

2357. John Sturgeon, of Leeds, in the county of York, Consulting Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting and boring coal and rocks."—Dated 24th September, 1863.
2359. Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of gunpowder and powder for blasting purposes."—Communicated to him from abroad by Alfred Nobel, of Rue St. Sebastien, Paris, in the Empire of France.—Dated 24th September, 1863.
2367. George Spill, Thomas James Briggs, and Daniel Spill, all of Hackney Wick, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of driving straps or bands, and of flexible tubes or hose."—Dated 26th September, 1863.
2370. William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, for an invention of "an improved fabric for the production of permanent electricity, applicable for wearing apparel."—Communicated to him from abroad by Théodore Courant, Physician, of 29, Boulevard St. Martin, Paris. Dated 26th September, 1863.
2373. Lucius Henry Norris, of No. 6, Upper Bedford-place, Russell-square, in the county of Middlesex, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of india rubber and gutta percha compounds."—Communicated to him from abroad by Lyman Holl, a person resident at No. 10, Rue Vendome, Paris, in the Empire of France.—Dated 26th September, 1863.
2374. William Malam, of Walpole-street, Deptford, in the county of Kent, Civil Engineer, and William Tice, of Downham-road, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Gas Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in apparatus for supplying gas to railway carriages and other moving structures, and in apparatus for manufacturing and holding gas in ships and other vessels, parts of such apparatus being also applicable for manufacturing and holding gas elsewhere."—Dated 26th September, 1863.
2376. Thomas Lowe, of Brighton, in the county of Sussex, for an invention of "an improved break for railway and other carriages."—Dated 28th September, 1863.
2377. Louis Joseph Joachin Jean, of Quai de l'Ecole, No. 22, Paris, in the French Empire, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in the construction of steam boilers and in their fire grates."—Dated 28th September, 1863.
2378. Pierre Bourchani, of Paris, French Empire, Rue Geoffroy-Marie, 14, Gentleman, for an invention of "an improved wax-light or candle stand."—Dated 28th September, 1863.
2379. Peter Cato, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Ship Builder, for an invention of "improvements in the construction of combined iron and timber ships."—Dated 28th September, 1863.
2383. John Bailey, Turret Clock Manufacturer, Salford, George William Blake, Agent, of Manchester, and William Henry Bailey, Turret Clock Manufacturer, Salford, all of the county of Lancaster, for an invention of "improvements in barometers, gas regulators, and other apparatuses for regulating and indicating the flow and pressure of liquids and fluids."—Dated 28th September, 1863.
2386. Frederick George Mulholland, of No. 36, Essex-street, Strand, in the city of Westminster, and county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for

- an invention of "improvements in the mode of manufacturing submarine telegraph cables, in apparatus connected therewith, and in the method or principle of laying same, and in the preparation of the several compounds described for electric insulation, and other purposes."—Dated 29th September, 1863.
2387. Sam Mendel, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Merchant, for an invention of "improvements in the manufacture of woven fabrics, applicable to covering telegraph wires."—Dated 29th September, 1863.
2388. Henry Haigh and Richard Heaton, of Milns Bridge, near Huddersfield, in the county of York, Dyers, for an invention of "improvements in dyeing cotton or other vegetable fibrous substances."—Dated 29th September, 1863.
2389. William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, for an invention of "an improvement in the soles of boots and shoes."—Communicated to him from abroad by Theodore Gustav Eiswald, of the city and county of Providence, in the State of Rhode Island, United States of America.—Dated 29th September, 1863.
2391. John Cooper, of St. Margaret's-green, Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, Agricultural Implement Maker, "improvements in the construction of harrows."—Dated 29th September, 1863.
2392. Peter Llewellyn, John Llewellyn, and John Wanklyn James, all of the city and county of Bristol, Brassfounders, for an invention of "improvements in water closets."—Dated 29th September, 1863.

**A** LIST of the Letters Patent for Inventions which have become void by reason of the non-payment of the additional Stamp Duty of £100, before the expiration of the seventh year from the date of such Patents, pursuant to the Act of the 16th Vict., c. 5, sec. 2, for the week ending the 29th day of September, 1866.

2184. Charles Cowper, of No. 20, Southampton-buildings, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Patent Agent, for an invention of "improvements in mixing or combining and deodorizing oil made from gas tar and other oils."—Communicated to him from abroad by George Wagstaff Yapp, residing at Paris, in France.—Dated 27th September, 1859.
2193. Thomas Sutton, of St. Brelade, in the Island of Jersey, Gentleman, for an invention of "improvements in the construction of apparatus for taking photographic pictures, consisting of and entitled 'an improved panoramic lens for taking photographic pictures.'"—Dated 28th September, 1859.
2204. Thomas Allan, of Adelphi-terrace, in the city of Westminster, Civil Engineer, for an invention of "improvements in applying electricity for telegraphic purposes, and in apparatus employed therein."—Dated 29th September, 1859.

In the Matter of the Companies Act, 1862, and in the Matter of the Bridport Old Brewery Company (Limited).

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the Court, or that the voluntary winding up of the Company may be continued subject to the supervision of the Court of Chancery, was, on