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From Thursday August 9. to Monday August 13. 1688.

THE following Addressees have been presented to the King, which His Majesty received very Graciously:

To the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties.

The humble Congratulation of the Lord Lieutenant, the Deputy Lieutenants, the High Sheriff, and the Grand Jury, with the rest of the Justices of Peace of this County of Essex, holden at the Assizes in Brentwood, this 27th day of July, 1688.

Great Sir,

WE Your Majesties most Loyal and Obedient Subjects, having returned our most humble and hearty Thanks to Almighty God for the inestimable Blessing conferred on Your Sacred Majesty, your Kingdoms, and Dominions, in the happy Birth of a Prince.

Now (Dread Sir,) assure our selves, That 'tis our highest Duty and Obligation to lay our selves at Your Majesties feet, thankfully acknowledging that Your Majesties Goodness, Piety and Justice, having obtained this so unspeakable a Blessing from our most gracious God, will open the Hearts and Eyes of all men, to behold with Loyal and Thankful Respects Your Majesties pious and indulgent Care of the Welfare and happiness of all your People. And we are resolved, That when Your Majesty shall in Your great Wisdom Call a Parliament, we will unanimously Elect such Men as shall answer Your Majesties Expectations, in vinting Your Subjects in Charity and Christian Correspondence.

Great Sir, That the Almighty will grant Your Sacred Majesty, your Consort the Queen, and his Royal Highness the Prince, long Life, Prosperity, and Happiness, are the most fervent Prayers (Dread Sir,) of Your Majesties most Dutiful, Loyal and Obedient Subjects.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the High Sheriff, Justices of Peace, and the Grand Jury of the County of Oxon, at the General Assizes held at Oxford the Eight and Twentieth Day of July, 1688.

Dread Sir,

AS we are sensible the best Addressees that Subjects can make are the Returns of Duty and Obedience to their Prince's Commands, we should not have presumed upon this Application, but that full Hearts, like full Banks, will overflow. The Blessing God Almighty hath been pleased to bestow on Your Majesty and this Realm, by sending a Prince of Wales, is a Happiness too large to be contained within the narrow Compass of our Breasts: wherefore we could not but join our particulars to the universal Joy of the whole Kingdom. Receive therefore, Great Sir, the Congratulations flowing from Hearts full of Loyalty, which Your Majesty shall always find, whenever your Commands shall call us to a performance, and hope there will be none who hereafter will dare to frown on Your Royal Designs, since Heaven smiles on all your Actions, whether we will lend forth our daily Prayers for your Majesties and the Prince's long Life and Happiness; and hope, by constant soliciting the Divine Goodness, to obtain a second Blessing to this Nation, That the Queen may bring a Duke of York; for which, let the three Kingdoms join, till Heaven bears our Prayers, and all concur with us in saying Amen.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of Your Majesties Justices of the Peace within the North-Riding of the County of York, at the General Quarter-Sessions held at North-Allerton by Adjournment, the 17th day of July, 1688.

Most Dread Sovereign,

THO' we are our-done in point of time by some of our fellow Subjects, yet we may affirm none approach your Throne with more joyful and grateful hearts than we, for the great Blessing God Almighty hath bestowed on Your Sacred Majesty and the Kingdom, by the happy Birth of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

We beg (Sacred Sir,) Leave to Congratulate with You for this Blessing received, and that we may pray and wish for his long Life and Health, and for the increase of your Royal Family, that after Ages may know and enjoy an Equality of that Peace and Plenty, and the Government of your direct Line, in which we, through your wife and just Government, (to the Envy of our Neighbours) now flourish.

Having owned the vast advantages we possess by your not yet equalled Justice, permit us, (Great Sir,) being the best return we are able to make, to assure you of our willing Submission and ready concurrence to all your designed points of Government, and particularly to that of taking away the Penal Laws and Tests; the best expedient (we are satisfied) to make this Nation great and happy.

Naples, July 13. Our Viceroy, the Count de San Ilsevan, has published several Ordinances about the rebuilding the Houses that were ruined by the late Earthquakes, and the repairing those that were only damaged. The Gallies of Tuscany parted from Puzzuolo some days ago for the Levant, to join the Venetian Fleet. The Gallies of this Kingdom, with those of Sicily, will be employed to guard these Coasts against the Corsairs of Barbary, which have of late infested them.

Madrid, July 29. This Week arrived here a Gentleman from the West-Indies, being sent by the Viceroy of Peru to give the King an account of the Earthquake that happened at Lima the 30th of October of the last year. The Damage, as we understand by him, was very great, most of the Churches and other publick Buildings, as well as private Houses, having been thrown down, or very much damaged, and above 1000 persons killed: But there had not been any Inundation of the Sea about Lima, as was reported. He says farther, That they were in expectation of having a very rich Fair at Porto Belo, by reason of the great quantity of Silver that had been sent thither from Peru, part whereof was already safely arrived at Panama: And that the Vessels which had been armed out by the Spaniards in the South-Sea had obliged the Pyrates to retire; and that it was reported that two of their best Ships had been sunk, and two others burnt. The Count de Gelver, the new Viceroy of Mexico, parted from Cadix the 11th Instant, with the Quick-silver Ships; and about the same time Don Nicolas de Gregorio failed from thence with the Ships that carry Stores for the Fleet in the South-Sea, of which he is to have the chief Command. Eight Men of War are fitting at Cadix, which are to go and meet the New-Spain Fleet that is expected about the end of the next Month. We hear from Catalonia, That since the arrival there of their new Governor, the Count de Melgar, a great Tumult had happened at Manresa, but that the disorder was appeased by the speedy and exemplary punishment