

(held by adjournment) assembled, at Ruthin, on the 5th day of March, 1866, did make the following declaration and order :—

“In pursuance of all or any Order or Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council relating to the cattle plague, it is further declared and ordered, that the orders and declarations of this Court, with regard to the removal of cows, heifers, bull-, bullocks, oxen, calves, sheep, lambs, swine, raw or untanned hides, skins, horns, hoofs, offal, dung, hay, straw, fodder or litter, dated severally the 4th day and the 29th day of January, 1866, shall be extended and be in force from the time of the publication of a notice hereof by the Clerk of the Peace for this county in any newspaper circulating within the county of Denbigh, until and inclusive of the 17th day of March, 1866.”

Except that the license to remove sheep, lambs, or swine, within the hundreds of Isald and Isdulas, shall extend to eight days in such hundreds, instead of three days.

And except that it shall be lawful to remove hay and straw, under a license of removal to be obtained from a Justice of this county, upon proving, by a declaration made by the owner or a competent witness, that no animals have been suffering from the cattle plague on the land or premises in the occupation of the said owner within the space of thirty days before the granting of such license; and in case such disease has existed on such land or premises antecedent to such thirty days, then upon the certificate (in addition to the said declaration) of the Inspector of the district, that the disease has not existed for thirty days on such land or premises, and that the buildings thereon have been properly disinfected for the space of thirty days.

Dated the 5th day of March, 1866.

By the Court,
Joseph Peers, Clerk of the Peace.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

Parliamentary Burgh of Kirkaldy.

NOTICE is hereby given by the local authority of said burgh under the above-mentioned Act,

1. That no cattle will be allowed to be brought within the jurisdiction of the local authority without a proper certificate, and for the purpose of immediate slaughter, and the burgh and police officers are authorised to see this order enforced, and to report to the local authority any contravention of the same.

2. No cattle will be allowed to be removed from one place to another within the jurisdiction of the local authority without their permission.

3. That Mr. Andrew Balfour, Veterinary Surgeon, Balwearie, by Kirkaldy, is appointed Inspector, under the local authority, and Messrs. Alexander Nicol, Flesher, Kirkaldy, and Thomas Crawford, Cattle Salesman there, have been appointed valuers.

Patrick D. Swan, Provost.

Kirkaldy, 1st March, 1866.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

City of Lincoln.

WHEREAS, under the authority of an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 29th year of the reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled “The Cattle Diseases Prevention Act,

1866,” we, the mayor, aldermen, and citizens of the city of Lincoln, do hereby order and declare that, from the date hereof until further notice, no person shall drive or bring into or through the said city any cattle or animal, except for the purpose of being slaughtered, nor exhibit the same in any market or fair to be held in and for the said city.

And we further give notice and declare, that all cattle and animals brought into the said city as aforesaid, shall be slaughtered within forty-eight hours of the arrival of the same therein, and that no cattle or animal shall be taken or driven out of the said city alive.

Definition of Terms :

Person—Shall include a body of persons, corporate or unincorporate.

Cattle—Shall mean bull, cow, ox, heifer, or calf.

Animal—Shall mean cattle as above defined and swine.

Every person offending against this Order is liable, in pursuance of the several Acts of Parliament and Orders in Council now in force, for every such offence to forfeit any sum (not exceeding £20), which the Justices before whom he or she shall be convicted of such offence may think fit to impose.

Given under our common seal, at a special council meeting held at the Guildhall, in the said city, on Saturday, the 3rd day of March, 1866.

Richard Hall, Mayor.

Jno. Thos. Tweed, Town Clerk.

Notice No. 3.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

County of Merioneth.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by authority and in pursuance of Orders of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated respectively the 16th day of December, 1865, the 20th day of January, 1866, and the 23rd day of February, 1866, and by virtue of the several previous Orders therein referred to, Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Merioneth in Quarter Sessions assembled at Dolgelley, in the said county, on Tuesday, the 27th day of February, 1866, have declared and do now order and declare :—

1. That it is expedient that until the 17th day of March next, no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, or any hides, skins, horns, hoofs, or offal of any such animal, and no dung, hay, straw, corn in the straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, shall be brought from any place in Great Britain beyond the jurisdiction of this county, into any place within the said county of Merioneth.

2. That until such 17th day of March next, no such animal or article as aforesaid, shall be removed or taken to any market or fair within any part of the said county for the purpose of exhibition or sale.

3. That until the 17th day of March next, no such animal or article as above-mentioned, shall be removed from or out of any one Petty Sessional Division of the said county to any other Petty Sessional Division of the said county, except the person or persons so removing any such animals or articles as aforesaid shall be thereunto licensed and empowered by certificate under the hands of