

your child (A.B.), who is now between five and thirteen years of age, to attend and continue to attend School.*

Dated this day of 187

Clerk of the School Board.

*Offices of the School Board,
New-street, West Bromwich.*

The officer serving this notice will explain the same, and the consequences of refusing to comply therewith, and will also give you any information relating thereto, or to the schools which your child may attend.

The officer will not disclose the fact of your having been served with this notice, or any information relating thereto, to any person other than a member or officer of the Board, or a School Manager, or the Principal Teacher of a School.

If you do not comply with this notice, and wish to give any reason or explanation for not doing so, you are invited to attend a meeting of the Board, or of a Committee thereof, or of Managers appointed by the Board, to be held in the

on the day of
187 , between and o'clock in
the ; and before any proceedings are taken
against you, full consideration will be given by
the Board to any statement you may make at
such meeting, or to the officer serving this notice.

* NOTE.—The school may be selected by yourself, but it must be either a Public Elementary School, or a school at which efficient elementary instruction is given.

Whitehall, November 3, 1871.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Sir James William Colville, Knt., to be a Member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council for the purposes and under the provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to make further provision for the despatch of Business by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council."

The Queen has also been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Sir Montague Edward Smith, Knt., to be a Member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council for the purposes and under the provisions of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to make further provision for the despatch of Business by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council."

Whitehall, November 6, 1871.

The Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland declaring Edith Maud, Countess of Loudoun, the wife of Charles Frederick Abney Hastings, Esq., Baroness Botreaux, she being the elder of the four sisters and coheirs of the late Most Honourable Henry Weysford Charles Plantagenet, Marquess of Hastings and Baron Botreaux, and as such one of the coheirs of the Barony of Botreaux, originating by Writ of Summons to Parliament, granted to William Botreaux on the 24th of February, in the 42nd year of the reign of King Edward the Third, and that she the said Edith Maud, Countess of Loudoun, shall be Baroness Botreaux, and have, hold, and enjoy the said Barony of Botreaux together with all the rights, titles, privileges, pre-eminences, immunities, and advantages and the precedence thereunto belonging to hold to her and the heirs of her body, in as full and ample manner

as the said Henry Weysford Charles Plantagenet, Marquess of Hastings, the last Baron Botreaux, or any of his ancestors Barons Botreaux or the said William Botreaux held and enjoyed the same.

Whitehall, November 6, 1871.

The Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland declaring Edith Maud, Countess of Loudoun, the wife of Charles Frederick Abney Hastings, Esq., Baroness Hungerford, she being the elder of the four sisters and coheirs of the late Most Honourable Henry Weysford Charles Plantagenet, Marquess of Hastings and Baron Hungerford, and as such one of the coheirs of the Barony of Hungerford, originating by Writ of Summons to Parliament, granted to Sir Walter Hungerford, on the 7th of January, in the 4th year of the reign of King Henry the Sixth, and that she the said Edith Maud, Countess of Loudoun, shall be Baroness Hungerford, and have, hold, and enjoy the said Barony of Hungerford, together with all the rights, titles, privileges, pre-eminences, immunities, and advantages and the precedence thereunto belonging to hold to her and the heirs of her body, in as full and ample manner as the said Henry Weysford Charles Plantagenet, Marquess of Hastings, the last Baron Hungerford, or any of his ancestors Barons Hungerford or the said Sir Walter Hungerford held and enjoyed the same.

Whitehall, November 6, 1871.

The Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland declaring Edith Maud, Countess of Loudoun, the wife of Charles Frederick Abney Hastings, Esq., Baroness de Moleyns, she being the elder of the four sisters and coheirs of the late Most Honourable Henry Weysford Charles Plantagenet, Marquess of Hastings and Baron de Moleyns, and as such one of the coheirs of the Barony of de Moleyns, originating by Writ of Summons to Parliament, granted to Robert Hungerford, on the 13th of January, in the 23rd year of the reign of King Henry the Sixth, and that she the said Edith Maud, Countess of Loudoun, shall be Baroness de Moleyns, and have, hold, and enjoy the said Barony of de Moleyns, together with all the rights, titles, privileges, pre-eminences, immunities, and advantages and the precedence thereunto belonging to hold to her and the heirs of her body, in as full and ample manner as the said Henry Weysford Charles Plantagenet, Marquess of Hastings, the last Baron de Moleyns, or any of his ancestors Barons de Moleyns or the said Robert Hungerford held and enjoyed the same.

Whitehall, November 6, 1871.

The Queen has been pleased to direct Letters Patent to be passed under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland declaring Edith Maud, Countess of Loudoun, the wife of Charles Frederick Abney Hastings, Esq., Baroness Hastings, she being the elder of the four sisters and coheirs of the late Most Honourable Henry Weysford Charles Plantagenet, Marquess of Hastings and Baron Hastings, and as such one of the coheirs of the Barony of Hastings, originating by Writ of Summons to Parliament, granted to William Hastings, on the 26th of July, in the 1st year of the reign of King Edward the Fourth, and that she the said Edith Maud, Countess of Loudoun, shall be Baroness Hastings, and have, hold, and enjoy the said Barony of Hastings,