomas Ford, carrying on business as Accountants and Auditors, at 2, King-street, Cheap-side, in the city of London, under the firm of Charlton and Ford, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

W. H. Charlton.  
J. Thos. Ford.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, carrying on business at Measham Mills, Measham, in the county of Derby, under the firm of Geo. and John Hunt, as Manufacturers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

John Hunt.  
George Hunt.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, as Cabinet Makers, Upholsterers, and Carpet Merchants, in the city of Exeter, under the style or firm of Jane Kingdon and Sons, was dissolved on the 31st day of December last. All debts due to the said partnership are to be paid to the undersigned, Kent Kingdon, by whom the liabilities of the said partnership will be discharged.—Dated the 14th day of January, 1873.

Kent Kingdon.  
George Canning Kingdon.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Edward Siddall and George Prince Lee, carrying on business at Kenyon-street Mills, Rochdale-road, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, under the style or firm of Siddall and Lee, as Hair Seating Manufacturers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and accruing due from or to the said firm in respect of the said business will be paid and received respectively by the said George Prince Lee, who will continue the said business at the said premises, on his sole account.—Dated this 25th day of October, 1872.

Wm. Ed. Siddall.  
George P. Lee.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between James Glenny and John William Cruickshank, carrying on business as Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers, at Blackburn and Preston, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by James Glenny.—Dated this 1st day of October, 1872.

James Glenny.  
John William Cruickshank.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Emmott, Henry Pogson, and Jonathan Barrett, carrying on business as Cotton Doublers, at Firwood Mills, Middleton Junction, in the township of Chadderton, in the county of Lancaster, under the style or firm of Thomas Emmott and Co., was dissolved by mutual consent, as and from the 31st day of December, 1872. All debts owing from or due to the late firm will be discharged or received by the said Thomas Emmott.—As witness our hands this 13th day of January, 1873.

Thomas Emmott.  
Henry Pogson.  
Jonathan Barrett.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by John Shore, Charles Durrans, and Benjamin Broadhead, under the firm of Shore, Durrans, and Broadhead, at Parkgate, near Rotherham, in the county of York, in the trade or business of Brass Founders and Patent Tap Manufacturers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent; and the said John Shore and Benjamin Broadhead will receive and pay all debts and accounts due to and from the said firm.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

John Shore.  
Charles Durrans.  
Benjamin Broadhead.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us the undersigned, William Wood and William Calvert Sharp, trading under the style or firm of William Wood and Company, as Manufacturing Chemists, at Carlton Hill, in Leeds, in the county of York, was dissolved, on the 14th day of December last. All debts due to and from the said concern will be received and paid by the said William Wood, by whom the said business will in future be carried on.—As witness our hands this 10th day of January, 1873.

William C. Sharp.  
William Wood.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Benjamin Bonham and Stephen Farley, as Patent Water-closet Manufacturers and Brass Finishers, at 370, Oxford-street, London, under the style or firm of Bonham and Farley, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or owing by the said firm (the latter so far as the same are set out in the schedule to the deed of dissolution executed by us this day), will be received and paid by the said Stephen Farley, who will in future carry on the said business alone and on his own account.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

Benjamin Bonham.  
Stephen Farley.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, as Cotton Spinners, carrying on business at the New Mill, in the city of Carlisle, under the firm of John Slater and Co., was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of November last, since which date the same business has been, and is now being carried on, under the same firm, by the undersigned, Thomas Francis Slater and John Bedwell Slater, by whom the same mill and all the machinery thereon is now occupied as tenants to the undersigned, John Slater, the owner. All debts due and owing by or to the late partnership firm, will be paid and received by the said Thomas Francis Slater and John Bedwell Slater.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

Jno. Slater.  
Thomas Francis Slater.  
J. Bedwell Slater.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto subsisting between Thomas Nicholl, of Halifax, in the county of York, Worsted Spinner, and William Appleyard Nicholl, of the same place, Worsted Spinner, carrying on business at Sowerby Bridge, in the parish of Halifax aforesaid, as Worsted Spinners, under the style or firm of Thomas Nicholl and Son, was dissolved on the 1st day of January instant, by mutual consent; and that all debts due to and owing from the said partnership concern will be received and paid by the said William Appleyard Nicholl.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

*Thomas Nicholl.  
William Appleyard Nicholl.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Carr Barker and James Thompson, carrying on business at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, as Hardwaremen and Iron Merchants, under the firm of Barker and Thompson, was dissolved on the 31st day of December, 1872.—Dated the 10th day of January, 1873.

*G. C. Barker.  
James Thompson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Michael Redfean and William Sunderland, carrying on business at Upper Wilshaw, near Holmfirth, in the county of York, as Manufacturing Chemists, is dissolved by mutual consent, as and from the 2nd day of January, 1873.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

*Michael Redfean.  
Wm. Sunderland.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Henry Clarke Smith and Jonathan Walker, as Wood Turners, at Sandhills-lane, Bootle, in the county of Lancaster, under the style or firm of Smith and Walker, was on this day dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 13th day of January, 1873.

*Henry Clarke Smith.  
Jonathan Walker.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership business heretofore carried on by us the undersigned, Frank Morgan and Samuel Henry Facey, at the Brecon-road Brewery, Abergavenny, in the county of Monmouth, as Common Brewers, under the style or firm of Morgan and Facey, was, on the 31st day of December, 1872, dissolved by mutual consent; and that all debts due to and owing by the said late copartnership will be received and paid by the said Frank Morgan, by whom the said business will in future be carried on at the place aforesaid.—As witness our hands this 14th day of January, 1873.

*Frank Morgan.  
Saml. H. Facey.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Mellodew, Thomas Mellodew, and John Clegg, all of Moorside, in the township of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, carrying on business as Brickmakers, at Moorside Brickworks, at Moorside aforesaid, under the firm of George Mellodew, Son, and Clegg, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said George Mellodew, who retires therefrom. All debts due to and owing by the concern will be received and paid by the said Thomas Mellodew and John Clegg, by whom the business will in future be carried on, under the style or firm of Mellodew and Clegg.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

*George Mellodew.  
Thomas Mellodew.  
John Clegg.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto subsisting between us the undersigned, Bernard Moore and Charles Richardson, in the trade or business of Brush Manufacturers, carried on under the firm of Charles Richardson and Co., upon premises at the back of No. 102, Bradford-street, Birmingham, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All partnership debts will be received and paid by the said Charles Richardson.—Witness our hands this 14th day of January, 1873.

*Bernard Moore.  
Charles Richardson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Joseph Henry Sladen and David Rowland Williams, of Nos. 43 and 44, Bute-street, Cardiff in the county of Glamorgan, Bonded Store and Provision Merchants, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Williams will pay all debts due from, and receive all moneys owing to, the partnership.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

*J. Hy. Sladen.  
D. R. Williams.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting, and which for some past has been carried on between us the undersigned, Albert Banner and James Moss Bennett, in the business of Commission Merchants, at Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, under the firm of Banner and Bennett, has been dissolved by mutual consent, on and from the 31st day of December, 1872.—As witness our hands this 10th day of January, 1873.

*Albert Banner.  
Jas. Moss Bennett.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Joseph Lipscomb and William Coombs, carrying on the business of Tinmen and Braziers, at Thames-street, New Windsor, in the county of Berks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Witness our hands this 16th day of January, 1873.

*Joseph Lipscomb.  
William Coombs.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, David Senior and Frederick Holford, of the city of Manchester, Carpet and Floorecloth Dealers, under the style of Senior and Holford, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said David Senior, who will continue to carry on the said business under the name of Senior and Holford, on his separate account.—Dated this 10th day of May, 1872.

*David Senior.  
Frederick Holford.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, trading under the style of Smith, Badrick, and Linton, as Manchester Warehousemen, at No. 5, Faulkner-street, in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 20th day of December, 1872.

*Frederick Heald Smith.  
J. Henry Badrick.  
William Linton.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Procter Ellis, Joseph Street Edgar, and Richard James Stainton, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and carrying on business at No. 12, Saint George's-crescent, and No. 20, Redcross-street, Liverpool, as Wine Merchants, under the style or firm of R. P. Stainton and Co., was by mutual consent dissolved, on the 2nd day of January instant, so far only as regards the said Richard James Stainton; and that the said business will be carried on as heretofore by the said William Procter Ellis and Joseph Street Edgar, under the said firm of R. P. Stainton and Co., and all debts due to or owing from the said late firm will be respectively received and paid by the continuing firm.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

*W. P. Ellis.  
R. J. Stainton.  
Joseph S. Edgar.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, John Gibson Boden and William Swingler, in the business of Tailors and Woollen Drapers, and carried on by us, in the borough of Leicester, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 31st day of December, 1872. All debts due and owing to and by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said William Swingler, by whom the business will in future be carried on.

*John Gibson Boden.  
William Swingler.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, William Bate and Cornelius Stanton, heretofore trading as Wine and Spirit Merchants, at No. 141, Moor-street, in the borough of Birmingham, has been dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated the 1st day of January, 1873.

*William Bate.  
Cornelius Stanton.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, John Wright and William Lomas, as Rope and Twine Manufacturers, at Brinksway, Stockport, in the county of Chester, under the firm of Wright and Lomas, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 8th day of January, 1873.—As witness our hands this 8th day of January, 1873.

*John Wright.  
William Lomas.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, carrying on business at Huddersfield, in the county of York, as Fancy Woollen Manufacturers, under the style or firm of James Armitage and Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or from the said firm will be received and paid by the undersigned William Lee, who will in future carry on the said business on his own account, under the style or firm of William Lee and Co.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

*James Armitage.*  
*William Lee.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Charles Wilden and Edward Wilden, as Flour Factors, and carried on lately at No. 10, Mark-lane, and same at No. 5, Market-buildings, Mark-lane, in the city of London, under the style or firm of C. and E. Wilden, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or owing by the said late firm will be received and paid by the said Edward Wilden who will in future carry on the said business.—As witness our hands this 2nd day of October, 1872.

*Charles Wilden.*  
*Edward Wilden.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership between the undersigned, Benjamin Jones, Morgan Phillips, and Theophilus Williams, in the trade or business of Drapers, at Aberaman, Glamorganshire, under the firm of Jones, Phillips, and Williams, was on the 26th day of October, 1872, dissolved by mutual consent; and in future the business will be carried on by the said Morgan Phillips, on his separate account: and who will pay and receive all debts owing from and to the said partnership in the regular course of trade.—Witness our hands this 14th day of January, 1873.

*Benjamin Jones.*  
*Morgan Phillips.*  
*Theo. Williams.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Harold and George Brassey, carrying on business under the style of Harold, Brassey, and Co., at 39, Old Hall-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and at 39, Lombard-street, in the city of London, as General and Commission Merchants, is dissolved as from the 31st day of December, 1872. All assets and debts of the partnership will be received and paid by the said George Brassey, at No. 39, Old Hall-street, Liverpool aforesaid.—Dated this 1st day of January, 1873.

*Jno. Harold.*  
*George Brassey.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Timmins and Frederick John Caudwell, in the business of Barge Owners, at Reading, in the county of Berks, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to the partnership are to be paid to the said William Timmins.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

*William Timmins.*  
*F. J. Caudwell.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between James Harrison, Thomas Whitwam, and William Summersgill, carrying on business as Commission Weavers, at Wilsden, in the parish of Bradford, in the county of York, under the firm of James Harrison and Co., was dissolved on the 1st day of January instant by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said firm will be received and paid by the said Thomas Whitwam and John Thompson Pickles, who will continue the said business under the firm of Pickles and Whitwam.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

*James Harrison.*  
*Thomas Whitwam.*  
*William Summersgill.*

[Extract from the Edinburgh Gazette of January 7, 1873.]

#### NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

**THE** Copartnership carrying on business as Woollen Manufacturers at Alva, under the firm of Wilson and Anderson, has this day been dissolved by the consent of the subscribers, the sole partners.

The business will be continued by the subscriber, William Anderson, under the firm of William Anderson and Company. Mr. Anderson will pay the debts due by, and uplift the debts due to, the dissolved firm.

Alva, 31st December, 1872.

*Wm. P. Wilson.*  
*W. Anderson.*

LACHLAN COWAN, Witness.  
ALEXANDER F. MORRISON,  
Witness.

[Extracts from the Edinburgh Gazette of January 10, 1873.]

#### NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

**THE** Copartnership concerning carrying on business as Merchants and Commission Agents, at Singapore, under the firm of William Macdonald and Company, of which the Subscribers, William Macdonald, Robert Duff, William Ramsay Scott, and John Wignall Witham were the sole partners, was, of mutual consent, dissolved as on the 30th day of September, 1872, being the expiry of their contract of copartnership.

The subscribers, William Ramsay Scott and John Wignall Witham, will continue to carry on the same business on their own account, under the new firm of Scott, Witham, and Company; who are authorized and empowered to liquidate and wind up the business affairs of the dissolved firm of William Macdonald and Company.

Singapore, 1st October, 1872.

*Wm. Macdonald.*  
*Rob. Duff.*  
*W. R. Scott.*  
*John W. Witham.*

#### NOTICE.

**THE** subscribers William Ramsay Scott and John Wignall Witham retired from the copartnership concerning carrying on business as Merchants and Commission Agents, originally in Glasgow and laterly in London, and of which the other subscribers, William Macdonald and Robert Duff were the only other partners, as at 31st day of December, 1872, when the then subsisting contract of copartnership between the said parties expired.

The subscribers, William Macdonald and Robert Duff, will continue to carry on the said business under the firm of Macdonald, Duff, and Co., at 18, Saint Helen's-place, London, and will also settle all accounts due by and to the old concern.

*W. R. Scott.*  
*John W. Witham.*  
*Wm. Macdonald.*  
*Rob. Duff.*

[Extract from the Edinburgh Gazette of January 14, 1873.]

Leith, 1st January, 1873.

**THE** Copartnership business carried on by the subscribers, sole partners thereof, as Glove Merchants, in Leith and London, the firm of Jelstrup, Gray, and M'Cuaig, has been dissolved by mutual consent, of this date.

The subscribers, Edmund J. A. Jelstrup and John Gray, who are to have right to all the Company's assets, will discharge all its obligations and pay all its debts.

*E. J. A. Jelstrup.*

CHAS. HENDERSON, Solicitor in the Supreme Courts of Scotland, Edinburgh.

CHARLES THOM, of No. 4, York-place, Edinburgh, Law Clerk.

Witnesses to the signature of the above-named Edmund J. A. Jelstrup.

*John Gray.*

THOMAS PRICE GOWER, of No. 119, Cheap-side, London, Accountant.

JOSEPH HENRY WHITFIELD, 2, Fenchurch-street, London, Merchant.

Witnesses to the signature of the above-named John Gray.

*J. M'Cuaig.*

CHAS. HENDERSON, Solicitor in the Supreme Courts of Scotland, Edinburgh.

CHARLES THOM, of No. 4, York-place, Edinburgh, Law Clerk.

Witnesses to the signature of John M'Cuaig.

CHARLES DUNSTAN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vict., c. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of property and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Charles Dunstan, late of Gunnislake, in the parish of Calstock, in the county of Cornwall, Gentleman, deceased, who died on the 14th day of July, 1870, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Bodmin on the 6th day of August, 1870, by William Dunstan, of Meaders, in the parish of Southhill, in the county of Cornwall, Gentleman, and Luke Knight, of Gunnislake aforesaid, Builders, the executors therein named, are hereby required to send the particulars of their claims and demands to me, the undersigned, John Peter, Solicitor for the said executors, at

my office, situate at Callington, in the county of Cornwall, on or before the 8th day of March now next, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice: and further that the said executors will not be answerable for the assets or any part thereof distributed to any person or persons of whose debts, claims, or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JOHN PETER.

JOHN EDWARD HARDS, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic. cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims against the estate of John Edward Hards, formerly of The Red House, St. John's Wood, Middlesex, but late of The Old Queen's Head publichouse, No. 412, Oxford-street, Middlesex, Licensed Victualler, deceased (who died on the 6th day of September, 1872, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of the Court of Probate on the 8th day of January, 1873, by Alfred Samuel Curnock, of 9, North Wharf, Paddington, Middlesex, the sole executor thereof), are on or before the 1st day of March next to send in the particulars of their respective claims to the said executor at my office as below, at the expiration of which time the assets of the said John Edward Hards, the testator, will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said executor shall then have notice, and the said executor will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

RICHARD NATION, 4, Orchard-street, Portman-square, London, Solicitor to the said Executor.

MARY ANNE GEARY, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of Mary Anne Geary, formerly of Shawfield-street, but late of 4, Gloucester Cottage, Glebe-place, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Widow, deceased, who died on the 7th day of December, 1872, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate on the 21st day of December, 1872, by Martha Boyd, the sole executrix named in the said will, are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to the said executrix at the office of the undersigned, Messrs. Sladen and Mackenzie, 14, Parliament-street, Westminster, S.W., on or before the 1st day of March next, after which day the assets of the said Mary Anne Geary will be distributed among the parties entitled thereto, regard being had only to those claims and demands of which the said executrix shall then have had notice, and that the said executrix will not be liable for the assets of the deceased, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim or demand she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

SLADEN and MACKENZIE, 14, Parliament-street, S.W., Solicitors for the said Executrix.

RICHARD MICHELL SAMPSON, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of property and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Richard Michell Sampson, late of Devoran, in the county of Cornwall, Merchant (who died on the 26th day of November last, and whose will was duly proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Bodmin on the 3rd day of January instant by John Simmons Tregoning and William Lidgley, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send particulars in writing of such claims and demands addressed to Messrs. Hodge, Hockin, and Marrack, Solicitors, Truro, Cornwall, on or before the 1st day of March next, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts or claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any

person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated the 13th day of January, 1873.

HODGE, HOCKIN, and MARRACK, Truro, Cornwall, Solicitors to the said Executors.

MISS SUSANNA ELIZABETH KNIGHT, Deceased Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Susanna Elizabeth Knight, deceased, formerly of Blenheim-road, St. John's Wood, and late of No. 17, Holland-street, Kensington, both in the county of Middlesex, Spinster, who died on the 27th day of November, 1872, and whose will was proved in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, the Principal Registry, on the 23rd day of December, 1872, by Peter Greek and Henry Charles Trutch, the executors therein named, are required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to the said Henry Charles Trutch, at his residence No. 66, College-place, Camden Town, N.W., in the said county of Middlesex, on or before the 15th day of February, 1873, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties, entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which they shall then have had notice, and the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

H. C. TRUTCH.

THOMAS COMPSON, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Victoria, c. 35.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Thomas Compson, late of Halesowen, in the county of Worcester, Tanner (who died on the 27th day of August, 1872, and whose will was proved in the District Registry at Worcester of the Court of Probate by John Charles Compson, of Halesowen aforesaid, M.D., on the 7th day of January instant), are required to send the particulars of such claims to the said executor or to his Solicitors, Messrs. Bernard and King, of Stourbridge, Worcestershire, on or before the 11th day of March next, after which time the said executor will distribute the deceased's assets among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall have then had notice. Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

BERNARD and KING, Stourbridge, Solicitors to the said Executor.

JOSEPH WARREN, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Joseph Warren, late of Maldon, in the county of Essex, Ironfounder, deceased (who died on or about the 6th day of December, 1872, and whose will was proved by Jane Warren, Alfred Sayer, and Isaac Jackson, the executors therein named, on the 28th day of December, 1872, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims or demands to the said Jane Warren at her address, Fullbridge, Maldon, Essex, on or before the 1st day of April next. And notice is hereby also given, that after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

DIGBY and SON, Maldon, Essex, Solicitors to the Executors.

§ RICHARD HARVEY, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against or upon the estate of Richard Harvey, late of Garratt's-green, in the parish of Sheldon, in the county of Warwick, Farmer and Builder, deceased (who died on the 30th day of June, 1872, and to whose estate and effects letters of administration were granted by the District Registry attached to Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Birmingham, on the 24th day of July, 1872, to Charles Harvey, of the Cock Inn, Elmdon, near Birmingham, aforesaid, Farmer and Publican; the natural



and lawful brother of the deceased), are hereby required, on or before the 1st day of March next, to send particulars (in writing) of their claims or demands to the said Charles Harvey, or to George Harvey, of the Bull Inn, Yardley, near Birmingham, aforesaid, after which time the said administrator will proceed to distribute and appropriate the assets of the said deceased for the benefit of and among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims or demands of which notice shall have been given as aforesaid, and the said administrator will not be liable for such assets or any part thereof so distributed to any creditor or other person, of whose claim or demand notice shall not then have been given as aforesaid.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**ALLCOCK and MILWARD;**  
**BEALE, MARIGOLD, and BEALE, Solicitors,**  
Birmingham.

**RICHARD FOSTER, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of Richard Foster, late of Beggarmans, in the township of Buckden, in the parish of Arneliffe, in the county of York, Yeoman, deceased (who died on the 21st day of December, 1871, and probate of whose will, with a codicil thereto, has been granted by the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Wakefield, to Christopher Wallace Foster, of Outershaw, near Buckden, aforesaid, the sole executor thereof), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to me, the undersigned, the solicitor to the said Christopher Wallace Foster, on or before the 8th day of February next, after which time the said Christopher Wallace Foster will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person, of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice. And notice is hereby also given, that all persons who now stand indebted to the estate of the said deceased, are hereby required to pay the amount of such debts forthwith to me, the undersigned.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**T. F. R. HAMMOND, West Burton, Bedale,**  
Solicitor to the Executor.

**GENERAL HENRY LECHMERE WORRALL,**  
Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt or claim upon or against the estate of Henry Lechmere Worrall, late of The Cottage, in the parish of Clifton, in the city and county of Bristol, a General in Her Majesty's Indian Army (who died on the 8th day of December, 1872, and whose will was proved on the 10th day of January, 1873, in the District Registry at Bristol of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by John William Miles, Robert Burgess Parry, and Charles Edward Ward, the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send particulars in writing of such debts and claims, on or before the 24th day of June next, to us, the undersigned Osborne Ward Vassall and Co., of No. 41, Broad-street, Bristol, Solicitors to the said executors; and that on the said 24th day of June next, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Henry Lechmere Worrall, deceased, among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts or claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**OSBORNE WARD VASSALL and CO., 41,**  
Broad-street, Bristol; Solicitors to the said Executors.

**SOPHIA McCORMICK, WIDOW, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against or affecting the estate of Sophia McCormick, late of No. 35, Russell-street, Covent-garden, in the county of Middlesex, Widow, deceased (who died on the 8th day of September, 1872, at No. 35, Russell-street, Covent-garden, aforesaid, and whose will was proved on the 7th day of October, 1872, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by William Chandler Heald, of No. 1, Southampton-street, Holborn, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, one of the executors named in the said will), are to send in their debts, claims, or demands to the said executor, at the office of his solicitor, Mr. William Venn, No. 3, New-inn, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, on or before the 15th day of February next, at the expiration of which time the said executor will proceed

to administer the estate and distribute the assets of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executor shall then have had notice, and for the assets or any part thereof so administered or distributed, the said executor will not be liable to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

**WILLIAM VENN, 3, New-inn, Strand, Solicitor**  
for the said William Chandler Heald.

**COLIN SHARP, ESQUIRE, Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all persons, being creditors or having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Colin Sharp, late of No. 3, The Terrace, Clapham-common, in the county of Surrey, Esquire, deceased (who died on the 29th day of October, 1872, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 27th day of November, 1872, by Anne Bowness Sharp, of No. 3, The Terrace, Clapham-common, aforesaid, Widow, and James Bowman Sharp and Colin Kimber Sharp, both of the same place, Esquires, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands upon or against the said estate, to Messieurs Ford and Lloyd, of No. 4, Bloomsbury-square, in the county of Middlesex, the solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 1st day of March next, after which time the assets of the said Colin Sharp will be distributed amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims or demands of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

**FORD and LLOYD, 4, Bloomsbury-square, London, W.C., Solicitors for the said Executors.**

**JANE ORGILL, Widow, Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against or upon the estate of Jane Orgill, late of Sheldon Cottage, Adelaid-road, Haverstock-hill, in the county of Middlesex, Widow, deceased (who died on the 13th day of December, 1872, and whose will, with one codicil thereto, was, on the 4th day of January, 1873, proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Thomas Ruffe Paris, the sole executor), are hereby required to send in the particulars of such claims and demands to the said executor, at the office of us the undersigned, his Solicitors, on or before the 25th day of March, 1873, after which date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have notice; and the said executor will not be liable for any part of such assets to any person or persons of whose claim or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

**ROUTH and STACEY, 14, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury, Solicitors to the said Executor.**

**JOHN SAUNDERS, Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against or upon the estate of John Saunders, formerly of the Bristol Hotel, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Hotel Keeper, but late of Cambridge Villa, Sydenham-road, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, deceased (who died on the 18th day of December, 1872, and whose will was, on the 7th day of January, 1873, proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by George James Saunders and Edward Swit Stillwell, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in the particulars of such claims and demands to the said executors, at the office of us the undersigned, their Solicitors, on or before the 25th day of March, 1873, after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have notice; and the said executors will not be liable for any part of such assets to any person or persons of whose claim or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

**ROUTH and STACEY, 14, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury, Solicitors to the said Executors.**

**MARY PUGH, Deceased.**

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all persons having any claim or demand against the estate of Mary Pugh, late of Llanigon, in the county of Brecon, Widow (who died on the 4th day of November, 1871), are hereby required to send particulars of such claim or demand to me the undersigned, Louisa Lewis, wife of William Lewis, of Glasbury, in the county of Radnor (to whom letters of administration, with the will of the said deceased annexed, were granted on the 20th day of February, 1872, by the Hereford District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), on or before the 1st day of March next, after which day I shall proceed to distribute the assets of the said Mary Pugh among the parties entitled thereto under the provisions of the said will, having regard to the claims and demands only of which I shall then have had notice; and I will not be liable for any assets so distributed to any person of whose claim I shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

**LOUISA LEWIS.**

**JOHN KELSEY, Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of John Kelsey, late of No. 72, Paradise-street, Rotherhithe, in the county of Surrey, Surveyor, deceased (who died on or about the 2nd day of July, 1872, and whose will was proved by William Henry Kelsey and Joseph Kelsey, two of the executors therein named, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 19th day of December, 1872), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to us the undersigned, Solicitors for the said William Henry Kelsey and Joseph Kelsey, on or before the 24th day of February, 1873, at the expiration of which said time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

**HAWKS, WILLMOTT, and STOKES, 101, Borough High-street, Southwark, Solicitors for the said Executors.**

**ELIZABETH NORMAN, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, c. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Elizabeth Norman, late of The Laurels, Upper Deal, in the county of Kent, Widow (who died on the 28th day of August, 1872, and whose will, together with a codicil, were proved on the 19th day of November, 1872, in the Principal Registry of the Court of Probate, by Madgwick Spicer Davidson and Seaton Frank Taylor, Esquires, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, or demands to us the undersigned, the Solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 22nd day of February, 1873. And notice is hereby further given, that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and that the said executors will not be answerable or liable for the assets so distributed or otherwise dealt with, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

**M. and F. DAVIDSON, 35, Spring-gardens, Charing-cross, London, S.W., Solicitors to the said Executors.**

**HARRIET SHADWELL, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**THE** creditors of Harriet Shadwell, late residing at Mrs. Millard's lodgings, No. 5, Rainbow-hill-terrace, in the city of Worcester (who died on the 26th day of March, 1872, and whose will was proved on the 17th day of April, 1872, in the Principal Registry of the Court of Probate, by Cayley Shadwell, one of the executors therein named), are, on or before the 27th day of January instant, to send the full particulars of their debts or claims, and a statement of their accounts, to my office; or in default thereof the said executor, after the said 27th day of January instant, will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto. Should there be any creditor or creditors who shall send in a claim or claims, and fail legally to substantiate the same, the said

executor will avail himself of the provisions of the above-mentioned Act, and take the opinion of a Judge thereon.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**JOHN ROGERS JENNINGS, Solicitor for the said Executor, 30, Saint Swithin's-lane, London, E.C.**

**PRISCILLA NUGENT, Widow, Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Priscilla Nugent, late of Sallymount, in the county of Westmeath, Ireland, and of Leamington Priors, in the county of Warwick, Widow, deceased (who died on the 7th day of December, 1872, and whose will was proved by the Right Honourable James, Baron Talbot de Malahide, of Malahide Castle, Dublin, and Henry Reveley Mitford, of Handsworth, near Birmingham, in the said county of Warwick, Esquire, late Captain in Her Majesty's 5th Regiment of Foot, two of the executors therein named; on the 4th day of January, 1873, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims to Mr. Frederick Walford, the Solicitor to the said executors, at his office, No. 27, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, on or before the 1st day of March, 1873. And notice is also hereby given, that after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**FREDERICK WALFORD, 27, Bolton-street, Piccadilly.**

**MARY FORD, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22 and 23 Victoria, chapter 35, "To further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Mary Ford, formerly of Scarr Wheel, Broughton, near the city of Manchester, Widow, deceased (who died on the 21st day of September, 1872, and whose will was proved in the Manchester District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 17th day of October following, by James Parry, of the city of Manchester, Gentleman, and Thomas Ford, of Broughton aforesaid, Gentleman, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in the particulars of such claims or demands to us, the undersigned, the Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 31st day of March next, and in default thereof the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Mary Ford, deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have received notice; and that the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**PARRY and SON, 23A, King-street, Manchester, Solicitors to the said Executors.**

**GEORGE CHRISTIE, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands whatsoever upon or against the estate of George Christie, late of No. 3, Grosvenor-place, Commercial-road East, in the county of Middlesex, Outfitter, deceased (who died on or about the 5th day of August, 1872, and whose will, with one codicil thereto, was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 3rd day of January, 1873, by Lucy Maria Christie and Francis Haddock, the executrix and executor named in the said will and codicil), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their respective claims or demands to the said executrix and executor, at the office of me, the undersigned, their Solicitor, on or before the 28th day of February next, after which time the said executrix and executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, or otherwise dealt with, to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had written notice.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**G. J. NUTT, 2, Brabant-court, Philpot-lane, London, E.C., Solicitor for the said Executrix and Executor.**

**ANN HUMPHRIES, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands whatsoever upon or against the estate of Ann Humphries, late of 1, Argyle-villas, Duncum-road, Hornsey Rise, in the county of Middlesex, Widow, deceased (who died on or about the 22nd day of July, 1872, and of whose personal estate and effects letters of administration were on the 11th day of January, 1873, granted by the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, to Thomas May, of 109, Copenhagen-street, Caledonian-road, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, the guardian, lawfully elected by Charles Edwin Humphries, a minor, for his use and benefit, until he shall attain the age of 21 years), are hereby required to send the particulars, in writing, of their respective claims or demands to the said administrator, at the office of me, the undersigned, his Solicitor, on or before the 28th day of February next, after which date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or otherwise dealt with, to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

G. J. NUTT, 2, Brabant-court, Philpot-lane, London, E.C., Solicitor for the said Administrator.

**HANNAH BRATHWAITE, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Hannah Brathwaite, late of Greenside, near Milnthorpe, in the county of Westmorland, Spinster (who died on the 2nd day of March, 1872, and whose was proved in solemn form in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 30th day of December, 1872, by Joseph Swainson the younger, John Holme, and Thomas Rogers, the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send in particulars of such claims or demands, in writing, to the undersigned, the Solicitor of the said executors, on or before the 14th day of February, 1873, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testatrix amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the debts and claims only of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any creditor or person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 1st day of January, 1873.

J. HENRY JOHNSON, 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, London, Solicitor for the said Executors.

**WILLIAM HENRY PEPPER, Deceased.**

Statutory Notice under 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35.

**A**LL creditors and persons having any claims or demands against the estate of William Henry Pepper, late of 24, White Lion-street, in the county of Middlesex, Saddler (who died on the 11th day of November, 1872, and letters of administration to whose estate and effects were on the 10th day of December, 1872, granted by the Principal Registry of the Court of Probate), are to send in particulars thereof, to the undersigned, as Solicitors to Mary Pepper, of 24, White Lion-street aforesaid, the administratrix to the deceased, on or before the 13th day of March, 1873, after which day the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims in respect of which notice shall have been given as aforesaid.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

REED and LOVELL, 1, Guildhall-chambers, City, Solicitors to the said Administratrix.

**SEÑOR DON PEDRO JOSÉ JACKSON, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands upon or against the estate of Señor Don Pedro José Jackson, late of Millbrook House, Shepperton, in the county of Middlesex (who died on the 26th day of September, 1872, and letters of administration to whose estate and effects were, on the 13th day of January, 1873, granted by the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, to Samuel Greg Rathbone, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Esquire, the lawful Attorney of Dona Clara Errasquin de Jackson, of Monte Video, in the Republic of Uruguay, in South America), are hereby required to send in the particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, and demands to me, the undersigned, John W. Sykes, the Solicitor or Agent for the said administrator, on or before the 28th day of February next, after which day the said arbitrator will proceed to distribute the

assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the debts and claims only of which the said administrator shall then have had notice; and that the said administrator will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, or otherwise dealt with, to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JOHN W. SYKES, 31, St. Swihun's-lane, London, E.C.; Agent for Messrs. LACES, BANNER, NEWTON, BUSHBY, and RICHARDSON, Liverpool, Solicitors for the said Administrator.

**BENJAMIN WHITE, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt or claim against or upon the estate of Benjamin White, late of No. 220, Old Kent-road, in the county of Surrey, Tanner, deceased (who died on the 11th day of December, 1872, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 8th day of January, 1873, by Ann White, of No. 220, Old Kent-road aforesaid, widow of the said deceased, and James White, of 47, Fort-road, Bermondsey, in the said county of Surrey, Tanner, the executors therein named), are required to send particulars of their debts or claims, on or before the 28th day of February, 1873, to Messrs. SLEE, OVANS, and Bayley, of No. 2, Parish-street, Saint John's, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, Solicitors for the said Ann White and James White. And notice is hereby given, that after the said 28th day of February, 1873, the said Ann White and James White will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Benjamin White among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said Ann White and James White shall then have had notice; and they will not be answerable or liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

SLEE, OVANS, and BAYLEY, 2, Parish-street, Saint John's, Southwark, Solicitors for the said Executors.

In the Affairs of **MARY YEVILY, Deceased, Intestate.** Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Vict., cap. 35.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon the estate of Mary Yevily, late of Mardol, Shrewsbury, in the county of Salop, Spinster (who died on the 24th day of October, 1872, and to whose effects letters of administration were granted by the District Registry at Shrewsbury of the Court of Probate, on the 12th day of November, 1872, to Joseph Yevily, of Bayston Hill, near Shrewsbury aforesaid, Gardener, nephew, and one of the next-of-kin of the said deceased), are hereby required to send in to me, the undersigned, as the Solicitor acting for the said administrator, the particulars of such their claims or demands, on or before the 6th day of March, 1873, and after that date the said administrator will distribute the assets amongst the parties entitled thereto, regard being had only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice.—Dated this 31st day of December, 1872.

R. CLARKE, Swan Hill, Shrewsbury, Solicitor to the said Administrator.

**Madame ELENA DE PITROV (born CROWTHER), Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Madame Elena de Pitrov (born Crowther), late of Turin, in Italy, deceased (who died on the 29th day of July, 1872, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 17th day of December, 1872, by Giovanni Battista Pautrier, of Turin aforesaid, the universal heir or executor in the said will named), are required to send or deliver to me, on or before the 14th day of March next, the particulars, in writing, of their claims or demands, at the expiration of which time the said executor will distribute the assets of the said testatrix amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the claims or demands only of which the said executor shall have had notice on or before the last-mentioned day; and such executor will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not on or before the same day have had notice. And all persons indebted to the said estate are required to pay the amount of their respective debts to the executor, or to me, forthwith.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

WALTER H. BOSANQUET, Solicitor, 22, Austin-friars, London, E.C.

**MICHAEL STUBBINGS, Deceased.**

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all persons having any legal claim or demand upon or against the estate of Michael Stubbings, late of Attleburgh, in the county of Norfolk, Farmer and Dealer, deceased (who died on the 31st day of March, 1866, and whose will was proved in the Norwich District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 9th day of June, 1866, by Mary Ann Stubbings, of Attleburgh aforesaid, Widow and relict of the said deceased, and Thomas Betts, of Tibenham, in the said county, Farmer and Dealer, and Robert Huggins, of Banham, in the said county, Farmer, the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of their respective claims or debts to us, the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of March next, after which day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they may then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for such assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim or demand they shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**EMERSON and SPARROW, No. 6, Rampant Horse-street, Norwich, Solicitors to the Executors.**

**Mr. JOHN FLINT, otherwise JOHN ARNOTT, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of John Flint, otherwise John Arnott, late of Bugthorpe, in the county of York, Farmer, deceased (who died on the 24th day of November, 1872, and whose will was proved in the York District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 27th day of December, 1872, by Burton Farrar, of Buttercrambe, in the county of York, Farmer, and Thomas Cooper, of Walmgate, in the city of York, Druggist, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to me, the undersigned, the Solicitor to the said executors, on or before the 1st day of April next. And notice is also hereby given, that after that date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties legally entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

**ROBERT DALE, Museum-street, York, Solicitor to the said Executors.**

**HENRY RODICK, Deceased.**

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act further to amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Henry Rodick, late of Pebarsh, in the county of Essex, Silk Throwster, deceased (who died on the 7th day of November, 1872, and whose will, with a codicil thereto, was, on the 22nd day of November, 1872, proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Thomas Jacob, of Gresham House, in the city of London, Silk Broker, Jane Rodick, of Avenue House, Blackheath, in the county of Kent, Widow, and George Whitfield Taylor, of Charlton Park-terrace, in the said county of Kent, Gentleman, the executors named in the said will and codicil), are hereby required to send written particulars of their claims or demands to the said executors, at the offices of the undersigned, their Solicitors, on or before the 28th day of February, 1873, after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claims or demand they shall not have had notice at the time of the distribution.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

**MICHAEL ABRAHAMS and ROFFEY, No. 8, Old Jewry, London, E.C., Solicitors for the said Executors.**

**PURSUANT** to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause Wicks against Meyers, the creditors of John Lewis Meyers, late of Cheshunt, in the county of Hertford, Farmer and Surveyor, who died on the 11th day of May, 1871, are, on or before the 14th day of February, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to Messrs. Duffield and Braty, of 6, Tokenhouse-yard, in the city of

London, the Solicitors of Anna Eliza Meyers, the administratrix, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, at No. 3, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, on Monday, the 24th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**PURSUANT** to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in the matter of the estate of John Godfrey Teed, deceased, and in a cause John Cadman Heap against Martha Augusta Teed, the creditors of John Godfrey Teed, late of No. 9, Somers-place, Hyde Park, in the county of Middlesex, one of Her Majesty's Counsel and Judge of County Courts, Esquire, who died in or about the month of October, 1871, are, on or before the 16th day of February, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to Messrs. Sharp and Ullithorpe, of Gray's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, the Solicitors of the defendant, the executrix of the deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, at his chambers, situated No. 3, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, on Tuesday, the 25th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

**PURSUANT** to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause wherein Samuel Dulson is plaintiff, and Charles Bruce and others are defendants, all persons claiming to be the next of kin of William Edwards the elder, late of No. 19, Chapel-street, Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex, who died in or about the month of November, 1837, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the 20th day of February, 1873, to come in and prove their claims at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor Sir James Bacon, No. 11, New-square, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Monday, the 3rd day of March, 1873, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

**PURSUANT** to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause wherein Samuel Dulson is plaintiff, and Charles Bruce and others are defendants, the creditors of William Edwards the elder, late of No. 19, Chapel-street, Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, deceased, who died in or about the month of November, 1837, are, on or before the 20th day of February, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to Mr. H. W. Cattlin, of 22, Basinghall-street, London, the Solicitor for the defendants, the personal representatives of the said William Edwards the elder, their Christian and surnames in full, with the Christian and surnames of any partners, their addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir James Bacon, at his chambers, situate No. 11, New-square, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, on Monday, the 3rd day of March, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the said chambers, being the time appointed for adjudicating upon the claims.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

**PURSUANT** to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause Hammond v. Frere, the creditors of Henry Bowyer Stanhope Cobb, late of Lane's Hotel, Saint James', Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, who died on the 3rd day of July, 1872, are, on or before the 20th day of February, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to Messrs. Frere, Cholmeley, Forster, and Frere, of No. 28, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the said county, the Solicitors of the defendant, Bartle John Laurie Frere, the executor of the will of the deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir John Wickens, at his chambers, situate at No. 13, Old-square, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, on the 4th day of March, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

**P**URSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause Ridsdale against Taylor, 1872. E., No. 74, the creditors of John Stoveld, late of Stedham Hall, in the county of Sussex (who died in or about the month of October, 1870), are, on or before the 15th day of February, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to Mr. James Lucas, of Midhurst, in the county of Sussex, the Solicitor of James Taylor and Edwin Alberty, the executors of the deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir John Wickens, at his chambers, situated No. 11, Old-square, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, on Saturday, the 22nd day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**P**URSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, in the matter of the estate of John Watts, late of Thornhill-road, Barnsbury-park, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, one of the Registrars of Births, Deaths, and Marriages for the parish of Saint Mary, Islington, deceased, and in a cause Alfred George Harris and others against Mary Welleley Watts, Widow, the creditors of the said John Watts, who died on or about the 14th day of September, 1872, are, on or before the 21st day of February, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to Mr. Herbert Henry Poole, of 58, Bartholomew-close, in the city of London, the Solicitor for the above-named defendant, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Vice-Chancellor Sir John Wickens, at his chambers, situate at No. 11, Old-square, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, on Friday, the 28th day of February, 1873, at twelve of the clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**P**URSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause Daniel against Lloyd, the creditors of William Daniel, late of Maes-y-Garnedd, in the parish of Llanrwst, in the county of Denbigh, Farmer, deceased, who died in or about the month of June, 1865, are, on or before the 14th day of February, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to Thomas Parry Jones, of Flint, the Solicitor of the defendant, John Henry Lloyd, the administrator of the executrix of the said William Daniel, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Master of the Rolls, at his chambers, situated in the Rolls-yard, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, on Tuesday, the 25th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

#### Notice to Creditors.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims against John Fletcher, formerly of Nayler-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, who by an indenture, dated the 12th day of January, 1872, made between the said John Fletcher, of the first part, Joseph Smith and William Sharp, both of Liverpool, as Trustees, of the second part, and all the creditors of the said John Fletcher of the third part, being an assignment by the said John Fletcher of all his estate and effects for the benefit of his creditors, are hereby required to send in such claims or demands to us, the undersigned, as the Solicitors for the said Trustees, at our office, No. 10, Sweeting-street, Castle-street, Liverpool aforesaid, on or before the 6th day of February next. And notice is hereby given, that after the said 6th day of February next, the said Trustees will distribute the assets in their hands amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.—Dated the 9th day of January, 1873.

TEEBAY and LYNCH, Solicitors, Liverpool.

In the Matter a Deed of Assignment for the equal Benefit of the Creditors of John Edwin Smith, of No. 33, Throgmorton-street, in the city of London, Tailor, dated the 5th day of October, 1866.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Trustee acting in pursuance to the trusts of the said assignment will on the 1st day of February next, proceed to declare a Second and Final Dividend upon all debts already proved or admitted, or which may be proved or admitted upon the estate before

that date. All creditors who have not so proved their claims are required to send the particulars thereof to Mr. John Thomas Powell, of No. 13, Newgate-street, the Trustee mentioned in the assignment, or to the undersigned, before the above-mentioned day, or they will be entirely excluded from the benefit of any such dividend.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

THOMAS W. BURR, 64, St. Paul's Church-yard, E.C., Solicitor to the said Trustee.

#### The Bankruptcy Act, 1861, and the Bankruptcy Amendment Act, 1868.

In the Matter of a Deed of Assignment between David Nicholson, of 118, High-street, Wandsworth, in the county of Surrey, Builder and Contractor, and his Creditors, registered under the above Acts, 1st May, 1869.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the Trustees under the above assignment intend, on the 5th day of February next, to declare a Final Dividend in this matter. All creditors who have not already proved their debts or claims, should forward particulars thereof to the undersigned, on or before the said 5th day of February next, or they will be excluded from the benefit of the said dividend.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

ASHURST, MORRIS, and CO., 6, Old Jewry, London, Solicitors for the Trustees.

#### In the London Bankruptcy Court.

**A** FIRST Dividend of 2s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of William Roberts, of West Ferry-road, Millwall, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Iron and Brass Founder, and will be paid by me, at my offices, on Monday, the 20th day of January instant, or on any subsequent day between the hours of eleven and one.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

R. JOSH. CLARKE, Trustee, 150, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.

#### The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

**A** FIRST and Final Dividend of 4d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by Edwin Reilly, of No. 24, Old Meeting-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Engraver and Printer, and will be paid by me, at my office, No. 31, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham, on and after Thursday next, the 23rd day of January, 1873.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

GEORGE FREE, Trustee.

#### The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

**A** FIRST and Final Dividend of 1s. 1d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by Robert Foster, of No. 11, Front-street, Consett, in the county of Durham, Grocer and Provision Dealer, and will be paid by me, at my offices, No. 56, Westgate-road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on and after the 20th day of January instant.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JOHN M. WINTER, Trustee.

#### The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at York.

**A** FIRST Dividend of 3s. 4d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of a special resolution for liquidation by arrangement of the affairs of Robert Bullock, of Chester Court, near Selby, in the county of York, Farmer, Cowkeeper, and Potato Merchant, and will be paid by me, at Bradford, in the county of York, on and after Monday, the 27th day of January instant.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

ALEXANDER ATKINSON, Trustee.

#### The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.

**A** FIRST Dividend of 4s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of proceedings for liquidation by arrangement or composition with creditors, instituted by Richard Faulkner Edgell, of No. 1, Broad-quay, in the city and county of Bristol, Ship Owner, and will be paid by us, at our offices, the Guildhall, Broad-street, in the city of Bristol, on and after the 21st day of January, 1873.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

EMANUEL WAIT,  
EDWARD HANCOCK, Trustees.



## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Showler, late of No. 11, Athelstone-villas, Stroud Green-lane, Holloway, in the county of Middlesex, but now of 37, Cursitor-street, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Law Stationer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Charles Muskett Yetts, Temple-chambers, Fleet-street, on the 11th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

CHAS. MUSKETT YETTS, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Robert Rawley, of 515, Kingsland-road, in the parish of Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Oil and Colourman, and Lead Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. George Noon, Solicitor, situate at No. 16, Blomfield-street, in the city of London, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

GEORGE NOON, No. 16, Blomfield-street, London, Attorney for the said James Robert Rawley.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Hollingshead, of 1, Trafalgar-terrace, Masbro-road North, Blythe-lane, Hammersmith, in the county of Middlesex, Greengrocer and Corn Chandler.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Richmond Hotel, Shepherd's Bush-road, Hammersmith, in the county of Middlesex, on the 27th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

WILLIAM HOLLINGSHEAD.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Raynham Stewart, of the Northern Wharf, York-road, King's-cross, and of No. 262, Caledonian-road, and also of No. 202, City-road, all in the county of Middlesex, Coal Merchant, trading under the name, style, or firm of Raynham Stewart and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Joseph Perry, No. 2, Guildhall-chambers, Basinghall-street, London, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JOSEPH PERRY, 2, Guildhall-chambers aforesaid, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Thomas Pearson, late of No. 7, Edward-street, Burdett-road, St. Paul's-road, Bow Common, in the county of Middlesex, Carman, and now of No. 118, Bromley-street, Commercial-road East, in the county of Middlesex, out of business.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Moss and Sons, of No. 38, Gracechurch-street, in the city of London, Solicitors, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

MOSS and SONS, 38, Gracechurch-street, London, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Giovaunelli, formerly of Highbury Barn, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Licensed Victualler and Comedian, but now of 241, Goswell-road, in the county of Middlesex, Manager to an Artificial Florist.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Nash,

Field, and Layton, No. 2, Suffolk-lane, Cannon-street, in the city of London, on the 10th day of February, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

NASH, FIELD, and LAYTON, 2, Suffolk-lane, E.C., Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Powell Seare and Edward Charles Essex, trading in London, at No. 7, Great Winchester-buildings, under the style or firm of B. Powell Seare and Company, and at Shanghai, in the Empire of China, under the style or firm of Essex and Company, and residing respectively, the said Benjamin Powell Seare, at Grove-road, Surbiton, in the county of Surrey, and the said Edward Charles Essex, at Rayleigh, in the county of Essex, Commission Merchants.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

J. McDIARMID, 10, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Attorney for the said Debtors.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Powell Seare and Edward Charles Essex, trading in London at No. 7, Great Winchester-buildings, under the style or firm of B. Powell Seare and Company, and at Shanghai, in the Empire of China, under style or firm of Essex and Company, and residing respectively, the said Benjamin Powell Seare, at Grove-road, Surbiton, in the county of Surrey, and the said Edward Charles Essex, at Rayleigh, in the county of Essex, Commission Merchants.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Benjamin Powell Seare has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

J. McDIARMID, 10, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Powell, Seare and Edward Charles Essex, trading in London, at No. 7, Great Winchester-street-buildings, under the style or firm of B. Powell Seare and Company, and at Shanghai, in the Empire of China, under the style or firm of Essex and Company, and residing respectively, the said Benjamin Powell Seare, at Grove-road, Surbiton, in the county of Surrey, and the said Edward Charles Essex, at Rayleigh, in the county of Essex, Commission Merchants.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Edward Charles Essex, has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated the 13th day of January, 1873.

J. McDIARMID, 10, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Dennet Robinson (sued as George Robinson, as G. D. Robinson, as George Dennet Robinson), of 25, Cecil-street, Strand, at the same time of 1, Cecil-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Manager to a Wine and Spirit Company, prior thereto of 40, Saint Mary-axe, in the city of London, Manager to a Wine Association, during this time residing at 16, Canonbury-villas, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, prior thereto of 277, Gray's-inn-road, in the said county, Wine and Spirit Merchant, Auctioneer, and Scrivener, and formerly of Old Windsor, Berks, Coach Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Peele's Coffee House, No. 177, Fleet-street, in the city of London, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 7th day of January, 1873.

CHAS. BEGBIE, 33, Essex-street, Strand, Attorney for the Petitioner.



**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Bale (and not Ball, as erroneously printed in last Gazette), of No. 52, Aldermanbury, in the city of London, Warehouseman, trading thereat as Evans and Bale, also carrying on business at 20A, Mortimer-street, Cavendish-square, in the county of Middlesex, Dealer in Fancy Articles.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Stocken and Jupp, 134, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, on the 27th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

STOCKEN and JUPP, 134, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edwin Fox and Frank Darton, of No. 75, Cornhill, in the city of London, Merchants, trading in London, under the style of F. Darton and Co., and at Bombay as T. Stewart and Co.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon-street, in the city of London, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

F. W. MOUNT, 17, Gracechurch-street, London, E.C., Attorney for the said Edwin Fox and Frank Darton.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edwin Fox and Frank Darton, of No. 75, Cornhill, in the city of London, Merchants, trading in London under the style of F. Darton and Co., and at Bombay as T. Stewart and Co.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Edwin Fox has been summoned to be held at the City Terminus Hotel, Cannon-street, in the city of London, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

F. W. MOUNT, 17, Gracechurch-street, London, E.C., Attorney for the said Edwin Fox.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Kenward and Thomas Kenward, of No. 88, Well-street, Hackney, and 99, Pentonville-road, in the county of Middlesex, Marble Chimney-piece Manufacturers and Dealers in Register Stoves, and Copartners, trading under the name, style, or firm of B. Kenward and Son.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at my offices, 4, Gray's-inn-square, Gray's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, on the 24th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of December, 1872.

EDW. MANIERE, 4, Gray's-inn-square, Attorney for the said Debtors.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Turner, of Cedar House, Banbury-road, South Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Builder.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Chamber of Commerce, No. 145, Cheapside, in the city of London, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

ALFRED H. CROWTHER, 7, Gray's-inn-square, London, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Dally, of No. 2, Grove-road, Saint John's Wood, in the county of Middlesex, Trainer of Horses.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 6, Argyll-street, Regent-street, in

the county of Middlesex, on the 25th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 7th day of January, 1873.

EDWARD FROGGATT, 6, Argyll-street, W., Attorney for the said James Dally, the Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Walter Edwards, of 2, Bury-street, Saint James's-square, in the county of Middlesex, and of Cardiston Rectory, near Shrewsbury, in the county of Salop, Clerk in Holy Orders.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Lewis, Manns, and Longden, 8, Old Jewry, in the city of London, on the 6th day of February, 1873, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

LEWIS, MUNNS, and LONGDEN, 8, Old Jewry, London, Solicitors for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Fritz Wilhelm Schorr, of No. 42, Noble-street, in the city of London, Warehouseman and Commission Agent.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of the London Warehousemen's Association, 33, Gutter-lane, in the city of London, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

W. A. PLUNKETT, 37, Gutter-lane, E.C., Attorney for the said Fritz Wilhelm Schorr.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Shackell, of Bignold-road, Forest Gate, in the county of Essex, Commercial Traveller and Agent.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Slater and Pannell, 1, Guildhall-chambers, in the city of London, on the 10th day of February, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

WILLM. CURTIS, 33, King-street, Cheapside, E.C., Attorney for the said Samuel Shackell.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Stephen Liddiard, of No. 21, Seward-street, Goswell-road, in the county of Middlesex, Cowkeeper.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. J. and C. Robinson, No. 65, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Solicitors, on the 3rd day of February, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

J. and C. ROBINSON, 65, Basinghall-street, Attorneys for the Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Stratton Tomkins, of No. 20, Aldermanbury, in the city of London, Manufacturer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the London Warehousemen's Association, No. 33, Gutter-lane, in the city of London, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 6th day of January, 1873.

PHELPS and SIDGWICK, 3, Gresham-street, London, Attorneys for the said Stratton Tomkins.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Weston, of No. 17, Maids-hill West, in the county of Middlesex, previously of No. 15, Abbey-street, Derby, in the county of Derby, Schoolmaster.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 12, Hatton-garden, in the county of Middlesex, on the 25th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

E. F. MARSHALL, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick John Harrison, of No. 6, Kingsland-road, and 28, De Beauvoir-square, Kingsland, both in the county of Middlesex, Wholesale Boot and Shoe Manufacturer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. J. F. Lovering and Co., Accountants, 35, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1872.

PIESSE and SON, 15, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Attorneys for the said Frederick John Harrison.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Croydon Kinsey, of 146, Edgware-road, in the county of Middlesex, Wine and Spirit Merchant, trading under the style or firm of Benjamin Croydon Kinsey and Co.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Robert T. Wragg, situate No. 7, Great St. Helen's, in the city of London, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

ROBERT T. WRAGG, 7, Great St. Helen's, E.C., Attorney for the said B. C. Kinsey.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Stephens, of No. 33, Great Titchfield-street, Oxford-street, and No. 55, Castle-street, Oxford-street, in the county of Middlesex, Draper.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Charles Needham Longcroft, situate at No. 43, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the said county of Middlesex, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

C. N. LONGCROFT, 43, Lincoln's - inn - fields, W.C., Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Samuel Linford, of No. 146, Holborn-bars, in the city of London, Operative Chemist, trading under the style or firm of Bolton and Co.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Law Institution, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

BOWER and COTTON, 46, Chancery-lane, London, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Hands, of 15, Westbourne-park-mews, Westbourne Park, Paddington, in the county of Middlesex, Livery-stable Keeper.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Louis Barnett, 23, New Broad-street, in the city of London, Solicitor, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

LOUIS BARNETT, Attorney for the said Henry Hands.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Turner Poulter Leverett, of No. 13, Courtneil-street, Talbot-road, Bayswater, and No. 1, Clarence-place, Park-road, Regent's Park, both in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Pallen, No. 1, Cloisters, Temple, in the city of London, on the 1st day

of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

JOHN PULLEN, Attorney for the said Turner Poulter Leverett.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hertfordshire, holden at Hertford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Henry Pallett, of the Moat Farm, Great Hadham, near Ware, in the county of Hertford, Farmer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Railway Hotel, Broxbourne, in the county of Hertford, on the 27th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

R. FREER AUSTIN, 62, Coleman-street, London, Attorney for the said William Henry Pallett.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Middlesex, holden at Edmonton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Castle, of Bedford-lane, Lordship-lane, Wood Green, in the parish of Tottenham, and of Park-road, in the parish of Hornsey, both in the county of Middlesex, Cowkeeper and Dairyman.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Heathfield, No. 44, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 8th day of January, 1873.

WM. HEATHFIELD, 44, Lincoln's - inn - fields, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Parker, of Caterham Valley, Caterham, in the county of Surrey, Coal Merchant.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Greyhound Hotel, High-street, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, on the 24th day of January, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

HY. PARRY, 4, King-street, Cheapside, London, and Croydon, Surrey, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Thomas Baillie Rule, of Victoria Villa, Grant-road, Addiscombe, in the county of Surrey, Commercial Traveller.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Handsley Podmore, Attorney, No. 12, Union-court, Old Broad-street, in the city of London, on the 3rd day of February, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 4th day of January, 1873.

WM. HANDSLEY PODMORE, Attorney for the said George Thomas Baillie Rule.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alexander Stoessiger, of 2, Royal-terrace, Upper Norwood, Surrey, Jeweller and Watch Maker.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Lewis and Lewis, 10, Ely-place, Holborn, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

LEWIS and LEWIS, 10, Ely-place, Holborn, Attorneys for the said Alexander Stoessiger.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Stephen John Solly, of Deal, in the county of Kent, Tobacconist.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Royal Hotel, Deal aforesaid, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

MERCER, EDWARDS, and MERCER, 19 and 20, Queen-street, Deal, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Constable, of Market-place, and Bridge-street, Abingdon, in the county of Berks, Stationer, and Bookseller.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 126, High-street, Oxford, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

GEORGE MALLAM, 126, High-street, Oxford, Attorney for the said Henry Constable.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Herefordshire, holden at Leominster.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Robinson, of the Bull Inn, in the town of Bishop's Castle, in the county of Salop, Innkeeper.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Pardoe and Nevill, Solicitors, of Bishop's Castle aforesaid, on the 3rd day of February, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

PARDOE and NEVILL, Bishop's Castle, Attorneys for the said William Robinson.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cardiganshire, holden at Aberystwith.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Lewis, of the Ship and Castle Inn, High-street, Aberystwith, in the county of Cardigan, Innkeeper and Blacksmith.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Hugh Hughes and Son, Solicitors, situate on the North Parade, Aberystwith, in the county of Cardigan, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

HUGH HUGHES and SON, North-parade, Aberystwith, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carnarvonshire, holden at Bangor. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Jones, of Bryn Credig, in the parish of Bodfary, in the county of Flint, and formerly of Dedwyddfa, in the parish of Henllan, in the county of Denbigh, Farmer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Plough Inn, St. Asaph, in the county of Flint, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

WM. DAVIES, Well-street, Holywell, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Merthyr Tydfil.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Daniel Davies, of No. 160, Plymouth-street, Merthyr Tydfil, in the county of Glamorgan, Grocer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the County Court Office, Merthyr Tydfil, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

WM. BEDDOE, Merthyr Tydfil, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Monmouthshire, holden at Newport.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Kennett, of No. 83, Dock-street, Newport, in the county of Monmouth, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Williams and Co., Attorneys, 15, Dock-street, Newport, in the county of Monmouth, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

WILLIAMS and CO., Dock-street, Newport, Monmouthshire, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Monmouthshire, holden at Newport.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Russell, of Lydbrook, in the township of West Dean, in the county of Gloucester, Saw-mill Proprietor and Manufacturer of Chemicals.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Samuel Richard Davies, Solicitor, situate in the town of Ross, in the county of Hereford, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

SAMUEL R. DAVIES, Ross, Herefordshire, Attorney for the said Samuel Russell.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Harvey and Samuel Taylor Harvey, of the Elms, Torquay, in the county of Devon, Builders and Contractors, lately carrying on business under the style or firm of John Harvey and Son.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Rude Haven Hotel, St. Sidwell-street, in the city of Exeter, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely. Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

BAKER, PHILLOTT, and JAMES, of Weston-super-Mare, Attorneys for the said John Harvey and Samuel Taylor Harvey.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Pound, of Leeds, in the county of York, Linen Draper and Silk Mercer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Simpson and Burrell, No. 20, Albion-street, in Leeds aforesaid, Solicitors, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

SIMPSON and BURRELL, Attorneys for the said Thomas Pound.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Wright, of Stannington, near Sheffield, in the county of York, Farmer and Hay Dealer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Edward Tattershall, Solicitor, Sheffield, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

W. E. TATTERSHALL, Attorney in the matter of the said Petition.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Wakefield. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Hopley Abbey, of New-street, in Wakefield, in the county of York, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Fernandes and Gill, situate in Cross-square, in Wakefield, in the county of York, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

FERNANDES and GILL, Cross-square, Wakefield, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alfred Gathercole, of Fountain-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, Venetian Blind Manufacturer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, in Wellington-chambers, Westgate, in Bradford, in the county of York, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

WILLIAM BOWYER CROSS, Wellington-chambers, Westgate, Bradford, Yorkshire, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Renton, of Westgate, Bradford, in the county of York, Hay and Straw Dealer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Henry Boulton Harle, Dewhirst-buildings, Bradford aforesaid, Solicitor, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

HY. B. HARLE, Attorney for the said George Renton.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Scarborough. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Feasby, of North Grimston, in the county of York, Farmer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Jackson, Solicitor, in Malton, in the said county, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

ARTHUR H. JACKSON, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Kingston-upon-Hull.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Atkin, of No. 34, Market-place, in the town and county of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Boot and Shoe Maker.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Roberts and Leak, No. 16, Bowlalley-lane, in the said town of Kingston-upon-Hull, on the 27th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

ROBERTS and LEAK, 16, Bowlalley-lane, Kingston-upon-Hull, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Gooderson, of Beeston, in the county of Norfolk, Shoemaker.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Wright and Barton, Solicitors, at East Dereham, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

WALTER M. BARTON, Attorney for the said William Gooderson.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Woodhouse, of Castle-gate and Hounds-gate, in the town of Nottingham, Painter and Furniture Dealer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Frederick Acton, Solicitor, Victoria-street, Nottingham, on the 7th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

FRED. ACTON, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Lorraine Wilson, of No. 51, Faulkner-street, in the city of Manchester, Fustian Manufacturer, trading under the firm of Charles Townshend and Co., and lately carrying on business with Charles Townshend, of Manchester aforesaid, at No. 51, Faulkner-street aforesaid, under the same firm.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Sale, Shipman, and Seddon, No. 29, Booth-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

SALE, SHIPMAN, and SEDDON, 29, Booth-street, Manchester, Solicitors for the said Lorraine Wilson.

No. 23939.

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**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Taylor Smith and Eardley Blois Norton, of Chorlton-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Commission Agents and Merchants, carrying on business in copartnership together, under the style of Smith and Norton.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named John Taylor Smith has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. John Leigh, Solicitor, 30, Brown-street, Manchester, on the 23rd day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JOHN LEIGH, 30, Brown-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Taylor Smith and Eardley Blois Norton, of Chorlton-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Commission Agents and Merchants, carrying on business in copartnership together, under the style of Smith and Norton.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Eardley Blois Norton has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. John Leigh, Solicitor, 30, Brown-street, Manchester, on the 23rd day of January, 1873, at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JOHN LEIGH, 30, Brown-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Smith, of No. 4, Church-street, in the city of Manchester, Woollen Merchant and Agent, trading under the style of James Smith and Co.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Sale, Shipman, and Seddon, Solicitors, No. 29, Booth-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 6th day of February, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

SALE, SHIPMAN, and SEDDON, 29, Booth-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the said James Smith.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Cowburn, of Knott Mill, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Safety Valve Manufacturer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Addleshaw and Warburton, Solicitors, 67, King-street, Manchester, on the 24th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

J. W. ADDLESHAW, 67, King-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Thomas Cowburn.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Oldham. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Standring, of Blackwater-street, Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, Flannel Merchant, trading under the style of Joseph Standring and Co.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 48, Lord-street, Rochdale, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

J. HEAP, Rochdale, Attorney for the Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Bolton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Townley, of No. 85, Nelson-street, Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Spinner, but previously of No. 10, Moss-street, Bolton aforesaid, Shopkeeper.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 24, Mawdsley-street, Bolton aforesaid, on the 3rd day of February, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JAMES GOODEN, 24, Mawdsley-street, Bolton, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Bolton.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Arthur Kay, of Bury-ground, in the township of Elton, in the parish of Bury, in the county of Lancaster, Waste Blescher and Dealer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. George Whitehead, Son, and Dodds, Solicitors, No. 16, Bolton-street, in Bury aforesaid, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**GEO. WHITEHEAD, SON, and DODDS,** of 16, Bolton-street, Bury, Lancashire, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Bolton.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Morris, of Hall House, Bedford Leigh, in the county of Lancaster, formerly of No. 357, Bridgeman-street, Bolton, in the said county, and afterwards of No. 10, Bright-terrace, Gilnow, near Bolton aforesaid, Machine Broker.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Matthew Fielding, Solicitor, No. 8, Bowker's-row, Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**MATTHEW FIELDING, 8, Bowker's-row, Bolton,** Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ulverston.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Alfred Roadknight, of Askham-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, Draper and Hatter.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Frank Taylor, Solicitor, at 16, Strand, Barrow-in-Furness, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**FRANK TAYLOR, Barrow-in-Furness, Attorney** for the said William Alfred Roadknight,

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ulverston.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Bush, of Barrow-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, Contractor.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. R. B. D. Bradshaw, Solicitor, Furness-chambers, Strand, Barrow-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**R. B. D. BRADSHAW, Furness-chambers, Strand, Barrow-in-Furness, Attorney** for the said Debtor,

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Warrington.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Hughes, of Egerton-street, Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Throstle Overlooker.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John Francis Bretherton, 15, Bank-street, Warrington aforesaid, on the 27th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

**JOHN F. BRETHERTON, Attorney** for the said John Hughes.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Wells.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Thomas, of Wells, in the county of Somerset, Schoolmaster.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Samuel Hobbs, Solicitor, Wells, Somerset, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

**S. HOBBS, Jr., Attorney** for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bridgewater.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Lovell, of Weston-super-Mare, in the county of Somerset, Painter.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Ralph Chapman, of Weston-super-Mare, in the county of Somerset, Solicitor, on the 3rd day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**RALPH CHAPMAN, Weston-super-Mare, Attorney** for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bridgewater.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Thyer (not Fryer, as erroneously printed in last Gazette), of Withy-road, in the parish of Huntspill, in the county of Somerset, Blacksmith.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Albert Essery, Solicitor, in the Guildhall, Broad-street, Bristol, on the 22nd day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

**ALBERT ESSERY, Guildhall, Broad-street, Bristol,** Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Yeovil.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Herbert Hambridge, of Yeovil, in the county of Somerset, Upholsterer and Cabinet Maker.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, situate in King-street, London, on the 3rd day of February, 1873, at half-past twelve o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**SIDNEY WAITS, Yeovil, Somerset, Attorney** for the said Herbert Hambridge.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Frome.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Francis Franks, of Frome, in the county of Somerset, Farmer and Shopkeeper.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Cruttwell and Daniel, in Bath-street, Frome aforesaid, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**CRUTTWELL and DANIEL, Solicitors, Frome,** Attorneys for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Frome.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Morgan, of Frome, in the county of Somerset, Saddler and Harness Maker.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Henry William McCarthy, in King-street, Frome, on the 1st day of February, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**H. W. MCCARTHY, King-street, Frome, Attorney** for the said Samuel Morgan.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Westmore, late of Fullholding Farm, in the parish of Calbourne, in the Isle of Wight, but now of Snooks Farm, in the parish of Boldre, near Lymington, in the county of Southampton, Farmer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Edward Frederick Blake, No. 37, Quay-street, Newport, in the Isle of Wight, on the 22nd day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**EDWARD F. BLAKE, Attorney** for the said Thomas Westmore.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Clark, of St. Mary's-street, Portsmouth, in the county of Southampton, Grocer.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. G. H. King, 20, Union-street, Portsea, in the county of Southampton, on the 29th day of January, 1878, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1878.

GEO. HALL KING, 20, Union-street, Portsea, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Molland and George Molland, of Belvidere-road, in the town and county of the town of Southampton, Block and Mast Makers and Barge Owners, trading as William Molland and Sons.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Royal Hotel, Above Bar-street, Southampton, on the 27th day of January, 1878, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1878.

W. J. HICKMAN, 7, Albion-place, Southampton, Attorney for the said Debtors.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Stubbs, of Basingstoke, in the county of Southampton, Machinist and Steam Thresher.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Samuel Chandler, Solicitor, in Church-street, Basingstoke, on the 31st day of January, 1878, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1878.

S. CHANDLER, Basingstoke, Hants, Attorney for the said Henry Stubbs.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Cheverton Wickens, of No. 30, Upper Canal-walk, and No. 38, Fanshawe-street, New-town, both in the town and county of the town of Southampton, Watch-maker and Jeweller.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Walker Twyford and Belward, of No. 5, Southampton-street, Bloomsbury, London, on the 5th day of February, 1878, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1878.

DEACON, PEARCE, and DEACON, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Gambling, of Clarence-street, Northam, in the town and county of Southampton, Builder.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Royal Hotel, Above Bar-street, Southampton, on the 30th day of January, 1878, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1878.

W. J. HICKMAN, 7, Albion-place, Southampton, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Eliza Lawton Holland, late of Moor-villa, in the parish of Caverswall, in the county of Stafford, Farmer, and now of Dresden, in the parish of Treutham, in the said county of Stafford, out of business.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. R. W. Litchfield, Newcastle-under-Lyme, on the 29th day of January, 1878, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1878.

R. W. LITCHFIELD, Newcastle, Staffordshire, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Elkin, of Church-street, Longton, in the county of Stafford, Pork Butcher, Confectioner, and Refreshment House Keeper.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. R. W. Litchfield, Newcastle-under-Lyme, on the 28th day of January, 1878, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1878.

R. W. LITCHFIELD, Newcastle, Staffordshire, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Prince, of Alton, in the county of Stafford, Licensed Victualler, and late of Stoke-upon-Trent, in the said county, Saddler and Harness Maker.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the County Court Offices, Stoke-upon-Trent aforesaid, on the 29th day of January, 1878, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1878.

RALPH A. STEVENSON, Cheapside, Hanley, Staffordshire, Attorney for the said John Prince.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Stoke-upon-Trent and Longton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Barras Baker, of Market-street, Longton, in the county of Stafford, Draper and Mercer.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Union Hotel, in Longton, in the county of Stafford, on the 31st day of January, 1878, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of January, 1878.

GEO. H. HAMLEY, Longton, Staffordshire, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Oldbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Badesy, of Halord's-lane, Smethwick, in the county of Stafford, Retail Brewer.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Henry Jackson, Lombard-street, West Bromwich, in the county of Stafford, Solicitor, on the 30th day of January, 1878, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1878.

HENRY JACKSON, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Harold Slingsby Duncombe Richardson, of 18, Litchfield-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Barrister-at-Law.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Mr. Charles John Welch's office, 16, Caroline-street, Longton, in the county of Stafford, on the 30th day of January, 1878, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1878.

CHAS. JOHN WELCH, 16, Caroline-street, Longton, Attorney for the said Harold Slingsby Duncombe Richardson.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Miffin, of Newcastle-under-Lyme, in the county of Stafford, Joiner.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the No. 18, Cheapside, Hanley aforesaid, on the 30th day of January, 1878, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1878.

E. and A. TENNANT, Hanley, Staffordshire, Attorneys for the John Miffin.



**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem and Tunstall.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Henry Lewis, of No. 31, Marsh-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Plumber, Glazier, and Contractor.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the County Court Offices, Hanley aforesaid, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

**ARTHUR LEECH**, Newcastle-under-Lyme, in the county of Stafford, Attorney for the said Samuel Henry Lewis.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem and Tunstall.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by David Brandon, of Wharf-street, Stoke-upon-Trent, in the county of Stafford, and of the Red Lion Inn, Broad-street, Hanley, in the said county, Licensed Victualler, and also late carrying on business as a Hay and Straw Dealer and Beerseller.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the County Court Offices, Chesapeake, Hanley aforesaid, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**RALPH A. STEVENSON**, Hanley, Attorney for the said David Brandon.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Sunderland.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Denniston, of Sunderland, in the county of Durham, Iron Shipbuilder.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Mr. Ralph Simey's offices, No. 59, John-street, Sunderland, on the 22nd day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**RALPH SIMEY**, 59, John-street, Sunderland, Attorney for the said John Denniston.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Dawkins, of No. 3, London-road, in the borough of Derby, Tailor and Draper.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Samuel Leech, Solicitor, 48, Full-street, Derby, on the 3rd day of February, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**SAMUEL LEECH**, Attorney for the said George Dawkins.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Cambridgeshire, holden at Cambridge.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Willett, of Saffron Walden, in the county of Essex, Blacksmith.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Rose and Crown Hotel, Saffron Walden, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 18th day of January, 1873.

**FREELAND and BELLINGHAM**, of Saffron Walden, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Shropshire, holden at Madeley.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Thatcher, of Dawley, in the county of Salop, Baker, Confectioner, and Dealer in British Wines.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Joseph Green James, Solicitor, situate in King-street, Wellington, in the county of Salop, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**JOSEPH GREEN JAMES**, Wellington, Salop, Attorney for the said George Thatcher.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Chester.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Holland Furlonge and Charles George Henry Furlonge, of the Greenfield Alkali Works, Holywell, in the county of Flint, Manufacturing Chemists and Copartners, trading under the firm of Furlonge, Cousins, and Co., the said William Holland Furlonge residing at Coed Maur House and the said Charles George Henry Furlonge, at Greenfield Hall, both in Holywell aforesaid.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Queen Hotel, adjoining the Railway Station, in the city of Chester, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

**LINKLATER and CO.**, 7, Walbrook, London, Attorneys for the said Debtors.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Chester.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Holland Furlonge and Charles George Henry Furlonge, of the Greenfield Alkali Works, Holywell, in the county of Flint, Manufacturing Chemists and Copartners, trading under the firm of Furlonge, Cousins, and Co., the said William Holland Furlonge, residing at Coed Maur House, and the said Charles George Henry Furlonge, at Greenfield Hall, both in Holywell aforesaid.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named William Holland Furlonge, has been summoned to be held at the Queen Hotel, adjoining the Railway Station, in the city of Chester, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

**LINKLATER and CO.**, 7, Walbrook, London, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Chester.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Holland Furlonge and Charles George Henry Furlonge, of the Greenfield Alkali Works, Holywell, in the county of Flint, Manufacturing Chemists and Copartners, trading under the firm of Furlonge, Cousins, and Co., the said William Holland Furlonge, residing at Coed Maur House, and the said Charles George Henry Furlonge, at Greenfield Hall, both in Holywell aforesaid.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Charles George Henry Furlonge has been summoned to be held at the Queen Hotel, adjoining the Railway Station, in the city of Chester, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

**LINKLATER and CO.**, 7, Walbrook, London, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Nantwich and Crewe.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Fuge, of Peover Superior, in the county of Chester, Clerk in Holy Orders, for a short time also residing at Rhyll, in the county of Flint, his wife keeping a School there.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Robin Hood, Crewe, in the county of Chester, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

**WM. DUCKWORTH**, 6, Brown-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.  
 In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Gardner, of Wood-street, Northampton, and of Hackleton, in the county of Northampton, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. C. C. Becke, 20, Market-square, Northampton, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**C. C. BECKE**, 20, Market-square, Northampton, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Sewell, late of Bearward-street, Northampton, and now of Althorp-street, Northampton aforesaid, Broker.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. C. C. Becke, 20, Market-square, Northampton, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

C. C. BECKE, 20, Market-square, Northampton, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Bailey and Samuel Bailey the younger, both of Kettering, in the county of Northampton, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, trading under the style or firm of Bailey Brothers.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the joint creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Horse Shoe Inn, situate in Sheep-street, in Wellingborough, in the said county of Northampton, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

WM. J. HENRY, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, Attorney for the said Debtors.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Bailey and Samuel Bailey the younger, both of Kettering, in the county of Northampton, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, trading under the style or firm of Bailey Brothers.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named John Bailey has been summoned to be held at the Horse Shoe Inn, situate in Sheep-street, in Wellingborough, in the said county of Northampton, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

WM. J. HENRY, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Bailey and Samuel Bailey the younger, both of Kettering, in the county of Northampton, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, trading under the style or firm of Bailey Brothers.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named Samuel Bailey the younger has been summoned to be held at the Horse Shoe Inn, situate in Sheep-street, in Wellingborough, in the said county of Northampton, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at half-past one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

WM. J. HENRY, Wellingborough, Northamptonshire, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Bannister, of Roedale Cottage, Patcham, in the county of Sussex, Working Smith.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 48, Old Steine, Brighton, in the said county of Sussex, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

W. A. STUCKEY, 48, Old Steine, Brighton, Attorney for the said William Bannister.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Lincoln.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Dixon, of the city of Lincoln, Builder.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Freemason's Hall, Newland,

in the city of Lincoln, on the 1st day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

MOORE and WARD, 31, Silver-street, Lincoln, Attorneys for the said George Dixon.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Josiah James and Thomas Chapman, both of 27, Summer-row, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Mineral Water Manufacturers and Cigar Merchants.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Morgan, Attorney, No. 37, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, on the 27th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

W. MORGAN, Birmingham, Attorney for the Debtors.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Hugh McClelland and John McClelland, of Cambridge-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Merchants, trading under the style or firm of McClelland Brothers, and H. and J. McClelland.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Queen's Hotel, Birmingham aforesaid, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

BEALE, MARIGOLD, and BEALE, 30, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, Attorneys for the said Debtors.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Robins Lovell, of the Montague Arms, Montague-street, in the parish of Saint James, in the city and county of Bristol, Beerhouse Keeper and Commission Agent.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Hancocks, Triggs, and Co., of the Guildhall, Broad-street, in the city of Bristol, Public Accountants, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

W. R. LOVELL.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Cheltenham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Andrews, of Tewkesbury, in the county of Gloucester, General Dealer.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Frederick Marshall, 3, Essex-place, Cheltenham, on the 23rd day of January, 1873, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

FREDERICK MARSHALL, of Cheltenham, Attorney for the said Debtor.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Edward Friend, of Grosvenor Cottage, Cecil-street, and of Bath-street, both in the borough of Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Engineer.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Wentworth Bray, Solicitor, 20, Edgcumbe-street, East Stonehouse, in the county of Devon, on the 10th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

WENTWORTH BRAY, of 20, Edgcumbe-street, East Stonehouse, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Kirt, of Harvey-street, Torpoint, in the county of Cornwall, Mason.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Elliot Square, Attorney-at-Law, No. 38, George-street, Plymouth, in the said county of Devon, on the 1st day of February, 1873, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

ELLIOT SQUARE, 38, George-street, Plymouth, Attorney for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Ivey, of Penventon Farm, in the parish of Broad-oak, in the county of Cornwall, Farmer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Bell Hotel, Liskeard, in the county of Cornwall, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at half-past twelve o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

EDMONDS and SON, 8, Parade, Plymouth, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edwin Lawrance, of Trewindle, in the parish of Broak-oak, in the county of Cornwall, Farmer.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Pease the younger, at Loawithiel, in the county of Cornwall, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

BEER and RUNDLE, 24, Ker-street, Devonport, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Kidderminster.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Dawson, of High-street, Bewdley, in the county of Worcester, out of business.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Henry Saunders the younger, No. 142, Mill-street, Kidderminster, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

HENRY SAUNDERS, Jr., 142, Mill-street, Kidderminster, Solicitor to the said Henry Dawson.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Julius Bernstein, of No. 263, Essex-road, Islington, Dealer in Fancy Goods.

**THE** creditors of the above-named Julius Bernstein who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 30th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Michael Banes, of Weavers' Hall, 22, Basinghall-street, City, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

MICHAEL BANES, Trustee.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Henry Lockyer, of No. 8, Minerva-street, Hackney-road, in the county of Middlesex, Cowkeeper.

**THE** creditors of the above-named John Henry Lockyer, who have not already proved their debts, are requested, on or before the 30th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Michael Banes, of Weavers' Hall, 22, Basinghall-street, City, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

MICHAEL BANES, Trustee.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Edward Thrower, of No. 26, Garrick-street, and No. 15, Market-place, Kilburn Park, in the county of Middlesex, Boot and Shoe Maker.

**THE** creditors of the above-named Edward Thrower who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, George Rogers, of No. 49, Moorgate-street, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

GEORGE ROGERS, Trustee.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Phillips, of Nos. 50 and 51, Strutton-ground, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, and of No. 11, Ferndale-road, Bedford-road, Clapham, in the county of Surrey, Oilman and Pickler.

**THE** creditors of the above-named William Phillips, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 27th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to us the undersigned, John Bath, of 40A, King William-street, in the city of London, Accountant, and Harrington Evans Broad, of No. 35, Walbrook, in the city of London, Accountant, the Trustees under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JOHN BATH,  
H. EVANS BROAD, Trustees.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Martin Diederich Rucker and George Ofor, of No. 115, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, Ship and Insurance Brokers.

**THE** creditors of the above-named Martin Diederich Rucker and George Ofor who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Arthur Cooper, of No. 14, George-street, Mansion House, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

ARTHUR COOPER, Trustee.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Westmoreland, holden at Kendal. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Tyson, of Ambleside, in the county of Westmoreland, Boot and Shoe Maker and Lodging-house Keeper.

**THE** creditors of the above-named William Tyson, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 1st day of February, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, William Heaton, of the Old Town-hall-chambers, Kendal, Auctioneer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

WILLIAM HEATON, Trustee.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Elias Lawrence Lee, of Caroline-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Merchant, trading in copartnership under the style or firm of E. L. Lee and Co.

**THE** creditors of the above-named Elias Lawrence Lee, who have not already proved their debts, are required on or before the 28th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to John Richard Cromwell Taunton, of Sherborne-road, Birmingham, Manufacturer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

W. H. GRIFFIN, 36, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham,  
Solicitor to the Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Suffolk, holden at Ipswich.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Bloomfield, formerly of Stone Lodge, London-road, Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, but now of No. 4, The Crescent, London-road, Ipswich aforesaid, Gardener and Lodging-house Keeper.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named John Bloomfield who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, John Frederic Titchmarsh, of 17, Princes-street, Ipswich, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

J. F. TITCHMARSH, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Berkshire, holden at Windsor.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Lipscomb and William Coombs, both of Thames-street, in the parish of Clewer, in the borough of New Windsor, trading in copartnership together as Tinmen and Braziers, under the style or firm of Lipscomb and Coombs.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named Joseph Lipscomb and William Coombs who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 3rd day of February, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Henry Bourn, of 25, Coleman-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

HENRY BOURN, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Dunn, of No. 67, Grainger-street, in the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Auctioneer and Furniture Dealer.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named Thomas Dunn, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 21st day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John George Benson, of Neville-chambers, Westgate-road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

JOHN G. BENSON, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.  
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Robert Steel, of No. 11, Whittle-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, and residing at No. 1, Mizpah-terrace, Waterloo-road, Cheetham, near Manchester aforesaid, Wholesale and Retail Draper.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named Robert Steel who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Peter Kerr Chesney, of No. 4, Old Market, Bradford, in the county of York, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

PETER KERR CHESNEY, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Great Grimsby.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Dinah Farrow, of Louth, in the county of Lincoln, Dressmaker.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named Dinah Farrow who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 1st day of February, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Frederick Goodhand, of Louth, in the county of Lincoln, Draper, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

FREDERICK GOODHAND, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Suffolk, holden at Ipswich.  
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Jackson, of Walton-by-Felixstowe, in the county of Suffolk, Carpenter and Builder.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named George Jackson who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John Frederic Titchmarsh, of 17, Princes-street, Ipswich, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

J. F. TITCHMARSH, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.  
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of James Jones, of Water-street, Neath, in the county of Glamorgan, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named James Jones who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, James Collins the younger, of 39, Broad-street, Bristol, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

JAMES COLLINS, Jr., Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Griffin, of the Shambles, in the city of Worcester, Basket Maker.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named John Griffin who have not already proved their debts, are required on or before the 4th day of February, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Robert Duke, of Christ Church-passage, Birmingham, Attorney-at-Law, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

ROBERT DUKE, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Sunderland.  
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Nicholas Rewcastle Herdman, of Silksworth-row, Bishopwearmouth, in the county of Durham, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named Nicholas Rewcastle Herdman who have not already proved their debts, are required on or before the 17th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, John George Benson, of Neville-chambers, Westgate-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1872.

JOHN G. BENSON, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.  
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Sagar, of 46, Green-road, in Leeds, in the county of York, Grocer and Tea Dealer.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named John Sagar, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John Mayhall, of Albion-place, Leeds, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

JOHN MAYHALL, Trustee.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ashton-under-Lyne.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Bateman, of Audenshaw, near Ashton-under-Lyne, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton and Cotton Waste Dealer.

**T**HE creditors of the above-named James Bateman, who have not already proved their debts, are required on or before the 24th day of January, 1873, to send their

names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts of claims to me, the undersigned, Robert Joseph Fletcher, of Ashton-under-Lyne, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

R. J. FLETCHER, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Macclesfield. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Francis Loose, of Macclesfield, in the county of Chester, High Bailiff of the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Macclesfield.

THE creditors of the above-named Francis Loose, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 25th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Andrew Fulton Smith, of No. 4, Exchange-street, Macclesfield aforesaid, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

ANDREW FULTON SMITH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Denbighshire, holden at Wrexham. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Parker, of 16, Queen-street, Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

THE creditors of the above-named Joseph Parker who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Ishmael Evan Evans, of No. 1, Henblas-street, Wrexham, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

ISHMAEL EVAN EVANS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of David Martin Williams, of Olney, in the county of Buckingham, Surgeon and Surgeon and Apothecary.

THE creditors of the above-named David Martin Williams who have not already proved their debts are required, on or before the 27th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Rogers Bull, of Newport Pagnell, in the said county of Buckingham, Solicitor, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

WM. ROGERS BULL, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cornwall, holden at Truro.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Mary Gilbert, of Marazion, in the county of Cornwall, Licensed Victualler.

THE creditors of the above-named Mary Gilbert who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 24th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to William Hosken Richards, of Nos. 54 and 55, Causeway-head, Penzance, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

WILLIAM TRYTHALL, Penzance, Solicitor to the Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cornwall, holden at Truro.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Henry Coulson Cornish, of Penzance, in the county of Cornwall, Auctioneer and Commission Agent.

THE creditors of the above-named Henry Coulson Cornish who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 24th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to William Hosken Richards, of Nos. 54 and 55, Causeway-head, Penzance, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

WILLIAM TRYTHALL, Penzance, Solicitor to the Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cornwall, holden at Truro.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Richard Martins the younger, of Penzance, in the county of Cornwall, Builder.

THE creditors of the above-named Richard Martins the younger, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 24th day of January, 1873, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to William Hosken Richards, of Nos. 54 and 55, Causeway-head, Penzance, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

WILLIAM TRYTHALL, Penzance, Solicitor to the Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Stephen Hurst (and not Hunt, as erroneously printed in last Gazette), of 241, Lancaster-road, Kensington-park, Notting Hill, in the county of Middlesex, Builder and Contractor.

JAMES TOLEMAN, of 17, Goswell-street, in the city of London, Paper Hanging Manufacturer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 28th day of August, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Henry Lockyer, of 8, Minerva-street, Hackney-road, Middlesex, Cow Keeper.

MICHAEL BANES, of 22, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 29th day of November, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Llewellyn, of King-street West, Hammermith, in the county of Middlesex, Builder.

JOHN SLATER, of 1, Guildhall-chambers, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 8th day of January, 1873.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Elford Ellis, of No. 34, Foulden-road, Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, late of No. 12, Trafalgar-place, Shacklewell, in the county of Middlesex, Builder.

JAMES MAY STROUD, of Woodville-road, Newington Green, in the county of Middlesex, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 18th day of January, 1873.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jacob Henrich, of Kensal-road, Kensal New Town, and previously of 50, Charles-street, Portland Town, Saint John's Wood, both in the county of Middlesex, Baker.

HENRY WYNDHAM PETTIS, of 5, Guildhall-chambers, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 8th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors instituted by Anton Schmieden, of No. 10, Stockton-mews, previously of No. 15, Bosworth-road, both in Kensal-road, Kensal New Town, Upper Westbourne Park, Cab Driver, and previously of No. 41, Upper Lisson-street, Lisson Grove, all in the county of Middlesex, Baker.

**HENRY WYNDHAM FETTIS**, of 5, Guildhall-chambers, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Andrew Chalmers, of No. 12, Fenchurch-buildings, Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, and of Elizabeth Villa, Forest-lane, Forest Gate, in the county of Essex, Tobacco Broker, and James Buckle, of No. 12, Fenchurch-buildings aforesaid, and of No. 14, Wellington-street, Gravesend, in the county of Kent, Licensed Lighterman, carrying on business together as Copartners, at No. 12, Fenchurch-buildings aforesaid, under the style or firm of Andrew Chalmers and Company, as Tobacco Brokers.

**WILLIAM LEWIS CLIFTON BROWNE**, of No. 25, Old Jewry, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtors must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtors must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 7th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Williams, of 238, Blackfriars-road, in the county of Surrey, Hat and Cap Manufacturer, residing at 136, Loughborough-road, in the said county of Surrey.

**JAMES FOGG**, of Hyde, in the county of Chester, Hat Manufacturer, and Jonathan Moores, of Denton, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Hat Manufacturer, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustees, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustees. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustees.—Dated this 1st day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Jacob Gray and Edward Wilkinson Rippin, both of 64, New Bond-street, in the county of Middlesex, Stationer, trading under the style or firm of Gray and Rippin.

**GEORGE AUGUSTUS CALDER**, of No. 26, Saint Martin's-court, Leicester-square, in the county of Middlesex, Wholesale Stationer, trading as B. Fuller and Co., has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtors must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtors must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 9th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Henry Stead, of Moorgate-street-chambers, in the city of London, Merchant, and of No. 19, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Music Publisher, trading as Henry Stead and Company.

**EDWIN SILLIFANT**, of No. 1, Gresham-buildings, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

No. 23939.

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## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Nathaniel Wells Simons, trading as Simons and Company, of No. 81, Redcliff-street, and Freshford-lane, Wholesale Druggist, and also of No. 9, York-road, Montpelier, in the city and county of Bristol.

**JAMES SMITH PITT**, of No. 16, John-street, in the city of Bristol, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Griffith, of Commercial-road, Landport, in the parish of Portsea, in the county of Hants, Grocer and Provision Merchant.

**JOHN WAINSCOT**, of Portsea aforesaid, Accountant, and William Edmonds, of the same place, Accountant, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustees, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustees. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustees.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Bunch French, of Russell-street, Landport, in the parish of Portsea, in the county of Hants, Ironmonger.

**JOHN WAINSCOT**, of Portsea aforesaid, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Johnstone, of Mount Emerald, in the parish of Kempsey, in the county of Worcester, Gentleman.

**CHARLES FIELDS**, of the city of Worcester, Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer, and David Shaw, of the said city, Accountant, have been appointed Trustees of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustees, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustees. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debt to the trustees.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at King's Lynn.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Christopher Hammond, of Gedney, in the county of Lincoln, Farmer.

**CHARLES WELCH**, of Holbeach, in the county of Lincoln, High Bailiff, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debt to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William May Barratt, of 211, High-street, in the city of Exeter, China, Glass, and Earthenware Dealer,

**WILLIAM COMBEN HARVEY**, of 18, Coleman-street, London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.



## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Spence, of No. 2, Hanson's-court, Cannon-street, in the city of Manchester, Commission Agent, trading under the style of George Spence and Co.

**THOMAS SUTTON**, of No. 23, Brown-street, in the city of Manchester, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Burdell, of Sneinton, in the county of Nottingham, Bricklayer.

**FREDERICK WILLIAM PARSONS**, of the town of Nottingham, Gentleman, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Berkshire, holden at Newbury. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Lewis, of Kingsclere, in the county of Hampshire, Grocer, Draper, Outfitter, and General-shop Keeper.

**WILLIAM DANGERFIELD**, Public Accountant, of Albert-buildings, Queen Victoria-street, in the city of London, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 31st day of December, 1872.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesbrough.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Mitchell, of Stockton-on-Tees, in the county of Durham, Joiner and Builder.

**FRANCIS JOHN HEXT BELLINGER**, of Stockton-on-Tees, in the county of Durham, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debt to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Wood, of Woolley House, Romsey, in the county of Hampshire, Farmer.

**JAMES HOWELL**, of No. 62, Ellington-street, Arundel-square, Barnsbury, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Dudley. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Penzer Haynes, of Tividale-street Mills and Globe Ironworks, Rowley Regis, in the county of Stafford, Ironmaster.

**JOHN BENT**, of Dudley, in the county of Worcester, Auctioneer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bridgewater.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Henry Newport, of No. 3, Claremont-buildings, Weston-super-Mare, in the county of Somerset, Baker and Confectioner.

**HENRY VALENTINE STROUD**, of the city of Bristol, Commercial Traveller, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Greenwood, of No. 13, Broadway, South Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Grocer and Oilman.

**TAKE** notice, that an application will be made to Mr. Registrar Brougham, at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on the 30th day of January instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the approval of the Court to the resolutions come to at a meeting of creditors, called under Section 28 of the Bankruptcy Act, 1869, and held at the offices of Messrs. Tilley and Shenton, at No. 10, Finsbury-place South, in the city of London, on the 16th day of March last, authorizing the Trustee to accept a composition of one shilling in the pound, payable within ten days from the date of confirmation by the Court. If any creditor has any objection to the approval of such resolutions by the Court, he must attend and urge the same at the time and place appointed.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**TILLEY and LIGGINS**, 10, Finsbury-place South, City, Attorneys for the said Trustee.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Gwyn, of Queen-street, Ramsgate, in the county of Kent, Wine Merchant.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Creditors of the said John Gwyn will be held at the Guildhall Coffee House, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on Friday, the 24th day of January instant, at one of the clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the assent by the Trustee to a scheme of settlement of the affairs of the debtor.

**EDWARD MOORE**, Crosby-square, Trustee.

## The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Wolverhampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Casper Charles Nathan, of No. 13, Oxford-street, Bilston, in the county of Stafford, Clothier.

**A MEETING** of the Creditors of the said Casper Charles Nathan will be held at the office of Mr. Alfred Baldwin East, Solicitor, No. 9, Colmore-row, Birmingham, on the 23rd day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the acceptance by the Trustee of a composition offered by the said Casper Charles Nathan of 12s. in the pound, and payable as follows:—4s. in the pound down, 4s. in the pound on the 1st day of April next, and 4s. in the pound on the 1st day of July next; for the Trustee to sell to the said Casper Charles Nathan his estate and effects for such composition, for the release of the Trustee, for the appointment of new Trustees, for the close of the said liquidation, and for the discharge of the said Casper Charles Nathan.

**HENRY COPE,**  
**SAMUEL RORKE**, Trustees.

## In the London Bankruptcy Court.

**A MEETING** of the Creditors of Gerard von Schmitt, of 28, Brook-street, Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex, Doctor of Medicine, adjudicated bankrupt on the 18th day of May, 1872, will be held at the offices of Messrs. Sydney Smith, Harvey, and Co., Public Accountants, No. 65, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at three o'clock in the afternoon, purpose of considering, and if be thought expedient, passing a special resolution sanctioning the acceptance by the Trustee of a composition of one shilling and sixpence in the pound offered by the bankrupt to all his creditors in full discharge of their respective debts, payable within fourteen days after the

approval of the said special resolution, if passed by the Court, and also the payment of the agreed costs of the Solicitors to the Trustee, and the Trustee, also payable within the like time, and (upon payment of such compositio and costs) for the annulling the order of adjudication made against the said bankrupt.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.  
**A** MEETING of the Creditors of William Fawcett Brunskill, of Torquay, in the county of Devon, Gentleman, adjudicated bankrupt on the 1st day of November, 1872, will be held at the offices of Messrs. Harding, Whinney, and Co., No. 8, Old Jewry, in the city of London, on the 4th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the assent by the Trustee to a scheme of settlement of the affairs of the bankrupt.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Merthyr Tydvil.  
**A** MEETING of the Creditors of William Wright and Frederick Philip Gardner, of the town of Brecon, in the county of Brecon, carrying on business under the style or firm of Hodges, Wright, and Gardner, at Brecon aforesaid, as Ironmongers, Ironfounders, Agricultural Implement Makers, Hop, Seed, and Guano Merchants, adjudicated bankrupts on the 8th day of November, 1872, will be held at Castle Hotel, Brecon aforesaid, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the acceptance by the Trustee of a fully-secured composition offered by the bankrupts of ten shillings in the pound, payable by three equal instalments in four, eight, and twelve months respectively.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

#### Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax.  
 In the Matter of John Bottomley, of West Vale, Greetland, in the county of York, Woollen Manufacturer, a Bankrupt.

**W**HEREAS at a Meeting of the Creditors of the said John Bottomley, held on the 27th day of June, 1872, John Armitage, of Dewsbury, in the county of York, Shoddy Merchant, was appointed Trustee; and whereas, the said John Armitage has since filed a petition in the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury, for liquidation of his affairs by arrangement or composition; and whereas, at a meeting of the creditors of the said John Armitage, it was resolved that his affairs should be wound up by arrangement, and the said John Armitage thereupon ceased to be such Trustee as aforesaid; now this is to give notice, that a meeting of the creditors of the said John Bottomley will be held at the County Court House, in Halifax, on Friday, the 24th day of January, 1873, at ten o'clock A.M., in pursuance of the 83rd sect., and 5th sub-section of the Bankruptcy Act, 1869, for the purpose of appointing another Trustee in place of the said John Armitage.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

M. H. BANKIN, Registrar.

In the County of Northamptonshire, holden at Peterborough.  
**A** FIRST and Final Dividend of 8s. 3d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of William Coles, of Yaxley, in the county of Huntingdon, Blacksmith, adjudicated bankrupt, on the 26th day of August, 1871, and will be paid by me, at the offices of Messrs. Deacon and Wilkins Solicitors, in the city of Peterborough, on and after the 13th day of January, 1873.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

THOS. AMIES, Trustee.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.  
**A** FIRST Dividend of 1s. 11d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Thomas Brown, of Didworthy Farm, in the parish of Bridford, in the county of Devon, Farmer and Cattle Dealer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 13th day of August, 1872, and will be paid by me, at my office, Gandy-street-chambers, 37 and 38, Gandy-street, Exeter, on and after the 31st day of December, 1872.—Dated this 31st day of December, 1872.

GEO. WREFORD, Trustee.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.  
**A** SECOND and Final Dividend of 1s. 9d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Elias Beer, of Aveton Gifford, in the county of Devon, Butcher, adjudicated bankrupt, on the 6th day of April, 1871, and will be paid by me, at my office, 32, Westwell-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, between the hours of ten and four o'clock in the day time.

WARD WEST ARLISS, Trustee.

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In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.  
**A** FIRST Dividend of 5s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of William Fawcett Brunskill, of Torquay, in the county of Devon, Gentleman, adjudicated bankrupt on the 1st day of November, 1872, and will be paid by me, on the 23rd day of January, 1873, at the offices of Messrs. Harding, Whinney, and Co., 8, Old Jewry, London, and at the King's Arms Hotel, Kingsbridge, also on the 24th day of January, at Dartmouth, and subsequently on every Monday, at No. 8, Old Jewry aforesaid, between the hours of ten and four o'clock.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

FRED. WHINNEY, Trustee.

#### The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.  
 In the Matter of John Macnamara, of Loughborough-road, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, Clerk in the Inland Revenue Office, Somerset House, in the county of Middlesex, a Bankrupt.

**W**HEREAS under a Bankruptcy Petition presented to this Court, against the said John Macnamara an order of adjudication was made on the 15th day of November, 1872. This is to give notice, that the said adjudication was, by order of this Court, annulled on the 14th day of January, 1873.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

#### In Bankruptcy.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.  
 In the Matter of John Langton the younger (sued and detained as John Langton), formerly of No. 43, Cornwell-road, Westbourne Park, London, late of Harwich, in the county of Essex, out of business, a Bankrupt.

**W**HEREAS under a Bankruptcy Petition presented to this Court against the said John Langton, an order of adjudication was made on the 17th day of January, 1867. This is to give notice, that the said adjudication was, by order of this Court, annulled on the 28th day of November, 1872.—Dated this 28th day of November, 1872.

#### The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.  
 In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against W H Fowler, of No. 13, Liverpool-street, Bishopsgate-street, in the city of London, Tea Dealer.  
 UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioners, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said W H Fowler having been given, it is ordered that the said W H Fowler be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 13th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,

James R. Brougham, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said W H Fowler is hereby summoned to be held at the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.  
 Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to James Rigg Brougham, Esq., one of the Registrars, at the office of Mr. Peter Paget, Official Assignee in the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar, at the said address.

#### The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.  
 In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against John David Charles Hampson, late of 18, Upper Gloucester-place, but now of 19, Clifton-road East, both in the parish of Saint Marylebone, and No. 54, Drummond-street, Euston-road, all in the county of Middlesex, Surgeon-Dentist.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said John David Charles Hampson having been given, it is ordered that the said John David Charles Hampson be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 15th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,

Wm. Hazlitt, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said John David Charles Hampson is hereby summoned to be held at the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has

ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to William Hazlitt, Esq., one of the Registrars, at the office of Mr. Peter Paget, Official Assignee in the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar, at the said address.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Herefordshire, holden at Hereford.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William Pritchard, formerly of Eleanor-cottage, Whitecross-road, in the city of Hereford, Timber Dealer and Haulier, but now in lodgings at No. 19, Commercial-road, in the said city of Hereford, of no business or occupation.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioners, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said William Pritchard, having been given, it is ordered that the said William Pritchard be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 13th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,

*J. J. Reynolds*, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said William Pritchard is hereby summoned to be held at the office of this Court, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Maidstone.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William Walker and James Walker, both of 65, King-street, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, Drapers and Co-partners.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said James Walker having been given, it is ordered that the said James Walker be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,

*Frederick Scudamore*, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said James Walker is hereby summoned to be held at the office of the Court, situate in Week-street, Maidstone, Kent, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cumberland, holden at Carlisle.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against James Lainton and Joseph Sealby, of the city of Carlisle, Share Brokers and Accountants, carrying on business under the firm of Lainton and Sealby.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said James Lainton and Joseph Sealby having been given, it is ordered that the said James Lainton and Joseph Sealby be, and they are hereby, adjudged bankrupts.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 13th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,

*H. J. Hallon*, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said James Lainton and Joseph Sealby is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court Office, Carlisle, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupts to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of their affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupts must

deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupts must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Bolton.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against John Hardman Chadwick, of Heywood, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Spinner.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioners, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said John Hardman Chadwick having been given, it is ordered that the said John Hardman Chadwick be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 13th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,

*Thos. Holden*, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said John Hardman Chadwick is hereby summoned to be held at this Court, on the 30th day of January, 1873, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of their affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against James Eiffe, of 171, Great Homer-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Draper.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said James Eiffe having been given, it is ordered that the said James Eiffe be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,

*Henry Hime*, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said James Eiffe is hereby summoned to be held at the Court House, No. 80, Lime-street, Liverpool aforesaid, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Thomas Jones, of Vicar's-croft, in Leeds, in the county of York, Potato Merchant.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioners, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Thomas Jones having been given, it is ordered that the said Thomas Jones be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 15th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,

*Thos. Marshall*, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Thomas Jones is hereby summoned to be held at this Court, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Shropshire, holden at Shrewsbury.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Joseph Watkin Lane, of Claremont-street, Shrewsbury, in the county of Salop, Licensed.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Joseph Watkin Lane having been given, it is ordered that the

said Joseph Watkin Lane be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 15th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,  
*Cecil Peck, Registrar.*

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph Watkin Lane is hereby summoned to be held at the offices of this Court, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon, in the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Henry Baxter, of No. 1, Oval-terrace, Oval-road, East Croydon.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Henry Baxter having been given, it is ordered that the said Henry Baxter be, and he is hereby adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,  
*W. H. Rowland, Registrar.*

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Henry Baxter is hereby summoned to be held at the office of this Court, 104A, High-street, Croydon, on the 7th day of February, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Middlesex, holden at Edmonton, in the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William Charles Camp, of Roydon, in the county of Essex, Grocer and Draper.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said William Charles Camp having been given, it is ordered that the said William Charles Camp be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 11th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,  
*Wm. Pulley, Registrar.*

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said William Charles Camp is hereby summoned to be held at the Court-house, at Edmonton aforesaid, on the 28th day of January, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Montgomeryshire, holden at Newtown.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against John Roberts, of Llanfair, in the county of Montgomery, Innkeeper and Well Sinker.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said John Roberts having been given, it is ordered that the said John Roberts be, and he is hereby adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of January, 1873.

By the Court,  
*J. Arthur Talbot, Registrar.*

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said John Roberts is hereby summoned to be held at the office of the Court, on the 29th day of January, 1873, at one o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must

deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Somerset Smythe, of No. 3, Saint James-street, in the county of Middlesex, a Lieutenant in Her Majesty's 16th Lancers, a Bankrupt.

Joseph John Saffery, of 14, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on the 11th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Augustus William Henry Atkinson, of Llanrwst, in the county of Denbigh, a Captain Unattached in Her Majesty's Army, a Bankrupt.

John Brown Johnstone the younger, of No. 34, Sackville-street, in the county of Middlesex, Army Clothier, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on the 31st day of January, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 7th day of January, 1873.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Victor Vernon Harcourt, of 201 and 203, Clarendon-road, Notting-hill, in the county of Middlesex, Draper and Warehouseman, a Bankrupt.

Francis Nicholls, of 14, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, on the 11th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Richard Pettit, of 17, Devonshire-street, Lisson-grove, in the county of Middlesex, and of 144, Lambeth-walk, in the county of Surrey, Cheesemonger, a Bankrupt.

Alfred Nickerson, of 51, King William-street, in the city of London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, on the 12th day of February, 1873, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of George Wood, of 11, Vorley-villas, Junction-road, Highgate, in the county of Middlesex, a Bankrupt.

Thomas Standing, of 3, Copthall-chambers, in the city of London, Stock and Share Broker, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on the 6th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 10th day of January, 1873.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of William Sedgwick, of Idle, in the parish of Calverley, in the county of York, Cloth Fuller and Mule Spinner, a Bankrupt.

The Registrar of this Court has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the said Court, on the 7th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Gloucester.

In the Matter of Richard Harris, of the Red Lion Inn, Lower Barton-street, near the city, but in the county of Gloucester, Innkeeper and Butcher, a Bankrupt.

Charles Reuben Rickards, of Haresfield, in the county of Gloucester, Butcher, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Court-office, Gloucester, on the 3rd day of March, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 11th day of January, 1873.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Blackburn. In the Matter of Jared Irving, of Blackburn, in the county palatine of Lancaster, Draper, a Bankrupt.

George Coates, of Bradford, in the county of York, Merchant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the said Court on the 10th day of February, 1873, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Preston. In the Matter of William Richmond, of Galgate, in the county of Lancaster, Grocer, a Bankrupt.

Henry Welch, of Lancaster, in the county of Lancaster, Grocer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Sessions Hall, Preston, on the 11th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Chester. In the Matter of Thomas Benjamin Williams, of No. 9, Mona House, City-road, in the city of Chester, Railway Porter, a Bankrupt.

Thomas Wood, of the city of Chester, Law Stationer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Court, to be held at Chester Castle, on the 3rd day of February, 1873, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debt to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bridgewater.

In the Matter of Thomas Jones, of Burnham, in the county of Somerset, Cattle and Sheep Salesman, Bankrupt. Robert Salmon, of Bridgewater, in the said county, Banker, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Court, to be holden at Bridgewater aforesaid, on the 5th day of February, 1873, at twelve o'clock at noon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due

to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.**

Thomas Pearse, of No. 59, Lancaster-road, Notting Hill, in the county of Middlesex, Builder, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 2nd day of June, 1869, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to make application for his Discharge, will be held before the said Court, on the 6th day of February, 1873, at the said Court, at Basinghall-street, in the city of London, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Peter Paget, of the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Samuel Tiley, of 10, Finsbury-place South, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Coventry. A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of John Thomas Tomlinson, of Rugby, Grocer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 6th day of August, 1872. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 22nd day of January, 1873, will be excluded.—Dated this 13th day of January, 1873.

*D. G. Barnes, Trustee.*

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of William Johnson, of Matlock Bridge, Matlock, in the county of Derby, Ironmonger, adjudicated bankrupt on the 27th day of December, 1871. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 25th day of January, 1873, will be excluded.—Dated this 15th day of January, 1873.

*John Louth Wykes, Trustee.*

In the County Court of Wiltshire, holden at Swindon.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Joseph Newman, of Cirencester, in the county of Gloucester, Baker, Grocer, and Beerseller, adjudicated bankrupt on the 21st day of June, 1872. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 4th day of February, 1873, will be excluded.—Dated this 7th day of January, 1873.

*William Bowly, Trustee.*

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Joseph John Tyler, of No. 10, Lowesmoor, in the city of Worcester, Baker and Shopkeeper, adjudicated bankrupt on the 24th day of February, 1870. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 25th day of January, 1873, will be excluded.—Dated this 16th day of January, 1873.

*Frederick Corbett, Avenue House, the Cross, Worcester, Solicitor to the Trustee.*

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of George Jones, of Osney Wharf, Oxford, Builder, adjudicated bankrupt on the 17th day of August, 1872. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 27th day of January, 1873, will be excluded.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

*Stephen Franklin, Trustee.*

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

A Second Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Thomas Brears Coward, of Knottingley, in the county of York, Cornfactor, adjudicated bankrupt on the 13th day of June, 1872. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 28th day of January, 1873, will be excluded.—Dated this 14th day of January, 1873.

*W. H. Burrell, Trustee.*

**The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.****Notice of Dividend Meetings.**

Meetings of the Creditors of the Bankrupts hereinafter named will be held, pursuant to the 174th section of the said Act, at the time and place hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:—

At the Court of Bankruptcy, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, before James Rigg Brougham, Esq., a Registrar:

Edward Charles Ryley, of Great Prescott-street, White-chapel, in the county of Middlesex, Solicitor, and of Leatherhead, in the county of Surrey, adjudicated bankrupt

on the 1st day of February, 1867. A Dividend Meeting will be held on the 31st day of January instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.

Archibald Campbell Douglas Hawksley, of the Dell-Englefield-green, near Straines, in the county of Middlesex, not a Trader, adjudicated bankrupt on the 23rd day of December, 1862. A Dividend Meeting will be held on the 30th day of January instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.

Richard Stilwell, of No. 18, Wilmington-square, in the county of Middlesex, Clerk in the Special Commissioners Department, Inland Revenue, Somerset House, adjudicated bankrupt on the 17th day of May, 1866. A Dividend Meeting will be held on the 30th day of January instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.

At the said Meetings the Assignees will, in pursuance of the 174th section of the said Act, submit statements of the Bankrupt's estate recovered and outstanding, and of all receipts and of all payments made or to be made thereout; and the creditors at the said respective meetings will, in pursuance of the said section, declare whether any and what Dividend shall be made, and whether any and what allowance shall be paid to the said bankrupts respectively. Proofs of Debts will be received, and creditors who have not proved, or do not then prove, will be excluded the benefit of the Dividend. And all claims not proved will be disallowed.

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In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of William Thomas Dickinson, of 12, Vigo-street, and 15, Silver-street, both in the county of Middlesex, Ironmonger, a Bankrupt.

AN Order of Discharge was on the 11th day of December, 1872, granted to the said William Thomas Dickinson, of No. 12, Vigo-street aforesaid, who was adjudicated bankrupt on the 23rd day of May, 1870.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of an adjudication of Bankruptcy, made on the 17th day of May, 1869, against Edward John Cook, of Witham, in the county Essex, Auctioneer, did, on the 16th day of July, 1869, grant the Discharge of the said bankrupt; and that such Discharge will be delivered to the bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

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The Bankruptcy Law Consolidation Act, 1849.

**P**HILIP HENRY PEPYS, Esquire, one of the Registrars of the Court of Bankruptcy, in the London, authorised to act under the petition for adjudication of bankruptcy, filed in the said Court on the 13th day of July, 1855, by Job William Meears, of Croydon, in the county of Surrey, Chemist and Druggist and Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 4th day of February, 1873, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, in order to proceed to a new choice of an Assignee, or Assignees, of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt, under the said petition, in the place and stead of William Hills, of Mitcham, in the county of Surrey, Builder, and Francis Newman, of Mitcham aforesaid, Licensed Victualler, who have resigned, when and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, and with those who have already proved to vote in such choice.

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The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of James Isaacks Sands, of Nos. 15 and 16, Great Michell-street, Saint Luke's, in the county of Middlesex, Pawnbroker, a Bankrupt.

Before Mr. Registrar Spring Rice.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 31st day of March, 1872, reporting that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a Dividend to the amount of 20s. in the pound with interest, at the rate of £5 per cent. has been paid as shown by the statement to the said report annexed, and upon hearing Messrs. Lowless, Nelson, and Jones, Solicitors for the Trustee, and upon reading the Official Assignee's report, dated the 4th day of January, 1873, and the affidavit of Horace Edward Workman, and the

documents thereunto annexed, and the certificate of the Trustee, dated the 20th day of December, 1872, the Court being satisfied that the whole of the property of the bankrupt, has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and that a Dividend to the amount of 20s. in the pound with interest at the rate of £5 per cent. has been paid, as shown by the said statement annexed to the said report, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said James Isaacks Sands, has closed.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 8th day of January, 1873.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of George William Millne, of 12, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Jeweller and Silversmith, a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 17th day of July, 1872, reporting that the whole of the property of the bankrupt had been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and Dividends to the amount of eight shillings and sixpence in the pound had been paid, and upon hearing Mr. Munton, the Trustee's Solicitor, the Court being satisfied that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and dividends to the amount of eight shillings and sixpence in the pound have been paid, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said George William Millne has closed.—Given under the seal of the Court this 13th day of January, 1873.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at York.

In the Matter of William Blanchard, of Pocklington, in the county of York, Fellmonger, a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 23rd day of December, 1872, reporting that the whole of the property of the bankrupt had been realized, as shewn in the statement thereunto annexed, and a Dividend of two shillings and fivepence in the pound had been paid, and upon hearing Mr. H. Wood, one of the Solicitors to the Trustee, the Court being satisfied that the whole of the property of the bankrupt had been realised, and a dividend of two shillings and fivepence in the pound had been paid, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said William Blanchard has closed.—Given under the seal of the Court, this 7th day of January, 1873.

THE estates of James Elder, now or lately residing at 9, Hosier-street, Glasgow, and of the Greendyke-street Baths and Washhouses, Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 10th day of January, 1873, by the Sheriff of the county of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated the 3rd day of January, 1873.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Wednesday, the 22nd January, 1873, within the Faculty-hall, Saint George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 10th day of May, 1873.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

GEORGE B. YOUNG, 45, W. George-street,  
Glasgow, Agent.

Glasgow, 13th January, 1873.

THE estates of Alexander Watt, Farmer, Carse of Monellie, in the parish of Forgue, and county of Aberdeen, were sequestrated on the 14th day of January, 1873, by the Sheriff of Aberdeen and Kincardine.

The first deliverance is dated 14th January, 1873.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at eleven o'clock, forenoon, on Saturday, the 25th day of January, 1873, within the Gordon Arms Hotel, in Huntly.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 14th May, 1873.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt has been granted to the Bankrupt till the said meeting.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAMES and GEORGE COLLIE,  
Advocates, Aberdeen, Agents.

THE estates of John and Neil McLean, Carters and Contractors, Paisley-road, Glasgow, as a Company, and John McLean, Carter and Contractor there, and Neil McLean, Carter and Contractor there, the sole Partners of that firm, as such Partners, and as Individuals, were



sequestered on 14th January, 1873, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 14th day of January, 1873.

The meeting to elect the Trustees and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Monday, the 27th January current, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and

grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 15th May next.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupts till the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

MARTIN MACKAY, Writer, 79, West Regent-street  
Agent.

79, West Regent-street,  
Glasgow, 14 January, 1873.

*All Letters must be Post paid, and all communications on the business of the London Gazette to be addressed to the Office, Princes Street, Storey's Gate, Westminster.*

*Orders for Gazettes to be addressed to the Publishers, 45, St. Martin's Lane.*

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Friday, January 17, 1873.

Price One Shilling.