

The London Gazette.

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From Monday April 16. to Thursday April 19. 1688.

THE following Address has been Presented to the King, which His Majesty received very Graciously.

To the King's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Grand Inquest for the County of Stafford, at the Assizes holden at the Town of Stafford, the 3d of April, in the 4th Year of Your Majesty's Reign, Annoq; Domini, 1688.

May it please Your Majesty!

WE hope the lateness of this Address will not be attributed to want of Loyalty in us; since it comes with the first opportunity the Body of the County could be prevailed on, having hitherto been detained from Paying its Duty by an over-ruling Party among us. We therefore, though late; yet with united Affections, come to offer the Tribute of our humble acknowledgments to Your Sacred Majesty for Your Gracious Declaration, and Indulgent Distribution of Your Dispensing Power, and with Hearts full of Joy Congratulate the Fruitfulness of Your Royal Consort, which, as is the Hope and Expectation of all Loyal Souls, so may it frustrate the great ends of the Factions, by the happy Production of a Prince of Wales. And whenever Your Majesty shall in Your Princely Wisdom think fit to call a Parliament, it shall be our Study and Care to promote the Election of such Members as will by their Concurrence in Abolishing the Penal Laws and Tests, perfect the great Work of Peace so Graciously and Auspiciously undertaken by Your Majesty. And that Your Reign may be long and Happy over us, are the Desires and Prayers of Your most Loyal and Dutiful Subjects.

Naples, March 16. The Count de St. Isevan has since his entring upon this Government, employed his chiefest care for the putting in execution the Laws that concern the publick security. He has sent very rigorous orders to the Governors of the several Provinces to suppress the Banditti, who have of late begun again to shew themselves, and have committed several Robberies. The General of the Horse of this Kingdom is a Prisoner, for having countenanced his Soldiers who beat some of the Sbirri; and the young Prince Piccolomini is likewise secured in the Castle of Gaeta, upon some Complaints made against him by a private Person. The 6th Instant, Signior Scipio Caraccioli arrived here with 2 Gallies from Malta, being sent by the Great Master of that Order to Complement our Viceroy, of whom he had Audience the next Day. The little Town of Pizzico is quite ruined by an Earthquake that happened there some Days ago, in which there perished above 200 Persons. The Gallies of the Duke of Turky's

Squadron, which were lately sent with Provisions and Ammunition for the Spanish Garison on the Coast of Tuscany, are expected back here towards the end of this Month.

Leghorne, March 24. Our Great Duke continues as yet at Pisa, from whence it's believed, he will now very quickly return to Florence. The Prince of Tuscany arrived the 20th of this Month at Bologna. The Master of a Vessel arrived in this Port from Cagliari in Sardinia, reports, That 2 Dutch Merchant Ships call'd the St. Mark and the Humility, being lately separated by ill Weather from their Convoy, were met not far from that Island by 2 Ships of Argiers, commanded by young Canary and Buffon a Dutch Renegado, against whom they defended themselves several hours, but must at last have been taken, being very much disabled, and having lost a great many Men, had not the Night and a fresh Gale of Wind parted them; But the Dutch espying the next Morning a Sail making towards them, which they believed to be one of the Algerines, with whom they fought the Day before, and finding themselves in no Condition to make any longer Resistance, they thought it most adviseable to run a-shore, which they afterwards too late repented of, when they perceived the Ship they had thus avoided was a French Man of War that was cruising against the Algerines.

Venice, April 3. We have Advice by a small Vessel which arrived here this Week from Dalmatia, That the Proveditor General Cornaro was going to Castlenovo to give directions about the new Fortifications that are making there, and that after his return from thence he intended to put himself at the Head of the Troops that in the mean time were drawing together in order to the Execution of some considerable Design. That the Turks of the Garison of Castlenovo, who upon the Surrender of that place retired to Vallona, finding Provisions very scarce, with other inconveniencies which they were like to suffer by their stay there, had put themselves into four light Gallies, with a Resolution to join with the Corsairs of Dulcigno, and to go and seek their Fortune in the Gulph; And that the Proveditor General having Notice thereof, had caused several Gallies to be armed out to look after them. That the Morlacks, assisted by the Perassins, continued their Excurfions with good Success, bringing for the most part back with them good store of Cattle, and a great many Slaves. That the People of the Province of Aragona, called by the Italians the Dutchy of Santa Jova, do daily put themselves in great numbers under the protection of the Republick; This Country lies between Dalmatia, Bosnia and the quarter of Montenegro, being about 70 miles long and 30 broad, and is inhabited by about 30000 Families, of which the Turks, who since the taking of Castlenovo, have no other places of any strength there than the Castle of Macrovato and the Town of Alfasia, make not the tenth part. The People of Albania, who are in number about 120000 Souls, among whom there are very few Turks, seem likewise very much inclined to throw off the Ottoman

roman Yoke; This Province is 176 miles in length, extending from *Antivari* to *la Vallona*, and hath in it several considerable Towns, of which *Antivari*, *Dulcigno*, *Durazzo* and *la Vallona* are situated near the Sea. The last Week several Companies of new raised Men, among which were some of Swissers arrived at the *Lido*, where there are now likewise 1500 men of the Troops of *Wolfenbuttel*, who will be transported with the first Convoy that goes from hence to the *Morea*. The Count *Galeazzo Bosello* of *Bergamo*, who was lately convicted by Outlawry of the Assassination committed during the Carnival on the Person of Count *Zacaria Suardo*, is by sentence of the Great Council degraded of his Nobility, and condemned to be Beheaded, and a Reward of 2000 Ducats is offered to any Person that shall seize him within the Territories of the Republick.

Vienna, April 8. The last Letters from *Transylvania* said all things were very quiet on that side. That General *Caraffa* was drawing some Troops together with which he intended to march the 26th of the last month to attack as was believed the Fortress of *Lippa*, the taking whereof will greatly facilitate the passage of Provisions which may be sent from *Transylvania* for the use of the Imperial Army during the Campaign. That it was resolved to leave this Summer a strong Garrison in *Hermanstadt*, and some other places to the number of 7 or 8000 men, to secure that Country against the Incursions of the Enemy. And that Colonel *Magni* had with 400 Dragoons, and 200 Hussars defeated 1200 Turks near *Ghna*, of whom 120 were killed and several taken Prisoners. The Turks daily desert from *Alba Regalis*; There came 10 from thence 4 or 5 days ago, who all agree that the *Bassa*, notwithstanding the ill Condition he is reduc'd to, persists in his Resolution not to hearken to any Capitulation till the Garrison cannot possibly subsist any longer. The Imperial Regiments continue their march towards *Esseke* where they are to Encamp under the Command of General *Caprara*. Some Christian Slaves who lately made their escape from *Belgrade* report, That the new Seraskier of *Hungary* (who had a great share in the late Revolution at *Constantinople*) was expected at *Belgrade* the beginning of this month with 12000 men.

Hamburg, March 16. The new Fortifications that are making at *Oldeslo* are carry'd on with all possible diligence; There are now 7000 men at work on them, and it's said a Camp will be forth'd there of 4 or 5000 men when the Grass is grown enough for the Horses to Forage. We are told likewise that some of the Troops of the House of *Lunenburg* will encamp this Summer on the *Elbe*. They write from *Stockholme* that the King of *Sweden* would begin his Journey to *Schonen* presently after the *Easter* Holy Days. The Sea preparations are continued in that Kingdom as well as in *Denmark*.

Hague, March 23. The Elector of *Saxony* is gone to *Loos* to visit the Prince and Princess of *Orange*. The Project about cleansing the *Rhine* and the *Issel* will in all likelihood come to nothing at last, through the opposition of *Dort*, *Rotterdam* and some other Towns, who think it will be as prejudicial to their Commerce as advantageous to the Trade of *Amsterdam*. The Envoy from *Argiers* has not yet had his Audience, nor is it yet publickly known upon what Errand he is sent hither. We have Letters from *Venice* of the 9th of the last month; which give an account that the Captain General *Morosini* was the Saturday before chosen Doge of that Republick; A Saigue being immediately dispatched to the *Morea* to carry him the News of it. And that a Vessel was arriv'd there which came from *Constantinople* the 10th of March; the Commander whereof confirmed the Relation that has already been made publick of the Killing of the Viceroy, and of the great

Confusion things were there in from the 29th of Feb. to 8th of March, and added, That the Fire was put out after having burnt down 6000 Houses, and several Magazines; That the New Viceroy being found incapable of discharging that great Employment, the *Bassa* of *Caminie* was sent for, to be put into his place; That most of the *Turbassi* had been cut off, which for the present had appeased the disorders, but that new, if not greater, Troubles, were apprehended from the march of the *Bassa* of *Natolia*, who still advanced towards *Constantinople* with a resolution to set up *Mastapha* the Son of *Mahomet* lately Deposed, and daily encreased his Forces.

Paris, April 24. The Duke of *Orleans* has been very ill since Thursday last of an intermitting Feavor, but is at present somewhat better; The Dauphin came hither yesterday to visit his Royal Highness. The King continues to have some pains of the Gout, which however do not hinder his Majesty from walking. Monsieur de *Louvors* began his Journey on Monday last toward *Alsace*; And on Wednesday the Marechal d' *Estree* parted from hence for *Toulon*. There are Letters from *Bonne* which say the Elector of *Cologne* was very ill.

All Persons owing Arrears of Rent for Wine Licenses, or whose Licenses are expired, are hereby desired, to take Notice, That if they do not pay their said Arrears, and renew their said Wine Licenses with all speed, they will be forthwith sued at Law for the same.

Advertisements.

These are to give Notice, That Francis Sandford Esq; Lancaster Herald, having (by His Majesty's Special Command) finished the History of their Majesties Coronation, illustrated with many Curious Sculptures, and Presented several of the Nobility therewith, hath taken care to reserve Choice Books for the rest of the Nobility that please to send to him at his House in Great Russell-street in Bloomsbury, or to Mr. King at the Heralds Office near Doctors Commons, London.

A Catalogue of Latin, French and English Books on most Subjects, which will be sold by Auction on Monday the 30th of April, 1688, at Wellington's Coffee-house on the back-side of the Royal Exchange, between the Crown and Ship Taverns in Threadneedle-street. Catalogues are distributed Gratis at Mr. Non's at the Queens Arms in the Pell-Mell, at Mr. Weld's at the Crown between the two Temple-Gates in Fleet-street, and at Mr. Wallis's at the Heart and Bible on the West-end of the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, and at the place of Sale.

NE James Caulket of about 20 years of Age, pretty Tall and Slim, disguised with the Small Pox, a Dyer by Trade, and to be known by his Hands, great Eyes, sham-leg'd, goes somewhat fowarded, in a sad colour'd Suit with Thread Plush figured Breeches, took from his Master divers pieces of Plate and Linen, most marked R. M. 15 Spoons, four being Hall Spoons, Gilt, with several other things, and a considerable sum of Money. Whoever secures the Person or Goods, and gives Notice to Mr. Freeman at Freeman's Coffee-house over against Bow Church in Cheap-side, or to his Master Mr. Richard Mandrell at the 3 Cranes Wharf in Thames-street, London, shall have 4 Guinea's Reward and Charges.

ON the 10th Instant was stolen out of a Stable at Rhoden in Shropshire near Salop, a dark bay Nag, with a brown Mule, and a little Star, and a little snip on the near Nollril, above 14 hands high, 4 years old, with a Bridle, and a black Saddle stich'd with Silver. Whoever gives Notice of them to Mr. John Yaree at the Fox and Goose at London Wall, shall have a considerable Reward for the same.

Left in a Hackney Coach on Tuesday the 17th Instant, about 11 at Night, a Scarlet Cloak lined with Red, the Cape Embroidered with Gold; the Coach that it was left in took the Gentleman up at the Jockey Tavern at Charing Cross, and set him down at the Angel over against James's street end in Long-Acro, where if the Coachman or any one else will bring the Cloak, or give Notice of it, shall be very well Rewarded.

Left on Sunday last a very little white Spanish Bitch with a little round red Spot on the left side, her right Ear red, her Nose pitted under the Forehead, and a brush Tail turn'd up like a Squirrel. Whoever brings her to Mrs. Window at Madam Braton's house in Mincing Lane, shall have a Guinea Reward.

Left on Monday last a very little white Bitch, with a black oval spot in her Forehead, black Eyes and Nose, her Ears dappled with black spots, a large black Spot near the small of her Back. Whoever brings her, or gives Notice of her to Mr. Thead at the Naked Boy and Star in Bread-street in Cheap-side, shall have a Guinea Reward.