



The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1872.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament, holden in the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for amending the Law relating to the Extradition of Criminals," it was, amongst other things, enacted, that where an arrangement has been made with any Foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any Fugitive Cri-

minals, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Act shall apply in the case of such Foreign State; and that Her Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to Fugitive Criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of Her Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient:

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the thirty-first day of July last between Her Majesty and the King of the Belgians, for the Mutual Extradition of Fugitive Criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following:—

HER Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and His Majesty the King of the Belgians, having judged it expedient, with a view to the more complete prevention of crime within their respective territories, that persons charged with or convicted of the crimes hereinafter enumerated, and being fugitives from the justice of their country, should, under certain circumstances, be reciprocally delivered up; their said Majesties have named as their Plenipotentiaries to conclude a Treaty for this purpose, that is to say:

Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, John Savile Lumley, Esquire, Her Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to His Majesty the King of the Belgians;

And His Majesty the King of the Belgians, the Count d'Aspremont Lynden, Officer of His Order of Leopold, Commander of the Order of the Ernestine Branch of the House of Saxony, Grand Cross of the Orders of Charles III, of the Medjidie, and of the Saviour, Member of the Senate, His Minister of Foreign Affairs;

Who, after having communicated to each other their respective full powers, found in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles:—

ARTICLE I.

It is agreed that Her Britannic Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Belgians shall, on requisition made in their name by their respective Diplomatic Agents, deliver up to each other reciprocally, any persons, except as regards Great Britain, native born and naturalized subjects of

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume Uni de Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, et Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges, ayant jugé opportun, afin de mieux assurer la répression des crimes dans leurs territoires respectifs, de se livrer réciproquement, sous certaines conditions, les personnes accusées ou condamnées du chef des crimes ci-après énumérés et qui auraient fui la justice de leur pays; les dites Majestés ont nommé pour leurs Plénipotentiaires, à l'effet de conclure un Traité dans ce but, savoir:

Sa Majesté la Reine du Royaume Uni de Grande Bretagne et d'Irlande, John Savile Lumley, Esquire, Son Envoyé Extraordinaire et Ministre Plénipotentiaire près Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges:

Et Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges, le Comte d'Aspremont Lynden, Officier de Son Ordre de Léopold, Commandeur de l'Ordre de la Branche Ernestine de la Maison de Saxe, Grand Cordon des Ordres de Charles III, du Medjidie, et du Sauveur, Sénateur, Son Ministre des Affaires Etrangères;

Lesquels, après s'être communiqué réciproquement leurs pleins pouvoirs, reconnus en bonne et due forme, sont convenus des Articles suivants:—

ARTICLE I.

Il est convenu que Sa Majesté Britannique et Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges, sur la demande faite en leur nom par leurs Agents Diplomatiques respectifs, se livreront réciproquement tous les individus, sauf relativement à l'Angleterre les sujets de Sa Majesté Britannique par naissance ou

Her Britannic Majesty, and except as regards Belgium, those who are by birth or who may have become citizens of Belgium, who being accused or convicted as principals or accessories before the fact, of any of the crimes hereinafter specified, committed within the territories of the requiring party, shall be found within the territories of the other party :

1. Murder (including assassination, parricide, infanticide, and poisoning), or attempt to murder.

2. Manslaughter.

3. Counterfeiting or altering money, or uttering counterfeit or altered money.

4. Forgery, counterfeiting, or altering, or uttering what is forged or counterfeited or altered.

5. Embezzlement or larceny.

6. Obtaining money or goods by false pretences.

7. Crimes by bankrupts against bankruptcy law.

8. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or director, or member or public officer of any company, made criminal by any law for the time being in force.

9. Rape.

10. Abduction.

11. Child stealing.

12. Burglary or housebreaking,

13. Arson.

14. Robbery with violence (including intimidation).

15. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.

16. Piracy by law of nations.

17. Sinking or destroying a vessel at sea, or attempting or conspiring to do so.

18. Assaults on board a ship on the high seas with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm.

19. Revolt or conspiracy to revolt by two or more persons on board a ship on the high seas against the authority of the master.

Provided that the surrender shall be made only when, in the case of a person accused, the commission of the crime shall be so established as that the laws of the country where the fugitive or person accused shall be found would justify his apprehension and commitment for trial if the crime had been there committed; and in the case of a person alleged to have been convicted, on such evidence as, according to the laws of the country where he is found, would prove that he had been convicted.

In no case can the surrender be made unless the crime shall be punishable according to the laws in force in both countries with regard to extradition.

ARTICLE II.

In the dominions of Her Britannic Majesty, other than the Colonies or Foreign Possessions of Her Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows :—

I. In the case of a person accused—

The requisition for the surrender shall be made to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of His Majesty the King of the Belgians, accompanied by a warrant of arrest or

naturalisation, et relativement à la Belgique ceux qui sont nés ou naturalisés citoyens Belges, qui étant accusés ou condamnés comme auteurs ou complices avant l'acte, pour l'un des crimes ci-après spécifiés, commis sur le territoire de la Partie requérante, seront trouvés sur le territoire de l'autre Partie :

1. Meurtre (y compris l'assassinat, le parricide, l'infanticide, et l'empoisonnement) ou tentative de meurtre.

2. Homicide commis sans préméditation ou guet-apens.

3. Contrefaçon ou altération de monnaie, ainsi qu'il est mis en circulation de la monnaie contrefaite ou altérée.

4. Faux, contrefaçon, ou altération, ou mise en circulation de ce qui est falsifié, contrefait, ou altéré.

5. Soustraction frauduleuse ou vol.

6. Escroquerie d'argent, valeurs, ou marchandises sous de faux prétextes.

7. Crimes des banqueroutiers frauduleux prévus par la loi.

8. Détournement ou dissipation frauduleux au préjudice d'autrui, des effets, deniers, marchandises, quittances, écrits de toute nature, contenant ou opérant obligation ou décharge, et qui avaient été remis à la condition de les rendre et d'en faire un usage ou un emploi déterminé.

9. Viol.

10. Enlèvement de mineurs.

11. Enlèvement d'enfant.

12. Vol avec effraction ou escalade.

13. Incendie.

14. Vol avec violence (comprenant intimidation).

15. Menaces d'attentat punissable d'une peine criminelle.

16. Prise d'un navire par les marins ou passagers par fraude ou violence envers le capitaine.

17. Eclouement, perte, destruction, ou tentative d'éclouement, de perte, ou de destruction d'un navire à la mer par le capitaine ou les officiers et gens de l'équipage.

18. Attaque ou résistance à bord d'un navire en haute mer avec violence et voies de fait envers le capitaine par plus du tiers de l'équipage.

19. Révolte ou complot de révolte par deux ou plusieurs personnes à bord d'un navire en haute mer, contre l'autorité du capitaine.

Toutefois, l'extradition ne sera accordée dans le cas d'une personne accusée, que si la perpétration du crime est établie de telle façon que les lois du pays où le fugitif accusé sera trouvé justifieraient son arrestation et son emprisonnement si le crime avait été commis dans ce pays; et dans le cas d'une personne prétendument condamnée, que sur la production d'une preuve qui, d'après les lois du pays où le fugitif a été trouvé, établirait suffisamment qu'il a été condamné.

En aucun cas l'extradition ne pourra avoir lieu que lorsque le crime sera prévu par la législation sur l'extradition en vigueur dans les deux pays.

ARTICLE II.

Dans les Etats de Sa Majesté Britannique, autres que les Colonies ou les possessions étrangères de Sa Majesté, la manière de procéder sera la suivante :—

I. S'il s'agit d'une personne accusée—

La demande d'extradition sera adressée au Premier Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté pour les Affaires Etrangères par le Ministre ou autre Agent Diplomatique de Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges. A cette demande seront joints un mandat d'arrêt ou

other equivalent judicial document, issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against the accused in Belgium, together with duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and containing a description of the person claimed, and any particulars which may serve to identify him. The said Secretary of State shall transmit such documents to Her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, who shall then, by order under his hand and seal, signify to some Police Magistrate in London that such requisition has been made, and require him, if there be due cause, to issue his warrant for the apprehension of the fugitive.

On the receipt of such order from the Secretary of State, and on the production of such evidence as would, in the opinion of the Magistrate, justify the issue of the warrant if the crime had been committed in the United Kingdom, he shall issue his warrant accordingly.

When the fugitive shall have been apprehended, he shall be brought before the Police Magistrate who issued the warrant, or some other Police Magistrate in London. If the evidence to be then produced shall be such as to justify, according to the law of England, the committal for trial of the prisoner, if the crime of which he is accused had been committed in England, the Police Magistrate shall commit him to prison to await the warrant of the Secretary of State for his surrender; sending immediately to the Secretary of State a certificate of the committal and a report upon the case.

After the expiration of a period from the committal of the prisoner, which shall never be less than fifteen days, the Secretary of State shall, by order under his hand and seal, order the fugitive criminal to be surrendered to such person as may be duly authorized to receive him on the part of the Government of His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

II. In the case of a person convicted—

The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the case of a person accused, except that the warrant to be transmitted by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent in support of his requisition, shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced before the Police Magistrate shall be such as would, according to the law of England, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

After the Police Magistrate shall have committed the accused or convicted person to prison to await the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, such person shall have the right to apply for a writ of *habeas corpus*; if he should so apply, his surrender must be deferred until after the decision of the Court upon the return to the writ, and even then can only take place if the decision is adverse to the applicant. In the latter case the Court may at once order his delivery to the person authorized to receive him, without the order of a Secretary of State for his surrender, or commit him to prison to await such order.

ARTICLE III.

In the dominions of His Majesty the King of the Belgians, other than the Colonies or Foreign

autre document judiciaire équivalent délivré par un Juge ou Magistrat dûment autorisé à prendre connaissance des actes imputés à l'accusé en Belgique, ainsi que les dépositions authentiques ou les déclarations faites sous serment devant ce Juge ou Magistrat, énonçant clairement les dits actes, et contenant, outre le signalement de la personne réclamée, toutes les particularités qui pourraient servir à établir son identité.

Le dit Secrétaire d'Etat transmettra ces documents au Premier Secrétaire d'Etat de Sa Majesté Britannique pour les Affaires Intérieures, qui, par un ordre de sa main et muni de son sceau, signifiera à l'un ou l'autre Magistrat de Police à Londres que la demande d'extradition a été faite, et le requerra, s'il y a lieu, de délivrer un mandat pour l'arrestation du fugitif.

A la réception d'un semblable ordre du Secrétaire d'Etat, et sur la production de telle preuve qui, dans l'opinion de ce Magistrat, justifierait l'émission du mandat si le crime avait été commis dans le Royaume Uni, il délivrera le mandat requis.

Lorsqu'alors le fugitif aura été arrêté, il sera amené devant le Magistrat de Police qui a lancé le mandat, ou devant un autre Magistrat de Police à Londres. Si la preuve qu'on produira est de nature à justifier, selon la loi Anglaise, la mise en jugement du prisonnier dans le cas où le crime dont il est accusé aurait été commis en Angleterre, le Magistrat de Police l'enverra en prison pour attendre le mandat du Secrétaire d'Etat, nécessaire à l'extradition, et il adressera immédiatement au Secrétaire d'Etat une attestation de l'emprisonnement avec un rapport sur l'affaire.

Après l'expiration d'un certain temps, qui ne pourra jamais être moindre de quinze jours depuis l'emprisonnement de l'accusé, le Secrétaire d'Etat, par un ordre de sa main et muni de son sceau, ordonnera que le criminel fugitif soit livré à telle personne qui sera dûment autorisée à le recevoir au nom du Gouvernement de Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges.

II. S'il s'agit d'une personne condamnée—

La marche de la procédure sera la même que dans le cas d'une personne accusée, sauf que le mandat à transmettre par le Ministre ou autre Agent Diplomatique, à l'appui de la demande d'extradition, énoncera clairement le crime pour lequel la personne réclamée aura été condamnée, et mentionnera le fait, le lieu, et la date du jugement. La preuve à produire devant le Magistrat de Police sera telle que d'après la loi Anglaise elle établirait que le prisonnier a été condamné pour le crime dont on l'accuse.

Après que le Magistrat de Police aura envoyé la personne accusée ou condamnée en prison pour attendre l'ordre d'extradition du Secrétaire d'Etat, cette personne aura le droit de réclamer une ordonnance d'*habeas corpus*; l'extradition doit alors être différée jusqu'après la décision de la Cour sur le renvoi de l'ordonnance, et elle ne pourra avoir lieu que si la décision est contraire au demandeur. Dans ce dernier cas, la Cour peut immédiatement ordonner la remise de celui-ci à la personne qui est autorisée à le recevoir, sans qu'il soit besoin d'attendre l'ordre d'extradition du Secrétaire d'Etat, ou bien l'envoyer en prison pour attendre cet ordre.

ARTICLE III.

Dans les Etats de Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges, autres que les Colonies ou possessions étrangères

Possessions of His said Majesty, the manner of proceeding shall be as follows:—

I. In the case of a person accused—

The requisition for the surrender shall be made to the Minister for Foreign Affairs of His Majesty the King of the Belgians by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent of Her Britannic Majesty, accompanied by a warrant of arrest issued by a Judge or Magistrate duly authorized to take cognizance of the acts charged against the accused in Great Britain, together with duly authenticated depositions or statements taken on oath before such Judge or Magistrate, clearly setting forth the said acts, and containing a description of the person claimed, and any other particulars which may serve to identify him.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs shall transmit the warrant of arrest, with the documents thereto annexed, to the Minister of Justice, who shall forward the same to the proper judicial authority, in order that the warrant of arrest may be put in course of execution by the Chamber of the Council (*Chambre du Conseil*) of the Court of First Instance of the place of residence of the accused, or of the place where he may be found.

After issue of the order for arrest, and on exhibition of the warrant of arrest, the foreigner may be provisionally arrested, and the *Juge d'Instruction* is authorized to proceed according to the rules prescribed by the *Code d'Instruction Criminelle*.

The foreigner may claim to be provisionally set at liberty in any case in which a Belgian enjoys that right, and under the same conditions. The application shall be submitted to the Chamber of the Council (*Chambre du Conseil*).

The surrender shall not be granted unless on production of the order of the Chamber of the Council (*Chambre du Conseil*), of the decree of the Chamber of Indictments or Investigation (*Chambre des Mises en Accusation*), or of the act of criminal procedure (*acte de procédure criminelle*), issued by the competent Judge, formally decreeing or necessarily involving the sending of the accused before a criminal court (*la juridiction répressive*), delivered in original or in an authenticated copy, and after having taken the opinion of the Chamber of Indictments or Investigation (*Chambre des Mises en Accusation*) of the Court of Appeal within whose jurisdiction the foreigner shall have been arrested.

The hearing of the case shall be public, unless the foreigner should demand that it should be with closed doors.

The public authorities and the foreigner shall be heard. The latter may obtain the assistance of Counsel.

Within a fortnight from the receipt of the documents, they shall be returned, with a reasoned opinion, to the Minister of Justice, who shall decide, and may order that the accused be delivered to the person duly authorized on the part of the Government of Her Britannic Majesty.

II. In the case of a person convicted—

The course of proceeding shall be the same as in the case of a person accused, except that the conviction or sentence of condemnation issued in original or in an authenticated copy, to be transmitted by the Minister or other Diplomatic Agent in support of his requisition, shall clearly set forth the crime of which the person claimed has been convicted, and state the fact, place, and date of his conviction. The evidence to be produced before the Magistrate charged with the investiga-

de Sa dite Majesté, on procédera de la façon suivante:—

I. S'il s'agit d'une personne accusée—

La demande d'extradition sera adressée au Ministre des Affaires Etrangères de Sa Majesté le Roi des Belges par le Ministre ou autre Agent Diplomatique de Sa Majesté Britannique; à cette demande seront joints un mandat d'arrêt délivré par un Juge ou Magistrat dûment autorisé à prendre connaissance des actes imputés à l'accusé dans la Grande Bretagne, ainsi que les dépositions authentiques ou les déclarations faites sous serment devant ce Juge ou Magistrat, énonçant clairement les dits actes, et contenant, outre le signalement de la personne réclamée, toutes les particularités qui pourraient servir à établir son identité.

Le Ministre des Affaires Etrangères transmettra le mandat d'arrêt, avec les pièces annexées, au Ministre de la Justice, qui fera parvenir les documents à l'autorité judiciaire, à l'effet de voir rendre le dit mandat d'arrêt exécutoire par la Chambre du Conseil du Tribunal de première instance du lieu de la résidence de l'inculpé, ou du lieu où il pourra être trouvé.

Après l'ordonnance d'arrestation et sur l'exhibition du mandat d'arrêt, l'étranger pourra être provisoirement arrêté, et le Juge d'Instruction est autorisé à procéder suivant les règles prescrites par le Code d'Instruction Criminelle.

L'étranger pourra réclamer la liberté provisoire dans le cas où un Belge jouit de cette faculté et dans les mêmes conditions. La demande sera soumise à la Chambre du Conseil.

L'extradition ne sera accordée que sur la production de l'ordonnance de la Chambre du Conseil, de l'arrêt de la Chambre des Mises en Accusation, ou de l'acte de procédure criminelle émané du Juge compétent, décrétant formellement ou opérant de plein droit le renvoi du prévenu ou de l'accusé devant la juridiction répressive, délivrés en original ou en expédition authentique, et après avoir pris l'avis de la Chambre des Mises en Accusation de la Cour d'Appel dans le ressort de laquelle l'étranger aura été arrêté.

L'audience sera publique, à moins que l'étranger ne réclame le huis-clos.

Le Ministère public et l'étranger seront entendus. Celui-ci pourra se faire assister d'un Conseil.

Dans la quinzaine à dater de la réception des pièces, elles seront renvoyées avec l'avis motivé au Ministre de la Justice, qui statuera et pourra ordonner que l'inculpé soit livré à la personne qui sera dûment autorisée au nom du Gouvernement de Sa Majesté Britannique.

II. S'il s'agit d'une personne condamnée —

Le cours de la procédure sera le même que dans le cas d'une personne accusée, sauf que le jugement ou l'arrêt de condamnation délivré en original ou en expédition authentique, à transmettre par le Ministre ou l'Agent Diplomatique à l'appui de la demande d'extradition, énoncera clairement le crime pour lequel la personne réclamée aura été condamnée, et mentionnera le fait, le lieu, et la date du jugement. La preuve à produire devant le magistrat chargé de l'in-

tion of the case shall be such as would, according to the Belgian laws, prove that the prisoner was convicted of the crime charged.

ARTICLE IV.

A fugitive criminal may, however, be apprehended under a warrant issued by any Police Magistrate, Justice of the Peace, or other competent authority in either country, on such information or complaint, and such evidence, or after such proceedings as would, in the opinion of the person issuing the warrant, justify the issue of a warrant, if the crime had been committed or the prisoner convicted, in that part of the dominions of the two Contracting Parties in which he exercises jurisdiction: Provided however that, in the United Kingdom, the accused shall, in such case, be sent as speedily as possible before a Police Magistrate in London. He shall be discharged, as well in the United Kingdom as in Belgium, if within fourteen days a requisition shall not have been made for his surrender by the Diplomatic Agent of his country, in the manner directed by Articles II and III of this Treaty.

The same rule shall apply to the cases of persons accused or convicted of any of the crimes specified in this Treaty, committed on the high seas, on board any vessel of either country which may come into a port of the other.

ARTICLE V.

If the fugitive criminal who has been committed to prison be not surrendered and conveyed away within two months after such committal (or within two months after the decision of the Court upon the return to a writ of *habeas corpus* in the United Kingdom), he shall be discharged from custody, unless sufficient cause be shown to the contrary.

ARTICLE VI.

When any person shall have been surrendered by either of the High Contracting Parties to the other, such person shall not, until he has been restored or had an opportunity of returning to the country from whence he was surrendered, be triable or tried for any offence committed in the other country prior to the surrender, other than the particular offence on account of which he was surrendered.

ARTICLE VII.

No accused or convicted person shall be surrendered, if the offence in respect of which his surrender is demanded shall be deemed by the Party upon which it is made to be a political offence, or to be an act connected with (*connex* à) such an offence, or if he prove to the satisfaction of the Police Magistrate, or of the Court before which he is brought on *habeas corpus*, or to the Secretary of State, that the requisition for his surrender has in fact been made with a view to try or to punish him for an offence of a political character.

ARTICLE VIII.

Warrants, depositions, or statements on oath, issued or taken in the dominions of either of the two High Contracting Parties, and copies thereof, and certificates of or judicial documents stating the fact of conviction, shall be received in evidence in proceedings in the dominions of the other, if purporting to be signed or certified by a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the country where they were issued or taken.

tion du cas sera telle que, conformément aux lois Belges, elle établirait que le prisonnier a été condamné pour le crime dont on l'accuse.

ARTICLE IV.

Un criminel fugitif peut, cependant, être arrêté sur un mandat délivré par tout Magistrat de Police, Juge de Paix, ou autre autorité compétente dans chaque pays, à la suite d'un avis, d'une plainte, d'une preuve, ou de tout autre acte de procédure qui, dans l'opinion de la personne délivrant le mandat, justifierait ce mandat, si le crime avait été commis ou la personne condamnée dans la partie des États des deux Contractants où il exerce juridiction: pourvu que, cependant, s'il s'agit du Royaume Uni, l'accusé soit, dans un pareil cas, envoyé aussi promptement que possible devant un Magistrat de Police à Londres. Il sera relâché, tant dans le Royaume Uni qu'en Belgique, si dans les quatorze jours une demande d'extradition n'a pas été faite par l'Agent Diplomatique de son pays, suivant le mode indiqué par les Articles II et III de ce Traité.

La même règle s'appliquera aux cas de personnes accusées ou condamnées du chef de l'un des crimes spécifiés dans ce Traité et commis en pleine mer, à bord d'un navire de l'un des deux pays et qui viendrait dans un port de l'autre.

ARTICLE V.

Si le criminel fugitif qui a été arrêté n'est pas livré et emmené dans les deux mois après son arrestation (ou dans les deux mois après la décision de la Cour sur le renvoi d'une ordonnance d'*habeas corpus* dans le Royaume Uni), il sera mis en liberté, à moins qu'il n'y ait un motif suffisant de le retenir en prison.

ARTICLE VI.

Lorsqu'une personne aura été extradée par l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes, cette personne, jusqu'à ce qu'elle soit rentrée dans le pays d'où elle a été extradée, ou qu'elle ait eu occasion de le faire, ne sera poursuivie pour aucun délit commis dans l'autre pays avant l'extradition, autre que celui pour lequel l'extradition a eu lieu.

ARTICLE VII.

Aucune personne accusée ou condamnée ne sera extradée, si le délit pour lequel l'extradition est demandée est considéré par la Partie requise comme un délit politique ou un fait connexe à un semblable délit, ou si la personne prouve, à la satisfaction du Magistrat de Police ou de la Cour devant laquelle elle est amené pour l'*habeas corpus*, ou du Secrétaire d'Etat, que la demande d'extradition a été faite, en réalité, dans le but de la poursuivre ou de la punir pour un délit d'un caractère politique.

ARTICLE VIII.

Les mandats, dépositions, déclarations sous serment, délivrés ou recueillis dans les États de l'une des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes, les copies de ces pièces, ainsi que les certificats ou les documents judiciaires établissant le fait de la condamnation, seront reçus comme preuve dans la procédure des États de l'autre Partie, s'ils sont revêtus de la signature ou accompagnés de l'attestation d'un Juge, Magistrat, ou fonctionnaire du pays où ils ont été délivrés ou recueillis.

Provided such warrants, depositions, statements, copies, certificates, and judicial documents are authenticated by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Minister of State.

ARTICLE IX.

The surrender shall not take place if, since the commission of the acts charged, the accusation, or the conviction, exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired by lapse of time, according to the laws of the country where the accused shall have taken refuge.

ARTICLE X.

If the individual claimed by one of the two High Contracting Parties in pursuance of the present Treaty should be also claimed by one or several other Powers, on account of their crimes committed upon their respective territories, his surrender shall be granted to that State whose demand is earliest in date; unless any other arrangement should be made between the Governments which have claimed him, either on account of the gravity of the crimes committed, or for any other reasons.

ARTICLE XI.

If the individual claimed should be under prosecution, or condemned for a crime or offence committed in the country where he may have taken refuge, his surrender may be deferred until he shall have been set at liberty in due course of law.

In case he should be proceeded against or detained in such country, on account of obligations contracted towards private individuals, his surrender shall nevertheless take place, the injured party retaining his right to prosecute his claims before the competent authority.

ARTICLE XII.

Every article found in the possession of the individual claimed at the time of his arrest, shall, if the competent authority so decide, be seized, in order to be delivered up with his person at the time when the surrender shall be made. Such delivery shall not be limited to the property or articles obtained by stealing or by fraudulent bankruptcy, but shall extend to every thing that may serve as proof of the crime. It shall take place even when the surrender, after having been ordered, shall be prevented from taking place by reason of the escape or death of the individual claimed.

The rights of third parties with regard to the said property or articles are nevertheless reserved.

ARTICLE XIII.

Each of the High Contracting Parties shall defray the expenses occasioned by the arrest within its territories, the detention, and the conveyance to its frontier, of the persons whom it may consent to surrender in pursuance of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XIV.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies and foreign Possessions of the two High Contracting Parties.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in a Colony or foreign Possession of either Party, shall be made to the Governor or Chief Authority of such

Pourvu que ces mandats, dépositions, déclarations, copies, certificats, et documents judiciaires soient rendus authentiques par le serment d'un témoin, ou par le sceau officiel du Ministre de la Justice ou d'un autre Ministre d'Etat.

ARTICLE IX.

L'extradition n'aura pas lieu si, depuis les faits imputés, les poursuites, ou la condamnation, la prescription de l'action ou de la peine est acquise d'après les lois du pays où le prévenu s'est réfugié.

ARTICLE X.

Si l'individu réclamé par l'une des Hautes Parties Contractantes, en exécution du présent Traité, est aussi réclamé par une ou plusieurs autres Puissances, du chef d'autres crimes commis sur leurs territoires respectifs, son extradition sera accordée à l'Etat dont la demande est la plus ancienne en date, à moins qu'il n'existe entre les Gouvernements qui l'ont réclamé un arrangement qui déciderait de la préférence, soit à raison de la gravité des crimes commis, soit à raison de tout autre motif.

ARTICLE XI.

Si l'individu réclamé est poursuivi ou condamné pour un crime ou un délit commis dans le pays où il s'est réfugié, son extradition pourra être différée jusqu'à ce qu'il ait été mis en liberté selon le cours régulier de la loi.

Dans le cas où il serait poursuivi ou détenu dans le même pays à raison d'obligations par lui contractées envers des particuliers, son extradition n'en aura pas moins lieu, sauf à la partie lésée à faire valoir ses droits devant l'autorité compétente.

ARTICLE XII.

Tout objet trouvé en la possession de l'individu réclamé au moment de son arrestation sera, si l'autorité compétente en a ainsi ordonné, saisi pour être livré avec sa personne lorsque l'extradition aura lieu. Cette remise ne sera pas limitée aux objets acquis par vol ou banqueroute frauduleuse, mais elle s'étendra à toute chose qui pourrait servir de pièce de conviction. Elle se fera même si l'extradition, après avoir été accordée, ne peut s'accomplir par suite de l'évasion ou de la mort de l'individu réclamé.

Sont, cependant, réservés les droits des tiers sur les objets susmentionnés.

ARTICLE XIII.

Chacune des Hautes Parties Contractantes supportera les frais occasionnés par l'arrestation sur son territoire, la détention, et le transport à la frontière des personnes qu'elle consentirait à extraire en exécution du présent Traité.

ARTICLE XIV.

Les stipulations du présent Traité seront applicables aux Colonies et Possessions étrangères des deux Hautes Parties Contractantes.

La demande d'extradition d'un criminel fugitif qui s'est réfugié dans une Colonie ou Possession étrangère de l'une des Parties sera faite au Gouverneur ou au fonctionnaire principal de cette

Colony or Possession by the Chief Consular Officer of the other in such Colony or Possession; or, if the fugitive has escaped from a Colony or foreign Possession of the Party on whose behalf the requisition is made, by the Governor or Chief Authority of such Colony or Possession.

Such requisitions may be disposed of, subject always, as nearly as may be, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the respective Governors or Chief Authorities, who, however, shall be at liberty either to grant the surrender, or to refer the matter to their Government.

Her Britannic Majesty shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in the British Colonies and Foreign Possessions for the surrender of Belgian criminals who may there take refuge, on the basis, as nearly as may be, of the provisions of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE XV.

The present Treaty shall come into operation ten days after its publication in conformity with the laws of the respective countries.

Either Party may at any time terminate the Treaty on giving to the other six months' notice of its intention.

ARTICLE XVI.

The present Treaty shall be ratified, and the Ratifications shall be exchanged at Brussels as soon as may be within six weeks from the date of signature.

In witness whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed the same, and have affixed thereto the seals of their arms.

Done at Brussels, the thirty-first day of July, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

J. SAVILE LUMLEY.
(L.S.)

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at Brussels on the twenty-ninth day of August last:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to Her by the said recited

Colonic ou Possession par le principal Agent Consulaire de l'autre dans cette Colonie ou Possession; ou, si le fugitif s'est échappé d'une Colonie ou Possession étrangère de la Partie au nom de laquelle l'extradition est demandée, par le Gouverneur ou le fonctionnaire principal de cette Colonie ou Possession.

Ces demandes seront faites ou accueillies en suivant toujours, aussi exactement que possible, les stipulations de ce Traité par les Gouverneurs ou premiers fonctionnaires, qui, cependant, auront la faculté ou d'accorder l'extradition ou d'en référer à leur Gouvernement.

Sa Majesté Britannique se réserve, cependant, le droit de faire des arrangements spéciaux dans les Colonies Anglaises ou Possessions étrangères pour l'extradition de criminels Belges qui y auraient cherché refuge, en se conformant, aussi exactement que possible, aux stipulations du présent Traité.

ARTICLE XV.

Le présent Traité entrera en vigueur dix jours après sa publication dans les formes prescrites par la législation des pays respectifs.

Chaque Partie peut en tout temps mettre fin au Traité, en donnant à l'autre, six mois à l'avance, avis de son intention.

ARTICLE XVI.

Le présent Traité sera ratifié, et les ratifications seront échangées à Bruxelles le plus tôt possible dans les six semaines de la date de la signature.

En foi de quoi les Plénipotentiaires respectifs ont signé ce même Traité, et y ont apposé le sceau de leurs armes.

Fait à Bruxelles, le trentième et unième jour de Juillet, dans l'année de grâce mil huit cent soixante-douze.

Cte. D'ASPREMONT-LYNDEN.
(L.S.)

Act, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the twenty-eighth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, the said Act shall apply in the case of the said Treaty with the King of the Belgians.

Edmund Harrison.

By the QUEEN.

A PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS Our Parliament stands prorogued to Friday, the twenty-fifth day of October instant. We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, hereby issue Our Royal Proclamation, and publish and declare that the said Parliament be further prorogued to Thursday, the nineteenth day of December next.

Given at Our Court at *Balmoral*, this fifteenth day of *October*, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and in the thirty-sixth year of Our reign.

GOD save the QUEEN.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

IT is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council that the Convocations of the Provinces of Canterbury and York be prorogued from the day to which the same now stand prorogued to Friday, the twentieth day of December next; and the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain is to cause Writs to be prepared and issued in the usual manner for proroguing the Convocations accordingly.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day, Sir Roundell Palmer, Knight, was,
by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her
Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and
took his place at the Board accordingly.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased
to deliver the Great Seal to the Right
Honourable Sir Roundell Palmer, Knight, where-
upon the oath of Lord Chancellor of Great
Britain was, by Her Majesty's command, admin-
istered to him, and he took his place at the Board
accordingly.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HER Majesty in Council was this day pleased,
on a representation of the Right Honour-
able the Lords of the Committee of Council on
Education, to appoint Frederic W. H. Myers,
Esquire, M.A., Fellow of Trinity College, Cam-
bridge, to be one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of
Schools.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session
of Parliament, holden in the fifty-seventh
year of the reign of His Majesty King George
the Third, intituled "An Act to empower His
Majesty to suspend Training, and to regulate the
quotas of the Militia," it is, amongst other things,
enacted "that it shall be lawful for His Majesty,
"by any Order or Orders in Council to suspend
"the calling out of the Militia of the United
"Kingdom, or any part of the United Kingdom,
"or of any county, riding, shire, stewardry, city,
"town, or place, for the purpose of being trained
"and exercised in any year, and to order and
"direct that no training or exercising of the
"Militia of the United Kingdom, or of any part
"of the United Kingdom, or of any county or
"counties, riding or ridings, shire or shires,
"stewardry or stewardries, city or cities, town or
"towns, or place or places, specified in any such
"Order or Orders in Council, shall take place in
"any year; anything contained in any Act or
"Acts of Parliament relating to the Militia to the
"contrary notwithstanding."

And whereas it has seemed fit to Her Majesty,
by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to
suspend the calling out of the several regiments of
Militia for the county of Cork, and the county of

the city of Cork, and to direct that there shall be
no training and exercising thereof in the year one
thousand eight hundred and seventy-two:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the
advice of Her Privy Council, doth hereby suspend
the calling out of the several regiments of Militia
for the county of Cork, and the county of the city
of Cork, and doth order and direct that there
shall be no training and exercise thereof in the
year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-
two; and it is further ordered that this Order be
published in the London Gazette.

Edmund Harriscn,

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the eleventh section of the
Volunteer Act, one thousand eight hun-
dred and sixty-three, it is amongst other things
enacted that "Her Majesty in Council may from
"time to time declare what is requisite to entitle
"a Volunteer to be deemed an Efficient Volunteer,
"by an Order in Council defining for that pur-
"pose the extent of attendance at drill to be given
"by the Volunteer, and the course of instruction
"to be gone through by him, and the degree of
"proficiency in drill and instruction to be attained
"by him and his Corps, such proficiency to be
"judged of by the Inspecting Officer at the Annual
"Inspection of the Corps, or otherwise, as by
"Order in Council is from time to time directed;
"and that the draft of any scheme to be from
"time to time submitted to Her Majesty in
"Council for approval under the present section,
"shall have been laid before both Houses of Par-
"liament for one lunar month, at least, either
"before or after, or partly before and partly after,
"the passing of this Act during the present,
"or for the like period during any subsequent
"session of Parliament, before such scheme
"receives the approval of Her Majesty in
"Council."

And whereas by an Order in Council, bearing
date the twenty-seventh day of July, one thousand
eight hundred and sixty-three, what was requisite
to entitle a Volunteer to be deemed an efficient
Volunteer was declared, which Order it is deemed
expedient to amend in manner hereafter men-
tioned.

And whereas a draft scheme of amendments
relative to the efficiency of Volunteers, as set
forth in the said Order in Council, was on the
eighteenth June last laid before both Houses of
Parliament in the words and figures mentioned
and set forth in the Schedule to this Order
annexed; and one lunar month having elapsed
since that time, the said scheme hath this day been
submitted to Her Majesty in Council for Her
approval thereof:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having this day
taken the said scheme into consideration, doth, in
pursuance and exercise of the power in Her
Majesty by the said Act of Parliament in that
behalf vested, and by and with the advice of Her
Privy Council, hereby declare Her Royal approval
of the said scheme:

And that the same shall come into operation
on the first of November next, but so that the
drills of November, one thousand eight hundred
and seventy-one, and November, one thousand
eight hundred and seventy-two, shall be reckoned

if need be to complete the number of drills needed for the efficiency of a Volunteer for the year ending thirty-first October, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two; but if the drills of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, be so reckoned, then they shall not be again reckoned for the year ending thirty-first October, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three.

Edmund Harrison.

SCHEME referred to in the foregoing Order in Council.

Scheme of Amendments relative to the Efficiency of Volunteers as set forth in Her Majesty's Order in Council, dated twenty-seventh July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, referred to in this Order.

1. The Certificates of Efficiency granted to enrolled members of the Volunteer Force hereafter, shall be dated the first November in each year. They shall be granted on the previous submission of the Adjutant, and be signed in case of difference of opinion between that Officer and the Commanding Officer of the Corps by the Officer appointed by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State to act on that behalf, in lieu of the Assistant Inspector of Volunteers as heretofore provided. If no Adjutant be appointed to, or acting for a Corps, the certificate shall be granted and signed as the Secretary of State may direct.

2. In order that the efficiency of the Volunteers may be increased, the certificates shall, in addition to, or in substitution for, the requirements prescribed by the former Order in Council, state—

(1) As to all the Corps :

- (a) That the Volunteer does not belong to the Regular, Militia, Yeomanry, or Army Reserve (including Enrolled Pensioner) Forces; and that he is not enrolled in any other Volunteer Corps.
- (b) That the Volunteer was a member of the Corps at the date of the certificate.
- (c) That, if absent from Inspection with leave of the Commanding Officer, or through sickness duly certified, he has attended two extra drills.
- (d) That each drill is of not less than one hour's duration.

Attendance at a Brigade Drill may be counted as a drill towards efficiency, but attendance at a Review must not be so reckoned.

(2) As to Light Horse :

- (e) That the Volunteer is in all respects acquainted with his duties as a Light Horse Volunteer, and that he has attended such a number of drills, as under the Regulations heretofore in force would entitle him to an Extra Certificate of Efficiency.

(3) As to Artillery Volunteer Corps :

- (f) That the Volunteer has been instructed in the use of guns, if the means of instruction have been available.

(4) As to Engineer Volunteer Corps :

- (g) That he has gone through the Course of Instruction prescribed for a Recruit in Regulations issued by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

- (h) That he has attended 6 Engineering Drills and acquired a practical knowledge of one of the Annual Courses of Instruction prescribed for Engineer Volunteers in Regulations issued by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

- (i) That he was present (unless absent with the Commanding Officer's leave, or through sickness duly certified) at the last Annual Inspections (Drill and Engineering) of the Corps.

(5) As to a Mounted Rifle Volunteer :

- (j) That he fired 20 rounds of ball cartridge in the first period of Class Firing, in accordance with the Musketry Regulations for the Army.

Or,

That on the 18, he completed the three periods of Class Firing under the personal superintendence of the Adjutant or other Officer appointed under the Secretary of State's authority to act as such, and obtained the number of points to qualify him (so far as target practice is concerned) as a marksman under the Musketry Regulations for the Army, and in either case that he has attended such a number of drills, as under the Regulations heretofore in force would entitle him to an Extra Certificate of Efficiency.

(6) As to Rifle Volunteer Corps :

- (k) That he fired 60 rounds of ball cartridge in Class Firing during the year; or fired 20 or 40 rounds, and passed into the 2nd Class.

Or,

That on the 18, he completed the three periods of Class Firing under the personal superintendence of the Adjutant or other Officer appointed by the Secretary of State to act as such, and obtained the number of points to qualify him (so far as target practice is concerned) as a marksman under the Musketry Regulations for the Army.

- (l) That he fired 5 rounds of blank ammunition in volley firing, and 5 rounds in independent firing, during the year, in a squad of not less than 5 files.
- (m) That he attended 9 Company and Battalion Drills during the year, of which at least three shall have been Battalion Drills.

This is in substitution of the rule which required attendance, in the case of an Administrative Regiment, at 3 Battalion and 6 Company Drills, and, in that of a large Corps, at 6 Battalion and 3 Company Drills.

- (n) To constitute a Battalion Drill reckoning towards efficiency, 100 at least of all ranks (exclusive of Permanent Staff and Band) must be present, of whom not less than 16 must be Officers and Sergeants.

To constitute a Company Drill reckoning towards Efficiency, 20 at least of all ranks (exclusive of Permanent Staff and Band) must be present, of whom not less than 3 must be Officers and Sergeants.

3. The Inspecting Officer at the Annual Inspection may direct the withholding of a Certificate for or in respect of any Volunteer whose sword, carbine, or rifle may, in the opinion of such Officer, be in bad order and condition, and all Certificates shall be withheld by order of the Secretary of State from all Efficiently belonging to a Volunteer Corps not inspected during the year by reason of its own default.

4. If any Regiment or Corps shall have in any year attended for not less than four clear days at a Camp of Instruction, not including the days of Assembly and Return, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State may make such modifications in respect to the qualification for efficiency of the members of such Regiment or Corps as may appear to him to be desirable to meet the circumstances of the case.

5. If in any one year a Volunteer is resident during the drill season of his Corps at a greater distance than ten miles from its Head-Quarters, he may (with the written consent of both Commanding Officers) be attached for drill purposes to another Corps. In such case, all his drills for efficiency (including attendance at Inspection) must be performed with that Corps, but he must wear the uniform of his own Corps.

6. The term "Recruit" used upon the Forms of Certificate means a Volunteer who has not served for at least six months in Her Majesty's Regular Forces, or served and attended training in a Regiment of Militia, or who has never been returned as Efficient in an Annual Return of a Volunteer Corps.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," after reciting that, "Whereas from the increase of population, or from other circumstances, it may be expedient that two or more benefices which have been heretofore united or which may be hereafter united under the provisions of this Act should be disunited," it is amongst other things, enacted, "That when two or more benefices shall have been united, or may be hereafter united into one benefice, and with respect to his own diocese it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province; or the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said Archbishop of the Province, that one or more of the benefices within his diocese, of which such united benefice shall consist, may be separated therefrom with advantage to the interests of religion, the said Archbishop shall enquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such enquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully dissolved, so far as respects such benefice or benefices, he shall six weeks at least before certifying such inquiry to Her Majesty as hereinafter directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement, in writing, of the facts, and in all other cases a copy, in writing, of the aforesaid representation to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the

church or in some public and conspicuous place in each of the benefices forming part of the united benefice, with notice to any person or persons interested that he, she, or they may within such six weeks show cause, in writing, under his, her, or their hands to the said Archbishop against any such disunion; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent, when the patron's consent is necessary, to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty to issue an Order for separating such last-mentioned benefice or benefices from such united benefice, and for declaring the rights of patronage of the several patrons, if there be more than one patron, and such Order shall be registered in the registry of the diocese to which such united benefice shall belong, which Order the Registrar of such diocese, immediately, on the receipt thereof, is hereby required to register accordingly, and thereupon immediately if such united benefice shall be then vacant, otherwise on the first avoidance thereof, such union shall be ipso facto dissolved, so far only as regards such benefice or benefices so proposed to be separated from such united benefice, but in all other respects shall remain in full force and effect, and thenceforward such last-mentioned benefice or benefices shall be and be deemed and taken to be a separate and distinct benefice or benefices to all intents and purposes whatever as if no such union had taken place, and the patron or patrons thereof shall and may according to the term of such Order present or nominate thereto respectively, and so from time to time upon each and every avoidance of the same: Provided always, that no benefices which have been united for more than sixty years before the passing of this Act shall be disunited without the consent, in writing, of the patron or patrons thereof."

And whereas the Honourable and Right Reverend John Thomas, Lord Bishop of Norwich, hath represented to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, by a representation, in writing, bearing date the thirty-first day of May, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"To the Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury.

"I, John Thomas, Lord Bishop of Norwich, do hereby represent to your Grace, that it appears to me that the disunion of the united rectories of Burlingham Saint Andrew and Burlingham Saint Edmund, in the county of Norfolk, and my diocese of Norwich, by the separation of the said rectory of Burlingham Saint Andrew from the said rectory of Burlingham Saint Edmund (with a view to the union of the said rectory of Burlingham Saint Edmund with the vicarage of Lingwood, in the same county and diocese, and the union of the said rectory of Burlingham Saint Andrew with the rectory of Burlingham Saint Peter, in the same county and diocese), may be made with advantage to the interests of religion.

"Witness my hand, this thirty-first day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

"John T. Norwich."

And whereas His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, hath, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, by a certificate, in writing, bearing date the sixteenth day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, certified to Her

Majesty such enquiry as aforesaid, and the consent of the patrons of the said united rectories, which certificate is in the words following :

“ To the QUEEN’S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

“ We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby certify to your Majesty in Council :

“ That the Honorable and Right Reverend John Thomas, Lord Bishop of Norwich (as bishop of the diocese within which the united benefice, consisting of the rectories of Burlingham Saint Andrew and Burlingham Saint Edmund, in the county of Norfolk is situate), having represented to us that the disunion of the said united rectories by the separation of the said rectory of Burlingham Saint Andrew from the said rectory of Burlingham Saint Edmund, might be made with advantage to the interests of religion, we enquired into the circumstances of the case, and that upon such enquiry it appeared to us that such disunion might be usefully made ; that Augusta Susanna Burroughes, of Burlingham Hall, in the county of Norfolk, Widow, Charles Watkin Williams Wynn, of Coed-y-Maen, Welshpool, Montgomeryshire, Esquire, M.P., and Robert Thornagh Gurdon, of Letton Hall, in the said county of Norfolk, Esquire, being the patrons or persons entitled to present on the nomination of the said Augusta Susanna Burroughes to the said united rectories of Burlingham Saint Andrew and Burlingham Saint Edmund, if the same were now vacant, have signified, in writing, their consent to such disunion ; that six weeks and upwards before certifying such enquiry and consent to your Majesty in Council, we caused a copy, in writing, of the aforesaid representation of the said Lord Bishop, to be affixed on the principal outer door of each of the parish churches of the united benefice, with notice to any person or persons interested that he, she, or they might, within such six weeks, show cause, in writing, under his, her, or their hand or hands, to us, the said Archbishop, against such disunion, and no such cause has been shown ; the representation of the said Lord Bishop of Norwich, our enquiry into the circumstances of the case, the statement of circumstances in reply thereto, and the consent of the patrons of the said united benefice, and the copies of the representation and notice before-mentioned are hereto annexed ; and we do hereby certify the inquiry, consent, and matters aforesaid, to your Majesty in Council, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for disuniting the aforesaid united benefice of Burlingham Saint Andrew and Burlingham Saint Edmund. As witness our hand, this sixteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

“ A. C. Cantuar.”

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the said rectory of Saint Andrew, Burlingham, in the county of Norfolk, be disuniting and separated from the united rectories of Saint Andrew and Saint Edmund, Burlingham, in the county of Norfolk.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN’S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of the Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled “ An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy,” after reciting that “ Whereas, in some instances, tithings, hamlets, chapeltries, and other places or districts may be separated from the parishes or mother churches to which they belong with great advantage, and places altogether extra-parochial may in some instances with advantage be annexed to parishes or districts to which they are contiguous, or be constituted separate parishes for ecclesiastical purposes,” it is, amongst other things, enacted, “ That when, with respect to his own diocese, it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, or when the bishop of any diocese shall represent to the said archbishop that any such tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district within the diocese of such archbishop, or the diocese of such bishop, as the case may be, may be advantageously separated from any parish or mother church, and either be constituted a separate benefice by itself or be united to any other parish to which it may be more conveniently annexed, or to any other adjoining tithing, hamlet, chapelry, place, or district, parochial or extra-parochial, so as to form a separate parish or benefice, or that any extra-parochial place may with advantage be annexed to any parish to which it is contiguous, or be constituted a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes ; and the said archbishop or bishop shall draw up a scheme in writing (the scheme of such bishop to be transmitted to the said archbishop for his consideration), describing the mode in which it appears to him that the alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, glebe lands, tithes, rent-charges, and other ecclesiastical dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to patronage and rights to pews, may be made with justice to all parties interested ; and if the patron or patrons of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such alteration shall consent in writing under his or their hands to such scheme, or to such modification thereof as the said Archbishop may approve, and the said Archbishop shall, on full consideration and inquiry, be satisfied with any such scheme, or modification thereof, and shall certify the same and such consent as aforesaid, by his report to Her Majesty in Council, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make an Order for carrying such scheme, or modification thereof, as the case may be, into effect.”

And whereas by another Act of Parliament, passed in the second and third years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled “ An Act to make better provision for the assignment of ecclesiastical districts to churches or chapels augmented by the Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne ; and for other purposes,” it is, amongst other things, further enacted, “ That when, by any Order of Her Majesty in Council as aforesaid, a separate parish for ecclesiastical purposes is constituted, the same shall, on registration thereof, and with the consent in writing of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice

"or benefices to be thereby affected, become a perpetual curacy and benefice, and the minister thereof, duly nominated and licensed thereto, and his successors shall be a body politic and corporate, with perpetual succession, and may receive and take to himself and his successors all such lands, tenements, tithes, rent-charges, and hereditaments as shall be granted unto him or them, and such perpetual curate shall thenceforth have, within the limits of the district parish formed under the Church Building Acts, for the church of such perpetual curacy, sole and exclusive cure of souls, and shall not in anywise be subject to the control or interference of the incumbent or incumbents of the benefice or benefices to be affected by such Order, if he or they shall have consented to such Order as aforesaid: but if such incumbent or incumbents shall not have so consented thereto, this last-mentioned provision shall not come into operation until the next avoidance of the benefice by the incumbent objecting thereto, or by the surviving incumbent objecting, if more than one shall object thereto, and in such case the last-mentioned provision shall forthwith after such avoidance come into operation, and shall be binding on all persons whatsoever."

And whereas the Lord Bishop of Lincoln has drawn up, together with a scheme, a representation, in writing, bearing date the second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and hath transmitted the same to his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, in the words following; that is to say:

"To the Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of Canterbury.

"I, the Right Reverend Christophor, Lord Bishop of Lincoln, do hereby represent to your Grace that there is in the county and diocese of Lincoln the rectory of Sedgebrook, to which belongs, amongst other places, the ancient parochial chapelry of East Allington, the boundaries whereof; except where it adjoins the parish of West Allington, are well known and defined.

"That the population of the said parish of Sedgebrook, according to the census of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one (exclusive of the said chapelry of East Allington), amounts to two hundred and forty persons.

"That the population of the said chapelry of East Allington, according to the same census, amounts to two hundred and forty-seven persons.

"That there is one church in the parish of Sedgebrook, affording accommodation for about four hundred persons, and one church or chapel in the said chapelry of East Allington, affording accommodation for about two hundred persons.

"That the parish church of Sedgebrook is distant from the church or chapel of East Allington a little more than one mile.

"That the annual value of the said rectory of Sedgebrook, and the said chapelry of East Allington, on an average of the last three years, and the sources from which such income is derived, are as follows, namely: Sedgebrook, four hundred and ninety-three pounds two shillings and four pence, arising from tithes, glebe land, fees, and interest of money received from the sale of glebe land to a Railway Company. The chapelry of East Allington, three hundred and ten pounds sixteen shillings, arising from glebe land and fees.

"That there is a good and sufficient house of residence belonging to the said rectory of Sedge-

brook, but there is no house of residence belonging to the said chapelry of East Allington.

"That the said chapelry of East Allington is treated as being separate from Sedgebrook for all civil purposes, and baptisms, churchings, marriages, and burials have been from time immemorial, and are now, solemnized and performed in the said church or chapel of the said chapelry, and the burial ground thereto belonging.

"That there is in the said county and diocese of Lincoln, the rectory of West Allington, the parish whereof contains, according to the said census of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, a population of one hundred and thirty-five persons.

"That the said rectory and parish of West Allington has a church containing accommodation for two hundred and ninety-seven persons.

"That there is a good and sufficient house of residence belonging to the said rectory of West Allington.

"That the annual value of the said rectory of West Allington amounts to the sum of two hundred and eighty-four pounds ten shillings and two pence.

"That the parish church of West Allington is distant from the aforesaid chapel of East Allington about two hundred yards.

"That there is no known boundary between the said rectory and parish of West Allington and the aforesaid chapelry of East Allington, and although separate for ecclesiastical purposes they form but one village, and are treated as one parish for all civil purposes.

"That it is very desirable that the said chapelry of East Allington should be separated from the said rectory of Sedgebrook and united to the said rectory of West Allington, inasmuch as the whole of the parishioners of the entire village will be thereby placed under the care of a resident Incumbent, and all parish work may be carried out much more efficiently and with greater usefulness than at present, and therefore it appears to me that the said chapelry of East Allington, may under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of Her present Majesty, chapter one hundred and six, and the second and third years of Her said Majesty, chapter forty-nine, be advantageously separated from the said rectory and parish of Sedgebrook and united to the said rectory and parish of West Allington for all ecclesiastical purposes.

"That, pursuant to the direction contained in the twenty-sixth section of the said first-mentioned Act of Parliament, I, the said Lord Bishop, have drawn up a scheme, in writing, appended to this representation, describing the mode in which it appears to me that the alterations above proposed may be best effected, and how the changes consequent on such alterations in respect of ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respects to patronage and rights to pews (if any) may be made with justice to all parties interested. And I do submit the same to your Grace, together with the consent, in writing, of the Right Honourable William Page, Baron Hatherley, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for and on behalf of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, the patron of the said rectory of Sedgebrook with the said chapelry of East Allington, and also of the said rectory of West Allington, and the Reverend George Edward Biber, the Rector of the said rectory of West Allington. To the intent that your Grace may, if on full consideration and enquiry you shall be satisfied with the said scheme, certify the same and such consents by your report to Her Majesty in Council.

"SCHEME.

"That the said chapelry of East Allington shall be separated from the said rectory of Sedgebrook, and united to the said rectory of West Allington for all ecclesiastical purposes, and be under the same ecclesiastical jurisdiction as the said rectory of West Allington now is, and that the chapel of East Allington shall be a chapel of ease to the parish church of West Allington.

"That the rector of West Allington shall have exclusive cure of souls within the limits of the said chapelry of East Allington.

"That baptisms, churchings, marriages, and burials of persons residing within the said chapelry of East Allington shall be performed, celebrated, and take place in the chapel or church of the said chapelry, and in the burial ground belonging thereto as heretofore, and that the fees for all such and other ecclesiastical offices, and all ecclesiastical dues, offerings, and other emoluments arising from or in respect of the said chapelry of East Allington, and usually payable to the incumbent of a benefice, shall belong and be paid to the rector of West Allington aforesaid.

"That all glebe lands, endowments, and emoluments now belonging to the said chapelry of East Allington, or to the rector of the said rectory of Sedgebrook, in respect thereof shall be transferred to and be vested in the rector of West Allington aforesaid and his successors for ever.

"That the inhabitants of the said chapelry of East Allington shall be exonerated from all liability to repair the parish church of Sedgebrook, or any other church or chapel now or hereafter to be erected in the said parish, but they shall be liable, subject to the provisions of the Church Rate Abolition Act, to repair the said parish church of West Allington as well as the said chapel of East Allington.

"That the inhabitants of the said chapelry of East Allington shall be entitled as at present to resort to and attend their said church or chapel at East Allington, and be accommodated with pews and sittings therein, but they shall not be entitled to claim any accommodation in the said parish church of Sedgebrook.

"That nothing herein contained shall affect or be construed to affect the rights of patronage to either of the said benefices of the rectory of Sedgebrook or the rectory of West Allington, but that the same shall remain, continue, and be as they now are.

"Given under my hand, this second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

"C. Lincoln.

"Consents.

"I, the Right Honourable William Page, Baron Hatherley, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for and on behalf of Her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, the patron entitled to present to the rectory of Sedgebrook with East Allington, and also to the rectory of West Allington, in case the same were now vacant, and I, the Reverend George Edward Biber, Clerk, the Rector of the said rectory of West Allington, do hereby severally and respectively signify our consent to the scheme above proposed, and to every matter and thing therein contained.

"Witness our hands, the eleventh day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

"Hatherley, C.

"G. E. Biber."

And whereas his Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury hath, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a certificate and report, in writing, bearing date the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell, Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby report to your Majesty in Council: "That the Right Reverend Christopher, Lord Bishop of Lincoln, has represented unto us (amongst other things) that there is in the county and diocese of Lincoln the rectory of Sedgebrook, to which belongs the ancient parochial chapelry of East Allington, the boundaries whereof, except where it joins the parish of West Allington, are well known and defined. That there is in the said county and diocese the rectory of West Allington. That it appears to the said Lord Bishop that, under the provisions of the Acts of Parliament of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, chapter 106, and of the second and third years of your Majesty's said reign, chapter 49, the said chapelry of East Allington may be advantageously separated from the said rectory of Sedgebrook, and be annexed to the said rectory of West Allington, for ecclesiastical purposes. That the said Lord Bishop has drawn up a scheme, in writing (and transmitted the same to us for our consideration), describing the mode in which it appears to him that the proposed alteration may best be effected, and how the changes consequent on such alteration in respect to ecclesiastical jurisdiction, dues, rates, and payments, and in respect to rights to pews may be made with justice to all parties interested. That the Right Honourable William Page, Baron Hatherley, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, for and on behalf of your Most Gracious Majesty the Queen, the patron or person entitled to present to the said rectory of Sedgebrook, and also to the said rectory of West Allington, and the Reverend George Edward Biber, the Rector of West Allington, have consented, in writing, to the scheme of the said Lord Bishop. The representation and scheme of the said Lord Bishop, and the consents before referred to, are hereunto annexed. And we, the said Archbishop, being on full consideration and inquiry satisfied with the said scheme, do hereby, pursuant to the said Act of the first and second years of your Majesty's reign, certify the same and such consents as aforesaid, to the intent that your Majesty in Council, may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for carrying the said scheme into effect. As witness our hand, this seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

"A. C. Cantuar."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to approve of the said scheme of the Lord Bishop of Lincoln, and to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be carried into effect.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the first session of Parliament holden in the first and second years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to abridge the holding of benefices in plurality, and to make better provision for the residence of the clergy," it is, amongst other things, enacted, "That whenever it shall appear to the Archbishop of the Province, with respect to his own diocese, and whenever it shall be represented to him by the bishop of any diocese, or by the bishops of any two dioceses, that two or more benefices, or that one or more benefice or benefices, and one or more spiritual sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, in his or their diocese or dioceses, being either in the same parish or contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population shall not exceed one thousand five hundred persons, and the aggregate yearly value shall not exceed five hundred pounds, may, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, the said Archbishop of the Province shall inquire into the circumstances of the case; and if on such inquiry it shall appear to him that such union may be usefully made, and will not be of inconvenient extent, and that the patron or patrons of the said benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages respectively, is or are consenting thereto, such consent being signified in writing under the hands of such patron or patrons, the said Archbishop shall, six weeks before certifying such inquiry and consent to Her Majesty, as hereinafter directed, cause, with respect to his own diocese, a statement in writing of the facts, and in other cases a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation, to be affixed on or near the principal outer door of the church, or in some public and conspicuous place in each of such benefices, sinecure rectories, or vicarages, with notice to any person or persons interested, that he, she, or they, may, within such six weeks, show cause in writing under his, her, or their hand or hands, to the said Archbishop, against such union; and if no sufficient cause be shown within such time, the said Archbishop shall certify the inquiry and consent aforesaid to Her Majesty in Council, and thereupon it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to make and issue an Order or Orders for uniting such benefices, sinecure rectory or rectories, vicarage or vicarages, into one benefice, with cure of souls, for ecclesiastical purposes only; and it shall be lawful for Her Majesty in Council to give directions for regulating the course and succession in which the patrons, if there be more than one patron, shall present or nominate to such united benefice, from time to time, as the same shall become vacant."

And whereas the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, hath duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a certificate in writing, bearing date the sixteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"To the QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

"We, the undersigned, Archibald Campbell,

Lord Archbishop of the Province of Canterbury, do hereby certify to your Majesty in Council:

"That the Honorable and Right Reverend John Thomas, Lord Bishop of Norwich (as Bishop of the diocese within which are situate the rectory of Somerleyton and the rectory of Ashby, both in the county of Suffolk), having represented unto us that the said benefices, being contiguous to each other, and of which the aggregate population does not exceed seven hundred and seventy persons, might, with advantage to the interests of religion, be united into one benefice, we inquired into the circumstances of the case.

"That on such inquiry it appeared to us that such union might be usefully made, and would not be of inconvenient extent, and that Charles Thomas Lucas, of Number 94, Lancaster Gate, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, being the patron entitled to present to the rectory of Somerleyton (if the same were now vacant), and also to present to the rectory of Ashby (which is now vacant), consents to the union of the said benefices.

"That six weeks and upwards before certifying such inquiry and consent to your Majesty in Council, we caused a copy in writing of the aforesaid representation of the said Lord Bishop to be affixed on the principal outer door of the church of each of the said benefices, with notice to any person or persons interested that he, she, or they might within such six weeks, show cause, in writing, under his, her, or their hand or hands, to us, the said Archbishop, against such union, and no such cause has been shown.

"The representation of the said Lord Bishop of Norwich, our inquiry into the circumstances of the case, the statement of circumstances in reply thereto, the consent in writing of the said patron, and the copies of the representation and notice before mentioned, are hereunto annexed.

"And we do hereby certify the enquiry and consent aforesaid to your Majesty in Council, to the intent that your Majesty in Council may, in case your Majesty in Council shall think fit so to do, make and issue an Order for uniting the said benefices into one benefice, with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only.

"As witness our hand, this sixteenth day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

(Signed) "A. C. Cantuar."

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased to order, and doth hereby order, that the said rectory or benefice of Somerleyton, in the county of Suffolk, with the said rectory or benefice of Ashby, in the same county and diocese, shall be united into one diocese with cure of souls for ecclesiastical purposes only.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, and of the Act of the twenty-

third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-seventh day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the new parish of Saint John, Darlington, some time part of the parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Cuthbert, Darlington, in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular part of the said new parish of Saint John, Darlington, which is hereinafter mentioned and described (such part not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship), should be constituted a separate district in the manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas certain hereditaments situate within the said parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Cuthbert, Darlington, have become vested in us under the provisions of and for the purposes of the herein-mentioned Acts, or of some of them, and we have, in respect of such hereditaments, agreed to make and pay, out of the common fund created by the firstly herein-mentioned Act, to the minister of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, when he shall have been duly licensed in accordance with the provisions of the secondly herein-mentioned Act, and to his successors, a grant of two hundred pounds per annum; and also, so soon as a church shall have been erected within and for such district, and shall have been approved by us, and shall have been consecrated as the church of such district, and such district shall have thereupon become a new parish within the meaning of the secondly herein-before-mentioned Act, to make such further grant from the said fund as will suffice to raise the income of the incumbent of such new parish to three hundred pounds per annum; and such grants as aforesaid will be made by an instrument or instruments to be executed by us under our common seal, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles, Bishop of the said diocese of Durham (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we humbly recommend and propose, that all that part of the said new parish of Saint John, Darlington, which is mentioned and described in the schedule hereunder written, and which is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall, upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Saint James, Albert Hill.'

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Saint James, Albert Hill, being:

"All that part of the new parish of Saint John, Darlington (some time part of the parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Cuthbert, Darlington), in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham, which is bounded on the east and on the north by the parish of Haughton-le-Skerne, in the county and diocese aforesaid, on the west by the district of Saint Paul, Darlington, in the same county and diocese, and on the remaining sides, that is to say, on the south-west and on the south, by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said district of Saint Paul, Darlington, from the new parish of Saint John, Darlington aforesaid, at a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the line of the Stockton and Darlington Railway over the River Skerne; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the middle of the said line of railway, to the point where it is joined by the line of railway known as the Haughton Bridge Junction; and continuing thence, still south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named line of railway, to the point where it joins the line of the North Eastern Railway; and extending thence, southward, along the middle of the last-named line of railway, to a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the Haughton-road over the same line of railway; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance of three chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said road to its junction with the footpath which leads past the northern side of the house called or known as Hundens, to Lingfield-lane; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of ten and a half chains, or thereabouts; and then eastward, for a distance of thirty-eight and a half chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said footpath, to the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint John, Darlington from the parish of Haughton-le-Skerne aforesaid."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbent of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint John, Darlington, out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and such patrons and incumbent have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Durham.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following, that is to say :

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen, of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Clewer, in the county of Berks, and in the diocese of Oxford.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion, that the particular part of the said parish of Clewer hereinafter mentioned and described (such part not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of divine worship), should be constituted a separate district in manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas a capital sum of three thousand pounds sterling has been contributed and paid to the credit of our account at the Bank of England, by the Honourable Harriet Monsell, of the House of Mercy, in the said parish of Clewer, Widow, in aid of the endowment of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, and of the maintenance of the minister thereof for the time being, and we have, in respect thereof, agreed with the said Harriet Monsell, and have undertaken to provide and pay by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November, to such minister as aforesaid when duly licensed, in accordance with the provisions of the herein secondly mentioned Act, the yearly sum of one hundred pounds in each and every year during which the said capital sum shall continue in our hands.

"And whereas the said sum of three thousand pounds sterling has been contributed and paid as aforesaid, upon the understanding that we should pay out of the common fund created by the firstly herein named Act, to the minister for the time being of the said district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, when such minister shall have been duly licensed as before mentioned, the annual sum of fifty pounds, and upon the further understanding and condition that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient) the whole right of patronage of the said district, and of the nomination of the minister thereof should be assigned in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

"And whereas we have agreed and undertaken to make such grant of fifty pounds per annum as aforesaid, by an instrument to be executed by us under our common seal, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend John Fielder, Bishop of the said diocese of Oxford (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly recommend and propose that all that part of the said parish of Clewer, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part together with the boundaries thereof is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Saint Stephen, Clewer.'

"And we further recommend and propose, that the whole right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the minister thereof, shall, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to and become absolutely vested in, and shall, and may from time to time be exercised jointly by the Reverend Thomas Thellusson Carter, now rector or incumbent of the rectory of the said parish of Clewer, by the said Harriet Monsell, by Ellen Nixon, of the said House of Mercy, in the parish of Clewer aforesaid, Spinster, by the Reverend William Henry Hutchings, now of Clewer aforesaid, Clerk, and by Brownlow Edward Layard, of Windsor, in the said county of Berks, Esquire, their heirs and assigns for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or to any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Saint Stephen, Clewer, being :—

"All that part of the parish of Clewer, in the county of Berks, and in the diocese of Oxford, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the north by the county of Buckingham, or in other words by the River Thames, on the east by the parish of the Holy Trinity, Windsor, in the said county of Berks, and in the diocese of Oxford aforesaid, and on the remaining sides, that is to say, on the south and on the west, by an imaginary line commencing at the point where the boundary dividing the said parish of the Holy Trinity, Windsor, from the parish of Clewer aforesaid intersects the wall or fence forming the northern boundary of the land attached to Saint Mark's School; and extending thence, westward, for a distance of seven chains or thereabouts, along the said wall or fence, to a boundary stone, inscribed 'C. St. S. D., 1872, No. 1,' and placed at the western end of the same wall or fence on the eastern side of Vansittart-road; and continuing thence, still westward, to a point in the middle of the said road; and extending thence, northward, for a distance of twenty-five chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the same road, to its junction with Clewer-road, and continuing thence, still northward, along the middle of the said Vansittart-road, thereby passing along the

western side of the houses called or known as Gardner's-cottages, to the northern end of the same road, and continuing thence still in the same direction, and in a straight line, to a boundary stone, inscribed 'C. St. S. D., 1872, No. 2,' and placed on the northern side of the footpath which leads from Windsor, along the southern bank of the River Thames aforesaid, to Clewer, at a distance of five chains to the west of the western side of the bridge which carries the line of the Windsor Branch of the Great Western Railway over the said footpath; and extending thence, north-eastward, and in a direct line, for a distance of eight and a half chains or thereabouts, from the last-described boundary stone to the boundary in the centre of the bridge which carries the said line of railway over the River Thames aforesaid, which boundary divides the said county of Berks from the county of Buckingham aforesaid."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbent of the parish out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and such patrons and incumbent have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme; and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Oxford.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-nine, and of the Acts therein mentioned, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-third and thirty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-nine, and of the Acts therein mentioned, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme relating to the benefice of Saint Philip, Whitwood, in the county of York, and in the diocese of York.

"Whereas by an order of your Majesty in Council ratifying a representation submitted by us, which Order is dated the twenty-seventh day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, and was published in the London Gazette on the twenty-ninth day of the same month, the said cure of Saint Philip, Whitwood (the church whereof has since become a rectory), was created

as a district chapelry, being taken out of the parish of Featherstone, in the same county and diocese.

"And whereas it has been proposed to us that the patronage of, and perpetual right of nomination of a minister or incumbent to, the said benefice and church of Saint Philip, Whitwood, should be transferred from the vicar of the said parish of Featherstone, in whom the same is now vested as such vicar, and should be vested in the bishop of the diocese, that is to say, in the Archbishop of York for the time being.

"And whereas an endowment of forty pounds per annum and upwards has been provided for and secured to the said benefice and church of Saint Philip, Whitwood, by the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Christ, at Oxford, who are the patrons of the vicarage of the said parish of Featherstone.

"And whereas such endowment was so provided and secured by the said Dean and Chapter upon the understanding and agreement that the patronage of, and perpetual right of nomination of a minister or incumbent to, the said benefice and church of Saint Philip, Whitwood, should be transferred from the vicar of the said parish of Featherstone, in whom, as aforesaid, such patronage and right of nomination was then, and still is, vested as such vicar, and should be vested in the bishop of the diocese, that is say, in the Archbishop of York for the time being.

"And whereas, owing to inadvertence, no steps were taken by the said Dean and Chapter for carrying into effect the said transfer before the consecration of the said church of Saint Philip, Whitwood, and the assignment to the same church of a district chapelry as aforesaid.

"And whereas the said Dean and Chapter have further contributed and paid over to us a sum of fifty pounds cash, upon the understanding and condition that such transfer of patronage as is hereinbefore and hereinafter mentioned, should be effected, and that from and after the time when such transfer shall have been effected, the said sum of cash, together with any accumulations thereof up to the date of such transfer, should continue to be held by us, and that the annual interest or other proceeds to arise therefrom, or from any investment thereof, should be paid over by us half yearly to the incumbent for the time being of the said benefice and church in augmentation of the income thereof.

"And whereas it appears to us that the transfer hereinbefore mentioned and hereinafter recommended and proposed of the patronage of, and perpetual right of nomination of a minister or incumbent to, the said benefice and church of Saint Philip, Whitwood, will tend to make better provision for the cure of souls in the district in or in respect of which the said right of patronage or advowson arises or exists, that is to say, in the district chapelry of Saint Philip, Whitwood, aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Reverend Thomas Hinde, Clerk, the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Featherstone (testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme), and with the consent (similarly testified) of the Right Honorable and Most Reverend William, Archbishop of York, as such Archbishop, and also as Bishop of the diocese of York, we humbly recommend and propose that upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, the patronage of and perpetual right of nominating a minister to the said benefice and church of Saint

Philip, Whitwood, shall be transferred from the said Thomas Hinde, vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Featherstone, and from his successors in the same vicarage or incumbency, to and shall thereupon become and thenceforth be absolutely vested in and may and shall at all times thereafter be exclusively exercised by the said William, Archbishop of York, and his successors, Archbishops of York, for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from hereafter recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, under the provisions of the said Acts, or either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of York.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Mark, situate in the Marylebone-road, in the district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, and of the new parish of Saint Luke, Nutford-place, in the said county of Middlesex, and in the said diocese of London, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such district parish and new parish respectively,

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, and of the said new parish of Saint Luke, Nutford-place, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint Mark, situate in the Marylebone-road as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend John, Bishop of the said diocese of London, with the consent of the Right Honourable William Ewart Gladstone, the First Lord of your Majesty's Treasury, acting on behalf of your Majesty, as the patron in right of the Crown of the rectory of the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, and with the consent of the Reverend William Henry Freemantle, rector or incumbent of the same rectory, and as such rector or incumbent the patron of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint Luke, Nutford-place (in testimony whereof they, the said consenting parties, have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, and of the said new parish of Saint Luke, Nutford-place, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Mark, situate in the Marylebone-road aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Mark, Marylebone-road.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Mark, Marylebone-road, being:

"All those two contiguous portions of the district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, and of the new parish of Saint Luke, Nutford-place, in the same county and diocese, which are comprised within and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the district parish of Christ Church, Saint Marylebone, in the county and diocese aforesaid, from the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, at a point a little to the east of the Saint Marylebone Baths and Washhouses where the Marylebone-road is joined by the street called or known as Seymour-place, and extending thence, southward, along the middle of the last-mentioned street, to the boundary at the junction of the same street with Crawford-street, which divides the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, from the new parish of Saint Luke, Nutford-place aforesaid, and continuing thence, still southward, along the middle of Seymour-place aforesaid (thereby following the last-described boundary), to the point where Seymour-place is joined by Queen-street, and extending thence, westward, along the middle of the last-named street, to its junction with Shouldham-street, and extending thence, north-westward, along the middle of the last-named street, to the boundary which divides the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Mary-

Marylebone, from the new parish of Saint Luke, Nutford-place aforesaid, at the point where Crawford-street aforesaid joins the said Shouldham-street, and continuing thence, first north-westward, along the last-named street, and then south-westward, along John-street West (thereby following the last-described boundary), to the Edgware-road, and extending thence, north-westward, along the last-named road (thereby following the boundaries which divide the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, from the new parish of Saint John, Paddington, and from the new parish of Saint Michael and All Angels, Paddington, both in the county and diocese aforesaid), to the Marylebone-road aforesaid, and extending thence, north-eastward, along the last-named road (thereby following the boundaries which divide the said district parish of Saint Mary, in Marylebone, from the new parish of Saint Barnabas, in Saint Marylebone, in the county and diocese aforesaid, and from the district parish of Christ Church, Saint Marylebone as aforesaid), to the first-described point where the said Marylebone-road is joined by Seymour-place as aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of London.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of All Saints, situate within the limits of the parish of Wellingborough, in the county of Northampton, and in the diocese of Peterborough.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said

church of All Saints, situate within the limits of the said parish of Wellingborough.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend William Connor, Bishop of the said diocese of Peterborough (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Wellingborough which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of All Saints, situate within the limits of such parish as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of All Saints, Wellingborough.'

"And with the like consent of the said William Connor, Bishop of the said diocese of Peterborough (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such order with respect thereto, as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of All Saints, Wellingborough, being:

"All that part of the parish of Wellingborough, in the county of Northampton, and in the diocese of Peterborough, which is bounded on the east by the parish of Finedon, in the same county and diocese, by the parish of Irthlingborough, in the same county and diocese, and by the parish of Irchester, in the same county and diocese, or in other words partly by the river Ise, and partly by the river Nene, and on all other sides, that is to say, on the south-west and on the north-west by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Irchester from the parish of Wellingborough aforesaid, at a point in the centre of the bridge called Long Bridge, which carries the Kettering and Newport Pagnell turnpike road over the river Nene, and extending thence north-westward for a distance of sixty-nine chains or thereabouts along the middle of the said turnpike road to its junction with Sheep-street, in the town of Wellingborough, and continuing thence still north-westward along the middle of the said street to its junction with Market-street, and extending thence northward along the middle of the last-named street to its junction with Cambridge-street, Church-street, and Park-road, and extending northward to and along the middle of the said Park-road for a distance of six chains or thereabouts to the junction of the last-named road with Park-street, and extending thence in a direction generally north-eastward along the middle of

the last-named street to its junction with the road which was some time known as the Wellingborough and Thrapston turnpike road, and continuing thence still north-eastward for a distance of one mile and a quarter, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road, thereby crossing the line of the Leicester and Hitchin Railway to the boundary in the centre of the bridge which carries the same road over the river Ise aforesaid, which boundary divides the said parish of Wellingborough from the parish of Finedon aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Peterborough.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Luke, situate at Woodside, in the district-chapelry of Saint James, Croydon Common, some time part of the parish of Croydon, in the county of Surrey, and in the diocese of Canterbury.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Luke, situate at Woodside as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend Archibald Campbell, Archbishop of Canterbury (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said district-chapelry of Saint James, Croydon Common, which

is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Luke, situate at Woodside as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint-Luke, Woodside, Croydon.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Archibald Campbell, Archbishop of Canterbury (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at the said church of Saint Luke, situate at Woodside as aforesaid, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that so long as the Reverend John George Hodgson, the present vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Croydon, shall continue to be such vicar or incumbent, all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church of Saint Luke, situate at Woodside as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said John George Hodgson: And provided also, that if the Reverend Henry Campbell Watson, the present incumbent of the perpetual curacy of the said district chapelry of Saint James, Croydon Common, shall continue to be such incumbent at the date of the next avoidance of the vicarage of the said parish of Croydon, then and thereafter, so long as he, the said Henry Campbell Watson, shall remain incumbent of the same perpetual curacy, all the said fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church of Saint Luke, situate at Woodside as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said Henry Campbell Watson. And provided further that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Luke, Woodside, Croydon, being:

"All that part of the district chapelry of Saint James, Croydon Common, sometime part of the parish of Croydon, in the county of Surrey, and in the diocese of Canterbury, which is bounded on the north by the district chapelry of Saint Mark, South Norwood, sometime part of the said parish of Croydon, on the east by the parish of Beckenham, in the county of Kent, and in the diocese of Canterbury aforesaid, on the south, partly by the new parish of Shirley, sometime part of the parish of Croydon aforesaid, and on all other sides, that is to say, on the remaining part of the south and on the west by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Shirley from the district chapelry of Saint James, Croydon Common aforesaid, at the point where Stroud Green-road is joined by Wood-

side-road ; and extending thence, westward, for a distance of twelve and a half chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named road to its junction at or near to the Black Horse Inn with Black Horse-lane ; and extending thence, northward, along the middle of the last-named lane to a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the same lane over the line of the Mid-Kent Railway ; and extending thence, westward, for a distance of twenty-five chains, or thereabouts, to and along the middle of the said line of railway to the point where it crosses Norbury Brook ; and extending thence, northward, for a distance of thirty-five chains, or thereabouts, to and along the middle of the said brook to the boundary at the line of the London, Brighton, and South Coast Railway, which divides the said district chapelry of Saint James, Croydon Common, from the district chapelry of Saint Mark, South Norwood aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council : now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts ; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Canterbury.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy ; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five ; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following ; that is to say :

" We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy, of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two, have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of All Saints, situate at Croxley Green, in the parish of Rickmansworth, in the county of Hertford, and in the diocese of Rochester.

" Whereas at certain extremities of the said parish of Rickmansworth, and of the parish of Watford, in the said county of Hertford, and in the said diocese of Rochester, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such respective parishes.

" And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said parish of Rickmansworth, and of the said parish of Watford, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of All Saints, situate at Croxley Green as aforesaid.

" Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Thomas Legh, Bishop of the said diocese of Rochester, as such Bishop, and also as the patron, in right of his see, of the vicarage of the said parish of Rickmansworth, and with the consent of the Right Honourable Arthur Algernon, Earl of Essex, the patron of the vicarage of the said parish of Watford (in testimony whereof they, the said consenting parties, have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said parish of Rickmansworth, and of the said parish of Watford, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of All Saints, situate at Croxley Green as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of All Saints, Croxley Green.'

" We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order in respect thereto, as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom shall seem meet.

" The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

" The Consolidated Chapelry of All Saints, Croxley Green, being :

" All those contiguous portions of the parish of Rickmansworth, and of the parish of Watford, both in the county of Hertford, and in the diocese of Rochester, which are comprised within, and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary at Loudwater which divides the said parish of Rickmansworth from the particular district or new parish of Christ Church, Chorley Wood, in the county and diocese aforesaid, at a point in the middle of the River Chess, a short distance above the Loudwater Mill ; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of rather more than a mile along the middle of the said river (following, where the river has more than one channel, the easternmost of such channels, and passing the Loudwater Mill aforesaid) to the southern end of the Mill Head of Scot's Mill ; and extending thence, first eastward, and then southward, along the northern and eastern sides of the said Scot's Mill, and of the dwelling-house thereto attached, to the lane which leads from the said mill into the high road leading from Rickmansworth to Watford ; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of six chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said lane, to its junction with the high road leading from Rickmansworth to Watford as aforesaid ; and extending thence, eastward, for a distance of thirty-five yards, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said high road to a point opposite to the middle of the gate at the north-western extremity of the road or lane which leads through Croxley Hall Farm, and past the farm house, and rejoins the said high road at the cross roads called Two Hatches ; and extending thence, first southward, to and along the middle of the last-described road or lane, and then

south-eastward, along the middle of the said road or lane (passing to the north-east of the said Croxley Hall Farm House), and then north-eastward along the middle of the same road or lane to its junction at the cross roads called Two Hatches as aforesaid, with the road or way which crosses the Grand Junction Canal by a certain lock, and which crosses also the Common Moor, and the River Gad; and extending thence, first south-eastward, and then south-westward, and then again south-eastward for a distance of seventeen chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said road or way to the boundary in the centre of a certain bridge over the River Gad aforesaid, which divides the said parish of Rickmansworth from the parish of Watford aforesaid; and extending thence, for a distance of one mile or thereabouts, first north-eastward and then northward along the last-described boundary (thereby following the course of the last-named river, and passing under Cashio Bridge), to the point in the centre of the footbridge, by the side of the ford, where the road leading from Watford to Chaundler's Cross crosses the River Gad aforesaid, at which point the said boundary diverges from the said river in a westerly direction; and extending thence, for a distance of two miles or thereabouts, in a direction generally north-westward, along the middle of the last-described road (thereby again following in part the said last-described boundary, and passing by and to the north-east of Rouse Farm House), to the boundary at Chaundler's Cross aforesaid, which divides the said parish of Watford from the particular district or new parish of Saint Paul, Chipperfield, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence, westward, for a distance of half a mile or thereabouts, along the last-described boundary to its junction with the boundary which divides the said particular district or new parish of Saint Paul, Chipperfield, from the parish of Rickmansworth aforesaid; and extending thence, north-westward, for a distance of nearly one mile, along the last-described boundary to its junction at the road leading from Buck's Hill to Micklefield Green, with the boundary which divides the said parish of Rickmansworth from the parish of Sarratt, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence, south-westward, for the distance of rather more than one mile along the last-described boundary to a point upon the boundary in the middle of the River Chess aforesaid, which divides the said parish of Rickmansworth from the particular district or new parish of Christ Church, Chorley Wood as aforesaid; and extending thence, in a direction which is for the most part south-eastward, along the last-mentioned boundary, to the point at Loudwater as first-described, where the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Rochester.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and four; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for constituting a separate district, for spiritual purposes, out of the parish of Houghton-le-Spring, in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham; out of the parish of West Rainton, in the same county and diocese; out of the parish of East Rainton, in the same county and diocese; and out of the new parish of Saint Matthew, Newbottle, in the same county and diocese.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular portions of the said parish of Houghton-le-Spring, of the said parish of West Rainton, of the said parish of East Rainton, and of the said new parish of Saint Matthew, Newbottle, which are hereinafter mentioned and described (such portions not at present containing within their limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship), should be constituted a separate district in the manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas certain hereditaments and premises situate within the parish of Houghton-le-Spring have become vested in us under the provisions of and for the purposes of the herein-mentioned Acts, or of some of them, and we have, in respect of such hereditaments and premises, agreed to make and pay, out of the common fund created by the firstly herein-mentioned Act, to the incumbent of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, so soon as one shall have been appointed and licensed in accordance with the provisions of the secondly herein-mentioned Act, and to his successors, a grant of two hundred pounds per annum; and also, so soon as a church shall have been erected within and for such district, and shall have been approved by us, and shall have been consecrated as the church of such district, and such district shall have thereupon become a new parish within the meaning of the secondly hereinbefore-mentioned Act, to make such further grant from the said fund as will suffice to raise the income of the incumbent of such new parish to three hundred pounds per annum.

"And whereas such grants as aforesaid will be

made by an instrument or instruments to be executed by us under our common seal, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of the twenty-ninth and thirtieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eleven.

Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles, Bishop of the said diocese of Durham (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly recommend and propose that all those portions of the said parish of Houghton-le-Spring, of the said parish of West Rainton, of the said parish of East Rainton, and of the said new parish of Saint Matthew, Newbottle, which are mentioned and described in the schedule hereunder written, and which are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall, upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Chilton Moor.'

And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Chilton Moor, being :—

"All those several contiguous portions of the parish of Houghton-le-Spring, of the parish of West Rainton, of the parish of East Rainton, and of the new parish of Saint Matthew, Newbottle, all in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham, which said portions of such parishes, and of such new parish, are comprised within, and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Houghton-le-Spring from the parish of East Rainton aforesaid, at the point near Chilton Moor, on the northern side of the road leading from Rainton Bridge to Chilton Moor, where the same road is crossed by the public footpath leading from Redburn Bridge past the western side of Nicholson's Pit to the Rainton and Seaham Railway; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of forty-eight chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said footpath (thereby passing to the west of the buildings and premises situate at the mouth of the said pit) to a point in the middle of the line of the Adventure Branch of the Rainton and Seaham Railway; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of fifty-eight chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said branch line of railway (thereby crossing the boundary which divides the said parish of East Rainton from the parish of West Rainton aforesaid, and also crossing the line of the Rainton Meadows Branch of the North Eastern Railway), to a point in the middle of Mark's-lane, and continuing thence for a distance of forty-six chains, or thereabouts, alternately south-westward and north-westward, along the middle of the said lane (thereby passing over the main line of the North Eastern Railway aforesaid), to the point near the Resolution Pit, where such lane joins the road leading from Leamside to Chester-le-street, and near to the point where the Lambton Railway crosses the same road; and extending thence, northward, for a distance of thirty-four and a half chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road,

to the point where it is crossed by the boundary which divides the said parish of West Rainton, from the new parish of Christ Church, Lumley, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence, first eastward and then northward, along the last-mentioned boundary, to its junction on the southern side of the road leading from Great Lumley to Chilton Moor, with the boundary which divides the said parish of Houghton-le-Spring from the new parish of Christ Church, Lumley aforesaid; and extending thence, first north-westward, then northward, and then north-eastward, along the last-described boundary to its junction in the middle of the stream, called or known as Moor Burn, with the boundary which divides the said parish of Houghton-le-Spring, from the new parish of Burnmoor, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence, generally north-eastward, along the last-mentioned boundary, thereby following for the most part the course of the said stream, to the point where the same stream is joined by the stream called or known as Herrington Burn, at which said point the last-mentioned boundary joins the boundary which divides the said parish of Houghton-le-Spring, from the new parish of Saint Matthew, Newbottle aforesaid; and extending thence, for a distance of twenty-two chains or thereabouts, first south-eastward, and then eastward, along the last-described boundary (thereby still following the course of the stream called or known as Moor Burn as aforesaid), to the point where the said last-described boundary diverges to the south from the said Moor Burn, and continuing thence, first eastward, for a distance of eleven chains or thereabouts, along the middle of the said stream (thereby passing under Sedgelych Bridge), and then south-eastward, for a distance of one mile or thereabouts, along the middle of the same stream (thereby passing to the east of Sedgelych Mill, and crossing the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Matthew, Newbottle, from the parish of Houghton-le-Spring aforesaid, and passing under Houghton-le-Spring Bridge), to the boundary which divides the said parish of Houghton-le-Spring, from the parish of East Rainton as aforesaid; and extending thence, south-westward, along the last-mentioned boundary (thereby passing along the southern side of the houses called or known as Redburn-row, and following in part the northern side of the road leading from Rainton Bridge to Chilton Moor as aforesaid), to the first-described point near Chilton Moor aforesaid, where the last-mentioned road is intersected by the public footpath, leading from Redburn Bridge, past the western side of Nicholson's Pit to the Rainton and Seaham Railway as aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act, been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbents of the cures out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and such patrons and incumbents have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme :

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council : now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct

that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Durham.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the first day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Cuthbert, situate within the limits of the parish of All Saints, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and in the diocese of Worcester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Cuthbert, situate within the limits of the parish of All Saints, Birmingham as aforesaid:

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Henry, Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would in our opinion be expedient that all that part of the said parish of All Saints, Birmingham, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of Saint Cuthbert, situate within the limits of such parish as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Cuthbert, Birmingham.'

"And with the like consent of the said Henry, Bishop of the said diocese of Worcester, (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at the said church of Saint Cuthbert, situate within the limits of the said parish of All Saints, Birmingham, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that so long as the Reverend John Bath Gabriel, the rector or incumbent of the rectory of the said parish of All

Saints, Birmingham, shall continue to be such rector or incumbent, all the fees which may be received in respect of such publication, solemnization, or performance at the said church of Saint Cuthbert, situate as aforesaid, shall be paid over by the minister thereof to the said John Bath Gabriel: And provided also, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism, or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Cuthbert, Birmingham, being:

"All that part of the parish of All Saints, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and in the diocese of Worcester, which is bounded on the south, partly by the new parish of Saint Mark, Birmingham, and partly by the new parish of Saint John, Ladywood, Birmingham, both in the county and diocese aforesaid, on the west by the new parish of Saint Matthew, Smethwick, in the county of Stafford, and in the diocese of Lichfield, and on the remaining sides, that is to say on the north and on the east by an imaginary line, commencing at the point where the boundary dividing the said new parish of Saint Matthew, Smethwick, from the parish of All Saints, Birmingham aforesaid, crosses Foundry-lane; and extending thence, eastward, along the middle of the said lane to its junction on the western side of the Birmingham Borough Gaol with Winson Green-road; and extending thence, southward, along the middle of the said road, thereby passing along the western side of the said gaol, to a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the same road over the old course of the Wolverhampton and Birmingham Canal; and extending thence, eastward, for a distance of one hundred and fifty yards, or thereabouts, to and along the middle of the said old course of the same canal, to the west side of a bridge which crosses the canal, and which belongs to the Birmingham Borough Lunatic Asylum; and extending thence, southward, and in a direct line for a distance of twenty-three yards, or thereabouts, to a boundary stone inscribed 'B. St. C. D. C., 1872, No. 1,' and placed on the southern bank of the same old canal, against the wall or fence forming the southwestern boundary of the grounds attached to the Birmingham Borough Lunatic Asylum aforesaid; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the said wall or fence to its junction with the wall or fence forming the western boundary of the grounds attached to the Birmingham Workhouse; and extending thence, generally southward, along the last-mentioned wall or fence to a boundary stone inscribed 'B. St. C. D. C., 1872, No. 2,' and placed at the southern end of the same wall or fence on the northern side of the Dudley-road, and continuing thence, still southward, and in a direct line to the boundary in the middle of the last-named road, which divides the said parish of All Saints, Birmingham, from the new parish of Saint Mark, Birmingham aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of

Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Worcester.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventh day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of All Saints, situate within the limits of the parish of Darlaston, in the county of Stafford, and in the diocese of Lichfield.

"Whereas, at certain extremities of the said parish of Darlaston and of the parish of Wednesbury, in the said county of Stafford, and in the said diocese of Lichfield, and of the new parish of Saint George, Darlaston, in the same county and diocese, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such parishes and new parish respectively.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said parish of Darlaston, of the said parish of Wednesbury, and of the said new parish of Saint George, Darlaston, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of All Saints, situate within the limits of the said parish of Darlaston.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend George Augustus, Bishop of the said diocese of Lichfield, as such Bishop, and also as one of the alternate patrons in right of his see of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint George, Darlaston, with the consent of the Right Honorable William Ewart Gladstone, the First Lord of your Majesty's Treasury, the other

alternate patron, on behalf of the Crown, of the same vicarage, with the consent of the Reverend William Carus, Canon Residentiary of the cathedral church of Winchester, Clerk, of the Reverend John Venn, of the city of Hereford, Clerk, of the Reverend Edmund Hollond, of Benhall Lodge, Saxmundham, in the county of Suffolk, and of Hyde Park-gardens, in the county of Middlesex, Clerk, of the Reverend Edward Auriol, of Mecklenburgh-square, in the said county of Middlesex, Clerk, and of the Reverend William Cadman, rector or incumbent of the rectory of the district parish of Trinity, Saint Marylebone, in the said county of Middlesex, Clerk, the patrons of the rectory of the said parish of Darlaston, and with the consent of the Right Honorable William Page, Baron Hatherley, the Lord High Chancellor of England, the patron on behalf of the Crown, of the vicarage of the said parish of Wednesbury (in testimony whereof, they, the said consenting parties, have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said parish of Darlaston, of the said parish of Wednesbury, and of the said new parish of Saint George, Darlaston, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of All Saints, situate within the limits of the said parish of Darlaston as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of All Saints, Darlaston.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order in respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of All Saints, Darlaston, being:

"All those several contiguous portions of the parish of Darlaston, of the parish of Wednesbury, and of the new parish of Saint George, Darlaston, all in the county of Stafford, and in the diocese of Lichfield, which are comprised within, and are bounded by, an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Darlaston from the parish of Wednesbury aforesaid, at a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the Walsall-road over the line of the Darlaston branch of the London and North-Western Railway; and extending thence, eastward, for a distance of two chains and a-half, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said road, to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'D. A. S. C. C., 1872, No. 1,' and placed on the southern side of the same road, at a distance of exactly seventy yards to the west of the middle of King's Hill-road; and extending thence, first southward, to such boundary stone, and then south-eastward, for a distance equal to the whole length of the said King's Hill-road, that is, for a distance of thirteen and a-half chains, or thereabouts, and in a direction parallel to and distant exactly seventy yards to the south-west of the middle of the same road, to a point opposite to its junction with Wednesbury-road; and extending thence, southward, for a distance of eight chains and three-quarters, or thereabouts, and in a direction parallel to and distant exactly seventy yards to the west

of the middle of Wednesbury-road aforesaid, thereby following in part the course of a certain street to the point where such street joins School-street; and extending thence, eastward, for a distance of exactly seventy yards, along the middle of the last-named street, to its junction with Wednesbury-road aforesaid; and extending thence, southward, for a distance of five chains, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named road, to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'D. A. S. C. C., 1872, No. 2,' and placed on the eastern side of the same road, at a distance of exactly seventy yards to the south-east of the middle of Franchise-street; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance equal to the whole length of Franchise-street aforesaid, that is, for a distance of about thirty-one chains and ten feet, and in a direction parallel to and distant exactly seventy yards, to the south-east of the middle of the same street, to a point opposite to its junction with Cook-street, and continuing thence, in the same direction for a further distance of exactly seventy yards to the point, distant ninety-five yards or thereabouts, east of the angle where Franchise-street and Cook-street join as aforesaid, and where a line drawn parallel to and distant exactly seventy yards to the north-east of the middle of Cook-street aforesaid, would (if produced in a south-easterly direction) be met; and extending thence, north-westward, for a distance of ten chains or thereabouts, along the course of the last-described line to a point distant exactly seventy yards to the south-east of the middle of Wood-street; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance of four chains or thereabouts, from the last described point, in a direction parallel to and distant exactly seventy yards to the south-east of the middle of the last-named street, to the wall or fence forming the south-western boundary of the building and premises, situate on the south-western side of Forge-road, and called or known as the Four Hopes Inn; and extending thence, south-eastwards, for a distance of twenty-three feet or thereabouts, along the said wall or fence to its junction with the wall or fence forming the south-eastern boundary of the same building and premises; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance of seventy-one yards or thereabouts, along the last-described wall or fence, to a boundary stone inscribed 'D. A. S. C. C., 1872, No. 3,' and placed at the north-eastern end of the same wall or fence on the south-western side of Forge-road aforesaid, and continuing thence, still north-eastward, and in a direct line across the said road, to a point distant exactly seventy yards to the north-east of the middle of the same road; and extending thence, north-westward, for a distance of twelve chains or thereabouts, in a direction parallel to, and distant exactly seventy yards to the north-east of the middle of the said Forge-road, to the boundary at or near to Fallings Heath, which divides the said parish of Wednesbury from the new parish of Saint George, Darlaston aforesaid; and extending thence, first north-eastward, then northward, and then south-eastward, along the last-mentioned boundary, to its junction in the middle of the River Tame, with the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint George, Darlaston, from the new parish of Pleck and Bescot, in the county and diocese aforesaid; and extending thence, northward, for a distance of nineteen chains and three quarters or thereabouts, along the last-described boundary (thereby following the course of the said river, and passing under the line of the Grand Junction Railway), to a point in the centre of James Bridge, which carries the Walsall-road aforesaid

over the same river; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of one chain, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said road to its junction at the Old Toll Gate with the road leading to Darlaston-green; and extending thence, for a distance of twenty-two chains, or thereabouts, first north-westward and then westward, along the middle of the last-described road (thereby crossing the line of the said Grand Junction Railway, and passing along the northern side of the line of the Darlaston Branch of the London and North Western Railway aforesaid) to a point at the junction of the same road with Heath-road, at or near to the level crossing, whereby the last-named road crosses the last-mentioned branch line of railway, such point being on the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint George, Darlaston, from the parish of Darlaston aforesaid; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the last-mentioned boundary to a point in the centre of the said level crossing; and extending thence, south-westward, for a distance of fifty-four chains and three-quarters, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said branch line of railway to the first described point in the centre of the bridge which carries the said Walsall-road over the same branch line of railway, upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Darlaston from the parish of Wednesbury as aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Lichfield.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventh day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a

district chapelry to the consecrated church of All Saints, situate at Nova Scotia, in the parish of Saint Mary, Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of All Saints, situate at Nova Scotia as aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend James, Bishop of the said diocese of Manchester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Saint Mary, Blackburn, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned as a district chapelry to the said church of All Saints, situate at Nova Scotia as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of All Saints, Nova Scotia, Blackburn.'

"And with the like consent of the said James, Bishop of the said diocese of Manchester (testified as aforesaid), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as expressing any intention on the part of us, the said Commissioners, to concur in or approve the taking of any fee for the performance of the said office of baptism or for the registration thereof.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of All Saints, Nova Scotia, Blackburn, being:

"All that part of the parish of Saint Mary, Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is bounded on the south-west by the new parish of Immanuel, Feniscowles, in the said county and diocese, on the south-east by the new parish of Christ Church, Blackburn, in the same county and diocese, on the east partly by the last-named new parish, and on all other sides, that is to say, on the remaining part of the east, on the north, and on the north-west by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Christ Church, Blackburn, from the parish of Saint Mary, Blackburn aforesaid, at the point where Lower Audley-street joins Park-road; and extending thence northward for a distance of sixty yards or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-named road, to a point in the middle of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway bridge; and extending thence, south-westward for a distance of two hundred and sixty yards or thereabouts to and along the middle of the said line of railway to a point in

the middle of the bridge over the same line of railway, which bridge connects Kay-street with Freckleton-street; and extending thence northward to and along the middle of the last-named street to its junction with Canterbury-street; and extending thence, westward, along the middle of the last-named street, to its junction with Harrison-street; and extending thence south-westward, and in a direct line diagonally across the last-named street to a point at the north-eastern end of Alice-street, and continuing thence still south-westward along the middle of the last-named street to a point at the south-western end of the same street in the wall forming the north-eastern boundary of the premises known as the Whalley Banks Coal Yard; and extending thence, south-eastward along the said wall to the bridge under the King-street Branch of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway aforesaid, at the north-eastern end of Galligreaves-street; and extending thence south-westward to and along the middle of the last-named street to its junction with Taylor-street; and extending thence northward for a distance of fifty yards or thereabouts along the middle of the last-named street to a point opposite to the eastern end of the wall forming the northern boundary of the house known as Number 2, Taylor-street; and extending thence westward to and along the last-described wall to its western end; and extending thence south-westward to a point in the middle of the footpath leading from Taylor-street aforesaid to the river Darwen; and extending thence south-westward along the middle of the said footpath to its junction at the rear of the buildings and premises called or known as Havelock Mill, with the footpath on the eastern bank of the river Darwen aforesaid; and extending thence westward and in a direct line across the said river to the boundary on the western bank of the same river which divides the said parish of Saint Mary, Blackburn, from the new parish of Immanuel, Feniscowles aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Manchester.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-four, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme or representation, bearing date the seventh day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, acting under the provisions of the Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of your

Majesty, chapter ninety-four, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme or representation for altering the boundaries of the new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn, in the counties of Carnarvon and Denbigh, and in the diocese of Saint Asaph.

"Whereas by the authority of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the thirty-first day of January, in the year one thousand eight hundred and forty-four, and published in the London Gazette upon the twenty-third day of April in the same year, a part of the parish of Llandrillo-yn-Rhos, in the counties and diocese aforesaid, was assigned as a district to the church of Saint Catherine, situate at Colwyn, in the said parish, and the same district was called 'The Chapelry District of Saint Catherine, Colwyn.'

"And whereas the said chapelry district of Saint Catherine, Colwyn, has, under the provisions of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and four, become a new parish of the character contemplated by that Act and by the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and by the said above-mentioned Act of the thirty-second and thirty-third years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-four.

"And whereas it has been represented to us, and it appears to us to be expedient, that the boundaries of the said new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn, should be altered, by way of extension, so that they shall include a certain portion of the adjacent parish of Llanellian, in the said county of Denbigh, and in the diocese of Saint Asaph aforesaid, and also certain portions of the parish of Llysfaen, in the said county of Carnarvon, and in the diocese aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Joshua, Bishop of the said diocese of Saint Asaph (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme or representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners, humbly represent, recommend, and propose, that from and after the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme or representation, the boundaries of the said new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn, shall be altered, by way of extension, so that they shall include all those portions of the said parishes of Llanellian and Llysfaen which are described in the schedule hereunder written, and are delineated and set forth upon the map or plan hereunto appended, and are thereon coloured yellow and pink respectively, and that from and after the day of the same date, and without any other assurance in law, the said portions of the parishes of Llanellian and Llysfaen so to be included as aforesaid shall become, and be, and form parts of, the said new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn.

"And we further represent, recommend, and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from representing, recommending, or proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore-mentioned Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme or Representation has reference.

"The territory proposed to be annexed to the new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn, in the counties of Carnarvon and Denbigh, and in the diocese of Saint Asaph, being :

"All that portion of the parish of Llanellian, in the said county of Denbigh, and in the diocese of

Saint Asaph aforesaid, which is bounded on the north-east by the parish of Llysfaen, in the said county of Carnarvon, and in the diocese aforesaid, on the north-west by the new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn aforesaid, and on the remaining sides, that is to say, on the south-west and on the south-east, by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the last-named new parish from the parish of Llanellian aforesaid, at the point where the stream called or known as Nant-y-ffynnon is crossed by the road leading from Colwyn to Llanellian ; and extending thence, south-eastward, for a distance of one furlong, or thereabouts, along the middle of the said road to its junction with the road leading from Llanellian past Pilws to Penmaen Rhos ; and extending thence, north-eastward, for a distance of one furlong, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road to the boundary at the point where the same road crosses the stream called or known as Tyrden or Colwyn River, which divides the said parish of Llanellian from the parish of Llysfaen aforesaid.

"And also all that contiguous portion of the said parish of Llysfaen which is bounded on the north, partly by the detached portion of the said new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn, which is situate at the western end of the Craig Tunnel on the line of the Chester and Holyhead Railway, and partly by Llandrillo Bay, on the north-west by the said new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn, on the south-west partly by the same new parish, and partly by the above-described portion of the parish of Llanellian aforesaid, and on the remaining side, that is to say, on the east, by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Llanellian from the parish of Llysfaen aforesaid, at the point where the aforesaid road leading from Llanellian past Pilws to Penmaen Rhos crosses the stream called or known as Tyrden or Colwyn River as before mentioned ; and extending thence, for a distance of seven furlongs, or thereabouts, alternately eastward and northward along the middle of the same road, to a point at its junction at or near to Penmaen Rhos aforesaid, with the road leading from Colwyn to Berthelud and Llysfaen, such point being opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'C. St. C. N. P., 1872, No. 1,' and placed on the northern side of the last-described road, at the south-western end of the line of fences forming the north-western boundary of the closes numbered respectively 181, 184, and 185, upon the tithe commutation map of the said parish of Llysfaen, and upon the map hereunto annexed ; and extending thence, first northward, to such boundary stone, and then generally north-eastward, along the said line of fences, to a boundary stone, inscribed 'C. St. C. N. P., 1872, No. 2,' and placed at the north-eastern end of the said line of fences on the southern side of the turnpike-road leading from Chester to Holyhead ; and extending thence, north-westward, and in a direct line, for a distance of one furlong and a half, or thereabouts, from such boundary stone, across the said turnpike-road, and across Marian Common, to the boundary in the middle of the western end of the Craig Tunnel aforesaid, which boundary divides the said parish of Llysfaen from the detached portion of the new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn aforesaid, and also all that small detached portion of the said parish of Llysfaen, whereon the house called Morfan Cottage is situate, and which is situated on the shore of Llandrillo Bay aforesaid, and which is surrounded on all sides, excepting on the seaward side, by the new parish of Saint Catherine, Colwyn aforesaid."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme or representation has been transmitted to the patrons and to the incumbents of the several cures affected by the arrangements which are contemplated by such scheme or representation, and such patrons and incumbents have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme or representation.

And whereas the said scheme or representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme or representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Act; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Saint Asaph.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-two, duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the seventh day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; and of the Act of the thirty-fourth and thirty-fifth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-two; have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Andrew, situate within the limits of the new parish of Christ Church, Southport, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Chester.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said new parish of Christ Church, Southport, and of the new parish of Saint Paul, Southport, in the said county of Lancaster, and in the said diocese of Chester, which said extremities lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such respective new parishes:

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said new parish of Christ Church, Southport, and of the said new parish of Saint Paul, Southport, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint Andrew, situate within the limits of the said new parish of Christ Church, Southport:

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend William, Bishop of the said diocese of Chester, with the consent of the Reverend Charles Hesketh, now rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of North Meols, in the said diocese of Chester, the patron of the vicarage of the said new parish of Christ Church, Southport, and with the consent of the said Charles Hesketh, of the Reverend Benjamin Swift, vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the new parish of Saint James, Birkdale, in the said diocese of Chester, of the Reverend John Herbert Jones, incumbent of the perpetual curacy of Saint John, Waterloo, in the said diocese of Chester, of Patrick Hunter, of Mount Alyn, Rosset, near Wrexham, in the diocese of Saint Asaph, Esquire, and of William Atkinson, of Ashton Hayes, in the county of Chester, and of Claremont, Southport, in the said county of Lancaster, Justice of the Peace, the patrons of the vicarage of the said new parish of Saint Paul, Southport (in testimony whereof they, the said consenting parties, have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we, the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said new parish of Christ Church, Southport, and of the said new parish of Saint Paul, Southport, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Andrew, situate within the limits of the new parish of Christ Church, Southport as aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Andrew, Southport.'

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

"The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Andrew, Southport, being:

"All those contiguous portions of the new parish of Christ Church, Southport, and of the new parish of Saint Paul, Southport, both in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Chester, which are comprised within and are bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said new parish of Saint Paul, Southport, from the new parish of Christ Church, Southport aforesaid, at the point where Portland-street joins Lord-street; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street, to its junction with Eastbank-street; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street, to its junction with Chapel-street; and extending thence, north-eastward, along the middle of the last-named street, to a point opposite to the north-western end of the wall forming the south-western boundary of the buildings and premises known as the Southport terminus of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway; and extending thence, south-eastward, to and along the said wall (thereby passing in rear of the houses situate on the north-eastern side of Tulketh-street), to the junction of the same wall with the wall or fence forming the western boundary of the line of the Liverpool, Crosby, and Southport Branch of the said Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway; and extending thence, first

southward and then south-westward, along the last-mentioned wall or fence, to a point at the north-western end of East Bank Bridge, in the middle of South Bank-road; and extending thence, south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named road (thereby following the boundary which divides the said new parish of Christ Church, Southport, from the new parish of Saint Paul, Southport aforesaid), to the junction of the said road with Scarisbrick New-road; and continuing thence, still south-eastward, along the middle of the last-named road, to its junction with Linaker-street; and extending thence, south-westward, along the middle of the last-named street, to its junction with Portland-street aforesaid; and extending thence, north-westward, along the middle of the last-named street, to the boundary in the middle of the line of the Liverpool, Crosby, and Southport Branch of the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway aforesaid, which divides the said new parish of Saint Paul, Southport, from the new parish of Christ Church, Southport aforesaid; and continuing thence, still north-westward, along the said boundary (thereby continuing to follow the middle of Portland-street aforesaid), to the first-described point, where Portland-street is joined by Lord-street as aforesaid, at which point the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Chester.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the fifteenth and sixteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the "burial of the dead in the Metropolis," it is enacted, that in case it appears to Her Majesty in Council, upon the representation of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, for the protection of the public health, burials in any part or parts of the metropolis, or in any burial-ground or places of burial in the metropolis, should be wholly discontinued, or should be discontinued, subject to any exception or qualification, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that, from and after a time mentioned in the Order, burials in such part or parts of the metropolis, or in such burial-grounds or places of burial, shall be discontinued wholly, or subject to any exceptions, or qualifications mentioned in such Order, and so from time to time, as circumstances may require; provided that notice of such representation, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order the same to be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be pub-

lished in the London Gazette, and shall be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of the parishes in which any burial-grounds or places of burial affected by such representation shall be situate, or on some other conspicuous places within the part or parts of the Metropolis affected by such representation, one calendar month at the least before such representation is so considered; provided always, that no such representation shall be made in relation to the burial-ground of any parish until ten days' previous notice of the intention to make such representation shall have been given to the Incumbent and the Vestry Clerk of such parish:

And whereas the Right Honourable Henry Austin Bruce, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbent and Vestry Clerk of the parish hereinafter mentioned, ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, has made a representation stating that, for the protection of the public health, no new burial ground should be opened in the undermentioned parish without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials therein should be discontinued, with the modifications hereinafter specified:

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by Her Order in Council of the ninth day of August last, to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the twenty-third day of September last, and such Order has been published in the London Gazette, and copies thereof have been affixed, as required by the above recited Act:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that no new burial-ground shall be opened in the undermentioned parish, without the previously approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials in the said parish shall be discontinued (except as herein otherwise directed), as follows, viz.:—

SOUTH HACKNEY, MIDDLESEX.—In the old burial ground of South Hackney, at St. Thomas's-place, in the parish of South Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in brick or stone work, properly cemented.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of Parliament held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England, beyond the limits of the "Metropolis, and to amend the Act concerning "the burial of the dead in the Metropolis," it is enacted that, in case it appears to Her Majesty in Council, upon the representation of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that for the protection of the public health, the opening of any new burial ground in any city or town, or within any other limits, save with the previous approval of one of such Secretaries of State,

should be prohibited, or that burials in any city or town, or within any other limits, or in any burial ground or places of burial should be wholly discontinued, or should be discontinued subject to any exception or qualification, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that no new burial-ground shall be opened in any city or town, or within such limits, without such previous approval; or (as the case may require), that after a time mentioned in the Order, burials in such city or town, or within such limits, or in such burial-grounds or places of burial, shall be discontinued wholly, or subject to any exceptions or qualifications mentioned in such Order, and so from time to time as circumstances may require; provided always, that notice of such representation, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, and shall be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of, or on some other conspicuous places within, the parishes affected by such representation, one month before such representation is so considered; provided also, that no such representation shall be made in relation to the burial-ground of any parish until ten days' previous notice of the intention to make such representation shall have been given to the Incumbent and Vestry Clerk or Churchwardens of such parish:

And whereas the Right Honourable Henry Austin Bruce, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbents and the Churchwardens of the parishes hereinafter mentioned ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, has made a representation stating that, for the protection of the public health, no new burial-ground should be opened in the undermentioned parishes without the previous consent of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials should be discontinued therein, with the modifications hereinafter specified:

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by Her Order in Council of the ninth day of August last, to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the twenty-third day of September, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, and such Order has been published in the London Gazette, and copies thereof have been affixed, as required by the said Act:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that no new burial-ground shall be opened in the undermentioned parishes, without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials in the said parishes shall be discontinued (except as herein otherwise directed), as follows; viz.:—

ALDERLEY, CHESHIRE.—Forthwith in the old part of the churchyard of the parish of Alderley, in the county of Chester, except in now existing family vaults, and except in now existing family graves which can be opened to the depth of five feet without the disturbance of buried remains.

CIRENCESTER.—Forthwith wholly in the church and chapels of Cirencester, and, with the following exceptions, in the churchyard of the parish of Cirencester, in the burial ground of the Unitarian Chapel, Gosditch-street, in the burial ground of the Baptist Chapel,

Coxwell-street, and in the Watermoor or Dissenters' Cemetery, all in the parish of Cirencester; namely, except in vaults and walled graves existing on the 1st of February, 1872, to be used only for the burial of members of the families of those already buried therein; every coffin to be separately entombed, and be placed not less than half a yard beneath the level of the ground; and except also in such portions of the eastern end of the parish churchyard, and in such parts of the Dissenters' Cemetery, as are not within fifteen feet of any house or road, and have not been previously buried in, for the burial of those whose near relatives have been buried in the parish churchyard or in the Dissenters' Cemetery.

LUCKINGTON, WILTS.—Forthwith in the churchyard of the parish of Luckington, in the county of Wilts, except in now existing vaults and walled graves, each coffin buried in which shall be separately enclosed by stonework or brickwork properly cemented, and except in earthen graves not less than five feet deep, which have not been buried in during the preceding twenty years.

CROYDON, SURREY.—In the burial ground of Christ Church, Broad Green Ecclesiastical District, in the parish of Croydon, in the county of Surrey, except in now existing family graves in the said churchyard, which can be opened to the depth of five feet without exposing coffins or remains.

Edmund Harrison.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Bingham, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eighth of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 125.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXV.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

BINGHAM SCHOOL BOARD.

At a meeting of the School Board of the parish of Bingham, duly held at the offices of the Board, situate in the said parish of Bingham, on Monday, the 8th day of July, 1872, at which meeting of the whole of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the

powers conferred upon them by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Preliminary.

In these Bye-laws, the term "School" means either a Public Elementary School, or any other school at which efficient elementary instruction is given.

The term "Public Elementary School" means a school or department of a school at which elementary education is the principal part of the education there given, and at which the ordinary payments in respect of the instruction from each scholar do not exceed nine-pence a week, and which is conducted in accordance with the regulations contained in Section 7 of the Elementary Education Act.

The term "Parent" includes Guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

The term importing "Males" includes "Females."

1. The parent of every child of not less than five nor more than twelve years of age, residing within the district of the said Board, is required to cause such child to attend school, unless there be some reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

2. The following shall be deemed such reasonable excuses:—

(a.) Sickness, or some other unavoidable cause, or cause which shall be deemed satisfactory by the Board.

(b.) That such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(c.) If there be no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

3. The time during which every child is required to attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children, not being less than twenty-five hours a week, provided that nothing herein contained shall

(1.) Prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects; or shall

(2.) Require any child to attend school

(a.) On any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the body to which his parent belongs; or

(b.) On Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving; or

(c.) On Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon; or

(d.) On any day fixed for the inspection of the school, or examination of the scholars therein, in respect of religious subjects.

4. Any child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools a certificate that he has reached a standard equivalent to the fifth standard of the Government Code of Education for 1871, shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

5. If it be shown to the satisfaction of the Board that any child not less than ten years of age is necessarily at work, such child shall not be required to attend more than three days in any week in the months of April, June, July, August, and September.

6. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason his child does not attend school is that he is unable, from poverty, to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school

provided by the Board, will remit the whole of the fees, or such part thereof as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for such renewable period, not exceeding six calendar months, as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board.

7. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, for each offence.

These Bye-laws will come into force immediately after they have been sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Seal
of the Bingham School Board,
this 8th day of July, 1872.

L. S.

William Clifton, Chairman.
Z. Stafford, Clerk.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Bradwell, Derby, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the thirtieth of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, numbered 126.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXVI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Township of Bradwell.

BYE-LAWS OF THE BRADWELL SCHOOL BOARD.

AND whereas a School Board for the district of the said township was duly elected on the 19th day of August, 1871, and is styled the Bradwell School Board.

Now, at a meeting of the School Board of the said township of Bradwell, duly convened in Bradwell aforesaid, on Thursday, the 30th day of November, 1871, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the aforesaid powers, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws, to come into effect forthwith after the same shall receive the sanction of Her Majesty in Council.

Interpretation of Terms.

1. In these Bye-laws the term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education."

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors," means "The Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department."

The term "Township of Bradwell or Township" means the township of Bradwell comprising Bradwell and Small-dale.

Terms importing "Males" include "Females."

The term "School Board," or "Board," means "The School Board for the District comprising the township of Bradwell."

The term "Bradwell School District" or "School District" means "The School District to which the School Board belongs."

The term "School," or "Public Elementary School," means "a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act," situate within the Bradwell School District.

The term "Manager" includes all persons who have the management of any Public Elementary School.

The term "Parent" includes "a guardian and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living, and residing within the Bradwell School District."

The term "Child" means "a Child residing within the Bradwell School District."

Attendance.

2. Subject as hereinafter mentioned, the parent of every child of not less than five years, nor more than eleven years of age, shall cause such child to attend a Public Elementary School unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance. Any of the following reasons shall be deemed to be a reasonable excuse:—

1. That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
2. That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or an unavoidable cause, or a cause that to the School Board shall seem to be sufficient.
3. That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within two miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.
4. That the child is subject for the time being to a provision of a statute or statutes for regulating the education of children in certain employments.

Proviso.

Any child of the age of ten years, who has been certified by one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools as having passed a public examination according to the third standard of education of the Government Code for the time being, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than one half of the meetings of the school in any one week.

Time of Attendance.

3. Except as aforesaid, the time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the parent of such child

belongs, or shall require any child to attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or on a Saturday, or shall require any child to attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school and the examination of the scholars therein in respect of religious subjects.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

4. Each parent committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding (with the costs) five shillings for each offence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed to be one offence, and provided that no proceedings shall be taken against any parent whose child has attended four-fifths of the meetings of the school during the four weeks next preceding the week in which the report is made.

Proceedings for Neglect.

5. No proceedings shall be commenced against any parent for the recovery of a penalty imposed for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, unless such parent has been served with a notice in the form annexed, either personally or by leaving the same with some person at the residence of such parent.

Record of Notices.

6. The particulars of each notice served upon parents shall be recorded by the officer serving the same in a book provided by the Board, which shall be laid before the Board at each ordinary meeting.

Remission of Fees.

7. That where the parent of any child shall satisfy the said School Board of his or her inability from poverty to pay the whole or any part of the fees of such child, the said School Board, in case of a school provided by the Board, shall remit the whole or such part of the fees for a renewable period not exceeding six calendar months, as to the Board shall seem required by the circumstances of the case.

Revocation or Alteration of Bye-laws.

8. The Board may from time to time revoke or alter these or any other Bye-laws hereafter made, or any one or more of such Bye-laws, provided that seven clear days' written notice shall be given to every member of the Board, such notice pointing out every Bye-law it is intended to revoke or alter, as the case may be, and that the precise term of any proposed new Bye-law, whether the same be by way of addition to, or substitution of, or alteration of any then existing Bye-laws be clearly contained in such notice, and that such revocation, alteration, or addition shall be voted by not less than two-thirds of the members present at an ordinary meeting, and that until any altered or new Bye-laws shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council (as directed by the Elementary Education Act) the then existing Bye-laws shall continue in full force; provided, also in all other respects not inconsistent with this Bye-law the regulations of the Board for the time being with respect to the summoning notice, place, management, and adjournment of the meetings of the Board, shall apply to the consideration and determination of such revocation, alteration, or addition.

These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

[SCHEDULE.]

(A.)

FORM OF NOTICE.

School Board of the Township of Bradwell.

NOTICE TO ATTEND SCHOOL.

To Mr.

TAKE Notice, that you are required, within fourteen days from the service hereof, to cause your child [A.B.] who is now between five and eleven years of age, to attend and continue to attend an Elementary School.

Dated this day of A.D. 18

[C.D.]

Clerk of the School Board.

Offices of the School Board.

If you do not comply with this notice, and wish to give any reason or explanation for not doing so, you are required to attend a meeting of the School Board, or of a committee thereof, or of school managers appointed by the Board, to be held in the the day of , 18 , between and o'clock in the noon ; and before any legal proceedings are taken against you, full consideration will be given by the Board to any statement or excuse you may think fit to make at such meeting, or to the officer serving this notice.

*Robert Skenton, Chairman.**Thomas Fidler, Clerk.*

L. S.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Buckfastleigh, Devon, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eighth of February, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 127.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

*Edmund Harrison.**Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.*

No. CXXVII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD FOR THE
DISTRICT OF BUCKFASTLEIGH, DEVON.

At a meeting of the School Board of the district of Buckfastleigh, in the county of Devon, held at Buckfastleigh aforesaid, on Thursday, the 8th day of February, 1872, the said Board do hereby, in

pursuance of the powers vested in them under the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make the following Bye-laws:—

1. The term "School Board," or "Board," means The School Board of the district comprising the the parish of Buckfastleigh.

The term "School" or "Public Elementary School," means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act.

The term "Parent" includes Guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said Board, shall cause such child (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend school within the said district.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, but no child shall be required—

a. To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, or Good Friday, or any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.

b. To attend any religious observance, or any instruction in religious subjects.

c. To attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school and the examination of the scholars therein in respect of religious subjects.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school; and any child who has been so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than half the time for which the school is open in any one week.

5. Provided always, that if and whenever Bye-laws 3 and 4, or either of them, shall be contrary to, or inconsistent with, the regulations affecting any child subject thereto, contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour, the said regulations shall prevail, and the said Bye-laws shall affect such child only to such extent as they are consistent with the said regulations.

6. A child shall not be required to attend school—

(a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) If there is no Public Elementary School open which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

7. No proceeding against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of a notice, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or of a committee thereof, to state his or her reasons for not complying with the said notice.

8. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as, with costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence.

9. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Common Seal of the School Board of the said district of Buckfastleigh, this 8th day of February, 1872.

John Barns, Chairman.

Sealed in the presence of

Tho. W. Windeatt, Clerk.



AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Chard, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eleventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 128.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXVIII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD OF CHARD.

[Under the 74th section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870.]

Adopted at a meeting of the School Board for the borough of Chard, held at the Town-hall, in the said borough, on the 11th day of July, 1872.

Interpretations of Terms.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education."

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means "The Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department."

The term "School Board," or "Board," means "The School Board of the district comprising the borough of Chard."

The term "Borough of Chard" or "Borough" means "The Municipal Borough of the Borough of Chard."

Terms importing males include females

The term "School," means "a Public Elementary School as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870."

The term "Parent" includes guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child when the lawful father is living with the mother, and is residing within the borough of Chard.

Parent shall cause Children between five and thirteen years of Age to attend School.

2. The parent of every child residing within the school district of the borough of Chard shall cause such child, not being less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, to attend school, unless there be some reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

Reasonable Excuses for Non-attendance.

3. In addition to the reasonable excuses for the non-attendance of a child at school mentioned in the Act, viz. :—

- (1.) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (2.) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause; it shall be
- (3.) A reasonable excuse for his non-attendance that there is no Public Elementary School open which such child can attend within one mile, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

As to Time of Attendance.

4. The time during which every such child is required to attend school is the whole time for which it shall be open for the instruction of children, not being less than twenty-five hours a-week. Provided :—

Withdrawal of Children from Religious Observances and Teachings.

- (a.) That nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects.
- (b.) That no child be required to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (c.) That no child be required to attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving.

Exemption of Children who have passed Examination in Fifth Standard (New Code, 1871).

Children who have passed Fourth Standard exempt, except as to Ten Hours a Week.

5. (1.) A child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he has reached a standard equivalent to the fifth standard of the Government New Code of 1871, shall be altogether exempt from obligation to attend school; and any child who has been so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than ten hours in any one week.

Regulations as to Children Employed in Labour.

(2.) A child of not less than ten years of age who shows to the satisfaction of the Board that he is beneficially and necessarily at work, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school during the whole time for which the school shall be opened as aforesaid, but every such child is required to attend school at least twelve and a half hours in every week in which the school is opened as aforesaid, and in computing for the purpose of this section the time during which a child has attended any school there shall not be included any time during which such child has attended either

- (a.) In excess of three hours at any one time, or in excess of five hours on any one day, or
- (b.) On Sundays.

Factory Acts and Workshops Regulations Act.

6. Provided always that if, and whenever Bye-laws 4 and 5, or either of them shall be contrary to, or inconsistent with, the regulations affecting any child subject thereto, contained in any act for regulating the education of children employed in labour, the said regulations shall prevail and the said Bye-laws shall affect such child only to such extent as they are consistent with the said regulations.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

7. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding 5s., including costs for each offence.

No Proceedings to be taken until after fourteen days from Service.

8. No proceeding against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of a notice, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or of a committee of the Board, to state his reasons for not complying with the said notice.

Date as to Operation.

9. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate
Common Seal of the School
Board for the borough of
Chard, this 11th day of
July, 1872.

R. W. Spicer, Chairman.

Sealed in the presence of
Walter J. Tucker, Clerk.



AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Hardington, Northamptonshire, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the thirteenth of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 129.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXIX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.BYE-LAWS OF THE HARDINGSTONE SCHOOL
BOARD.

At a meeting of the School Board for the parish of Hardington, held in the Board Room of the said Board, and within the same parish, on the 13th day of June, 1872, the said Board, in pursuance of the powers of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, hereby makes and ordains the following Bye-laws:—

1. The parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said parish, shall cause such child to attend school within the said parish.

2. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal by the parent of any child during the time or times in which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects is given, and that no child shall be required—

- (a.) To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (b.) To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or on any Saturday.
- (c.) To attend school on any day fixed for the inspection of the school, and the examination of the scholars therein, in respect of religious subjects.

3. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fourth standard of education, mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

4. A child of not less than ten years of age, who shows to the satisfaction of the Board that he is beneficially and necessarily at work, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school during the whole time for which the school shall be opened as aforesaid; but every such child is required to attend school for at least ten hours in every week in which the school is opened as aforesaid, and in computing, for the purpose of this section, the time during which a child has attended

any school, there shall not be included any time during which such child has attended, either—

- (a.) In excess of three hours at any one time, or in excess of five hours in any one day; or
- (b.) On Sundays.

5. A child shall not be required to attend school—

- (a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.
- (c.) If there be no Public Elementary School which such child can attend, within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

6. No proceedings against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of a notice, in a form to be from time to time prescribed by a resolution of the Board, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or a committee thereof, to state his or her reasons for not complying with the said notice.

7. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason that his or her child does not attend school, is that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board will remit or pay the whole or such part of the school fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months; provided that the amount of fees to be remitted or paid, shall not exceed the ordinary payment of the school selected by the parent.

8. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

9. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Common
Seal of the School Board for
the parish of Hardingstone.



(Signed) *Robt. Henry Cox,*
Chairman of the said Board.
Edward Coulhart,
Clerk to the said Board.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llangainwen, Anglesey, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the fifth of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 130.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled

by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

CXXX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Parish of Llangainwen.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LLANGAINWEN SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of an order sent by the Education Department, a School Board for the parish of Llangainwen was duly elected on the 6th day of November, 1871.

Now, at a meeting of the School Board of the said parish of Llangainwen, held at the Board Room, in the said parish, on Friday, the 5th day of July, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board were present, the said Board do hereby make and ordain the following Bye-laws, subject to the approval of the Education Department:—

I.

The term "Education Department" means the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council on Education.

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means the Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty, on the recommendation of the Education Department.

The term "Parish" means the parish of Llangainwen.

The term "Board" or "School Board" means the School Board for the parish of Llangainwen.

The term "School," or "Public Elementary School," means a Public Elementary School as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870.

The term "Parent" includes a guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child; but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living and is residing within the parish.

The term "Child" means a child residing within the parish of Llangainwen.

II.

Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the said parish, shall cause such child to attend such school as the parent may select within the said parish.

III.

The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that no child shall be required—

- (a.) To attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.
- (b.) To attend school on Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or on Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon.

IV.

In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the New Code of Regulation of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

V.

A child shall not be required to attend school:—

- (a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.
- (b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any other unavoidable cause.
- (c.) If there is no Public Elementary School within a reasonable distance from the residence of such child.

The following scale of distances for children of different ages shall be held to be reasonable distances:—

- For children 5 and 6 years of age, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile.
- " 7 " 8 " 2 miles.
- " 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13, 3 miles.

The distance to be measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

VI.

If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason that his or her child does not attend school is that he or she is unable from poverty to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit the whole or such part of the fees, as, in the opinion of the Board the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months.

VII.

Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, for each offence; provided always, that no person shall be liable to be convicted more than once in respect of acts of such negligence or non-observance occurring in one and the same week.

VIII.

These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Common Seal of the School Board of the parish of Llangeinwen, this 5th day of July, 1872.

W. Williams, Chairman.

Sealed in the presence of

W. Lewis Ellis, Clerk.



At the Court at Balmora, the 15th day of October, 1872.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Coventry, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws,

bearing date the 8th of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 131.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXXI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD FOR COVENTRY.

Preliminary.

KNOW all men by these presents, that at a meeting of the School Board for Coventry, duly convened and held at the Mayoress's Parlour, Saint Mary's Hall, in the city of Coventry, on Thursday, the 4th day of July, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers to them given by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Definition.

1. In these Bye-laws—

The term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education."

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means "The Inspectors of Schools" appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department.

The term "School Board," or "Board," means "The School Board of the District comprising the city of Coventry, and any enlargement or extension of such District."

The term "School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, or any other school at which efficient elementary instruction is given.

The term "Parent" includes "Guardian," and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child, when the father is living and is residing within the city of Coventry, and under no legal disability.

The term importing males in these Bye-laws includes females.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. The parent of every child residing within the school district shall cause such child being not less than five nor more than thirteen years old, to attend school, unless there be some reasonable excuse for non-attendance.

The following shall be deemed such reasonable excuses:—

Specifying Reasonable Grounds of Non-attendance.

- (a.) Sickness or some other unavoidable cause, or cause which in the opinion of the Board is unavoidable.

(b.) That such child is subject, for the time being, to the provisions of any statutes for regulating the education of children in certain employments.

(c.) That such child is otherwise under efficient instruction.

(d.) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within one and a half miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Provision for Total or Partial Exemption from Attendance.

Provided that if one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school, and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in one week.

Provision as to a Child beneficially and necessarily at Work.

Provided also that a child of not less than ten years of age, who shows to the satisfaction of the Board that he is beneficially and necessarily at work, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school during the whole time for which the school shall be opened as aforesaid, but every such child is required to attend school for at least ten hours in every week in which the school is opened as aforesaid, and in computing for the purpose of this section the time during which a child has attended any school, there shall not be included any time during which such child has attended either

(a.) In excess of three hours at any one time, or in excess of five hours on any one day; or

(b.) On Sundays.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

3. Except as herein provided, the time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children, not being less than twenty-five hours a week, excepting Sundays, and except also that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance, or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school

(a.) On any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs, or

(b.) On Sunday, Christmas Day, Good Friday, or any day set apart for a day of Public Fast or Thanksgiving, or

(c.) On Saturday after twelve o'clock at noon, or

(d.) On any day fixed for the inspection of the school, or examination of the scholars therein in respect of religious subjects.

Providing for Remission of School Fees in case of Poverty.

4. If the parent of any child satisfy the School Board that the reason his child does not attend school is that he is unable from poverty to pay for the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit the whole of the

fees, or such part thereof as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for such renewable period, not exceeding six calendar months, as shall be from time to time fixed by the Board.

No Proceeding to be taken until after Fourteen Days from Service.

5. No proceeding against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of a notice in a form to be prescribed from time to time by resolution of the School Board, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or of a committee thereof, to state his or her reasons for not complying with the said notice.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence.

As to Revocation or Alteration of Bye-laws.

7. The Board may, from time to time, revoke or alter these or any other Bye-laws hereafter made, or any one or more of such Bye-laws, provided that twenty-eight clear days' written notice shall be given to every member of the Board (such notice pointing out every Bye-law it is intended to revoke or alter as the case may be) and that the precise terms of any proposed new Bye-law, whether the same be by way of addition to, or substitution of, or alteration of any then existing Bye-law be clearly contained in such notice, and that such revocation, alteration, or addition shall be voted by a majority of the members present at an ordinary meeting; and that until any altered or new Bye-law shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty in Council (as directed by the Elementary Education Act, 1870), the then existing Bye-laws shall continue in force. Provided also that in all other respects, not inconsistent with this Bye-law, the regulations of the Board for the time being, with respect to the summoning, notice, place, management, and adjournment of the meetings of the Board shall apply to the consideration and determination of such revocation, alteration, or addition.

Sealed with the Common Seal
of the School Board of
Coventry, this 8th day of
July, in the year of our
Lord 1872.



John Gulson, Chairman.

Sealed in the presence of

T. H. Kirby, Clerk.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 15th day of October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Plymouth, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-sixth of July, one thousand, eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 132.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

No. CXXXII.

Borough of Plymouth.

BYE-LAWS OF THE PLYMOUTH SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Mayor of the borough of Plymouth, in the county of Devon, a School Board for the district of the said borough was duly elected on the 31st day of January, 1871.

Now, at a Meeting of the School Board of the said borough of Plymouth, held at the Council Chamber of the Guildhall, in the said borough of Plymouth, on Friday, the 26th day of July, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the aforesaid powers, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation.

1. The term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education."

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means "The Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department."

The term "Borough of Plymouth" or "Borough" means the municipal borough of Plymouth, and includes any future enlargement or extension of that borough.

Terms importing males include females.

The term "School Board" or "Board" means the School Board of the district comprising the borough of Plymouth.

The term "Plymouth School District" or "School District" means the school district to which the School Board belongs.

The term "School" means either a Public Elementary School, or any other school at which efficient elementary instruction is given.

The term "Parent" includes a guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child, but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living and is residing within the Plymouth School District.

Attendance.

2. The parent of every child of not less than five years nor more than thirteen years of age, shall cause such child to attend school, unless there be a reasonable excuse for non-attendance. Any of the following reasons shall be deemed to be a reasonable excuse:—

(a) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b) That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

(c) That there is no Public Elementary School open which the child can attend within one mile, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

Time of Attendance.

3. Every child shall attend school during the school session, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance, or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the parent of such child belongs, or shall be deemed or construed as being contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

Proviso.

4. A child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he has reached the fourth standard of the Government Code, shall be altogether exempt from obligation to attend school.

Penalty for Breach of Bye-laws.

5. Every parent committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall, upon conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence; provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed to be one offence.

Remission or Payment of Fees.

6. If any parent, whose child is or has been attending any school, or who has been served with a notice requiring him to cause his child to attend school, shall satisfy the Board that he is unable from poverty to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, shall remit, and in the case of any other Public Elementary School shall pay, the whole of the fees, or such part thereof as in the opinion of the Board the parent is unable to pay, for such renewable period (not exceeding six calendar months) as shall be from time to time fixed by the Board.

As witness the Common Seal
of the Board, and the Signatures of the Chairman
and Clerk of the Board, this
26th day of July, 1872.



(Signed) *R. C. Serpell*, Chairman of the
School Board for the borough of
Plymouth.

R. A. V. Pope, Clerk to the said
Board.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llanfor, appointed the "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date

the twentieth of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 133.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

CXXXIII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1870.

Parish of Llanfor, County of Merioneth.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LLANFOR SCHOOL BOARD.

KNOW all men by these presents, that at a meeting of the School Board for the parish of Llanfor, in the county of Merioneth, duly convened and held at the town of Bala, in the said county, on Saturday, the 20th day of July, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of the Board are present, the said Board do hereby in pursuance of the powers to them given by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation of Terms.

1. In these Bye-laws—

Terms importing males include females.

The term "School" means either a Public Elementary School, or any other school at which efficient elementary instruction is given.

The term "Public Elementary School" means a school or department of a school at which Elementary Education is the principal part of the education given, and at which the ordinary payments in respect of instruction do not exceed nine pence a week, and which is conducted in accordance with the regulations contained in the 7th section of the Elementary Education Act.

The term "Parent" includes guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child.

The term "Board" or "School Board" means the School Board for the said parish of Llanfor.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child of not than five years nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the said parish, is required to cause such child to attend school.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

3. The time during which every such child is required to attend School, is the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

No. 23910.

F

Proviso for Total or Partial Exemption from Attendance, if Child has reached Certain Standard.

4. (a.) A child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he has reached a standard equivalent to the fifth standard of the Government New Code of 1871, shall be altogether exempt from obligation to attend school; and

(b.) A child of not less than ten years of age, who has been so certified to have reached a standard equivalent to the fourth standard of the said Code, and who shows to the satisfaction of the Board that he is beneficially and necessarily at work, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

Proviso as to Acts regulating the Education of Children employed in Labour.

5. Provided always, that if and whenever Bye-laws 3 and 4, or either of them, shall be contrary to or inconsistent with the regulations affecting any child subject thereto contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour, the said regulations shall prevail, and the said Bye-laws shall affect such child only to such extent as they are consistent with the said regulations.

Defining reasonable Excuse for Non-attendance.

6. A child shall not be required to attend School—

(a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner;

(b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause;

(c.) If there is no Public Elementary School open, which such child, between five and eight years of age, can attend within two miles, and between eight and thirteen years of age within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Penalty for breach of Bye-Laws.

7. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, for each offence.

In witness whereof, we the School Board for the said parish of Llanfor have hereunto set our Common Seal this 20th day of July, 1872.



Seal in the presence of

Richard John Lloyd Price, Chairman.
John R. Jones, Clerk of the Board.

AT the Court at Balmoral, the 15th day of October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Llanycil, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the eleventh of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 134.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXXIV.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Parish of Llanycil, County of Merioneth.

BYE-LAWS OF THE LLANYCIL SCHOOL BOARD.

Know all men by these presents, that at a meeting of the School Board for the parish of Llanycil, in the county of Merioneth, duly convened and held at the Shire-hall, in the town of Bala, in the said parish of Llanycil, on Thursday, the 11th day of July, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of the Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers to them given by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation of Terms.

1. In these Bye-laws—

Terms importing males include females.

The term "School" means either a Public Elementary School, or any other school at which efficient elementary instruction is given.

The term "Public Elementary School" means a school or department of a school at which elementary education is the principal part of the education given, and at which the ordinary payments in respect of instruction do not exceed nine pence a-week, and which is conducted in accordance with the regulations contained in the 7th section of the Elementary Education Act.

The term "Parent" includes guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child.

The term "Board" or "School Board" means the School Board for the said parish of Llanycil.

Requiring Parents to cause Children to attend School.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child of not less than five years nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the said parish, is required to cause such child to attend school.

Determining Time during which Children shall attend School.

3. The time during which every such child is required to attend school, is the whole time for which the school selected shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age; provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance or instruction in religious subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

Proviso for Total or Partial Exemption from Attendance, if Child has reached certain Standard.

4. (a.) A child of not less than ten years of age, who has obtained from one of Her Majesty's Inspectors a certificate that he has reached a standard equivalent to the fifth standard of the Government New Code of 1871, shall be altogether exempt from obligation to attend school; and

(b.) A child of not less than ten years of age, who has been so certified to have reached a standard equivalent to the fourth standard of the said Code, and who shows to the satisfaction of the Board that he is beneficially and necessarily at work, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

Proviso as to Acts regulating the Education of Children employed in Labour.

5. Provided always, that if and whenever Bye-laws 3 and 4, or either of them, shall be contrary to or inconsistent with the regulations affecting any child subject thereto contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour, the said regulations shall prevail, and the said Bye-laws shall affect such child only to such extent as they are consistent with the said regulations.

Defining reasonable Excuse for Non-attendance.

6. A child shall not be required to attend school—

(a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner;

(b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause;

(c.) If there is no Public Elementary School open, which such child, between five and eight years of age, can attend, within two miles, and between eight and thirteen years of age, within three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

Penalty for breach of Bye-Laws.

7. Every parent who shall not observe, or shall neglect or violate these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall upon conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding five shillings, including costs, for each offence.

In witness whereof, we, the
School Board for the said
parish of Llanycil, have here-
unto set our Common Seal,
this 11th day of July, 1872.



Sealed in the presence of

Richard Jones, Vice-Chairman.

John R. Jones, Clerk of the Board.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Pembury, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the third of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 135.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXXV.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT, 1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE PEMBURY SCHOOL BOARD.

WE, the School Board of the School District of the parish of Pembury, under and by virtue of the power and authority given to and vested in us by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, at a meeting held at the National Schools in the said parish, on Wednesday, the 3rd day of July, 1872, do, with the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

1. The terms hereinafter used, when they are the same as those defined in the third section of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, shall have the same definition as therein given to each of them respectively.

2. These Bye-laws are subject to the clauses and provisions contained in the said Elementary Education Act, 1870.

3. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than eleven years of age, residing within the said parish of Pembury, shall cause such child to attend such Public Elementary School within the said parish as its parents may select.

4. A child shall not be required to attend such Public Elementary School as aforesaid—

(a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) If such child is prevented attending school by sickness, or any other unavoidable cause.

(c.) If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

(d.) If such child is receiving instruction in pursuance of any Act regulating the education of children employed in labour, or of "The Industrial Schools Act, 1866."

5. The time during which every child shall attend school, shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children.

Provided that in case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between the age of ten and eleven years has reached the sixth standard of education mentioned in the revised Code of regulations of the Education Department, made on the 6th day of February, 1872, such child shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school, and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than half the school meetings in any one week.

Provided also, that nothing herein contained shall prevent the withdrawal of any child from any religious observance, or instruction in reli-

gious subjects, or inspection in such subjects, or shall require any child to attend school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his or her parent belongs.

6. If the parent of any child attending any school provided by the Board, satisfies the School Board that he is unable from poverty to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the School Board will remit the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period to be fixed by the Board not exceeding six calendar months.

7. An officer of the said Board, appointed under section 36 of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, shall visit the parent of any child, who according to his information and belief, is not attending school, or under efficient instruction, and shall then, or at a subsequent time, serve upon such parent a notice, in the form or to the effect prescribed in the Schedule to these Bye-laws, and the said officer shall read over and explain such notice, and the consequences of neglecting to comply therewith, to the parent at the time of service.

8. The particulars of all notices served upon parents shall be recorded by the officer serving the same in a book to be provided by the Board, which shall be laid before the Board at each meeting; but the said officer shall not, without the consent of the Board, disclose the fact of service of any such notices, or information relating thereto, to any person not a member or officer of the said Board.

9. No proceeding against any parent for breach of any Bye-law shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of the notice prescribed by Bye-law No. 7, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or of a committee thereof, to state his or her reasons for not complying with the same notice.

10. Any parent committing an offence in breach of any of these Bye-laws shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding, including the cost of conviction, the sum of five shillings for each offence.

11. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the 10th day of October, 1872, if the same shall have received the sanction of Her Majesty in Council, or from and after any day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

George Henry Rigby, Chairman.

Joseph Fox, Vice-Chairman.

James B. West.

Alexander McGregor.

Countersigned,

Frank Wm. Stone, Clerk.

[SCHEDULE.]

FORM OF NOTICE.

Parish of Pembury.

NOTICE TO ATTEND SCHOOL.

To Mr.

TAKE Notice, that you are required within fourteen days from the service hereof, to cause your child who is now between five and eleven years of age, to attend and continue to attend an Elementary School.

Dated this

day of

187

Clerk to the School Board.

Offices of the School Board,

23, Church-road,

Tunbridge Wells.

The officer serving this notice will explain the same, and the consequences of refusing to comply therewith, and will also give you any information relating thereto, or to the schools which your child may attend.

The officer will not disclose the fact of your having been served with this notice, or any information relating thereto, to any person other than a member of the Board, or the school manager, or the principal teacher of the school.

If you do not comply with this notice, and wish to give any reason or explanation for not doing so, you are invited to attend a meeting of the School Board, or of a committee thereof, or of school managers appointed by the Board, to be held in the _____ on _____

the _____ day of _____ 187____, between _____ and _____ o'clock, in the _____; and before any proceedings are taken against you, full consideration will be given by the Board to any statement you may think fit to make at such meeting, or to the officer serving this notice.

Geo. Hy. Rigby, Chairman.

Joseph Fox.

James B. West.

A. McGregor.

Frank Wm. Stone, Clerk.

L. S.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Chulmleigh, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the seventh of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 136.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: Now, therefore, Her Majesty having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is herewith annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXXVI.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

BYE-LAWS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD FOR THE
PARISH OF CHULMLEIGH, NORTH DEVON.

At a meeting of the School Board of the parish of Chulmleigh, in the county of Devon, held at the Board Room, in the said parish, on Monday, the 3rd day of June, 1872, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the powers vested in them under the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make the following Bye-laws:—

1. The term "School Board" or "Board" means "The School Board of the parish of Chulmleigh." The term "School," or "Public Elementary School," means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act. The term "Parent" includes guardian, and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the said parish, shall cause such child to attend school within the said district.

3. The time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, but no child shall be required—

(a.) To attend on Sunday, or, if withdrawn by his parent, on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

(b.) To attend any religious observance, or any instruction in religious subjects from which he may be withdrawn by his parent.

4. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the Revised Code of Regulations of the Education Department for the year 1872, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school, and any such child who has been so certified to have reached the fourth standard of education mentioned in the said Code, shall be exempt from the obligation to attend school more than fifteen hours in any one week.

5. A child shall not be required to attend school—

(a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child.

6. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason that his or her child does not attend School is, that he or she is unable, from poverty, to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board will, in the case of a school provided by the Board, remit the whole or such part of the school fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable from poverty to pay, for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months.

7. No proceeding against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of a notice, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or of a committee thereof, to state his or her reasons for not complying with the said notice.

8. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

9. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Her Majesty by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate Common Seal of the School Board of the said parish of Chulmleigh, this 7th day of June, 1872.



Rev. G. C. Bethune, Chairman.
Sealed in the presence of
H. M. Watling, Clerk.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of *October*, 1872.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of *Beddgelert*, appointed under the "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-first of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 137.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXXVII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Parish of Beddgelert.

BYE-LAWS OF THE BEDDGELERT SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS, in pursuance of a requisition sent by the Education Department to the Clerk to the Guardians of the Festiniog Union, in the counties of Carnarvon and Merioneth, a School Board for the district of the parish of *Beddgelert*, in the said counties, was duly elected on the 27th day of April, 1871.

Now, at a meeting of the School Board of the said parish of *Beddgelert*, held at the School Board Office, at the British School, in the said parish of *Beddgelert*, on Thursday, the 21st day of March, 1872, at which meeting a quorum of the members of such Board are present, the said Board do hereby, in pursuance of the aforesaid powers, and subject to the approval of the Education Department, make and ordain the following Bye-laws:—

I. The term "Education Department" means "The Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education."

The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means "The Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department."

The term "School Board" or "Board" means "The School Board for the parish of *Beddgelert*."

The term "School" or "Public Elementary School" means a Public Elementary School as defined by the said Act.

The term "School Managers" means a body of managers appointed by the Board, pursuant to the 15th section of the Act.

The term "Officer" means an officer appointed by the Board, pursuant to the 26th section of the Act.

The term "Parent" includes guardians and every person who is liable to maintain or has the actual custody of any child; but does not include the mother of a child when the father is living and is residing within the said parish.

II. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, and not more than thirteen years of age, residing within the district of the said parish, shall cause such child to attend some efficient school.

III. The time during which every child shall attend school, shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age, provided that nothing hereinafter contained shall prevent the withdrawal by the parent of any child during the time or times in which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects given.

IV. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child between ten and thirteen years of age has passed the fifth standard of education mentioned in the Revised Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

V. A child shall not be required to attend school—

(a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any unavoidable cause.

(c.) If there is no Public Elementary School which such child can attend within the following distances, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child:—

From 5 to 8 years of age 1 mile.

" 8 to 10 do. 2 miles.

" 10 to 13 do. 3 miles.

(d.) At any time or in any manner contrary to anything contained in any Act for regulating the education of children employed in labour.

VI. Whenever the parent of any child shall satisfy the School Board that he or she is unable, through poverty, to pay the whole or some part of the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period, not exceeding six calendar months, provided that such fees shall not exceed the ordinary payments of the school, or the following scale:—

Under thirteen years, 1d. per week.

VII. An officer may visit the parent of any child, who is not attending school or who is not under efficient instruction, and may serve upon such parent a notice in the form prescribed in the schedule to these Bye-laws.

VIII. No proceeding against any parent for breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days

from the service of the notice prescribed by Bye-law VII, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the Board, or of a committee thereof, or of the managers of the school, to state his or her reasons for not complying with the said notice.

IX. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws or any of them shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law shall exceed such a sum as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

X. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Common Seal
of the School Board of the
parish of Beddgelert, this
21st day of March, A.D.
1872.



John Roberts, Chairman.
George Thomas, Clerk.

[SCHEDULE.]

FORM OF NOTICE.

Parish of Beddgelert.

NOTICE TO ATTEND SCHOOL.

To Mr.

TAKE Notice, that you are required, within fourteen days from the service hereof, to cause your child (A.B.), who is now between five and thirteen years of age, to attend and continue to attend an efficient school.

Dated this day of A.D. 1872.
C.D.,

Clerk to School Board.

School Board Office, Beddgelert.

The officer serving this notice will explain the same, and the consequence of refusing to comply therewith, and will also give you any information relating thereto, or to the schools which your child may attend.

If you do not comply with this notice, and wish to give any reason or explanation for not doing so, you are invited to attend a meeting of the School Board, or of school managers, appointed by the Board, to be held in the
on the day of , 187 ,
between and o'clock in the ,
and before any proceedings are taken against you, full consideration will be given by the Board to any statement you may think fit to make at such meeting, or to the officer serving this notice.

At the Court at Balmoral, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Duston, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the thirteenth of June, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 138.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXXVIII.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

Duston School Board.

BYE-LAWS OF THE DUSTON SCHOOL BOARD.

Compulsory Attendance.

1. Resolved—That subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, and of these Bye-laws, the parent of every child not less than five years of age, nor more than thirteen years of age, residing within the parish of Duston, shall cause such child to attend school.

Time which Children shall Attend.

2. Resolved—That the time during which every child shall attend school, shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of similar age.

Exemption from Attendance.

3. Resolved—That any child between the age of ten and thirteen years shall not be required to attend school in case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors shall certify that such child has reached the fifth standard of education mentioned in the New Code of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871.

Excuse for Non-attendance.

4. Resolved—That a child shall not be required to attend school

(a.) If such child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

(b.) If such child has been prevented from attending school by sickness, or any other unavoidable cause.

(c.) If there is not any Public Elementary School which such child can attend within three miles, measured according to the nearest road, from the residence of such child to the school.

Remission or Payments of School Fees in case of Poverty.

5. If the parent of any child satisfies the School Board that the reason that his or her child does not attend school is, that he, or she, is unable from poverty to pay the school fees of such child, the School Board, in the case of a school provided by the Board, will remit, and, in the case of any other Public Elementary School, will pay the whole or such part of the fees as, in the opinion of the Board, the parent is unable to pay, for a renewable period, to be fixed by the Board, not exceeding six calendar months.

6. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and sixpence, provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed

one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-law, shall exceed such a sum as, with the costs, will amount to five shillings for each offence.

7. Resolved—That these Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Sealed with the Corporate
Seal of the School Board
of Doston, this 13th day of
June, 1872.



Peake Banton, Chairman of the said Board.
John B. Hensman, Clerk to the said Board.

AT the Court at *Balmoral*, the 15th day of
October, 1872.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the School Board of Roche, appointed under "The Elementary Education Act, 1870," have, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the seventy-fourth section of that Act, with the approval of the Education Department, made certain Bye-laws, bearing date the twenty-fourth of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, numbered 139.

And whereas all the conditions in regard to the said Bye-laws, which are, required to be fulfilled by the said Act, have been fulfilled, and the said Bye-laws have been submitted for the sanction of Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said Bye-laws (copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to declare, and doth hereby declare, Her sanction of the same.

Edmund Harrison.

Bye-Laws referred to in the foregoing Order.

No. CXXXIX.

THE ELEMENTARY EDUCATION ACT,
1870.

ROCHE SCHOOL BOARD.

WHEREAS a School Board was duly elected for the parish of Roche, on the 7th day of February, 1872: now, at a meeting of the said School Board, held at the Board Room, in the parish of Roche, on the 24th day of April, 1872, at which meeting all the members of such Board are present, the said Board do, subject to the approval of the Education Department, make the following Bye-laws:—

Interpretation Terms.

1. (a.) The term "Education Department" means the Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education.

(b.) The term "Her Majesty's Inspectors" means the Inspectors of Schools appointed by Her Majesty on the recommendation of the Education Department.

(c.) The term "School Board" means the School Board for the parish of Roche.

(d.) The term "School" means a Public Elementary School, within the meaning of the Elementary Education Act, 1870.

(e.) The term "Parent" includes a guardian and every person who is liable to maintain, or has the actual custody of any child.

(f.) The term "Officer" means an officer appointed by the Board, pursuant to the 36th section of the said Act.

2. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, the parent of every child not less than five nor more than twelve years of age, residing within the said parish of Roche, shall cause such child (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend school within the said parish.

3. Any one of the following reasons shall be deemed a reasonable excuse:—

a. That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

b. That the child has been prevented from attending school by sickness or some other unavoidable cause.

c. That there is no school open which the child can attend within the distance of three miles, measured according to the nearest road from the residence of such child.

4. Subject to the provisions of the Elementary Education Act, 1870, the time during which every child shall attend school shall be the whole time for which the school shall be open for the instruction of children of a similar age.

5. In case one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools shall certify that any child, between five and twelve years of age, has reached the fourth standard of education, mentioned in the New Code of Regulations of the Education Department, made on the 7th day of February, 1871, such child shall be totally exempt from the obligation to attend school.

6. No proceeding against any parent for a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be taken until after the expiration of fourteen days from the service of a notice, nor until such parent has had an opportunity of attending a meeting of the School Board, or a committee thereof, to state his or her reason for not complying with such notice.

7. Any person committing a breach of these Bye-laws, or any of them, shall be subject to a penalty not exceeding two shillings and six-pence: provided that all breaches of these Bye-laws by a parent in one and the same week shall be deemed one offence, and that no penalty imposed for the breach of any Bye-laws shall exceed such a sum as with the costs will amount to five shillings for each offence.

8. These Bye-laws shall take effect from and after the day on which the same shall be sanctioned by Order in Council.

Rev. R. Gardiner, Chairman of the
Roche School Board.

Robert Varcoe, Vice-Chairman of the
Roche School Board.

John Robins, Honorary Clerk to the
Roche School Board.



Whitehall, October 18, 1872.

The Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto the Right Honourable Sir Roundell Palmer, Knt., Chancellor of that part of the said United Kingdom called Great Britain, and to the heirs male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Baron Selborne, of Selborne, in the county of Southampton.

Foreign Office, October 15, 1872.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Joseph Archer Crowe, Esq., now Her Majesty's Consul-General at Leipzig, to be Her Majesty's Consul-General for Westphalia and the Rhenish Provinces, to reside at Düsseldorf.

Foreign Office, October 15, 1872.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Jose Luiz Cardoso de Salles as Consul-General in London for His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr. Daniel K. Hobart as Consul at Windsor, Nova Scotia, for the United States of America.

Crown Office, October 16, 1872.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Flint.

Sir Robert Alfred Cunliffe, of Gladwyn, Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh, Bart., in the room of Sir John Hanmer, Bart. (now Lord Hanmer), called to the House of Peers.

Crown Office, October 17, 1872.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased by Writ under the Great Seal to call the Honourable George Denman, one of Her Counsel Learned in the Law, to the state and degree of a Serjeant-at-Law.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to constitute and appoint George Denman, Serjeant-at-Law, one of the Justices of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas.

Whitehall, October 14, 1872.

The Queen has been pleased to give and grant unto John-Tatton Brown, Esquire, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, a General in the Army, and unto Jane Elliott-Greive, of Westbourne Park, in the parish of Paddington, in the county of Middlesex, daughter of Alexander Kellock, of Berwick-upon-Tweed, Doctor of Medicine, deceased, by Frances, his wife, and widow and relict of William Elliott-Greive (formerly William Elliott), Esquire, a Major in the Army, deceased, Her Royal licence and authority that, from and immediately after the solemnization of their intended marriage, they may take, use, and bear the surname of Greive, in addition to and after that of Brown:

And also to command that the said concession and declaration be recorded in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

*War Office, Pall Mall,
18th October 1872.*

2nd Regiment of Life Guards, Captain Cecil Alfred Hughes retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.

3rd Dragoon Guards, Lieutenant Robert Steen Gray resigns his Commission as Adjutant. Dated 19th October, 1872.

5th Lancers, Alexander Erskine Rothney, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant J. H. Hutchinson, retired. Dated 19th October, 1872.

10th Hussars, Welby Francis Montrésor, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant C. E. Frederick, promoted. Dated 19th October, 1872.

The Honourable James Pearse Napier to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant D. R. W., Earl of Mayo, transferred to the Grenadier Guards. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Quartermaster John Hill James retires upon half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.

11th Hussars, Livingston Thompson, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant J. S. Black, promoted. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Riding-Master William Matthews retires upon half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.

18th Hussars, Ivar MacIvor, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant E. D. N. Smith, a Probationer for the Indian Staff Corps. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Royal Artillery, Surgeon-Major Benjamin Tydd, from the 23rd Foot, to be Surgeon, vice Surgeon-Major Edward Gilborne, promoted on the Staff. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Staff Surgeon Alexander Duigeon Gulland, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Surgeon-Major Edward Schaw Protheroe, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Alexander William Duke, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Augustin Oliver Applin, promoted on the Staff. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Royal Engineers, Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Henry Rich, from the Seconded List, to be Lieutenant-Colonel on the Supernumerary List. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Lieutenant James Devereux Bowly is placed on the Temporary Reserved List. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Lieutenant William Thomas Wilson resigns his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.

The temporary Commissions as Lieutenant of the undermentioned Officers to be made permanent:—

Henry Waugh Renny-Tailyour. Dated 23rd July, 1870.

James Taylor Johnston. Dated 23rd July, 1870.

William Frederick Noel Noel. Dated 23rd July, 1870.

Grenadier Guards, Lieutenant and Captain the Honourable Charles George Henry Cadogan retires from the Service, receiving the value of an Ensigny and Lieutenancy. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Coldstream Guards, Lieutenant and Captain Henry Charles Adolphus Frederick William Aldenburg-Bentinck to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant and Captain H. R. Eyre, promoted. Dated 14th August, 1872.

2nd Foot, Captain Charles Edward Ilderton, from the 68th Foot, to be Captain, vice R. A. Crawford, who exchanges. Dated 19th October, 1872.

4th Foot, Lieutenant Edward William Stokes to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant J. H. MacEwen, promoted. Dated 19th October, 1872.

- 5th Foot**, Major George Carden to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel J. C. Bartley, retired upon full-pay. Dated 5th October, 1872.
- Captain and Brevet Major Norman Macdonald to be Major, vice Carden. Dated 5th October, 1872.
- Lieutenant Herbert Silverthorne Williams to be Captain, vice Brevet Major Macdonald. Dated 5th October, 1872.
- 7th Foot**, Quartermaster-Serjeant William Ames to be Quartermaster, vice Charles M'Lagan, deceased. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 14th Foot**, Lieutenant Denis John Hawkins, from the 105th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice R. J. Morrison, who exchanges. Dated 13th August, 1872.
- Lieutenant Charles David Ferrier, from the 101st Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice W. C. Barhe, retired on temporary half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 15th Foot**, Lieutenant William James Franks retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Lieutenant Henry Hoyle Oddie to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Lieutenant W. J. Franks. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 17th Foot**, Hugh Martin Short, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant F. T. Blackley, retired. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 23rd Foot**, Staff Surgeon Sydney Alder to be Surgeon, vice Surgeon-Major Benjamin Tydd, appointed to the Royal Artillery. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 24th Foot**, Captain Arthur Coleman Hallows retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 25th Foot**, Sub-Lieutenant Alfred George Strentfield Beadnell, from the 2nd West India Regiment, to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant A. C. Newman, retired. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 32nd Foot**, Captain Richard Nathaniel Cartwright Foll retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 34th Foot**, Lieutenant Charles Cecil Clayton to be Captain, vice R. J. P. Leeson, retired. Dated 21st September, 1872.
- 40th Foot**, Major the Honourable Frederick Le Poor Trench retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Lieutenant Michael Harmond Daulton Thunder, from half-pay, late 58th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice G. T. Le Breton Pipon, retired. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Henry Kennett Cavaye, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Robert Charles Dighton Wilson, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant E. Martin, retired. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 41st Foot**, Lieutenant Constantine Trent Pulteney Champion-Crespigny retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 42nd Foot**, Captain William Thomas Thompson retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 42nd Foot**, Lieutenant William McNeile Cairns to be Captain, vice H. W. Cuppage, retired. Dated 21st September, 1872.
- Walter Francis Courtenay Chichele Plowden, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Staff Assistant-Surgeon Richard Turner, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Robert Alexander Peter Grant, who exchanges. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 51st Foot**, Lieutenant Frederick Mogg, from the 28th Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Lieutenant John Guyse Sparke, from the 82nd Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice M. H. Taylor, retired. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Lieutenant William Boxwell, from the 20th Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Basil Edward Spragge, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Roderick William MacLeod, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 57th Foot**, The Commission as Adjutant of Lieutenant Charles John Matthews to be antedated to the 20th August, 1872.
- 65th Foot**, Staff Assistant-Surgeon Espine Charles Robert Ward to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice John Williams, deceased. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 66th Foot**, Quartermaster Thomas Glover Gilby retires upon half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 67th Foot**, Lieutenant George Cadell Dobbs, from 10th Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Lieutenant Halkett Francis Jackson, from 2nd West India Regiment, to be Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- De Lacy Dayrell Passy, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Lawrence Jameson Torrie, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Staff Assistant-Surgeon Charles Edward Dwyer to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Paymaster and Honorary Captain Frank Potter, from the 52nd Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Honorary Captain Henry Sheppard, retired upon temporary half-pay. Dated 10th November, 1872.
- 68th Foot**, Lieutenant Charles Clifton Hood to be Captain, vice A. P. Rogers, retired. Dated 5th October, 1872.
- Captain Robert Alexander Crawford, from the 2nd Foot, to be Captain, vice C. E. Iderton, who exchanges. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 71st Foot**, Lieutenant Henry Charles Duncombe retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 5th October, 1872.
- 78th Foot**, Staff Assistant-Surgeon William Johnston, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Nugent Wade, who exchanges. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- 79th Foot**, Lieutenant Colonel Keith Ramsay Maitland retires upon half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.
- Captain Henry Currie to be Supernumerary, on being appointed Adjutant of the 1st Administrative Battalion Dumbartonshire Rifle Volunteers. Dated 18th September, 1872.
- 80th Foot**, Paymaster Hillier Givins resigns his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.

82nd Foot, Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Richard Solly Flood to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet-Colonel D. Watson, retired upon full-pay. Dated 5th October, 1872.

Captain and Brevet-Major John Sidney Hand to be Major, vice Brevet and Lieutenant-Colonel Flood. Dated 5th October, 1872.

Lieutenant John Leonard Greenwall O'Brien to be Captain, vice Brevet Major Hand. Dated 5th October, 1872.

Colour-Serjeant Thomas Bayley to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant O'Brien. Dated 19th October, 1872.

89th Foot, Lieutenant William Sealy to be Captain, vice J. A. Barstow, retired. Dated 11th September, 1872.

98th Foot, Henry Herbert Powis, Gent., to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant G. B. Havelock, transferred to the 101st Foot. Dated 19th October, 1872.

102nd Foot, Major Henry Joseph Jepson to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet Colonel J. B. Spurgin, C.B., C.S.I., retired upon half-pay. Dated 5th October, 1872.

Captain Edward Dunbar to be Major, vice H. J. Jepson. Dated 5th October, 1872.

104th Foot, Quartermaster James Warwick retires upon half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.

105th Foot, Lieutenant Reginald James Morrison, from the 14th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice D. J. Hawkins, who exchanges. Dated 13th August, 1872.

108th Foot, Lieutenant Ernest Edward Swaine, from the Ceylon Rifles, to be Lieutenant, vice J. McLean Urquhart, promoted. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Quartermaster Thomas Hughes resigns his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.

109th Foot, Sub-Lieutenant Alred Bacon Hibgame, from the 9th Foot, to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant J. S. Mordaunt, promoted. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Rifle Brigade, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel William Augustus Fyers, C.B., retires upon half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Godfrey Clerk to be Major, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel B. F. Alexander, retired. Dated 11th September, 1872.

1st West India Regiment, Serjeant-Major Lewis Burke to be Sub-Lieutenant, in succession to Lieutenant A. R. H. Swindley, retired. Dated 19th October, 1872.

2nd West India Regiment, Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Robert William Harley, C.B., retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Lieutenant Edmond Birch retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Medical Department, Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals Thomas Longmore, C.B., to be Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals Richard James O'Flaherty, C.B., to be Inspector-General of Hospitals, vice Joshua Paynter, C.B., who retires upon half-pay. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Surgeon-Major Edward Gilborne, from the Royal Artillery, to be Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, vice Richard James O'Flaherty, C.B., promoted. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Assistant-Surgeon Charles Mackinnon, from the 20th Hussars, to be Staff Surgeon, vice Sydney Alder, appointed to the 23rd Foot. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Assistant-Surgeon Augustin Oliver Applin, from the Royal Artillery, to be Staff Surgeon, vice Alexander Dudgeon Gulland, M.D., appointed to the Royal Artillery. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Assistant-Surgeon Robert Alexander Peter Grant, from the 43rd Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice Richard Turner, M.D., who exchanges. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Assistant-Surgeon Nugent Wade, from the 78th Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice William Johnson, M.D., who exchanges. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Staff Assistant-Surgeon Horatio Edmund Maunsell, M.B., resigns his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Half-Pay, Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Digby St. Vincent Hamilton, from half-pay Unattached, and Staff Officer of Pensioners, to be Major. Dated 1st October, 1872.

Captain George Wilbraham Northey, from Adjutant, Discharge Depot, to be Major. Dated 1st October, 1872.

BREVET.

Surgeon-Major Edward Schaw Protheroe, Royal Artillery, who retires upon half-pay, to have the honorary rank of Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals. Dated 19th October, 1872.

To have the honorary rank of Major.

Captain Frederick Lewis David, retired Royal Marine Light Infantry. Dated 19th August, 1872.

Paymaster and Honorary Captain Robert Hamilton Simpson, 33rd Foot. Dated 12th September, 1872.

To have the honorary rank of Captain.

Quartermaster John Hill James, retired upon half-pay, late 10th Hussars. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Riding-Master William Matthews, retired upon half-pay, late 11th Hussars. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Quartermaster Thomas Glover Gilby, retired upon half-pay, late 66th Foot. Dated 19th October, 1872.

Quartermaster James Warwick, retired upon half-pay, late 104th Foot. Dated 19th October, 1872.

The following alterations in date of rank and promotions to take place in accordance with the provisions of the 27th Clause of the Royal Warrant of 27th December, 1870:—

General Sir J. Hope Grant, G.C.B., Colonel of the 9th Lancers, to rank as General from 23rd April, instead of 6th May, 1872.

General Sir J. G. LeMarchant, K.C.B., G.C.M.G., Colonel of the 11th Foot, to rank as General from 6th May, instead of 10th May, 1872.

General C. Gascoyne, Colonel of the 72nd Foot, to rank as General from 10th May, instead of 23rd May, 1872.

Lieutenant-General the Right Honourable W. R., Lord Sandhurst, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., Colonel of the 38th Foot, to be General. Dated 23rd May, 1872.

Lieutenant-General T. M. Wilson to rank as Lieutenant-General from 23rd April, instead of 6th May, 1872.

Lieutenant-General G. Staunton, Colonel of the 92nd Foot, to rank as Lieutenant-General from 23rd April, instead of 10th May, 1872.

Lieutenant-General C. Crutchley to rank as Lieutenant-General from 23rd April, instead of 23rd May, 1872.

Major-General Mark K. Atherley to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 6th May, 1872.

Major-General Sir Trevor Chute, K.C.B., to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 10th May, 1872.

Major-General William Gustavus Brown to be Lieutenant-General. Dated 23rd May, 1872.

MEMORANDUM.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet Colonel Sir Edward Fitzgerald Campbell, Bart., half-pay, late 60th Foot, retires from the Service, receiving the value of his Commission. Dated 19th October, 1872.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 89.)—SCOTLAND—WEST COAST.

Fixed Light on Dubh Artach Rock.

THE Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses have given notice, that on and after the 1st November, 1872, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on Dubh Artach Rock, off the Sound of Iona, West Coast of Scotland.

The light will be a *fixed light*, showing white all round the horizon, except towards the southern shore of Iona and the Torrannan Rocks, between the bearings of W. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. and S. by W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W. where it will be a *fixed red light*. It is elevated 145 feet above high water, and in clear weather should be seen at a distance of 18 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the first order.

The lighthouse stands on a rock, 47 feet above high water, and bears S.S.E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. 19 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skerryvore Lighthouse; W. by S. $\frac{1}{2}$ S. 10 miles from the Great Torrannan, and N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W. 13 miles from the north-west point of Colonsay. Position, lat. 56° 6' 10" N., long. 6° 2' W.

In foggy weather, a bell will be rung quickly for about *ten seconds*, at intervals of *thirty seconds*.

SOUND OF ISLAY.

Alteration in Light at Rudha Mhail.

Also, that on and after the 1st November, 1872, the following alteration will be made in the light of Rudha Mhail, on the Island of Islay, at the northern end of the Sound of Islay.

The *fixed light* will be altered, so as to show *red* to seaward in a westerly direction, between the bearings of S.S.W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. and E. by S., where it will be cut off by the North Coast of Islay. In all other directions it remains white as before.

[All bearings are magnetic. Variation 24 $\frac{1}{2}$ ° Westerly in 1872.]

By command of their Lordships,
Geo. Henry Richards, Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
3rd October, 1872.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Ireland, General, No. 1824 a; Scot-

land, West Coast, No. 2635; Cantyre Mull to Ardnamurchan Point, No. 2515; Sound of Iona, No. 2617; Sound of Islay, No. 2431. Also, Sailing Directions, West Coast of Scotland, Part II, pages 141 and 225; and West Coast Scotland Lights List, Nos. 266, 275.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 90.)—JAPAN—ISUMI STRAIT.

Fixed Light on Tomangia Sima.

THE Japanese Government has given notice, that a light is now exhibited from a lighthouse erected on the Island of Tomangia, in the centre of Isumi Strait.

The light is a *fixed white light*, visible from N. $\frac{1}{4}$ W. round by east and south to S.W. by W.; it is elevated 208 feet above the sea, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 19 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is of the third order.

The tower, 21 feet high, is of granite. It is situated at the western extreme of the island. Position, lat. 34° 16' 40" N., long. 135° 0' 30" E.

[All bearings are magnetic. Variation 4° 20' Westerly in 1872.]

By command of their Lordships,
Geo. Henry Richards, Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London.
8th October, 1872.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Nipon Island, No. 2347; Seto Ochi or Japan Inland Sea, No. 2875. Also, China Pilot, 4th edition, page 493.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 91.)—MEDITERRANEAN—SOUTH COAST OF FRANCE.

Fixed Light at Port Bandol.

THE French Government has given notice, that on and after the 25th October, 1872, a light will be exhibited from a lighthouse recently erected on the extremity of the Mole in Port Bandol.

The light will be a *fixed red light*, elevated 32 feet above high water, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 5 miles.

The lighthouse is an iron pillar, 20 feet high. Position, lat. 43° 7' 57" N., long. 5° 45' 18" E.

EGYPT—ALEXANDRIA.

Breakwater Light.

With reference to Notice to Mariners No. 41, dated 8th June, 1871, the Egyptian Government has given further notice, that a *red light* is exhibited from a floating pontoon, twenty yards from the end of the breakwater now in course of construction.

The light is 25 feet high, and in clear weather should be seen from a distance of 6 miles.

A red flag will be shown from the pontoon during the daytime.

By command of their Lordships,
Geo. Henry Richards, Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
10th October, 1872.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—Mediterranean Sea, General, No. 2158; Mediterranean, No. 2178 a; Cistat and St. Nazaire Bays, No. 2819; Marseille to Hyeres, No. 2607; Alexandria to Damietta, No. 2630; Ras Bultoon to Alexandria, No. 374; and Port of Alexandria, No. 243.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 92)—ENGLAND—SOUTH COAST.

Alteration in Owers Light.

THE Trinity House, London, has given notice that, on or about 1st April, 1873, the following alteration will be made in the Owers Light:—

The light will be altered from a fixed to a revolving light, showing white and red flashes, at intervals of half a minute, in the order of two white and one red.

Also, that further notice will be given when the above change has been effected.

By command of their Lordships,

Geo. Henry Richards, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
10th October, 1872.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—British Islands to Mediterranean Sea, No. 1; English Channel, No. 1598s, 2675a; Portsmouth to Beachy Head, No. 2451; Owers to Christchurch, No. 2045. Also, Channel Pilot, Part I, 3rd edition, page 196; and British Islands Light List, No. 63.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy and Comptroller of Navy Pay, Admiralty, October 12, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the amount awarded to the officers and crew of Her Majesty's ship "Plover," for the capture of the schooner "Clara S. Friend," on the 30th September, 1870.

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said award, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Due notice will be given, by future advertisement in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Wisbech, in the Isle of Ely, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the Isle of Ely aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Sessions House, Wisbech, on Wednesday, the 13th day of November, 1872, at half-past twelve o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the

Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Wisbech aforesaid.

C. Herries,
Algernon West.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, October 15, 1872.

INCOME TAX.

WHEREAS it has become necessary to renew the list of persons to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners appointed to act in the division of Grimsby, in the county of Lincoln, as Commissioners for the general purposes of the Acts of Parliament for granting to Her Majesty duties on profits arising from property, professions, trades, and offices: Now we, two of the Commissioners of Inland Revenue, in pursuance of the powers vested in us in that behalf, do hereby convene a meeting of the Land Tax Commissioners for the county aforesaid, being respectively qualified to act as such Commissioners, to be holden at the Townhall, Great Grimsby, on Tuesday, the 5th day of November, 1872, at ten o'clock, in the forenoon, for the purpose of choosing fit and proper persons to be Commissioners to supply vacancies amongst the Commissioners for the general purposes of the Income Tax Acts for the division of Grimsby aforesaid.

C. Herries,
Algernon West.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House,
London, October 15, 1872.

In the Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster.—Liverpool District.

In the Matter of the County Palatine Loan and Discount Company Limited; and in the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862 and 1867; and in the Matter of the Court of Chancery of Lancaster Act, 1850; and in the Matter of the Court of Chancery of Lancaster Act, 1854.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for winding up of the above-named Company by the Court of Chancery of the County Palatine of Lancaster was, on the 11th day of October, 1872, presented to the Right Honourable the Chancellor of the Duchy and County Palatine of Lancaster, by Samuel Melville, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, and James George Dutton, of No. 27, Church-street, Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, Book-keeper, who are creditors of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Chancellor George Little, Esq., at a sitting of the said Court, to be holden at his chambers, No. 6, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's-inn, London, on Tuesday, the 5th day of November, 1872; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Samuel Forrest, Fenwick-chambers, 8,
Fenwick-street, Liverpool, Solicitor for
the Petitioners.

THE CONTAGIOUS DISEASES (ANIMALS) ACT, 1869.

RETURN of the Number of Foreign Animals brought by Sea to Ports in Great Britain, which on inspection on landing, within the Month of September, 1872, have been found to be affected with any Contagious or Infectious Disease, specifying the Disease, and the Ports from which, and to which, such Animals were brought, and the mode in which such Animals have been disposed of.

FOREIGN PORTS from which brought.	PORTS in GREAT BRITAIN to which brought.	DISEASE.	NUMBER OF ANIMALS AFFECTED.					DISPOSAL.
			Cattle.	Sheep.	Goats.	Swine.	TOTAL.	Slaughtered at place of landing.
Carentan	Southampton	Foot-and-Mouth...	...	...	...	6	6	6
Cherbourg	Shoreham	"	1	...	...	...	1	1
Hamburg	Hartlepool	"	4	9	...	...	13	13
"	Hull	"	158	8	...	...	166	166
"	London	"	51	181	...	...	232	232
"	Middlesbrough	"	3	...	...	...	3	3
"	Newcastle-on-Tyne	"	74	...	...	...	74	74
Harlingen	Hull	"	12	4	...	11	27	26*
Honfleur	London	"	5	...	...	...	5	5
"	Shoreham	"	3	...	...	...	3	3
Husum... ..	London	Pleuro-pneumonia	18	...	...	...	18	18
Nordenham	Hull	Foot-and-Mouth...	16	8	...	...	24	24
Tonning	London	"	...	117	...	...	117	117
TOTAL ...		Foot-and-Mouth...	327	327	...	17	671	670*
		Pleuro-pneumonia	18	...	...	...	18	18
TOTAL ...			345	327	...	17	689	688*

* 1 died at the place of landing.

Privy Council Office,
Veterinary Department, October 14, 1872.

ALEXANDER WILLIAMS,
Secretary.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday, the 16th day of October, 1872.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes Issued	34,328,780	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,984,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	19,328,780
		Silver Bullion	—
	<u>£34,328,780</u>		<u>£34,328,780</u>

Dated the 17th day of October, 1872.

Frank May, Deputy Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities	13,256,546
Rest	3,145,478	Other Securities	21,330,271
Public Deposits (including Ex- chequer, Savings Banks, Com- missioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)	5,510,196	Notes	7,889,125
Other Deposits	19,465,772	Gold and Silver Coin	661,856
Seven day and other Bills	463,352		
	<u>£43,137,798</u>		<u>£43,137,798</u>

Dated the 17th day of October, 1872.

Frank May, Deputy Chief Cashier.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 8 and 9 Vict., cap. 38, of the Amount of BANK NOTES authorized by Law to be issued by the several Banks of Issue in SCOTLAND, and the Average Amount of Bank Notes in Circulation, and of Coin held during the four Weeks ending Saturday, the 5th day of October, 1872.

Name and Title as set forth in Licence.	Name of the Firm.	Head Office or Principal Place of Issue.	Circulation authorized by Certificate.	Average Circulation during four Weeks ending as above.			Average Amount of Coin held during four Weeks ending as above.		
				£5 and upwards.	Under £5.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
			£						
Bank of Scotland	The Governor and Company of the Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	343418	193850	427582	621432	329259	27960	357219
Royal Bank of Scotland	Royal Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	216451	227619	425606	653225	481013	61917	542930
British Linen Company	British Linen Company	Edinburgh	438024	163393	351331	514724	140017	23268	168285
Commercial Bank of Scotland	Commercial Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	374880	218165	509786	727951	403497	32129	435627
National Bank of Scotland	National Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	297024	169590	374512	544102	309150	37909	347060
Union Bank of Scotland	Union Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	454346	237808	498494	736302	344580	38721	383301
Aberdeen Town and County Banking Company	Aberdeen Town and County Banking Company	Aberdeen	70133	89160	102944	192104	141775	14027	155802
North of Scotland Banking Company	North of Scotland Banking Company	Aberdeen	154319	166773	153748	320522	187326	9811	197137
Clydesdale Banking Company	Clydesdale Banking Company	Glasgow	274321	165954	325966	491920	232799	28362	261161
City of Glasgow Bank	City of Glasgow Bank	Glasgow	72921	204981	366808	571789	545521	39483	585004
Caledonian Banking Company	Caledonian Banking Company	Inverness	53434	34211	64452	98663	53434	5802	59236

I hereby certify, that each of the Bankers named in the above Return, who have in Circulation an Amount of Notes beyond that authorized in their Certificate (with the exception of), have held an Amount of Gold and Silver Coin, not less than that which they are required to hold during the period to which this Return relates.

Dated this 17th day of October, 1872.

W. H. COUSINS, Officer of Stamp Duties.

SUPPLEMENT TO

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the week ending Saturday, the 5th day of October, 1872.

The undermentioned Parties having omitted to transmit their Account in proper time to be inserted in the Gazette of Tuesday, the 15th day of October, 1872.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£
Old Bank, Tonbridge, Tonbridge and Tonbridge } Wells Old Bank, Tonbridge and Tonbridge } Wells and Sevenoaks Bank }	Tonbridge ...	Beeching and Co. ...	9,897

W. H. COUSINS, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue, Somerset House, October 17, 1872.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of BULLION and SPECIE registered in the Week ended 16th October, 1872.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
France	2,447	...	2,447	91,008	4,000	95,008
United States of America ...	...	610	610	1,888,909	53,360	1,942,269
Mexico, South America (except Brazil), and West Indies ...	915	3,176	4,091	324,792	55,776	380,568
Other Countries	1,361	174	1,535	9,812	1,200	11,012
...
...
Aggregate of the Importations } registered in the Week ... }	4,723	3,960	8,683	2,314,521	114,336	2,428,857
Declared Value of the said } Importations }	£ 18,692	£ 15,839	£ 34,531	£ 578,632	£ 28,584	£ 607,216

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.			British.	Foreign.		
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Sweden ... ..	...	...	4,370	4,370	...	...	...	...
Belgium ... ..	...	50,000	...	50,000	...	...	64,000	64,000
France	2,550	264	...	2,814	...	8,240	36,600	44,840
Portugal	1,250	...	...	1,250	...	...	...	...
Egypt	9,157	...	...	9,157	...	...	255,640	255,640
Cape of Good Hope	32,850	...	...	32,850	26,000	...	...	26,000
Other Countries	138	...	...	138	286	1,200	4,000	5,486
...
...
Aggregate of the Exportations } registered in the Week ... }	45,945	50,264	4,370	100,579	26,286	9,440	360,240	395,966
Declared Value of the said } Exportations }	£ 182,587	£ 181,058	£ 18,400	£ 383,045	£ 6,580	£ 2,360	£ 90,060	£ 99,000

Statistical Department, Custom House, London,
October 17, 1872.

STE. BOURNE,
Assistant Principal.

India Office, October 17, 1872.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received Madras Gazettes, containing the following Notices that the undermentioned Insolvents filed their Petitions in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11 Victoria, cap. 21 :—

Petitions filed praying for relief.

Notice is hereby given, that petitions to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors were filed on the 20th day of June last, by Pagadala Moonesawmy Chetty, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 190, in Pavarlacars-street, in the Black Town of Madras, and Rice Merchant, but at present without employ; on the 21st day of June last, by Gooropauthum Vencatachellum Moodelly, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 2, in Vencatasa Maistry-street, in the Black Town of Madras, and late a Merchant, but at present without employ; and by Paukum Chennacasava Moodelly, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 69, in Iyah Moodelly-street, at Chintaudrepettah, within the local limits of Madras, and a Pensioner of Government; on the 28th day of June last, by Conjeveram Kistnasawmy Moodelly, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 57, in Chinnatambystreet, Peddoonaick's Pettah, in the Black Town of Madras, and a Merchant lately carried on business as a Baker, but now without employ; on the 4th day of July instant, by Mookalore Chenchiah Chetty and Mookalore Pitchiah Chetty, members of an undivided Hindoo family, residing at No. 91, in Annah Pillay-street, in the Black Town of Madras, the said Mookalore Chenchiah Chetty is without employ, and the said Mookalore Pitchiah Chetty is employed as a Goomastah in the service of one Bomme Chetty Ramanah Chetty; on the 8th day of July instant, by Chellappah Aucharry, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 41, in Nyuiappah Maistry-street, in Peddoonaickspett, in the Black Town of Madras, and lately a Timber Contractor, but at present a Labourer; on the 9th day of July instant, by Batta Moonesawmy Chetty, Batta Lutchmiah Chetty, and Batta Narrainsawmy Chetty, Hindoo inhabitants of Madras, residing at No. 44, Yada-paulum-street, Peddoonaick's Pettah, in the Black Town of Madras, lately carried on business at Bangalore, as Shop Keepers, in copartnership, under the name, style, and firm of B. Moonesawmy Chetty and Co., but now without employ; on the 11th day of July instant, by James Carr, Attorney for David Ross, inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 44, in Vepery High-road, at Vepery, within the local limits of Madras, and employed as a Lithographer in the Lawrence Asylum Press; by Patrick George Winter, an inhabitant of Madras, residing in Leonard's-street, at Royappettah, within the local limits of Madras, and employed as an Acting Master Tailor in the Clothing Board Office, at Madras; by Conjatty Pitchiah Chetty, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 29, in Aucharappen-street, in the Black Town of Madras, and lately carried on the business of a Grain Broker, at present without employ; by Royappettah Chellacoottee Naicker, a Dazaarman, and a Hindoo inhabitant, residing at No. 44, in Ummen Covil-street, at Royappettah, within the local limits of Madras; by Mr. Willie Grant, Attorney for Henry Adolphus Secluna, a European British subject, residing at No. 6, in Antony-street, at John Pereira's, and employed as an Assistant at Messrs. P. Orr and Sons, on the Mount-road,

within the local limits of Madras; and by Charles Michael Angello, an inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 118, in Tunnah-street, at Royapoorum, within the local limits of Madras, and a Clerk in the service of C. Ruthnavaloo Moodelly, a Vakeel; on the 12th day of July instant, by Mandoopauliem Moonesawmy Chetty, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 28, in Nursiah's-street, at Washerman's Pettah, within the local limits of Madras, and lately a Shop Keeper, but now without employ; on the 18th day of July instant, by Mr. Alfred Champion, Attorney for Pauloo Vadavaloo Moodelly, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 1, in Sambiah-street, in the Black Town of Madras, without employ, and at present a Prisoner in Her Majesty's Civil Jail at Madras, the said Insolvents severally being and residing within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, praying for the benefit of the Act passed 11th Victoria, chapter 21, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India;" and on the same days orders were respectively made by the said Insolvent Court, vesting the estates and effects of the said Pagadala Moonesawmy Chetty, Gooropauthum Vencatachellum Moodelly, Paukum Chennacasava Moodelly, Conjeveram Kistnasawmy Moodelly, Mookalore Chenchiah Chetty and Mookalore Pitchiah Chetty, Chelappah Aucharry, Batta Moonesawmy Chetty, Batta Lutchmiah Chetty, and Batta Narrainsawmy Chetty, David Ross, Patrick George Winter, Conjatty Pitchiah Chetty, Royappettah Chellacoottee Naicker, Henry Adolphus Secluna, Charles Michael Angello, Mandoopauliem Moonesawmy Chetty, and Pauloo Vadavaloo Moodelly, in Benjamin Brooks, Esq., the Official Assignee of the said Court. Date of Gazette containing notice, July 23, 1872.

A. Macdonald Ritchie, Chief Clerk.

Madras, Chief Clerk's Office,
18th July, 1872.

Notice is hereby given, that petitions to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors were filed on the 23rd day of July instant, by Tyhoor Annasawmy Moodelly, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 5, in Thundoo Condul Iyer-street, at Peddo Naickspeettah, in the Black Town of Madras, and lately carried on business as a Merchant, but now without employ; on the 24th day of July instant, by Gregory D'Souza, an inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 85, in Church-street, at Pancherry, in the Black Town of Madras, and employed as a Foreman in the "Adelphi Press;" and by Arcot Soobaroya Moodelly, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 5, in Tholasingam-street, at Washermanspeettah, within the local limits of Madras, and a Native Physician and Private Practitioner, and late a Merchant, and now without employ; the said Insolvents severally being and residing within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, praying for the benefit of the Act passed 11th Victoria, chapter 21, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India;" and on the same days orders were respectively made by the said Insolvent Court, vesting the estates and effects of the said Tyhoor Annasawmy Moodelly, Gregory D'Souza, and Arcot Soobaroya Moodelly; in Benjamin Brooks, Esq., the Official Assignee of the said Court. Date of Gazette containing notice, July 30, 1872.

A. Macdonald Ritchie, Chief Clerk.

Madras, Chief Clerk's Office,
24th July, 1872.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors were filed on the 20th day of July instant, by Chemannally Thoolookana Chetty and Chemannally Moonosawmy Chetty, Hindoo inhabitants of Madras, residing at No. 187, in Lingee Chetty-street, at the Black Town of Madras, and lately carried on business as Rice Merchants, but at present without employ; by Cunnampollium Moonesawmy Chetty, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 23, in Poneappa Chetty-street, in the Black Town of Madras, and a Prisoner in Her Majesty's Debtors' Jail; and by Deerungoody Kistnasawmy Iyer, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, without employ, and residing at No. 16, in Sooriyanarayana Chetty-street, in Royapoorum, within the local limits of Madras, but now a Prisoner in Her Majesty's Debtors' Jail; and on the 22nd day of July instant, by Cankarapaurthee Soobroya Chetty, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 117, in Vurdamootenappen-street, in the Black Town of Madras, and lately carried on the business of a Culinary Merchant, but at present out of business; by Dannum Etherajooloo Naidoo, a Hindoo inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 4, in Sawmy Naidoo-street, at Chintadrepettah, within the local limits of Madras, and employed as a Teacher in the Anglo-Vernacular School at Pareamettoo, within the local limits of Madras; and by Shaik Hamed, a Mahomedan inhabitant of Madras, residing on the High-road, at Triplicane, within the local limits of Madras, and employed as a Jamedar in the service of Prince Oomdutt Ood Dowlah Mahommud Nooroollah Khan Bahadoor Juruth Jung; the said Insolvents severally being and residing within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, praying for the benefit of the Act passed 11th Victoria, chapter 21, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India;" and on the same days orders were respectively made by the said Insolvent Court, vesting the estates and effects of the said Chemannally Thoolookana Chetty and Chemannally Moonosawmy Chetty, Cunnampollium Moonesawmy Chetty, Deerungoody Kistnasawmy Iyer, Cankarapaurthee Soobroya Chetty, Dannum Etherajooloo Naidoo, and Shaik Hamed; in Benjamin Brooks, Esq., Official Assignee of the said Court. Date of Gazette containing notice, July 30, 1872.

Notice is hereby given, that Petitions to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors was filed on the 25th day of July last, by Mr. Alfred Champion, Attorney for Edward Robinson, an inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 99, in Pathalavignasever-street, in the Black Town of Madras, and employed as a Clerk in the office of Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.; on the 1st day of August instant, by Khader Hussain Saib, a Mahomedan inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 15, in Chinnappah Rowther-street, at Triplicane, within the local limits of Madras, and late a Bazaarman trading in Betel-nut and Tobacco, but now a Gomastah in the service of Mahomed Moorjaraza Saib; and on the 5th day of August instant, by Ellis Fandlaven, otherwise called Fandlaven Ellis, an inhabitant of Madras, residing at No. 9, in Lynn Pereira's-street, at Saint Thomé, within the local limits of Madras, and a Pensioner on the Appellate Side of the High Court, the said Insolvents severally being and residing within the jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, praying for the benefit of the Act passed 11th Victoria, chapter 21, intituled "An Act to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to Insolvent Debtors in India;" and on the same days

orders were respectively made by the said Insolvent Court, vesting the estates and effects of the said Edward Robinson, Khader Hoossain Saib, and Ellis Fandlaven, otherwise called Fandlaven Ellis, in Benjamin Brooks, Esq., the Official Assignee of the said Court. Date of Gazette containing notice, August 13, 1872.

A. Macdonald Ritchie, Chief Clerk.

Madras, Chief Clerk's Office,
5th August, 1872.

India Office, October 17, 1872.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received a Madras Gazette, containing the following Notice of Orders made by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11 Victoria, cap. 21:—

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at
Madras.

	Per Cent.
RS. A. P.	
Estate of Mankum Govindoo Chetty, Mankum Ramanah Chetty, and Mankum Vencatasawmy Chetty, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	0 2 5
Estate of William Turner Gomes, 1st Petition, 3rd Dividend, at the rate of ...	4 11 0
Estate of Francis Goodall, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	6 0 0
Estate of James Richard Hogg, 1st Petition, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	4 3 0
Estate of James Richard Hogg, 2nd Petition, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	13 3 0
Estate of Charles Augustus Montague Hogg, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	5 0 0
Estate of William Walker, 3rd Dividend, at the rate of ...	14 2 0
Estate of Ghoolam Mahomed Khan Mooneer Ood Dowlah Bahadoor Issaruth Jung, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	7 14 2
Estate of John Emanuel Boyle, 1st and final Dividend, at the rate of ...	100 0 0
Estate of George Albert Claudius, 1st and final Dividend, at the rate of ...	100 0 0

All creditors of the above Estates must apply and prove their debts to the Official Assignee on or before the 16th day of November next, and those of the under-mentioned Estates, on or before the 14th day of November next, otherwise their Dividends will be deposited in the Government Treasury as Unclaimed Dividend.

	Per Cent.
RS. A. P.	
Estate of John Anthony Hopwood, 1st Petition, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	11 12 0
Estate of John Anthony Hopwood, 2nd Petition, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	2 12 0
Estate of Luke Lazarus King, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	11 0 0
Estate of William Eugene Adolphus Luza, 2nd Petition, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	4 9 6
Estate of Charles Martinez, 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	18 0 0
Estate of John Johnson, Esq., Member of the firm of Messrs. Taylor and Co., 1st Dividend, at the rate of ...	2 9 0

	Per Cent.	rs.	A.	P.
Estate of Charles Henry Mitchell, 1st				
Dividend, at the rate of ...	18	8	0	
Estate of Charles Edward Rost, 2nd				
Dividend, at the rate of ...	31	0	0	
Estate of Vellore Shunmoogum, 3rd				
Dividend, at the rate of ...	25	0	0	

In pursuance of Orders of this Court made in the above matters, and respectively dated 16th day of August, 1872, the above Dividends will be paid at the Office of the Official Assignee of the said Court, on Saturdays, between the hours of twelve and two o'clock P.M.

B. Brooks, Official Assignee.

Date of Gazette containing notice, August 27, 1872.

India Office, October 17, 1872.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received a Calcutta Gazette, containing the following notices of Orders made by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11 Victoria, cap. 21.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the Matter of Howard Clarton, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 2nd day of September instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 23rd day of November next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.—Robertson and Co., Attorneys. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 11, 1872.

In the Matter of Edward Mahoney Pascal, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 3rd day of September instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Saturday, the 3rd day of November next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.—Insolvent in person. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 11, 1872.

India Office, October 17, 1872.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received a Calcutta Gazette, containing the following Notices that the undermentioned Insolvents filed their Petitions in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there, under the provisions of the Act 11 Victoria, cap. 21:—

Petitions filed praying for relief.

In the Matter of Howard Clarton, at present residing at No. 60, Circular-road, in the town of Calcutta, and carrying on business in Calcutta aforesaid, as a Merchant and Agent, under the style of H. Clarton and Co., an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21, was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 2nd day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.—Robertson and Co., Attorneys. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 11, 1872.

In the Matter of Edward Mahoney Pascal, of No. 6, Weston's-lane, in the town of Calcutta, late Builder and Contractor, of Rangoon, British Burmah, an Insolvent.

Notice, that the Petition of the said Insolvent, seeking the benefit of the Act 11 Vic., cap. 21,

was filed in the office of the Chief Clerk on Tuesday, the 3rd day of September instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.—Insolvent in person. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 11, 1872.

India Office, October 17, 1872.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that he has received a Calcutta Gazette, containing the following Notice that the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors there hath, under the provisions of the Act 11 Victoria, cap. 21, adjudged that the undermentioned person committed an Act of Insolvency.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the Matter of Troyluckonauth Roy, lately residing and carrying on the trade and business of a Brazier, at Rammohun Mullick's Postah, at Burra Bazar, in Calcutta, under the name or style of Ryechn Roy and Troyluckonauth Roy, an Insolvent.

On Thursday, the 5th day of September instant, it was, on the petition of Tarrucknath Poramanick, Ramrutton Poramanick, Gopaul Chunder Bannerjee, and Shama Churn Dutt, Merchants, carrying on business in copartnership, under the name or style of Tarrucknath Poramanick and Isser Chunder Coondoo, Chunder Coomar Coondoo, Rajcoomar Poramanick, and Mutty Lall Coondoo, carrying on business in copartnership, under the name or style of Isser Chunder Coondoo and Chunder Coomar Coondoo, creditors of the said Insolvent, adjudged that the said Troyluckonauth Roy hath committed an act of insolvency under the provisions of the Act 11 Vict., cap. 21, and by another order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.—Swinhoe, Law, and Co., Attorneys. Date of Gazette containing notice, September 11, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made by the Blake Sole Sewing Machine Company Limited, by petition to Her Majesty in Council, for a prolongation of the term of sole using and vending within the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and Isle of Man, an invention of a "new and useful or improved machine for sewing a sole on a boot or shoe," granted to Lyman Reed Blake, then of the State of Massachusetts, of the United States of America, by Her Majesty's Letters Patent, bearing date the 3rd May, 1859, No. 1111, which said Letters Patent are now vested in the said Blake Sole Sewing Machine Company Limited.

And notice is hereby given, that the said Blake Sole Sewing Machine Company Limited, intend to apply to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, on the 26th day of November next, or, if the said Judicial Committee shall not sit on that day, at the next sitting of the said Judicial Committee after that day, for a time to be fixed for the hearing of the matter of their said petition, and any person intending to oppose the said application must lodge a caveat to that effect at the Council Office, on or before that date.—Dated this 4th day of October, 1872.

Wilson, Bristows, and Carpmal, No. 1, Copthall-buildings, Solicitors of the above-named Petitioners.

In the Matter of Letters Patent, bearing date the 29th day of March, in the year of our Lord 1859, and granted to Thomas Carr, of Bebington, in the county of Chester, Artificial Manure Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for disintegrating artificial manures, and various other substances."

NOTICE is hereby given, that Thomas Carr, formerly of Bebington, in the county of Chester, Artificial Manure Manufacturer, but now of Apsley-villa, Montpelier, in the city of Bristol, Engineer, intends to apply by petition, in pursuance of the statute in that case made and provided, to Her Majesty in Council, for a prolongation of the term of the said Letters Patent.

And notice is hereby further given, that the said Petitioner intends to apply by Counsel to the Judicial Council of the Privy Council, on the 2nd day of December next, or, if the said Judicial Committee shall not sit on that day, then at the next sitting of the said Judicial Committee after that date, for a time to be fixed for hearing the matter of the said petition, and that on or before said 2nd day of December, notice must be given of any opposition intended to be made to the said petition, and any person intending to oppose the said application must lodge a caveat to that effect at the Privy Council Office, on or before that date.

—Dated the 2nd of October, 1872.

Gregory, Rowcliffes, and Co., 1, Bedford-row, London; Agents for Messrs. Benson and Elletson, of Bristol, Solicitors for the above-named Petitioner.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
2970. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Benjamin Joseph Barnard Mills, of the firm of Harris and Mills, 35, Southampton-buildings, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agents, praying for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in electro magnetic clocks,"—a communication to him from abroad by William Monroe Davis, of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, Ohio, United States of America,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of October, 1872, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
2994. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of George Haseltine, of the "International" Patent Office, Southampton-buildings, London, Doctor of Laws, praying for Letters Patent for the invention of "improvements in machines for sewing books, pamphlets, or sheets of paper,"—a communication to him from abroad by Deborah Shedd, of the city and State of New York, United States of America,—was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 10th day of October, 1872, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed—

1741. To Henry Melton Marsden, Wool Shear

Manufacturer, Don Saw Works, Hillfoot, Sheffield, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in the construction and manufacture of wool and other similar shears, and in apparatus used therein, parts of which improvements are applicable to the production of improved blanks for solid weavers', pickers', and joiners' plane irons."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 10th day of June, 1872.

1953. To Henry Giroud, of Paris, Department of Seine, in the French Republic, Merchant, for the invention of "a new and improved Rheometric Regulator for gas burners."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 28th day of June, 1872.

1971. To Henry Jewitt, of Kentish Town, in the county of Middlesex, Importer, for the invention of "a new and improved toy."—A communication to him from abroad by William W. Rose, of New York, United States of America.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 29th day of June, 1872.

2113. To Henri Magaud, residing 54, Great Portland-street, London, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of feather trimmings, and in apparatus therefor."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 13th day of July, 1872.

2198. To Jean Louis de Negroni, of No. 2, Boulevard du Temple, Paris, in the Republic of France, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in stoppering bottles and other vessels."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 23rd day of July, 1872.

2430. To Edward Thomas Hughes, of the firm of Hughes and Son, Patent Agents, 123, Chancery-lane, London, for the invention of "an improved system or mode of manufacturing cigars and cigarettes in which the bunches or interiors are formed of cut tobacco, having all its qualities preserved, and the ends of the cigars which are put in the mouth made impermeable."—A communication to him from abroad by Monsieur le Comte Edgar de Lannoy Clervaux, of 34, Rue du Progrès, Schaerbeck, Brussels, in the Kingdom of Belgium.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 15th day of August, 1872.

2476. To Augustus Deiss, of Plaistow, in the county of Essex, Chemist, for the invention of "a new or improved process of percolation for the purpose of extracting fatty, resinous, and similar matters."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 20th day of August, 1872.

2502. To Charles O'Laughlin Lamb Prendergast, of Wokingham, in the county of Berks, Captain in the Bengal Staff Corps, for the invention of "improved means and apparatus whereby passengers in a railway train can communicate a signal to the guard and driver."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 22nd day of August, 1872.

2560. To William Green, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Machinist, for the invention of "an improved apparatus for effecting the saving of fuel used for domestic purposes."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of August, 1872.

2613. To William Douglas, of 5, Pearson-street, Battersea, Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of concrete blocks for building purposes, construction of sea-walls, fortifications, piers, and other structures." On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of September, 1872.

2674. To Allen Ransome, of King's-road, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in morticing machines."—A communication to him from abroad by John Richards, of Philadelphia City, in the United States of America.

2676. And to James Crabtree, of Liversedge, in the county of York, Loom Tuner, for the invention of "a new or improved apparatus for and means of winding weft on the 'pins' of shuttles of looms for weaving, so as to dispense with use of bobbins and spool tubes."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of September, 1872.

2712. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in effecting the purification of cast iron, malleable iron, cast steel, and malleable steel, and other metals or alloys."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Baptiste Lucien Forquignon, of Nancy, Mining Engineer, and Leon Michel Ehrmann, of Paris, in the Republic of France, Chimiste.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 12th day of September, 1872.

2746. To Edward Thomas Hughes, of the firm of Hughes and Son, Patent Agents, 123, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "the treatment of greasy and washing liquors used in scouring or cleaning wool by caustic baryta or strontia."—A communication to him from abroad by Louis Gustave Ghilain Daudenart and Edmond Verbert, of 34, Rue du Progrès, Schaerbeek, Brussels.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 16th day of September, 1872.

2784. To Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for the invention of "improvements in air engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Philo Leavitt, of the city and State of New York, United States of America.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 19th day of September, 1872.

2794. To Michael Henry, of Fleet-chambers, 68, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in the mode of and apparatus for propelling ships and other vessels."—A communication to him from abroad by Salvatore Bellotti and Ruggiero Petvini, both of 17, Boulevard Saint Martin, Paris, France.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 20th day of September, 1872.

2798. To François Lebacq, of No. 17, Crown-street, Soho-square, in the county of Middlesex, London, for the invention of "improving the construction of horse shoes by the application of grooves to the posterior portion of the horse's shoe, preventing contraction of the feet, and

also correcting such contractions when they already exist."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 21st day of September, 1872.

2802. To Charles Wassall, of the firm of William Wassall and Sons, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, for the invention of "an improved dress suspender."

2810. And to Rudolph Wappenstein, of the City-road, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus to be used in connection with mechanism for registering and indicating the number of persons entering and leaving omnibuses, steamboats, theatres, and similar places."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 23rd day of September, 1872.

2822. To Campbell Morfit, of Baltimore, State of Maryland, United States of America, Chemist, but at present of 35, Southampton-buildings, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the reclamation of materials employed in the manufacture of di-phosphate and tri-phosphate of lime."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 24th day of September, 1872.

2838. To Philip John Davies, of Campsbourne-terrace, High-street, Hornsey, in the county of Middlesex, Plumber and Hydraulic Engineer, for the invention of "an improved regulating and shut off apparatus for liquids."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 25th day of September, 1872.

2846. To John Maddock, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for controlling and locking railway signals."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 26th day of September, 1872.

2848. To Robert Henelade Courtenay, of Meyrick-road, Clapham Junction, in the county of Surrey, Heliographic Engraver, for the invention of "an improved method of producing and using surface blocks for line and photographic printing from nature."

2850. And to Henry Lander, of Shaftesbury-road, Mere, in the county of Wilts, Farmer, for the invention of "improvements in collecting and loading hay into waggons, and apparatus therefor."

On both their petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 27th day of September, 1872.

2882. To Alexander Melville Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in bearings for spindles, and shafts for the better lubrication of the same."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Franklin Wilson and Jesse Edward Folk, both of Brooklyn, in the county of Kings, and State of New York, United States of America.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 30th day of September, 1872.

2894. To Allen Ransome, of King's-road, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in sand papering machinery."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 1st day of October, 1872.

2911. To Henri Adrien Bonneville, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 18, Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin, Paris, France, and 6, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "an improved metal lashing for ships' stays."—A communication from Aimé Mehu, a person resident at St. Malo, France.
2912. To Frederick Hazeldine, of Lant-street, Borough, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of multitubular steam boilers."
2913. To Hamilton Brown Barnett and William Bertram Mitford Slade, of Gracechurch-street, in the city of London, for the invention of "improvements in the preparation or production of disinfecting anti-septic, and cleansing liquids."
2915. To Bristow Hunt, of No. 1, Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "an improved method or process to be employed in printing and ornamenting surfaces."—A communication to him from abroad by Joseph Louis Wells and Thomas Ellwood Zell, both of Philadelphia, in the United States of America.
2917. To William Rowlandson, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for the invention of "an improved machine for cleaning skins."
2918. To Charles Henry Southall, of Leeds, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for rivetting the soles of boots and shoes to the uppers, and paring and finishing the edges of the soles and heels, and finishing the bottoms."
2919. To James Barbour, of Belfast, in the county of Antrim, Kingdom of Ireland, for the invention of "improvements in hackling machine holders, and in the mode of screwing the material to be hackled therein."
2920. To John Saunders and Joseph Piper, both of Cookley Iron Works, near Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester, for the invention of "improvements in coating tin andterne plates, and in apparatus employed therein."
2921. To William Edward Gedge, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "a new or improved hydraulic auto-motor motive power engine."—A communication to him from abroad by Victor Michel Loir, of No. 64, Faubourg St. Martin, Paris, France.
2922. To William Edward Gedge, of No. 11, Wellington-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "an improvement in feed surfaces for sewing or embroidering machines."—A communication to him from abroad by Emile Cornély, of No. 64, Faubourg, St. Martin, Paris, France.
2923. To Carl Heinrich Siemens, of No. 3, Great George-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in electrical step-by-step instruments and apparatus for giving and receiving telegraphic messages, and for communicating signals and controlling point and signal apparatus on railways, also partly applicable to other signalling purposes."—The result partly of a communication made to him from abroad by Dr. Werner Siemens, of Berlin, in the Empire of Germany, and partly of an invention and discovery made by himself.
2925. And to Edward Griffith Brewer, of 89, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for the manufacture of rivets, bolts, metal covers, and other articles produced by stamping."—A communication to him from abroad by Jules Armand Le-Blanc and Auguste Jean Vincent, both of Paris, France, Mechanical Engineers.
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 3rd day of October, 1872.
2928. To John Weetman Hickman, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Brass Cock Founder, for the invention of "certain improvements in taps or cocks for drawing off fluids and liquids."
2929. To Edward Gray, of Colesberg-Kop, in Africa, but at present residing in Kirkcaldy, in the county of Fife, North Britain, for the invention of "improved hydrostatic governors for marine engines."
2930. To John Gay Newton Alleyne, of the Butterley Iron Works, Alfreton, in the county of Derby, Baronet, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for the manufacture and refining of sugar and rum or other spirit."
2931. To John Nicholson, of Poplar, in the county of Middlesex, and George Skinner, of Leicester, in the county of Leicester, Engineers, for the invention of "a new or improved steam generator or boiler."
2932. To George Bligh Capel, Hope Chemical Works, Hackney wick, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the fittings of ships to be used to carry earth, oil, and other liquids."
2933. To William Robert Lake, of the firm of Haseltine, Lake, & Co., Patent Agents, Southampton-buildings, London, for the invention of "improvements in spindles for spinning machines, and in apparatus connected therewith."—A communication to him from abroad by David Hall Rice, of Lowell, Massachusetts, United States of America.
2934. To Hamilton Brown Barnett and William Bertram Mitford Slade, of Gracechurch-street, in the city of London, for the invention of "improved manufacture of fluids for deodorizing and disinfecting purposes."
2935. To William Carwood, of Queen-street, Finsbury, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in presses for embossing and printing, and in the mode of working the same."
2936. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in governors or apparatus for regulating the speed of steam or other motive power engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Armand Callaud, of Paris, France.
2937. And to William Morrison and John Mitchell, both of Hadfield, in the county of Derby, for the invention of "improvements in self acting mules."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of October, 1872.
2939. To Duncan McColl, Bricklayer and Furnace Builder, and James Gillespie, Master Slater, both of Paisley, in the county of Renfrew, North Britain, for the invention of "improvements in furnaces for the consuming of their smoke."
2940. To Theodore Kromer, of Neustadt, in the Grand Duchy of Baden, but at present of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in locks and latches."

2941. To George Robbe, of 152, Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, Merchant, for the invention of "a medical preparation applicable to the treatment of what is known as 'foot and mouth disease' in cattle."—A communication to him from abroad by Jean Michel Brunet, residing at Dieppe, in the Republic of France.
2942. To James Jennings McComb, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in metallic ties for cotton bales."—A communication to him from abroad by Frederic Cook, of New Orleans, in the State of Louisiana, United States of America.
2943. To Edward John Payne, of Packwood, in the county of Warwick, Architect, and William Clarke, of Dudley, in the county of Worcester, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in converting or partially converting iron into steel."
2944. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in shingling and drawing hammers."—A communication to him from abroad by Marcelin Liogier, of Paris, in the Republic of France.
2945. And to Michel Doubelt, of Saint Petersburg, in the Empire of Russia, General in the Russian Cavalry, for the invention of "improvements in the means and apparatus for the transmission and registration of telegraphic despatches."—A communication to him by Pierre Kniaghininsky, Nicolas Sewastganoff, and Dmitry Dornowo, all of Saint Petersburg, in the Empire of Russia.
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 5th day of October, 1872.
2946. To Frederick Forder, of Bilston-street, Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Coach Builder, for the invention of "an improved clip holder for the springs of road vehicles."
2947. To John Macintosh, of Bayswater, and William Boggett, of Chelsea, both in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in treating and applying animal membranes, and in constructing articles therewith, comprising vessels to contain air, and in valves for inflating the same, which valves are applicable to other useful purposes."
2948. To Peter Aitken, of the city of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Jeweller, for the invention of "a new or improved gas cooking and heating apparatus or stove."
2949. To Frederick William Follows, John Bale, and Samuel Edwards, all of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Agricultural Implement Makers, for the invention of "improvements in chaff cutting machines."
2951. To (Jean Conrad) Meyer, of Boulevard de Strasbourg, 23, at Paris, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in steam boilers, and in furnaces to be employed therewith."
2952. To Robert Mallet, of Westminster-chambers, in the city of Westminster, Civil Engineer, and Henry Scholefield, of the town and county of Newcastle upon Tyne, Mineral Broker, for the invention of "improvements in effecting the massing or agglomeration of mineral substances."
2953. To William Gardner, of No. 42, White Lion-street, Pentonville, in the county of Middlesex, Safe Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in safes, cash-boxes, jewel-

boxes, and other similar receptacles for valuable property."

2954. And to James Bailey, of 84, Upper Whitecross-street, Saint Lukes, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the supply of water to water closets, urinals, and other places, and in apparatus therefor."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the office of the Commissioners, on the 7th day of October, 1872.
2955. To Arthur Auckland Cochrane, of the city of Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in boilers."
2957. To John Buchanan, of Greenock, in the county of Renfrew, North Britain, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the propulsion of ships."
2958. To Samuel Brooke, of the firm of Samuel Brooke and Company, of Brighouse, in the county of York, Card Makers, for the invention of "improvements in carding engines."
2959. To William Lorberg, of North Bow, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "a new or improved process for the manufacture of soap."
2960. To Frederick Render, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Miller and Corn Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in machines for dressing flour."
2961. To John Wilkinson the younger, Samuel Fillingham, and James Pardoe, all of St. Helens Mills, Leeds, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for scouring, preparing for printing, bleaching, cleansing, drying, and beaming worsted, woollen, or other yarns."
2962. To Thomas Cox and William Holland, of the firm of Cox Brothers and Holland, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturers, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of runners and top notches for umbrellas and parasols."
2963. To Joseph Cox, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Machinist, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for the manufacture of rivets, bolts, and spikes."
2964. And to Henry Larkin, of Theydon Gernon, in the county of Essex, Andrew Leighton, of No. 16, South Castle-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, and William White, of No. 30, Thurlow-road, Hampstead, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the production of iron and steel."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of October, 1872.
2968. To (Alfred Joseph) Bernard, of Boulevard de Strasbourg, No. 23, at Paris, Lamp-maker, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of lamps."
2972. To James Kenyon, of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturer and Cotton Spinner, for the invention of "improvements in the arrangement and construction of fire grates for domestic purposes, which improvements are also applicable to fire grates of the ordinary description."
2974. And to Benjamin Tanner, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of artificial manures."
- On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 9th day of October, 1872.
- Erratum in Gazette of Friday, October 11, 1872. 2889. For "by Charles Jules Schultze" read "by Charles Julius Schultze."

PATENTS WHICH HAVE BECOME VOID.

LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £50, before the expiration of the third year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vic., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 12th day of October, 1872.

2900. John William Powell, of East-lane, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, Brass Founder, for an invention of "an improved valve-cock."—Dated 6th October, 1869.
2902. Herbert Holmes and Arthur Holmes, both of Derby, in the county of Derby, Carriage Builders, for an invention of "improvements in axle-trees for carriages and other vehicles."—Dated 6th October, 1869.
2904. Edwin Russ, Henry Hammond, and Edwin Hammond, all of Winchester, in the county of Hants, for an invention of "improvements in breech loading fire-arms."—Dated 6th October, 1869.
2915. Hermann Schildberg, of Westminster-chambers, Victoria-street, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, for an invention of "improved signalling apparatus for use in private or public buildings."—Communicated to him from abroad by Hugo Becker, of Berlin, in the Kingdom of Prussia.—Dated 7th October, 1869.
2916. William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "an improved form of wheel for propelling ships, and applicable also to pumps for raising or forcing water."—Communicated to him from abroad by Colin Taylor Finlayson, of Albany, in the State of Oregon, and Alfred Colburn Loud, of San Francisco, in the State of California, United States of America.—Dated 7th October, 1869.
2919. Dillwyn Parrish, of Threadneedle-street, in the city of London, for an invention of "improvements in axle boxes."—Communicated to him from abroad by Davis Henry Dotterer, of Philadelphia, in the United States of America.—Dated 8th October, 1869.
2923. William Robert Lake, of the "International Patent Office," No. 8, Southampton-buildings, London, Consulting Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in pedals and damping apparatus for pianofortes and other similar instruments."—Communicated to him from abroad by Edward Zachariae, of Löhnberg, in the Kingdom of Prussia.—Dated 8th October, 1869.
2930. Joseph Wallace, of No. 20, College-square East, Belfast, for an invention of "an improved method of, and apparatus for, distilling alcoholic liquors."—Dated 8th October, 1869.
2932. Ann Brooman, of Camberwell, in the county of Surrey, Widow and sole administratrix of Clinton Edgcumbe Brooman, late of the firm of Robertson, Brooman, and Company, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agents, deceased, for an invention of "improvements in liquid meters or apparatus for measuring the flow of liquids."—Communicated to the said Clinton Edgcumbe Brooman from abroad by Michel Greyveldinger and Company, of 23, Boulevard de Strasbourg, Paris, France.—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2937. David Sowden and Reuben Calvert Stephenson, of Bradford, in the county of York, Machine Makers, and John Myers, of the same place, Overlooker, for an invention of "improvements in looms for weaving."—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2938. Benjamin Baugh and Benjamin Walters, both of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturers, for an invention of "improvements in ornamenting bricks, building blocks, and roofing and other tiles."—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2940. Henry Reid, of Herne Bay, in the county of Kent, for an invention of "improvements in the treatment and preparation of clays for the manufacture of Portland and other cements."—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2941. Walter Noel Hartley, of Litchfield, in the county of Stafford, Fellow of the Chemical Society, for an invention of "improvements in whitening or bleaching yarns, fabrics, and fibrous substances."—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2942. Alexander Horace Brandon, Engineer, of 13, Rue Gaillon, Paris, in the Empire of France, for an invention of "improved means of locomotion."—A communication from Thomas Luders, Engineer, of Olney, United States of America.—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2943. Edward Henry Cradock Monckton, of the Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle-street, London, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in railways, in motive and locomotive power."—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2944. Edward Henry Cradock Monckton, of the Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle-street, London, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in guns, cartridges, and projectiles."—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2947. Charles Wyndham, of Southover, near Lewes, in the county of Sussex, Esquire, for an invention of "improvements in wheeled vehicles, commonly known as velocipedes."—Dated 9th October, 1869.
2951. George Andrew Middlemiss, of Sunderland, in the county of Durham, Architect, for an invention of "an improvement in, and apparatus for, withdrawing water or other fluids in as pure a condition as possible from wells, cisterns, and other places where the water or other fluid is mixed with foreign matter, also to prevent the choking up of the pumps and other instruments usually used for drawing off water and other fluids."—Dated 11th October, 1869.
2956. William Robert Lake, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, Consulting Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in the construction of land cultivators."—Communicated to him from abroad by David Edwards, of Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Australia, Blacksmith.—Dated 11th October, 1869.
2957. William Robert Lake, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, Consulting Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in the permanent way of railways."—Communicated to him from abroad by George P. Rose, of Elmira, New York, United States of America.—Dated 11th October, 1869.
2958. Augustus Bryant Childs, of 16, Mark-lane, London, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "an improved process for reducing wood to a fibrous condition for the manufacture of paper stuff or pulp."—Dated 12th October, 1869.
2959. Everett Austin Snuggs, of 26, Sheet-street, Windsor, in the county of Berks, for an invention of "improvements in cocks, taps, and valves."—Dated 12th October, 1869.

2962. John Bennington Blyth, of 12, London-street, in the city of London, Merchant, for an invention of "improvements in the mode of and apparatus for vaporizing and burning liquid hydro-carbons for the production of heat in furnaces, and for generating steam."—Dated 12th October, 1869.
2963. Matthew Andrew, of Melbourne, in the colony of Victoria, but at present residing at Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in locks and latches."—Dated 12th October, 1869.
2969. William Lincoln, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, for an invention of "improvements in fastening or securing the joints of belts, and in the means employed therefor."—Communicated to him from abroad by Peter Murray, of Quebec, in the State of Ontario.—Dated 12th October, 1869.

A LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £100, before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vict., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 12th day of October, 1872.

2568. Henry Francis Smith, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, India Rubber and Gutta Percha Manufacturer, for an invention of "an improved composition or material to be employed in waterproofing or rendering woven fabrics impervious to moisture."—Dated 6th October, 1865.
2621. Michael Henry, of 68, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in railway carriages and locomotives."—Communicated to him from abroad by Henry Giffard, of 33, Boulevard Saint Martin, Paris, France.—Dated 11th October, 1865.
2626. John Linton, of Number Five, Ousegate, Selby, in the county of York, Mechanical Engineer, for an invention of "the utilization of town sewage for agricultural purposes, and also to prevent the pollution of rivers and streams, and the machinery and apparatus for effecting the same."—Dated 12th October, 1865.
2627. Vernon Augustus Messenger and Virgil Jackson Messenger, of Boston, of the State of Massachusetts, of the United States of America, for an invention of "certain new and useful improvements in shirt collars and bosoms."—The same is a communication to them by Celius Edgar Richard, a person resident at North Attleboro', in the said State.—Dated 12th October, 1865.
2628. Jasper Henry Selwyn, of Woodland Crag, Grasmere, Westmorland, Captain R.N., for an invention of "improvements in cartridges for certain kinds of breech loading fire arms."—Dated 12th October, 1865.
2630. Auguste Aimé Lerenard, of Rue Pali-Kao, Paris, Belleville, in the Empire of France, Indian Rubber Manufacturer, for an invention of "a new composition of Indian rubber mastic or cement made in a more or less fluid state, according to the use to be made of it and the process or contrivance for applying the same."—Dated 12th October, 1865.
2636. William Mather, of the Salford Ironworks, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in heating calendar bowls and other cylinders or rollers."—Dated 12th October, 1865.

IRONMONGERY AND TINWARE FOR TROOP SHIPS.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, October 4, 1872.

TENDERS will be received on Tuesday, the 22nd instant, at two o'clock.

Their Lordships reserve to themselves an unlimited power of selection, and do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

A form of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office.

Hand-in-Hand Fire and Life Office, 1

No. 1, New Bridge-Street, Blackfriars,
London, October 18, 1872.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Half-yearly General Meeting of the Members of this Society will be held at the Society's Office, as above, on Tuesday, the 5th day of November next, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely; and that the Annual Ballot will be held at the Office on the same day, for the choice of three Directors in the place of those who go out of office on that day by rotation, but who are re-eligible immediately, and for the election of three Auditors.

The ballot will commence at one and close at two o'clock.

By order of the Board,

J. M. Terry, Actuary and Secretary.

Derwent Mines Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Resolutions passed at a Meeting of the Directors, and at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the members of the Company, respectively held this day, an Extraordinary General Meeting of the members of the Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 6, Queen-street-place, London, on Wednesday, the 27th day of November next, at twelve o'clock at noon, for the purpose of confirming the Resolution passed at the Extraordinary General Meeting held this day, to dissolve and wind up voluntarily the Company under the provisions of the Company's Articles of Association, and the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and also for the purpose of appointing a Liquidator.—Dated the 16th day of October, 1872.

W. S. Harvey, Secretary.

Linares Railway Construction Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, duly convened and held at the Offices of the Company, 6, Great Winchester-street-buildings, in the city of London, on the 23rd day of September, 1872, the following Special Resolution was duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place, on the 9th day of October, 1872, the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed:—

Resolved—"That this Company be wound up voluntarily."

Herbert Heath, Chairman.

In Liquidation.

The Urban Phospho-Manure Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of this Company will be held at the offices of this Company, No. 2, Gresham-buildings, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on Monday, the 18th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving the final accounts of the Liquidator, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and how the property of the Company has been disposed of.

F. W. Engelbach, Liquidator.

The Companies Act, 1862.

The Steam Cooperage Company Limited.
Special Resolutions for voluntarily winding up the said Company, for the appointment of Liquidators, and for their remuneration.

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Steam Cooperage Company Limited, held at No. 29, Bedford-square, Bloomsbury, in the county of Middlesex, on Tuesday, the 8th day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon, it was unanimously resolved, and the Company passed the following special resolutions:—

1. "That this Company be wound up, and wound up voluntarily.

2. "That James Slater, of No. 30, Clouesley-street, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, and Edward Goldwin Turner, of No. 29, Bedford-square, Bloomsbury, in the said county of Middlesex, Gentleman, be the Liquidators.

3. "That the personal remuneration of the said Liquidators shall be as follows, namely: The said James Slater shall be remunerated at the rate of £500 per annum, and the said Edward Goldwin Turner at the rate of £250 per annum, during the time that they shall respectively remain Liquidators of the said Company. And that the said Edward Goldwin Turner shall, in addition to such personal remuneration, be entitled to make on behalf of himself, or on behalf of the firm of Cutler and Turner, of which he is a partner, the same professional charges as an attorney or solicitor or attornies or solicitors for all business which shall be transacted by himself or his firm, as though he had not been appointed a Liquidator of the said Company."

R. O'B. Jameson, *Chairman.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Bradshaw Walmisley and Henry Wilde, carrying on business as Wine and Spirit Merchants, at No. 16, John-street, Crutched Friars, in the city of London, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said Henry Wilde.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

*Bradshaw Walmisley.
Henry Wilde.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Jenkin Jenkins and Thomas Owen, in the trade or business of Grocers, Provision Dealers, Drapers, and General Shopkeepers, at Brynmawr, in the county of Brecknock, and elsewhere, under the firm of Jenkins and Owen, was, on the 1st day of October instant, dissolved by mutual consent, as from the 4th day of October instant; and in future the business will be carried on by the said Jenkin Jenkins on his separate account, and who will pay and receive all debts owing from and to the said partnership in the regular course of trade.—Witness our hands this 15th day of October, 1872.

*Jenkin Jenkins.
Thomas Owen.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, William Woodman and Horace Overton, as Fishmongers, Poulterers, and Venison Dealers, at 4, Victoria-buildings, Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, under the firm of H. Overton and Co., was on the 12th day of October, 1872, dissolved by mutual consent, the said William Woodman retiring from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said Horace Overton.

*William Woodman.
Horace Overton.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Henry Slaney and John Pearson, carrying on business under the style or firm of Slaney and Pearson, at No. 24, Great Saint Helen's, in the city of London, and at Crown Works, Hackney Wick, in the county of Middlesex, as Lubricating Oil Manufacturers, has been dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

*Henry Slaney.
John Pearson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between Alfred Hone and Nathaniel Hitch, carrying on business as Architectural Sculptors, at 257, Kennington-road, Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, has been dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

*Alfred Hone.
Nathaniel Hitch.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, carrying on the business of Millers, at Newark-upon-Trent, in the county of Nottingham, under the style or firm of Thorpe and Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the undersigned, David Bilson.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

*John Thorpe.
James Thorpe.
David Bilson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately existing between Henry Klosz and Ernest Nutt, lately carrying on the business of Drapers, at 32, Smallbrook-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, under the style or firm of Nutt and Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 22nd day of August last.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

*Henry Klosz.
Ernest Nutt.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between William Dickinson and John France Dickinson, trading as Pawnbrokers and Jewellers, at No. 127, Friargate, Preston, in the county of Lancaster, under the name or style of J. F. Dickinson, was, on the 8th day of October, 1872, dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 8th day of October, 1872.

*William Dickinson.
John France Dickinson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned, William Paas and Henry William Goode, of No. 32, King William-street, in the city of London, Retail Dealers in Chinese and Japanese Wares, trading under the style or firm of H. W. Goode and Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent, as from the 1st day of October instant. The business will from henceforth be carried on by the said Henry William Goode alone, who will receive and pay all debts due and owing from or to the said partnership.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

*Wm. Paas.
H. W. Goode.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto subsisting between us the undersigned, Helen Upton, Widow, and Edmund Parker, of No. 8, Lower John-street, Golden-square, in the county of Middlesex, Coal Merchants and Dealers in Coke and Coal, under the style or firm of Upton and Parker, has been dissolved, as from this day, by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by the undersigned, Helen Upton, of No. 8, Lower John-street aforesaid.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

*Helen Upton.
Edmund Parker.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Christopher Briggs and Arthur Bailey, at Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, as Attorneys and Solicitors, was, on the 11th day of October, 1872, dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

*Christopher Briggs.
Arthur Bailey.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Robert Shaw and William Henry Perrin, carrying on business at Springbank, Marple, in the county of Chester, as Felt Hat Manufacturers, under the firm of Shaw and Perrin, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing by the said firm will be received and paid by Mr. Henry Elliott, Accountant, No. 31, Byrom-street, Manchester.—Dated this 8th October, 1872.

*Robert Shaw.
William Henry Perrin.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Joseph Harrison and Samuel Harrison, carrying on business at Droylsden, in the county of Lancaster, as Wadding Manufacturers, under the style or firm of Joseph Harrison and Son, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 14th day of October, 1872.

*Joseph Harrison.
Samuel Harrison.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Robert Ward and Frederick Robert Ward, carrying on business under the firm of Ward and Son, as Wine and Spirit Merchants, at Beccles, was, on the 7th day of October now instant, dissolved by mutual consent; and that all debts due to and owing from the said partnership will be received and paid by the said Robert Ward.—Witness our hands the 8th day of October, 1872.

*Robt. Ward.
Fred. R. Ward.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between me, the undersigned, John Pearson and Benjamin Firth, deceased, in the trade or business of Woolstaplers and Topmakers, carried on by us at Bradford, in the county of York, or elsewhere, under the style or firm of Pearson and Firth, or under any other style or firm, was dissolved by the death of the said Benjamin Firth, as and from the 28th day of January last. The business has since been carried on, and will in future be carried on by the said John Pearson, on his own account, and he will pay and be entitled to receive all debts and sums of money due to or owing by the said late firm.—As witnesses our hands this 28th day of September, 1872.

*John Pearson.
John Riley,
Thomas Brear,
Executors of the said Benjamin Firth,
deceased.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately existing between Harvey Kemp, Benjamin Kemp, Ephraim Kemp, and Wesley Barraclough, lately carrying on the business of Blanket and Flannel Manufacturers, at Cleckheaton, in the county of York, under the firm of Kemp Brothers, was, on the 20th day of March last, dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regarded the said Benjamin Kemp.—Dated this 7th day of October, 1872.

*Harvey Kemp.
his
Benjamin X Kemp,
Mark.
Ephraim Kemp.
Wesley Barraclough.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore carried on by us the undersigned, Joseph Meynell, William Oliver, and Robert Oliver, as Tailors and Outfitters, at Tudhoe Grange, in the county of Durham, under the style or firm of Meynell, Oliver, and Company, has been dissolved by mutual consent, as from the 1st day of July last. All debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said Joseph Meynell, by whom the said business will in future be carried on.—Dated this 23rd day of September, 1872.

*Joseph Meynell.
William Oliver.
Robert Oliver.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Robert Hyslop and Thomas Corton, carrying on business as Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, at No. 40B, Granby-street, Leicester, has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 30th day of September last. All debts owing to and by the said late partnership will be received and paid by the said Thomas Corton by whom alone the business will in future be carried on.—Witness our hands this 15th day of October, 1872.

*Robert Hyslop.
Thomas Corton.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Bruce Teynham Roper and Henry Charles Thompson, of 11 and 12, Great Tower-street, in the city of London, Colonial Brokers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 7th day of October, 1872.

*Bruce Teynham Roper.
Henry Charles Thompson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Joseph Simpson and George Money Bright, carrying on the business of Public Accountants and Auditors, at No. 2, Gresham-buildings, Basinghall-street, London, under the style or firm of Simpson, Bright, and Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent, as from the 14th day of October, 1872. All debts owing to and by the said late partnership will be received and paid by the said George Money Bright, by whom the said business will in future be carried on, under the style or firm of G. M. Bright and Company.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

*Joseph Simpson.
Geo. M. Bright.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Banton Gibson and James Handley, carrying on business as Iron Merchants and Ironmongers, at Ruccorn, in the county of Chester, was, on the 30th day of September last, dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to or by the partnership will be paid and received by the said James Handley.—As witness our hands this 10th day of October, 1872.

*William Banton Gibson.
James Handley.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Dennis Paine and Frederick Durrant, carrying on business, at Maidstone, as Drapers and Outfitters, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the said late partnership will be received and paid by the said Dennis Paine, by whom the said business will be continued as heretofore.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

*Dennis Paine.
Frederick Durrant.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Robert Peacock, George Prattley, and George Wright, all of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Merchants, under the style or firm of Peacock, Prattley, and Wright, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts and moneys owing to or by the said firm will be received and paid by the said Robert Peacock and George Prattley, by whom the business will for the future be carried on, under the style or firm of Peacock, Prattley, and Company.—Dated the 14th day of October, 1872.

*Robt. Peacock.
Geo. Prattley.
Geo. Wright.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Woolley and James Gwilliam Watkins, carrying on business in the city of Hereford, as Drapers, under the style or firm of Woolley and Watkins, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The said business will in future be carried on by the said James Gwilliam Watkins alone, who will pay and receive all debts due to and owing from the said firm.—Dated this 3rd day of September, 1872.

*Wm. Woolley.
J. G. Watkins.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Edwards and Lewis Cook Webster, both of No. 2, Brook-street, in the city of Manchester, Builders and Contractors, at Manchester aforesaid, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

*John Edwards.
Lewis C. Webster.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that we, the undersigned, Thomas Wickham, Francis Haddock, Joseph John Crossman, and Nathaniel Dixon, carrying on business in copartnership at Bethnal Green, in the county of Middlesex, as Starch Manufacturers, have dissolved partnership, so far as the retirement from the said copartnership of Joseph John Crossman; and that all debts due to the said copartnership must be paid to the said Thomas Wickham, Francis Haddock, and Nathaniel Dixon, who will continue the business and pay all the liabilities of the said copartnership.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

*Thos. Wickham. Joseph John Crossman.
Francis Haddock. Nathl. Dixon.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Henry Passmore, of Gipsy Hill, Norwood, in the county of Surrey, Surgeon, Apothecary, and General Practitioner, and Thomas Leigh, of No. 1, the Terrace, Church-road, Upper Norwood, in the said county of Surrey, Surgeon, has been dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 24th day of September, 1872.

*T. H. Passmore.
T. Leigh.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Richards Williams and Evan Williams, and carried on at Lombard-street, and Lower Mosley-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, as Architectural and Monumental Sculptors, Marble Masons, Wood Carvers and Modellers, under the firm of T. R. and E. Williams, has been dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 25th day of March, 1872. All debts due to or by the said late partnership firm will be received and paid by the said Thomas Richards Williams.—Dated this 31st day of August, 1872.

*Thomas Richards Williams.
Evan Williams.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership which has for some years past existed between us the undersigned, **Frederic Pellatt** and **John Henry Wood**, both of No. 25, Baker-street, in the parish of Marylebone, Middlesex, and who have carried on at that place the trade or business of Glass or China Merchants, has been dissolved, as from the 13th day of June last, by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 20th day of September, 1872.

Frederic Pellatt.

John Henry Wood.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by **Alfred George Evans** and **John William Poulter**, under the firm of **Poulter and Evans**, at Acton Vale, in the county of Middlesex, in the trade or business of Nurserymen and Florists, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 21st day of September, 1872; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said **Alfred George Evans**.—As witness our hands this 30th day of September, 1872.

A. G. Evans.

John William Poulter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, **William Thomas Butler** the elder and **William Thomas Butler** the younger, as Grocers, Tea Dealers, and Wine Merchants, at Dorking, in the county of Surrey, under the style or firm of **Butler and Son**, has been dissolved by mutual consent. And that the business will in future be carried on by the said **William Thomas Butler** the younger, by whom all debts due to and owing by the late firm will be received and paid.—Dated this 7th day of October, 1872.

W. T. Butler, Senr.

W. T. Butler, Jr.

[Extract from the Edinburgh Gazette of October 15, 1872.]

NOTICE.

THE Firm of **Thomson and Company**, Mechanical Engineers, Linlithgow, Kirkcaldy, of which the Subscribers are the sole Partners, was dissolved on 17th July last, by mutual consent.

Kirkcaldy, October 14, 1872.

Andrew Thomson.

W. L. Mitchell.

WM ROY SPEARS, Solicitor, Kirkcaldy,
Witness.

D. B. WEMYSS, Accountant, Kirkcaldy,
Witness.

WILLIAM KING, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, entitled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands against the estate of **William King**, late of Bull Beggars Farm, Elstree, in the county of Hertford, Farmer, deceased (who died on the 16th day of August, 1872, and whose will was proved on the 10th day of October, 1872, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by **John Wise** and **Henry William Southwell**, the executors thereof), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to the said executors, at the office of me the undersigned, their Solicitor, on or before the 1st day of December next, after which day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

WILLIAM LUND, 37, Castle-street, Holborn,
London.

JOHN SMITH, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intitled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt, claim, or demand against or upon the estate of **John Smith**, late of Whitehall Farm, in the parish of Saint James, in the Isle of Grain, in the county of Kent, Farmer (who died at Rochester, in the said county of Kent, on the 3rd day of September, 1872, and whose will was proved on the 28th day of September, 1872, by **Mary Ann Smith**, of Whitehall Farm aforesaid, Widow of the said deceased, one of the executors therein named, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), are hereby required to send the particulars of their respective

debts, claims, or demands to the said **Mary Ann Smith**, at the office of Messrs. **Martin and Smyth**, High-street Strood, in the county of Kent, Solicitors, on or before the 1st day of December, 1872, after which date the said **Mary Ann Smith** will distribute the whole of the assets of the said testator, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have had notice; and that she will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim she shall not have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

MARTIN and SMYTH, High-street, Strood, Kent,
Solicitors for the said **Mary Ann Smith**.

WILLIAM BROWN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intitled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims upon or against **William Brown**, late of No. 6, Pembroke-square, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, deceased (who died on the 21st day of October, 1871, and whose will was proved on the 17th day of November, 1871, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by **Charlotte Isabella Brown**, his widow, and **Thomas Brown** and **Edward Wyld**, both of No. 62, Moorgate-street, in the city of London, Merchants, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in to me the undersigned, the Solicitor for the said executors, particulars, in writing, of their claims or demands, on or before the 18th day of November, 1872, after which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts or claims of which they shall then have notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

J. T. SIMPSON, 62, Moorgate-street, Solicitor for
the said Executors.

REGINALD MAZE GREGORY, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intitled "An Act further to amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all the creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of **Reginald Maze Gregory**, formerly of Trinity College, Cambridge, but late of Birchington, in the county of Kent, Gentleman (who died on the 20th day of August, 1872, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Canterbury, on the 26th day of September, 1872, by the Reverend **Henry Reeve Lay**, of the parish of Holdgate, in the county of Salop, Clerk, the sole executor therein named), are required to send the particulars of their claims or demands to me the undersigned, **Frederick Maze Gregory**, the Solicitor of the said **Henry Reeve Lay**, at my office, in Upton-upon-Severn, in the county of Worcester, on or before the 24th day of December next, after which day the said executor will distribute the assets of the said **Reginald Maze Gregory**, deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice; and the said executor will not henceforth be liable for the assets of the said **Reginald Maze Gregory**, deceased, so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person or persons whomsoever of whose claims and demands he shall not then have had notice. And notice is hereby further given, that all persons indebted to the estate of the said **Reginald Maze Gregory**, deceased, are requested forthwith to pay the amount of their debts to me, the said **Frederick Maze Gregory**, the Solicitor of the said **Henry Reeve Lay**.—Upton-upon-Severn, Worcestershire, 11th October, 1872.

FREDK. MAZE GREGORY, Solicitor to the
Estate.

Re **ROBERT JOBSON**, of Dudley, Worcestershire,
Engineer and Ironfounder, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, intitled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands upon, or otherwise claiming to be interested in, the estate of **Robert Jobson**, late of Dudley, in the county of Worcester, Engineer and Ironfounder (who died on the 1st day of August, 1872, and whose will was proved in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, at the District Registry of Lichfield, on the 10th day of September, 1872, by **Lillias Jobson**, the executrix thereof), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, and demands upon or affecting the estate of the deceased, to the undersigned, Messrs. **Sanders and Smith**, of Dudley aforesaid, the Solicitors of the said **Lillias Jobson**, on or before the 1st day of December next. And notice is hereby further given, that after that day the said executrix will proceed to distribute the assets

of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which she shall then have had notice; and the said executrix will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand she shall not have had such notice as aforesaid.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

SANDERS and SMITH, Solicitors to the said Executrix.

Mrs. ELIZABETH HANN, Widow, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Elizabeth Hann, late of Montacute; in the county of Somerset, Widow, deceased (who died on the 21st day of December, 1871, and whose will was proved in the District Registry attached to Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Taunton, in the said county of Somerset, on the 14th day of June, 1872, by the Reverend Charles Culliford Goodden, of Montacute aforesaid, Clerk, and James John Hooper, of Thorn Coffin, in the said county of Somerset, Esquire, the executors therein named), are hereby required, on or before the 21st day of December next, to send in particulars of such claims or demands to the said executors, at the offices of their Solicitors, Messrs. H. S. and S. Watts, in Yeovil, in the county of Somerset; after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for such assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not then have had due notice.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

H. S. and S. WATTS, Yeovil, Solicitors to the said Executors.

PRISCILLA HOLT, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Priscilla Holt, late of Northwram, in the parish of Halifax, in the county of York, Widow (who died on the 22nd day of September, 1872, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 11th day of October, 1872, by Thomas Cordingley, of Northwram aforesaid, Stone Merchant, and William Halliday, of Northwram aforesaid, Brickmaker, the universal legatees in trust named in the said will), are hereby required to send in particulars, in writing, of their respective debts, claims, or demands to the said Thomas Cordingley and William Halliday, or to their Solicitor, the undersigned, Frederick Walker, on or before the 2nd day of December next. And notice is hereby further given, that after that day the said universal legatees in trust will proceed to distribute the estate of the said testatrix among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said universal legatees in trust shall then have had notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

FREDERICK WALKER, Solicitor, George-street, Halifax.

FLETCHER NORTON BALMAIN, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of Fletcher Norton Balmain, late of The Lodge, Hockliffe, in the county of Bedford, Esquire, late a Major in Her Majesty's Indian Army, deceased, who died on the 10th day of April, 1868, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Northampton, on the 23rd day of April, 1868, by John Henry Balmain, Esquire, a son of the deceased, and one of the executors named in the said will, are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to the said executor, at the office of the undersigned, Messrs. Sladen and Mackenzie, 14, Parliament-street, Westminster, S.W., on or before the 1st day of January next, after which day the assets of the said Fletcher Norton Balmain will be distributed among the parties entitled thereto, regard being had only to those claims and demands of which the said executor shall then have had notice; and that the said executor will not be liable for the assets of the deceased, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

SLADEN and MACKENZIE, 14, Parliament-street, S.W., Solicitors for the said Executor.

JANE BURN, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any debts, claims, or demands upon or against the estate of Jane Burn, late of No. 39, Wellington-street, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Widow, deceased (who died on the 24th day of August, 1872, and whose will was proved in the Newcastle-upon-Tyne Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 8th day of October, 1872, by Joseph Byers, of No. 125, High Park-road, Newcastle aforesaid, Grocer, one of the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send the particulars of such debts, claims, or demands to us the undersigned, Messrs. Chartres and Youll, Central-buildings, Grainger-street West, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne aforesaid, the Solicitors to the said executor, on or before the 14th day of December next, after which day the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the executor shall then have had notice; and the said executor will not be liable to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand he shall not then have had notice. All persons indebted to the said Jane Burn are also requested to pay to us, the undersigned, the amount of their respective debts.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

CHARTRES and YOULL, Solicitors to the Executor, Central-buildings, Grainger-street West, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

LEWIS BENJAMIN BOSTOCK, Deceased.

Pursuant to Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claim against or upon the estate of Lewis Benjamin Bostock, late of Leek, in the county of Stafford, heretofore trading as a Silk Manufacturer there, under the style of Lewis Bostock and Co. (who died on the 19th day of July, 1872, and whose will was proved in the Lichfield Registry of the Court of Probate, on the 22nd day of August, 1872, by the Reverend James Bostock, M.A., of Wincle, in the county of Chester, Clerk, the sole executor therein named), are hereby required to send particulars, in writing, of such claim to the said executor, or to me the undersigned, on or before the 9th day of November, 1872, after which day the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto; and for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, he will not be liable to any person or persons of whose claim he shall not then have had notice. And all persons indebted to the estate of the said deceased are forthwith to pay the amount of their debts respectively to the said executor, or to me the undersigned.—Dated this 5th day of September, 1872.

HENRY HAND, Church Side, Macclesfield, Solicitor to the said Executor.

JOHN ALLSOP, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and others having any claims against the estate of John Allsop, late of 92, North End, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, Tobaccoist (who died on the 27th day of August), are hereby required to send, in writing, the particulars of their claims to me the undersigned, administratrix and legal personal representative of the deceased, on or before the 31st day of December next, at the expiration of which time I shall proceed forthwith to distribute the assets and property of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which I shall then have received such notice.—Dated this 8th day of October, 1872.

KEZIA ALLSOP, 92, North End, Croydon, Widow.

WILLIAM BRAITHWAITE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon, against, or affecting the estate of William Braithwaite, late of Ash, in the county of Surrey, Farmer, deceased (who died on the 2nd day of May, 1869, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 5th day of July, 1869, by Charles Coles, one of the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their respective claims or demands to the said executor, at the office of Mr. Charles Armstrong, of No. 33, Old Jewry, London, E.C., on or before the 20th day of November, 1872, after which time the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said William Braithwaite, deceased, among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which the said executor shall then have had notice; and

he will not be answerable or liable for the assets of the said William Braithwaite, deceased, or any part thereof, to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

CHAS. ARMSTRONG, 33, Old Jewry, London, E.C., Solicitor to the said Executor.

RICHARD HEATH, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims or demands upon the estate of Richard Heath, formerly of Salford Lodge, in the parish of Salford, in the county of Warwick, Farmer (who died there, on or about the 1st day of December, 1841, and whose will was afterwards duly proved by Stephen Street Hearne and William Heath and Richard Charles Heath (both since deceased), in the Consistory Court of the Bishop of Worcester), are hereby required to forward particulars of such claims or demands to the said Stephen Street Hearne, the surviving executor of such will, at the offices of the undersigned, his Solicitor, on or before the 30th day of November next. And notice is hereby further given, that on the expiration of that time, the said surviving executor will distribute the remaining assets of the said testator in his hands or possession, in manner directed by his said will, having regard to those claims and demands only of which he shall then have had notice; and he will not be liable or responsible to any person of whose claim or demand he shall not have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

JOHN L. JONES, Alcester, Solicitor to the said surviving Executor.

RICHARD CHARLES HEATH, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims or demands upon or against the estate of Richard Charles Heath, formerly of the parish of Salford, in the county of Warwick, Farmer, who died there on the 11th January, 1853, and whose will was afterwards duly proved by Stephen Street Hearne and John Moore, the executors thereof, in the Prerogative Court of Canterbury, are hereby required to forward particulars of such claims or demands to the said executors, at the offices of the undersigned, their Solicitor, on or before the 30th day of November next. And notice is hereby further given, that on the expiration of that time the said executors will distribute the remaining assets of the said testator in their hands or possession, in manner directed by his said will, having regard to those claims and demands only of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable or responsible to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not have had notice.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

JOHN L. JONES, Alcester, Solicitor to the said Executors.

THOMAS REECE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having claims or demands upon or against the estate of Thomas Reece, late of Dalehill, in the parish of Burslem, in the county of Stafford, Stone Mason (who died on the 11th day of August last, and whose will was proved in the Lichfield District Registry of the Court of Probate, on the 24th day of September instant, by John Creed Mayer, of Alsager, in the county of Chester, Gentleman, the sole executor therein named), are hereby required, on or before the 1st day of November next, to send particulars, in writing, of their respective claims against the said estate to me, the undersigned, after which day the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice; and that he will not after that time be liable for any part of the assets so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated the 26th day of September, 1872.

F. C. MAYER, Furlong-place, Burslem, Solicitor for the said Executor.

THOMAS WILD, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt, claim, or demand upon or against the estate of Thomas Wild, late of Mill End, in the parish of Rickmansworth, Herts, Tanner and Farmer, deceased (who died on the 30th day of May, 1871, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 27th day of July, 1871,

by Charles Wild and Edward Wild, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to me, the undersigned, William Rowell, of Rickmansworth, Herts, Solicitor to the said executors, on or before the 5th day of December, 1872, after which day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the debts, claims, or demands only of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

WILLIAM ROWELL, Rickmansworth, Herts, Solicitor to the said Executors.

JOSEPH BOOTH, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the creditors of, and all other persons having or claiming any debt, claim, or demand from or against the estate of Joseph Booth, formerly of Pippin Bank, Bacup, but lately residing at No. 23, Eaves-lane, Chorley, Lancashire (who died on the 22nd day of July, 1872, and whose will was proved on the 21st day of September, 1872, in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Lancaster, by James Booth, of King-street, in Wigan, in the county of Lancaster, Banker's Clerk, James Ashworth, of 23, Eaves-lane, in Chorley, in the said county, Joiner and Joseph Ashworth, of Stacksteads, in the said county, Loom Jobber, the executors named in the said will), are hereby required to send in particulars of their respective debts, claims, or demands to the said Joseph Ashworth, one of the executors, at his residence, Daisy Hill, Stacksteads aforesaid, on or before the 8th day of December next. And notice is hereby given, that after the said 8th day of December next, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose debts or claims they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 11th day of October, 1872.

E. M. WRIGHT, Bacup, Solicitor to the said Executors.

Miss ANN HAINWORTH, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

ALL creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against or upon the estate of the late Miss Ann Hainworth, late of Ashburton, in the county of Devon, deceased (who died on the 24th day of July, 1872, and whose will was, on the 17th day of September, 1872, proved in the Exeter District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by the executors therein named), are hereby required to send particulars of their debts, claims, and demands to the said executors, at our office, in Ashburton aforesaid, on or before the 20th day of November, 1872, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, or will otherwise deal therewith, having regard only to those debts, claims, and demands of which they shall then have received notice.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

TUCKER and SON, Ashburton, Devon, Solicitors to the Executors.

Re JAMES HENDERSON, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament, 22nd and 23rd Victoria, c. 35.

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demands against the estate of James Henderson, late of the city of Chichester, China and Glass Dealer, deceased, are hereby required to deliver to us, the undersigned, Johnson and Raper, of Chichester, Sussex, Solicitors to the executors, particulars of such claims and demands, on or before the 12th day of December next, at the expiration of which time the executors will distribute the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto.—Dated the 12th October, 1872.

JOHNSON and RAPER, Chichester, Solicitors to Executors.

JAMES PEARSON FLETCHER, Esquire, Deceased.
Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debts, claims, or demands upon or against the estate of James Pearson Fletcher, formerly of Atherton, but late of No. 21, Queen's-road, in Southport, both in the county of Lancaster, Colliery Proprietor (who died on the 2nd day of August, 1872, and whose will was

proved in the District Registry at Liverpool of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 9th day of October, 1872, by Elizabeth Catherine Fletcher, Ralph Fletcher, and James Watkins, the executors therein named), are required to send particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, and demands to us, the undersigned, Solicitors for the said executors, at our office, No. 20, Wood-street, Bolton, on or before the 31st day of December, 1872, after which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for any part of the assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand the said executors shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 18th day of October, 1872.

J. K. WATKINS and SON, No. 20, Wood-street, Bolton, Solicitors for the said Executors.

Notice to the Creditors of SARAH EVERARD, Widow, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

ALL persons having any debt or claim against or affecting the estate of Sarah Everard, late of Newhaven, in the county of Sussex, Widow, deceased (who died on the 18th day of July, 1872, and whose will, with a codicil thereto, was proved on the 7th day of August, 1872, in the District Registry of the Court of Probate at Lewes by Eliza Poynter, Wife of Samuel Poynter, Esquire, of Number 77, Gaisford-street, Kentish-town, London, Frederick George Turner, in the will written George Frederick Turner, of Newhaven aforesaid, Passport Agent, and Edward Hillman, of Lewes aforesaid, Gentleman, the executors therein named), are hereby required, on or before the 18th day of December next, to send a notice of such debt or claim to the office of me the undersigned, after the expiration of which period the said executors will distribute the estate of the said testator amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for any part of such assets to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

EDWD. HILLMAN, Cliffe, Lewes, Solicitor to the said Executors.

Notice to the Creditors of ALEXANDER RHODES, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

ALL persons having any debt or claim against or affecting the estate of Alexander Rhodes, late of East Chillington, in the county of Sussex, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 31st day of October, 1871, and whose will, with a codicil thereto, was proved on the 29th day of January, 1872, in the District Registry of the Court of Probate at Lewes, by Mary Waud Rhodes, of East Chillington aforesaid, Widow, Edward Oliver, of Lewes aforesaid, Gentleman, and Edward Hillman, of the same place, Gentleman, the executors therein named), are hereby required, on or before the 18th day of December next, to send a notice of such debt or claim to the office of me the undersigned, after the expiration of which period the said executors will distribute the estate of the said testator amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts or claims of which they shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for any part of such assets to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

EDWD. HILLMAN, Cliffe, Lewes, Solicitor to the said Executors.

EDWARD JOHN ARMYTAGE, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claim, debt, or other demand against the estate of Edward John Armytage, late of Number 1, Spencer Villas, Clapham Junction, in the county of Surrey, and formerly of Belgrave-road, Pimlico, Charlwood-street, Pimlico, Cornwall-street, Fulham-road, and Vauxhall Bridge-road, all in the county of Middlesex, and Lavender-hill, Wandsworth, in the county of Surrey, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 9th day of April, 1872, and whose will was proved on the 29th day of the same month, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate by the Honourable and Reverend Henry Bligh, of Nettlebed Vicarage, Henley-on-Thames, Clerk, and Richard John Streatfeild, of Chested, in the county of Kent, Esquire, the executors therein named), are required to send particulars of their claims, debts, and demands (if any) to us the undersigned, as

Solicitors of the said executors, on or before the 31st day of December, 1872, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims, debts, or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim, debt, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated the 15th day of October, 1872.

HORN and MURRAY, 22, King-street, St. James, London, Solicitors for the said Executors.

JAMES HENDERSON, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of James Henderson, late of the town of Huntingdon, Esquire, deceased (who died on the 14th day of August, 1872, and whose will, with a codicil thereto, was proved in the District Registry of Peterborough of Her Majesty's Court of Probate on the 3rd day of September, 1872, by John Robertson, of 223, Argyle-street, Glasgow, Warehouseman, and Martin Hunnybun, of the town of Huntingdon, Gentleman, the executors named in the said will and codicil), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to us the undersigned, the Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 1st day of January, 1873; and notice is hereby given, that after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall then not have had notice.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

HUNNYBUN and SON, Solicitors to the said Executors.

JOHN STEVENS, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of John Stevens, late of Frome, in the county of Somerset, Plumber, Glazier, and Ironmonger, deceased (who died on or about the 19th day of April, 1871, and whose will proved by Mary Stevens and Jasper Stevens, the executors therein named, on the 18th day of July, 1871, in the District Registry at Wells of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands, in writing, to Messrs. Dunn and Payne, of King-street, Frome aforesaid, the Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 16th day of December next; and notice is hereby also given, that after that day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have notice; and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

DUNN and PAYNE, King-street, Frome, Solicitors for the said Executors.

GEORGE HIX, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of George Hix, late of Cerne Abbas, in the county of Dorset, Gentleman, deceased (who died on the 18th day of May, 1872, and whose will was proved in the District Registry attached to Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Blandford, in the said county of Dorset, on the 16th day of September, 1872, by James Hellyar, of Cerne Abbas aforesaid, Gentleman, and William Beach, of Cerne Abbas aforesaid, Gentleman, the executors therein named), are hereby required, on or before the 31st day of December next, to send in particulars of such claims or demands to the said executors, at the offices of their Solicitors, Messrs. H. S. and S. Watts, in Yeovil, in the county of Somerset, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for such assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim or demand they shall not then have had due notice.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

H. S. and S. WATTS, Yeovil, Solicitors to the said Executors.

WILLIAM O'BRIEN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand against the estate of William O'Brien, formerly of the Mount, in the city of York, and late of No. 60, Gloucester-gardens, Hyde Park, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire, who died on the 6th day of September, 1872 and to whose estate administration was, on the 9th day of October, 1872, granted by Her Majesty's Court of Probate to Donatus O'Brien, Esquire, and Lieutenant-General William Anson McClevery, two of the executors of the will of the said deceased, are to send particulars, in writing, of such claims or demands, to the said executors, at the office of their Solicitors, Messrs. Fearon, Clabon, and Fearon, No. 21, Great George-street, in the city of Westminster, on or before the 2nd day of December next, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims or demands only of which they shall then have had notice, and that the said executors will not be answerable or liable for the assets so distributed, or for any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt or claim they shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

FEARON, CLABON, and FEARON, 21, Great George-street, Westminster, Solicitors for the said Executors.

ROBERT COTTON, Deceased.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the Court of Chancery of the county palatine of Lancaster, made on the 9th day of August, 1872, in a cause Cotton v. Oxley and others, the creditors and all other persons having any claim against the estate of Robert Cotton, late of the city of Manchester, Spindle and Fly Maker, who died on the 12th day of January, 1869, are, on or before the 11th day of November next, to come in and prove their debts or claims, at the office of the Registrar for the Manchester District of the said Court, situate at Cross-street-chambers, Cross-street, Manchester aforesaid, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Order. Thursday, the 14th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating on the said claims.—Dated this 11th day of October, 1872.

COUNTY COURTS' EQUITABLE JURISDICTION.

PURSUANT to an Order of the Marylebone County Court of Middlesex, holden at 179, Marylebone-road, made in a suit Smith against Callis, the creditors of, or claimants against, the estate of Thomas Callis late of Orington-mews, Orington-square, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Cas Proprietor, who died in or about the month of March, 1872, are, on or before the 28th day of October, 1872, to send by post, prepaid, to the Registrar of the Marylebone County Court of Middlesex, holden at 179, Marylebone-road, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them: in default thereof they may be excluded from any benefit in the estate. Every creditor holding any security is to produce or transmit the same to the Registrar aforesaid, on or before the 29th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating upon the claims. But creditors need not attend personally or otherwise, or make any affidavit in support of their claims without notice from the Registrar of the Court requiring them so to do.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

CHAS. BURROWS, Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the Matter of a Deed of Arrangement between William Seys Eaton, of Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Draper, and his Creditors.

A SITTING to Audit the Accounts of the Trustees and proceed to a Third and Final Dividend under this estate, will be held at the offices of Messrs. W. H. Williams and Co., Accountants, Exchange, Bristol, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon, when and where all creditors who have not assented to the deed are to prove their debts, or in default will be excluded the benefit of any dividend under this estate.

GEORGE LEY KING, 5, Exchange-buildings East, Bristol, Solicitor to the Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Van Praagh, of 45, Clifton-gardens, Maida Vale, in the county of Middlesex, Dealer in Jewellery.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Francis Picard, 39, St. James's-street, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, on the 9th day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

J. T. N. BURNAND, 39, Saint James's-street, Piccadilly, Attorney for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jonathan Bowman, of Hatcham-road, and No. 12, Montpelier-road, Peckham, in the county of Surrey, Mineral Water Manufacturer, trading under the style of J. Bowman and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Frederic Robert Coote, Solicitor, No. 14, Clement's-inn, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

FREDC. R. COOTE, Attorney for the said Jonathan Bowman.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Martin Deavin, of 28, Crystal-terrace, Rotherhithe New-road, in the county of Surrey, Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 1, Trinity-square, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

HICKLIN and WASHINGTON, 1, Trinity-square, Southwark, S.E., Attorneys for the said Martin Deavin.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Charles Eken, of Stockwell, in the county of Surrey, Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Slater and Pannell, 1, Guildhall-chambers, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 7th day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

J. BANKS PITTMAN, 6, Guildhall-chambers, Basinghall-street, City, Attorney for the said James Charles Eken.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Cox, late of No. 266, Old Kent-road, in the county of Surrey, and now of No. 11, Vaughan-place, Church-fields, Old Kent-road, in the said county of Surrey, Ham and Beef Shop Keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Henry Oaslew Curling, No. 11, Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

H. ONSLOW CURLING, Attorney for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Welby Pugin, of Nos. 13 to 15, Holden-terrace, Belgravia, in the county of Middlesex, Warehouseman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Victoria House, Victoria-street, Westminster, on the 8th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

JOSHUA TOWNE, Mortgage, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Henry Mann, of 19, King-street, Soho, in the county of Middlesex, and 2, Saint Andrew-street, Wandsworth-road, in the county of Surrey, Metal Worker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, 4, Gray's-inn-square, in the county of Middlesex, on the 26th day of October, 1872, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 5th day of October, 1872.

EDW. MANIERE, 4, Gray's-inn-square, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Christopher Young, of No. 21, Compton-street, Brunswick-square, in the county of Middlesex, Dairyman and Provision Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Horman Fisher, Solicitor, 1, Mitre-court, Temple, in the city of London, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

JOHN CHRISTOPHER YOUNG.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick Wilson, of 1, Queen's-road, Saint John's Wood, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter and Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 27, Bedford-row, in the county of Middlesex, on the 6th day of November, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

WHYTE, COLLISON, and PRICHARD, 27, Bedford row, W.C., Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Brown, of No. 8, Saint James's-terrace, Roman-road, Barnsbury, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Cowkeeper and Dairyman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Barton and Drew, No. 55, Fore-street, in the city of London, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 3rd day of October, 1872.

WALTER BARTON, 55, Fore-street, City, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Cyrus Octavius Daniell, of No. 178, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Surgeon.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Francis Larken Soames, No. 10, New-inn, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

FRANCIS L. SOAMES, 10, New-inn, Strand, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Samuel Gibbs, of 5, Kirkdale-terrace, Leytonstone, in the county of Essex (trading as Henry Gibbs and Gibbs and Co.), Oilman, and of 18, St. Mary-axe, in the city of London, Glass and China Dealer, and Commission Agent, previously thereto of 6, Stanley-terrace, Fulham-road, Fulham, in the county of Middlesex, Glass and China Salesman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. A. Warrand, of

27, Ludgate-hill, in the city of London, Solicitor, on the 26th day of October, 1872, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of October, 1872.

A. WARRAND, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edwin Dibben, of the White Lion Public House, 8, Tooley-street, Southwark, Surrey, late of the Duke of Cambridge Public House, Cannon-row, Woolwich, Kent, Victualler.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at 3, South-place, Finsbury, Middlesex, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

WALTER SPILLER, 3, South-place, Finsbury, Middlesex, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Belmore Garstin (otherwise George Belmore), late of Wimbledon, in the county of Surrey, but now of 315, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Actor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of the undersigned Solicitors, at 10, Bedford-row, in the county of Middlesex, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

DIXON, WARD, and LETCHWORTH, 10, Bedford-row, Middlesex, Attorneys for the said George Belmore Garstin.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Francis Aldworth, of 100, Kensington-park road, Notting Hill, in the county of Middlesex, Family Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Ladbury, Collison, and Viney, 99, Cheapside, in the city of London, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

LEWIS and LEWIS, 10, Ely-place, Holborn, Attorneys for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Henry Morgan, of 13, Beresford-street, Walworth, in the county of Surrey, Plumber.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Coffee-house, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 28th day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

PIESSE and SON, 15, Old Jewry-chambers, London, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Cramp, formerly of Jamaica-street, Commercial-road, in the county of Middlesex, Butcher, then of No. 3, Horner-road, Hackney Wick, in the same county, Milkman, then of 7, Park-street, Hackney Wick, in the same county, Butcher, then of St. Leonard-street, Bromley-by-Bow, in the same county, Butcher, then of West-green, Tottenham, in the same county, out of business, then of Old Gravel-lane, Wapping, in the same county, Butcher, then of Preston-street, M.I.-End, in the same county, Butcher, then of Heathfield Villa, Leytonstone, in the county of Essex, out of business, but now of Old Gravel-lane, Wapping, in the county of Middlesex, Journeyman Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 3, South-square, Gray's-inn, on the 7th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 17th day of October, 1872.

WM. THOS. BOYDELL, Esq., South-square, Gray's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, Attorney for the said Henry Cramp.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Greenwich.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Harry Austin Neame, of No. 1, Amherst-road, East Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, Chemist and Druggist, trading under the style or firm of Neame Brothers, now residing at No. 1, Devonshire-villas, Forest Hill, in the county of Kent, out of business.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Osborne and Company, No. 26, Budge-row, Cannon-street, in the city of London, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of October, 1872.

HARRY AUSTIN NEAME, Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Greenwich.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William George Eeles, of No. 9, James-place, High-road, Lee, and Lee Green, Lee, in the said county of Kent, Corn and Coal Merchant, carrying on business there under the name, style, or firm of W. G. Eeles.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Edward Mesnard, Accountant, 10, Old Jewry-chambers, Old Jewry, in the city of London, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of October, 1872.

FREDERICK ANDREW, 27A, Finsbury-square, London, E.C., Attorney for the said William George Eeles.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Maidstone.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward George Betts, of No. 13, Gabriel's Hill, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, General Dealer and Hardwareman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Bridge House Hotel, London Bridge, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, on the 28th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

THOMAS GOODWIN, 16, Mill-street, Maidstone, Kent, Attorney for the said Edward George Betts.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Albert Chandler the younger, of Ramsgate and Saint Lawrence, in the county of Kent, Nurseryman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 1, York-street, Ramsgate, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

J. M. EDWARDS, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Tonbridge Wells.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick Elin, of Rose Villa, Hadlow-road, Tonbridge, in the county of Kent, formerly of 3 and 4, Great Winchester-street-buildings, in the city of London, Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Lawrance, Plews, Boyer, and Baker, No. 14, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 3rd day of October, 1872.

LAWRANCE, PLEWS, BOYER, and BAKER, 14, Old Jewry-chambers, London, Attorneys for the said Frederick Elin.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Kingston.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Knight, of Cemetery Stone Works, Staines, in the county of Middlesex, Stone Mason.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Challis and Co., Accountants, No. 12, Clements-lane, in the city of London, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

CHARLES KNIGHT.

No. 23910.

K

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Kingston.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George William Cockerell, of Kingston-vale, in the county of Surrey, Clerk in Holy Orders.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 7, Queen-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

ALFRED JONES, TINDALE, and GROVE, 7, Queen-street, Cheapside, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Berkshire, holden at Windsor.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Edlin, of Starvall Farm, Ruislip, in the county of Middlesex, Farmer and Hay Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the George Inn, Uxbridge, in the county of Middlesex, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

WILLM. PHILP, Hayes, Middlesex, and 8, Pancras-lane, London, Attorney for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Halifax.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Quarmley and Samuel Denton, of Halifax, in the county of York, Builders and Contractors, and Copartners.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Hill and Smith, Solicitors, Halifax, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

HILL and SMITH, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Naylor Topham, of Padsey, in the county of York, Clerk.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, in Union-passage, in Bradford aforesaid, on the 6th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

ALEXR. NEILL, Attorney for the said George Naylor Topham.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Moreton (trading as William Moreton and Co.), of No. 2, Meadow-street, and of No. 5, Charlotte-street, both in the city and county of Bristol, Coach Builder and Wheelwright.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Denning, Smith, and Co., Public Accountants, situate at Shannon-court, Corn-street, in the city and county of Bristol, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

FUSSELL, PRICHARD, and SWANN, Liverpool-chambers, Corn-street, Bristol, Attorneys on behalf of the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Gregory, of the Old Crown Inn, Broad-weir, in the city and county of Bristol, Licensed Victualler, formerly of Croft-street, Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. S. B. Ward, Solicitor, 39, Broad-street, Bristol, on the 2nd day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

S. B. WARD, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Roe, of Lawrence-hill, in the city and county of Bristol, Potatoe Dealer and Greengrocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Charles Thick, Solicitor, No. 8, Small-street, Bristol, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 8th day of October, 1872.

CHARLES THICK, 8, Small-street, Bristol, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Gloucester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James William Heaven, of No. 1, Jersey-road, Millbrook-street, near the city, but in the county of Gloucester, Builder and Carpenter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Burrup, Son, and Coren, No. 3, Berkeley-street, Gloucester, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

JAMES WILLIAM HEAVEN.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Mark Williams, of Cloudshill, in the parish of Saint George, in the county of Gloucester, Builder and Stonemason.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Albert Essery, Solicitor, in the Guildhall, Broad-street, Bristol, on the 2nd day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

ALBERT ESSERY, Guildhall, Broad-street, Bristol, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Macclesfield.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Loney Kimbell, of No. 19, Mill-street, Macclesfield, in the county of Chester, Cabinet Maker and Upholsterer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at our offices, 4, Exchange-street, in Macclesfield aforesaid, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

HIGGINBOTHAM and BARCLAY, 4, Exchange-street, Macclesfield, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Birkenhead.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Bratton, of Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, and of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Architect and Surveyor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Duke and Goffey, Solicitors, 2, Commerce-chambers, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

DUKE and GOFFEY, 2, Commerce-chambers, 15, Lord-street, Liverpool, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Fawcett Brunsell, of Buckland Tout Saints, in the county of Devon, Gentleman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. William Roberts Harris, 40, Chancery-lane, London, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of October, 1872.

JNO. H. SQUARE, of Kingsbridge, Devon, Attorney for the said William Fawcett Brunsell.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alfred Ernest Ryder, of 23, Athenæum-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Solicitor's Clerk, late of 24, Union-street, Plymouth aforesaid, Watchmaker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Edmonds and Son, 8, Parade, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

ALFRED E. RYDER, the above-named Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Stone Bacon, of Budleigh Salterton, in the county of Devon, Bookseller, Stationer, and Fancy Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. J. O. Harris, Wreford, and Co., Public Accountants, Gandy-street-chambers, Exeter, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

JAMES TOY, Gandy-street, Exeter, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Barnstaple.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Hill the younger, of Pilton, in the county of Devon, Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John Arnold Thorne, Solicitor, in Cross-street, in Barnstaple, Devon, on the 6th day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

J. A. THORNE, Cross-street, Barnstaple, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Henry Brownhill and Christopher Cross, of Pendleton, in the county of Lancaster, Fustian Manufacturers, carrying on business under the style or firm of Thompson and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Boote and Edgar, 45, George-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 14th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

BOOTE and EDGAR, Attorneys for the said Samuel Henry Brownhill and Christopher Cross.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Henry Brownhill and Christopher Cross, of Pendleton, in the county of Lancaster, Fustian Manufacturers, carrying on business under the style or firm of Thompson and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the said Samuel Henry Brownhill has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Boote and Edgar, 45, George-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 14th day of November, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

BOOTE and EDGAR, Attorneys for the said Samuel Henry Brownhill and Christopher Cross.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Mullock, of No. 5, Mosley-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John William Addleshaw, Solicitor, 67, King-street, Manchester, on the 5th day of November, 1872, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

J. W. ADDLESHAW, 67, King-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Septimus Blair, of the Farm-yard Brewery, Bradford-road, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Brewer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Sudlow, Hinde, Milne, and Sudlow, 7, Mount-street, Manchester, on the 6th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

SUDLOW, HINDE, MILNE, and SUDLOW, 7, Mount-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Ashton, of No. 2, Dale-street, and of Gaythorn, both in the city of Manchester, Commission Agent, Hatter, and Trimming Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Joshua Crowther and Company, Public Accountants, Bath-chambers, York-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 23rd day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

SALE, SHIPMAN, and SEDDON, 29, Booth-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the said William Ashton.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Forward, of No. 326, Deansgate, in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Hatter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Henry Reddish, 30, Brazenose-street, Manchester, Solicitor, on the 21st day of October, 1872, at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

HENRY REDDISH, 16, Brown-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said George Forward.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Booth, of Grant-street, Blackley, in the county of Lancaster, Builder and Contractor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Joseph Best, 2, Brown-street, in the city of Manchester, Attorney-at-Law, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

J. BEST, of No. 2, Brown-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Margaret Browne, formerly of No. 34, Balmoral-road, Fairfield, in Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, but now of No. 53, South-road, Waterloo, in the said county of Lancaster, Widow.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Tyrer, Smith, and Kenion, Attorneys-at-Law, No. 16, North John-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

TYRER, SMITH, and KENION, 16, North John-street, Liverpool, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Bolton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Smethurst, of No. 21, Back-lane, Little Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Hat and Cap Manufacturer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Fielding, Solicitor, 8, Bowker's-row, Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

M. FIELDING, 8, Bowker's-row, Bolton, Attorney for the said Joseph Smethurst.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Bolton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Ann Taylor, formerly of the Townley Arms Inn, Park-road, Chorley, in the county of Lancaster, and now of Heath Charnock, in the said county, out of business.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Thomas Morris, Townhall-chambers, Chorley aforesaid, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

THOMAS MORRIS, Townhall-chambers, Chorley, Attorney for the said Debtor

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Severn, of Sneinton Elements, Sneinton, in the county of Nottingham, Hosiery Manager.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. George Belk, Solicitor, No. 6, High-pavement, Nottingham, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated the 9th day of October, 1872.

GEORGE BELK, No. 6, High-pavement, Nottingham, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Maria Hannah Garmah and William Back, both of Litcham, in the county of Norfolk, Grocers, Drapers, and General Shopkeepers, trading under the style or firm of Garmah and Back.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Inns of Court Hotel, High Holborn, London, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

ROBERT CATES, Fakenham, Norfolk, Attorney for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Taylor, of Saint Stephen's-street, in the city of Norwich, Grocer and Tobacconist.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. John Carsey Chittock, situate in Redwell-street, Norwich, on the 24th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

J. C. CHITTOCK, Redwell-street, Norwich, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Arthur Fenton, of Alby, in the county of Norfolk, Gentleman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Emerson and Sparrow, Solicitors, No. 6, Rampant Horse-street, Norwich, on the 25th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

EMERSON and SPARROW, 6, Rampant Horse-street, Norwich, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Buckinghamshire, holden at Aylesbury.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Ray, of the Lamb Inn, Little Milton, in the parish of Little Milton, in the county of Oxford, Publican and Saddler.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Lamb Inn, Little Milton, in the parish of Little Milton, in the county of Oxford, on the 2nd day of November, 1872, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

WM. JOHN CHILD, No. 7, South-square, Gray's Inn, London, Attorney for the said William Ray.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Baines Hooper, of No. 10, London-road, Derby, in the county of Derby, Bread and Flour Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Brown Hextall, Solicitor, Albert-street, Derby, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

W. B. HEXTALL, Attorney for the said William Baines Hooper.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Katherine Rebecca Bookey, of Broughton House, Shardlow, in the county of Derby, Widow.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Harrison and Co., Accountants, Becketwell-lane, Derby aforesaid, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of October, 1872.

J. and W. J. DREWRY, 45, High-street, Burton-upon-Trent, Attorneys for the said Katherine Rebecca Bookey.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Walsall.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alfred William Latham, of Darlaston, in the county of Stafford, Surgeon.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Union Hotel, Union-street, Birmingham, on the 8th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

JOSEPH ROWLANDS, 8, Ann-street, Birmingham, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Thomas Moore and Richard Moore, of the Bleak Hill Pottery, Burslem, in the county of Stafford, Earthenware Manufacturers, trading as Moore Brothers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at my offices, Hill Top, Burslem aforesaid, on the 25th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of October, 1872.

DANL. S. SUTTON, Burslem, Staffordshire, Attorney for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem and Tunstall.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Lilley, of 46, Vine-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, China and Earthenware Decorator, formerly carrying on business at Longton, in the county of Stafford, in partnership with Josiah Ellis Jones, under the style or firm of W. Lilley and Co., as China and Earthenware Decorators, and afterwards at Tinkerselough, Hanley aforesaid, in partnership with William Henry Birbeck, and Charles Hoyland, under the style or firm of Birbeck, Lilley, and Co., China and Earthenware Decorators.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Arthur Wayte, 13, Stafford-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Accountant, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 11th day of October, 1872.

E. W. HOLLINSHEAD, Tunstall, Staffordshire, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Caton, of the Turk's Head, Hope-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Beerseller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the County Court Offices, Chica-

side, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, on the 25th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

R. A. STEVENSON, Hanley, Staffordshire; Attorney for the said Joseph Caton.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Shropshire, holden at Madeley.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Hand, of Bridgnorth, in the county of Salop, Painter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Swan Hotel, Bridgnorth, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

HENRY JOHN OSBORNE, Shifnal, Shropshire, Attorney for the said Thomas Hand.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Taylor, of 102, Trafalgar-street, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Plumber and Painter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. West and King, Solicitors, 66, Cannon-street, in the city of London, on the 6th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

THOMAS KING and SON, 31, Richmond-place, Brighton, Attorneys for the said George Taylor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Leicestershire, holden at Leicester.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Ellis Bilham, of No. 6, Southgate-street, Leicester, in the county of Leicester, Commercial Traveller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Hiram Abiff Owston, Solicitor, 23, Friar-lane, Leicester aforesaid, on the 22nd day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

HIRAM ABIFF OWSTON, 23, Friar-lane, Leicester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Calvert Brewer, of 53, Herbert-street, Mile-end, Landport, in the county of Southampton, Engineer in the Royal Navy.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. G. H. King, 20, Union-street, Portsea, in the county of Southampton, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

GEO. HALL KING, 20, Union-street, Portsea, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Harry Adolphus Norman, of Half Moon-street, Portsea, in the county of Hants, Portmanteau Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Wainscot, of Union-street, Portsea, in the county of Hants aforesaid, Accountant, on the 26th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

FREDERICK WALKER, 9, Union-street, Portsea, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Dorsetshire, holden at Dorchester.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Hodder, of South-street, in the parish of Bridport, in the county of Dorset, Baker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Star Inn, in the West-street of Bridport, in the county of Dorset, on the 6th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

JOS. ADDISON DAY, of West Allington, Bridport, in the county of Dorset, Attorney for the said James Hodder.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Carrington, of No. 51, Lancaster-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Edwin Jaques, Solicitor, No. 40, Cherry-street, Birmingham, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

EDWIN JAUQUES, 40, Cherry-street, Birmingham, Solicitor for the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Sillitoe, of Fazeley, in the county of Stafford, Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. W. H. Griffin, Solicitor, 36, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

JOHN SHAW, of Tamworth, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Kidderminster.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Hemming, of Worcester-street, Kidderminster, in the county of Worcester, Clothier.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. H. Saunders, Jr., No. 142, Mill-street, Kidderminster aforesaid, on the 23rd day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

H. SAUNDERS, Jr., Attorney to the Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Neath. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Morgan, of *Cwmavon* (and not *Carnarvon*, as erroneously printed in the Gazette of 11th instant), in the county of Glamorgan, Mineral Surveyor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Marmaduke Tennant, Solicitor, Aberavon, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 9th day of October, 1872.

M. TENNANT, of Aberavon, Attorney for the said John Morgan.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Cardiff. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry James Lewis, of Bridgend, in the county of Glamorgan, Ale and Porter Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Barnard, Thomas, Cawker, and Co., Temple-street, Swansea, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

HENRY H. FIELD, Swansea, Attorney for the said Henry James Lewis.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Cardiff. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Atkinson, of 64, Crookherbtown, Cardiff aforesaid, Commission Agent and Private Boarding House Keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, 18, High-street, Cardiff aforesaid, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

M. MORGAN, 18, High-street, Cardiff, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bridgwater.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Vowles, of Weston-super-Mare, in the county of Somerset, Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Ralph Chapman, of Weston-super-Mare, in the county of Somerset, Solicitor, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

RALPH CHAPMAN, Weston-super-Mare, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Frome. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John James Galpin, of Palmer-street, Frome, in the county of Somerset, Baker, Grocer, and Shopkeeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Dunn and Payne, Solicitors, in King-street, Frome, in the county of Somerset, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

DUNN and PAYNE, Frome, Attorneys for the said John James Galpin.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Taunton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Thomas Giles, of Taunton, in the county of Somerset, Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. George H. Kite, 5, Hammet-street, Taunton aforesaid, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

GEORGE H. KITE, Taunton, Attorney for the said George Thomas Giles.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bath. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Pratt, of the Ring of Bells, No. 10, Widcombe-parade, in the city of Bath, Licensed Victualler.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 6, Northumberland-buildings, Bath, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

J. KILVERT BARTRUM, 6, Northumberland-buildings, Bath, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bath. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Hillier, of Trowbridge, in the county of Wilts, Marine Store Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Pocock and Son, at No. 24, Union-street, Bath, on the 1st day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

HENRY SHRAPNEL, Bradford, Wilts, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Charles Frederick Stoffell, of No. 16, Rye-lane, Peckham, in the county of Surrey, cut of business, also of 3, Wells-terrace, and Railway Arches, both in the New-road, Rotherhithe, in the said county of Surrey.

THE creditors of the above-named Charles Frederick Stoffell who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 30th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Michael Banes, of 22, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

MICHAEL BANES, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Pottinger, of No. 9, Eastcheap, in the city of London, and of 17, Harmer-street, Milton-next-Gravesend, in the county of Kent, Tailor.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Pottinger who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Michael Banes, of 22, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

MICHAEL BANES, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Hicks, of No. 45, High-street, Kingsland, and No. 49, Brushfield-street, Spitalfields, both in the county of Middlesex, Grocer and Tea Dealer.

THE creditors of the above-named John Hicks who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Izard, of 46, Eastcheap, in the city of London, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

WILLIAM IZARD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the London Bankruptcy Court.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Philip Geen, of Nos. 156 and 172, King-street, Hammersmith, in the county of Middlesex, Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named Philip Geen who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, John Robinson Clarke (of the firm of Honey, Humphrys, Baggs, and Co.), of No. 28, King-street, in the city of London, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

J. R. CLARKE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Kent, holden at Tonbridge Wells.**

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Hunt, of Rusthall, in the county of Kent, Baker and Pork Butcher.

THE creditors of the above-named George Hunt who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 23rd day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, George Arnold, of Tonbridge Wells, Solicitor acting for the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

GEORGE ARNOLD, Solicitor for the Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Neath.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Evan Scurlock, of Britonferry, in the county of Glamorgan, Linen and Woollen Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named Evan Scurlock who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Richard Garnant Cawker, of 10, Temple-street, Swansea, in the said county, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

R. G. CAWKER, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.**

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Bartlett Pitt, of Coldridge, in the county of Devon, Chemist, Druggist, and General-shop Keeper.

THE creditors of the above-named William Bartlett Pitt who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 26th day of October, 1872, to

send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Thomas Andrew, of 13, Bedford-circus, Exeter, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

THOMAS ANDREW, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Guildford and Godalming.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Lyon, of No. 134, High-street, Guildford, in the county of Surrey, Butcher.

THE creditors of the above-named William Lyon who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Francis Whitburn, of No. 115, High-street, Guildford, in the county of Surrey, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

F. WHITBURN, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Harrison, of Bridge-street, Morpeth, in the county of Northumberland, Watch and Clock Maker and Dealer and Jeweller.

THE creditors of the above-named John Harrison who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 1st day of November, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Smithson, Accountant, of No. 9, Grainger-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 8th day of October, 1872.

WILLIAM SMITHSON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William English, of Lombard-street, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, carrying on business as a Timber Merchant, under the style or firm of William English and Company.

THE creditors of the above-named William English who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Thomas Young Strachan, of Grainger-street West, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

T. Y. STRACHAN, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Northallerton.**

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Rumley and John Rumley, both of Newton-plain, in the township of Newton-le-Willows, in the county of York, Market Gardeners.

THE creditors of the above-named George Rumley and John Rumley who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John James Dumville Botterell, of Sunderland, in the county of Durham, Gentleman, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

J. DUMVILLE BOTTERELL, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.**In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at York.**

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Darley Grange and Thomas Grange, both of Gillygate, in the city of York, Stone Masons, trading under the name or style of John and Thomas Grange.

THE creditors of the above-named John Darley Grange and Thomas Grange who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 5th day of November, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the

particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Joseph Hollins, of 73, Petergate, in the city of York, Law Stationer, the Trustee under the liquidation or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

JOSEPH HOLLINS, Trustee

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Oldbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Turton Siddons and Alexander Siddons, of the county of Stafford, carrying on business there in copartnership, under the style or firm of Siddons Brothers, as Ironfounders and Coal Dust Dealers.

THE creditors of the above-named William Turton Siddons and Alexander Siddons who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, George Steward Watson, at the County Court, Oldbury, near Birmingham, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 11th day of October, 1872.

GEORGE S. WATSON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Oldbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Hickson and Thomas Child, of Smethwick, in the county of Stafford, Nut and Bolt Manufacturers and Copartners, trading under the style or firm of the Union Nut and Bolt Company.

THE creditors of the above-named William Hickson and Thomas Child who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 26th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Thomas Bridge, at No. 55, Church-street, Oldbury, near Birmingham, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

THOMAS BRIDGE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Henry Gibbs, of No. 4, King's-parade, Redland, in the city of Bristol, Accountant, and carrying on business at St. Leonard's-chambers, Nicholas-street, in the city of Bristol, in copartnership with William Josiah Barnard and Solomon Hare, as Public Accountants, under the style or firm of Barnard, Hare, and Company.

THE creditors of the above-named Henry Gibbs who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Joseph Edmund Davies, of No. 23, Broad-street, in the city of Bristol, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

JOSEPH EDMUND DAVIES, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Nantwich and Crewe.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Dean, of Newtonby-Middlewich, in the county of Chester, Grocer, Publican, and Joiner.

THE creditors of the above-named George Dean who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Thomas Hulme, of Middlewich, in the county of Chester, Grocer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

THOMAS HULME, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of James Roe, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Boot and Shoe Maker.

THE creditors of the above-named James Roe who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 2nd day of November, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or

claims, to me, the undersigned, George Walter Knox, of 18, Bank-street, Sheffield, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

G. WALTER KNOX, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Smith, William Smith the younger, and Joseph Smith, of 8, Tyrrel-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, Tea and Cigar Dealers, trading under the style or firm of William Smith and Sons.

THE creditors of the above-named William Smith, William Smith the younger, and Joseph Smith, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Charles Joseph Buckley, of Bradford aforesaid, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

CHARLES JOSEPH BUCKLEY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Smith, William Smith the younger, and Joseph Smith, of 8, Tyrrel-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, Tea and Cigar Dealers, trading under the style or firm of William Smith and Sons.

Separate Estate of William Smith.

THE creditors of the above-named William Smith who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Charles Joseph Buckley, of Bradford aforesaid, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

CHARLES JOSEPH BUCKLEY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Robert McDonald, of Strattan-street, Leeds, in the county of York, Grocer.

THE creditors of the above-named Robert McDonald who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 31st day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Charles Lowrey, of 18, East-parade, Leeds, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

CHARLES LOWREY, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Peter Ebenezer Wright, of 18, Liverpool-road, Saint Helen's, in the county of Lancaster, Grocer.

THE creditors of the above-named Peter Ebenezer Wright who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 26th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John Joseph Graham, of 6, St. George's-chambers, Albert-square, Manchester, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 12th day of October, 1872.

JOHN J. GRAHAM, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester, by transfer from the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Macclesfield.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Parker, of Gunco Mills, Sutton, near Macclesfield, in the county of Chester, Cotton Spinner.

THE creditors of the above-named George Parker who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 30th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to us, the undersigned, William Parker, of the city of Manchester, Cotton Dealer, and John Richardson, of the said city, Accountant, the Trustees under the liquidation,

or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

WILLIAM PARKER,
JOHN RICHARDSON, Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Lincoln. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Overton, of Bardney, in the county of Lincoln, Wood Dealer.

THE creditors of the above-named George Overton who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 28th day of October, 1872, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, George Jay, of No. 5, Bank-street, in the city of Lincoln, Public Accountant, one of the Trustees under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

GEO. WM. THOMAS,
GEORGE JAY, Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Wiltshire, holden at Salisbury. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jane Wavell and Charles Henry Wavell, both of Quarley Manor Farm, near Andover, in the county of Hants, Farmers.

THE creditors of the above-named Jane Wavell and Charles Henry Wavell, or either of them, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 30th day of October instant, to send an affidavit in proof of their debts, with their names, addresses, and particulars of their said debts or claims to us, the undersigned, the Solicitors of Mr. John Burt, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

DUNCAN and MURTON, 45, Bloomsbury-square, London.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Hicks, of No. 45, High-street, Kingsland, and of No. 49, Brushfield-street, both in the county of Middlesex, Grocer and Tea Dealer.

WILLIAM IZARD, of No. 46, Eastcheap, in the city of London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Jarvis and Thomas Henry Jarvis, of No. 3, Old Swan-lane, in the city of London, Paper Making Material Merchants.

FREDERICK WOOD MORPHETT, of 35, Moor-gate-street, in the city of London, Bankruptcy Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtors must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtors must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Hobson King, of No. 13, Brooksby-street, Barnsbury, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter and Builder.

HENRY WILLIAM BANKS, of No. 23, Coleman-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 9th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Bedfordshire, holden at Luton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Clarke Barber, of Princess-street, Dunstable, in the county of Bedford, Builder.

WILLIAM INWARDS, of Dunstable aforesaid, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 9th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Bedfordshire, holden at Bedford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Pope, of Clifton, in the county of Bedford, late of Blackheath, in the county of Kent, and previously of Wilden, in the said county of Bedford, Farmer.

JOHAN ROGERS, of Chellington, in the county of Bedford, Auctioneer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 7th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ashton-under-Lyne.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Bostock, Thomas Rowbotham, and Thomas Bruckshaw, all of Nos. 115 and 117, Back-lane, Hyde, in the county of Chester, Hat Manufacturers and Copartners in trade, carrying on business under the style or firm of Bostock, Rowbotham, and Bruckshaw.

JOHAN HILL, of Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, Woolstapler, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtors. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtors must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtors must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Leicestershire, holden at Leicester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Wilson, of Little Bowden, in the county of Northampton, Linen and Woollen Draper.

EDWARD ROBERTS, of Leicester, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Theophilus Henry Wilcock, of No. 17, Palace-street, and also of No. 96, Brunswick-street, Chorlton-on-Medlock, both in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, and previously thereto of Sheldon-villas, Clapton, near London, in the county of Middlesex, Wholesale Tea and Coffee Dealer.

WILLIAM MILNE, of No. 7, Norfolk-street, in the city of Manchester, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Bellamy, of No. 118, George-street, Altrincham, in the county of Chester.

JOSHUA CROWTHER, of Bath-chambers, York-street, in the city of Manchester, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Johnson Kenner, of No. 74, Jesmond-road, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and Wellington-street, in the borough of Gateshead, in the county of Durham, and Jarrow, in the county of Durham, Alkali Manufacturer.

FREDERICK ROBERTSON GODDARD, of the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of James William Griffiths, of No. 247, High-street, in the city of Exeter, Confectioner.

FREDERICK POLLARD, of the city of Exeter, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated 9th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Lincoln. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of George Champion, of West Butterwick, in the county of Lincoln, Brewer.

JOHN BARR, of Gainsborough, in the county of Lincoln, Auctioneer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the Affairs of Henry Gibbs, of No. 4, King's-parade, Redland, in the city of Bristol, Accountant, and carrying on business at Saint Leonard's-chambers, Nicholas-street, in the city of Bristol, in co-partnership with William Josiah Barnard and Solomon Hare, as Public Accountants, under the style or firm of Barnard, Hare, and Company.

A GENERAL Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Henry Gibbs is hereby summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Henderson and Salmon, Solicitors, No. 50, Broad-street, in the city of Bristol, on Tuesday, the 5th day of November, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, for the purpose of auditing and passing the accounts of the Trustee of the property, estate, and effects of the above-named debtor, determining and fixing the remuneration to be allowed to the Trustee, declaring a First and Final Dividend out of the debtor's estate, and for fixing the date for closing the liquidation and granting the release of the said Trustee.—Dated the 16th day of October, 1872.

JOSEPH EDMUND DAVIES, No. 23, Broad-street, Bristol, Public Accountant, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Oxfordshire, holden at Oxford.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard James Spiers, of Oxford, in the county of Oxford, China Merchant, Stationer, and General Fancy Warehousman, trading under the name of Spiers and Son.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Clarendon Hotel, Corn Market-street, Oxford, on Saturday, the 26th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely. The object of the meeting and the business proposed to be transacted thereat are as follows, viz.—To receive the resignation of the Trustee (tendered on account of his ill health), to audit his accounts, to release him from his office, and to appoint his successor; to receive the resignation of Mr. Thomas Hawkins, one of the Inspectors, and to appoint his successor; to fix the allowance to be made to the debtor and the remuneration for his services under the liquidation; to determine an application from the debtor for

the use of part of his household furniture not (exceeding £200 in value) until the rest of his estate be got in.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

JOSEPH CASTLE, Cowley-road, Oxford, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth. To Robert Ware, of No. 10, Middle-street, Southsea, in the parish of Portsea, in the county of Southampton, and of Commercial-road, Landport, in the said parish of Portsea, Wine and Spirit Merchant.

In the Matter of a Debtor's Summons issued against you and your copartner, Thomas William Rutter, by William Thomas Hore and Joseph Bolton Doe, of No. 12, Osborn-street, Whitechapel, in the county of Middlesex, Wine and Spirit Merchants.

TAKE notice, that a Debtor's Summons having been granted against you and your copartner, the said Thomas William Rutter, by this Court, the Court has ordered that the publication of this notice in the London Gazette shall be deemed to be service of such Summons on you on the seventh day after such publication. The Summons can be inspected by you on application to this Court.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol.

A MEETING of the Creditors of Charles Amesbury Whitley Deans Dundas, of the city and county of Bristol, Newspaper Proprietor, Printer, and Publisher, adjudicated bankrupt on the 29th day of May, 1872, will be held at the County Court Offices, Small-street, in the city of Bristol, on the 6th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the assent by the Trustee to a scheme of settlement of the affairs of the bankrupt, and for the annulling thereafter the order of adjudication made against the bankrupt.

WILLIAM BUSH, Trustee.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A FIRST Dividend of 1s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Henry King, of Norwood-lane, Dulwich, in the county of Surrey, Brick Maker, adjudicated bankrupt on the 20th day of December, 1871, and will be paid by me, at the offices of Mr. George Dowdman Cooke, No. 20, Devereux-court, Temple, London, on and after the 30th day of October, 1872.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

ROB. CARTER, Trustee.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A FINAL Dividend of 1s. 10³d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of John Thomas Coling, of No. 27, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, in the county of Middlesex, Wine Merchant, adjudicated bankrupt on the 21st day of September, 1871, and will be paid by me, at the office of Messrs. Hill and Son, No. 23, Throgmorton-street, in the city of London, on and after the 18th day of October, 1872.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

JNO. NEWELL, Junr., Trustee.

In the County Court of Norfolk, holden at King's Lynn.

A SECOND Dividend of 1s. 6d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of William Irons, of No. 24, Saint James's-street, King's Lynn, in the county of Norfolk, Draper and Milliner, adjudicated a bankrupt on the 21st day of March, 1872, and will be paid by me, at my office, 39, King-street, King's Lynn, on and after the 22nd day of October, 1872.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

W. B. WHALL, Trustee.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

A FIRST and Final Dividend of 1s. 7d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Joshua Rawson, of 3, Queen-street, in Leeds, in the county of York, Cloth Merchant and Commission Agent, trading as Joshua Rawson and Co., adjudicated bankrupt on the 29th day of February, and will be paid by me, at my office, 23, Park-row, Leeds, on and after the 15th day of October, 1872.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

JOHN MIRFIN, Trustee.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

A FIRST and Final Dividend of 1s. 4³d. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Richard Hodgess, of Bell-street, Tipton, in the county of Stafford, Grocer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 21st day of March, 1870, and will be paid at the offices of Mr. James Bunkle, of 25, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, Public Accountant, on and after the 24th day of October, 1872.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

CHARLES WOODBRIDGE, Trustee.

In the County Court of Lancaster, holden at Ulverstone.
A FIRST Dividend of 6s. in the pound has been declared in the matter of Johanna Addison, of Cark, Draper and Grocer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 1st day of July, 1872, and will be paid by me, at my office, 72, Highgate, Kendal, on and after the 19th instant.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

FRANCIS JNO. THORNER, Accountant,
 Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.
 In the Matter of Moritz Hyman, of 78, Whitechapel, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Clothier and Outfitter, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under a Bankruptcy Petition presented to this Court against the said Moritz Hyman, an order of adjudication was made on the 15th day of February, 1872. This is to give notice, that the said adjudication was, by order of this Court, annulled on the 11th day of October, 1872.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William Gardener, of the Crescent, Stamford Hill, and of No. 192, Hackney-road, in the county of Middlesex, Timber Merchant and Packing Case Maker.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the act of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said William Gardener having been given, it is ordered that the said William Gardener be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court, this 11th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

W. C. Spring-Rice, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said William Gardener is hereby summoned to be held at the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Honourable William Cecil Spring-Rice, one of the Registrars, at the office of Mr. Peter Paget, Official Assignee in the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar, at the said address.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Thomas Fox Cross, of No. 2, Devonshire-square, in the city of London, Silk Packer.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Thomas Fox Cross having been given, it is ordered that the said Thomas Fox Cross be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 15th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

W. C. Spring-Rice, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Thomas Fox Cross is hereby summoned to be held at the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 7th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Honourable William Cecil Spring-Rice, one of the Registrars, at the office of Mr. Peter Paget, Official Assignee in the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar, at the said address.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Middlesex, holden at Brentford.
 In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against John Jefferies, of No. 1, Essex-road, Shalimar Acton, in the county of Middlesex, Builder.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said John Jefferies having been given, it is ordered that the

said John Jefferies be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 12th day of October, 1872..

By the Court,

Wm. Ruston, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said John Jefferies is hereby summoned to be held at the Town-hall, New Brentford, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Scarborough.
 In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Robert Sample, of Albion-street, Victoria-road, and of the Sand-side, in Scarborough, in the county of York, Boot and Shoemaker and Outfitter.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Robert Sample having been given, it is ordered that the said Robert Sample be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

W. E. Woodall, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Robert Sample is hereby summoned to be held at the office of the Registrar of the said Court, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at three o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Henry Dunn, of 13, Dean-street, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and of Whitley, in the county of Northumberland, Music Hall Proprietor, Victualler, and Dealer.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Henry Dunn having been given, it is ordered that the said Henry Dunn be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 15th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

Wm. Brook Mortimer, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Henry Dunn is hereby summoned to be held at the offices of this Court, Westgate-road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against James Pringle, of Low Fell, Gateshead, in the county of Durham, Grocer.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said James Pringle having been given, it is ordered that the said James Pringle be, and he is hereby adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 15th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

Wm. Brook Mortimer, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said James Pringle is hereby summoned to be held at the offices of this Court, Westgate-road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 31st day of October, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend

thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Berkshire, holden at Reading.
In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against S M Isaacson, of the Mills, Henley-on-Thames, in the county of Oxford.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioners, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said S M Isaacson having been given, it is ordered that the said S M Isaacson be, and she is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 12th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

Charles Collins, Deputy-Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said S M Isaacson is hereby summoned to be held at the Registrar's Office, at Reading aforesaid, on the 2nd day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of her affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford.
In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Joseph Danson, of 97, City-road, Hulme, in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Joseph Danson having been given, it is ordered that the said Joseph Danson be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

Fredk. C. Hulton, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph Danson is hereby summoned to be held at the Court-house, Encombe-place, Salford, in the county of Lancaster, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton.
In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Henry Newman, of Saint John's-common, Keymer, in the county of Sussex, Mealman.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Henry Newman having been given, it is ordered that the said Newman be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

A. F. Terrell Shapland, Deputy-Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Henry Newman is hereby summoned to be held at the office of the Court, Church-street, Brighton, on the 13th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Dorsetshire, holden at Poole.
In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Robert Cole, of Bournemouth, in the county of Hants, Plumber, Painter, and Glazier.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioners, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bank-

ruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Robert Cole having been given, it is ordered that the said Robert Cole be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

H. W. Dickinson, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Robert Cole is hereby summoned to be held at the Registrar's Office, Fish-street, Poole, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at Exeter.
In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Nathaniel Bagg, of Thorncombe, in the county of Dorset, Baker.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Nathaniel Bagg having been given, it is ordered that the said Nathaniel Bagg be, and he is hereby adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

R. R. M. Daw, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Nathaniel Bagg is hereby summoned to be held at the Castle of Exeter, at Exeter, on the 30th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley,
Burslem, and Tunstall.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Thomas Warner and Alfred Martin, both of New-street, Hanley, in the county of Stafford, Sanitary Ware Manufacturers.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the acts of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Thomas Warner and Alfred Martin having been given, it is ordered that the said Thomas Warner and Alfred Martin be, and they are hereby, adjudged bankrupts.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of October, 1872.

By the Court,

Chas. Edwd. Challinor, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Thomas Warner and Alfred Martin is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court Offices, Cheapside, Hanley aforesaid, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of their affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupts must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupts must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of John Davenport, of No. 14, Little Tower-street, in the city of London, and of No. 18, the Gardens, Peckham Rye, in the county of Surrey, Tea Merchant, trading under the style or firm of Davenport Brothers, a Bankrupt.

Francis Nicholls, of No. 14, Old Jewry-chambers, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-in-fields, in the county of Middlesex, on the 26th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon (and not afternoon, as erroneously printed in the Gazette of 11th instant). All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors

who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 3rd day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Abraham Israel, of No. 10, Bristol-gardens, Paddington, in the county of Middlesex, and No. 36, White's-row, Spitalfields, in the same county, Butcher, a Bankrupt.

John Burroughs James, of No. 3, Lothbury, in the city of London, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn fields, on the 29th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of William Waugh, of No. 72, Great Ormond-street, Jarrow, in the county of Durham, Boot and Shoe Dealer, Dealer and Chapman, a Bankrupt.

William Holmes Taylor, of Prince Consort-road, Gateshead, Innkeeper, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Court Offices, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 25th day of October, 1872, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Wells. In the Matter of Isaac Randall Budden, of Ditchat, in the county of Somerset, Baker and Grocer, a Bankrupt.

Alfred Wheeler, of Spargrove Mills, Batcombe, near Evercreech, in the county of Somerset, Miller, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Townhall, Wells, on the 29th day of October, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Henry Woodcock, residing at 45, Great Lister-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and John Lerwill, residing at 19, Godwin-street, Birmingham aforesaid, carrying on business in copartnership in Windsor-street, Birmingham aforesaid, as Builders and Contractors, the said Henry Woodcock also carrying on the business of a Provision Dealer, at 45, Great Lister-street, Birmingham aforesaid, Bankrupts.

Joseph Walker Sands, of Railway-wharf, Monument-lane, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Brick and Tile Merchant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupts. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupts to take place at the Court-house, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, on the 4th day of November, 1872, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupts must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupts must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of William Henry Antrobus, of 11, Upper Hockley-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Jeweller, a Bankrupt.

William Woodward, of Vyse-street, Birmingham, aforesaid, Jeweller, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Court-house, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, aforesaid, on the 12th day of November, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all

debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of James Knowles and John Foster, trading in copartnership under the style or firm of Knowles and Foster, of Crosby, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Coal Merchants, Bankrupts.

Thomas Hayes Sheen, of 57A, Church-street, Liverpool, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupts. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupts to take place at the Court-house, Eldon-chambers, South John-street, Liverpool, on the 15th day of November, 1872, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupts must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupts must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 16th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby. In the Matter of Edward Gandy, of Bridge-street, Belper, in the county of Derby, Baker and Flour Dealer, a Bankrupt.

John Louth Wykes, of Derby, in the county of Derby, Gentleman, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County-hall, Derby, on the 11th day of November, 1872, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 10th day of October, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth. In the Matter of Matthew James Scadden, of Berkeley-street, Southsea, in the county of Hants, Builder, a Bankrupt.

John Alfred Byerley, of St. George's-square, Portsea, in the county of Hants, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Court-house, Portsmouth, on the 2nd day of December, 1872, at twelve o'clock at noon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debt to the trustee.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Northallerton

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Henry Stead, of Thirsk, in the county of York, Innkeeper and Farmer, adjudicated a bankrupt on the 15th day of May, 1872. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 23rd day of October, 1872, will be excluded.—Dated this 9th day of October, 1872.

Richard Pearson, Trustee.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Chester.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Edward Jones, of Canal Saw Mills, Chester, in the county of Chester, Timber Merchant, adjudicated bankrupt on the 2nd day of September, 1872. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 25th day of October, 1872, will be excluded.—Dated this 15th day of October, 1872.

Henry Jones, Trustee.

In the County Court of Cornwall, holden at Truro.

A Second Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Mortimer Maurice, of Crantock, in the county of Cornwall, Clerk in Holy Orders, adjudicated bankrupt on the 25th day of February, 1871. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 28th day of October, 1872, will be excluded.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1872.

Thos. Chirgwin, Trustee.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of William Walker and James Walker, both of 107, Week-street, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, Drapers, Bankrupts.

AN Order of Discharge was granted, on the 24th day of September, 1872, to William Walker and James Walker, both of 107, Week-street, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, who were adjudicated bankrupts on the 16th day of January, 1872.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

Notice of the Granting of Orders of Discharge.

The Bankrupts hereinafter named have had Orders of Discharge granted or suspended as hereinafter mentioned by the several Courts acting in prosecution of their respective Bankruptcies, and such Orders will be delivered to the Bankrupts unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court:—

Joseph George Clements, of No. 120, Camberwell-road, Surrey, Zinc Worker, Plumber, and Gas Fitter, adjudicated bankrupt on the 10th day of October, 1867. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 4th day of June, 1868.

Robert James Lovell, of Portland, near Weymouth, in the county of Dorset, out of employ, formerly of Newbury, in the county of Berks, Foreman to a Coachmaker, adjudicated bankrupt on the 5th day of May, 1869. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 7th day of July, 1869.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861, and the Bankruptcy Act, 1869. In the Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, and in the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Huddersfield.

In the Matter of John Dyson and Lee Dyson, now or late of Huddersfield, in the county of York, Grocers and Copartners, the said Lee Dyson, also carrying on business in the city of Manchester, as an Innkeeper, adjudicated bankrupts in the said Leeds District Court of Bankruptcy on the 22nd day of November, 1869.

WHEREAS at a Public Sitting of the said County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Huddersfield, this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt Lee Dyson, at the expiration of twelve calendar months from this date, and to the said bankrupt John Dyson, at the expiration of two years from this date. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered the said bankrupts after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless in the meantime an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 14th day of October, 1870.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the Court Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Aberdare.

In the Matter of Benjamin Davies, of Gadlys-road, in the parish of Aberdare, in the county of Glamorgan, Grocer, a Bankrupt.

UPON reading a report of the Trustee of the property of the bankrupt, dated the 14th day of October, 1872, reporting that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a dividend to the amount of six shillings and three pence in the pound has been paid, and the Court being satisfied that the whole of the property of the bankrupt has been realized for the benefit of his creditors, and a Dividend to the amount of six shillings and three pence in the pound has been paid, doth order and declare that the bankruptcy of the said Benjamin Davies has closed.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 14th day of October, 1872.

THE estates of John McDonald, Grocer, in Greenock, were sequestrated on the 14th day of October, 1872, by the Sheriff of Renfrew and Bute.

The first deliverance is dated 14th October, 1872.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock, afternoon, on Friday, the 25th day of October, 1872, within the White Hart Hotel, in Greenock.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 14th day of February, 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt till the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ALEXANDER BLAIR, Agent,
4, Hamilton-street, Greenock.

THE estates of Alfred Robert Catton, sometime residing at Grunard, Aulbais, Ross-shire, now an inmate of the Lunatic Asylum at Saughtonhall, near Slateford, were sequestrated on the 14th day of October, 1872, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated 29th August, 1872.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock, afternoon, on Wednesday, the 23rd day of October, 1872, within Lyon and Turnbull's Rooms, No. 51, George-street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 14th February, 1873.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff-Court of the county of Edinburgh.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

MITCHELL and BAXTER, W.S., Agents.

11, South Charlotte-street, Edinburgh,
October 15, 1872.

THE estates of Alison and Ross, Publishers, Stationers, and Bookbinders, in Glasgow, as a Company, and Robert Alison and Peter Ross, both Publishers, Stationers, and Bookbinders, in Glasgow, the sole Individual Partners of said firm, as such Partners, and as Individuals, were sequestrated on 12th October, 1872, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated 12th October, 1872.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Monday, the 28th October, 1872, within the Faculty-hall, Saint George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before 12th February, 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupts until the meeting for election of the Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

RICHD. McCULLOCH, Writer,
93, West Regent-street, Glasgow, Agent.

THE estates of James Farms, Grocer and Provision Merchant, Dumbarton-road, Partick, and Finnieston-street, Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 16th day of October, 1872, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated 16th October, 1872.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Friday, the 25th day of October, 1872, within the Faculty-hall, Saint George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 17th February, 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN LATTA, S.S.C.,
27, Forth-street, Edinburgh, Agent.

THE estates of John Robertson, Farmer, Knocknacroishaig, in the county of Inverness, were sequestrated on the 16th day of October, 1872, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 16th day of October, 1872.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Friday, the 25th day of October, 1872, within the Procurators' Rooms, The Castle, Inverness.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before 16th day of February, 1873.

The Sequestration is remitted to the Sheriff of Inverness-shire.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of a Trustee, has been granted to the said John Robertson.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

GIBSON-CRAIG, DALZIEL, and BRODIES, W.S.,
5, Thistle-street, Edinburgh, Agents.

THE estates of Peter Bannerman, Shoemaker, Memsie, in the parish of Rathen, and county of Aberdeen, were sequestrated on the 15th day of October, 1872, by the Sheriff of Aberdeen and Kincardine.

The first deliverance is dated the 15th October, 1872.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Saturday, the 26th day of October, 1872, within the Imperial Hotel, Stirling-street, Aberdeen.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and

grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 15th day of February, 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt till the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ADAM, THOMSON, and ROSS, Advocates,
75, Union-street, Aberdeen, Agents.

THE estates of David Reid, Flesher, Dundee, were sequestrated on the 16th day of October, 1872, by the Sheriff of Forfarshire.

The first deliverance is dated 16th October, 1872.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Monday, the 28th day of October current, 1872, within the British Hotel, in Dundee.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debts must be lodged on or before the 28th day of January, 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WM. McDONALD, Solicitor,
31, Bank-street, Dundee, Agent.

THE estates of Andrew MacLachlan, Boot and Shoe Merchant, in Greenock, were sequestrated on the 15th day of October, 1872, by the Sheriff of Renfrew and Bute.

The first deliverance is dated 15th October, 1872.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Friday, the 25th day of October, 1872, within the White Hart Hotel, Cathcart-street, Greenock.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 14th day of February, 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt till the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

LEWIS and FYFE, Writers, 1, Bank-street, Greenock, Agents.

All Letters must be Post paid, and all communications on the business of the London Gazette to be addressed to the Office, Princes Street, Storey's Gate, Westminster.

Orders for Gazettes to be addressed to the Publishers, 45, St. Martin's Lane.

Printed and Published by THOMAS HARRISON and JAMES WILLIAM HARRISON, Printers, at their Office, No. 45, St. Martin's Lane, in the Parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, in the County of Middlesex.

Friday, October 18, 1872.

Price One Shilling.