

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 38.)—NORTH ATLANTIC—ISLAND OF TENERIFFE.

Fixed and Flashing Light on Roque Bermejo Point.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 15th day of September, 1864, a light will be exhibited from the lighthouse recently erected on Roque Bermejo point, near the east extreme of the island of Teneriffe.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, varied by a *flash* every *three minutes*. It is placed at an elevation of 810 feet above the mean level of the sea, illumines the arc of the eastern horizon between Drago point to the south and the Anaga rocks to the north, and should be visible in clear weather from a distance of 35 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the first order.

The tower is 39 feet high, slightly conical, of a gray colour, and is attached to the keeper's dwelling. It stands on Roque Bermejo point, at $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles N. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. from Anaga point, and $3\frac{1}{2}$ cables N.W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. from Roque Bermejo islet, which is connected to Roque Bermejo point by a short reef covered at high water. Drago point is between Anaga point and Roque Bermejo point. The position of the lighthouse is given as lat. $28^{\circ} 35' 25''$ N., long. $16^{\circ} 8' 6''$ West of Greenwich.

NORTH ATLANTIC.—NORTH COAST OF SPAIN.

Fixed Light on Santa Clara Island, Port San Sebastian.

Also, that on and after the above date, a light will be exhibited from the lighthouse recently erected on the summit of the eastern part of Santa Clara island, in the middle of the entrance of Port San Sebastian, north coast of Spain.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, elevated 171 feet above the mean level of the sea, and visible at 9 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is 27 feet high, cylindrical, built of blue limestone, and is attached to the north side of the keeper's dwelling. Its position is given as lat. $43^{\circ} 19\frac{1}{2}'$ N., long. $1^{\circ} 59' 36''$ West of Greenwich.

At $1\frac{1}{2}$ cables northward of the island is La Bancha, a rocky shoal of 3 to 6 fathoms water, which breaks in any swell. To avoid its eastern end when entering the port, do not bring the light to the South of S. b. W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W.

[The Bearings are Magnetic. Variation $20^{\circ} 50'$ W. at Teneriffe, $20^{\circ} 15'$ W. at San Sebastian in 1864.]

By command of their Lordships,

Geo. Henry Richards, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
11th July, 1864.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—North Atlantic Ocean, No. 2059; North Atlantic, Eastern Part, No. 2060; Canary Islands, No. 1894; Plan of Teneriffe, No. 1870; Spain, North and West Coasts, No. 2728; and Plan of San Sebastian, No. 78.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 39.)—MEDITERRANEAN—MAJORCA ISLAND.

Fixed Light at Port Soller.

THE Minister of Marine at Madrid has given notice, that on and after the 15th day of September, 1864, a light will be exhibited from the lighthouse recently erected on Cruz point, the eastern point of entrance to the small port of Soller, on the northern coast of Majorca, Balears Isles.

The light will be a *fixed* white light, elevated 77 feet above the mean level of the sea, and visible in clear weather at 9 miles.

The illuminating apparatus is dioptric or by lenses, of the sixth order.

The tower is 40 feet high, slightly conical, of a dark gray colour, and rises from the middle of the keeper's dwelling. Its position is given as lat. $39^{\circ} 48'$ N., long. $2^{\circ} 44' 4''$ East of Greenwich.

BALTIC—THE KATTEGAT.

Temporary Light on Hesselö Island.

The Minister of Marine at Copenhagen has given notice, that on and after the 6th day of August, 1864, a temporary *fixed* light would be shown on the island of Hesselö, in the Kattegat, instead of the flashing light hitherto exhibited.

The temporary light is shown from a lantern, placed about 14 feet from the N.N.E. side of the new tower in course of construction, at the same height as the old light, and is visible in clear weather at a distance of about 10 miles in all directions, except when it bears between South and S.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W., when it is covered by the new tower.

[All Bearings are Magnetic. Variation at Hesselö Island $15^{\circ} 20'$ West in 1864.]

By command of their Lordships,

Gep. Henry Richards, Hydrographer.
Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
11th August, 1864.

This Notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Mediterranean Sea, No. 2158; Mediterranean, 2718 *a* and *b*; Spain, South Coast, No. 1187; and the Kattegat, No. 2114. Also Baltic Lights List, No. 140.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

Department of the Accountant-General
of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-
House, August 16, 1864.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of the schooner, name unknown, or "Margareta," captured on the 17th March, 1863, by Her Majesty's ship "Zebra."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as