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TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1871.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace,
March 24, 1871.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Birthday will be kept on Saturday, the 20th of May next.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace,
March 29, 1871.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that The Queen will hold a Drawing Room at Buckingham Palace, on Tuesday, the 9th of May next, at three o'clock.

REGULATIONS

TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S DRAWING ROOM AT BUCKINGHAM PALACE.

By Her Majesty's Command.

The Ladies, who propose to attend Her Majesty's Drawing Room, at Buckingham Palace, are requested to bring with them two large cards, with their names *clearly written* thereon, one to be left with the Queen's Page in Attendance, and the other to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, who will announce the name to The Queen.

PRESENTATIONS.

Any Lady who proposes to be presented to The Queen must leave at the Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace, *before twelve o'clock*, two clear days before the Drawing Room, a card with her name written thereon, and with the name of the Lady by whom she is to be presented. In order to carry out the

existing regulation, that no presentation can be made at a Drawing Room excepting by a Lady actually attending that Court, it is also necessary that an intimation from the Lady who is to make the presentation, of her intention to be present, should accompany the presentation card above referred to, which will be submitted to The Queen for Her Majesty's approbation. It is Her Majesty's Command, that no presentations shall be made at the Drawing Room, except in accordance with the above regulations.

It is particularly requested that in every case the names be *very distinctly written* upon the cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to The Queen.

It is not expected that Gentlemen will present themselves at Drawing Rooms, except in attendance on the Ladies of their families.

Any Gentleman who under these circumstances should desire to be presented to The Queen, will observe the same regulations as are in force for Her Majesty's Levees.

The State apartments will be open for the reception of Company coming to Court at two o'clock.

SYDNEY,
Lord Chamberlain.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace,
March 29, 1871.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales will, by command of The Queen, hold Levees at St. James's Palace, on behalf of Her Majesty, on Wednesday, the 26th of April next, and on Saturday, the 13th of May next, at two o'clock.

It is The Queen's pleasure that Presentations to His Royal Highness at these Levees shall be con-

sidered as equivalent to Presentations to Her Majesty.

REGULATIONS

TO BE OBSERVED AT THE QUEEN'S LEVEES TO BE HELD BY HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES, ON BEHALF OF HER MAJESTY, AT ST. JAMES'S PALACE.

By Her Majesty's Command.

The Noblemen and Gentlemen, who propose to attend Her Majesty's Levees, at St. James's Palace, are requested to bring with them two large cards, with their names *clearly written* thereon, one to be left with The Queen's Page in attendance in the Corridor, and the other to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, who will announce the name to His Royal Highness.

PRESENTATIONS.

Any Nobleman or Gentleman who proposes to be presented, must leave at the Lord Chamberlain's Office, St. James's Palace, *before twelve o'clock*, two clear days before the Levee, a card with his name written thereon, and with the name of the Nobleman or Gentleman by whom he is to be presented. In order to carry out the existing regulation that no presentation can be made at a Levee excepting by a person actually attending that Levee, it is also necessary that an intimation from the Nobleman or Gentleman who is to make the presentation, of his intention to be present, should accompany the presentation card above referred to, which will be submitted to The Queen for Her Majesty's approbation. It is Her Majesty's command that no presentations shall be made at these Levees, except in accordance with the above regulations.

It is particularly requested, that in every case the names be *very distinctly written* upon the cards to be delivered to the Lord Chamberlain, in order that there may be no difficulty in announcing them to His Royal Highness.

The State apartments will be open for the reception of Company coming to Court at one o'clock.

SYDNEY,

Lord Chamberlain.

Westminster, March 31, 1871.

THIS day the Lords being met a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them; that *The Lords authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to several Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the Commission read;* and the Commons being come thither, the said

Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to

An Act to apply the sum of five million four hundred and eleven thousand nine hundred pounds out of the Consolidated Fund to the service of the year ending the thirty-first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

An Act for extending the jurisdiction of the Courts of the West African Settlements to certain offences committed out of Her Majesty's dominions.

Whitehall, March 29, 1871.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Hannah Georgina Elizabeth D'Audebert, wife of Alfred D'Audebert, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in the county of Northumberland, Gentleman, and late the widow of Augustus De Butts, sometime a Colonel in the Madras Engineers, deceased, the guardian during the minority of her only son Augustus Edward De Butts, a Cornet in the 17th Lancers, of the age of nineteen years and upwards, Her Royal licence and authority that he the said Augustus Edward De Butts may, in compliance with a clause contained in the last will and testament of William Wharton Burdon, late of Newcastle-upon-Tyne aforesaid, Esquire, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Burdon, instead of that of De Butts, and bear the arms of Burdon quarterly with those of De Butts; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms and recorded in the College of Arms, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And also to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

*Education Department, Whitehall,
April 1, 1871.*

THE Lords of the Committee of the Privy Council on Education have issued orders this day for the formation of School Boards in the under-mentioned Parishes:—

Beddgelert	...	...	Carnarvon
Bodedern	...	...	Anglesey
Britonferry	...	...	Glamorgan
Carno	...	...	Montgomery
Castleford	...	...	York
Chigwell	...	...	Essex
Clydey	...	...	Pembroke
Glyntraian	...	...	Denbigh
Keyworth	...	...	Notts
Llanrhyddlad	...	...	Anglesey
Llansantffraid-glyn-ceriog	...	...	Denbigh
Llangollen	...	...	Denbigh
Llanonda	...	...	Pembroke
Llechylched	...	...	Anglesey
Shirland and Higham	...	...	Derby.

(H. 1726.)

*Board of Trade (Harbour Department),
Whitehall Gardens, S.W.,
March 31, 1871.*

[The following Notice is in substitution for the Notice which appeared in the London Gazette of the 17th March.]

THE Board of Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs a Dispatch from Lieutenant-Colonel Stokes, R.E., the British representative on the European Commission of the Danube, forwarding translations of enactments of the Commission relating to—

I. The Revised Regulation of Navigation and Police for the Lower Danube.

II. The Revised Tariff of Dues to be levied at the Sulina Mouth on and after the 1st of March, 1871.

III. The abrogation of the Regulation made on the 20th April, 1869, for the Registration of Lighters.

Copies of these translations are subjoined.

I. ENACTMENT RELATING TO THE REVISED REGULATION OF NAVIGATION AND POLICE APPLICABLE TO THE LOWER DANUBE.

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION OF THE DANUBE.

Referring to Article 112 of the Regulation of Navigation and Police applicable to the Lower Danube, dated the 2nd November, 1865, and annexed to the Public Act relating to the navigation of the mouths of the said river, signed at Galatz the same day and ratified at the sitting of the Conference of Paris of the 28th of March, 1866:

Whereas in conformity with the said Article 112 the above-mentioned regulation has been modified in many of its provisions:

Whereas, also, new provisions have been enacted to meet requirements that were recognized subsequently to the putting in force of the said regulation of the 2nd November, 1865:

Whereas this diversity of police regulations of the Lower Danube prevents navigators from understanding readily and sufficiently such of the provisions as are binding on them:

And whereas in consequence thereof, it is well to combine these provisions in one single regulation, after having submitted them to a further revision, enacts the following regulation.

REGULATION OF NAVIGATION AND POLICE APPLICABLE TO THE LOWER DANUBE.

General Provisions.

ART. 1.

The navigation of the Lower Danube below Isaktcha is placed under the control of the Inspector-General of the Navigation of the Lower Danube and of the Captain of the Port of Sulina.

These two agents both officiate under the superintendence of the European Commission of the Danube; their authority is exercised towards all flags alike without distinction.

Art. 2.

The execution of the regulations applicable to the Lower Danube, is equally insured by the action of the vessels of war stationed at the mouths in accordance with Article 19 of the Treaty of Paris.

Each naval force on the station acts upon the vessels of its own country, or upon those whose flag it is called upon to protect, either in virtue of treaties or usage, or in consequence of a general or special delegation.

In the absence of a vessel of war qualified to interfere, the authorities charged with the police of the river can have recourse to the vessels of war of the territorial power.

Art. 3.

The Inspector-General is specially charged, with the police of the Lower Danube, exclusive of the Port of Sulina.

He is assisted by several Superintendents distributed over the different sections of the River under his jurisdiction.

Art. 4.

The Captain of the Port of Sulina is charged with the police of the port and of the Roadstead of Sulina.

Art. 5.

The Masters of merchant vessels to whatever country they belong, are bound to comply with the orders which are given to them by virtue of the present regulation, by the Inspector-General, by the Captain of the Port of Sulina, or by Agents placed under their orders.

They are equally bound to state to them, when called upon to do so, their names, as well as the flags, and names of their vessels, and to show to them their agreements with their crews, without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 10, 17, 23, and 74 hereinafter contained.

A special instruction emanating from the European Commission of the Danube, regulates particularly the action of the Inspector-General and of the Captain of the Port.

Art. 6.

Independently of the judicial functions exercised by them in the cases provided for in Articles 90 and 151 of the present Regulation, the Inspector-General and the Captain of the Port of Sulina decide summarily on disputes arising between captains and their crews, calling in the aid of two captains of the same nationality as the contending parties, or, in default of them, of two other captains.

They do not, however, exercise this part of their powers unless their interference is claimed by one of the parties concerned, and then only in the event of there being no other competent authority on the spot.

PART I.

Concerning the Police of the Sulina Roads and Port.

CHAPTER I.

Police Regulations for the Sulina Roads.

Art. 7.

The Sulina roadstead comprises the waters of the sea for a radius of two nautical miles round the head of the north pier.

Art. 8.

Every vessel arriving in the Sulina Roads from seaward must hoist her national colours.

Art. 9.

If she remains in the roads to ship or unload cargo, she must nevertheless obey the orders of the Captain of the Port and of his agents in everything relating to the navigation police. She is specially bound to conform to the provisions of the present regulations contained in Part V, and having reference to the lighter service.

Art. 10.

She must anchor at the place pointed out by the Chief Pilot or Deputy Chief Pilot of the Sulina Port. Within twenty-four hours after anchoring, the Captain or his chief officer must report himself at the Port Captain's office, to present his ship's papers.

Art. 11.

Boats belonging to vessels anchored in the roads are forbidden to cross the bar, and to ply in port during the night, without carrying a lighted lantern.

CHAPTER II.

Police Regulations for the Port of Sulina.

Art. 12.

The Port of Sulina comprises the Sulina branch for a space of three nautical miles up the river, starting from the opening of the channel formed by the heads of the piers at the mouth.

Art. 13.

No sailing or steam vessels of more than 100 tons register may cross the bar of Sulina, either entering from the sea or leaving the river, without having on board a pilot licensed by the local authorities.

This clause, however, does not apply to steamers that make periodical voyages, which are permitted to employ their own pilots.

Vessels, of not more than 150 tons register, crossing the Sulina Mouth in ballast, are also exempted from the necessity of taking a licensed pilot.

The pilot service is regulated by special provisions under Part IV of these present regulations.

Art. 14.

No vessel is permitted to enter or leave the Port of Sulina without hoisting the national colours. The port authorities will not allow any vessel without a flag to pass.

Art. 15.

If, owing to stormy weather, the Sulina Bar is judged impracticable by the Captain of the Port, a blue flag is hoisted on the tower of the light-house, to show that the pilots are unable to go out to vessels in the roadstead.

Art. 16.

Captains must anchor in the berths pointed out to them by the Port Officials, and must change their anchorage when required by the said authorities, should it be considered necessary.

Steamers of more than 130 feet in length, as well as convoys in tow, on arriving from above, are forbidden to turn in any section of the Sulina Port that is occupied by other vessels.

Art. 17.

Captains must then present themselves within twenty-four hours at the office of the Captain of the Port, to produce there their ship's papers.

They are equally bound, with the exception of the captains of the postal steam packets making regular voyages, to present their papers to the Director of the Navigation Cash-Office at Sulina, who affixes to the roll of the crew of each vessel entering the Danube waters, of whatever tonnage she may be, a stamp bearing these words: "Commission Européenne du Danube, Caisse de Navigation de Souline,"—the date of the year, and her serial number.

If vessels entering the river from the sea do not remain more than twenty-four hours at Sulina, the ship's papers are immediately restored to the captains after the accomplishment of the prescribed formalities; in the contrary case they remain deposited at the office of the Captain of the Port, by whose agency they are transmitted, if required, to the competent consular authority; save and except in this case, the roll of the crew must always remain on board the vessel.

Art. 18.

After having cast anchor, vessels are to moor by cables to the posts fixed for the purpose along the two banks, or to vessels already moored.

In the latter case, vessels must never be moored more than three abreast from alongside either bank.

Vessels must take in their booms and jib-booms, which in no case may be used for mooring boats. During the whole period of remaining at anchor, the yards must be braced fore and aft.

Art. 19.

Small coasting vessels, as well as lighters, are forbidden to move about the port during the night. Boats belonging to the port or to merchant vessels may not ply during the night without carrying a lighted lantern.

Art. 20.

It is prohibited to heat tar or pitch on board vessels inside the port. Captains are bound to see that no lights whatever are used on board their vessels, other than glass lamps or lanterns.

Art. 21.

The captain of every vessel arriving in the port of Sulina with a cargo consisting wholly or partially of petroleum, gunpowder, mining-powder, or other explosive material, must immediately make a declaration to this effect to the "bossman," or pilot, before anchoring, and must produce the permission to import gunpowder with which he must be provided.

Art. 22.

Vessels having petroleum on board, may only anchor in the lower part of the port, on the left bank and below all other vessels. They are forbidden to moor or to cast anchor in any other section of the port.

Vessels which have on board explosive material, are bound to anchor at the upper end of the port, above all other vessels, and they must carry a red flag at the mizen-mast head.

Art. 23.

Before leaving the port to put to sea, captains must present themselves at the office of the Captain of the Port, to produce their ship's papers.

They are equally bound, with the exception of the captains of the postal steam packets making periodical voyages, to present their papers to the Director of the Navigation Cash Office, who then cancels, by a cross stamp, the stamp previously affixed to the ship's muster roll at the time of her entry, in accordance with Art. 17 hereinabove.

The muster roll will not be returned to the captain until he has produced his bill of lading, should his vessel leave the river fully laden; but for such as take in or complete their cargo in the roads, the bill of lading may be replaced by a manifest certified by a Consular or local competent authority, stating the nature and quantity of the cargo to be shipped.

This manifest must in like manner be produced before the ship's muster roll can be returned.

After the payment of the navigation dues fixed by the Tariff in force at the Sulina mouth, and the payment or deposit of the fines, if any, inflicted in virtue of the present Regulation or of the above-mentioned Tariff, the muster roll must be presented at the office of the Captain of the Port, where the last revision will always be made for vessels about to leave the river, and the clearance is then given which allows the vessel to put to sea.

Art. 24.

The captain of every vessel, who, owing either to accident or to contrary winds, seeks shelter in the port, or who is obliged to re-enter it after having put to sea, is bound to report himself, within twenty-four hours of his entrance, at the office of the Captain of the Port.

He must also then show his muster roll to the Director of the Navigation Cash Office. It will be immediately returned to him.

Art. 25.

Vessels entering the Port of Sulina under one of the conditions mentioned in the preceding Article can only anchor in the lower section of the Port in the berth allotted them by the "Bossman" or pilot.

CHAPTER III.

Provisions common to both Roadstead and Port of Sulina.

Art. 26.

Art. 73 of these present Regulations, which forbids the throwing out of ballast, except at stated places, has particular reference to the Roadstead and the Port of Sulina, properly so called.

Art. 27.

Every vessel anchored in the Port or Roads of Sulina, that does not already carry her name on some part of her hull outside, is bound to have it fixed in large letters on her stern, where it may be easily seen, for so long a time as she remains at anchor.

Art. 28.

It is forbidden, without the authority of the Captain of the Port, to remove anchors, chains, and other articles abandoned in the Port and Roadstead of Sulina.

Art. 29.

In case of a vessel stranding, of shipwreck, as well as in cases in damage, the Captain of the Port of Sulina will immediately give the promptest assistance to save the vessel, her cargo, and gear and to protect the general interests of the navigation; after which, he divests himself of the administration of the salvage, and forwards all the documents drawn up by him to the nearest competent authority.

PART II.

Concerning the River Police.

CHAPTER I.

General Regulations.

Art. 30.

Every captain or master of a sailing or steam vessel in the act of navigating or stationary, whether at anchor or moored to the bank, is bound to take care that his vessel causes neither hindrance to the navigation nor damage, whether to other vessels or to landing jetties, buoys, signals, towing paths or other establishments placed on the river or its banks for the benefit of the navigation, and he is to attend to the preservation of his own vessel with the same care.

Vessels navigating or stationary in the Sulina Branch are bound to carry their anchors suspended freely from the cat-heads, without making them fast to the bulwarks.

Persons charged with conducting floats of wood and rafts are equally bound to take the same precautions as vessels.

CHAPTER II.

Regulations for Vessels crossing or passing one another.

Art. 31.

As a general rule, vessels are forbidden to pass one another if going in the same direction, and two vessels sailing in opposite directions may not cross in places where the channel does not afford sufficient breadth.

Art. 32.

No vessel may steer across the course taken by another vessel in such a manner as to impede it in its way.

When a vessel ascending the river finds itself exposed to meeting a vessel descending at a point which does not afford sufficient breadth, she must stop below the passage till the other vessel has cleared it; and if the ascending vessel should be actually in the passage as the other approaches it, the descending vessel must cast the anchor which she is bound to carry always in readiness astern, and stop above until the passage is clear.

Art. 33.

In the bends of the Sulina Branch, and in narrow passages in general, steam vessels must not approach closely vessels which precede them.

Art. 34.

When two steam vessels, or two sailing vessels, sailing with a favourable wind meet whilst proceeding in different directions, the one ascending stream must steer towards the left bank, and the vessel descending towards the right bank, so that both go to starboard as is customary at sea.

It is the same when the meeting takes place between a steam-vessel and a sailing vessel navigating with a fair wind.

Any captain or master breaking this regulation will have to prove, in the event of a collision, that

it was impossible for him to observe it, in default of which, he will be responsible before the competent tribunal for all accidents which may have happened.

He is moreover bound to give the signals prescribed by Arts. 36 and 37 following. If two steam vessels give the same signal simultaneously, the signal of the descending vessel rules.

Art. 35.

When two steam vessels, proceeding in different directions, are approaching a curve in the river, they must give the signals prescribed by Arts. 36 and 37 following, and the ascending vessel must stop until the other has cleared the passage.

Art. 36.

When one steam vessel wishes to pass another going in the same direction, it must signal before arriving at a short distance by means of five strokes on the bell, or five whistles, and by waving a flag on the fore-castle, or by hoisting half-mast a blue flag by day, or a white light at night.

Upon these signals the vessel in advance is bound to steer to the left, and give passage to the other, which will take the right. As soon as the vessel following is half a ship's length from the one she is about to pass, or from the tail of a convoy in tow, the latter must slacken speed until she has been passed.

Art. 37.

A sailing vessel coming up with another of inferior sailing powers, and desiring to pass her, must signal her intention in good time by hailing the vessel in advance, which will be required to let her pass to windward.

A steam vessel wishing to pass a sailing vessel going in the same direction as itself, will be required to give the signals prescribed by Art. 36, within a short distance, and must pass the sailing vessel to leeward.

Art. 38.

Steam vessels going down stream are to slacken speed at the points where the river describes sharp curves, until a clear passage is visible from the stern of the vessel. If any other vessel should be in the bend, the steamer must signal its approach by sounding its whistle.

Art. 39.

Every steamer, whether ascending or descending the river, is bound to avoid vessels which it may meet dropping down with the current.

The vessel so dropping down is required, on its part, when it meets other vessels, whether under sail or steam, to steer parallel to the banks, so as to offer as little obstacle as possible to a free passage.

Art. 40.

Vessels tacking must take care not to get in the way of steamers.

Art. 41.

Captains or Masters of vessels heavily laden, or of laden vessels of less than 60 tons register, are required to keep as much as possible out of the way of steamers which may meet or come up with them.

Captain of steamers are bound, on their part, when passing near vessels of the kind mentioned in the preceding paragraph, to slacken speed, or stop completely in case of danger to the said vessels if they can do so without danger to themselves or to the vessels they may have in tow.

Art. 42.

Captains or Masters of tugs, navigating with or without vessels in tow, are bound to observe all the preceding provisions; they are, moreover, specially bound to obey the injunctions of Arts. 36, 37, and 38, when one convoy wishes to pass another, the which case excepted, two convoys must never be side by side, either at anchor or navigating in company.

In the event of meeting sailing vessels or steamers going down stream, a tug, going up, has the option of deviating from the injunctions contained in the above Art. 34, in order to keep out of the current, if she can do so without danger to the vessel she is meeting. The tug is moreover bound, if she avail herself of this permission, to give the signals prescribed by the above Arts. 36 and 37.

Art. 43.

As a general rule, any steam vessel not towing a convoy, as well as every vessel sailing with a fair wind, is bound to give passage to a convoy of vessels in tow. In default of sufficient space for doing this, Captains and Masters, both of tugs and vessels in tow, are bound, even in cases where the signals prescribed by the preceding Arts. 36, 37, and 38, have not been given, to draw aside, agreeably to the provisions of the said Articles, and to arrange in single file the vessels in tow.

Captains and Masters of tugs and vessels in tow are, moreover, required in all cases of meeting other vessels to close together as near as possible, so as to leave to the others a sufficiently wide passage.

Paddlewheel steamers, when navigating in the Sulina Channel, must not lash alongside them the vessels they have taken in tow. It is altogether forbidden to navigate in the said channel with more than two vessels lashed abreast.

Art. 44.

If two vessels, tracking in opposite directions, meet at the side of the same bank, the one going up stream must stand out to let the other pass.

If a vessel tracked by draught animals comes up with one tracked by men, the latter must allow the former to pass.

In the case of a vessel tracked coming up with one moored to the bank, the Captain of this latter must allow the sailors belonging to the tracking vessel to come on board to carry over the tracking-rope.

Art. 45.

No attempt is to be made to pass a vessel tracked from the shore, unless it be by steering between her and the bank opposite the one from which she is being tracked. Vessels, when tracked, are bound, on their part, upon the signals prescribed by Arts. 36 and 37 preceding, to keep as near as possible to the bank which they are skirting.

Art. 46.

In obeying and construing the rules laid down in the preceding Arts. 31 to 45 inclusive, due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation, and due regard must also be had to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case, rendering a departure from the above rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

CHAPTER III.

Rules relative to Tracking from the Banks.

Art. 47.

The paths that follow both banks of the Danube are specially intended to be used for the tracking

of vessels either by men or draught animals; foot-passengers and carriages can also make use of them.

Art. 48.

The towing path outside the ports must have a width of twenty feet at least, measuring from the ordinary river bank. It must be free from all obstacles that can impede its use, such as bushes, trees, enclosures, houses, and other erections.

Art. 49.

The establishment in the river, and especially near the banks, of boat mills, irrigating wheels, and other similar constructions, is forbidden, without a formal permission from the authority in charge of the river police.

Art. 50.

It is expressly forbidden to dig ditches across the towing path, unless the proprietor of the ground undertakes to bridge over any such obstructions.

Art. 51.

Mooring posts having been fixed along the Sulina, Captains and Masters must avoid driving stakes or fixing anchors on the towing paths for the purpose of mooring their vessels.

CHAPTER IV.

Rules for Navigating at Night, or in a Fog.

Art. 52.

All steam vessels navigating during the night (between sunset and sunrise), must be furnished with a white light, easily visible at a distance of at least two miles, hoisted at the foremast-head, a green light on the starboard side, and a red light on the port side.

The said green and red lights shall be fitted with inboard screens, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

Sailing vessels under weigh, or being towed, shall carry the same lights as steam vessels under weigh, with the exception of the white foremast-head light, which they shall never carry. Steam vessels, when towing other ships, shall carry two bright white mast-head lights vertically, in addition to their side lights, so as to distinguish them from other steam vessels.

In the application of the rules prescribed in this Article, every steam vessel, which is under sail, and not under steam, is to be considered a sailing vessel; and every steam vessel which is under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a vessel under steam.

Rafts navigating during the night must carry a white light at each of their angles, and three white lights at the mast-head, placed one above the other.

Art. 53.

Sailing vessels, convoys in tow, and rafts may not navigate when both banks of the river cannot be seen at the same time.

Art. 54.

In a fog, steamers may not navigate except at slackened speed. The bell on board must be struck without intermission, whilst a whistle must be sounded every five minutes. They are bound to drop anchor if the fog becomes so thick that they cannot see the bank they are following, or towards which they are steering.

Art. 55.

Vessels are forbidden to leave their hawsers across the stream during the night, or in foggy weather.

CHAPTER V.

Rules for Vessels at Anchor.

Art. 56.

Vessels are expressly forbidden to drop anchor or to moor in the channel of navigation. Except in the case provided for by Article 75, hereinafter, it is equally forbidden to moor or to anchor vessels in the concave bends of the river, even alongside the banks, under pain of being responsible for all damage that their presence there may occasion.

Outside the ports, two or more vessels may never be anchored or moored abreast of one another alongside the towing path.

Art. 57.

If, in consequence of a fog, a vessel or raft is obliged to stop at any other than a regular mooring place, the bell on board must be struck if the vessel is a steamer, if not the fog horn must be used.

These signals must be repeated every five minutes.

Art. 58.

Every vessel stopping in the river during the night must be furnished with a lighted lantern, which should be placed either at the end of one of the main yards, or on any other visible part of the vessel, on the side towards the channel, in such a manner that it may be seen equally well both up and down stream.

Rafts stationed at anchor during the night must carry the lights prescribed by the last paragraph of the above Art. 52—except the lights at the two angles next the bank which they are bound to remove.

Art. 59.

When a vessel, for the purpose of mooring, or getting off a bank, as provided for in Chapter VII following, is obliged to stretch a cable or chain across the channel, these moorings must be promptly slackened the moment another vessel wishes to pass.

CHAPTER VI.

Special Rules for Rafts.

Art. 60.

Rafts and floats of timber, when they descend the Sulina branch, can only have a draught of water at least two feet less than the depth of water on the shallowest shoal in the said branch.

Art. 61.

Rafts and floats that have a greater draught of water than nine feet English, or a greater width than forty feet, as also all rafts intended for a sea voyage, whatever may be their dimensions, are forbidden to navigate in the Sulina branch, except in tow of a steamer.

Art. 62.

Rafts and floats not in tow are forbidden to navigate in the Sulina branch during the night, that is to say, between sunset and sunrise.

Art. 63.

Every raft or float grounded in the Sulina branch, that is not set afloat again within twenty-four hours, may be lightened and taken to pieces even, should it be necessary, by the agents of the river police, at the expense of the owner.

CHAPTER VII.

Rules for Cases of Stranding and Shipwreck.

Art. 64.

Every Captain or Master of a vessel or raft grounded in the Sulina Channel, is bound to station at a convenient spot, at least half a nautical mile above his vessel, a look out, charged with hailing vessels and rafts coming down stream, to acquaint them with the nature and place of the accident.

Should a vessel happen to ground while under sail or steam, the Captain is bound to hail vessels nearing him to inform them of the fact before they get too close.

Art. 65.

Steam vessels must go at half-speed only whilst passing places where a vessel or raft has run aground or foundered,

Art. 66.

Every shipwreck in the Sulina Channel is regarded with suspicion (extraordinary cases excepted), and is presumed, until the contrary has been proved, to be owing to negligence or evil intent on the part of the Captain or crew of the wrecked vessel.

The pilot of the vessel is personally responsible for the wreck if caused by bad management.

Art. 67.

If, contrary to all probability, a vessel should be wrecked in the Sulina Channel, the Captain is bound to use every effort to haul her immediately alongside one of the banks, so that she may not remain in the channel.

The Captain of the wrecked vessel and his crew are bound to remain on board, or on the bank near the spot where the accident took place, until the report mentioned in Art. 68 following has been drawn up.

They are forbidden, under any pretext whatever, to remove any part of the ship's cargo, stores, anchors, chains, cables, &c.

Art. 68.

Immediately after the wreck, the pilot of the vessel must, as promptly as possible, acquaint the Inspector-General with the news, by means of the Superintendents of Police. The Inspector-General will proceed at once to the spot, and will draw up a detailed report of the accident, which he will forward to the competent authority.

Art. 69.

If the Inspector-General judges it necessary to take immediate measures in the interest of the navigation, he will summon for this purpose the Captain of the wrecked vessel, who is bound either to declare on the spot that he abandons his vessel, or to act with his crew under the orders of the Inspector-General; the latter will superintend the salvage up to the point where the work ceases to be of public utility, and has become an affair of private interest.

The vessel whose salvage has been effected by the help of the authorities charged with the river police, is liable for the payment of a sufficient sum to cover the salvage expenses, and the keeping in repair the gear used for such purposes.

Art. 70.

The works undertaken by owners, insurers, and interested parties, with the object of effecting the salvage of wrecked vessels and their cargoes, must be carried out under the superintendence of the Inspector-General, or of his agents, and they may be temporarily suspended if considered to be of a nature likely to cause any hindrance whatever to the navigation.

Art. 71.

If, besides the case of pressing necessity provided for in the above Art. 69, the removal of the carcass or remains of a wrecked vessel is considered necessary, the owners, insurers, or other interested parties are bound to accomplish it within a month from the time of receiving notice to this effect, in default of which the work may be officially performed by the Inspector-General within the limits determined above in Art. 69. In this case the wrecked vessel with its equipments, or what remains of them, are specially affected to the payment of the expenses of removal.

Art. 72.

In cases of damage, particularly if caused by collision, the Inspector-General, if he is able to prove the facts of the case, and if he is called upon to do so by one of the parties concerned, will draw up a report of the same, which will be forwarded to the competent authority.

CHAPTER VIII.

Rules for the Discharge of Ballast.

Art. 73.

Vessels are strictly forbidden to throw their ballast overboard into the river or on the roadstead of Sulina; they are in like manner forbidden to discharge ballast into the parts of the sea in the neighbourhood of the roadstead, in less than ten fathoms.

The landing of ballast above the Port of Sulina can only be carried on at the points of the river bank appointed by the Inspector-General of the Navigation, and made known by public notice.

The Captain of the Port of Sulina appoints the places where ballast can be discharged in the port.

The discharged ballast must in every case be transported to such a distance that the foot of the heap shall be at least twenty English feet from the edge of the proper river bank, and it must not be heaped up to a greater height than four feet above the bank level.

The provisions of this Article are equally applicable to the throwing overboard of the cinders and ashes of steam vessels.

Art. 74.

To ensure as far as possible the fulfilment of the preceding Article, every vessel leaving the Port of Sulina in ballast, for a port higher up the river, must be provided with a certificate from the Captain of the Port, stating the draught of water caused by her ballast.

This certificate must be kept on board during the whole voyage up the river, to be produced

upon every demand of the Inspector-General, or of his agents.

PART III.

Concerning the Police of the Port of Toultscha.

Art. 75.

Every vessel lying at Toultscha must be moored to the right bank of the river. It is, however, to be understood, that there shall never be more than three vessels moored abreast.

Art. 76.

No vessel may drop anchor in the navigable channel off Toultscha, that is to say, on the right of the bollards, and red buoys fixed along the left bank of the river, nor between the posts on the right bank, bearing the sign of an anchor reversed.

Art. 77.

Vessels are permitted to haul on the bollards and buoys to help them to double the Toultscha bend, but in no case are they allowed to use them as mooring posts. It is understood that this provision does not apply to steamers making periodical voyages, which stop for a short time only off Toultscha.

It is also forbidden that two or more vessels haul on one buoy at the same time.

PART IV.

CONCERNING THE PILOT SERVICE AT THE MOUTH AND IN THE RIVER.

CHAPTER I.

Pilot Service at the Mouth.

Art. 78.

Pilotage at the river mouth being compulsory as stated in Art. 13 of these present regulations, a special corps of licensed and responsible pilots act at Sulina, under the direction of a Chief Pilot, and of the Captain of the Port.

The licence of pilot is delivered by the Captain of the Port, and must receive his visa every year; it ceases to be valid if the annual visa is wanting.

Art. 79.

A boat is held in readiness to take the pilots on board vessels which approach the port from the sea as soon as the look-out on the lighthouse tower signals their arrival.

Pilots are bound to go a mile to seaward of the head of the north pier to meet vessels.

Art. 80.

As soon as a pilot boards a vessel, he must acquaint her captain with the depth of water over the bar channel, and, in return, the latter is bound to state to the pilot the draught of water of his vessel, and the proportion of cargo which she has on board. This proportion is made known without delay by the pilot to the Captain of the Port.

Art. 81.

Every pilot, not belonging to the Sulina Corps, who happens to be on board a vessel prepared to cross the bar, is bound, immediately on the arrival of the local pilot, to give up to him entirely the direction of the ship.

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Art. 82.

On leaving the river, the local pilot is bound to conduct the vessel to at least a quarter of a mile to the east of the North Pier Head.

Art. 83.

The pilot dues, as well for entry into the river as for departure, being comprised in the navigation dues levied at Sulina, it is forbidden to pilots of the first class to receive any remuneration from the captains whose vessels they have piloted.

CHAPTER II.

River Pilotage.

Art. 84.

Independently of the corps of pilots charged with piloting vessels in the channel of the Sulina Mouth, and acting under the direction of the Captain of the Port, there is a special service of pilots, likewise licensed, for merchant vessels navigating the river between Sulina and Ibraila.

The corps of river pilots is placed under the authority of the Inspector-General of the Navigation, by whom the licence of pilot is delivered.

This licence must each year receive the visa of the Inspector-General, and ceases to be valid if the accomplishment of this formality is wanting.

The pilotage service is directed by a chief pilot who is bound to have three offices, at Galatz, at Ibraila, and at Toultscha, and by a deputy chief pilot residing at Sulina.

The licensed pilots of the river service alone have authority to pilot vessels during their navigation between Sulina and Ibraila, as well ascending as descending, but they are forbidden, excepting those of the steam packets making periodical voyages, to pilot them in the channel of the Sulina mouth.

River pilots, provided with a special licence for the Sulina mouth, are, however, authorized to act as bar pilots, when required to do so by the port authorities.

Art. 85.

Merchant Captains ascending the river are not bound to take a licensed pilot when they make the voyage themselves on board their vessels, but the Deputy Chief Pilot at Sulina, set over the River Pilot Service, is obliged to procure them one, even in this case, if they require it.

For descending the river every merchant vessel, of more than 100 tons register, as well as every raft of timber, must take a licensed pilot of the second class.

The same obligation exists for vessels of more than 100 tons register ascending the river without a captain or master on board.

Art. 86.

The up-voyage commences from the time the vessel leaves the Port of Sulina to ascend the river, and terminates with the arrival of the vessel either at its port of destination, or at Ibraila when she is bound for a port above this latter, or for Matchin.

The down-voyage commences at Ibraila, or on leaving the port where the vessel has taken her cargo, or clearance if she goes down empty, in the case where the port is situated below Ibraila. It terminates when the vessel takes her anchorage in the Port of Sulina.

Vessels sailing from Matchin, from Podbachi, or a port above Ibraila, must take their pilot when

passing Ibraïla; those sailing from the ports of Reni or Ismail, have the option of providing themselves with a pilot when passing Toultscha.

Art. 87.

Captains will arrange with the river pilots the sum to be paid the latter for the pilotage up-stream. In case of dispute, however, on this point, the port authorities will not admit any claim on the part of pilots for a higher rate of wages than six francs a day for the voyage, in addition to subsistence on board, for the pilotage of a sailing vessel. These wages may be raised to a maximum of one hundred francs a day for the pilots of steam vessels.

With regard to the compulsory pilotage of the voyage down-stream, its dues are fixed as follows :—

Sailing vessels of more than one hundred tons, and not exceeding one hundred and fifty tons, will pay ;

For the passage from Galatz, or from a port situated above this point, to Sulina, one hundred and ten francs ;

For the passage from Reni or Ismail to Sulina ninety francs ;

And for the passage from Toultscha to Sulina sixty francs.

Sailing vessels of more than one hundred and fifty tons, and not exceeding two hundred and fifty tons, as also rafts or floats of timber, will pay ;

For the passage from Galatz, or from a port situated above this point, to Sulina, one hundred and twenty-five francs ;

For the passage from Reni or from Ismail to Sulina one hundred francs ;

And for the passage from Toultscha to Sulina seventy-five francs.

Sailing vessels of more than two hundred and fifty tons will pay ;

For the passage from Galatz, or from a port situated above this point, to Sulina, fifty centimes per register ton ;

For the passage from Reni or Ismail to Sulina, forty centimes per ton ;

For the passage from Toultscha to Sulina thirty centimes per ton.

Steam vessels pay only the half of these dues, and those who make their voyages between the ports of the Danube and the ports of the Black Sea or of the Bosphorus, may be freed from them, provided that the ship's pilot is furnished with a licence as river pilot.

The chief pilot of the river service levies on the amount of the due paid by each sailing vessel a sum determined as follows :

Three francs for vessels of more than one hundred tons, and not exceeding one hundred and fifty tons ;

Four francs for vessels of more than one hundred and fifty tons, and not exceeding two hundred and fifty tons, as also for rafts or floats of timber ;

And two centimes per ton for vessels of more than two hundred and fifty tons.

This levying is only one half upon the pilotage dues paid by steam vessels, but it is applied also to such of these vessels as have permanent pilots, and which are exempt from the payment of the said dues.

The surplus of the dues belongs to the pilots.

These dues are paid into the hands of the Director of the Navigation Cash Office at Sulina, who alone can give a valid receipt for them ; it is

allowable, however, to the captain of the vessel piloted to pay directly to his pilot the half of the due, as an advance.

When vessels employed as lighters restore to the vessels lightened by them the goods they took on board, without accompanying them as far as Sulina, the pilot of the lighter is entitled to receive the whole of the sum due to him, as soon as the lightened goods have been re-shipped.

In this case the share accruing to the chief river pilot is paid into the office of the Inspector-General of the navigation at the time that the declaration in accordance with Art. 95 of this present regulation is made.

The calculation of tonnage for the payment of the river pilotage due for vessels of more than two hundred and fifty tons, is made according to the rules laid down by the tariff of navigation dues in force at the Sulina Mouth.

Art. 88.

Every pilot of the river service who shall leave the Danube to pilot a vessel at sea, is bound before so doing, to show his license to the deputy chief pilot of the said service, who will put a visa on it, stating the date of his leaving the river.

The same formality must be observed on his re-entering the river.

Art. 89.

The Captain who has taken on board a licensed river pilot does not, even in the case where the pilotage is compulsory, remain the less responsible for the observance of the regulations of navigation and police in force upon the Lower Danube, and especially of Articles 30 and 44 of the present regulation.

The responsibility of the pilot is limited to the indication of the navigable channels and of the particulars of the river navigation. Consequently, the Captain, who abandons to his pilot the direction of his vessel, does so upon his own responsibility.

CHAPTER III.

Provisions Common to the Pilot Service of both Mouth and River.

Art. 79.

The Inspector-General and the Captain of the Port of Sulina, each within the limits of his jurisdiction, will decide disputes arising between licensed pilots and merchant captains, in the event of their intervention being demanded by the latter.

Art. 91.

Licensed pilots are bound to report either to the Inspector-General or to the Captain of the Port of Sulina, all infractions of the regulations committed in their presence.

They are forbidden to have any interest, either directly or indirectly in any operation, or contract connected with lighters, the object of which is to get afloat a vessel aground, except in the case where the operation has been undertaken by the job for the whole duration of the voyage.

Art. 92.

Any pilot who shall from incompetency or evil intent, be the cause of a collision, of grounding, or of wreck, shall be discharged, without prejudice, however, to the civil action which those interested may bring against him in the proper Courts.

If the circumstances causing the accident are such as to entail criminal proceedings, the pilot will be delivered up to the proper authorities to be tried according to law.

PART V.

The Lighter Service,

CHAPTER I.

General Rules.

Art. 93.

Lighterage operations are divided into two classes :

1st. Local lighterage effected by a seagoing vessel, which, in order to cross the Sulina Bar (either on entering or on leaving the river), or a shoal in the interior, discharges the whole or a part of its cargo into a smaller vessel in order to re-ship it after having cleared the obstacle ;

2nd. Coasting lighterage performed by sailing vessels, or by steam vessels and towing lighters which take a cargo in a port of the Danube and consign it to a sea-going vessel anchored in the port or on the roadstead of Sulina.

Art. 94.

No one can undertake lighterage operations without having previously entered at the office of the Inspector-General of the Navigation at Toultscha, the vessels intended to act as lighters, or without having provided himself, for each vessel, with a licence delivered by the Inspector-General, and which must always be forthcoming on board.

Before delivering the licence the Inspector-General causes the vessels, intended to act as lighters, to be visited by a commission which judges whether they are in good condition and ascertains at the same time their capacity in register tons and their burden in imperial quarters.

The licensed lighters are bound to submit themselves every year to a fresh visit, the period of which is fixed by the Inspector-General ; if the result of the examination is deemed satisfactory, the Inspector-General notes it on the licence of the lighter ; in the contrary case, the licence is withdrawn until the necessary repairs have been made.

Lighters (whether sailing or steam vessels) must have no empty space in the hold, except such as is duly recognised at the examination previous to granting the licence.

Art. 95.

Vessels provided with regular ship's papers can be temporarily employed for lightening other vessels, upon condition that the captains make for each operation a special declaration to the Inspector-General of the Navigation, if the lighterage is to be effected over the shoals of the Sulina Branch, or to the Captain of the Port of Sulina if the lighterage is for the passage of the mouth. This declaration is accompanied by the deposit of all the papers of the vessel intended to act as a lighter, except the muster roll of the crew.

If the vessel employed as lighter has entered the river with more than the third of her cargo, the dues owing for entry become demandable immediately after the first lighterage operation.

No vessel, however, not entered as a lighter, can be employed in this capacity, during more than four consecutive months from the first operation, except after fulfilling the formalities prescribed by Article 94.

Art. 96.

Every master of a licensed lighter is compelled to deposit 600 francs (£24) which is paid into the Navigation Cash Office at Sulina. This deposit may be replaced by the liable security of a person well known to be solvent, resident in one of the ports of the Lower Danube.

The licence cannot be delivered by the Inspector-General before the deposit has been made, or the security accepted.

The deposit cannot be returned or the security discharged as long as the vessel continues to act as lighter. This deposit may be appropriated to the payment of the pecuniary fines pronounced against the master of the lighter, and, in this case the licence is withdrawn from the vessel until the deposit has been renewed entirely.

Art. 97.

Licensed lighters, as well as vessels temporarily employed as lighters, are bound to have the muster roll of their crews in order, and to present it, whenever required, to the Inspector-General of the Navigation, to the Captain of the Port of Sulina, and to the agents placed under the orders of these latter.

Licensed lighters are bound, moreover, to bear the number of their licence, and vessels employed temporarily as lighters the number of the last stamp, affixed to the roll of their crew in execution of Article 17 of the present regulation. These numbers must be marked in white paint on each side of the bows, in Arab figures one foot in height.

CHAPTER II.

Local Lighterage Operations.

Art. 98.

The superintendence of local lighterage operations which take place in the river, is exercised by the Inspector-General of the Navigation, or by his agents, and that of the operations which take place at the mouth, by the Captain of the Port of Sulina.

Art. 99.

When a sea-going vessel discharges the whole or part of her cargo on board of lighters, the captain is bound to place on board of each of them a guard of his own choosing.

For operations of local lighterage accomplished in the internal course of the river, the lighters must, unless they are towed, navigate in company with the lightened vessels, and may not quit them, except under circumstances beyond their control, before having returned to them the whole of the lightened merchandise.

On their part, the captains of lightened vessels are bound, before putting to sea, to pay to the masters of their lighters the freight agreed upon, or to deposit the same at the office of the Captain of the Port, on a request to this effect being made to them in writing.

Art. 100.

In the case of lighterage at the mouth of the river by vessels putting to sea, the lighters leave

the port at the same time as the lightened vessels ; but if a vessel employs several lighters, the Captain of the Port regulates their departure so that the latter have not to remain too long on the roadstead before they can effect the re-loading.

In no case, whether the vessel to be lightened be leaving the port, or entering it from the sea, or remaining anchored on the roadstead, can the lighters go out of Sulina harbour without a permit to pass from the Captain of the Port. Lighters going out on the roadstead are forbidden to carry cargo on the upper deck.

Art. 101.

Licensed lighters, and vessels having acted as lighters, which ascend the river, or re-enter the port of Sulina after having lightened a sea-going vessel, may be visited by the agents of the Inspector-General of the Navigation, or of the Captain of the Port of Sulina.

The masters of lighters are consequently bound to open the hold and the cabins of their vessels, whenever required to do so by the said agents.

Art. 102.

If a lighter employed in lightening a vessel that, leaving the river, returns to the Port of Sulina for any reason whatever, even owing to circumstances beyond her control, without having been able to restore the whole of the lightened merchandise, the master or owner is bound to make a declaration of the same immediately at the Captain of the Port's office, and this declaration is at once communicated to the Director of the Navigation Cash Office.

Art. 103.

Lighters which have returned to port in the case foreseen in the preceding Article must anchor in the lower part of the port in the berth allotted them by the "bossman." They are put under the special supervision of the verifying officer attached to the Navigation Cash Office, on whose demand the masters or owners are bound to open the holds and cabins of their vessels.

CHAPTER III.

Coasting Lighterage Operations.

Art. 104.

The operations of coasting lighterage may be carried on by all steam vessels, towing lighters, sailing vessels, or lighters provided with regular papers, on condition that the Captains or Masters procure for each voyage, from the consular or competent local authorities of the ports in which they take their cargo, a certificate making known the object of the operation, and the quantity of merchandize embarked.

This certificate must be produced in the course of the voyage, whenever required by the Inspector-General or his agents.

Art. 105.

Immediately upon the arrival of a vessel, carrying on coasting lighterage, in the port of Sulina, the Master is bound to repair to the office of the Captain of the Port, and to present there the certificate prescribed by the preceding Article.

If the vessel discharges the whole of her cargo in the port of Sulina, she moors alongside the sea-going vessel which is to receive the merchandize, and must not quit her until after having entirely finished discharging.

If the cargo is to be discharged, wholly or partly, on the roadstead of Sulina, the Master of the vessel hands over the certificate prescribed by Art. 104 to the Captain of the Port, who delivers to him the permit to pass necessary for going out of the harbour.

Art. 106.

The preceding Articles 97, 100, 101, 102, and 103, are likewise applicable to vessels which perform the coasting lighterage service.

However, steam vessels and towing lighters are not subject to the constraint of allowing themselves to be visited, conformably with Art. 100, unless one of the parties demand it, or in case of suspicion of fraud.

CHAPTER IV.

Special Provisions for Circumstances beyond Control.

Art. 107.

When a vessel is forced by stress of weather to quit the roadstead of Sulina leaving all, or part of her cargo on board a lighter, the Master of the lighter is bound to return to the port, and temporarily to retain his cargo on board, after having conformed to the formalities prescribed by Art. 102 above.

Art. 108.

If, in the case provided for in the preceding Article, the lightened vessel does not re-appear in the course of six days, the Master of the lighter may demand of the Captain of the Port authority to unload his cargo and deliver it into the hands of the persons having a right to it ; he may then exact payment of the freight money agreed upon, as if he had placed the cargo on board the lightened vessel, but without any addition thereto.

If, before the expiration of the above specified period, the vessel returns to the roads, and is again forced to put to sea, the days that had elapsed will not be counted, but a new period will commence, dating from her re-appearance.

CHAPTER V.

Special Provisions in Cases of Fraud.

Art. 109.

In case of suspicion of inaccuracy or of false statement of a lighter's burden, merchant Captains have the power of seeing the tonnage verified by a special commission named, according to circumstances, by the Captain of the Port of Sulina, or by the Inspector-General of the Navigation.

The expense of this survey will be borne by the Captain who demanded it, unless inaccuracy or false statement is proved, in which case it will be at the charge of the lighter.

Art. 110.

If it is proved that a larceny has been committed upon the cargo placed on board of a licensed lighter, the license of the vessel is withdrawn for three months at least, without prejudice to the application to the Captain or Master of the vessel of the fine appointed by the third paragraph of Art. 139 of the present Regulation, or to the criminal proceedings belonging to the competent authorities.

PART VI.

On Towing.

CHAPTER I.

General Provisions.

Art. 111.

No one can undertake habitual towing business at the Sulina mouth, or on the Lower Danube below Isaktcha, before registering at the office of the Captain of the Port the vessels intended to act as tugs, and being furnished with a licence from the Captain of the Port for each vessel.

This licence must always be kept on board. It indicates the tonnage of the tug, as well as the quality and power of her engines.

Art. 112.

Before granting this licence, the Captain of the Port will cause the tug for which it is demanded to be inspected by surveyors, who judge if the vessel, and more particularly her engines, are in good order.

This visit is renewed in the spring of each year, and the report of the surveyors will state for how many months the engines are sound.

Art. 113.

Tugs provided with the licence prescribed by the two preceding Articles must have the number of their licence painted outside, in white, in Arabic figures one foot in height, both on the port and starboard side, where it can be easily seen.

Art. 114.

When vessels or transports in tow are about to moor or cast anchor in the Sulina roads, in a port, or in any part of the Danube below Isaktcha, the tug steamers may not cast off the tow rope until the vessels they are towing have come up to the wind or current, and are in a fit position for anchoring.

Art. 115.

When the Captain of a tug steamer undertakes, either in the roads of Sulina or in the river below Isaktcha, the towing of one or more vessels, rafts, or floats of timber for which the power of his engines is insufficient, he is civilly responsible for all the damage which may result from it.

Art. 116.

The provisions of Articles 114 and 115 preceding, are binding on all vessels employed as tug steamers, whether habitually or occasionally, in the river below Isaktcha, or in the roads of Sulina.

CHAPTER II.

On Towing at the River Mouth.

Art. 117.

Tug steamers employed, either habitually or occasionally, in the service of the port and roadstead of Sulina, are bound to obey strictly the directions given them by the Captain of the port, or by his agents, in all that concerns the berths for anchorage or mooring of the vessels they tow into port.

They themselves occupy berths in the section of the port which is specially assigned to them by the Port Captain, and they may not be moored more than two abreast.

Art. 118.

It is forbidden to all steamers to navigate in the Sulina Port with more than two vessels lashed abreast.

Art. 119.

When the state of the sea does not permit the bar pilots to go out in the roads to pilot vessels wishing to enter, every tug steamer leaving the port to bring in a vessel in tow, is bound, before starting, to take on board a pilot told off by the chief pilot for this purpose.

CHAPTER III.

On Towing in the River.

Art. 120.

Every tug steamer which shall have made more than three towing operations in the course of a month, in the river between Isaktcha and the Sulina mouth, shall be considered as carrying on habitually the towing business in that part of the river, and must, in consequence, take out the licence prescribed by Article III of the present regulation.

Art. 121.

In the event of grounding or wreck of a vessel, transport, raft, or float of timber, when in tow below Isaktcha, the Captain of the tug steamer, continuing his voyage, must give notice of the accident to the first guard-boat of the Inspector-General's service that he meets.

If the accident is owing to the fault of the tug steamer, this latter may not continue its voyage until it has been ascertained that the power of its engines is insufficient to set afloat again the vessel, transport, raft, or float of timber so grounded.

The provisions of this present Article apply to all steamers employed as tugs in the river below Isaktcha, whether habitually or occasionally.

PART VII.

Special Provisions to be observed in the Interest of the Works of Improvement on the Lower Danube.

Art. 122.

The precautionary rules prescribed by Art. 30 of the present Regulation to the Captains or Masters of the vessels, floats of timber, or rafts, navigating or stationary on the Lower Danube, below Isaktcha, apply specially to the floating plant employed on the works of improvement of the river and of its mouths, as well as to the works of every kind, such as piers, jetties, groynes, quays, constructed or to be constructed by the European Commission, or by the authority which shall succeed it, and to the buoys and other signals placed by one or other of these authorities on the river or on its banks.

Art. 123.

The Captains or Masters of vessels, floats of timber, or rafts are equally bound to take the precautions necessary for impeding as little as possible the works in course of execution, especially the dredging operations, and the construction of the works undertaken or to be undertaken in the Lower Danube below Isaktcha, and at the river mouth.

To this end, the Captains of all steam vessels are bound to slacken their speed, as much as they can do so without danger to their own vessels, or to the vessels towed by them, when they are traversing a section of the river on which dredging or other works are in course of execution, and that, as long as they are between the signal posts placed on the banks, above and below the site of the works.

Art. 124.

When the steam dredgers are employed in the Sulina Branch, or at the Tchatal of St. George during the night, the passage of the channel, where the dredging operations and discharge of stuff dredged are being carried on, is forbidden, except in the case hereinafter mentioned, to all sailing and steam vessels, rafts, or floats of timber for so many hours as is judged necessary, and which is determined by a special notice to this effect published by the European Commission, or by the authority which shall succeed it.

This prohibition does not extend to packet-boats making periodical voyages, and engaged in the Mail Service, except, however, in the case of special necessity, when passage by night can be forbidden absolutely, by a simple notice from the Commission, or the authority succeeding it.

PART VIII.

On Offences.

CHAPTER I.

Assessment of Fines.

§ 1.

Offences against the General Provisions and those of Part I for the Police of the Roads and Port of Sulina.

Art. 125.

Every offence against the provisions of the second paragraph of Art. 5, of the first paragraph of Art. 17, of the first paragraph of Art. 23, or against any of the provisions of Arts. 8, 10, 11, 14, 16, 18, 19, 20, 27, and 28 of the present regulation is punished with a fine of ten francs at least, and of fifty francs at most,

Art. 126.

The captain of every seagoing vessel, except the steamers engaged on postal service, found in the Danube, and whose muster roll does not bear the stamp of which mention is made in Article 17 of the present Regulation, or shall only bear one or more annulled stamps, is liable to a fine of one hundred francs at least, and of five hundred francs at most.

This fine will be of twenty francs at least, and of two hundred francs at most, for any captain of a seagoing vessel who, during the passage between Isaktcha and Sulina, is not provided with a muster roll, or who refuses to produce it on the demand of the Inspector-General's agents.

Art. 127.

Every offence against Art. 21 of the present Regulation is punished with a fine of one hundred francs at least, and of three hundred francs at most.

Offences against the provisions of Art. 22 are punished with a fine of twenty francs at least, and of two hundred francs at most.

Art. 128.

Every offence against any one of the provisions of Articles 24 and 25 is punished with a fine of twenty francs at least, and of one hundred francs at most.

§ 2.

Offences against the Provisions of Part II, on the River Police.

Art. 129.

Every offence against either of the provisions of Articles 30 to 45 inclusive, of Articles 48 to 59

inclusive, 64, 65, 69, and 74 of the present Regulation is punished with a fine of thirty francs at least, and of one hundred francs at most.

Art. 130.

Every conductor of a raft or float of timber found navigating the Sulina branch with a draught of water greater than that prescribed by Art. 60 of the present Regulation, is liable to a fine of one hundred francs at least, and five hundred francs at most.

Every offence against either of the provisions of Articles 61 and 62, is punished with a fine of two hundred francs at least, and of five hundred francs at most.

Art. 131.

Every offence against either of the provisions of Art. 73, relative to the discharge or throwing overboard of ballast, is punished with a fine of one hundred francs at least, and of five hundred francs at most.

§ 3.

Offences against the Provisions of Part III, on the Police of the Port of Toulcha.

Art. 132.

Offences against the provisions of Articles 75, 76, and 77 of the present Regulation are punished with a fine of ten francs at least, and of fifty francs at most.

§ 4.

Offences against the provisions of Part IV., on the Pilot Service.

Art. 133.

Every offence against the provisions of the first paragraph of Art. 13, or of the second paragraph of Art. 85, is punished by a fine of one hundred and fifty francs at least, and of three hundred francs at most.

Art. 134.

Every refusal of the declarations prescribed by Art. 80, or wilful inaccuracy in these declarations, either on the part of the captains or on the part of the pilots, and every offence against Art. 81, are punished with a fine of fifty francs at least, and of one hundred francs at most.

Art. 135.

Every captain who, contrary to the provisions of the last paragraph of Art. 84, shall cause his vessel to be piloted between Sulina and Ibraila, even when ascending the river, and when he himself is on board, by a pilot who does not belong to the Corps of River Pilots, is liable to a fine of one hundred francs at least, and of one hundred and fifty francs at most.

Any river pilot offending against the provisions of Art. 88, is liable to a fine of fifty francs at least, and of one hundred francs at most.

Art. 136.

Every offence committed by the licensed pilots of the Mouth, or of the River, or by the Chief or Deputy Chief Pilots against the provisions of the present regulations, or the instructions which are given to them, and to which no special penalty is attached, is punishable by a fine of which the maximum cannot exceed three hundred francs.

§ 5.

Offences against the Provisions of Part V., on the Lighter Service.

Art. 137.

Every offence against the provisions of the first paragraph of Art. 94, or against either of the provisions of Articles 95, 101, and 104, is punished with a fine of one hundred francs at least, and of two hundred francs at most.

Art. 138.

Every offence against the rules laid down in the third paragraph of Art. 94, as also every offence against either of the provisions of Art. 97, of the first paragraph of Art. 99, of Articles 100, 102, 103, and of the first paragraph of Art. 105, is punished with a fine of twenty francs at least, and of one hundred and twenty francs at most.

Art. 139.

Every offence against the provisions of the fourth paragraph of Art. 94, of the second paragraph of Art. 99, and of the second paragraph of Art. 105, is punished with a fine of four hundred francs at least, and of twelve hundred francs at most; and the same penalty is applicable to the captain or owner of every vessel having acted as lighter, or of every licensed lighter, which, without having been thereto compelled by circumstances beyond control, quits on the roadstead of Sulina the lightened vessel, before having restored to her the whole of her cargo.

Art. 140.

In every instance the vessel or lighter on board of which an offence is committed, remains especially set apart for the payment of fine incurred, for the recovering of which she can be sequestered by the Inspector-General of the Navigation, or by the Captain of the Port of Sulina, according to circumstances.

§ 6.

Offences against the Provisions of Part VI, on Towage.

Art. 141.

Every offence against the provisions of Art., 111, of the 2nd paragraph of Art., 112, of Articles 114, 120, and 121, is punished with a fine of twenty francs at least, and of one hundred and twenty francs at most.

The same penalty is applicable to every tug steamer who shall undertake, below Isaktcha, an operation for which the power of her engines is insufficient.

Art. 142.

Offences against the provisions of Article 113, are punished with a fine of ten francs at least, and of thirty francs at most.

Offences against either of the provisions of Articles 117 and 119, are punished with a fine of twenty francs at least, and of sixty francs at most.

And, for offences against Art. 118, the fine will be of forty francs at least, and of one hundred and twenty francs at most.

Art. 143.

The provisions of Art. 140 above, as regards the recovery of fines incurred, apply equally to tug steamers on board of which offences have been committed.

§ 7.

Special offences against the provisions of Part. VII.

Art. 144.

Every offence against the provisions of Articles 122, 123, and 124, is punished with a fine of fifty francs at least, and of five hundred francs at most.

Art. 145.

When an offence committed against the provisions of the said Articles 122, 123, and 124, or an offence provided for and punished by Articles 129 or 130, is accompanied or followed by any injury or damage whatsoever, occasioned by the offending vessel, float of timber, or raft, to the works of the European Commission, or of the Authority succeeding it, to its floating plant, or to any other of its properties, the fine incurred by the offender is of two hundred and fifty francs at least, and of two thousand five hundred francs at most.

§ 8.

Abusive language and assaults.

Art. 146.

Every instance of abusive language or menace against the Agents charged with the Police of the Navigation, or with the collection of the taxes levied at the Sulina mouth, while acting in the performance of their duties, as also abusive language or contempt of the authority from which the said Agents hold their power, is punished with a fine of ten francs at least, and of fifty francs at most.

In case of violence or assault committed upon the person of an Agent of the Police, or of the Collectors of the Taxes, when in the performance of their duties, the maximum of the fine may be raised to three hundred francs.

CHAPTER II.

Rules for the infliction of Fines.

Art. 147.

Offences occasioned by circumstances over which the offender has no control are not liable to fines.

Art. 148.

The maximum of a fine can be doubled in case of a repetition of the offence.

A repetition of the offence shall be considered to have been committed by a captain of a sea-going vessel when the two offences shall have been committed in one voyage, that is, without the vessel having quitted the Danube in the interval.

For masters of lighters, captains of tug steamers, and pilots there is a repetition of an offence when it is committed a second time in the space of one year.

For conductors of rafts and floats of timber there is a repetition of an offence against the provisions of Art. 60 when two or more rafts or floats of timber belonging to the same owner or seller, and of which the dimensions are greater than those prescribed by the said Article, are found navigating in the Sulina Branch, without being in tow of a steamer, between the 1st of January and the 31st December of the same year.

As regards Art. 62, there is a repetition of an offence when it has been committed on board the same raft or float of timber during two or more nights in the course of the same voyage.

Art. 149.

Independently of fines to which they are sentenced, offenders may be prosecuted in the competent courts for the recovery of the damages to which they are civilly liable.

Art. 150.

Captains are personally responsible for the offences committed by their crews.

Art. 151.

The Inspector-General of the Navigation, and the Captain of the Port of Sulina, take cognizance of the offences committed within the bounds of their several jurisdictions against the provisions of the present Regulation, and pronounce in the first instance the infliction of the fines incurred by reason of these offences.

The notification of their sentence is made at Sulina, in the Chancellery of the Consular or Local Authority to which the party sentenced is amenable, if the offence has been committed during the down voyage. It is made to the same authority in the port the vessel is bound to, when the offence has been committed during the voyage up-stream. It can also be validly made to the person.

Art. 152.

The amount of the fine is paid into the hands of the Director of the Navigation Chest at Sulina, and, in the case of sea-going vessels, the fines in all cases must be paid before the navigation dues, of which the payment is made when the vessel is about leaving the river.

Art. 153.

Appeals against the sentences of conviction must be carried, within three months from the date of notification, either before the European Commission, or the Authority succeeding it, or before the Mixed Tribunal which may eventually be instituted to this effect.

In case of appeal, the amount of the fine is consigned provisionally to the Navigation Chest, and remains there as a deposit until the case has been settled.

The judgment rendered on the appeal is final, and can be the object of no further proceedings whatever.

An appeal will not be received after the expiration of three months from the date of notification; and the amount of the fine then remains forfeited to the Navigation Chest.

Final Provisions.

Art. 154.

The present regulation will enter in force on the 1st of March, 1871.

From the same day forward, the following regulations will cease to have force of law:—

1. The regulation of Navigation and Police, dated the 2nd November, 1865, annexed to the Public Act of the same date, with the modifications introduced into the said regulation by the new provisions relative to the pilot and lighter services, enacted on the 16th April, 1868, the 22nd April, and the 30th October, 1869.
2. The provisions relative to the navigation of rafts and floats of timber, of the 12th May and 13th October, 1866.
3. The provisions of Police, enacted in the interest of the Works of Improvement of the Lower Danube, on the 21st April, 1868.

4. The towage regulations of the 2nd November, 1867 and of the 22nd April, 1869.
5. And the additional provisions relative to anchorage in the port of Sulina, enacted on the same 22nd April, 1869.

Art. 155.

The present regulation may be modified, according to need, by the European Commission or by the International Authority which shall be substituted for it in virtue of Article 17 of the Treaty of Paris.

Done at Galatz, the 8th day of November, 1870.

(Signed)

DE POTTENBURG.
J. STOKES.
B. BERIO.
RADOWITZ.
D'OFFENBERG.
ISMAIL.

II. ENACTMENT RELATING TO THE REVISED TARIFF OF NAVIGATION DUES to be levied at the Mouth of the Sulina, on and after the 1st of March, 1871.

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION OF THE DANUBE.

Whereas the 16th Article of the Treaty of Paris of the 30th of March, 1856, provides that the expenses of the works carried out for freeing the Mouths of the Danube and the neighbouring parts of the sea from the obstacles which obstructed them, and those of the Establishments intended to render the navigation sure and easy, shall be covered by levying fixed dues enacted by the Commission:

Whereas a Tariff was enacted the 2nd of November, 1865, to fix the amount of these dues in the form annexed to the Public Act relating to the Navigation of the Mouths of the Danube, signed at Galatz the same day, and ratified in the sitting of the Conference of Paris of the 28th March, 1866:

Whereas provisions modifying the dues of steam vessels were enacted by the Commission on the 26th April, 1867:

Whereas Article 15 of the Public Act hereinabove cited, provides that at the expiration of every term of five years, and with the view of diminishing, if possible, the charges laid upon the navigation, a revision of the said Tariff shall be made, and the amount of the dues shall be reduced as much as possible, always preserving, however, the mean revenue judged necessary:

Whereas since the Tariff of the 2nd November, 1865, was put in force, the provisional piers, constructed at the Mouth of the Sulina, have been transformed into permanent works, and new works have been undertaken in the branch of the river which discharges by this Mouth, in order to straighten the most difficult bends, and to ensure to vessels a notable increase of depth even at low water:

Whereas the necessity of providing for the amortization of the loan contracted to cover the expenses of these works, as well as for the repayment of the sums advanced by the Government of his Majesty the Sultan for the first wants of the Commission, does not yet permit of a general reduction being effected in the rate of the navigation dues:

Whereas as far as regards vessels of large tonnage and a great draught of water, the main-

tenance of the Tariff now in force is justified by the extension given to the works of improvement in the river, by which these vessels profit in a higher degree than the others :

Whereas it appears equitable, however, and is possible, to reduce the dues imposed on vessels of average tonnage, which have paid, up to this time, in proportion to the advantages which they derive from the works carried out, higher tolls than vessels of a larger burthen, and as there is equally occasion to establish a juster proportion of taxation between sailing vessels and steam vessels ; enacts

the Tariff of which the following are the provisions :—

Art. 1.

Every sailing vessel measuring more than thirty tons, leaving the port of Sulina to put to sea, and which carries, according to its bills of lading, or its manifest, a cargo equivalent to more than the third part of its tonnage, pays, per ton, a fixed navigation due, the amount of which is determined hereinafter, according to the total tonnage of the vessel and the depth of the channel at the mouth of the Sulina branch.

VESSELS which have ascended the river to receive their cargo at an inland port, pay the dues determined in francs and centimes by the following Table :—

Sailing Vessels which have ascended the River.	Amount of Dues to pay, with a depth at the Mouth of						
	less than 10 feet.	10 feet at least, and 11 feet at most.	More than				
			11 feet to 12 feet.	12 feet to 13 feet.	13 feet to 14 feet.	14 feet to 15 feet.	15 feet.
	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.
Of more than 30 tons and not exceeding 60 tons ...	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50
Of more than 60 tons and not exceeding 100 tons ...	0 80	0 80	0 80	0 80	0 80	0 80	0 80
Of more than 100 tons and not exceeding 150 tons ...	1 0	1 35	1 70	1 70	1 70	1 70	1 70
Of more than 150 tons and not exceeding 200 tons ...	1 0	1 35	1 70	2 10	2 10	2 10	2 10
Of more than 200 tons and not exceeding 250 tons ...	1 0	1 35	1 70	2 10	2 50	2 50	2 50
Of more than 250 tons and not exceeding 300 tons ...	1 0	1 35	1 70	2 10	2 50	2 90	2 90
Of more than 300 tons ...	1 0	1 35	1 70	2 10	2 50	2 90	3 30

VESSELS which receive their cargo wholly or in part in the Port of Sulina without ascending the river beyond the limits of the said Port, pay the dues determined in francs and centimes by the following Tables :—

Sailing Vessels loading at Sulina.	Amount of Dues to pay, with a depth at the Mouth of						
	less than 10 feet.	10 feet at least, and 11 feet at mouth.	More than				
			11 feet to 12 feet.	12 feet to 13 feet.	13 feet to 14 feet.	14 feet to 15 feet.	15 feet.
	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.
Of more than 30 tons and not exceeding 60 tons ...	0 30	0 30	0 30	0 30	0 30	0 30	0 30
Of more than 60 tons and not exceeding 100 tons ...	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50
Of more than 100 tons and not exceeding 150 tons ...	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 60	1 60	1 60	1 60
Of more than 150 tons and not exceeding 200 tons ...	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 90	1 90	1 90	1 90
Of more than 200 tons and not exceeding 250 tons ...	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 90	2 20	2 20	2 20
Of more than 250 tons and not exceeding 300 tons ...	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 90	2 20	2 50	2 50
Of more than 300 tons ...	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 90	2 20	2 50	2 80

Art. 2.

Every sailing vessel measuring more than three hundred tons, and having a draught of water too great to allow of its leaving the port of Sulina without lightening a portion of its cargo, is entitled to a reduction of 25 per cent. on the amount of navigation dues determined by the present Article, as long as the depth of the mouth is more than fifteen feet.

Excepting in the case reserved by the second paragraph of Art. 3 of the present tariff, every steam vessel quitting the port of Sulina to put to sea, and having, according to its bills of lading or its manifest, a cargo equivalent to more than the third part of its tonnage, pays, per ton, a fixed navigation due, also determined according to the tonnage of the vessel and depth of the channel at the Sulina mouth.

For Steam Vessels effecting their voyages between the Ports of the Danube, other than that of Sulina and the Ports of the Black Sea or the Bosphorus, the Dues are determined in francs and centimes by the following table:—

Steam Vessels which have ascended the River, and do not go beyond the Bosphorus.	Amount of Dues to pay with a Depth at the Mouth of						
	less than 10 feet.	10 feet at least and 11 feet at most.	More than				
			11 feet to 12 feet.	12 feet to 13 feet.	13 feet to 14 feet.	14 feet to 15 feet.	15 feet.
	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.
Of more than 30 tons and not exceeding 150 tons	0 60	0 60	0 60	0 60	0 60	0 60	0 60
Of more than 150 tons and not exceeding 200 tons	0 60	0 90	1 20	1 20	1 20	1 20	1 20
Of more than 200 tons and not exceeding 250 tons... ..	0 60	0 90	1 20	1 40	1 40	1 40	1 40
Of more than 250 tons and not exceeding 300 tons... ..	0 60	0 90	1 20	1 40	1 60	1 60	1 60
Of more than 300 tons and not exceeding 350 tons... ..	0 60	0 90	1 20	1 40	1 60	1 80	1 80
Of more than 350 tons	0 60	0 90	1 20	1 40	1 60	1 80	2 0

For Steam Vessels effecting their voyages between the Port of Sulina without having ascended the River, and the Ports of the Black Sea or the Bosphorus, the Dues are determined in francs and centimes by the following table:—

Steam Vessels loading at Sulina without having ascended the River, and which do not go beyond the Bosphorus.	Amount of Dues to pay with a Depth at the Mouth of						
	less than 10 feet.	10 feet at least and 11 feet at most.	More than				
			11 feet to 12 feet.	12 feet to 13 feet.	13 feet to 14 feet.	14 feet to 15 feet.	15 feet.
	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.
Of more than 30 tons and not exceeding 150 tons	0 45	0 45	0 45	0 45	0 45	0 45	0 45
Of more than 150 tons and not exceeding 200 tons... ..	0 50	0 75	1 10	1 10	1 10	1 10	1 10
Of more than 200 tons and not exceeding 250 tons... ..	0 50	0 75	1 10	1 25	1 25	1 25	1 25
Of more than 250 tons and not exceeding 300 tons... ..	0 50	0 75	1 10	1 25	1 40	1 40	1 40
Of more than 300 tons and not exceeding 350 tons	0 50	0 75	1 10	1 25	1 40	1 55	1 55
Of more than 350 tons	0 50	0 75	1 10	1 25	1 40	1 55	1 70

For Steam Vessels effecting their voyages between the Ports of the Danube, other than that of Sulina, and the Ports situated beyond the Bosphorus, the Dues are determined in francs and centimes, by the following table:—

Steam Vessels which have ascended the River and go beyond the Bosphorus.	Amount of Dues to pay with a Depth at the Mouth of						
	less than 10 feet.	10 feet at least and 11 feet at most.	More than				
			11 feet to 12 feet.	12 feet to 13 feet.	13 feet to 14 feet.	14 feet to 15 feet.	15 feet.
	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.
Of more than 30 tons and not exceeding 150 tons... ..	0 80	0 80	0 80	0 80	0 80	0 80	0 80
Of more than 150 tons and not exceeding 200 tons... ..	1 0	1 35	1 70	1 70	1 70	1 70	1 70
Of more than 200 tons and not exceeding 250 tons... ..	1 0	1 35	1 70	2 10	2 10	2 10	2 10
Of more than 250 tons and not exceeding 300 tons... ..	1 0	1 35	1 70	2 10	2 50	2 50	2 50
Of more than 300 tons and not exceeding 350 tons... ..	1 0	1 35	1 70	2 10	2 50	2 90	2 90
Of more than 350 tons	1 0	1 35	1 70	2 10	2 50	2 90	3 30

AND for Steam Vessels effecting their voyages between the Port of Sulina, without having ascended the River, and the Ports situated beyond the Bosphorus, the Dues are determined in francs and centimes, by the following table:—

Steam Vessels loading at Sulina without having ascended the River, and which go beyond the Bosphorus.	Amount of Dues to pay with a Depth at the Mouth of						
	less than 10 feet.	10 feet at least and 11 feet at most.	More than				
			11 feet to 12 feet.	12 feet to 13 feet.	13 feet to 14 feet.	14 feet to 15 feet.	15 feet.
	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.	f. c.
Of more than 30 tons and not exceeding 150 tons	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50	0 50
Of more than 150 tons and not exceeding 200 tons... ..	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 60	1 60	1 60	1 60
Of more than 200 tons and not exceeding 250 tons... ..	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 90	1 90	1 90	1 90
Of more than 250 tons and not exceeding 300 tons... ..	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 90	2 20	2 20	2 20
Of more than 300 tons and not exceeding 350 tons... ..	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 90	2 20	2 50	2 50
Of more than 350 tons	0 80	1 20	1 60	1 90	2 20	2 50	2 80

Every steam vessel measuring more than 350 tons, and having a draught of water too great to allow of its leaving the port without lightening a portion of its cargo, is entitled to a reduction of 25 per cent. on the amount of the navigation dues determined by the present Article, as long as the depth of the mouth is more than 15 feet.

Art. 3.

The navigation dues established by the preceding Article are levied on all steam vessels with-

out any distinction between those of public companies or persons.

Nevertheless, paddle-wheel steamers not having more than ten English feet draught of water when fully laden, belonging to a public Company, specially destined to the transport of passengers, and to a regular postal service, and consequently effecting periodical voyages according to a time bill published beforehand, only pay on leaving the river a fixed due of sixty centimes per ton, but this due is always levied on the whole of the

taxable tonnage without taking account of the proportion of cargo.

These vessels are moreover freed from all duty on their entry into the river.

Art. 4.

Navigation dues to which steam vessels are liable under the present tariff are calculated on the net tonnage of the vessel, as indicated by the ship's papers; that is to say, after deduction has been made on the total tonnage of space for engine and coal-bunkers. Coal embarked in the hold of steam-vessels is considered cargo.

If the number of tons for the engine and bunker space is not indicated on the ships papers there is deducted from the total tonnage for paddle-wheel vessels 37 per cent., for screw vessels 32 per cent.; the deduction is made after the conversion of the tonnage of the vessel into English register tons, effected in conformity with the provisions of Art. 14 hereinafter.

Art. 5.

Sailing vessels, and steam vessels, other than those designated in the second paragraph of Art. 3, which enter the Port of Sulina from the sea, and carry according to their bills of lading or their manifest, a cargo equivalent to more than the third part of their tonnage, pay for the entry into the river a due equal to the fourth of that which is laid upon them on departure by Articles one or two of the present tariff.

However, these same vessels are subjected, for the entry, to the payment of the whole of the due determined by the said Articles 1 or 2, in every case in which they do not pay this departure due.

Consequently vessels liable to the entry due are bound to deposit the whole amount of it, on the footing of the above Articles 1 or 2, immediately after their entry in the river, with right to a restitution of three-fourths of this due, at the moment that they pay the departure due.

The deposit of the entry due can be replaced by the guarantee of a special bail for the whole domiciled in the Port of Sulina.

The whole due is demandable for the entry, when the vessel which has deposited it, does not leave the river, with a taxable cargo, within the twelve months following its entry.

Art. 6.

Lighters chartered for the passage of the Sulina Mouth by vessels which have paid the dues established by the preceding Articles, only pay for each passage effected with whole or part cargo the due hereinafter, that is to say,—

Lighters of 10 to 50 tons burthen, 6 francs;
Those of a burthen of more than 50 tons, and not exceeding 100 tons, 8 francs;
And those of a burthen of more than 100 tons, 12 francs.

Art. 7.

Vessels which remain at anchor on the Roadstead of Sulina, to load or unload there by means of lighters, the whole or part of their cargo, without entering the port, are not liable to the dues established by Articles 1, 2, for 5, above, they pay only an uniform due of 100 francs per vessel, to contribute to the expenses of the establishments by which they profit.

Those of these vessels which have entered the port, but without accomplishing there any commercial operation, which should be of a nature to render them liable to the payment of the dues established by Articles 1, 2, or 5 above, pay over and above the fixed due of 100 francs established by the preceding paragraph, a due of 50 centimes per ton for lighthouses and pilotage.

This due is only levied once, when the vessel leaves the port.

Lighters chartered to transport across the mouth the cargo of vessels which have paid no other dues than those established by the present Article, pay for each passage of the mouth, with part or whole cargo, a fixed due of one franc per ton on their total tonnage.

Lighters employed in discharging ballast are freed from all dues.

The dues of 50 centimes and of 1 franc per ton, imposed by the present Article respectively on sea-going vessels and lighters, are calculated for steam vessels on the net tonnage conformably with the rules established by Article 4.

Art. 8.

Every raft or float of timber leaving the Port of Sulina to put to sea, pays a fixed navigation due, the amount of which is determined in francs by the following table:—

Rafts or Floats of Timber of a Width.	Dues to pay by Rafts or Floats of Timber having a draught of Water.						
	of 10 feet or less.	of more than					
		10 feet to 11 feet.	11 feet to 12 feet.	12 feet to 13 feet.	13 feet to 14 feet.	14 feet to 15 feet.	15 feet to 16 feet.
Of less than 40 feet	francs. 100	francs. 150	francs. 200	francs. 250	francs. 300	francs. 350	francs. 400
Of 40 feet at least and less than 50 feet... ..	200	200	250	300	350	400	450
Of 50 feet at least and less than 60 feet... ..	300	300	300	350	400	450	500
Of 60 feet at least and less than 70 feet... ..	400	400	400	400	450	500	550
Of 70 feet and upwards	500	500	500	500	500	550	600

Rafts and floats of timber having a draught of water of more than 16 feet, pay over and above the dues determined by the last column of the preceding table an additional due of 50 francs per foot, or a fraction of a foot, exceeding the draught of 16 feet.

The thickness of the trunks forming the keel is comprised in the measurement of the draught of water, and the width on which is based the taxation of the raft or float of timber is its maximum width. These dimensions are measured in English feet.

Art. 9.

Vessels of war are exempt from all dues, as well for entry as for leaving the Sulina Mouth.

The same is the case for tug steamers when they are not employed as lighters to transport a part of the cargo of the vessels towed.

Art. 10.

Vessels which enter the Port of Sulina and leave it with less than the third of their cargo, are exempt from the dues established by Articles 1, 2, and 5 above; but if they measure more than 100 tons, they pay on leaving a due of 50 centimes a ton for lighthouses and pilotage.

The same due is paid by sea-going vessels acting temporarily as lighters, and that, in addition to the due of one franc per ton imposed by paragraph 3, of Article 7 hereinabove.

Sea-going vessels or lighters which seek refuge in the port of Sulina against bad weather, those which, in consequence of an accident of any kind, are obliged to take shelter in the port, and are prevented from continuing their sea voyage, are exempt from all dues, provided that they put to sea again without transacting any commercial business.

Art. 11.

Every sailing or steam vessel, without any exception, which enters the Port of Sulina from the sea, and which carries, according to its bills of lading or manifest, a cargo equivalent to more than a third part of its tonnage, but which discharges in the said port a part only of its cargo, and puts to sea again with the rest, to continue its voyage to another port, without ascending the river, pays the navigation dues hereinafter fixed; namely:—

If the vessel quits the Port of Sulina with a quantity of merchandize not exceeding the third of that with which it entered, it pays three-fourths of the due fixed by Article 1 or 2 of the present Tariff.

And if it quits the said port with a quantity of merchandize exceeding the third and not exceeding the two-thirds of that with which it entered, it pays one-half of the due fixed by the said Articles 1 or 2.

In each case this due is only levied for the entry into the river, and the vessel which pays it is exempt from all dues on leaving if it does not embark merchandise in the Port of Sulina.

If the quantity of merchandise with which the vessel puts to sea again exceeds two-thirds of that with which it entered, or if the vessel has embarked

merchandise in the port, the dues are paid, as well for the entry as for leaving, on the footing of Articles 1, 2, and 5 of the present Tariff.

Art. 12.

The dues established by the preceding Articles comprise:—

The due imposed on vessels to cover the expenses of works and other improvements effected by the European Commission.

The dues now in force for the maintenance of the lighthouses forming the system of lights for the mouths of the Danube.

The dues destined to cover the expenses occasioned by the pilot service at the Sulina entry, and those of the other establishments instituted with a view to facilitate the navigation.

Independently of these dues, vessels are liable to no other due or claim whatever, except the salary of the river pilots, which they, as well as rafts and floats of timber, pay for descending the river, conformably with Article 87 of the Regulation of Navigation and Police applicable to the Lower Danube, dated 8th November, 1870.

Art. 13.

The amount of the dues is paid into the hands of the Director set over the Navigation Cash Office of the Port of Sulina, who gives receipt for the same.

A table, indicating the reduction into francs of the coins in use on the Lower Danube, is constantly posted up in the office.

This table is revised as circumstances require. Dues, of which the legality is contested, or the payment criticized by the parties interested, are paid into the Navigation Cash Office as deposits.

Demands for total or partial restitution of the duties paid are brought before the European Commission, or before the International Authority, which shall replace it. They must be made in writing within three months of the payment or deposit, under pain of forfeiture.

Art. 14.

By the denomination ton is understood the English register ton.

The tonnage of vessels is derived from the ship's papers; but Captains, whose vessels have been measured by the Navigation Cash Office at Sulina, according to English law, and Rule I, applicable to empty vessels, are allowed to pay their dues on the footing of the tonnage indicated by the certificate of measurement delivered by the Director of the said Cash Office.

Excepting this case, the reduction of the tons of different countries into English measure is made according to the table annexed to the present Tariff.

Art. 15.

Vessels entering the Danube without papers indicating their tonnage are submitted to an approximate measurement by the sworn Verifying

Officer attached to the Navigation Cash Office, and the amount of the dues to be paid is calculated on the tonnage ascertained by this operation.

The same procedure is observed if the tonnage borne upon the ship's paper is manifestly inaccurate. The measurement is effected, in each case, on the requisition of the Director of the Navigation Cash Office, and the competent Consular Authority is advised of the time at which it will be proceeded with, in order that he may assist at the operation if he sees fit.

If there is doubt or dispute on the proportion of the cargo of a vessel in one of the cases specified by Arts. 1, 2, 5, or 11 of the present tariff, this proportion is also the object of an evaluation to be made by the Verifying Officer on the requisition of the Director of the Navigation Cash Office, in presence of the competent Consular authority, or after he has been duly invited.

The measurements and evaluations made by the Verifying Officer occasion no expenses, but they can be the object of no appeal or claim whatever.

Art. 16.

The depths, according to which the dues established by the present tariff are determined, are taken from soundings in the Sulina entry in English feet.

The soundings are taken under the direction and responsibility of the Engineer in charge of the works of improvement at the mouth; the results are posted up at the Navigation Cash Office, and at the office of the Captain of the Port.

If the state of the sea does not permit of soundings being taken, the amount of dues to be levied is based on the last depth ascertained.

There cannot be required for the dues on departure, any additional payment on the part of the vessels, nor except in the case of duly proved error in the soundings, any partial restitution by the Navigation Cash Office, on account of a difference, however great it may be, between the depth of the entry at the moment of vessels leaving, and that which served as base for the calculation of the dues paid.

Art. 17.

Every vessel, raft, or float of timber which endeavours, by any means whatsoever, to exempt itself wholly or in part from the payment of the dues fixed by the present tariff, is liable, in addition to the dues which it will have to pay conformably with what goes before, to a fine of twice the amount of these dues at least, and of four times the amount at most.

If the indication of tonnage borne on the ship's papers, or the declaration relative to the quantity of merchandize discharged or embarked at Sulina, in the case foreseen by Art. 11, hereinabove, appears to be fraudulent, they proceed in the manner prescribed by Art. 15, hereinabove, to verify the capacity of the vessel, or the proportion borne by the merchandize shifted, to the total tonnage.

The infliction of the fine is pronounced in the first instance by the Captain of the Port of Sulina the sentence of condemnation is notified to the party condemned in the form prescribed by Article 151 of the regulations of navigation and police of the 8th November, 1870.

Appeal against the sentence is borne, either before the European Commission or before the authority which shall succeed it, or before the mixed tribunal, which may eventually be instituted to this effect.

It must be lodged within three months of the notification of the sentence under penalty of nullity.

The judgments rendered on appeal are not susceptible of any further redress.

The condemnations pronounced by the Captain of the Port are executory in spite of appeal; in case of appeal the amount of fine is lodged, as a deposit in the Navigation Cash Office into which also are paid the amounts of the fines become definitive.

Art. 18.

The Commandants of the vessels of war stationed at the mouths of the Danube conformably with Article 19 of the Treaty of Paris, have the duty of ensuring the payment of the dues established by the present tariff, and of the fines become definitive, as regards the vessels of their own country, and those whose flag they are charged to protect either in virtue of treaties or usage or in virtue of a special or general delegation.

The action of the vessels of war is demanded according to rule, through the medium of the Captain of the Port of Sulina, on the requisition of the Director of the Navigation Cash Office.

In the absence of a vessel of war entitled to exercise a coercitive action upon an offending vessel, the Captain of the Port has recourse to the intervention of the Ottoman man-of-war stationed at Sulina.

Art. 19.

The present Tariff will enter in force on the 1st of March, 1871, on and after which date the Tariff of the 2nd November, 1865, as well as the provisions modifying the dues of steam vessels, dated the 26th of April, 1867, will cease to be applied.

Done at Galatz, the 9th of November, 1870.

(Signed) DE POTTENBURG.
J. STOKES.
B. BERIO.
RADOWITZ.
D'OFFENBERG.
ISMAL.

TABLE indicating the proportion which exists between the English Register Ton and the Measures adopted in other countries for indicating the capacity of Sea-going Vessels.

Vessels of	Factor by which the unity of measure in each country is to be multiplied.		Observations.
	Tons.	Lasts.	
Austria	0·77	...	{ 1 English ton = $61\frac{33}{100}$ kilos of Constantinople.
France	0·94	...	
Italy... ..	0·94	...	
Prussia	0·98	1·50	
Russia	1·08	1·89	
Turkey ... ..	...	...
America (United States)	1·00	...	
Belgium	0·95	1·81	
Bremen ... ..	...	1·89
Denmark	1·02	1·96	
Spain	1·00	...	{ 1 English ton = $4\frac{82}{100}$ kilos of Galatz. 1 " = $3\frac{1}{100}$ " of Ibraila.
Greece { New Measure	0·97	...	
{ Old " "	0·78	...	
Hamburg ... ..	...	2·77
Hanover	0·98	2·25	
Holland	0·89	1·75	
Lubeck ... ..	...	1·89
Mecklenburg	1·09	2·44	
Norway	0·98	2·08	
Oldenburg	0·96	1·50	
Principalities (Roumania)	0·97	...	
Samos	0·78	...	
Servia	0·97	...	
Sweden	1·02	1·98	

Galatz, 9th November, 1870.

III. ENACTMENT ABROGATING THE REGULATION of the 20th April, 1869, for the REGISTRATION OF LIGHTERS.

THE EUROPEAN COMMISSION OF THE DANUBE.

Whereas a regulation was enacted the 20th of April, 1869, for the registration of the vessels employed as lighters on the Lower Danube;

Whereas the aim of this regulation was to facilitate to commerce, and especially to insurers of maritime risks, the means of ascertaining the navigating condition of the said vessels;

Whereas the said regulation has been enacted principally in view of the vessels which are employed only occasionally as lighters; the ordinary lighters enrolled by the general inspection of the navigation being the object of a special surveillance on the part of the Inspector-General, and subjected by Article 94 of the Regulations of Navigation and Police of this day's date, to the obligation of submitting every year to the visit of a Board of Surveyors, which judges if they are in good order;

Whereas the vessels employed only occasionally as lighters cannot be coerced into fulfilling the formalities prescribed by the regulation of the

20th April, 1869, the provisions of which are for them purely optional;

Whereas, since the publication of the said regulation, no demand for registration has been made except by the masters of the ordinary enrolled lighters;

And that thus this regulation has ceased to have any object, and, far from being useful to commerce and shipping, presents only now the inconveniences attaching to every legislative enactment deprived of sanction.

Makes the following enactment:—

Single Article.

The Regulation enacted the 20th April, 1869, for the registration of vessels employed as lighters on the Lower Danube, below Isaktcha, is abrogated, and its provisions shall cease to be applicable, on and after the 1st of March, 1871.

Done at Galatz, the 8th day of November, 1870.

(Signed) DE POTTENBURG.
J. STOKES.
B. BERIO.
RADOWITZ.
D'OFFENBURG.
ISMAIL,

War Office, Pall Mall,
4th April, 1871.

1st Regiment of Dragoon Guards, Lieutenant William Henry Thompson to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant H. Barker, promoted half-pay Captain. Dated 1st April, 1870.

2nd Dragoons, Lieutenant Lockhart Mure Hartley Kennedy, from the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice G. F. A. M. Bashford, who exchanges. Dated 5th April, 1871.

8th Hussars, Major John Puget to be Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Francis Edward Macnaghten, who retires. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Captain Horace Montagu to be Major, by purchase, vice Puget. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Lieutenant Harry Patrick Andrew to be Captain, by purchase, vice Montagu. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Cornet John Blair Miller to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Andrew. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Royal Artillery, Second Captain Frederick George Baylay to be Captain, vice J. T. Daubuz, deceased. Dated 15th March, 1871.

Lieutenant Granville Deedes to be Second Captain, vice F. G. Baylay. Dated 15th March, 1871.

Second Captain and Adjutant Henry Watts Stockley (late Bombay), from Supernumerary, to be Second Captain, vice C. H. Campbell, placed upon temporary half-pay. Dated 23rd March, 1871.

Lieutenant Henry Francis Phillpotts to be Second Captain, vice G. L. Eugström, placed upon temporary half-pay. Dated 24th March, 1871.

Paymaster and Honorary Captain Thomas Hunt is placed upon half-pay. Dated 1st September, 1870.

Honorary Major Edwin Robert Wethered, from half-pay as Paymaster, late of a Depot Battalion, to be Paymaster, vice Honorary Captain John Sargent, placed upon half-pay. Dated 20th March, 1871.

Lieutenant William Borlase Adams is placed on temporary half-pay. Dated 9th March, 1871.

Lieutenant James Loch (late Bengal) is placed on temporary half-pay. Dated 22nd March, 1871.

Lieutenant Charles Bent has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 28th March, 1871.

Lieutenant William Henry Kempster has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 31st March, 1871.

The promotion to the rank of Second Captain of Lieutenant Christopher Charles Pemberton (late Bombay), which appeared in the Gazette of 29th March, 1867, is cancelled, that officer having been transferred, as a Lieutenant, to the Bombay Staff Corps in the Gazette of 9th June, 1868.

Assistant-Surgeon William Creyk, M.B., from 4th Foot, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Frederick Joseph Byrne, who resigns. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Grenadier Guards, Lieutenant and Captain H. B. H. Blundell to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice Fitz Roy Augustus T. Clayton, who retires. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Ensign and Lieutenant Lionel Neville Frederick Ames to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice Blundell. Dated 5th April, 1871.

4th Foot, Staff Assistant-Surgeon John Livingston Power to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice William Creyk, M.B., appointed to the Royal Artillery. Dated 5th April, 1871.

7th Foot, Surgeon John Hendley having completed twenty years' full-pay service, to be Surgeon-Major, under the provision of the Royal Warrant of 27th December, 1870. Dated 14th March, 1871.

14th Foot, Surgeon John Edward Moffatt having completed twenty years' full-pay service to be Surgeon-Major, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 27th December, 1870. Dated 14th March, 1871.

19th Foot, Surgeon Henry Bolton Hassard, having completed twenty years' full-pay service, to be Surgeon-Major, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 27th December, 1870. Dated 14th March, 1871.

41st Foot, Lieutenant Francis David Webb to be Captain, by purchase, vice Edward Francis Brown Brooke, who retires. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Ensign Foster Lechmere Wade to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Webb. Dated 5th April, 1871.

46th Foot, Ensign Henry Johnson to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Charles W. L. Fowler, who retires. Dated 5th April, 1871.

47th Foot, Ensign George Frederick Hagarty to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice John Howard Gillett, who retires. Dated 5th April, 1871.

63rd Foot, Captain Edmund Sandilands Savage, from half-pay, late 3rd West India Regiment, to be Captain, vice James Stewart Smyth, who retires upon temporary half-pay. Dated 5th April, 1871.

84th Foot The names of the Quartermaster promoted from Serjeant-Major on the 14th December, 1870, are *John Charles O'Rourke*, and not *William Preston*, as stated in the Gazette of 13th December, 1870.

90th Foot, Captain John David Downing, from half-pay late 12th Foot, to be Captain, vice Edward Carter, who retires upon temporary half-pay. Dated 5th April, 1871.

95th Foot, Lieutenant Arnold David Saportas to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel George L. Carmichael, who retires. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Ensign Arthur Tower to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Saportas. Dated 5th April, 1871.

1st West India Regiment, Lieutenant David Gardiner to be Captain, without purchase, vice William Thompson, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Ensign Thomas Bell to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Gardiner. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Ceylon Rifle Regiment, Lieutenant George Frederick Alexander Mungo Bashford, from 2nd Dragoons, to be Lieutenant, vice L. M. H. Kennedy, who exchanges. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Medical Department, Staff Assistant-Surgeon William Collis to be Staff Surgeon, vice William Alexander Davidson, M.D., placed on half-pay. Dated 5th April, 1871.

BREVET.

Captain William Thompson, retired upon full-pay, 1st West India Regiment, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 5th April, 1871.

Ensign and Assistant-Commissary John Keily, Bombay Establishment, to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 31st August, 1870.

Deputy Assistant-Commissary William Frederick Knight, Bombay Establishment, to have the honorary rank of Ensign. Dated 31st August, 1870.

The undermentioned Officers having completed the qualifying service with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be Colonels, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of 27th December, 1870 :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh Rowlands, V.C., 41st Foot. Dated 23rd March, 1871.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Nason, half-pay, late Depot Battalion. Dated 28th March, 1871.

MEMORANDUM.

The undermentioned Officers have been permitted to commute their retired allowances :—

Captain and Brevet-Colonel Francis Cornwallis Maude, C.B., V.C., half-pay, Royal Artillery. Dated 6th June, 1870.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel John Millar Bannatyne, half-pay, late 8th Foot. Dated 10th December, 1870.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Philip Dickson, half-pay, Royal Artillery. Dated 17th October, 1870.

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Shadwell Morley Grylls, half-pay, Royal Artillery. Dated 3rd January, 1871.

Major James T. W. Andrews, half-pay, late Gold Coast Artillery Corps. Dated 12th October, 1870.

Captain James MacGillivray, half-pay, Coast Brigade, Royal Artillery. Dated 3rd February, 1871.

Captain John Taylor, half-pay, late Military Train. Dated 14th November, 1870.

Captain Richard Freer Thonger, half-pay, late 9th Lancers. Dated 1st August, 1870.

Second Captain Samuel George Batchellor, half-pay, Royal Artillery. Dated 17th August, 1870.

Paymaster and Honorary Major G. Bodle, half-pay, late Depot Battalion. Dated 20th August, 1870.

Paymaster and Honorary Major J. Hely, half-pay, late 73rd Foot. Dated 3rd January, 1871.

Assistant-Surgeon G. Evans, half-pay, Royal Artillery. Dated 1st October, 1870.

Deputy Commissary-General, with the honorary rank of Commissary-General, R. M. Gardiner, half-pay. Dated 28th May, 1870.

Deputy Commissary-General G. D. Lardner, half-pay. Dated 2nd August, 1870.

Assistant Commissary-General the Honourable J. A. Erskine, half-pay. Dated 17th August, 1870.

Assistant Commissary-General W. T. McKinstry, half-pay. Dated 10th August, 1870.

Assistant Commissary-General F. S. Monk, half-pay. Dated 22nd September, 1870.

Assistant Commissary-General T. F. Moore, half-pay. Dated 17th June, 1870.

Assistant Commissary-General J. F. Rogers, half-pay. Dated 15th June, 1870.

Deputy Assistant Commissary-General W. H. S. Marshall, half-pay. Dated 26th October, 1870.

No. 23723.

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Deputy Assistant Commissary-General F. B. Wingfield, half-pay. Dated 6th August, 1870.
Commissary R. D. Ross, half-pay, Control Department. Dated 16th February, 1871.
Assistant Superintendent of Stores W. A. Holmes, half-pay. Dated 12th December, 1870.

Admiralty, 1st April, 1871.

Navigating Lieutenant Frederick Townsend has this day been promoted to the rank of Staff Commander in Her Majesty's Fleet.

Admiralty, 3rd April, 1871.

The undermentioned Officer has been this day promoted to the rank of Chief Engineer, with seniority to date from 30th September, 1870 :—

John Hill.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Argyll.

Francis William Clark, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 31st March, 1871.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland.

W. Burdon Sanderson, Esq., to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 25th March, 1871.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.

The Honourable Edward Southwell Russell to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 23rd March, 1871.

Leicestershire Regiment of Militia.

Charles Chetwode Thompson, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 23rd March, 1871.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of Captain William Henry Chapman, of the Leicestershire Militia, being granted the honorary rank of Major.

*Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Bedford.**Bedfordshire Regiment of Militia.*

Henry Arthur Littledale, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 13th March, 1871.

*Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Buckingham.**1st Administrative Battalion of Bucks Rifle Volunteers.*

William James Shone, Honorary Assistant-Surgeon 1st Bucks Rifle Volunteer Corps, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 25th March, 1871.

5th Bucks Rifle Volunteer Corps.

George Proctor Hawtrey, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Lewis Albert Way, resigned. Dated 31st March, 1871.

Arthur Herbert Kennedy, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Frederick Mitchell, resigned. Dated 31st March, 1871.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Caithness.

Ross, Caithness, Sutherland, and Cromarty Regiment of Militia, or the Highland Rifle Militia.

Donald George Mackay Fowler, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 28th March, 1871.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester, and County of the City of Chester.

1st Cheshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant John James to be Captain, vice Ashburner, resigned. Dated 25th March, 1871.

Commission signed by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports.

2nd Cinque Ports Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Arthur Henry Daniel to be Lieutenant. Dated 29th March, 1871.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Derby.

12th Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Frederick Corfield, Esq., to be Ensign, vice Allen, resigned. Dated 30th March, 1871.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Major George Deeks Skingley in the 5th Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia, and in consideration of his services to approve of his retaining his rank and wearing the uniform of the Regiment. Dated 21st March, 1871.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

5th Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

Captain Anthony Buck Creeke to be Major, vice George Deeks Skingley, resigned. Dated 23rd March, 1871.

6th Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

Lionel Bootle Wilbraham, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 15th March, 1871.

7th Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

William Turner Openshaw, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 15th March, 1871.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

19th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Robert Osman Styles to be Lieutenant, vice Moore, promoted. Dated 17th November, 1870.

37th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Alfred Charles Cronin to be Ensign, vice Wimbridge, whose services have been dispensed with. Dated 28th March, 1871.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Renfrew.

15th Renfrewshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign John Barbour to be Lieutenant. Dated 24th March, 1871.
Alexander Grant to be Ensign, vice Barbour, promoted. Dated 24th March, 1871.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Roxburgh.

Dumfries, Roxburgh, Kirkcudbright, and Selkirk Regiment of Militia.

William Johnstone, Gent., to be Supernumerary Lieutenant. Dated 17th March, 1871.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Salop.

4th Shropshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Richard Henry Colley to be Lieutenant, vice Bachc, resigned. Dated 28th March, 1871.

Edward William Haslewood to be Ensign, vice Colley, promoted. Dated 28th March, 1871.

6th Shropshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edmund Cope to be Ensign, vice Anstice, promoted. Dated 28th March, 1871.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

Suffolk Artillery Regiment of Militia.

William Bedingfeld, Gent., late Lieutenant 7th Hussars, to be First Lieutenant. Dated 23rd March, 1871.

Leonard Walter Pead, Gent., to be First Lieutenant. Dated 24th March, 1871.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

10th Sussex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Alfred Walkington to be Lieutenant, vice T. Bevington, resigned. Dated 27th March, 1871.

19th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign John Richards to be Lieutenant, vice M. C. Copinger, resigned. Dated 27th March, 1871.

Frank William Hadden, Gent., to be Ensign. Dated 27th March, 1871.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

1st Tower Hamlets Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Henry Hall Harrison to be Ensign. Dated 24th March, 1871.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Worcester.

Worcestershire Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant Shedden to be Instructor of Musketry, vice Captain Barber, who resigns that appointment only.

[The following Appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 10th ultimo.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

2nd Regiment of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Militia.

Charles Cunningham Woodward, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 24th February, 1871.

Whitehall, February 2, 1871.

The Right Honourable Sir William Bovill, Knt., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has appointed Charles Leftwich Oldfield Bartlett, of Sherborne, in the county of Dorset, Gentleman, to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Dorset.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

NOTICE OF ADOPTION OF PART OF ACT BY THE IMPROVEMENT COMMISSIONERS OF SITTINGBOURNE, IN THE COUNTY OF KENT.

WHEREAS the Commissioners acting in and for the town of Sittingbourne, in the county of Kent, under and by virtue of the Sittingbourne Improvement Act, 1846 (9 and 10 Vic., c. 122), did, on the 21st day of March, 1871, adopt so much of the 44th section of the Local Government Act, 1858, as incorporates sections 64 to 83, both inclusive, and section 143 of the Towns Improvement Clauses Act, 1847, within that district, as set forth in their notice to me (in writing), as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and dated the 21st day of March, 1871:

Now, therefore, I, as one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State as aforesaid, do hereby give notice, that the said portion of the said 44th section of the Local Government Act, 1858, has been duly adopted, and that, in accordance with the Local Government Act, 1858, the said portion of such section will, from the date of the notice of the adoption thereof, have the force of law within the district of the aforesaid Sittingbourne Improvement Commissioners.

Given under my hand this 3rd day of April, 1871.

(Signed) *H. A. Bruce.*

Home Office, Whitehall.

THE Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury having certified to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, in pursuance of the Act 29 and 30 Vict., cap. 39, sec. 16, that the actual surplus revenue of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, beyond the actual expenditure thereof, for the year ended the 31st day of December, 1870, amounted to the sum of two million nine hundred and fifty thousand and thirty-five pounds sixteen shillings and nine pence.

The Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt hereby give notice, that the sum of seven hundred and thirty-seven thousand five hundred and eight pounds nineteen shillings and two pence, being one-fourth part of the said surplus of two million nine hundred and fifty thousand and thirty-five pounds sixteen shillings and nine pence, will be applied under the provisions of the said Act, in the quarter ending the 30th day of June, 1871, towards the reduction of the National Debt.

A. Y. Spearman, Comptroller-General
National Debt Office, April 1, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, situated at Aston-in-Newhall, in the parish of Wrenbury, in the county of Chester, in the district of Nantwich, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 25th day of March, 1871, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 27th of March, 1871.

James Pick, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an agreement authorized by 18 and 19 Vict., c. 63, s. 13, for the dissolution of a Friendly Society, called the Trefnant Ivorite Benefit Friendly Society, held at the Trefnant Inn, near Denbigh, in the county of Denbigh, was transmitted to the Registrar of Friendly Societies in England, on the 30th day of March, 1871.

A. K. Stephenson, Registrar of Friendly Societies in England.

London, 30th day of March, 1871.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of Sanderson's Patents Association Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court of Chancery was, on the 30th day of March, 1871, presented to the Lord Chancellor by Alfred Higgins, of No. 31, Saint Swithin's-lane, in the city of London, Iron and Metal Merchant, a contributory of the said Company; and that the said petition is directed to be heard before the Vice-Chancellor Malins, on the 21st day of April, 1871; and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an Order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Acts, should appear at the time of hearing by himself or his counsel for that purpose; and a copy of the said petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

Thomas W. Roffey, of No. 8, Old Jewry,
E.C., Solicitor for the Petitioner.

In Chancery.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Belgian Public Works Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by an Order made by his Honour the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Malins in the above matter, dated the 25th day of March, 1871, on the petition of the Credit Foncier of England Limited and Reduced, a creditor and contributory of the above-named Company, it was ordered that the voluntary winding up of the said Belgian Public Works Company be continued, but subject to the supervision of the said Court; and any of the proceedings under the said voluntary winding up might be adopted as the Judge should think fit; and the creditors, contributories, and liquidators of the said Company, and all other persons interested, were to be at liberty to apply to the Judge at chambers as there might be occasion.—Dated this 4th day of April, 1871.

Frederick Heritage, Solicitor for the said Liquidators.

COTTON STATISTICS' ACT, 1868.

RETURN of the Quantities of COTTON Imported and Exported at the various Ports of the United Kingdom during the Week ended 30th March, 1871.

	American.	Brazilian.	East Indian.	Egyptian.	Miscellaneous.	TOTAL.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Cotton imported during the Week ended the 30th day of March, 1871 ... }	20,477	10,817	21,821	1,005	3,885	58,005
Cotton exported during the Week ended the 30th day of March, 1871 ... }	13,995	1,156	11,953	365	107	27,576

Dated the 31st day of March, 1871.

LOUIS MALLET,
Assistant Secretary, Board of Trade.

ACCOUNT, showing the whole Amount of the DEBTS and ASSETS of the BANK of BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, at the Close of the Year 1870; and showing also the Amount of its NOTES payable on Demand, which had been in Circulation during every Month of that Year; together with the Amount of SPECIE and other ASSETS, distinguishing each Kind, immediately available in every such Month, for the Discharge of such Notes.

(Published pursuant to Royal Charter of Incorporation.)

DEBTS.				ASSETS.			
			Sterling. £ s. d.				Sterling. £ s. d.
Circulation ...	...	...	405,747 13 1	Specie ...	...	...	493,117 3 4
Other Liabilities ...	...	...	2,833,383 17 9	Other Assets ...	...	...	3,931,022 8 8
			<u>£3,239,131 10 10</u>				<u>£4,424,139 12 0</u>

1870.	Notes in Circulation.	Specie.	Notes of other Banks.
	Dollars.	Dollars.	Dollars.
January ...	1,407,173 —	1,545,785 56	105,042 54
February ...	1,376,111 —	1,639,452 24	90,270 —
March ...	1,474,529 —	1,769,626 81	97,227 —
April ...	1,564,232 —	1,553,630 56	99,194 —
May ...	1,654,277 —	1,676,521 41	87,913 45
June ...	1,861,804 —	1,785,093 71	135,581 45
July ...	1,881,933 —	2,667,910 15	161,777 44
August ...	1,883,003 —	1,990,602 06	101,710 99
September ...	1,969,922 —	1,845,839 52	143,909 29
October ...	2,068,841 —	1,651,390 69	148,247 98
November ...	2,106,860 —	1,725,106 27	128,545 —
December ...	2,078,815 —	2,134,561 35	119,890 82

By order of the Court of Directors,

Bank of British North America,
London, March 31, 1871.

R. W. Bradford, Secretary.

RECEIPTS into and PAYMENTS out of the EXCHEQUER, between the 1st April, 1870, and the 31st March, 1871.

REVENUE AND OTHER RECEIPTS.				Budget Estimate for the Financial Year 1870-71.	Total Receipts into the Exchequer from 1st April, 1870, to 31st March, 1871.	Total Receipts for corresponding Period of last Year.
				£	£	£
Balance on 1st April, 1870 :—						
Bank of England				—	7,633,761	3,775,717
Bank of Ireland				—	972,887	931,541
REVENUE.					8,606,648	4,707,258
Customs				19,300,000	20,191,000	21,529,000
Excise				21,660,000	22,788,000	21,763,000
Stamps				8,589,000	9,007,000	9,248,000
Taxes				2,850,000	2,725,000	4,500,000
Income Tax				6,350,000	6,350,000	10,044,000
Post Office				4,775,000	4,770,000	4,670,000
Telegraph Service				675,000	500,000	100,000
Crown Lands				385,000	385,000	375,000
Miscellaneous				3,050,000	3,229,220	3,205,252
Revenue				£67,634,000	69,945,220	75,434,252
Total including Balance ...					78,551,868	80,141,510
OTHER RECEIPTS.						
Advances, under various Acts, repaid to the Exchequer					1,987,618	2,083,383
Money raised for Fortifications					150,000	200,000
Money raised by Exchequer Bonds					700,000	1,300,000
Temporary Advances not repaid					—	—
Totals					£81,389,486	83,724,893

EXPENDITURE AND OTHER PAYMENTS.				Budget Estimate for the Financial Year 1870-71.	Total Issues from Exchequer to meet pay- ments, from 1st April, 1870, to 31st March, 1871.	Total Issues from Exchequer for corresponding Period of last Year.
				£	£	£
EXPENDITURE.						
Interest of Debt				26,840,000	26,826,437	27,053,559
Other charges on Consolidated Fund... ..				1,820,000	2,113,196	1,730,133
Supply Services voted by Parliament				40,466,000	40,246,632	40,021,059
Telegraph Service				360,000	362,274	60,000
Expenditure				£69,486,000	69,548,539	68,864,751
OTHER PAYMENTS.						
Advances, under various Acts, issued from the Exchequer					1,413,216	1,618,894
Expenses of Fortifications					150,000	200,000
Exchequer Bonds and Bills, &c., paid off (£600,000						
Exchequer Bonds paid off out of Surplus Income)... ..					770,500	4,434,600
Surplus Income applied to reduce Debt (Exclusive of						
£1,500,000 applied to repay Bank advances for						
deficiency)					2,483,796	—
					74,366,051	75,118,245
Balances on 31st March, 1871:— { Bank of England					5,678,915	7,633,761
{ Bank of Ireland...					1,844,520	972,887
Totals					£81,389,486	83,724,893

Treasury, 4th April, 1871.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES. in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 25th day of March, 1871.

PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.				Average Amount.
				£
Ashford Bank	Ashford ...	Jemmett, Pomfret, and Co. ...	...	10790
Aylesbury Old Bank	Aylesbury ...	Cobb and Co. ... ..	...	19321
Baldock Bank and Baldock and } Biggleswade Bank	Biggleswade ...	Wells, Hogge, and Co. ...	...	16031
Barnstaple Bank	Barnstaple ...	Marshall and Co. ...	...	3060
Bedford Bank	Bedford ...	Barnard and Co. ...	...	28791
Bicester and Oxfordshire Bank and } Oxford Bank	Bicester ...	Tubb and Co. ... ..	...	14030
Boston Bank	Boston ...	Claypon and Co. ...	...	64624
Boston Bank	Boston ...	Gee and Co. ... ..	...	14640
Bridgwater Bank	Bridgwater ...	Sealy and Prior ...	...	6159
Bristol Bank	Bristol ...	Miles, Miles, and Co. ...	...	19775
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridg- } north and Broseley Bank ...	Broseley ...	Pritchard and Co. ...	...	14227
Buckingham Bank	Buckingham ...	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co. ...	...	18058
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury } Bank, and Stowmarket Bank }	Bury St. Edmunds	Oakes, Bevan, and Co. ...	...	57485
Banbury Bank	Banbury ...	J. C. and A. Gillett ...	...	21645
Banbury Old Bank	Banbury ...	Cobb and Son ... ..	...	15542
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank	Leighton Buzzard	Bassett, Son, and Co. ...	...	30726
Brecon Old Bank	Brecon ...	Wilkins and Co. ...	...	30622
Brighton Union Bank	Brighton ...	Hall and Co. ... ..	...	17411
Burlington and Driffield Bank ...	Burlington ...	Harding, Smith, and Co. ...	...	11989
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank	Bury St. Edmunds	Huddleston and Co. ...	...	1966
Cambridge Bank	Cambridge ...	Mortlock and Co. ...	...	13785
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank	Cambridge ...	Messrs. Fosters ...	...	39868
Canterbury Bank	Canterbury ...	Hammond and Co. ...	...	18355
Carmarthen Bank	Carmarthen ...	David Morris and Sons ...	...	8117
Colchester Bank	Colchester ...	Round Green, and Co. ...	...	12662
Colchester and Essex Bank, and } Witham and Essex Bank, and } Hadleigh Suffolk Bank ...	Colchester ...	Mills, Bawtree, and Co. ...	...	23316
Cornish Bank, Truro	Truro ...	Tweedy and Co. ...	...	26525
City Bank, Exeter	Exeter ...	Milford and Co. ...	...	10390
Craven Bank	Settle ...	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co. ...	...	77535
Derby Bank	Derby ...	W. and S. Evans and Co. ...	...	10961
Derby Bank	Derby ...	Samuel Smith and Co. ...	...	31290
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and } High Peak Bank	Derby ...	Crompton, Newton, and Co. ...	...	27088
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank	Devizes ...	Locke and Co. ...	...	4703
Diss Bank	Diss ...	Fincham and Co. ...	...	10009
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, } and Stockton-on-Tees Bank }	Darlington ...	Backhouse and Co. ...	...	81719
Devonport Bank	Devonport ...	Hodge and Co. ...	...	5578
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorset- } shire Bank	Dorchester ...	Williams and Co. ...	...	31992
East Cornwall Bank	Liskeard ...	Robins, Foster, and Co. ...	...	69099
East Riding Bank	Beverley ...	Bower and Co. ...	...	49160

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.				Average Amount.
				£
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank	Chelmsford ...	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co. ...		34465
Exeter Bank	Exeter ...	Sanders and Co. ...		17755
Farnham Bank	Farnham ...	Knight and Sons ...		6097
Faversham Bank	Faversham ...	Rigden, Hilton, and Co. ...		4224
Godalming Bank	Godalming ...	Mellersh and Co. ...		4969
Guildford Bank	Guildford ...	Haydon and Co. ...		10375
Grantham Bank	Grantham ...	Hardy and Co. ...		15978
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank	Hull ...	Smith, Brothers, and Co. ...		18768
Huntingdon Town and County Bank	Huntingdon ...	Veasey and Co. ...		27823
Harwich Bank	Harwich ...	Cox, Cobbold, and Co. ...		4505
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank	Hitchin ...	Sharples and Co. ...		29488
Ipswich Bank	Ipswich ...	Bacon and Co. ...		15325
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank	Ipswich ...	Alexanders and Co. ...		39269
Kentish Bank	Maidstone ...	Wigan, Mercers, and Co. ...		16031
Kington and Radnorshire Bank	Kington ...	Davies and Co. ...		16781
Knarborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank	Knarborough ...	Harrison and Co. ...		20450
Kendal Bank	Kendal ...	Wakefield, Crewdson, & Co. ...		45379
Leeds Bank	Leeds ...	Beckett and Co. ...		125570
Leeds Union Bank	Leeds ...	W. Williams Brown and Co. ...		37075
Leicester Bank	Leicester ...	T. and T. T. Paget ...		24372
Lewes Old Bank	Lewes ...	Whitfield and Co. ...		26320
Lincoln Bank	Lincoln ...	Smith, Ellison, and Co. ...		88136
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank	Llandovery ...	D. Jones and Co. ...		20387
Loughborough Bank	Loughborough ...	Middleton, Cradock and Co. ...		7379
Lymington Bank	Lymington ...	St. Barbe and Co. ...		2494
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank	Lynn Regis ...	Gurneys and Co. ...		25924
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank	Lynn Regis ...	Jarvis and Co. ...		10041
Macclesfield Bank	Macclesfield ...	Brocklehurst and Co. ...		11087
Merionethshire Bank	Dolgelly ...	Williams and Son ...		3692
Miners' Bank	Truro ...	Willyams and Co. ...		15553
Monmouth Old Bank	Monmouth ...	Bromage and Co. ...		2090
Newark Bank	Newark ...	Godfrey and Riddell ...		17513
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank	Sleaford ...	Handley, Peacock, and Co. ...		43785
Newbury Bank	Newbury ...	Bunney, Slocock, and Co. ...		10322
Newmarket Bank	Newmarket ...	Hammond and Co. ...		13256
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks	Norwich ...	Gurneys, Birkbecks, & Co. ...		65913
Naval Bank, Plymouth	Plymouth ...	Bulteel, Harris, and Co. ...		17313
New Sarum Bank	Sarum ...	Pinckney, Brothers ...		5513
Nottingham Bank	Nottingham ...	Samuel Smith and Co. ...		30054

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.						Average Amount.
						£
Oswestry Bank and Oswestry Old Bank	Oswestry	...	Croxon and Co. ...	...	...	7484
Oxford Old Bank	Oxford	...	Parsons and Co. ...	...	...	28517
Old Bank, Tonbridge, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells, Old Bank, Ton- bridge and Tonbridge Wells and Sevenoaks Bank	Tonbridge	...	Beeching and Co. ...	...	...	8617
Oxfordshire Witney Bank	Witney	...	J. W. Clinch and Sons ...	...	...	5815
Pease's Old Bank, Hull, the Hull Old Bank and Beverley Bank }	Hull	...	Peases and Co. ...	...	...	48485
Penzance Bank	Penzance	...	Batten and Co. ...	...	...	5737
Pembrokeshire Bank	Haverfordwest	...	J. and W. Walters ...	...	...	12150
Reading Bank	Reading	...	Simonds and Co. ...	...	...	21873
Reading Bank	Reading	...	Stephens, Blandy, and Co. ...	...	...	20740
Richmond Bank	Richmond	...	Roper and Co. ...	...	...	6935
Royston Bank	Royston	...	Fordham and Co. ...	...	...	9458
Rye Bank	Rye	...	Curteis, Pomfret, and Co. ...	...	...	7629
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	Saffron Walden	...	Gibson, Tuke, and Co. ...	...	...	17865
Salop Bank	Shrewsbury	...	Burton, Lloyd, and Co. ...	...	...	6769
Scarborough Old Bank	Scarborough	...	Woodall and Co. ...	...	...	24206
Shrewsbury Old Bank and Shrews- bury and Ludlow Bank	Shrewsbury	...	Rocke, Eyton, and Co. ...	...	...	24013
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank ...	Sittingbourne	...	Vallance and Co. ...	...	...	1550
Southampton Town and County Bank	Southampton	...	Maddison, Atherley, and Co. ...	...	...	8610
Southwell Bank	Southwell	...	Wylde and Co. ...	...	...	9735
Stamford and Rutland Bank	Stamford	...	Eaton, Cayley, and Co. ...	...	...	15570
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank ...	Shrewsbury	...	Beck, Downward, and Co. ...	...	...	21382
Taunton Bank	Taunton	...	H. R., H. J., and D. Badcock ...	...	...	18465
Tavistock Bank	Tavistock	...	Gill, Sons, and Co. ...	...	...	6143
Thornbury Bank	Thornbury	...	Harwood and Co. ...	...	...	7294
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank ...	Tiverton	...	Dunsford and Co. ...	...	...	8727
Thrapston and Kettering Bank, } Northamptonshire	Thrapston	...	Eland and Elands ...	...	...	11609
Tring Bank and Chesham Bank ...	Tring	...	Butcher and Sons ...	...	...	12705
Towcester Old Bank	Towcester	...	Mercer and Co. ...	...	...	4341
Union Bank, Cornwall	Helston	...	Vivian and Co. ...	...	...	9645
Uxbridge Old Bank	Uxbridge	...	Hull, Smith and Co. ...	...	...	7545
Wallingford Bank	Wallingford	...	Hedges, Wells, and Co. ...	...	...	3935
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank ...	Warwick	...	Greenway and Co. ...	...	...	21097
Wellington Somerset Bank	Wellington	...	Fox, Brothers, and Co. ...	...	...	3359
West Riding Bank, Wakefield, and Pontefract Bank	Wakefield	...	Leatham, Tew, and Co. ...	...	...	43302
Whitby Old Bank	Whitby	...	Simpson, Chapman, and Co. ...	...	...	13760
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	Winchester	...	Bulpett and Co. ...	...	...	8827
Weymouth Old Bank and Dor- chester Bank	Weymouth	...	Eliot, Pearce, and Co. ...	...	...	11212
Wirksworth and Ashbourne Derby- shire Bank	Wirksworth	...	Arkwright and Co. ...	...	...	35916
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank ...	Wisbech	...	Gurney and Co. ...	...	...	39453
Wiveliscombe Bank	Wiveliscombe	...	W. Hancock ...	...	...	2054
Worcester Old Bank and Tewkes- bury Old Bank	Worcester	...	Berwick, Lechmere, and Co. ...	...	...	41505
Wolverhampton Bank	Wolverhampton	...	R. and W. F. Fryer ...	...	...	8458
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank, and Halesworth and Suffolk Bank }	Yarmouth	...	Gurneys, Birkbeck, and Co. ...	...	...	30939
Yarmouth, Norfolk, and Suffolk Bank	Great Yarmouth	...	Sir E. H. K. Lacon, Bt., and Co. ...	...	...	7095
York Bank	York	...	Swann, Clough, and Co. ...	...	...	35302

JOINT STOCK BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.								Average Amount.
								£.
Bank of Westmorland	Kendal							12119
Barnsley Banking Company	Barnsley... ..							9541
Bradford Banking Company	Bradford							49605
Bilston District Banking Company	Wolverhampton... ..							9208
Bank of Whitehaven Limited	Whitehaven							29226
Bradford Commercial Banking Company	Bradford... ..							19107
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Ashbourn Union Banking Company	Burton-upon-Trent							47652
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire Banking Company	Chesterfield							9894
Cumberland Union Banking Company Limited	Carlisle							35310
Coventry and Warwickshire Banking Company	Coventry							17210
Coventry Union Banking Company	Coventry							11105
County of Gloucester Banking Company	Cheltenham							99125
Carlisle and Cumberland Banking Company	Carlisle							22845
Carlisle City and District Bank	Carlisle							20066
Dudley and West Bromwich Banking Company	Dudley							29852
Derby and Derbyshire Banking Company	Derby							20945
Darlington District Joint Stock Banking Company	Darlington							24175
Gloucestershire Banking Company	Gloucester							138908
Halifax Joint Stock Bank	Halifax							17005
Huddersfield Banking Company	Huddersfield							36535
Hull Banking Company	Hull							29405
Halifax Commercial Banking Company Limited	Halifax							12653
Halifax and Huddersfield Union Banking Company	Halifax							38579
Helston Banking Company	Helston							1498
Knaresborough and Claro Banking Company	Knaresborough							27412
Lancaster Banking Company	Lancaster							68635
Leicestershire Banking Company	Leicester... ..							54619
Lincoln and Lindsey Banking Company	Lincoln							51521
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire Banking Company	Leamington Priors							11141
Ludlow and Tenbury Bank	Ludlow							7910
Moore and Robinson's Nottinghamshire Banking Company Limited	Nottingham							28378
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Banking Company	Nottingham							28193
North Wilts Banking Company	Melksham							36579
Northamptonshire Union Bank	Northampton							56214
Northamptonshire Banking Company	Northampton							20579
North and South Wales Bank	Liverpool							52430
Pares' Leicestershire Banking Company	Leicester... ..							52284
Sheffield Banking Company	Sheffield							34826
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston Banking Company	Stamford							53001
Stuckey's Banking Company, Bristol Somersetshire Bank, and Somersetshire Bank	Langport							323935
Shropshire Banking Company	Shifnal							31633
Stourbridge and Kidderminster Banking Company	Stourbridge							49549
Sheffield and Hallamshire Banking Company	Sheffield							21889
Sheffield and Rotherham Joint Stock Banking Company	Sheffield							51228
Swaledale and Wensleydale Banking Company	Richmond							52325
Wolverhampton and Staffordshire Banking Company	Wolverhampton... ..							18458
Wakefield and Barnsley Union Bank	Wakefield							14026

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.							Average Amount.
							£
Whitehaven Joint Stock Banking Company	...	...	Whitehaven	...	...	...	27920
West of England and South Wales District Bank	...	...	Bristol	...	...	...	84623
Wilts and Dorset Banking Company	...	...	Salisbury	...	...	...	75000
West Riding Union Banking Company	...	...	Huddersfield	...	...	...	34135
Whitchurch and Ellésmere Banking Company	...	...	Whitchurch	...	...	...	4187
Worcester City and County Banking Company Limited	...	...	Worcester	...	...	...	1540
York Union Banking Company	...	...	York	...	...	...	69283
York City and County Banking Company	...	...	York	...	...	...	90695
Yorkshire Banking Company	...	...	Leeds	...	...	...	121615

W. H. COUSINS, Registrar of Bank Returns.

Inland Revenue Office, April 1, 1871.

CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

AN ACCOUNT shewing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal Imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the said kinds, Exported from the United Kingdom, in the week ended the 1st April, 1871.

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO—				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM.		
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	The United Kingdom.	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Export.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat	167,335	18,815	101,200	287,350	191,892	19,018	210,910
Barley	227,165	40,891	...	268,056	8,091	1,845	9,936
Oats	267,243	18,375	...	285,618	105,230	27,959	133,189
Rye	...	...	...	...	...	1,234	1,234
Pease	8,444	2,084	...	10,528	2,146	2,632	4,778
Beans	25,298	26,793	...	52,091	...	...	...
Indian Corn	77,282	4,038	74,983	156,303	...	60	60
Buckwheat	1,651	...	...	1,651	...	...	...
Beer or Bigg	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Corn (exclusive of Malt)...	774,418	110,996	176,183	1,061,597	307,359	52,748	360,107
Wheatmeal or Flour	43,915	18,661	...	62,576	19,721	3,664	23,385
Barley Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat Meal	...	...	...	...	385	...	385
Rye Meal	6	1	...	7	...	...	...
Pea Meal	3	...	...	3	...	...	...
Bean Meal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Corn Meal	17	...	...	17	...	...	...
Buckwheat Meal	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
Total of Meal	43,942	18,662	...	62,604	20,106	3,664	23,770
Total of Corn and Meal (exclusive of Malt)...	818,360	129,658	176,183	1,124,201	327,465	56,412	383,877
Malt (entered by the Quarter)	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.
	...	...	...	...	3,241	...	3,241

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, April 3, 1871.EDW. BERNARD,
Inspector-General.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF CORN, per Quarter (IMPERIAL MEASURE),
in England and Wales, for the QUARTER ended Lady-day, 1871.

WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.	
s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
53	7	35	8	24	2

Statistical and Corn Department, Board of Trade,
April 3, 1871.

A. W. FONBLANQUE,
Comptroller of Corn Returns.

STATEMENT showing the Quantities Sold and Average Price of BRITISH CORN, Imperial Measure, as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise, conformably to the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, in the Week ended 1st April, 1871.

				QUANTITIES SOLD.		AVERAGE PRICE.	
				Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.
Wheat	...	...	...	78,040	2	55	9
Barley	...	...	...	28,673	2	26	6
Oats	...	...	...	4,942	3	26	4

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the corresponding Week in each of the Years from 1867 to 1870.

Corresponding Week in			QUANTITIES SOLD.						AVERAGE PRICES.					
			WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.		WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.	
			Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
1867	...	...	55,818	6	18,080	4	5,237	2	61	2	39	7	23	9
1868	...	...	44,125	4	19,151	3	6,014	1	72	6	43	4	27	2
1869	...	...	42,878	4	15,306	6	3,103	5	46	4	44	1	26	9
1870	...	...	61,330	0	28,828	6	5,628	1	42	5	35	0	21	5

Statistical and Corn Department, Board of Trade,
April 3, 1871.

A. W. FONBLANQUE,
Comptroller of Corn Returns.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

3042. Arthur Chilver Tupper, of Victoria-street, Westminster, has given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of his intention to proceed with his application for letters patent, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of lint for surgical, medical, and other purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 21st day of November, 1870.

3052. And William Gardner and James Russell, trading under the firm of "Gardner and Russell," Manufacturers, of the city of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in shirts."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of November, 1870.

3068. And Richard Banton, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Jeweller, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in castors for furniture and other purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 23rd day of November, 1870.

3070. And Hiram Codd, of No. 6, Park-place, Caledonian-road, in the county of Middlesex, Soda Water Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in bottles, & in the mode of stopping or closing the same."

3072. And Edmund Barker, of No. 172, New Bond-street, in the county of Middlesex, Designer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in lockets and other articles for the reception of portraits, inscriptions, or devices."

3073. And William Andrews, of Melksham, in the county of Wilts, Agricultural Implement Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of elevators for stacking hay, corn, and straw."

3077. And Sidney Johnson, of West Croydon, in the county of Surrey, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in velocipede carriages and vehicles."

3089. And George Haseltine, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in boots and shoes."—A communication to him from abroad by Johann Wolfgang Fisher, of Albany, New York, United States of America.

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 24th day of November, 1870.

3097. And Henry Allen, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Gunmaker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in breech-loading fire-arms."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 25th day of November, 1870.

3101. And Samuel Bowen, of the Platts Glass Works, near Wordsley, in the county of Stafford, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus or machinery employed in the manufacture of sheet glass and other objects made of glass."

3110. And Robert Anthony Hardcastle, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus to be used in moving or transporting heavy bodies."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 26th day of November, 1870.

3114. And Charles Denton Abel, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved construction of combination locks and latches."—A communication to him from abroad by Theodore Kromer, of Neustadt, in the Grand Duchy of Baden.

3115. And Charles Denton Abel, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved construction of locks and latches."—A communication to him from abroad by Theodore Kromer, of Neustadt, in the Grand Duchy of Baden.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 28th day of November, 1870.

3121. And Joseph Bowden, of Marple, in the county of Chester, Merchant, and Robert Shaw, of the same place, Mechanic, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for felting or planking hat bodies or other articles made of felt."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 29th day of November, 1870.

3141. And Martin Tobin, of No. 4, Clayton-square, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in boots, shoes, and other coverings for the feet."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 30th day of November, 1870.

3148. And Thomas Wrigley, of Bury, in the county of Lancaster, Henry Bruce, of Kinleith, near Edinburgh, Paper Makers, and Carl Dietrich Julius Seitz, of Edinburgh, Consulting Chemist, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved method of treating wood and other similar fibrous substances for the manufacture of half-stuff and paper."

3150. And Henry Lockhart Gleig, of Guernsey, one of the Channel Islands, Major late of the Bengal Staff Corps, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in pianofortes."

3156. And Henry Kesterton, of No. 9, Stratford-road, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of taper tubes and rods, and in apparatus employed therein."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 1st day of December, 1870.

3163. And John Weems and William Weems, of Johnstone, in the county of Renfrew, North Britain, Engineers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery, apparatus, or means for heating, drying, and finishing woven fabrics, drying yarns, fibrous materials, and other similar substances."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 2nd day of December, 1870.

3194. And John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new composition for bleaching wool and cotton."—A communication to him from abroad by William Joseph Lande, of Melbourne, in the Colony of Victoria, Commission Merchant.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 5th day of December, 1870.

3216. And Thomas Alfred Bickley, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Stationer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in metallic bars or clips to be used for roofing and glazing purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 7th day of December, 1870.

3238. And John Fletcher, of Winterton, in the county of Lincoln, Machine Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved mill or machine for grinding corn or grain or other substances of a like nature."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 9th day of December, 1870.

3277. And George Bilbrough, of the Hackney-road, in the county of Middlesex, Ironmonger, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in wardrobe and such like latches and parts connected therewith."

3279. And Charles Kenwick Kenelm Bishop, of No. 250, Marylebone-road, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in organs."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 14th day of December, 1870.

67. And John Norman, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus to be used in the manufacture of tubes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of January, 1871.

97. And John Snowdon, of 65, Saxton-street, New Brompton, in the county of Kent, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in tools, cutters, and holders therefor, and in other apparatus employed in drilling, boring, facing, recessing, turning, and cutting."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 14th day of January, 1871.

253. And William Robinson, of Guide Bridge, in the county of Lancaster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved steam trap."

254. And Michael Henry, of Fleet-chambers, 68, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in sewing machines."—A communication to him from abroad by W. A. Mack, of Norwalk, Ohio, and James Blake, of Scranton, Pennsylvania, both in the United States of America.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 31st day of January, 1871.

379. And Hector Clause, of Rue de Bretagne, Paris, temporarily resident at Hatton-garden, in the county of Middlesex, Watch and Clock Manufacturer, has given the like notice in

respect of the invention of "improvements in taps or valves for gas, water, and other fluids."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 15th day of February, 1871.

392. And John Macleod, of Renton, in the county of Dumbarton, North Britain, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for liquoring or tramping and wringing yarns."

398. And Paul Rapsey Hodge, of 7, John-street, Adelphi, in the city of Westminster, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of certain textile fabrics, and in rendering the materials with which they are filled and coloured in the process of manufacture, nondeliquescent or waterproof, and in otherwise colouring some of such materials or fabrics in combination with or without such deliquescent compounds."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 16th day of February, 1871.

482. And Fleury Claudius Gautier, of Halifax, in the county of York, Designer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in looms for weaving, and in means or apparatus to be employed in connection therewith."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 23rd day of February, 1871.

494. And John Macleod, of Renton, in the county of Dumbarton, North Britain, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for dyeing, washing, and clearing yarns."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of February, 1871.

578. And George Haseltine, of the "International Patent Office," Southampton-buildings, London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in flexible shafting and apparatus connected therewith for transmitting power."—A communication to him from abroad by James Beall Morrison, of St. Louis, Missouri, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 3rd day of March, 1871.

599. And Robert Stirling Newall, of Gateshead, in the county of Durham, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for breaking stones and other hard substances."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of March, 1871.

615. And John Somervell, of Kendal, in the county of Westmoreland, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of artificial leather."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 8th day of March, 1871.

632. And Joseph Lodge, of Whitecroft, near Lydney, in the county of Gloucester, Machinist, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of artificial fuel."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 9th day of March, 1871.

646. And Timothy Murphy, of Clonmell, in the county of Tipperary, Ireland, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in rotatory engines and pumps."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 10th day of March, 1871.

674. And Frederick Hale Holmes, of Mortlake, in the county of Surrey, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in fog signals suitable for light-houses and light ships."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 14th day of March, 1871.

699. And John Millward, of Curzon-chambers, Paradise-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new or improved machine for forming elbows or bends in sheet metal pipes or tubes."—A communication to him from abroad by Charles Hoeller, of Cincinnati, Hamilton County, State of Ohio, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 16th day of March, 1871.

718. And James Anderson, of Newbuildings, in the county of Londonderry, Ireland, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in obtaining iron."

719. And William Blanchflower Gedge, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of perambulators, which improvements are also applicable to other carriages."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 17th day of March, 1871.

814. And John Knickerbocker Pruyn, of New York, in the United States of America, and temporarily of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved sewing machine attachments for button holing and overseaming."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 25th day of March, 1871.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications, are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objections to such application at the said Office of the Commissioners, within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

CONTRACT FOR CHAIN CABLES, MOORING CHAINS, &c.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, March 17, 1871.

TENDERS will be received on Tuesday, the 18th April, at two o'clock, for the supply of

IRON CHAIN CABLES, MOORING CHAINS, &c.,

to the several Dockyards.

A form of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office.

CONTRACT FOR SOFT SOAP.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, March 23, 1871.

TENDERS will be received on Tuesday, the 11th April next, at two o'clock, for

1,600 cwt. of SOFT SOAP,
to be delivered at Her Majesty's several Dock Yards.

Samples of better quality than those tendered on the 7th instant are required.

A revised form of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office.

CONTRACT FOR HEMP.

Contract Department, Admiralty,
Whitehall, April 1, 1871.

TENDERS will be received on Tuesday, the 25th instant, at two o'clock, for

700 Tons of ST. PETERSBURG HEMP,
650 Tons of RIGA HEMP, and
650 Tons of ITALIAN HEMP.

A form of tender containing all particulars may be obtained at this Office.

Marine Society's Office.

No. 54½, Bishopsgate-Street Within, E.C.,
April 1, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Quarterly Court of the Governors of the Marine Society will be held at their offices, in Bishopsgate-street, London, on Friday, the 21st day of instant, at half-past one o'clock.

By order,

S. W. Sadler, Secretary.

Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society.

London, April 3, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Members will be held at the offices of the Society, No. 71, King William-street, E.C., on Tuesday, the 25th day of April instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, for the election of Directors and Auditor, and for general purposes.

Edward Butler, Secretary.

Pursuant to the Act of the Legislature of the Colony of Newfoundland, 17th Victoria, chapter 2, the subjoined Notice is hereby given.

Office of the New York, Newfoundland, and
London Telegraph Company.

New York, March 21, 1871.

THE Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the New York, Newfoundland, and London Telegraph Company will be held at the office of the Treasurer, No. 44, South-street, in the city of New York, on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1871, at one o'clock p.m.

Peter Cooper, President.

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862, and in the Matter of the Sheffield and Tinsley Coal Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of the Companies Act, 1862, a General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at No. 29, Brazennose-street, in the city of Manchester, on Tuesday, the 9th day of May, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, when the Liquidator will submit to the Shareholders of the Company his account showing the manner in which the winding up of the affairs of the said Company has been conducted and how the property of the Company has been disposed of, and will also afford any explanation respecting the said account which may be then and there required of him, or may be necessary.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

John Adamson, Liquidator.

The Companies Act, 1862.

The Pant Dû and Waenlas Mining Company
Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held at the registered offices of the Company, Pride-hill, Shrewsbury, in

the county of Salop, on Thursday, the 4th day of May, 1871, at half-past one o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of having laid before them the final accounts of the Liquidator, in accordance with the Companies Act, 1862, cap. 82, section 142.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

Jno. T. Nightingale, Liquidator.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Continental Company for the Purchase of Thompson's Patents for Boat Building by Machinery Limited.

No. 9, Serjeants'-inn, Fleet-street, E.C.

ALL persons who, at the present time, are holders of any Deferred or Patentees' share or shares of the above-named Company, are required, on or before the 26th day of April next, to send their claims, with particulars of the shares they hold, and their own names and addresses, and the names and addresses of their Solicitors (if any), to James Hicks Smith, Esquire, No. 9, Serjeants'-inn, in Fleet-street, in the city of London, the Liquidator of the said Company; and, if so required by notice in writing from the said Liquidator, are to produce to him the certificates and transfers of their shares, and are, by their Solicitors, to come in and prove their claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from all benefit from any claim they may have against the said Company.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

Jas. Hicks Smith, Liquidator under the supervision of the Court of Chancery.

In the Matter of the Companies Acts, 1862 and 1867, and in the Matter of the Staffordshire Land, Building, and Improvement Company Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the Company, duly convened and held at the Vine Hotel, in the borough of Stafford, on Monday, the 6th day of March, 1871; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company, duly convened and held at the Vine Hotel, Stafford aforesaid, on Monday, the 27th day of March, 1871, it was resolved:—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Mr. Nicholas Joyce, of Stafford, Surveyor, be and he is hereby appointed sole Liquidator thereof."

J. Pilling, Chairman.

In the Matter of the Patriot Industrial Co-operative Society Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of this Society, held at the Wem Ystalyfera, in the parish of Llan-guich, Glamorganshire, on the 14th day of September, 1870, it was resolved:—

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this Society that they cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business, and that the Society be therefore wound up voluntarily, under the provisions of the Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1862.

"That John Gravel, of the Wem Ystalyfera aforesaid, be the Liquidator of the said Society, for the purpose of winding it up voluntarily, in pursuance of the above resolution."

Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

Thomas Davies, Chairman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Ann McLay and Edward Morrison, as Mast, Spar, and Block Makers, under the firm of McLay and Morrison, at No. 83, Jordan-street, Liverypool, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 25th day of February last. All debts due to or from the late firm will be received and paid by the said Edward Morrison, who will continue to carry on the business.—Dated this 20th day of March, 1871.

Ann McLay.

Edward Morrison.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Cleworth Thomson and Thomas Turner, of West Leigh, in the county of Lancaster, as Ironfounders, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 30th day of March, 1871.

Thomas C. Thomson.

Thomas Turner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Joseph Spencer and John Bew, in the trade or business of Grocers and Provision Merchants, carried on by us in Smith-street and at Coten End, both in the borough of Warwick, under the style or firm of Spencer and Bew, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 25th day of March, 1871.

Joseph Spencer.

Jno. Bew.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Peter Burdett, of Gillingham, in the county of Kent, Victualler, and James Berresford Walker, of the same place, Licensed Victualler, as Beersellers and Canteen Keepers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, as from the 25th day of March, 1871.—As witness our hands this 27th day of March, 1871.

James D. Cooper.

C. J. Clay.

Richard Clay, junr.

Joseph P. Taylor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned, Peter Burdett, of Gillingham, in the county of Kent, Victualler, and James Berresford Walker, of the same place, Licensed Victualler, as Beersellers and Canteen Keepers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, as from the 25th day of March, 1871.—As witness our hands this 27th day of March, 1871.

Peter Burdett.

J. B. Walker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, under the style or firm of Perks, Jones, and Co., at No. 72, Mark-lane, in the city of London, Tea Dealers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 25th day of March, 1871.

William Perks.

William Evans Jones.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership carried on for some time past at Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, by Edward Osmond Daniel and Rowland Veitch Kemmis Betty, under the firm of Daniel and Kemmis Betty, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 17th day of March, 1871.

Ed. O. Daniel.

R. V. Kemmis Betty.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned as Gravel Dealers and Brickmakers, carrying on business at Shrub Hill, Feltwell, in the county of Norfolk, under the style or firm of the Shrub Hill Company, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the undersigned Benjamin Mitchell, who retires from the said business.—Dated this 11th day of February, 1871.

Wm. Eaden Cook.

John Eaden.

Benj. Mitchell.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto existing between Thomas Charnley and John Charnley, as Quartermasters, carrying on business at Robin Hood Quarry, Little Bolton, under the style of T. and J. Charnley, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and that the debts owing to and by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said John Charnley, by whom the business will in future be carried on.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

Thomas Charnley.

John Charnley.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Pentland Ringland and William Ringland, commonly known as William Ringland the younger, carrying on business at No. 114, Whitechapel, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, as Provision Merchants, under the style or firm of William Ringland and Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said William Ringland, who will continue to carry on business at No. 114, Whitechapel aforesaid, under the style or firm of William Ringland and Company. The said William Pentland Ringland will carry on business at No. 94, Whitechapel aforesaid, under the style or firm of W. P. Ringland and Sons.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

*W. P. Ringland.
William Ringland.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Nichols, Thomas Guy Evans, and Joseph Jackson, as Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, at Leicester, in the county of Leicester, under the style or firm of Nichols, Evans, and Co., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent; and that all debts due and owing to and from the said firm will be received and paid respectively by the said George Nichols and Thomas Guy Evans, by whom the business will in future be carried on, in conjunction with Joseph Benjamin Fields Clow, of Leicester aforesaid, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, under the style or firm of Nichols, Evans, and Clow.—As witness our hands this 29th day of March, 1871.

*George Nichols.
Thomas Guy Evans.
Joseph Jackson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Henry Adams Dalby and Herrick Dalby, as Timber and Slate Merchants and Coal Merchants, at Banbury, in the county of Oxford, under the firm of Dalby and Son, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to or by the said late partnership will be received and paid by the said Herrick Dalby, by whom the said business will be carried on.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*H. A. Dalby.
Herrick Dalby.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore carried on by us the undersigned, Mary Simonite, John Simonite, and William Henry Simonite, as Bolt Makers, at Lower Moor, Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, under the style or firm of Mary Simonite and Sons, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as the said Mary Simonite is concerned; and notice is also hereby given, that the said business will be carried on in future by the said John Simonite and William Henry Simonite, by whom all accounts and debts will be received and paid.—As witness our hands this 29th day of March, 1871.

*The
Mary X Simonite,
Mark of
John Simonite.
William Henry Simonite.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Joseph Affleck and Herbert Kidson, carrying on business at the city of Manchester, as Accountants and Auditors, under the firm of Affleck and Kidson, was dissolved by mutual consent as on and from the 28th day of February last.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*Joseph Affleck.
Herbert Kidson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Charles Hatton, Edwin John Hatton, and William Griffiths the younger, carrying on the trade or business of Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, in Saint Peter-street, in the city of Hereford, was dissolved, so far as concerns the said William Griffiths, by mutual consent, on the 7th day of March, 1871.—Dated the 25th day of March 1871.

*Charles Hatton.
Edwin John Hatton.
William Griffiths, junr.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Eustratius Constantine Ionides and Ambrose John Ralli, and carried on by us at No. 29, Threadneedle-street, in the city of London, as Insurance Brokers, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*E. C. Ionides.
Amb. J. Ralli.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership previously existing between the undersigned as Cattle Dealers, was by mutual consent dissolved on the 31st December, 1870.—As witness our hands at Berwick-upon-Tweed this 30th day of March, 1871.

*Benjn. Hammond.
J. W. Ruddock.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Henry Windsor and John Rhodes, as Wheelwrights and Blacksmiths, at No. 80, Grange-lane, and No. 111, Argyle-street, Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, under the firm of Windsor and Rhodes, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

*Henry Windsor.
John Rhodes.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, Thomas William Bond and John Andrew Crickmore, at Holt, in the county of Norfolk, as General Drapers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and that the business will in future be carried on by Thomas William Bond, by whom all debts will be received and paid.—April 1st, 1871.

*Thomas W. Bond.
John Andrew Crickmore.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership for some time past carried on by Frederick Wylde and Amos Hayton, under the style or firm of Wylde and Hayton, at Runcorn, in the county of Chester, as Corn and Flour Dealers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent; and the said Frederick Wylde is authorized to discharge all debts and receive all credits on account of the said partnership.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

*Frederick Wylde.
Amos Hayton.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership between the undersigned, Thirza Marsh and Elizabeth Charlotte Siely, in the trade or business of Baby Linen and Ladies' Underclothing, at Post-office-street, in the city of Norwich, under the firm of Marsh and Siely, is this day dissolved, so far as respects Thirza Marsh, who retires therefrom. The firm will be continued as usual. All debts will be received and paid by Miss Siely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*Thirza Marsh.
Elizabeth Charlotte Siely.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Henry Ayling and Frederick Baldock Farley, as Physician Surgeons and General Practitioners, at No. 103, Great Portland-street, Portland-place, in the county of Middlesex, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. Dr. Ayling will continue the practice and receive and pay all outstanding credits and liabilities respectively.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

*Fredk. B. Farley.
William Henry Ayling.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Atkinson Potts and Matthew Oubridge, carrying on business in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, as Provision Merchants, under the style of Potts and Oubridge, and as Ale and Porter Merchants, under the style of Potts and Company, is this day mutually dissolved. All debts owing by and to either of the said firms will be paid and received by the said John Atkinson Potts.—Dated this 22nd day of March, 1871.

*John Atkinson Potts.
Mattw. Oubridge.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Frederick Fielder and Frederick Rodolph Fielder, carrying on business at the city of Manchester, as Stock and Share Brokers, under the style or firm of Frederick Fielder and Son, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the said Frederick Fielder, who retires therefrom. All debts due and owing to and by the said concern will be received and paid by the said Frederick Rodolph Fielder, who will continue the business as heretofore, under the name of Fielder and Son.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

*Fredk. Fielder.
Frederick Rodolph Fielder.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between us, under the name or style of W. B. and V. Stewart, as Architects and Surveyors, carrying on business at Scarborough, in the county of York, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Scarborough, 29th March, 1871.

*W. B. Stewart.
Victor Stewart.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Howarth Cockcroft and Arthur Roberts, under the style or firm of Cockcroft and Roberts, as Surgeons and Apothecaries, at Keighley, in the West Riding of the county of York, was dissolved on the 27th day of March, 1871, by mutual consent. All debts due and owing by the said copartners will be received and paid by the said Thomas Howarth Cockcroft.—As witness our hands this 28th day of March, 1870.

*Thos. H. Cockcroft.
Arthur Roberts.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us as Dealers in Bookbinders Materials and Leather Sellers, and carried on by us under the style of A. H. Eadie and Sons, at No. 53, Great Queen-street, in the county of Middlesex or elsewhere, has been dissolved as from the 31st day of March, 1871.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*Henry Alexander Eadie.
Francis John Eadie.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Joseph Sutcliffe and Wright Wagstaffe, as Tailors and Woollen Drapers, under the style or firm of Sutcliffe and Wagstaffe, carried on by us at Bingley, in the county of York, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing by the said partnership will be received and paid by the said Joseph Sutcliffe by whom the business will in future be carried on.—As witness our hands this 18th day of March, 1871.

*Joseph Sutcliffe.
Wright Wagstaffe.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately existing between James Roden, of Bridgnorth, in the county of Salop, and Thomas Owen, of the same place, Brass and Ironfounders, now carrying on the business of Brass and Ironfounders, at No. 28, Underhill-street, in Bridgnorth aforesaid, under the style or firm of Roden and Owen, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the business will in future be carried on by the said James Roden alone, by whom all debts due to and owing from the said copartners will be received and paid.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

*James Roden.
Thomas Owen.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Richard Collier, Thomas Collier, and Charles Henry Bentley, as Smallware Dealers, Haberdashers, and General Merchants, at No. 33, High-street, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, under the style or firm of R. and T. Collier, and as Smallware Manufacturers, at Radcliffe, in the said county, under the style or firm of the Radcliffe Smallware Company, has been this day dissolved by effluxion of time and mutual consent. All debts due to and owing by the late firm in respect of the said business at High-street, will be received and paid by the said Thomas Collier and Charles Henry Bentley, who will in future carry on the same business in copartnership together under the style or firm of Thomas Collier and Co. And all debts due to and owing by the late firm in respect of the said business at Radcliffe, will be received and paid by the said Richard Collier, who will in future carry on the same business on his own account.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*Richard Collier.
Thomas Collier.
Charles Henry Bentley.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership between the undersigned Frederick Fowler Molini and George Morgan Green, in the trade or business of Booksellers, at No. 27, King William-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, under the firm of Molini and Green, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, and in future the business will be carried on by the said Frederick Fowler Molini on his separate account, and who will pay and receive all debts owing from and to the said partnership in the regular course of trade.—Witness our hands this 31st day of March, 1871.

*Fredk. F. Molini.
George M. Green.*

THE Partnership hitherto subsisting between us the undersigned, William Saunders and Curry Smith, carrying on business as Leather Bag Manufacturers, at No. 12, Newgate-street, in the city of London, under the name of Saunders and Smith, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or owing by the late firm will be received and paid by the said William Saunders, by whom alone the business will in future be carried on.—Dated this 31st March, 1871.

*Curry Smith.
Wm. Saunders.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Albert Lines and George Lax Tucker, as Ironmongers, at Chippenham, in the county of Wilts, under the style or firm of Lines and Tucker, has been dissolved by mutual consent, as and from the 31st day of March, 1871. All debts and demands due to or owing by the late firm will be received, paid, and discharged by the said Albert Lines who will henceforth carry on the above-mentioned business on his sole account.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

*Albert Lines.
George Lax Tucker.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately existing between us the undersigned, Abraham Peel and Allan Jepson, in the business of Drapers and Fent Dealers, at Folly Hall and Rashecliffe, in Huddersfield, in the county of York, under the firm of Peel and Jepson, was dissolved on the 7th day of March instant by mutual consent, and in future the business will be carried on by the said Abraham Peel on his own account who will receive and pay all debts owing to and from the said partnership in the regular course of trade.—As witness our hands this 30th day of March, 1871.

*Abraham Peel.
Allan Jepson.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Samuel Cook and Joseph Cook, in the trade or business of Bricklayers, Builders, and General Contractors, carried on at No. 220, Walworth-road (formerly known as No. 9, Penton-row, Walworth), in the parish of Saint Mary, Newington, in the county of Surrey, under the style or firm of Cook and Son, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 31st day of March last. The business will in future be carried on by the said Joseph Cook alone, and all debts due and owing from and to the said firm up to the said 31st day of March, will be paid and received by the said Samuel Cook.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

*Samuel Cook.
Joseph Cook.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us the undersigned, John Wilson and John Roberts, carrying on business as Drapers, at No. 2, North-terrace, Stockton-on-Tees, in the county of Durham, under the style of Wilson and Roberts, was on the 1st day of March, 1871, dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on by the said John Wilson, by whom all debts owing by the late firm will be paid, and by whom all debts owing to the late firm from persons or parties residing or carrying on business in the borough of Stockton-on-Tees and south of the River Tees will be received. And all other debts due to the said late firm will be received by the said John Roberts, at his residence, No. 46, Bridge-street, Sunderland.—Dated this 23rd day of March, 1871.

*John Wilson.
John Roberts.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Emerson, of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Tailor and Draper, and John Walker, of Blackburn aforesaid, Reporter, carrying on business at Blackburn aforesaid, as Tailors and Drapers, under the style or firm of Emerson and Company, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All due to or owing by the said copartnership will be received and paid by the said John Walker, by whom the said business will in future be carried on.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

*J. Emerson.
Jno. Walker.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, John Tomkin and George Thomas Tomkin, in respect of the business carried on at the Brook Farm, situate in the parishes of Marden and Yalding, in the county of Kent, as Farmers and Hop Growers, was dissolved by mutual consent as and from the 6th day of February last.—Witness our hands this 31st day of March, 1871.

*John Tomkin.
George T. Tomkin.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership between the undersigned James Joseph Dutton and William Hobbs Minett, in the trade or business of Linen Drapers, at Wotton-under-Edge, in the county of Gloucester, under the firm of Dutton and Minett, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing from the said firm will be received and paid by the said James Joseph Dutton.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*James Dutton.
William Hobbs Minett.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Ralph Williams Eatwell and Job Stockwell, carrying on the business of Drapers, at Thatcham, in the county of Berks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to or by the said partnership will be paid and received by Ralph Williams Eatwell, who will carry on the business on his own account.—Witness our hands this 27th day of March, 1871.

*Ralph Williams Eatwell.
Job Stockwell.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting, prior to the 31st day of March, 1871, between us the undersigned, Edward Thornley Bond and Lionel Burrell, carrying on practice as Surgeons, Apothecaries, Accoucheurs, and General Practitioners, at No. 3, Church-row, Stoke Newington, in the county of Middlesex, and No. 3, Paradise-place, Green-lanes, Stoke Newington aforesaid, under the firm of Bond and Burrell, was, on the 31st day of March, 1871, dissolved by mutual consent, and that the practice will in future be carried on by the said Lionel Burrell alone.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*Edward T. Bond.
Lionel Burrell.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned George Wood and Charles Wood, carrying on business under the firm of William Wood and Sons, at No. 12, Bath-street, Birmingham, and No. 31, Snow-hill, Wolverhampton, as Hardware Merchants and Factors, Wholesale Jewellers and Watch Manufacturers, has been dissolved by mutual consent, as on and from the 1st day of January last.—As witness our hands this 30th day of March, 1871.

*George Wood.
Charles Wood.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between Henry Vaughan Moss and James Haddon Moss, trading as H. and J. Moss, and carrying on business as Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe Manufacturers, at Brill-row, Somers-town, in the county of Middlesex, and also at Chesham, in the county of Bucks, was as and from the 28th day of December, 1868, dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated this 17th day of March, 1871.

*Henry Vaughan Moss.
James Haddon Moss.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Smith and William Frederick Green, carrying on business in Stoney-street, in the town of Nottingham, as Lace Manufacturers under the style or firm of Smith and Green, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or from the said partnership will be received and paid by the said George Smith.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

*Geo. Smith.
Wm. Fredk. Green.*

**JOHN LATHAM, Deceased.
Statutory Notice.**

THE creditors and all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of John Latham, late of Wigan, in the county of Lancaster, Chemist and Druggist, deceased (who died at Wigan aforesaid, on or about the 19th day of March, 1871), are hereby required on or before the 12th day of May, 1871, to send in to James Edwardson, of Wigan aforesaid, Grocer, and Robert Latham, of Little Crosby, in the said county, Farmer, the executors of the will of the said deceased, the particulars of their claims against the estate of the said deceased to the said executors, at the offices of the undersigned, their Solicitor; after the said 12th day of May, 1871, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties beneficially entitled thereto, or otherwise deal with the properties and estate of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice; and pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

THO. FRED. TAYLOR, Solicitor, Wigan.

WILLIAM HANSON, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the Session of Parliament held in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of William Hanson, late of Newenden, in the county of Kent, Grazier, deceased (who died on the 27th

day of October, 1868, and whose will was, on the 11th day of December, 1868, proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Fanny Hanson, of Newenden aforesaid, Spinster, and John Comport, of Northiam, in the county of Sussex, Innkeeper, two of the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in particulars of their claims or demands to the said Fanny Hanson and John Comport, or to us the undersigned, on or before the 11th day of May next, at the expiration of which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which the said executors may then have had notice; and that they will not be answerable, or liable in respect of the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

MUNN and MACE, Solicitors to the said Executors, Tenterden, Kent.

ARTHUR LAMBERT, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Arthur Lambert, late of Ockham, near Ripley, in the county of Surrey, Farmer, deceased (who died on the 31st day of December, 1869, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 27th day of June, 1870, by Arthur Lambert, of Ockham aforesaid, Farmer, the son of the said testator, and Robert Boreman, of East Horsley, in the said county of Surrey, Land Steward, two of the executors therein named), are required to send in particulars, in writing, of their debts, claims, or demands on or before the 31st day of May next, to me the undersigned, the Solicitor for the said executors, after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Arthur Lambert deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, or demands of which they may then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated the 4th day of April, 1871.

**THOMAS ACRES CURTIS, Guildford, Surrey,
Solicitor for the said Executors.**

JOHN WELLS, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of John Wells, late of Princes-street, Mile End, New Town, in the county of Middlesex, and of No. 2, Bronté-villas, Milton-next-Gravesend, in the county of Kent, Farrier, and Veterinary Surgeon (who died on the 19th day of February, 1871, intestate, and in respect of whose estate letters of administration were granted on the 6th day of March, 1871, to Mary Hurn, wife of John Hurn, of No. 47, Anthony-street, Commercial-road East, in the county of Middlesex, one of the next-of-kin of the said deceased, by the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), are to send to me, the undersigned, full particulars of their claims and demands, on or before the 10th day of May, 1871, at the expiration of which time the said administratrix will distribute the estate of the said John Wells, deceased, amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which she shall then have had notice; and the said administratrix will not be liable to any person of whose claim she shall not have received notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated the 2nd day of April, 1871.

**H. S. MITCHELL, No. 5, Great Prescott-street,
Whitechapel, E., Solicitor for the said Administratrix.**

Mrs. SARAH DICKON, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vict., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claim or demand on or against the estate of Sarah Dickon, late of Kellington, in the county of York, Widow, deceased (who died on or about the 15th day of August, 1870, and of whose personal estate and effects letters of administration were granted by the District Registry, at Wakefield, of Her Majesty's Court of Probate on the 22nd day of February, 1871, to George Roberts, of Clowne, in the county of Derby, Butcher and Innkeeper, and Mary Hinings, wife of William Roberts Hinings, of Pudsey, in the said county of York, Wool Merchant, the lawful nephew and niece, and two of the next-of-kin of the said intestate), are hereby required to send to me the undersigned, Solicitor for the said administrators, on or before Tuesday, the

2nd day of May next, the particulars of their respective claims and demands, and in default thereof the said administrators will at the expiration of the above time proceed to apply and distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, or otherwise deal therewith, having regard to the debts and claims only of which they shall then have notice; and they will not be liable for any part of such assets to any person or persons of whose claims they shall not then have notice.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

W. E. CARTER, Pontefract, Solicitor to the said Administrators.

Sir ANTHONY CONINGHAM STERLING, K.C.B.,
Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims and demands upon or against the estate of Sir Anthony Coningham Sterling, late of South Lodge, Knightsbridge, in the county of Middlesex, Knight Commander of the Bath, deceased (who died on the 1st day of March, 1871, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 13th day of March, 1871, by George Burges, Esq., the sole executor named in the said will), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims and demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors of the said executor, on or before the 1st day of May, 1871. And notice is hereby also given, that after that day the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which the said executor shall then have had notice; and that he will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

WARRY, ROBINS, and BURGESS, No. 70,
Lincoln's-inn-fields, Solicitors for the said Executor.

Mr. HENRY WILLIAM BRIMMELL, Deceased.
Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Real Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand against the estate of Henry William Brimmell, late of the city of Gloucester, Ship Chandler and Rope Manufacturer, deceased (who died on the 10th day of January, 1871, and letters of administration to whose personal estate and effects were, on the 22nd day of March, 1871, granted by the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Gloucester, to Eliza Brimmell, the Widow and relict of the said deceased), are required to send the particulars, in writing, of their claims or demands to me the undersigned, James Bretherton, as Solicitor to the said administratrix, on or before the 18th day of May next, after which date the said administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have had notice; and the said administratrix will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

JAS. BRETHERTON, Bell-lane, Gloucester, Solicitor to the said Administratrix.

Mr. JAMES BRIMMELL, Deceased.
Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Real Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand against the estate of James Brimmell, late of Commercial-road, in the city of Gloucester, Ship Chandler and Rope Manufacturer, deceased (who died on the 29th day of April, 1870, and whose will was proved in the Gloucester District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Henry William Brimmell and George Henry Edwards, the executors therein named, on the 28th day of June, 1870), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to me the undersigned, James Bretherton, as Solicitor to the said George Henry Edwards, the surviving executor, on or before the 18th day of May next, at the expiration of which time the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice; and that he will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

JAS. BRETHERTON, Bell-lane, Gloucester, Solicitor to the said surviving Executor.

CRISPIN COOPE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims against the estate of Crispin Coope, late of Barton-upon-Irwell, in the county of Lancaster, Joiner (who died on the 21st day of October, 1868, and whose will was proved in the District Registry at Manchester of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 8th day of December, 1868, by Thomas Heywood, of Barton-upon-Irwell aforesaid, Surveyor, and Thomas Pickford, of Patricroft, in the said county, a Manager in the Salford Workhouse, the executors therein named), and all persons having claims against Anne Coope, of Barton-upon-Irwell aforesaid, the Widow of the said Crispin Coope (who died on the 17th day of March, 1870, and whose reasonable debts are to be paid out of the estate of the said Crispin Coope), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims to the said executors, at the office of their Solicitors, Messrs. Tindall and Varey, of No. 49, King-street, Manchester, on or before the 6th day of May, 1871, after which time the executors will distribute the assets of the said Crispin Coope amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the executors shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim the said executors shall not then have had notice.—Dated the 30th day of March, 1871.

TINDALL and VAREY, No. 49, King-street,
Manchester, Solicitors to the said Executors.

WILLIAM MARSH, Deceased.

In pursuance of the Act 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim or demand upon or against the estate of William Marsh, formerly of Patricroft, but late of Worsley, in the county of Lancaster, Joiner (who died on the 25th day of December, 1870, and whose will was proved in the District Registry attached to Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Manchester, on the 16th day of January, 1871, by Elijah Marsh, George Treubath, and Daniel Bradshaw, the executors therein named), are required to send in particulars thereof to me the undersigned, the Solicitor of the said executors, on or before the 1st day of May next, after which day the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for any part of such assets to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

W. L. WELSH, Solicitor to the Executors, No. 52,
Brown-street, Manchester.

JAMES DAVISON, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of James Davison, late of Cheltenham, in the county of Gloucester, Jeweller, deceased (who died on the 27th of February, 1871, and whose will was proved by Elizabeth Davison, Widow of the said deceased, George James Cox, Surveyor, and William Levett Bain, Gentleman, all of Cheltenham aforesaid, the executors therein named), are required to send in full particulars of such claims or demands in writing to the said Elizabeth Davison, George James Cox, or William Levett Bain, or to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of June next, after which time the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable or accountable for the assets of the deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose claim or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 24th day of March, 1871.

J. WALTER WILSON, No. 6, Courtenay-street,
Plymouth, Solicitor to the said Executors.

ROBERT BROWN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt or claim against or upon the estate of Robert Brown, late of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Merchant, deceased (who died on the 2nd day of January, 1870, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Liverpool, on the 9th day of February, 1870, by Thomas Albert Carter,

of Leamington, in the county of Warwick, Doctor of Medicine, one of the executors therein named), are required to send particulars of their debts or claims to Messrs. Peacock, Rogerson, and Cooper, of No. 7, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool, Solicitors to the said executor, on or before the 1st day of May next, after which date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Robert Brown among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said executor may then have had notice; and he will not be answerable or liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

PEACOCK, ROGERSON, and COOPER, No. 7, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool.

THOMAS FISHER, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees"

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt or claim against or upon the estate of Thomas Fisher, late of The Acres, Bebington, in the county of Chester, and of Dale-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Leather Merchant, deceased (who died on the 13th day of September, 1869, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Chester, on the 21st day of October, 1869, by Benjamin Payne Coxon, John Fisher, and John Benson, the executors named in the said will), are required to send particulars of their debts or claims to Messrs. Peacock, Rogerson, and Cooper, No. 7, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool, Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 1st day of May next, after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Thomas Fisher among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the executors may then have had notice; and they will not be answerable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

PEACOCK, ROGERSON, and COOPER, No. 7, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool.

PETER MARSH, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any debt or claim against or upon the estate of Peter Marsh, late of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Linen Draper, deceased (who died on the 19th day of January last, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Liverpool, on the 13th day of March last, by Margaret Marsh one of the executors), are required to send particulars of their debts or claims to Messrs. Peacock, Rogerson, and Cooper, of No. 7, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool, Solicitors to the said executrix, on or before the 1st day of May next, after which date the said executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Peter Marsh among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said executrix may then have had notice; and she will not be answerable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

PEACOCK, ROGERSON, and COOPER, No. 7, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool.

JOHN EBENEZER NEAL, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and others having claims or demands upon or affecting the estate of John Ebenezer Neal, late of Neston, in the county of Chester, Publican, deceased (who died on the 29th day of January, 1871, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate at Chester, by Fauny Neal, of Neston aforesaid, Widow, the executrix therein named, on the 29th day of March last), are required to send particulars of their claims or demands, on or before the 29th day of April, 1871, to Messrs. Charles John Robert Parry and John Gamon, of the city of Chester, Solicitors to the said executrix. And notice is hereby given, that after the said 29th day of April, 1871, the said executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said John Ebenezer Neal, deceased, according to due course of administration, having regard to the claims of which the said executrix may then have had notice; and she will not be answerable or liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

C. J. R. PARRY and GAMON, Solicitors for the Executrix.

EDWARD BRICE, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of Edward Brice, late of Williton, in the county of Somerset, Baker, deceased (who died on the 10th day of February, 1871, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 23rd day of March, 1871, by Abraham Hurley and Joseph Forster Foot, both of Williton aforesaid, the executors therein named), are hereby required to send in the particulars of their respective claims or demands to the said executors, at the office of the undersigned, on or before the 10th day of May, 1871, after which day the said executors will proceed to apply and distribute the assets of the said testator, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for such assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

WHITE and SON, Williton, Solicitors to the said Executors.

JOSEPH FARRAR, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that the creditors and all persons having any claims or demands upon or affecting the estate of Joseph Farrar, late of Morley, in the county of York, Cloth Manufacturer, deceased (who died on the 2nd day of August, 1869, and whose will has been proved by Horatio Nelson Ladley and Joseph Ladley, the executors therein named, in the District Registry at Wakefield of Her Majesty's Court of Probate), are hereby required to send particulars of their debts, claims, or demands to Henry Snowden, of Leeds, in the county of York, the Solicitor to the said executors, on or before the 10th day of May next, and in default thereof the said executors will distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which they shall then have had notice; and the said executors will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person of whose debt, claim, or demand they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

HENRY SNOWDON, No. 13, East-parade, Leeds, Solicitor for the said Executors.

Sir JOHN DORNEY HARDING, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Sir John Dorney Harding, formerly of Doctors Commons, in the city of London, and late of Rochford, in the county of Monmouth, Knight, D.C.L., Q.C., deceased (who died on the 23rd day of November, 1868, and whose will was proved on the 25th day of March, 1871, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate by Dame Isabella Harding, of Clifton, in the city of Bristol, Widow, the sole executrix therein named), are required on or before the 29th day of April next, to send to Messrs. Vizard and Co., of Dursley, in the county of Gloucester, the Solicitors of the said executrix, particulars in writing of their claims against the estate of the said Sir John Dorney Harding; and notice is hereby given that after that day the said executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which the said executrix shall then have had notice, and that the said executrix will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim she shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

VIZARD and Co., Solicitors, Dursley.

JOHN JACKSON, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of John Jackson, late of the city of Manchester, and of "The Keys," in Chorley, in the county of Chester, Linen Merchant, deceased (who died on or about the 6th day of April, 1866, and whose will was proved by Edward Jackson, of the said city of Manchester, Linen Merchant, George Cliffe Lowe, of the same city, Engineer, Thomas Jackson, of Huddersfield, in the county of York, Wine

Merchant, and Edward Allen, of the said city, Gentleman, the executors therein named, on the 1st day of August, 1866, at the District Registry at Chester of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, are hereby required to send in the particulars of their claims or demands to us the undersigned, as Solicitors to the said executors, on or before the 1st day of June next; and notice is hereby also given that after that day, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice, and that they will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated the 31st day of March, 1871.

EDW. ALLEN and PRESTAGE, No. 69, Princess-street, Manchester, Solicitors to the said Executors.

Mr. WILLIAM BROWN, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic., cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all persons having any claims or demands against or upon the estate of William Brown, late of Kettering, in the county of Northampton, Licensed Victualler (who died on the 20th day of August, 1869, and whose will was proved in the Peterborough District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by Joseph Glover, of Kettering aforesaid, Farmer and Corn Merchant, one of the executors named in the said will, on the 11th day of December, 1869), are hereby required to send to us the undersigned Solicitors for the said executor, on or before the 29th day of April next, the particulars of their respective claims and demands; after that day the executor will distribute the assets of the testator among the parties entitled thereto, or will otherwise deal therewith, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice; and the executor will not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, so distributed or otherwise dealt with, to any person of whose debt or claim no notice shall, at the time of such distribution, have been given, and all persons owing any money to the estate of the said William Brown, deceased, are requested to pay the same to us the undersigned forthwith.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

G. and H. LAMB, Kettering, Solicitors to the said Executor.

SARAH SPIVEY, Widow, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Vic., c. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims against, or any debts or liabilities affecting the estate of the said Sarah Spivey, late of Huddersfield, in the county of York, Widow, deceased (who died on the 5th day of February, 1871, at Huddersfield aforesaid, and whose will was proved by Joseph Turner, of Huddersfield aforesaid, Gentleman, the executor therein named, in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, the District Registry at Wakefield, on the 15th day of March, 1871), are required on or before the 15th day of May, 1871, to send the particulars, in writing, of their claims to Allan Hellawell Owen, Esq., of the firm of Hesp, Fenton, and Owen, of Lockwood's Yard, Huddersfield aforesaid, the Solicitor to the said Joseph Turner, the executor aforesaid, at the expiration of which time the said executor will proceed to distribute the estate of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executor shall then have had notice; and notice is hereby further given that the said executor will not, after the date aforesaid, be liable for the estate so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

HESP, FENTON, and OWEN, Solicitors, Huddersfield.

MARTHA LONSDALE, Widow, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act further to amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

NOTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claim against the estate of Martha Lonsdale, formerly of No. 29, Park-place, Cheltenham, in the county of Gloucester, but late of No. 6, Lyptt-terrace, Cheltenham aforesaid, Widow, deceased (who died on the 11th day of December, 1869, and whose will was duly proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, on the 11th day of February, 1871, by Liona Kingsown Lonsdale, Spinster, and Ethilda Wagstaffe Lonsdale, Spinster, the daughters of the said deceased, the executrices therein named), are hereby required to send in the particulars of such claims to us, the undersigned, as

Solicitors to the said executrices, on or before the 29th day of April, 1871, at the expiration of which time the said executrices will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have received notice; and that the said executrices will not be liable for the assets so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have received notice.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

HULL, STONE, and FLETCHER, No. 6, Cook-street, Liverpool, Solicitors for the said Executrices.

In the Matter of Frederick Barker, late of East-street, Leeds, in the county of York, Plumber, deceased, who died on the 26th day of November, 1870.

THE creditors of the said Frederick Barker who have not already forwarded their claims are hereby required on or before the 24th day of April, 1871, to send by post prepaid to me, Benjamin Collett Pullan, Solicitor for the administratrix of the deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend immediately after such said date to be declared, and the administratrix will not be liable for the amount, or any part thereof, to any person of whose claim the administratrix shall not have had notice as aforesaid. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same to me the undersigned, or before the aforesaid date.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

BENJ. C. PULLAN, Park-row, Leeds.

TO be sold, pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in a matter and cause of Lord Francis Russell, deceased, Haycock v. Russell, with the approbation of the Master of the Rolls, by Mr. Henry Edmund Marsh, the person appointed by the said Judge, at the Guildhall Tavern, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on Thursday, the 4th day of May, 1871, at one o'clock in the afternoon.

The valuable absolute reversion to £12,765 19s. 2d. Bank three per cent. annuities, expectant on the decease of a widow lady now in the 50th year of her age.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of John Wilson Nicholson, Esq., Solicitor, No. 48, Lime-street, Leadenhall-street, E.C.; of Messrs. Fladgate, Clark, Smith and Forster, No. 40, Craven-street, Strand, W.C.; at the place of sale; and at Mr. Marsh's Offices, No. 54, Cannon-street, E.C.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause Agnes Eva Hathaway and others against Edward Maltby and another, the creditors of, and incumbrances on the real estate of, Arthur Hathaway, late of Bellary, in the East Indies, Esquire, a Member of the Madras Civil Service, and Collector and Magistrate of Bellary aforesaid, who died in or about the month of April, 1866, are, on or before the 1st day of July, 1871, to send by post, prepaid, to Messrs. Cope, Rose, and Pearson, of No. 26, Great George-street, in the city of Westminster, the Solicitors of the defendants, Edward Maltby and Arthur Purvis, the executors of the deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Master of the Rolls, at his chambers, situate in the Rolls-yard, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, on the 22nd day of July, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.


PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause Cornelius Graves against Ann Govain Graves, the creditors of Cornelius Pickup Graves, late of Scarborough, in the county of York, Ironmonger, who died in or about the month of January, 1871, are, on or before the 1st day of May, 1871, to send by post, prepaid, to Richard Boswell Beddome, of No. 27, Nicholas-lane, Lombard-street, London, the Solicitor of the defendant, the executrix of the deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Every creditor holding any security is to produce the same before the Master of the Rolls, at his chambers, situated in the Rolls-yard, Chancery-lane, Middlesex, on Wednesday, the 10th day of May, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861, and the Bankruptcy Amendment Act, 1868.

In the Matter of Deed of Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, executed by Thomas Longley, of Albion-place, Leeds, in the county of York, Music Dealer.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Longley, who have not already proved their debts are required on or before the 29th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Benjamin Collett Pullan, of Park-row, Leeds aforesaid, Solicitor for the trustees under the Liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

BENJ. C. PULLAN, Solicitor for the Trustees.

 The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District. In the Matter of Charles Christopher Richardson, Benjamin Rowley, and Charles Darley Clayton, of Hunslet, in the borough of Leeds, in the county of York, Ironmasters, trading as the Waterloo Forge Company, Bankrupts.

THE creditors of the above-named bankrupts will meet at the office of Mr. John Gordon, Accountant, No. 23, Albion-street, in Leeds, on Monday, the 17th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon, when the creditors' assignee will submit a statement of the above estate and a Final Dividend will be declared. All persons claiming to be creditors of the said Waterloo Forge Company who have not already sent in their claims are required to do so and prove their debts on or before the said 17th day of April, 1871, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. Proofs must be sent either to the said John Gordon or to—

DUNNING and KAY, Leeds, Solicitors to the Assignees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Sunderland. In the Matter of John Brown the younger, of Hylton, near Sunderland, in the county of Durham, Iron and Rivet Manufacturer, a Bankrupt.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the creditors of the above-named bankrupt, who was adjudicated a bankrupt on the 23rd day of November, 1866, by the Newcastle-upon-Tyne District Court of Bankruptcy, will be held at the County Court House, Athenæum-street, Sunderland, at the hour of eleven in the forenoon, on the 27th day of April, 1871, for the purpose of Auditing the Accounts and declaring a Final Dividend in the said estate; and all creditors who have not already proved their debts, and who do not before that day forward proofs of their debts against the said estate to me the undersigned, Solicitor to the Assignees, will be excluded from the benefit of the said Dividend.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

RALPH SIMEY, Solicitor to the Creditors' Assignees of the said Bankrupt.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the Affairs of Arthur Wellington Burgees, of No. 53, New Corn Exchange, in the city of London, and No. 94, Shoreditch, and Redlington's, Silver-street, Enfield, both in the county of Middlesex, Corn and Flour Merchant and Miller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a further Dividend of 3s. 9d. in the pound upon old proofs, and a Dividend of 11s. 3d. in the pound on new proofs, has been declared in this matter, and that the same will be paid to the creditors who have proved their debts on application to me, at the New Corn Exchange, Mark-lane, on and after the 5th day of April next.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

W. H. MUNTUN, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John William Johnson, of Portland House, Lion-terrace, in the parish of Portsea, in the county of Southampton, Messman to Royal Naval Engineers' Club.

A FIRST and Final Dividend of 11d. in the pound has been declared, and is now payable at the offices of Edmonds, Davis, and Co., Accountants, No. 46, Saint James'-street, Portsea.

WM. EDMONDS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Leicestershire, holden at Leicester. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the Affairs of John Wade, of King-street, Leicester, in the county of Leicester, Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend of 5s. in the pound is payable to the creditors of the said John Wade, and may be received at my office, No. 10, Market-

street, Leicester, any day on and after the 8th instant.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

HENRY TARRATT, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

[In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Charles Ivimey, of No. 14, Saint Mary-street, in the town of Southampton, Tailor and Outfitter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend of 4s. 5½d. in the pound has been declared, and the creditors who have proved their debts under the above estate may receive the same upon application at Messrs. Smith, Bumpstead, and Trippe's, of No. 41, High-street, Southampton, on and after Thursday, the 6th day of April, 1871.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

FREDK. J. TRIPPE Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Boyd and David Scobie McLaren, trading as Boyd, McLaren, and Co., of Nos. 366 and 368, Euston-road, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Engineers and Copartners in Trade.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Nos. 32 and 33, Gresham-street, London, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

HERBERT, LLOYD, and LANE, No. 2, Gresham-buildings, Guildhall, E.C., Solicitors for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Boyd and David Scobie McLaren, trading as Boyd, McLaren, and Co., of Nos. 366 and 368, Euston-road, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Engineers and Copartners in Trade.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of William Boyd, one of the above-named persons, has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Nos. 32 and 33, Gresham-street, London, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

HERBERT, LLOYD, and LANE, No. 2, Gresham-buildings, Guildhall, E.C., Solicitors for the said William Boyd.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Boyd and David Scobie McLaren, trading as Boyd, McLaren, and Co., of Nos. 366 and 368, Euston-road, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Engineers and Copartners in Trade.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of David Scobie McLaren, one of the above-named persons, has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Nos. 32 and 33, Gresham-street, London, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at half-past three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

HERBERT, LLOYD, and LANE, No. 2, Gresham-buildings, Guildhall, E.C., Solicitors for the said David Scobie McLaren.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Alfred Turner, late of No. 5, Grange-road, Chalk Farm-road, in Camden Town, in the county of Middlesex, Grocer, but now of No. 55, Tottenham Court-road, in the same county, Oilman's Assistant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 19, Essex-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

GEORGE WADHAM, No. 19, Essex-street, Strand, Attorney for the said Charles Alfred Turner.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Pragnell, formerly of Lockerley, near Romsey, Hants, and now of No. 143A, Drummond-road, Bermondsey, Surrey, Grocer and Cheesemonger.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. James Geaussen, Solicitor at No. 9D, New Broad-street, London, E.C., on the 14th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

JAMES GEAUSSANT, No. 9D, New Broad-street, London, E.C., Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Bouchier, of No. 23, Coal Sidings, Great Northern Railway, King's-cross, in the county of Middlesex, Coal and Grease Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Edward Johnson, No. 32, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 21st day of March, 1871.

EDWD. JOHNSON, No. 32, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, Attorney for the said Richard Bouchier.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Stephen Alfred Mawby, of No. 115, East-road, City-road, in the county of Middlesex, Cheesemonger.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Alfred Nickerson, of No. 51, King William-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

S. A. MAWBY.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Evans Tilley, of No. 6, Kirby-street, Hatton-garden, in the county of Middlesex, Electro Plate Manufacturer and Metal Spinner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 6, Kirby-street, Hatton-garden, in the county of Middlesex, on the 13th day of April, 1871, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 17th day of March, 1871.

H. W. CATTLIN, No. 6, Grocers' Hall-court, Poultry, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Poulton, of No. 147, High street, Peckham, in the county of Surrey, Stationer and Fancy Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. William Haigh the younger, Nos. 13 and 14, King-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, on the 10th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 24th day of March, 1871.

WILLIAM HAIGH, jr., Nos. 13 and 14, King-street, Cheapside, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Mark Nichols, of No. 180, Gray's-inn-road, in the county of Middlesex, Cheesemonger.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Thomas Wilding, Solicitor, No. 17, Titchborne-street, Edgware-road, in the county of Middlesex, on the 21st day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

THOS. WILDING, Attorney for the said Mark Nichols.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Francis Simpson, of Nos. 30 and 32, Newington-butts, in the county of Surrey, China and Glass Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Morley and Shirreff, situate No. 59, Mark-lane, in the city of London, on the 21st day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

MORLEY and SHIRREFF, No. 59, Mark-lane, in the city of London, Attorneys for the said Francis Simpson.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by James Leslie, of No. 12, The Crescent, Minories, in the city of London, Wine Merchant, carrying on business under the firm of Kirby and Leslie.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 83, Upper Thames-street, in the city of London, on the 13th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

JOHN RICHARD TINDALE, No. 83, Upper Thames-street, Attorney for the said James Leslie.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Carter, of No. 1, Arthur-terrace, Dulwich-road, in the county of Middlesex, House and Estate Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Henry Arthur Dubois, No. 2, Gresham-buildings, Basinghall-street, London, Accountant, on the 20th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of March, 1871.

WM. MAYNARD, No. 10, Clifford's-inn, London, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Stephen Ram, of No. 22, Hans-place, Sloane-street, in the county of Middlesex, of no trade or occupation.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 6, Cork-street, Burlington-gardens, in the county of Middlesex, on the 20th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

EDMUND F. and BENN. DAVIS, No. 6, Cork-street, Burlington-gardens, London, W., Attorneys for the said Stephen Ram.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Gertrude Lyons, of No. 6, St. Stephen's-road, Westbourne Park, Bayswater, in the county of Middlesex, Widow.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 15, South-street, Finsbury-square, in the county of Middlesex, on the 27th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

TAYLOR and JAQUET, No. 15, South-street, Finsbury-square, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edmund Eaton, of No. 65, Richardson-street, Long-lane, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, Egg Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 17, Brunswick-square, in the county of Middlesex, on the 19th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

THOS. LEWIS ALLEN, No. 17, Brunswick-square, Middlesex, Attorney for the said Edmund Eaton.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Richard Hoppin Adams, of the Old Parr's Head, Nos. 4 and 5, Little Knight-riders-street, Doctors'-commons, in the city of London, Licensed Victualler.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Percy Charles French Tatham, at No. 16, Great Knight-riders-street, Doctors'-commons, in the city of London, Solicitor, on the 19th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

PERCY C. F. TATHAM, No. 16, Great Knight-riders-street, Doctors'-commons, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas William Eld, of Holmes Thorpe Villas, Redhill, and No. 38, The Hop and Malt Exchange, in the borough of Southwark, both in the county of Surrey, Hop Factor and Wine Merchant, carrying on business at the latter place under the style or firm of Eld and Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Gold and Son, No. 1, Serjeants'-inn, Chancery-lane, in the city of London, on the 25th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

GOLD and SON, Attorney for the said Thomas William Eld.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Mansfield, of Brickkiln-lane, Bromley, in the county of Kent, Farmer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 59, Friday-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, on the 28th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

MARSDEN and CHUBB, No. 59, Friday-street, Cheapside.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Surrey, holden at Croydon.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Huntley, of No. 31, George-street, Croydon, in the county of Surrey, Haircutter and Perfumer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my office, as under, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this day of March, 1871.

ALEX. KERLY, No. 98, London-wall, in the city of London, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Greenwich.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Booker, of Wood-wharf, West Greenwich, in the county of Kent, Barge Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the house or tavern of Mr. Thomas Arnold, known as the Sun, situate at Wood-wharf, West Greenwich, in the county of Kent, on the 26th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

CHARLES WRIGHT, No. 123, Chancery-lane, London, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Rochester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Henry Williams, of Mill-street, Milton-next-Sittingbourne, in the county of Kent, Coal Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Frederic George Gibson, High-street, Sittingbourne, Kent, on the 11th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

FRED. GEO. GIBSON, Sittingbourne, Kent, Attorney for the said William Henry Williams.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Stock the elder, of Ramsgate, in the county of Kent, Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 1, York-street, Ramsgate, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

JOHN EDWARDS, Attorney for the said Benjamin Stock.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Gowing, of No. 60, Old Hall-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Clothier and Outfitter, trading under the firm of William Gowing and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Thomas ETTY, Attorney-at-Law, No. 22, Lord-street, Liverpool, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

THOS. ETTY, No. 29, Lord-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Hardstaff, of No. 43, Myrtle-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Stationer and Fancy Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. John White Braithwaite, Accountant, Albert-buildings, No. 12, Preeson's-row, Liverpool, on the 15th day of April, 1871, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

U. VORDON, No. 5, Cook-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Lawrence Lovelady, formerly of No. 2, Ranagh-place, in Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Bootmaker, and now of No. 99, Kensington, in Liverpool aforesaid, Wine and Spirit Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. John White Braithwaite, of Albert-buildings, Preeson's-row, Liverpool, Accountant, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

HENRY HINDLE, Pekin-buildings, Harrington-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Brown, of Rose-villas, Prince Alfred-road, Wavertree, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Cow-keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. J. B. Culshaw, No. 7, Castle-street, Liverpool aforesaid, Solicitor, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

JAS. B. CULSHAW, No. 7, Castle-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Alexander Hair Galloway, of No. 28, Clarence-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Doctor of Medicine.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Gibson and Bolland, No. 10, South John-street, Liverpool aforesaid, Accountants, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

ALEXR. H. GALLOWAY.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Hodgen Phillips, of No. 34, Hood-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Plumber and Painter.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Thomas ETTY, Attorney-at-Law, No. 22, Lord-street, Liverpool, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

THOS. ETTY, No. 22, Lord-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Benbow, of Huybon, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Grocer and Provision Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. John Parsons Harris, Solicitor, No. 7, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

J. P. HARRIS, No. 7, Union-court, Castle-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Thomlinson, of No. 18, Hanover-street, and No. 16, St. John's-market, both in Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, trading under the style of Thomas Thomlinson and Son, Wholesale and Retail Shipping Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John Ivey, Accountant, No. 20, South John-street, Liverpool, on the 21st day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

THOS. BELLINGER, No. 24, North John-street, Liverpool, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ulverston. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Askew, of Barrow-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, Printer and Stationer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 40, Cannon-street, Manchester, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

JOS. ASKEW.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Davis, of Chorley-road, Swinton, in the county of Lancaster, Draper, previously thereto carrying on the same business, and now residing at Watson-street, Swinton aforesaid.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Edwin Storer and Co., Solicitors, No. 89, Fountain-street, Manchester, on the 20th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

EDWIN STORER, No. 89, Fountain-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Oldham. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Platt, of Diggle in Saddleworth, in the county of York, out of business, lately carrying on business at Albert-yard, Huddersfield, in the said county, as a Wholesale Fruiterer, and formerly carrying on business at the Diggle Hotel, in Diggle aforesaid, as a Licensed Victualler.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Railway Hotel, Greenfield, Saddleworth, in the county of York, on the 8th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

JNO. CLARK, Attorney for the said Thomas Platt.

No. 23723.

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The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Bolton. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Leonard Wild, of Trinity-buildings, Trinity-street, Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton and Cotton Waste Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at No. 22, Mawdsley-street, Bolton aforesaid, on the 6th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

RAMWELL and PENNINGTON, No. 22, Mawdsley-street, Bolton, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Ashton-under-Lyne.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Spain, late of No. 24, Baxtergate, Whitby, in the county of York, and now of No. 314, Catherine-street, Ashton-under-Lyne, in the county of Lancaster, Tobaccoist.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Angel Hotel, Market-street, Manchester, in the said county of Lancaster, on the 8th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

JNO. CLAYTON, George-street, Ashton-under-Lyne, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Warrington. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Horton, of Warwick-street, Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Chemist.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Joseph Davies and Co., Commercial-chambers, Horsemarket-street, Warrington, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

DAVIES and BROOK, Attorneys for the said Samuel Horton.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Warrington. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Peter Green, of the Ring-o'-Bells Inn, Church-street, Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Publican.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Joseph Davies and Co., Commercial-chambers, Horsemarket-street, Warrington, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

DAVIES and BROOK, Warrington, Attorneys for the said Peter Green.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Hyde and John Sheldrick, of No. 72, Oldham-street, and of No. 176, Stretford New-road, both in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Tailors, Woollen Drapers, and Clothiers, formerly carrying on business under the style or firm of the Manchester Clothing Company, and afterwards of John Sheldrick and Co., and now as Hyde and Sheldrick, and which said Henry Hyde formerly carried on business at No. 14, Fountain-street, in the city of Manchester aforesaid, as a Tailor and Draper, and which said Henry Hyde formerly resided at No. 20, Arnott-street, Hulme, in the city aforesaid, and now at No. 73, Wellington-road, in Heaton Norris, in the county aforesaid, and which said John Sheldrick lately resided at No. 3, Egerton-grove, near Stretford New-road aforesaid, and now at No. 176, Stretford New-road aforesaid.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the joint creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. John Peacock, situate at No. 86, Cross-street, in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, on the 12th day of April (and not March, as erroneously printed in Gazette of 28th March), 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 25th day of March, 1871.

JOHN PEACOCK, No. 86, Cross-street, Manchester, Attorney for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Broadbent Ingham and James Broadbent Ingham, of Walmersley-cum-Shuttleworth, of Ramsbottom and of No. 55, High-street, Manchester, all in the county of Lancaster, Copartners in Trade, carrying on business as Paper Manufacturers and Paper Merchants under the firm of S. B. Ingham and Brother.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Clarence Hotel, Spring-gardens, Manchester, on the 11th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

THOMAS BAKER, Attorney for the said Samuel Broadbent Ingham and James Broadbent Ingham.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Arthur Robinson, of No. 19, Wright-street, Greenheys, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, out of business.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Sudlow, Hinde, Milne, and Sudlow, No. 7, Mount-street, Manchester, on the 21st day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

SUDLOW, HINDE, MILNE, and SUDLOW, No. 7, Mount-street, Manchester, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Blackburn.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Henry Braithwaite and Charles Darley Clarke, both of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Tea Dealers and Copartners, trading under the firm of Braithwaite, Clark, and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Packwood, Solicitor, No. 30, Richmond-terrace, Blackburn, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

WILLIAM PACKWOOD, No. 30, Richmond-terrace, Blackburn, Attorney for the said William Henry Braithwaite and Charles Darley Clarke.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Blackburn.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Henry Braithwaite and Charles Darby Clark, both of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Tea Dealers and Copartners, trading under the firm of Braithwaite, Clark, and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the separate creditors of the above-named William Henry Braithwaite has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Packwood, Solicitor, No. 30, Richmond-terrace, Blackburn, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at four o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

WILLIAM PACKWOOD, No. 30, Richmond-terrace, Blackburn, Attorney for the said William Henry Braithwaite.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Blackburn.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Holt, of No. 33, Salford, Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Printer and Bookbinder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. T. and R. C. Radcliffe, Solicitors, No. 25, Clayton-street, Blackburn aforesaid, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

F. and R. C. RADCLIFFE, No. 25, Clayton-street, Blackburn, Attorneys for the said Thomas Holt.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Seymour, of Allen-street, Sheffield, in the county of York, Boot and Shoe Maker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William Edward

Tattershall, No. 42, Queen-street, Sheffield, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

W. E. TATTERSHALL, No. 42, Queen-street, Sheffield, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Scarborough.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Josiah Stubbings Brigg, of Pickering, in the county of York, Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of the undersigned, Frank Parkinson, in Pickering aforesaid, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

FRANK PARKINSON, Attorney for the said J. B. Brigg.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Kingston-upon-Hull.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Raw and Joseph Hunter, of the town or borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, Builders.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the office of Messrs. Rollit and Son, Solicitors, No. 18, Trinity House-lane, Kingston-upon-Hull, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

ROLLIT and SON, Attorneys for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Walker, of Bond-street and the Covered Market, Leeds, in the county of York, Grocer and Tea Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Sutherland's Great Northern Hotel, Wellington-street, Leeds, in the county of York, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

CHAS. WHITELEY, Attorney for the said William Walker.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Dewsbury.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Carter, of Batley, in the county of York, Rag Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Batley Station Hotel, at Batley aforesaid, on the 8th day of April, 1871, at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

MATTW. S. SCHOLEFIELD, Attorney for the said Henry Carter.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Bartholomew Peel, of York-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, Grocer and Retailer of Beer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. James Hargreaves, Solicitor, Market-street, Bradford aforesaid, on the 12th day of April, 1871, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

JAMES HARGREAVES, Attorney for the said Bartholomew Peel.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Joseph Greenbank, of Settle, in the county of York, Bootmaker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Red Lion Hotel, in Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, on the 11th day of April, 1871, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

JAMES HARGREAVES, Attorney for the said Joseph Greenbank.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Keighley, of Birkland Works, in Bradford, in the county of York, Machine Maker, carrying on business under the style or firm of John Keighley and Co.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Talbot Hotel, in Bradford aforesaid, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

WAVELL, PHILBRICK, FOSTER, and WAVELL, No. 26, George-street, Halifax, Attorneys for the said John Keighley.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Benjamin Keighley, of Lowtown Pudsey, in the county of York, Draper, formerly of Marsh-lane, Leeds, in the said county, Draper and Grocer, previously of Rothwell and Hunslet, both in the said county, Draper and Grocer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Henry Johnson Carr, Solicitor, No. 14, Albion-street, in Leeds, in the county of York, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

HENRY JOHNSON CARR, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edwin Hopkinson, of Swain-green, in Bowling, in Bradford, in the county of York, Grocer and Provision Dealer, and Bag Manufacturer, and Rag and Flock Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Queen Hotel, in Bridge-street, in Bradford aforesaid, on the 19th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 21st day of March, 1871.

THOS. W. BROWNING, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Lockey Bell, of Market-place, in Cleckheaton, in the county of York, Furniture Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. James Hargreaves, Solicitor, Market-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, on the 12th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

JAMES HARGREAVES, Attorney for the said John Lockey Bell.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Barnsley.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Hargate and James Hargate, of Darfield, near Barnsley, in the county of York, Boot and Shoe Makers and Farmers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Coach and Horses Inn, in Barnsley, in the county of York, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at half-past five o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

H. H. SUGG, Fig-tree-chambers, Sheffield, Attorney for the said Richard Hargate and James Hargate.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by David Bloomer, of Inkerman-street, corner of Alma-street, Aston New Town, near Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Grocer and Coal Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my office, No. 21, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham aforesaid, on the 13th day of April, 1871, at

ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 22nd day of March, 1871.

EDWARD EADEN, No. 21, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham, Attorney in the matter of the Petition.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Proctor, of No. 99, Lancaster-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Butcher.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my office, No. 21, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham aforesaid, on the 13th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 23rd day of March, 1871.

EDWARD EADEN, No. 21, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham, Attorney in the matter of the Petition.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Leicestershire, holden at Leicester.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Gardner, formerly of Desford, in the county of Leicester, Inn Keeper, and Carpenter and Joiner, but now of Nailston, in the same county, Carpenter and Joiner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Stag and Pheasant Hotel, Humberston-gate, Leicester, on the 20th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

ARTHUR J. LOSEBY, Market Bosworth, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Wolverhampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel William Browning, of Taylor's Lower Farm, Cannock-road, Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Japanner, previously of the Feathers, North-street, Wolverhampton aforesaid, Licensed Victualler and Japanner, previously of Brick-kiln-croft, Wolverhampton aforesaid, and previously of the Rising Sun, Horse-fair, Wolverhampton aforesaid, Beerhouse Keeper and Japanner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. U. Stratton, No. 57, Queen-street, Wolverhampton, on the 15th day of April, 1871, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

U. STRATTON, No. 57, Queen-street, Wolverhampton, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Pontypridd.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Jenkin Williams, of the King's Head, Pencoeed, in the parish of Coychurch Higher, in the county of Glamorgan, Publican and Brewer, and trading also in partnership with Thomas Williams the elder and Thomas Williams the younger, at Gellyrhaid, in the parish of Llantrissant, in the said county, and at the King's Head aforesaid, as Cattle Dealers and Butchers.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Windsor Arms Hotel, by Llantrissant Station, in the county of Glamorgan, on the 13th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

SIMONS and PLEWS, Merthyr Tydfil, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Denbighshire, holden at Wrexham.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Albert Bury, of Greenfield Rhosdon, and No. 10, Temple-row, Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh, Auctioneer, Share Broker, and Estate Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Wynostay Arms Hotel Wrexham, in the county of Denbigh, on the 15th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

ALBERT BURY.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Carmarthenshire, holden at Carmarthen.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Thomson, of Upper Laws-street, Pembroke Dock, in the county of Pembroke, Travelling Draper and Tea Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Townhall, Guildhall-square, Carmarthen, in the county of the borough of Carmarthen, on the 15th day of April, 1871, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

GEORGE PARRY, Pembroke Dock, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Monmouthshire, holden at Newport.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert William Crocombe, of Newport, in the county of Monmouth, Commercial Traveller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. William James Lloyd, Solicitor, Bank-chambers, Newport, in the county of Monmouth, on the 15th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

WILL. J. LLOYD, Attorney in the matter of the above Petition.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Shaw, of Leadgate, in the parish of Lanchester, in the county of Durham, Grocer, Draper, and Provision Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of John Alderton Bush, Solicitor, No. 3, St. Nicholas-buildings, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 13th day of April, 1871, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

J. A. BUSH, No. 3, St. Nicholas-buildings, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Attorney for the said William Shaw.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Whale, of Dean-street, South Shields, in the county of Durham, Innkeeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at my offices, No. 2, Barrington-street, South Shields aforesaid, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

T. G. MABANE, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northumberland, holden at Newcastle.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Mitchell, formerly of No. 50, Low Friar-street, now of No. 34, Bath-row, Westgate-street, both in the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Grocer, Provision Dealer and Confectioner.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the office of H. D. Story, Solicitor, Cross House, Westgate-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 12th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated the 1st day of April, 1871.

JOHN MITCHELL.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Newport and at Ryde.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Warne Cantlow and Henry Sanders, of Shanklin, in the Isle of Wight, in the county of Hants, Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at Wadham's Hotel, Shanklin aforesaid, on the 13th day of April, 1871, at half-past twelve

o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated the 30th day of March, 1871.

HENRY RICHARD HOOPER, No. 158, High-street, Newport, I.W., Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Louch, of Russell-street, Landport, in the county of Hants, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Honey, Humphrys, Baggs, and Company, of No. 28, King-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, on the 4th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 22nd day of March, 1871.

REED, PHELPS, and SIDGWICK, No. 3, Gresham-street, London, Attorneys for the said Charles Louch.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Stone and William Mace, both of Liss, near Petersfield, in the county of Southampton, Builders and Copartners.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named persons has been summoned to be held at the Dolphin Hotel, Petersfield, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

H. and W. H. FORD, No. 170, Queen-street, Portsea, Attorney for the said Debtors.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Berkshire, holden at Newbury.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Hamblin, of No. 3, Oriental-terrace, Newbury, in the county of Berks, Tin Plate Worker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the White Hart Hotel, Newbury, Berks, on the 14th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

CHAS. LUCAS, Newbury, Attorney for the said John Hamblin.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Lewes.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Edward Playfoot, of Eastbourne, in the county of Sussex, Grocer and Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 11th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

JNO. MONCKTON, Maidstone, Kent, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Hastings.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Henry Barnes, of Northiam, in the county of Sussex, Commission Agent.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Bell Inn, Mountfield, Sussex, on the 19th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

CHARLES HENRY BARNES.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Dorsetshire, holden at Dorchester.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Hibbs, of Dorchester, in the county of Dorset, Provision Factor and Temperance Hotel Keeper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the White Hart Inn, Dorchester aforesaid, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 3rd day of March, 1871.

M. C. WESTON, Dorchester, in the county of Dorset, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Durham.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robert Wheatley, of Towlaw, in the county of Durham, Furniture Dealer and Builder.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the King's Head Hotel, Darlington, in the county of Durham, on the 19th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

ROBERT WHEATLEY, Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Sunderland.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Rounthwaite, of Nos. 321 and 322, High-street West, Sunderland, in the county of Durham, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Home Trade Association Rooms, York-street, in the city of Manchester, on the 6th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

HENRY S. SEWELL, No. 6, Grey-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Sunderland.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Burnett, of No. 89, Church-street, Monkwearmouth, in the county of Durham, Grocer and Provision Dealer, residing at furnished lodgings, No. 2, Hallgarth-square, Monkwearmouth aforesaid.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Hoyle, Shipley, and Hoyle, No. 33, Mosley-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, on the 11th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

HOYLE, SHIPLEY, and HOYLE, No. 33, Mosley-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Attorneys for the said John Burnett.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cambridgeshire, holden at Cambridge.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Robinson Maxwell, of No. 27, Sidney-street, Cambridge, in the county of Cambridge, Grocer, Tea Dealer, and Wine Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at Guildhall Coffee-house, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 10th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

FRED. WM. DAY, No. 21, Great Knight Rider-street, Doctors'-commons, London, E.C., Attorney for the said Robinson Maxwell.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Lincoln.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Thomas Chambers, of the city of Lincoln, Solicitor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Messrs. Toynbee and Larken, Bank-street, Lincoln, on the 8th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

TOYNBEE and LARKEN, Attorneys for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Thomas Clarke, of Bakewell, in the county of Derby, Draper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Sheffield and Rotherham Bank, Bakewell, on the 11th day of April, 1871, at half-past two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

JOHN TAYLOR, Attorney for the said Thomas Clarke.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Birkenhead.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Jonas Hirst, of No. 29, Clarendon-street, in Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, Stonemason.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above named person has been summoned to be held at the office of Mr. Thomas Morris Downham, Solicitor, No. 7, Market-street, Birkenhead, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

THOMAS MORRIS DOWNHAM, No. 7, Market-street, Birkenhead, Attorney for the said George Jonas Hirst.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Stockport.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Swindells, of Stockport, Watchmaker and Jeweller.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the Hen and Chickens Hotel, Birmingham, on the 5th day of April, 1871, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

JOHN W. JOHNSTON, No. 8, Vernon-street, Stockport, Attorney for the said John Swindells.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Stockport.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Samuel Pennington, of No. 6, St. Peter's-gate, Stockport, in the county of Chester, Glass and China Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First General Meeting of the creditors of the above-named person has been summoned to be held at the offices of Mr. Richard Brown, Solicitor, Bank-chambers, Stockport, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

RICHARD BROWN, Bank-chambers, Market-place, Stockport, Attorney for the said Debtor.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick James Drake, of No. 9, Brick-lane, White-chapel, in the county of Middlesex, Grocer.

THE creditors of the above-named Frederick James Drake who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 20th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Henry William Banks, of No. 25, Coleman-street, London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

HENRY W. BANKS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by George Downham, of No. 69, Newington-causeway, in the county of Surrey, Linen Draper.

THE creditors of the above-named George Downham who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 15th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Frederick Henry Collison, of No. 99, Cheapside, in the city of London, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

F. H. COLLISON, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Edwards, of No. 162, Regent's-park-road, Primrose-hill, in the county of Middlesex, Grocer.

THE creditors of the above-named John Edwards who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me the undersigned, Robert Everett, of No. 17, Saint Swin's-lane, in the city of London, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

R. EVERETT, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Leake, of No. 63, Castle-street, Oxford-street, in the county of Middlesex, Gun Case Maker, residing at No. 177, Hampstead-road, in the said county of Middlesex.

THE creditors of the above-named Henry Leake who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 15th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Mark Jameson, of No. 4, Verulam-buildings, Gray's-inn, Solicitor for and on behalf of the trustees under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

MARK JAMESON, No. 4, Verulam-buildings, Gray's-inn, Solicitor to the Trustees.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Gloucestershire, holden at Bristol. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Isaac White, of Shortwood Collieries, in the parish of Pucklechurch, in the county of Gloucester, Coal Proprietor.

THE creditors of the above-named Isaac White who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 11th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Henry Augustus Burge, of the Broad Quay, in the city of Bristol, Iron Merchant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

H. A. BURGE, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Oldham. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Kershaw, of Mill End, near Newchurch, in the Forest of Rossendale, in the county of Lancaster, Cotton Sheet Manufacturer, Joiner and Builder.

THE creditors of the above-named John Kershaw who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, William Butcher, of No. 34, Cooper-street, in the city of Manchester, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

WILLIAM BUTCHER, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Ralph Orton, of Watford, in the county of Northampton, Wheelwright.

THE creditors of the above-named Ralph Orton who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, William Osbert Edwards, of Long Buckby, in the said county of Northampton, Solicitor, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

WM. OSBERT EDWARDS, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford. In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Underwood, of No. 23, Blackburn-street, Adelphi, Salford, and No. 4, Hulme Place-crescent, Salford, also at No. 10, Swan-court, Market-street, Manchester, all in the county of Lancaster, Tarpauling and Oil Cloth Manufacturer, lately in partnership with Joseph Booth, of the same place, trading as Thomas Underwood.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Underwood, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 17th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned George Whitt, of No. 39, Blackfriars-street, in the city of Manchester, Public Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

GEO. WHITT, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Turner, Philip Sudale, and John Cheesborough, all of West Bar, Leeds, in the county of York, Wine and Spirit Merchants, trading under the style of Turner and Co.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Turner, Philip Sudale, and John Cheesborough, who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 22nd day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John Routh, of East-parade, Leeds aforesaid, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

JOHN ROUTH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Turner, Philip Sudale, and John Cheesborough, all of West-bar, Leeds, in the county of York, Wine and Spirit Merchants, trading under the style of Turner and Co., and in the matter of the Separate Estate of the said Thomas Turner.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Turner who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 22nd day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, John Routh, of East-parade, Leeds aforesaid, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

JOHN ROUTH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Turner, Philip Sudale, and John Cheesborough, all of West-bar, Leeds, in the county of York, Wine and Spirit Merchants, trading under the style of Turner and Co., and in the matter of the Separate Estate of the said Philip Sudale.

THE creditors of the above-named Philip Sudale who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 22nd day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John Routh, of East-parade, Leeds aforesaid, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

JOHN ROUTH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Turner, Philip Sudale, and John Cheesborough, all of West Bar, Leeds, in the county of York, Wine and Spirit Merchants, trading under the style of Turner and Co., and in the matter of the Separate Estate of the said John Cheesborough.

THE creditors of the above-named John Cheesborough who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 22nd day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me the undersigned, John Routh, of East-parade, Leeds aforesaid, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

JOHN ROUTH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of John Lee, of North-terrace, Yeadon, in the parish of Guiseley, in the county of York, Woollen Cloth Manufacturer.

THE creditors of the above-named John Lee who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 14th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, James Webster, jun., of Aire-street, Leeds, in the said county, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

JAMES WEBSTER, Jun., Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Harding, of Leeds, in the county of York, Grocer and Provision Merchant.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Harding who have not already proved their debts are required, on or before the 29th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, John Routh, of East-parade, Leeds aforesaid, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

JOHN ROUTH, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Lister and William Harrison, of John-street, Highfields, Sheffield, in the county of York, Wood Turners.

THE creditors of the separate estate of the above-named Richard Lister who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 15th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me the undersigned, William Wild, of George-street, Sheffield aforesaid, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

WILLIAM WILD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield.
In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Richard Lister and William Harrison, of John-street, Highfield, Sheffield, in the county of York, Wood Turners.

THE creditors of the separate estate of the above-named William Harrison who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 15th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me the undersigned, William Wild, of George-street, Sheffield aforesaid, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

WILLIAM WILD, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Leicestershire, holden at Leicester.
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Leavesley, of No. 28, Gladstone-street, Leicester, and Frederick Goodacre, of No. 30, Gladstone-street, Leicester, carrying on business in Belvoir-street, Leicester, in the county of Leicester, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers and Copartners.
Separate estate of Frederick Goodacre.

THE creditors of the above-named Frederick Goodacre who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Henry Tarratt, of No. 10, Market-street, Leicester, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

HENRY TARRATT, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Leicestershire, holden at Leicester.
In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Leavesley, of No. 28, Gladstone-street, Leicester, and Frederick Goodacre, of No. 30, Gladstone-street, Leicester, carrying on business in Belvoir-street, Leicester, in the county of Leicester, Boot and Shoe Manufacturers and Copartners.
Separate estate of Thomas Leavesley.

THE creditors of the above-named Thomas Leavesley who have not already proved their debts are required, on or before the 12th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Henry Tarratt, of No. 10, Market-street, Leicester, Accountant, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

HENRY TARRATT, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Henry Read, of No. 113, Constitution-hill, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Brush Manufacturer.

THE creditors of the above-named Henry Read who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 12th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me the undersigned, Matthew Alexander Fitter, of Birmingham, the Solicitor of John Sayer, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

M. A. FITTER, Attorney for John Sayer, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Henry Heatley Cooke, of No. 17½, Jamaica-row, Birmingham aforesaid.

THE creditors of the above-named William Henry Heatley Cooke who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Alfred Ebenezer Wenham, of No. 50, Ann-street, Birmingham aforesaid, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

ALFRED E. WENHAM, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Cornelius William Chase, of Nos. 23 and 24, Temple-street, Birmingham aforesaid, Bookseller and Librarian.

THE creditors of the above-named Cornelius William Chase who have not already proved their debts, are required, on or before the 8th day of April, 1871, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to me, the undersigned, Alfred Ebenezer Wenham, of No. 50, Ann-street, Birmingham aforesaid, the Trustee under the liquidation, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the Dividend proposed to be declared.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

ALFRED E. WENHAM, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by William Bunny, of No. 37, Baldwin-street, City-road, previously of Arthur-buildings, Coleman-street, Bunhill-row, both in the parish of Saint Luke's, in the county of Middlesex, Box Maker, then residing at No. 8, Mark's-terrace, Old Ford-road, in the parish of Bow, in the said county.

FREDERICK HOLLOWAY, of No. 173, Ball's-pond-road, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Frederick James Drake, of No. 9, Brick-lane, White-chapel, in the county of Middlesex, Grocer.

HENRY WILLIAM BANKS, of No. 25, Coleman-street, in the city of London, Public Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by John Gale, of the Birkbeck Tavern, Birkbeck-road, Dulwich, in the county of Surrey, Licensed Victualler.

WILLIAM CRESSELL, of Birkbeck-road, Dulwich, Builder, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the debtor. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the debtor must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the debtor must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Warrington.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Thomas Hall, of Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Boot Manufacturer.

THIS is to certify that Lewis Voisey, of Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Accountant, has been appointed, and is hereby declared to be, trustee under this liquidation by arrangement.—Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 31st day of March, 1871.

WILLIAM NICHOLSON Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham.

In the Matter of a Special Resolution for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of Henry Lawrence, of Pitcher-gate, in the town of Nottingham, Commission Agent.

THIS is to certify, that John Thornton, of Peter-gate, in the town of Nottingham, Accountant, has been appointed and is hereby declared to be trustee under this liquidation by arrangement.—Given under my hand and the Seal of the Court, this 1st day of April, 1871.

EDWIN PATCHITT, Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Bridgwater.

In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement or Composition with Creditors, instituted by Charles Phillips, of Weston-super-Mare, in the county of Somerset, Potter, and Brick and Tile Manufacturer.

A DIVIDEND is intended shortly to be declared in the above matter. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 14th day of April, 1871, will be excluded.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

RALPH CHAPMAN, Weston-super-Mare, Solicitor, for and on behalf of

HENRY THOMAS PAUL, Esq., Trustee.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Barnsley. In the Matter of Proceedings for Liquidation by Arrangement of the affairs of William Park the elder, of Cockerham, and Church-street, in Barnsley, in the county of York, Yarn Agent and Warehouseman.

AN Order of Discharge was granted to William Park the elder, of Cockerham and Church-street, in Barnsley aforesaid, Yarn Agent and Warehouseman, who petitioned for liquidation by arrangement in the above Court on the 14th day of January, 1871.—Given this 31st day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of John Curtler, of Elm-court, Wychbould, near Droitwich, in the county of Worcester, Land Agent and Scrivener, a Bankrupt.

A GENERAL Meeting of the creditors of the above-named bankrupt will be held at the offices of Mr. John Blick, Solicitor, Droitwich, on Wednesday, the 12th day of April next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving an account of the Trustees' receipts and payments on behalf of the estate, and of passing such resolutions as the creditors then present or represented may think fit, as to declaring a Dividend under the said estate, granting the bankrupt's Order of Discharge, and allowing to the Trustees such further remuneration for their past and future services as may be determined upon.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A MEETING of the creditors of Thomas Quinn, of Nos. 7 and 10, Manley-place, Kennington Park, and No. 7, Rose-terrace, Kennington Park, both in the county of Surrey, Builder and Estate Agent, late of No. 32, Great Saint Helen's, in the city of London, trading as Quinn and Company, and late of Forest-hill, in the county of Kent, Saw Mill Proprietor adjudicated bankrupt on the 6th day of December, 1870, will be held at the Guildhall Tavern, Gresham-street, in the city of London, on the 12th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the acceptance by the trustee of a composition offered by the bankrupt of 5s. in the pound, payable in two equal instalments at three and six months to be secured in such manner as may then be determined on, and for the annulling of the Order of Adjudication made against the bankrupt.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield.

A MEETING of the creditors of Henry Davy, of Worksop, in the county of Nottingham, Wine and Spirit Merchant, adjudicated a bankrupt on the 30th day of January, 1871, will be held at the offices of Messrs. Broomhead, Wightman, and Moore, Bank-chambers, George-street, Sheffield, on the 11th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the assent by the Trustee to a scheme of settlement of the affairs of the bankrupt, and for the annulling thereafter of the Order of adjudication made against the bankrupt.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea.

A MEETING of the creditors of Emanuel Frederick Moses, of No. 26, College-street, Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Jeweller and Outfitter, adjudicated a bankrupt on the 1st day of March, 1871, will be held at the offices of Messrs. Barnard, Thomas, Cawker, and Co., of No. 10, Temple-street, Swansea, on the 12th day of April, 1871, at twelve of the clock at noon for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the acceptance by the trustee of a composition offered by the bankrupt of 2s. in the pound, and for the annulling thereafter of the Order of Adjudication made against the bankrupt.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Walsall.

A MEETING of the creditors of James Tibbitts, of Walsall, in the county of Stafford, Saddler's Ironmonger, adjudicated a bankrupt on the 25th day of June, 1870, will be held at the offices of Messrs. Wilkinson and Gillespie, Solicitors, Bridge-street, Walsall, on Wednesday, the 19th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering the propriety of sanctioning the acceptance by the trustees of a composition offered by the bankrupt of 7s. in the pound, and for the annulling thereafter of the order of adjudication made against the bankrupt.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Robert Keeble, formerly of No. 1, Bow-street, in the county of Middlesex, Licensed Victualler, adjudicated bankrupt on the 30th day of August, 1870.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a First and Final Dividend of 2s. 6d. in the pound, is payable to all the creditors of the above-named Robert Keeble who have proved their debts, on application at the offices of Messrs. Honey, Humphrys, Baggs, and Co., No. 28, King-street, in the city of London, on Thursday, the 6th day of April, 1871.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

S. W. BAGGS, Trustee.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Leeds.

In the Matter of Thomas Crabtree and Edmund Smith, of Beeston Mills, near Leeds, Corn Millers, adjudicated bankrupts on the 21st day of June, 1870.

A SECOND Dividend of 3s. 9d. in the pound is declared in the above estate, payable at my office, No. 4, Warehouse-hill, Leeds, on Saturday, the 8th day of April, 1871.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

CHARLES ENGLAND, Trustee.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton.

In the Matter of George Henry Henderson and Joseph Reed, trading as G. H. Henderson and Co., of No. 15, High-street, in the town and county of Southampton, Jewellers and Silversmiths, adjudicated bankrupts on the 21st day of July, 1870.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Second Dividend of 7d. in the pound will be payable at the offices of Maurice Joseph, of No. 49, Saint Paul's-square, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, the Trustee of the estate and effects of the above-named bankrupts, on and after Monday, the 17th day of April, 1871.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

HARCOURT and MACARTHUR, No. 8, Moor-gate-street, in the city of London, Solicitors to the Trustee.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Huddersfield, In the Matter of Richard Prescott Barrow, of Lingards, in the parish of Almondbury, in the county of York, Manufacturer, adjudicated bankrupt on the 5th day of November, 1870.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a Dividend of 8½d. in the pound has been declared, and will be payable on and after the 11th day of April, 1871, at my office, No. 35, New-street, Huddersfield, between the hours of ten and four o'clock to all creditors who have proved their debts.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

WILLM. WATKINSON, Trustee.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Salford, In the Matter of Stephen Fletcher, of Prestwich, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, adjudged a Bankrupt on the 1st day of February, 1870.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Dividend of 1s. in the pound has been this day declared by William Milne, the Trustee in the above matter, and will be payable at the offices of Messieurs Nicholson and Milne, Accountants, No. 7, Norfolk-street, in the city of Manchester, on Monday the 10th day of April, 1871, between the hours of eleven o'clock in the forenoon and two o'clock in the afternoon.—Dated this 29th day of March, 1871.

WILLIAM MILNE, Trustee.

Declaration of Dividend under a Petition, dated 1st July, 1863, against Dion Boucicault, late of Hereford House, Old Brompton, in the county of Middlesex, and now residing at Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Dramatic Author.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Third Dividend, at the rate of 1s. 11½d. in the pound, is now payable, and that warrants for the same may be received by those legally entitled, at my office, No. 36, Basinghall-street, City, on Wednesday, the 5th instant, or the following Wednesday, between the hours of eleven and two o'clock on each day. No warrants can be delivered unless the securities exhibited at the proof of the debt be produced, without the special directions of the Court. Executors and administrators of deceased creditors will be required to produce the probate of will or letters of administration under which they claim.—April 3, 1871.

M. PARKYNS, Official Assignee.

In the Matter of Robert Hill Ireland, of the town and county of the town of Nottingham, Licensed Victualler.

I HEREBY give notice, that the creditors who have proved their debts under the above adjudication, bearing date the 16th day of January, 1847, may receive a First Dividend of 1s. 8½d. in the pound, upon application at my office, as under, on any Monday, between the hours of eleven and two of the clock. No Dividend can be paid without the production of the securities exhibited at the time of proving the debt. Executors and administrators will be required to produce the probate of the will or the letters of administration under which they claim.

JOHN HARRIS, Official Assignee,
Low-pavement, Nottingham.

In the Matter of George Oliver, of Basford, in the county of Nottingham, Bleacher (trading under the firm or style of George Oliver and Co.)

I HEREBY give notice, that the creditors who have proved their debts under the above Petition for adjudication, bearing date the 28th day of December, 1869, may receive a Second Dividend of 2d. in the pound, upon application at my office, as under, on any Monday, between the hours of eleven and two of the clock. No Dividend will be paid without the production of the securities exhibited at the time of proving the debt. Executors and administrators will be required to produce the probate of the will or the letters of administration under which they claim.

JOHN HARRIS, Official Assignee,
Low-pavement, Nottingham.

In the Matter of John Shirreff, of Liverpool, Merchant, late of Mirimichi. Petition dated 31st December, 1868.

I HEREBY give notice, that the creditors who have proved their debts under the above estate may receive a Third Dividend of 2s. 4d. in the pound, upon application at my office, Eldon-chambers, No. 20, South John-street, Liverpool, on Saturday, the 8th day of April, 1871, or any subsequent Saturday, between the hours of eleven and twelve o'clock. No Dividend will be paid without the production of the securities exhibited at the time of proving the debt. Executors and administrators will be required to produce the probate of the will or the letters of administration under which they claim.

For Registrars in Bankruptcy.

late CHARLES TURNER, Esq., Official Assignee.
No. 23723.

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The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Charles Coney, of No. 27, Great Cambridge-street, Hackney-road, in the county of Middlesex, Bootmaker, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under a Bankruptcy Petition presented to this Court against the said Charles Coney, an order of adjudication was made on the 20th day of January, 1871. This is to give notice, that the said adjudication was, by order of this Court, annulled on the 31st day of March, 1871.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of John Lloyd Williams, of No. 37, Saint George's-hill, Everton, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under a Bankruptcy Petition presented to this Court against the said John Lloyd Williams, an order of adjudication was made on the 30th day of August, 1870. This is to give notice, that the said adjudication was, by order of this Court, annulled on the 27th day of March, 1871.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Wakefield. In the Matter of Thomas Grace, of Whitwood Mere, Castleford, in the county of York, Grocer and Draper, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under a Bankruptcy Petition presented to this Court against the said Thomas Grace, an order of adjudication was made on the 25th day of August, 1870. This is to give notice, that the said adjudication was, by order of this Court, annulled on the 17th day of March, 1871.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1871.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 24th day of August, 1869, against William Smith, of Nos. 18 and 19, Salisbury-street, Strand, in the county of Middlesex, Journalist, Editor, and Newspaper Proprietor, Commission Agent, General Agent, and Engineer, under which the said William Smith was adjudicated a bankrupt; this is to give notice, that the said adjudication is by order of the Court of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 3rd day of April, 1871, annulled.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of John Lloyd Williams, at No. 37, Great George's Hill, Everton, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, a Bankrupt.

UPON motion this day made to this Court by Mr. T. H. James, of Counsel, on behalf of the above-named bankrupt that the Order of Adjudication in this bankruptcy might be annulled, and upon reading the affidavits of the above-named John Lloyd Williams, John Henry Mullen, and John Charles Clarke, filed on the 20th day of March instant, and the exhibits respectively referred to in the two last named affidavits, and upon hearing Mr. Morris P. Jones, Solicitor, on behalf of the trustee of the estate and effects of the above-named bankrupt, Mr. Forsham on behalf of himself and Miss Mary Forsham, Miss Elizabeth Ellen Forsham, and Miss Jane Forsham secured creditors of the above-named bankrupt, and Mr. Eden on behalf of the Misses Leather other secured creditors of the above-named bankrupt, and by consent it is ordered that the adjudication made against the said bankrupt be and the same is hereby annulled.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 27th of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Edward Flower, of No. 5, Aldgate, in the city of London, Druggist, Sundryman, Dealer and Chapman.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Edward Flower having been given, it is ordered that the said Edward Flower be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 27th day of March, 1871.

By the Court.

Wm. P. Murray, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Edward Flower is hereby summoned to be held at this Court, on the 21st day of April, 1871, at half-past one o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must

deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to James Riggs Brougham, Esq., one of the Registrars, at the office of Mr. Peter Paget, Official Assignee, No. 22, Basinghall-street, London. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar, at the said address.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Clement Alfred Haslewood, of Springfield House, Muswell Hill, Hornsey, in the county of Middlesex, Clerk to a Stockbroker, formerly carrying on business at Belvedere, in the parish of Erith, in the county of Kent, as an Oil Refiner, under the style of the Belvedere Oil Company, and then residing at Highwood Hill House, Hendon, in the county of Middlesex.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Clement Alfred Haslewood having been given, it is ordered that the said Clement Alfred Haslewood be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 31st day of March, 1871.

By the Court,

Wm. P. Murray, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Clement Alfred Haslewood is hereby summoned to be held at the London Bankruptcy Court, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, on the 25th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to Philip Henry Pepys, Esq., one of the Registrars, at the office of Mr. George John Graham, Official Assignee, No. 25, Coleman-street, London. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar, at the said address.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William Davis, lodging at No. 38, Sun-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and formerly of Herbert-road, Small Heath, near Birmingham aforesaid, and of Aeock's Green, in the county of Worcester, Builder and Brick Maker.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said William Davis having been given, it is ordered that the said William Davis be, and he is hereby adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 30th day of March, 1871.

By the Court,

Thomas Chawntler, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said William Davis is hereby summoned to be held at this Court, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Worcester.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Edward Lane, of Cammer's-green, in the parish of Berrrow, in the county of Worcester, Farmer.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the act of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Edward Lane having been given, it is ordered that the said Edward Lane be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 30th day of March, 1871.

By the Court,

Henry Crisp, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Edward Lane is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court Office, No. 15, High-street, Worcester, on the 17th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must

deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Frederick Wainwright, of Breck-road, West Derby, and late of the Cobourg Dock, Liverpool, both in the county of Lancaster, Boiler Maker, and late carrying on business in copartnership with George Wainwright, under the style or firm of Wainwright Brothers and Company, as Boiler Makers, at the Cobourg Dock aforesaid.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Frederick Wainwright having been given, it is ordered that the said Frederick Wainwright be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 1st day of April, 1871.

By the Court,

James F. Watson, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Frederick Wainwright is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court, No. 80, Lime-street, Liverpool, on the 19th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Harold Slingsby Duncombe Richardson, carrying on the business or profession of a Barrister-at-Law, at No. 22a, South King-street, in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, (and formerly residing at No. 56, Warwick-street, Hulme, in Manchester aforesaid, afterwards at No. 6, Blossom-avenue, in Chorlton-upon-Medlock, in Manchester aforesaid, more recently at No. 230, Brunswick-street, in Manchester aforesaid, and now at No. 54, Warwick-street aforesaid.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Harold Slingsby Duncombe Richardson, having been given, it is ordered that the said Harold Slingsby Duncombe Richardson, be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 1st day of April, 1871.

By the Court,

Sam. Kay, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Harold Slingsby Duncombe Richardson, is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court House, Nicholas-croft, Manchester, on the 20th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Burton-upon-Trent.

In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Joseph Outram, of Woodville, near Burton-on-Trent, in the county of Stafford, Wood Salesman.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Joseph Outram having been given, it is ordered that the said Joseph Outram be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 31st day of March, 1871.

By the Court

Henry Goodger, Deputy Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph Outram is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court Office, Station-street, Burton-on-Trent, on the 19th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must

deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Middlesex, holden at Edmonton, In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against James Duncan Macgregor, now of No. 13, Lander-terrace, Wood Green, in the county of Middlesex, formerly of No. 2, Shaftesbury-road, Tottenham, in the said county, and previously of Prospect Villa, Enfield, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said James Duncan Macgregor having been given, it is ordered that the said James Duncan Macgregor be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 24th day of March, 1871.

By the Court,

Wm. Pulley, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Thomas Duncan Macgregor is hereby summoned to be held at this Court, on the 20th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against William Chappell, of Upper Beeding, in the county of Sussex, Builder and Contractor.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said William Chappell having been given, it is ordered that the said William Chappell be, and he is hereby adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 29th day of March, 1871.

By the Court,

Ewen Evershed, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said William Chappell is hereby summoned to be held at the Office of the Court, Church-street, Brighton, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Hastings. In the Matter of a Bankruptcy Petition against Joseph Catt the younger, of Wittersham, in the county of Kent, Licensed Victualler.

UPON the hearing of this Petition this day, and upon proof satisfactory to the Court of the debt of the Petitioner, and of the trading, and of the act or acts of the Bankruptcy alleged to have been committed by the said Joseph Catt the younger having been given, it is ordered that the said Joseph Catt the younger be, and he is hereby, adjudged bankrupt.—Given under the Seal of the Court this 31st day of March, 1871.

By the Court,

Wm. B. Young, Registrar.

The First General Meeting of the creditors of the said Joseph Catt the younger is hereby summoned to be held at the County Court Office, Hastings, on the 18th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and that the Court has ordered the bankrupt to attend thereat for examination, and to produce thereat a statement of his affairs, as required by the statute.

Until the appointment of a Trustee, all persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid, to the Registrar. Creditors must forward their Proofs of Debts to the Registrar.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

In the Matter of Thomas Pooley, of No. 2, Summerfield-place, Boxley-road, Maidstone, in the county of Kent, Lime Merchant, a Bankrupt.

John Kinton Luck, of No. 23, Walbrook, in the city of London, Wholesale Hat Manufacturer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the London Bankruptcy Court, Lincoln's-inn-fields, on the 26th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Greenwich.

In the Matter of Alfred George Neale, of No. 8, Royal-hill, Greenwich, in the county of Kent, Cheesemonger, a Bankrupt.

Edwin Columbus Warner, of No. 27, King-street, Snow-hill, in the city of London, Provision Agent, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Court-house, Greenwich, in the county of Kent, on the 26th (and not 29th, as erroneously printed in Gazette of 28th March) day of April, 1871, at three o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 24th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Denbighshire, holden at Wrexham.

In the Matter of Joseph Jeffries, of Charlotte-row, Ellesmere, in the county of Salop, Grocer and Provision Dealer, a Bankrupt.

William Tims, of Cross-street, Ellesmere, in the said county of Salop, Grocer and Confectioner, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Townhall, Wrexham, on the 12th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton.

In the Matter of John Bird the younger, of Daventry, in the county of Northampton, Innkeeper, a Bankrupt.

Thomas Eales, of Daventry, in the county of Northampton, Auctioneer, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Hall, Northampton, on the 12th day of April, 1871, at one o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 25th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Barnsley.

In the Matter of John Haigh, of Barnsley, in the county of York, Auctioneer, Agent, and Furniture Broker, a Bankrupt.

Mr. Thomas Swaine, of Barnsley aforesaid, Agent, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Court House, in Barnsley aforesaid, on the 27th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton.

In the Matter of William Davey, of Bognor, in the county of Sussex, Grocer and House Agent, a Bankrupt.

Mr. Oliver Weston, of No. 79, North-road, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Auctioneer, has been appointed

Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the Court House, Church-street, Brighton, on the 27th day of April, 1871, at twelve o'clock at noon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool. In the Matter of George Cusshaw, of Southport, in the county of Lancaster, Joiner and Builder, a Bankrupt.

James Platt, of Southport, in the county of Lancaster, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at Eldon-chambers, South John-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, on the 24th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 30th day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of Henry Charles Trehern, of Central Hall, Manor-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Cork and Cigar Merchant, a Bankrupt.

Edwin Wilkes, of Plymouth, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at St. George's Hall, East Stonehouse, in the county of Devon, on the 24th day of May, 1871, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Devonshire, holden at East Stonehouse.

In the Matter of William Henry Dainty, of Callington, in the county of Cornwall, Draper and Grocer, a Bankrupt.

James Edwin Edward Dave, of Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at Saint George's Hall, East Stonehouse, in the county of Devon, on the 24th day of May, 1871, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1869.

In the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Southampton.

In the Matter of Frederick Henry Savage, of the Portsmouth Hotel, Bevois Hill, in the town and county of the town of Southampton, Innkeeper and Fly Proprietor, a Bankrupt.

William Henry Davis, of High-street, in the town and county of the town of Southampton, Accountant, has been appointed Trustee of the property of the bankrupt. The Court has appointed the Public Examination of the bankrupt to take place at the County Court Office, Southampton, on the 27th day of April, 1871, at two o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having in their possession any of the effects of the bankrupt must deliver them to the trustee, and all debts due to the bankrupt must be paid to the trustee. Creditors who have not yet proved their debts must forward their proofs of debts to the trustee.—Dated this 27th day of March, 1871.

In the London Bankruptcy Court.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Lancelot Thurlow, of Newington-next-Sittingbourne, in the county of Kent, Draper and Tailor, adjudicated bankrupt

on the 28th day of September, 1870. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 15th day of April, 1871, will be excluded.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

F. H. Collison, Trustee.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Manchester.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of George Andrew and Abel Andrew, of No. 144, Oldham-road, Newton Heath, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Bakers and Provision Dealers, trading under the style or firm of George Andrew and Son, adjudicated a bankrupt on the 18th day of July, 1870. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 15th day of April, 1871, will be excluded.—Dated this 31st day of March, 1871.

John Bennett, Trustee.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Bolton.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of John Pass, of Yarrow Bridge, in the township of Duxbury, in the parish of Chorley, in the county of Lancaster, Innkeeper, adjudicated a bankrupt on the 21st day of February, 1870. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 18th day of April, 1871, will be excluded.—Dated this 25th day of March, 1871.

H. Gould, No. 32, Cooper-street, Manchester, Trustee.

In the County Court of Durham, holden at Stockton-on-Tees and Middlesbrough.

A Dividend is intended to be declared in the matter of Francis Bower Bointon, of South Stockton, in the North Riding of the county of York, Hosier, adjudicated a bankrupt on the 7th day of November, 1870. Creditors who have not proved their debts by the 17th day of April, 1871, will be excluded.—Dated this 3rd day of April, 1871.

James Eddy, Trustee.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

Notice of Dividend Meetings.

Meetings of the Creditors of the Bankrupts hereinafter named will be held, pursuant to the 174th section of the said Act, at the times and places hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:—

At the Court of Bankruptcy, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, before James Rigg Brougham, Esq., a Registrar:

Robert Charles Holmes, of Great Yarmouth, in the county of Norfolk, Gentleman, and formerly a Captain in Her Majesty's Army, adjudicated bankrupt on the 31st day of October, 1862. A Final Dividend Meeting will be held on the 14th day of April instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely.

At the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Huddersfield, before Frederick R. Jones, jr., Esq., Registrar.

John Dyson and Lee Dyson, of Huddersfield, in the county of York, Grocers and Copartners, the said Lee Dyson also carrying on business in the city of Manchester, as an Innkeeper, adjudicated bankrupts on the 22nd day of November, 1869, in the Leeds Court of Bankruptcy. A Dividend Meeting will be held on the 20th day of April next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely.

At the said Meetings the Assignees will, in pursuance of the 174th section of the said Act, submit statements of the Bankrupt's estate recovered and outstanding, and of all receipts and of all payments made or to be made thereout; and the creditors at the said respective meetings will, in pursuance of the said section, declare whether any and what Dividend shall be made, and whether any and what allowance shall be paid to the said bankrupts respectively. Proofs of Debts

will be received, and creditors who have not proved, or do not then prove, will be excluded the benefit of the Dividend. And all claims not proved will be disallowed.

The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

Notice of the Granting of Order of Discharge.

The Bankrupt hereinafter named has had an Order of Discharge granted as hereinafter mentioned, by the Court acting in prosecution of the Bankruptcy, and such Order will be delivered to the Bankrupt unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court:—

James Hamilton, late of No. 67, Richmond-row, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Stonemason and Proprietor of a Temperance Hotel, and late a Prisoner for Debt in the Liverpool Borough Gaol, at Walton, in the said county, adjudicated bankrupt on the 19th day of November, 1868. An Order of Discharge was granted by the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Liverpool, on the 19th day of December, 1870.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of an adjudication of Bankruptcy, made on the 31st day of December, 1869, against Benjamin Berridge, of Warrington, near Oundle, in the county of Northampton, Farmer and Grazier, did, on the 3rd day of March, 1871, grant the Discharge of the said bankrupt; and that such Discharge will be delivered to the bankrupt unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

OWEN DAVIES TUDOR, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Registrars, authorized to act under a Fiat in Bankruptcy, bearing date the 23rd day of August, 1819, issued forth against William Harrison, of Yeldersley, in the county of Derby, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 25th day of April, 1871, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the Birmingham District Court of Bankruptcy, at the office of the Official Assignee, Low Pavement, Nottingham, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend; and all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE estates of Duncan Grant Mackenzie, Merchant, Shieldaig, Ross-shire, were sequestrated on the 29th day of March, 1871, by the Sheriff of the counties of Ross, Cromarty, and Shetland.

The first deliverance is dated the 29th day of March, 1871.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at noon, on Tuesday, the 11th day of April, next, within the National Hotel, Dingwall.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of June next.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ANDW. SMITH,
Solicitor, Dingwall, Agent.

Dingwall, 29th March, 1871.

THE estates of Andrew Meek, sometime Miller, Danbarrow Mills, by Guthrie, Forfarshire, and presently Prisoner in the Debtors' Prison, Forfar, were sequestrated on the 24th day of March, 1871 years, by the Sheriff of the county of Forfar.

The first deliverance is dated 24th March, 1871 years.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock, on Saturday, the 8th day of April, 1871 years, within the County Hotel, in Forfar.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 24th day of July, 1871 years.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ALEX. DOUGLAS, Solicitor, Dundee,
Agent.

THE estates of George Gray, Saddler, No. 13, South Saint David-street, Edinburgh, and residing at Patriot-hall, Hamilton-place, Edinburgh, were sequestrated on the 31st day of March, 1871, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 18th March, 1871.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock, on Friday, the 7th day of April, 1871, within Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George-street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 31st day of July, 1871.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

THOMAS SPROT, W.S., Agent,
No. 10, Drummond-place, Edinburgh.

THE estates of George Gray, Spirit Merchant, Bank street, Galashiels, were sequestrated on the 29th day of March, 1871, by the Sheriff of Roxburgh and Selkirk.

The first deliverance is dated the 29th day of March, 1871.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Monday, the 10th day of April, 1871, within the Public-hall, Galashiels.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of July, 1871.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

RICHD. HALDANE, Writer, Galashiels,
Agent.

THE estates of Robert Gray, sometime Merchant in the Island of Westray, now Boatman there, were sequestrated on the 29th day of March, 1871, by the Sheriff-Substitute of Orkney.

The first deliverance is dated 29th March, 1871.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Thursday, the 13th day of April, 1871, within the Town-hall, Kirkwall.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of July, 1871.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt until the meeting of Creditors for election of a Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

P. S. HEDDLE, Writer, Kirkwall, Agent.

THE estates of Angus Dennison Henderson, Heraldic and General Stationer, No. 48, Frederick-street, Edinburgh, were sequestrated on the 30th March, 1871, by the Lord Ordinary on the Bills in the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 30th day of March, 1871.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Friday, the 7th day of April, 1871, within Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George-street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 30th July, 1871.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff of the county of Edinburgh.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt until the meeting of the creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ADAMSON and GULLAND, W.S., Agents,
Edinburgh, No. 28, Frederick-street.

THE estates of Archibald Allardyce, Plumber and Gasfitter, Glasgow, carrying on business as a Plumber and Gasfitter there, under the firm of Archibald Allardyce

and Company, of which firm he is the sole Partner, as such Partner, and as an Individual, were sequestrated on the 29th day of March, 1871, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 29th day of March, 1871.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, the 11th day of April next, within the Faculty-hall, Saint-George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and

to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of July, 1871.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt until the meeting of Creditors for election of Trustee.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

GEORGE SMITH & MURRAY,
180, West George-street, Glasgow, Agents.

All Letters must be Post-paid, and all communications on the business of the London Gazette to be addressed to the Office, No. 45, St. Martin's Lane.

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