

mentioned, but shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect.

2. This Order shall apply only to cows brought into any town or place in England from the Channel Islands, or any of them, or from the Isle of Man, in vessels plying or sailing between those islands respectively, or one of them, and England, which shall not have touched since last leaving England at any port or place, except some port or place in the said islands, or one of them, or since last leaving the said islands, or one of them, at some port or place in England, and which shall not have any cattle on board, except cows certified in the manner hereinafter provided to be the produce of and to have been born in the said islands respectively, or one of them, and not to have been previously removed therefrom.

3. In order to entitle any cows or cow so brought into any town or place in England as aforesaid to the benefit of this Order, the master of the vessel in or on board of which the same shall be so brought shall, upon his arrival in such town or place, deliver to such person as shall be appointed by the Local Authority of such town or place for such purpose, or (in default of any such appointment) to the Officers of Her Majesty's Customs at such town or place, a clearance cocket under the hands or hand of the Principal Officer and Controller of Her Majesty's Customs at the port or place in one of the said islands from which such cows or cow shall have been exported, describing such cows or cow as being *bonâ fide* the produce of and as having never previously been removed or exported out of the Channel Islands, or one of them, or the Isle of Man (as the case may be); together with a certificate in writing under the hand of the Governor or Lieutenant-Governor of such island, certifying that the shipper of such cows or cow has made proof before a magistrate within such island, in the manner required by the laws relating to the Customs, that such cows or cow are or is actually the produce of, and were or was born within, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man (as the case may be), and have or has never previously been removed or exported therefrom; and also a certificate under the hand of some veterinary surgeon practising within such island, and countersigned by a magistrate having authority within the same, to the effect that to the best of his knowledge and belief such cows or cow are or is free from the said disorder called the Cattle Plague, and from every symptom commonly supposed to indicate the presence or approach of the said disorder, and from contagious disease of any kind, and that to the best of his knowledge and belief the said cattle plague never has existed, and does not, at the time of granting such certificate, exist in such island.

4. No cows or cow brought by sea from the Channel Islands, or any of them, or from the Isle of Man, into any town or place in England as defined by the 30th section of the said Order of the 24th day of March, 1866, in such manner and so certified as aforesaid, shall be removed from such town or place alive without a certificate from the Local Authority having jurisdiction in such town or place that such cows or cow have or has been examined by some officer appointed for that purpose by such authority, and that such cows or cow are or is free from disease: such certificate shall not exempt such cows or cow from any other Regulation of the said Order of the 24th day of March with respect to the movement of cattle or otherwise: Provided nevertheless, that in the case of any such cows or cow so certified

as aforesaid the certificate of the Local Authority that such cows or cow are or is free from disease may be accepted in the case of a fat-stock licence by the person authorized to grant the same as sufficient for the purpose of granting such licence, and in the case of a store-stock licence such certificate may be accepted by the Justice as equivalent to the declaration of the owner or his agent and to the certificate of the occupiers required by the form of the said store-stock licence under the said Order of the 24th day of March, 1866.

5. Every person guilty of an offence against this Order shall for each such offence incur a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds; and where any such offence is committed with respect to more than four animals a penalty not exceeding five pounds for each animal may be imposed instead of the penalty of twenty pounds.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 26th day of May, 1866.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

PRESENT,

Lord President.  
Lord Privy Seal.  
Sir George Grey, Bart.  
Mr. Milner Gibson.  
Mr. Bruce.

**W**HEREAS by an Act passed in the session of the eleventh and twelfth years of Her present Majesty's reign, chapter one hundred and seven, intituled "An Act to prevent until the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and to the end of the then session of Parliament, the spreading of contagious or infectious disorders among sheep, cattle, and other animals," and from time to time continued by divers subsequent Acts, and lastly, by an Act passed in the session of the twenty-eighth and twenty-ninth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter one hundred and nineteen, it is (amongst other things) enacted that it shall be lawful for the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Privy Council, or any two or more of them from time to time to make such Orders and Regulations as to them may seem necessary for the purpose of prohibiting or regulating the removal to or from such parts or places as they may designate in such Order or Orders, of sheep, cattle, horses, swine, or other animals, or of meat, skins, hides, horns, hoofs, or other parts of any animals, or of hay, straw, fodder, or other articles likely to propagate infection; and to make any other Orders or Regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the said Act, and again to revoke, alter, or vary any such Orders or Regulations; and that all provisions for any of the purposes aforesaid in any such Order or Orders contained shall have the like force and effect as if the same had been inserted in the said Act:

And whereas the said Act has been amended and explained by an Act passed in the twenty-ninth year of Her present Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the Act of the eleventh and twelfth years of Her present Majesty,