



# The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1863.

*Foreign-Office, September 11, 1863.*

THE following Despatch has been addressed by Earl Russell to Lord Napier, Her Majesty's Ambassador at St. Petersburg.

*Foreign Office,  
August 11, 1863.*

MY LORD,

ON the 18th of last month Baron Brunnow communicated to me a despatch which he had received the evening before from Prince Gortchakoff.

This Despatch, of which I inclose a copy,\* is far from being a satisfactory answer to the representation which, in concert with France and Austria, Her Majesty's Government addressed to the Cabinet of St. Petersburg.

The despatch begins, indeed, by stating that "the Imperial Cabinet admits the principle that every Power signing a Treaty has a right to interpret its sense from its own point of view, provided that the interpretation remains within the limits of the meaning that it is possible to put upon it according to the text itself." Prince Gortchakoff adds, "In virtue of this principle the Imperial Cabinet does not dispute this right on the part of any one of the eight Powers which have concurred in the General Act of Vienna of 1815."

Prince Gortchakoff, however, departing widely from the question of the interpretation of the Treaty of Vienna, proceeds to ascribe the continuance of the insurrection in Poland to the moral and material assistance which it receives from without; admits vaguely the six points; rejects the proposed suspension of hostilities; refuses to accept a Conference of the eight Powers who signed the Treaty; and, finally, declares that the re-establishment of order must precede the serious application of any measures destined for the pacification of Poland.

Her Majesty's Government will now proceed to examine calmly the principal topics of Prince Gortchakoff's reply to the considerations brought before him in my despatch.

Prince Gortchakoff, while he admits that confidence on the part of the governed, and the ascendancy of law over arbitrary power, must be the foundation of order and stability, adds that the indispensable corollary to these principles is respect for authority. But the Russian Cabinet cannot

be ignorant that clemency and conciliation are often more effective in establishing respect for authority than material force. It would be a lamentable error to seek to restore that respect by force of arms alone, without the addition of some adequate security for the political and religious rights of the subjects of the King of Poland. Such security the proposals of the three Powers held out to Russia and to Poland alike.

It has pleased the Cabinet of St. Petersburg not to avail itself of this mode of restoring respect for authority.

2. Prince Gortchakoff affirms—and this view is the theme of the beginning and end of his despatch—that the re-establishment of order in Poland is dependent upon a condition to which he had called the attention of the Government of Her Britannic Majesty, "and which is not only unfulfilled, but is not even alluded to in the despatch of Lord Russell; we refer to the material assistance and moral encouragements obtained from abroad by the insurgents."

Her Majesty's Government would have been glad to have avoided this topic, and instead of commenting on the past, to refer only to healing measures for the future.

But thus compelled by Prince Gortchakoff's reference to allude to the subject, Her Majesty's Government have no hesitation in declaring their conviction that the principal obstacle to the re-establishment of order in Poland is not the assistance obtained by the insurgents from abroad, but the conduct of the Russian Government itself.

The Empress Catherine in 1772 promised to the Poles the maintenance of their religion. The Emperor Alexander I in 1815 promised to the Poles national representation and national administration.

These promises have not been fulfilled. During many years the religion of the Poles was attacked, and to the present hour they are not in possession of the political rights assured to them by the Treaty of 1815, and the Constitution of the same year.

The violation of these solemn engagements on the part of the Russian Government produced disaffection, and the sudden invasion of the homes of Warsaw, in a night of January last, was the immediate cause of the present insurrection.

Unless the general feeling in Poland had been estranged from Russia, the moral and material assistance afforded from abroad would have availed the insurgents little. It is true, however, that lively sympathy has been excited in Europe

\* See "Correspondence respecting the Insurrection in Poland, 1863," Part IV, presented to Parliament, July 20, 1863.

in favour of the Poles. In every considerable State where there exists a national representation,—in England, in France, in Austria, in Prussia, in Italy, in Spain, in Portugal, in Sweden, in Denmark,—that sympathy has been manifested. Wherever there is a National Administration, the Administration has shared, though with prudence and reserve in expression, the feelings of the legislature and the nation.

Russia ought to take into account these sympathies, and profit by the lesson which they teach.

3. Prince Gortchakoff lays much stress on the fact, which cannot be denied, that “the insurgents demand neither an amnesty, nor an autonomy, nor a representation more or less complete.”

But it would be a mistake to suppose that in cases of this kind there are only two parties, viz., the Government occupied in suppressing the insurrection, and the leaders of the insurgents busy in fomenting and extending it. Besides these parties there is always in such cases a large floating mass who would be quite contented to see persons and property secure under a just and beneficent Administration. The confidence of this great mass has not been obtained, and their continued inaction can hardly be depended upon.

Her Majesty's Government must again represent the extreme urgency of attempting at once the work of conciliation which is so necessary for the general interest.

In profiting by the loyal and disinterested assistance which is offered her by Austria, France, and Great Britain, the Court of Russia secures to herself the most powerful means towards making ideas of moderation prevail in Poland, and thus laying the foundations of permanent peace.

4. In referring to the Treaty of Vienna, Prince Gortchakoff says that “we should not be far from the truth if we affirmed that the 1st Article of the Treaty of Vienna was prepared by and directly emanated from His Majesty the Emperor Alexander I.”

Her Majesty's Government readily admit the probability of this supposition. In 1815, Great Britain, Austria, France, and Prussia would have preferred to the arrangement finally made, a restoration of the ancient Kingdom of Poland as it existed prior to the first partition of 1772, or even the establishment of a new independent Kingdom of Poland, with the same limits as the present kingdom.

The great army which the Emperor Alexander then had in Poland, the important services which Russia had rendered to the Alliance, and, above all, a fear of the renewal of war in Europe, combined to make Great Britain, Austria, and Prussia, accept the arrangement proposed by the Emperor Alexander, although it was, in their eyes, of the three arrangements in contemplation, the one least likely to produce permanent peace and security in Europe.

But the more Her Majesty's Government see in the decision adopted the prevailing influence of Russia, the more they are impressed with the conviction that the Emperor of Russia ought to be, of all Sovereigns, the most desirous to observe the conditions of that arrangement.

It would not be open to Russia to enjoy all the benefits of a large addition to her dominions, and to repudiate the terms of the instrument upon which her tenure depends.

In stating these terms Prince Gortchakoff says that the only stipulation which can have made it appear doubtful that the Emperor of Russia possessed the Kingdom of Poland by the same title as that by which he holds his other possessions, the only one which could make his rights dependent

upon any condition whatever, is contained in two passages, which he proceeds to quote.

But there is another passage which he does not quote. It is found in the beginning of the 1st Article, and says :—

“The Duchy of Warsaw, with the exception of the provinces and districts which are otherwise disposed of by the following Articles, is united to the Russian Empire, to which it shall be irrevocably attached by its Constitution, and be possessed by His Majesty the Emperor of all the Russias, his heirs and successors in perpetuity.”

Were not a national representation intended by this Article it would have been sufficient to say, “to which it shall be irrevocably attached,” without any mention of a Constitution.

It is, therefore, evident that the Constitution is the link by which Poland was connected with Russia. It is important to know what this Constitution was which united Poland and Russia. It was not prescribed by the Treaty; it was not promulgated by the European Powers; its construction was left entirely to the Emperor Alexander: but nevertheless, when once promulgated, it must be taken to be the Constitution meant by the framers of the Treaty of Vienna.

It was for this reason that Her Majesty's Government proposed as the second of the six points laid before the Government of Russia, “national representation with powers similar to those which are fixed by the Charter of the 14th November, 1815.”

5. Passing to the specific propositions of Her Majesty's Government, Prince Gortchakoff says in regard to the six points, that the greater part of the measures which were pointed out by the three Powers “have already been either decreed or prepared on the initiative of our august Master.”

Towards the end of the despatch an allusion is made to “the measures which His Majesty adheres to, both in the germs already laid down, and in the development of them which he has allowed to be foreseen.”

This passage, though far from being a definite assurance either of a national representation with efficacious means of control, or of a national administration, gives some hope that the Emperor Alexander will ultimately listen to the inspirations of his own benevolent disposition and to the counsels of Europe.

The proposal of a suspension of hostilities is rejected “in justice to the Emperor's faithful army, to the peaceable majority of Poles, and to Russia, on whom these agitations impose painful sacrifices.”

The proposal of a Conference of the Powers who signed the Treaty of Vienna is rejected, and with it the prospect of an immediate and friendly concert.

In the place of this fair and equitable proposal, the Russian Cabinet suggests that the three Powers who proposed the separate Treaties between Austria and Russia, and Prussia and Russia, previously to the General Treaty of Vienna, should meet together, and that France and Great Britain should be afterwards informed of the result of their deliberations.

There are two reasons, either of which would be sufficient to condemn this suggestion :—

1. The Treaties in question, taken apart from the provisions inserted in the General Treaty of Vienna, have reference only to material objects,—the use of the banks of rivers, the regulations for towing paths, the free passage of merchandize from one province to another, and such other matters of convenience and of commerce. No

political developments or details are contained in them.

2. It is obvious that such a Conference would place Austria in a false position, and be inconsistent with her relations to France and Great Britain.

His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, therefore, with a proper sense of his own dignity, has at once rejected the Russian proposal.

In communicating their views to Prince Gortchakoff, it remains to Her Majesty's Government to discharge an imperative duty.

It is to call his Excellency's most serious attention to the gravity of the situation, and the responsibility which it imposes upon Russia.

Great Britain, Austria, and France have pointed out the urgent necessity of putting an end to a deplorable state of things which is full of danger to Europe. They have at the same time indicated the means which, in their opinion, ought to be employed to arrive at this termination, and they have offered their co-operation in order to attain it with more certainty.

If Russia does not perform all that depends upon her to further the moderate and conciliatory views of the three Powers, if she does not enter upon the path which is opened to her by friendly counsels, she makes herself responsible for the serious consequences which the prolongation of the troubles of Poland may produce.

I am, &c.

(Signed) RUSSELL.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT;

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**I**T is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Parliament which stands prorogued to Wednesday, the fourteenth day of October next, be further prorogued to Tuesday, the first day of December next.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**I**T is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council, that the Convocations of the Provinces of Canterbury and York, be prorogued from the day to which the same now stands prorogued, to Wednesday, the second day of December next.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the rules and practice observed for the purpose of preventing collisions at sea, which were formerly adopted by maritime

nations, have proved insufficient to satisfy the requirements of modern navigation; and whereas various alterations in such rules and practice have from time to time been made by different nations, but the rules so altered have been found to be in some cases inconsistent with each other, and in other cases to have the force of municipal law only; and whereas certain regulations for the purpose aforesaid have been sanctioned by "The Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1862," and are contained in the table C, in the schedule to that Act; And whereas for the purpose of correcting certain clerical errors the said regulations have, in pursuance of the provisions in the said Act contained, been modified by an Order in Council bearing date the 9th day of January, 1863, and the said regulations, so modified, are appended to the said Order, and to this Order; And whereas by virtue of the said Act and of the said Order the said regulations so appended as aforesaid, so far as relates to British and French ships and also so far as relates to other foreign ships when within British Jurisdiction, came into operation on the first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three; And whereas it is provided by the same Act, that, whenever it is made to appear to Her Majesty that the Government of any foreign country is willing that the regulations for preventing collision contained in Table C in the schedule to the said Act, or such other regulations for preventing collision as are for the time being in force under the said Act should apply to the ships of such country when beyond the limits of British Jurisdiction, Her Majesty may by Order in Council direct that such regulations shall apply to the ships of the said foreign country, whether within British Jurisdiction or not. And it is further provided by the said Act than whenever an Order in Council has been issued applying any regulation made by or in pursuance of the said Act to the ships of any foreign country such ships shall, in all cases arising in any British Court, be deemed to be subject to such regulation, and shall for the purpose of such regulation be treated as if they were British ships: And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the following Governments, that is to say:—

The Government of His Majesty the King of the Netherlands, and

The Government of the Argentine Republic, are willing that the said Regulations appended to the said Order, and to this Order should apply to ships belonging to their respective countries when beyond the limits of British jurisdiction.

And whereas it has also been made to appear to Her Majesty, that

The Government of His Majesty the King of Sweden and Norway.

is willing that the said Regulations appended to the said Order and to this Order should, on and after the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, apply to ships belonging to Norway when beyond the limits of British jurisdiction;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in Her by the said recited Act, and by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, is pleased to direct,

That the said regulations appended to the said Order in Council, bearing date the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and to this Order, shall from the date of

this Order apply to ships belonging to the following countries, that is to say:—

The Netherlands,  
The Argentine Republic, and  
Norway,

whether within British jurisdiction or not

*Arthur Helps.*

## REGULATIONS REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER.

### REGULATIONS FOR PREVENTING COLLISIONS AT SEA.

#### *Contents.*

#### Article 1. Preliminary.

##### RULES CONCERNING LIGHTS.

2. Lights to be carried as follows:—
3. Lights for Steam Ships.
4. Lights for Steam Tugs
5. Lights for Sailing Ships.
6. Exceptional Lights for small Sailing Vessels.
7. Lights for Ships at Anchor.
8. Lights for Pilot Vessels.
9. Lights for Fishing Vessels and Boats.

##### RULES CONCERNING FOG SIGNALS.

10. Fog Signals.

##### STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

11. Two Sailing Ships meeting.
12. Two Sailing Ships crossing.
13. Two Ships under steam meeting.
14. Two Ships under steam crossing.
15. Sailing Ship and Ship under steam.
16. Ships under steam to slacken speed.
17. Vessels overtaking other vessels.
18. Construction of Articles 12, 14, 15 and 17.
19. Proviso to save special cases.
20. No Ship under any circumstances to neglect proper precautions.

#### PRELIMINARY.

Art. 1. In the following Rules every Steam Ship which is under sail and not under steam is to be considered a Sailing Ship; and every Steam Ship which is under steam, whether under sail or not, is to be considered a ship under steam.

##### RULES CONCERNING LIGHTS.

#### *Lights.*

Art. 2. The Lights mentioned in the following Articles, numbered 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9, and no others, shall be carried in all weathers, from sunset to sunrise.

#### *Lights for Steam Ships.*

Art. 3. Sea-going Steam-ships when under weigh shall carry:

(a.) *At the Foremast Head*, a bright White Light, so fixed as to show an uniform and unbroken Light over an arc of the horizon of 20 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light 10 points on each side of the ship, viz., from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on either side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least five miles:

(b.) *On the Starboard Side*, a Green Light so constructed as to throw an uniform and unbroken Light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from

right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the starboard side; and of such a character as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles?

(c.) *On the Port Side*, a Red Light, so constructed as to show an uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass; so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the port side; and of such a character, as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least two miles.

(d.) The said Green and Red Side Lights shall be fitted with inboard screens, projecting at least three feet forward from the Light, so as to prevent these lights from being seen across the bow.

#### *Lights for Steam Tugs.*

Art. 4. Steam Ships, when towing other ships, shall carry two bright White Mast-head Lights vertically, in addition to their side lights, so as to distinguish them from other Steam Ships. Each of these Mast-head Lights shall be of the same construction and character as the Mast-head Lights which other Steam-Ships are required to carry.

#### *Lights for Sailing Ships.*

Art. 5. Sailing Ships under weigh, or being towed, shall carry the same lights as Steam Ships under weigh, with the exception of the White Mast-head Lights, which they shall never carry.

#### *Exceptional Lights for small Sailing Vessels.*

Art. 6. Whenever, as in the case of small vessels during bad weather, the Green and Red lights cannot be fixed, these lights shall be kept on deck, on their respective sides of the vessel, ready for instant exhibition; and shall, on the approach of or to other vessels, be exhibited on their respective sides in sufficient time to prevent collision, in such manner as to make them most visible, and so that the Green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the Red light on the starboard side.

To make the use of these portable lights more certain and easy, the lanterns containing them shall each be painted outside with the colour of the light they respectively contain, and shall be provided with suitable screens.

#### *Lights for Ships at Anchor.*

Art. 7. Ships, whether steam ships or sailing ships, when at anchor in roadsteads or fairways, shall exhibit, where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding twenty-feet above the hull, a White Light, in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light visible all round the horizon, and at a distance of at least one mile.

#### *Lights for Pilot Vessels.*

Art. 8. Sailing Pilot Vessels shall not carry the lights required for other sailing vessels, but shall carry a White Light at the mast head, visible all round the horizon,—and shall also exhibit a Flare-up Light every fifteen minutes.

#### *Lights for Fishing Vessels and Boats.*

Art. 9. Open Fishing Boats and other open boats shall not be required to carry the side lights required for other vessels; but shall, if they do not carry such lights, carry a lantern having a Green Slide on the one side and a Red Slide on the other side; and on the approach of or to other vessels, such lantern shall be exhibited in sufficient time to prevent collision, so that the Green light shall not be seen on the port side, nor the Red light on the starboard side.



Fishing Vessels and open boats when at anchor, or attached to their nets and stationary, shall exhibit a bright White Light.

Fishing Vessels and open boats shall, however, not be prevented from using a Flare-up in addition, if considered expedient.

#### RULES CONCERNING FOG SIGNALS.

##### *Fog Signals.*

Art. 10. Whenever there is fog, whether by day or night, the Fog Signals described below shall be carried and used, and shall be sounded at least every five minutes, viz. :—

(a.) Steam Ships under weigh shall use a Steam Whistle placed before the funnel, not less than eight feet from the deck :

(b.) Sailing ships under weigh shall use a Fog Horn :

(c.) Steam Ships and Sailing Ships when not under weigh shall use a Bell.

#### STEERING AND SAILING RULES.

##### *Two Sailing Ships meeting.*

Art. 11. If Two Sailing Ships are meeting end on or nearly end on so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

##### *Two Sailing Ships crossing.*

Art. 12. When two sailing ships are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, then, if they have the wind on different sides, the ship with the wind on the port side shall keep out of the way of the ship with the wind on the starboard side ; except in the case in which the ship with the wind on the port side is close hauled and the other ship free, in which case the latter ship shall keep out of the way ; but if they have the wind on the same side, or if one of them has the wind aft, the ship which is to windward shall keep out of the way of the ship which is to leeward.

##### *Two Ships under Steam Meeting.*

Art. 13. If two ships under steam are meeting end on or nearly end on so as to involve risk of collision, the helms of both shall be put to port, so that each may pass on the port side of the other.

##### *Two Ships under Steam Crossing.*

Art. 14. If two ships under steam are crossing so as to involve risk of collision, the ship which has the other on her own starboard side shall keep out of the way of the other.

##### *Sailing Ship and Ship under Steam.*

Art. 15. If two ships, one of which is a sailing ship, and the other a steam ship, are proceeding in such directions as to involve risk of collision, the steam ship shall keep out of the way of the sailing ship.

##### *Ships under Steam to slacken Speed.*

Art. 16. Every steam ship, when approaching another ship so as to involve risk of collision, shall slacken her speed, or, if necessary, stop and reverse ; and every steam ship shall, when in a fog, go at a moderate speed.

##### *Vessels overtaking other Vessels.*

Art. 17. Every vessel overtaking any other vessel shall keep out of the way of the said last-mentioned vessel.

##### *Construction of Articles 12, 14, 15, and 17.*

Art. 18. Where by the above rules one of two ships is to keep out of the way, the other shall keep her course, subject to the qualifications contained in the following Article.

##### *Proviso to save special cases.*

Art. 19. In obeying and construing these rules, due regard must be had to all dangers of navigation ; and due regard must also be had to any special circumstances which may exist in any particular case rendering a departure from the above rules necessary in order to avoid immediate danger.

##### *No Ship, under any circumstances, to neglect proper precautions.*

Art. 20. Nothing in these Rules shall exonerate any ship, or the owner, or master, or crew thereof, from the consequences of any neglect to carry lights or signals, or of any neglect to keep a proper look-out, or of the neglect of any precaution which may be required by the ordinary practice of seamen, or by the special circumstances of the case.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

#### PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council for the government of Her Majesty's subjects being within the dominions of the Kings of Siam, bearing date the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, Her Majesty was pleased (amongst other things) to give authority to any of Her Majesty's Consuls within the dominions of the Kings of Siam, to cause any British subject who, after having been twice convicted of, and punished for, any crime or offence, shall not be able to find good and sufficient security for his good behaviour, or who may be convicted before any such Consul of any of certain particular crimes therein enumerated to be sent out of the dominions of the Kings of Siam :

And whereas it is expedient to make further provision against the return of any such British subject so sent out of the dominions of the Kings of Siam as aforesaid :

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of all the powers enabling Her in this behalf, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

I. It shall not be lawful for any person who shall hereafter be sent out of the dominions of the Kings of Siam by any of Her Majesty's Consuls within the said dominions, under and by virtue of the authority given to such Consuls by the said Order in Council of the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, or under and by virtue of this present Order, afterwards to return to, and again take up his abode within, any part of the said dominions, without Her Majesty's express permission, to be signified in writing by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

II. If any such person shall return to, and take up his abode within, any part of the said dominions, contrary to this present Order, he shall, if duly summoned to appear and answer for so doing

before any of the said Consuls, be punishable by a fine, not exceeding two hundred dollars, or by imprisonment, for a term not exceeding one calendar month; and, in addition to such punishment, every such person shall be bound to find good and sufficient security, to the satisfaction of the Consul, for his future good behaviour; and, in the event of his failing so to do, it shall be lawful for the said Consul, at any time afterwards, to cause him to be again sent out of the dominions of the Kings of Siam, in the manner provided by the said Order in Council of the twenty-eighth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by two several Orders of Her Majesty in Council for the government of Her Majesty's subjects being within the dominions of the Emperor of China, or being within any ship or vessel at a distance of not more than one hundred miles from the coast of China, bearing date the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, respectively, Her Majesty was pleased (amongst other things) to give authority to any of Her Majesty's Consuls within the dominions of the Emperor of China to cause any British subject, who after having been twice convicted of, and punished for, any crime or offence, shall not be able to find good and sufficient security for his good behaviour, or who may be convicted before such Consul of any of certain particular crimes therein enumerated, to be sent out of the dominions of the Emperor of China, in the manner therein mentioned:

And whereas it is expedient to make further provision against the return of any such British subject so sent out of the dominions of the Emperor of China as aforesaid:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty by virtue of all powers, enabling Her in this behalf, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

I. It shall not be lawful for any person who shall hereafter be sent out of the dominions of the Emperor of China by any of Her Majesty's Consuls within the said dominions under and by virtue of the authority given to such Consuls by the said Orders in Council of the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven respectively, or under and by virtue of this present Order, afterwards to return to, and again take up his abode within, any part of the said dominions, without Her Majesty's permission, to be signified in writing by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

II. If any such person shall return to, and take up his abode within, any part of the said dominions contrary to this present Order, he shall, if duly summoned to appear and answer for so doing before any of the said Consuls, be punishable by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, or by imprisonment, for a term not exceeding one calendar month; and, in addition to such punishment, every such person shall be bound to find good and sufficient security, to the satisfaction of the Consul, for his future good behaviour; and, in the event of his

failing so to do, it shall be lawful for the said Consul at any time afterwards to cause him to be again sent out of the dominions of the Emperor of China, in the manner by the said Orders in Council of the thirteenth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-three, and the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, respectively, provided in that behalf.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by an Act of the Session of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to remove doubts as to the exercise of power and jurisdiction by Her Majesty within divers countries and places out of Her Majesty's dominions, and to render the same more effectual," it is enacted (amongst other things), that it is and shall be lawful for Her Majesty to hold, exercise, and enjoy any power or jurisdiction which Her Majesty now hath, or at any time hereafter may have within any country or place out of Her Majesty's dominions, in the same and as ample a manner as if Her Majesty had acquired such power or jurisdiction by the cession or conquest of territory:

And whereas Her Majesty hath power and jurisdiction in the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan:

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased on the twenty-third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to issue a certain Order for the exercise of the said power and jurisdiction, whereby (amongst other things) authority is given to any of Her Majesty's Consuls within the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, to cause any British subject, who after having been twice convicted of, and punished for, any crime or offence, shall not be able to find good and sufficient security for his good behaviour, or who may be convicted before such Consul of any of certain particular crimes therein enumerated, to be sent out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, in the manner therein mentioned:

And whereas it is expedient to make further provision against the return of any such British subject so sent out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan as aforesaid:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the above recited Act of Parliament, Her Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

I. It shall not be lawful for any person who shall hereafter be sent out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan by any of Her Majesty's Consuls within the said dominions, under and by virtue of the authority given to such Consuls by the said Order in Council of the twenty-third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, or under and by virtue of this present Order, afterwards to return to, and again take up his abode within, any part of the said dominions, without Her Majesty's express permission, to be signified in writing by one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

II. If any such person shall return to, and take up his abode within, any part of the said dominions, contrary to this present Order, he shall, if duly

summoned to appear and answer for so doing before any of the said Consuls, be punishable by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, or by imprisonment, for a term not exceeding one calendar month: and, in addition to such punishment every such person shall be bound to find good and sufficient security, to the satisfaction of the Consul, for his future good behaviour; and, in the event of his failing so to do, it shall be lawful for the said Consul at any time afterwards to cause him to be again sent out of the dominions of the Tycoon of Japan, in the manner provided by the said Order in Council of the twenty-third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by the 332nd section of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, it is enacted that it shall be lawful for any pilotage authority by bye-law, made with the consent of Her Majesty in Council, to exempt the masters of any ships, or of any classes of ships, from being compelled to employ qualified pilots, and to annex any terms or conditions to such exemptions, and to revise and extend any exemptions now existing, by virtue of this Act, or any other Act of Parliament, law, or charter, or by usage upon such terms and conditions and in such manner as may appear desirable to such authority;

And whereas by the 136th section of the Clyde Navigation Consolidation Act, 1858, it was (among other things) provided that it should not be lawful for any person to navigate without a pilot, or for any person except the pilots licensed by the then existing pilotage authorities, or by the Pilot Board, as therein provided, to act in piloting any vessel exceeding sixty tons burthen in any part of the River Clyde, as defined by that Act; and that every person navigating or piloting or attempting to navigate or pilot any vessel exceeding the said burthen in any part of the river, without being so licensed, should be liable to the penalty therein mentioned; And whereas the Pilot Board, constituted by the Clyde Navigation Consolidation Act, 1858, being the pilotage authority for the River Clyde within the meaning of the first recited Act, have made and submitted to Her Majesty in Council a bye-law, a copy of which is set forth in the schedule hereunto annexed; And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that the said bye-law is reasonable and proper;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty by virtue of the power vested in Her by the said first recited Act, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to approve of, and doth hereby approve of, and signify Her consent to the said bye-law as a bye-law of the said Pilot Board, with respect to the piloting of vessels in the River Clyde.

*Arthur Helps.*

SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Order refers.

From and after the expiration of one calendar month next after the publication in the London Gazette of the Order signifying the consent of Her Majesty in Council to this bye-law, notwithstanding anything in section 136, or any other provision of

the Clyde Navigation Consolidation Act, 1858, contained, the master or owner of any vessel of the registered tonnage burthen of more than sixty but less than one hundred tons, navigating the River Clyde, and being towed or hauled by steam power, shall be exempt from being obliged to employ or have on board a licensed pilot, or to pay for a licensed pilot when not employing one: Provided always that the towing-vessel or steam-tug shall be in charge of, or navigated by, a duly licensed pilot for the River Clyde: And provided further that nothing herein contained shall authorize or imply any right of exemption in favour of vessels exceeding the said registered tonnage or burthen to employ and pay a licensed pilot on board when navigating or plying upon the said river, in the terms of, and in so far as required by, the said Clyde Navigation Consolidation Act, 1858.

The superannuation fund for the benefit of pilots and their families established by the Pilot Board under the authority of the Clyde Navigation Acts, and the bye-laws and regulations and rates of pilotage passed and fixed by that Board under or by virtue of the said Acts, shall all remain in full force and effect, so far as the same may not be directly or indirectly altered or verified by this bye-law.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT.

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by the 333rd Section of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, it is enacted that, subject to the provisions contained in the fifth part of that Act, it shall be lawful for every pilotage authority, by bye-law, made with the consent of Her Majesty, to do within its districts all or any of the things specified in that behalf in the said section; and "to repeal or alter any bye-law made in exercise of the above powers, and "to make a new bye-law in lieu thereof;" and whereas the Corporation of the Guild or Brotherhood of Masters and Pilots Seamen of the Trinity House in Kingston-upon-Hull, being a pilotage authority within the aforesaid provision, made certain bye-laws with respect to pilotage by Masters and Mates of ships, in the districts of the said Corporation, which bye-laws were approved by Her Majesty in Council, on the 31st day of July, 1858; and whereas the sixth of the said bye-laws provides that "Every application for renewal of "any certificate granted by the said Corporation, "shall be made in writing, and shall be deposited "seven days at least before the period of the "expiration of such certificate in the said War-den's Clerk's office, at Kingston-upon-Hull, in "cases where such certificate shall have been "granted for or from the Humber, and in the "office of the said Sub-Commissioners of pilotage "at such one of the outports as such renewed "certificates may be required for; but any such "application may be entertained, although not "made within the said specified time, if the "pilotage authority think fit."

And whereas the said Corporation have submitted, for the assent of Her Majesty in Council, a new bye-law, a copy of which is set forth in the schedule hereunto annexed, to be in lieu of the sixth bye-law, hereinbefore recited;

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty, that the said new bye-law is reasonable and proper;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in Her by the said recited Act, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to approve, and doth hereby approve of, and signify Her consent to the said new bye-law, in lieu of the sixth bye-law hereinbefore recited.

*Arthur Helps.*

#### SCHEDULE.

6. Every application for renewal of any certificate granted by the said Corporation, shall be made in writing, and shall be deposited, seven days at least, before the period of the expiration of such certificate, in the said Warden's Clerk's Office, at Kingston-upon-Hull, in cases where such certificate shall have been granted for or from the Humber, and in the office of the said Sub-Commissioners of Pilotage, at such one of the outports as such renewed certificate may be required for; but any such application may be entertained, although not made within the said specified time if the pilotage authority think fit; nevertheless, the party then applying shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings, unless a sufficient and satisfactory reason (to be approved of by the Wardens and Brethren of the said Corporation), for not having applied previously, shall be assigned.

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The **QUEEN's** Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by the 410th section of the "Merchant Shipping Act, 1854," it is enacted, that upon the completion of any new lighthouse, buoy, or beacon, Her Majesty may, by Order in Council, fix such dues in respect thereof, to be paid by the master or owner of any ship which passes the same or derives benefit therefrom, as Her Majesty may deem reasonable, and may from time to time alter the amount thereof; and that such dues shall be paid and collected in the same manner, by the same means, and subject to the same conditions, in, by, and subject to which the light dues authorised to be levied by the said Act are paid and collected. And whereas the Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses are erecting and about to light a new lighthouse on the Monach Islands, near the island of North Uist, West Coast of Scotland.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in exercise of the powers vested in Her by the said recited Act, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to direct that upon the completion and lighting of the said light there shall be paid in respect of the said light for every vessel, whether British or foreign, which may pass or derive benefit from such light, the toll of sixteen-sixteenths of a penny per ton of the burthen of every such vessel, for each time of passing or deriving benefit therefrom, if on an oversea voyage; and two sixteenths of a penny per ton for each time of passing or deriving benefit therefrom, if on a coasting voyage. And that the said tolls in respect of the said lighthouse shall be levied by the Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses, subject to the gross abatement or discount of sixty per cent., mentioned in an Order of Council, made under the authority of the said recited Act, and dated the twenty-fifth day of July, one thousand eight

hundred and sixty-one, and subject also to the regulations and exemptions contained in the consolidated tables of light duties, sanctioned by an Order in Council, dated the twenty-sixth day of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five, and to the further exemption sanctioned by an Order in Council, dated the twelfth day of April, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The **QUEEN's** Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the fifth year of His Majesty King George the Fourth, chapter one hundred and three; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a representation, bearing date the seventh day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four, of the Act of the fifth year of His Majesty King George the Fourth, chapter one hundred and three; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five, have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint John the Baptist, situate at Hartford, in the parochial chapelry of Witton-cum-Twam-brooks, within the parish of Great Budworth, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester.

"Whereas it has been represented to us that the said church of Saint John the Baptist, situate at Hartford aforesaid, was built by subscription, under and by virtue of the powers or authorities for such purpose contained in the secondly hereinbefore mentioned Act, and that the same church was duly consecrated on or about the eighth day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four.

"And whereas it has been further represented to us that the several persons whose individual subscriptions to the fund raised for the erection of such church amounted to fifty pounds and upwards, did, in accordance with the powers or authorities contained in the Act lastly herein referred to, elect from among themselves three trustees as the life trustees of the same church, for the several purposes contemplated by the same Act, and that James Royds, of Hartford, Esquire, is one of such subscribers, and is also one of the three trustees who were so elected as life trustees as aforesaid, and that with the exception of the said James Royds, all such subscribers, and all the said life trustees are now dead.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the

said church of Saint John the Baptist, situate at Hartford aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend John, Bishop of Chester, the Bishop of the diocese (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), and with the consent of the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Christ, at Oxford, the patrons of the vicarage of the said parish of Great Budworth (testified by their having affixed their common or corporate seal to this representation), and with the consents of the Reverend Samuel Hay Cooke, the Vicar or Incumbent of such last-mentioned vicarage; of the Reverend Richard Greenall, of Stretton, near Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Clerk, the patron of the perpetual curacy of the said parochial chapelry of Witton-cum-Twambrooks; of the Reverend George Gibbons, the Incumbent of the same perpetual curacy; of the said James Royds; and of the Reverend James Royds the younger, the Minister or Incumbent of the said church of Saint John the Baptist, situate at Hartford (testified by their having respectively signed and sealed this representation); we humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those portions of the said parochial chapelry of Witton-cum-Twambrooks, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church of Saint John the Baptist, situate at Hartford aforesaid, and should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint John, Hartford.'

"And with the like consents of the said John, Bishop of Chester, the said dean and chapter of the cathedral church of Christ, in Oxford, the said Samuel Hay Cooke, Richard Greenall, George Gibbons, James Royds, and James Royds the younger (testified as aforesaid), we further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at the church of Saint John the Baptist, situate at Hartford aforesaid, and that the fees to be received in respect of the solemnization or performance of the aforesaid offices should be paid and belong to the minister or incumbent of the same church for the time being: Provided always that so long as the said George Gibbons shall remain incumbent of the said parochial chapelry of Witton-cum-Twambrooks, all the fees to be received in respect of the publication and solemnization or performance of the said offices, at the said church of Saint John the Baptist, at Hartford aforesaid, shall be paid by the minister or incumbent thereof to the said George Gibbons.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto, as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint John, Hartford, being:—

"All that portion of the parochial chapelry of Witton-cum-Twambrooks, within the parish of Great Budworth, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester, which is comprised within that part of the township of Hartford, which is situate within the said parish of Great Budworth, and also all that portion of the said parochial

chapelry within the same parish, which is comprised within so much of the township of Winnington, as is situate to the south east of an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary dividing the said parochial chapelry from the parish of Weaverham, in the same county and diocese, at a point on the western side of the road leading from Hartford to Winnington, opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'H. St. J. D. C. 1853,' and placed on the eastern side of such road at the south-western extremity of the fence dividing the close numbered 30A, upon the tithe commutation map of the said township of Winnington, and upon the map hereunto annexed from the close numbered 27, upon the same maps, and extending thence in a direct line north-eastward across the said road to the said boundary stone, and continuing thence in the same direction along the middle of the said fence, and of the fences dividing the closes numbered respectively 30, 34, 35, 38, and 37, upon the said maps, from the closes numbered respectively 27 as aforesaid, 39, 40, and 41, upon the same maps, to the boundary dividing the said township of Winnington and the said parochial chapelry of Witton-cum-Twambrooks, from a detached portion of the parish of Weaverham aforesaid, at the eastern extremity of the fence which divides the close numbered 37, from the close numbered 41, upon the before-mentioned maps."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Chester.

*Arthur Helps.*

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared, and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the eleventh day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Margaret, situate at Tyler's Green, in the particular district of Hazlemere, in the

county of Buckingham, and in the diocese of Oxford.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said particular district of Hazlemere, of the parish of High Wycombe, in the same county and diocese, and of the parish of Penn, also in the same county and diocese, which lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of the particular district and parishes aforesaid.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient, that such contiguous portions of the said particular district of Hazlemere and of the said parishes of High Wycombe and Penn should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint Margaret, situate at Tyler's Green aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consents of the Right Reverend Samuel, Bishop of Oxford (the bishop of the diocese), of the Right Honorable and Reverend Wriothesley Russell, commonly called Lord Wriothesley Russell, rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of Chenies, in the said county of Buckingham, of the Honorable and Reverend Lowther John Barrington, rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of West Tytherly, in the county of Southampton, of the Reverend Joseph Penn, Clerk, minister of Blackheath-park Chapel, situate at Blackheath, in the county of Kent, and of John Labouchere, of Birch-in-lane, in the city of London, Esquire, the patrons of the perpetual curacy of the said particular district of Hazlemere, of the Right Honorable Robert John, Baron Carington, the patron of the vicarage of the said parish of High Wycombe, and of the Right Honorable Richard William Penn, Earl Howe, the patron of the vicarage of the said parish of Penn (in testimony whereof they have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said particular district of Hazlemere, and of the said parishes of High Wycombe and Penn, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Margaret, situate at Tyler's Green aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Margaret, Tyler's Green;' and we further represent that it has been mutually agreed between the said Lord Wriothesley Russell, Lowther John Barrington, Joseph Penn, John Labouchere, Robert John, Baron Carington, and Richard William Penn, Earl Howe (testified as aforesaid), that the right of nomination and appointment to the church of the said consolidated chapelry of Saint Margaret, Tyler's Green, shall belong to and be vested in William Herrick, of Beaumanoir Park, in the county of Leicester, Esquire, and his heirs, to the use of the said Richard William Penn, Earl Howe, and his assigns, during his life, without impeachment of or for any manner of waste; and from and immediately after the decease of the said Richard William Penn, Earl Howe, to the use of the Honorable George Augustus Frederick Louis Curzon, commonly called Viscount Curzon, and his assigns, during his life, without impeachment of or for any manner of waste; and from and immediately after his decease to such of the uses upon, and for such of the trusts, and with, under, and subject to such of the powers, provisions, declarations, and agreements, in and by a certain indenture of settlement, dated the twenty-

ninth of May, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, and expressed to be made between the said Richard William Penn, Earl Howe, of the first part; the said George Augustus Frederick Louis Curzon, commonly called Viscount Curzon, of the second part; the said William Herrick, and Henry William Woodhouse, Esquire (since deceased), of the third part; and the Honorable Anthony John Ashley, and Henry Gerrard Stuart, of the fourth part; limited, expressed, declared, and contained of and concerning the hereditaments therein comprised as may then be subsisting or capable of taking effect.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

#### The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Margaret, Tyler's Green, being:—

"All that portion of the particular district of Hazlemere, in the county of Buckingham, and in the diocese of Oxford; and also all those portions of the parish of High Wycombe, in the same county and diocese, and of the parish of Penn, in the same county and diocese, which are comprised within and bounded by an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary dividing the said particular district of Hazlemere from the said parish of Penn, at a boundary stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C., 1863, No. 1,' and placed upon the western side of the road leading from Penn to Hazlemere, at a point near Rushmoor Pond, and due east of the north-eastern end of the fence dividing the close numbered 292 upon the tithe commutation map of the said parish of High Wycombe, and upon the map hereunto annexed, from the close numbered 1047 upon the same maps; and extending thence, first westward, in a straight line to such fence, and then south-westward along the middle of the same fence, and then either south-westward or north-westward, along the middle of the fences dividing the closes numbered respectively 293, 294, 295, 296, and 297 upon the said maps from the closes numbered respectively 1047 as aforesaid, 1046, and 1044 upon the same maps, to a boundary stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C., 1863, No. 2,' and placed at the south-western extremity of the fence dividing the close numbered 297 from the close numbered 1044 as aforesaid, and extending thence in a direct line south-westward (crossing King's Wood), to a point upon the boundary dividing the said particular district of Hazlemere from the parish of High Wycombe aforesaid, in the middle of the road leading from Hazlemere, past the ruins of Micklefields Farm, to Wycombe Marsh; and extending thence in a direction generally south-westward along the middle of such road (passing New Micklefields Farm) for a distance of twelve hundred and thirty-two yards or thereabouts, to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C., 1863, No. 3,' and placed upon the eastern side of the same road; and extending thence south-eastward to such last-described boundary stone, and continuing thence in the same direction and in a straight line, for a distance of four hundred and eighteen yards or thereabouts, to a boundary stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C., 1863, No. 4,' and placed on the western side of the occupation road, leading from Tyler's Green past Gomme's Farm to Wycombe Marsh, at a distance of one hundred and fifty-four yards or thereabouts southwest of the eastern extremity of the fence forming the northern boundary of the



close numbered 175 B on the said maps; and extending thence still south-eastward and in a straight line, for a distance of eight hundred and fifty-eight yards or thereabouts, to a boundary stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C., 1863, No. 5,' and placed upon the eastern side of Hammersley-lane, which leads from Tyler's Green past Coal Hatch Farm to the London and Oxford Turnpike Road; and extending thence still south-eastward and in a straight line, for a distance of seven hundred and forty-eight yards or thereabouts, to a boundary stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C., 1863, No. 6,' and placed upon the eastern side of the occupation-road, leading from Town Farm to the turnpike-road aforesaid, at the north-western end of the fence dividing the close numbered 375 upon the said maps from the close numbered 377 upon the same maps; and extending thence first south-eastward along the middle of such fence, and then either south-eastward or northward along the middle of the fences dividing the closes numbered respectively 375 as aforesaid, 404, 403, 402, and 401 upon the said maps from the closes numbered respectively 378 and 379 upon the same maps, to a point in the middle of the fence dividing the close numbered 401, as aforesaid, from the close numbered 379, as aforesaid, opposite to the middle of the western end of an occupation-road leading from the last-mentioned close; and extending thence eastward to and along the middle of such occupation-road to the boundary dividing the said parish of High Wycombe from the parish of Penn aforesaid, in the middle of the road leading from Loudwater to Penn; and extending thence northward along such last-mentioned boundary for a distance of eight hundred and fifty yards, or thereabouts, to the point at which it diverges from the last-described road; and extending thence first north-eastward and then north-westward along the middle of the same road to its junction with the road leading from Penn to Hazlemere; and continuing thence still north-westward along the middle of the road last referred to as far as a point opposite to a boundary stone, inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C. 1863, No. 7,' and placed on the western side of the said road at the point where the boundary dividing the parish of High Wycombe from the parish of Penn, as aforesaid, meets the boundary dividing the particular district of Hazlemere from the parish of Penn, as aforesaid; and extending thence westward to the said last-mentioned boundary-stone; and extending thence northward along the last-described boundary to a boundary-stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C. 1863, No. 8,' and placed upon the western side of the road leading from Penn to Hazlemere aforesaid, opposite to the middle of the western end of a certain occupation-road leading to Putnam Farm; and extending thence eastward across the said road leading from Penn to Hazlemere; and continuing, in the same direction, along the middle of the last-described occupation-road for a distance of ninety-nine yards, or thereabouts, to a point opposite to a boundary-stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C. 1863, No. 9,' and placed upon the northern side of the said occupation-road; and extending thence in a straight line due north for a distance of five hundred and ninety-four yards, or thereabouts, to a point in the middle of the road leading from Potter's Cross to Penn House, opposite to a boundary-stone inscribed 'T. G. St. M. C. C. 1863, No. 10,' and placed on the northern side of the said road, and extending thence eastward for a distance of three hundred and seventy-four yards, or thereabouts, along the middle of the last-described road to a point opposite to the middle of the south-eastern end of the fence dividing certain lands belonging to the Right Honorable

Earl Howe from Penn-common-wood, the property of John Grove, of Penn, in the county of Buckingham aforesaid, Esquire; and extending thence first north-westward to and along the middle of such fence, and then south-westward along the middle of the same fence and across the road leading from Penn to Hazlemere, as first mentioned, to a point on the boundary dividing the particular district of Hazlemere from the parish of Penn on the western side of the same road, opposite to the middle of the south-western extremity of the last-described fence; and extending thence north-westward along such boundary to the boundary-stone first hereinbefore described, numbered 1, where the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Oxford.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the fifth and sixth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and eight; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; of the Act of the twenty-first and twenty-second years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-seven; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the ninth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the fifth and sixth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and eight; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; of the Act of the twenty-first and twenty-second years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-seven; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following scheme for making better provision for the cure of souls within the parish of Bedlington, in the county of Northumberland, and in the diocese of Durham.

"Whereas the said parish of Bedlington extends over an area of nine thousand and eleven acres, and contains a population which, according to the census taken in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, amounted to eight thousand three hundred and twenty-eight persons, and is rapidly increasing. And whereas the Dean and



Chapter of the cathedral church of Durham are the patrons of the vicarage of the said parish, and the Reverend Charles Thomas Whitley is the vicar or incumbent of the same vicarage.

"And whereas certain tithe, rent charges, and hereditaments situate or arising within the said parish of Bedlington, have become vested in us under the provisions of and subject to the local claim created by the firstly and fifthly herein-before mentioned Acts.

"And whereas by an indenture, bearing date the twelfth day of November, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and made under the provisions of the secondly and fourthly herein-before mentioned Acts, the said Charles Thomas Whitley, as the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Bedlington, did, with the consent of the said Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Durham, as such patrons as aforesaid, and with the consent of us the said Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, demise and lease to Thomas Jackson, Alfred William Bean, and James Gow (in the same indenture respectively described), their executors, administrators, and permitted assigns, for the term of twenty-one years from the eleventh day of November, in the said year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, the coal mines and seam and seams of coal lying under certain portions of the glebe land belonging to the vicarage of the said parish of Bedlington, together with such rights, easements, and facilities for working the same mines and seam and seams of coal, and for carrying away the produce thereof, as in the same indenture are mentioned, but subject always to the reservation of certain rents, royalties, and money payments to be paid to or on account of the said Charles Thomas Whitley, as such vicar or incumbent as aforesaid, and his successors, and to be received and invested and applied by us the said Commissioners, subject to the provisions of the secondly and fourthly herein-before mentioned Acts.

"And whereas the vicarial revenues of the said parish of Bedlington are now charged and chargeable with the payment of the balance remaining due and payable to the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty in respect of a sum of one thousand and seventy-five pounds advanced by the said Governors, on mortgage of the said vicarial revenues, for the purpose of rebuilding the vicarage house.

"And whereas it has been proposed to us by the said Charles Thomas Whitley, with the consent of the said Dean and Chapter, and it appears to us to be expedient and calculated to promote the interests of religion, that the particular portions of the said parish of Bedlington herein-after firstly and secondly mentioned, and in the first and second Schedules hereunder written respectively described (such portions not at present containing within their or either of their limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purpose of divine worship), should be respectively constituted into separate districts for spiritual purposes in manner herein-after set forth, and that the arrangements herein-after mentioned and proposed to be made with respect to the income of the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Bedlington and with respect to the incomes of the ministers of the two several districts herein-before mentioned and herein-after recommended to be constituted, should be carried into effect in part by means of the appropriation herein-after provided for of the monies and proceeds to arise in respect of the said lease, and that the perpetual right of patronage of each of the same two districts should be assigned to the said Dean and Chapter.

"And whereas according to the provisions of the said secondly and fourthly herein-before mentioned

Acts, it is necessary in order to justify the withdrawal as herein-after recommended and proposed from the said vicarage of the said parish of Bedlington of the monies and proceeds to arise under the lease of minerals herein-before mentioned, that the income of the said vicarage should not be left at an amount smaller than the annual sum of six hundred pounds, and whereas the net annual income arising from the endowments and emoluments of such vicarage, other than the minerals so demised as herein-before mentioned, amounts, without taking into account the liability attaching to such vicarage in respect of the mortgage aforesaid, to the yearly sum of four hundred and forty pounds and upwards.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that there shall be paid by us, by equal half-yearly payments on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year, to the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the said parish of Bedlington, in respect of the property within the same parish, which has become vested in us, and is subject to a local claim as aforesaid, the annual sum of one hundred and sixty pounds.

"And we further recommend and propose that it shall be lawful for us at any time after the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, to pay off and discharge such sum or sums as may at the time be due to the said Governors of the Bounty of Queen Anne, in respect of the mortgage debt now as aforesaid charged and chargeable upon the vicarial revenues of the said parish of Bedlington.

"And with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles, Bishop of Durham, (in testimony whereof he hath signed and sealed this scheme) we further recommend and propose that all those portions of the said parish of Bedlington which are described in the first schedule hereunder written (all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed marked A.) shall upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme as aforesaid, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that such district shall be named 'The District of Cambois,' and that all those other portions of the same parish of Bedlington, which are described in the second schedule hereunder written, and are delineated and set forth upon the map or plan hereunto annexed and marked B., shall upon and from the same day become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that such last-named district shall be called 'The District of Choppington.'

"And we further recommend and propose, with the consent of the said Dean and Chapter, and of the said Charles Thomas Whitley (in testimony whereof they have sealed with their corporate seal and he has signed and sealed this scheme) that the interest, dividends, and annual proceeds which shall arise from the receipt and investment by us of the rents, royalties, and other reservations which shall become payable under and by virtue of the said hereinbefore-mentioned lease and grant of minerals shall, in accordance with the provisions of the said secondly and fourthly hereinbefore-mentioned Acts, be applied by us in equal moieties and proportions in and towards providing a permanent annual income for the minister of each of the said districts so herein recommended to be constituted as aforesaid; and that there shall also be paid by us by equal half-yearly payments on the first day of May and the

first day of November in each and every year to the minister of each of such districts, such a further annual sum as will, with the amount so to be paid to such minister as aforesaid, in respect of the interest, dividends, or other proceeds accruing from monies arising under the lease aforesaid, make up the sum of two hundred pounds, and that from and after the time when each or either of such districts respectively shall have become a new parish, according to the provisions of the said thirdly hereinbefore-mentioned Act, the payment to be made by us as last aforesaid to the minister of such district, so then become the perpetual curate of such new parish shall be increased, so as to make up his income to the clear yearly amount of three hundred pounds: Provided always, that if it shall appear to us to be expedient at any future time, that instead of the annual sum then in course of payment by us to the minister or perpetual curate of either or each of the said districts or new parishes, or instead of any part of such annual sum, any land, tithe, or other hereditament should be conveyed or secured to such minister or perpetual curate and his successors, nothing contained herein or in any other scheme laid before your Majesty by us shall prevent us from recommending and proposing such substitution.

"And we further recommend and propose upon the nomination of the said Charles Thomas Whitley, who has by means of the arrangements hereinbefore set forth and proposed to be carried out, contributed in manner aforesaid to the permanent endowment of the said two districts of Cambois and Choppington so recommended to be constituted respectively, that the whole right of patronage of the same two districts or new parishes (as the case may be) of Cambois and Choppington and each of them, and of the appointment of the minister or perpetual curate of each of the same two districts respectively, shall without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same and upon and from the day of the date of the publication as aforesaid of such order be vested in and shall and may from time to time be respectively exercised by the said Dean and Chapter of the Cathedral Church of Durham and their successors for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid or any of them in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

#### THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

"The District of Cambois, being:—

"All those portions of the parish of Bedlington, in the county of Northumberland, and in the diocese of Durham, which are comprised within the township of Cambois, and within the township of East Sleekburn, and within that part of the township of West Sleekburn, which is situate to the north-east of an imaginary line extending along the middle of the road which leads from the Bedlington-station of the Morpeth branch line of the Blyth and Tyne Railway to the Stakeford across the river Wansbeck.

#### THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

"The District of Choppington, being:—

"All those portions of the parish of Bedlington, in the county of Northumberland, and in the diocese of Durham, which are comprised within the township of Choppington, and within that part of

the township of West Sleekburn which is situate to the southwest of an imaginary line extending along the middle of the road which leads from the Bedlington station of the Morpeth branch line of the Blyth and Tyne Railway to the Stakeford across the river Wansbeck, and to the northwest of another imaginary line extending along the middle of the Morpeth branch line of the Blyth and Tyne Railway aforesaid."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law, immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Durham.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a representation bearing date the ninth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church, situate at Ringway, in the parish of Bowdon, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church, situate at Ringway aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend John, Bishop of Chester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Bowdon, described in the Schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Ringway.'

"And with the like consent of the said John, Bishop of Chester (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be pub-

lished, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that so long as the Reverend William Pollock, the present vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Bowdon, shall continue to be such vicar or incumbent, one-half of the said fees shall be paid by the minister aforesaid to the said William Pollock.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Ringway, being:—

All that part of the parish of Bowdon, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls which is situate to the north-east of an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish from the particular district of Christ Church, Timperley (heretofore part of the said parish of Bowdon), at the point of junction (near Warburton's Farm) of Long-lane with Shaw-lane, which said point is opposite to the middle of the north-western end of the road leading to Ringway, and extending thence, south-eastward, to and along the middle of the last described road as far as a point (near Hale Mount) opposite to the middle of the north-eastern end of the road leading from such last described road through Hale Barns, and by Spring Vale, and through Warburton Green, and past Hale Bank towards Castle Mill and Ashley; and extending thence, first, south-westward, to and along the middle of the last described road, and then generally south-eastward, along the middle of the same road as far as a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed "R. D. C., 1863," and placed on the northern side of the said road, at a distance of about seventy yards, west of Hale Bank aforesaid, and also opposite to the middle of the northern end of the public footpath leading from the said Hale Bank, across the river Bollin to Ashley; and extending thence, first, south-westward, to and along the middle of the said footpath, as far as the northern bank of the said river; and continuing thence, first south-eastward, and then again south-westward, still along the middle of the same footpath, as far as the boundary dividing the township of Hale, in the said parish of Bowdon, from the township of Ashley in the same parish, at a point in the centre of the bridge which carries the said footpath over the River Bollin aforesaid; and extending thence, in a direction mainly south-eastward along the said township boundary to its junction with the boundary which divides the said parish of Bowdon from the parish of Mobberley, in the county and diocese aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the

London Gazette pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Chester.

*Arthur Helps.*

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter sixty; of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the ninth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter sixty; of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; of the Act of the fourteenth and fifteenth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation assigned to the consecrated church situate at Sharow, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, and for authorizing the performance of certain offices in the said church.

"Whereas by the authority of an Order in Council made by His late Majesty King George the Fourth, on the tenth day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and twenty-nine, and published in the London Gazette on the fourth day of December, in the same year, a part of the parish of Ripon, in the said county, and then forming part of the diocese of York, was assigned as a district to the said church situate at Sharow under the name of 'The Sharow District.'

"And whereas the said Order in Council assigning the said district did not direct the performance of any of the offices of the church in the church of such district.

"And whereas it has been proposed to us and it appears to us to be expedient that the boundaries of the said district so assigned to the church at Sharow as aforesaid, should be altered as hereinafter mentioned and described.

"And whereas it also appears to us to be expedient that the performance of the several offices of baptism, churching, and burial in the said church of the district aforesaid, should be authorized as hereinafter mentioned.

"And whereas the dean and chapter of the cathedral church of Ripon (heretofore the collegiate church of the said parish of Ripon) nominate from time to time to the Bishop of the said diocese of Ripon, for his license, the minor canons of the said cathedral church as curates to perform parochial duties in and over that portion of the said parish of Ripon, which has not been formally assigned to, or does not otherwise belong by law, to the several consecrated churches and chapels situate within the said parish of Ripon.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert, Bishop of Ripon, the Bishop of the diocese (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation); and with the consent of the dean and chapter of the said cathedral church of Ripon, the reputed patrons of the said parish of Ripon, and also the patrons of the said district of Sharow (in testimony whereof they have affixed their common or capitular seal to this representation); and with the consents of the Reverend Joseph Jameson and of the Reverend Robert Poole, the minor canons of the said cathedral church, and as such minor canons performing parochial duties within the portion of the said parish of Ripon herein-before mentioned; and with the consent of the Reverend Edmund Gray, the incumbent of the said district of Sharow (testified by their having respectively signed and sealed this representation); we humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that the boundaries of the said district should be altered so as to comprise the whole of the several townships of Sharow, of Nunwick, of Hutton Conyers, of Copt Hewick, and of Bridge Hewick, and that the said district should henceforth be co-extensive with and should consist of the said several last-mentioned townships, all which said townships are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed.

"And with the like consent of the said Robert, Bishop of Ripon (testified as aforesaid), we further represent that it would in our opinion be expedient that baptisms, churchings, and burials should be performed in the church of the said district of Sharow, and that the fees to be received in respect of the performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Ripon.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the seventh and eighth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-four; and of the Act of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the seventh and eighth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-four; and of the Act of the thirteenth and fourteenth

years of your Majesty, chapter ninety four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for altering the boundaries of the new parish of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas the district of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields, was constituted out of the parish of Christchurch, Spitalfields, in the county and diocese aforesaid, under the provisions of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, and by virtue of a scheme prepared by us, and ratified by an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the thirty-first day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-eight, and published in the London Gazette on the twenty-eighth day of September in the same year.

"And whereas the said district has since become a new parish for ecclesiastical purposes under the provisions of the Act lastly referred to.

"And whereas it has been represented to us, and appears to us to be expedient, that the boundaries of such new parish should be altered so that they shall include certain portions of the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, and of the new parish of Saint Philip, Bethnal Green, both in the county and diocese aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honorable and Right Reverend Archibald Campbell, Bishop of London, (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme,) we humbly recommend and propose that from and after the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, all that portion of the said parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, and also all that portion of the said new parish of Saint Philip, Bethnal Green, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, and are delineated and set forth upon the map or plan hereunto annexed, and are thereupon coloured green and blue respectively, shall henceforth be dis-severed from such parish and new parish respectively, and shall be annexed to and form part of and be included within the said new parish of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the said new parish of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields, in accordance with the provisions of the herein-before mentioned Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament."

#### SCHEDULE.

"The territory proposed to be annexed to the new parish of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields, being:—

"All that portion of the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, and also all that portion of the new parish of Saint Philip, Bethnal Green, in the same county and diocese, which are comprised within and bounded by an imaginary line commencing at the point where the boundary dividing the new parish of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields, in the county and diocese aforesaid, from the particular district of Saint Mary, Spitalfields, in the same county and diocese, meets the boundary dividing the said particular district from the said parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, which said point is in the middle of New Commercial-street, opposite to the south door of the church of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields, and extending thence first westward and then southward, and then again westward, along the last-described boundary, as far as a point in the middle of High-street, Shoreditch, opposite to the middle of the eastern end of Worship-street, and extending thence north-

ward along the middle of High-street aforesaid, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the western end of Swan Yard, and extending thence eastward to and along the middle of the said yard to its junction with Anchor-street, and continuing thence still eastward along the middle of the last-named street (crossing the boundary which divides the said parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, from the new parish of Saint Philip, Bethnal Green aforesaid, at or near to a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of York-street) to the junction of Anchor-street aforesaid with Sclater-street, and continuing thence still in the same direction eastward along the middle of the last-named street as far as a point opposite to the middle of the northern end of the passage called Farthing Hill, and extending thence southward to and along the middle of such passage as far as the boundary dividing the said new parish of Saint Philip, Bethnal Green, from the new parish of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields aforesaid, and continuing thence first southward, and then westward, along the last-described boundary to its junction with the boundary dividing the said last-named new parish from the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch aforesaid, at the Shoreditch Terminus of the Great Eastern Railway, and extending thence southward along the last-described boundary to the point on the boundary dividing the particular district of Saint Mary, Spitalfields, from the new parish of Saint Stephen, Spitalfields as aforesaid, where the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has been transmitted to the Patrons and Incumbents of the said parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, and of the said new parish of Saint Philip, Bethnal Green, and the said Patrons and Incumbents have respectively consented thereto.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in Law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of London.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a representation, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty,

chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint James, situate at Clapton, in the parish of Saint John, Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint James, situate at Clapton aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend Archibald Campbell, Bishop of London (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Saint John, Hackney, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint James, Clapton.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Archibald Campbell, Bishop of London (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, and churchings should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always that so long as the Reverend Thomas Oliver Goodchild, the present rector or incumbent of the rectory of the said parish of Saint John, Hackney, shall continue to be such rector or incumbent, all the said fees shall be paid by the minister of the church of Saint James aforesaid, to the said Thomas Oliver Goodchild.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint James, Clapton, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Saint John, Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is situate to the southwest of an imaginary line commencing at the point in the middle of the river Lea, where the boundary dividing the new parish of Stamford Hill, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London aforesaid, from the parish of Low Leyton, in the county of Essex, and in the said diocese of London, meets the boundary dividing the said parish of Saint John, Hackney, from the said parish of Low Leyton, opposite to the middle of the eastern end of a certain cut, known by the name of 'The Dock,' and extending thence in a direction mainly south-eastward along the last-described boundary as far as a point opposite to the middle of the north-western end of the stream called the 'New Cut,' and extending thence still south-eastward to and along the middle of the last-named stream (passing under the bridge which carries the road leading

from Hackney to the East London Water Works, over the New Cut), as far as a point under the centre of Cow Bridge, opposite to the middle of the eastern end of Pond-lane; and all which said part of the parish of Saint John, Hackney, aforesaid, is also situate to the north of another imaginary line commencing at the last-described point, under the centre of Cow Bridge, opposite to the middle of the eastern end of Pond-lane as aforesaid, and extending thence westward to and along the middle of such lane to its western extremity, and extending thence still westward to and along the middle of the road which passes the southern side of Clapton Pond, to a point in the middle of the road leading from London to Stamford Hill, called 'Clapton Road,' and extending thence north-westward along the middle of the last-described road, and to the west of Clapton Pond aforesaid, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the north-eastern end of Back Lane, and extending thence south-westward to and along the middle of Back Lane, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the eastern end of a certain road called 'Downs Road, East,' and extending thence still south-westward to and along the middle of the last-named road to its western extremity, and extending thence north-westward, and in a direct line across the footpath (known by the name of 'Love Lane,') leading from Upper Clapton to Hackney Downs to a point in the middle of the eastern end of Downs Road, and extending thence westward along the middle of Downs Road aforesaid, as far as the boundary which divides the said parish of Saint John, Hackney, from the parish of West Hackney, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of London.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a scheme bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following, that is to say:

We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for

No. 22771.

C

constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of that portion of the parish of Saint Mary, Carlisle, in the county of Cumberland, and in the diocese of Carlisle, which is subject from and after the next avoidance of the perpetual curacy of the same parish to the provisions of an Order in Council made by His late Majesty King William the Fourth, on the twenty-seventh day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, and published in the London Gazette on the nineteenth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four, relative to the intended district parish of Trinity, Carlisle.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular part of the said portion of the parish of Saint Mary, Carlisle, hereinafter mentioned and described such part not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine Worship, should be constituted a separate district in the manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas a sum of two thousand four hundred and sixty pounds sterling has been contributed and paid to the credit of our account at the Bank of England, and a sum of one thousand two hundred pounds, three pounds per centum consolidated bank annuities, has also been contributed, and transferred into our name in the books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by certain persons in aid of the endowment of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, and of the maintenance of the minister thereof, for the time being, and we have in respect thereof agreed with the said persons so contributing the said sums of cash and stock as aforesaid, and have undertaken to provide and pay, by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year, to such minister as aforesaid, when duly licensed in accordance with the provisions of the herein secondly-mentioned Act, the yearly sum of one hundred and eighteen pounds.

"And whereas the said sum of two thousand four hundred and sixty pounds sterling, and the said sum of one thousand two hundred pounds, three pounds per centum consolidated bank annuities, were so respectively paid and transferred to us upon the understanding that, in consideration of such payment and transfer, we should, in order to making up the endowment for the said district of one hundred and fifty pounds per annum contemplated by the herein secondly-mentioned Act, appropriate out of the common fund created by the firstly herein named Act, the capital sum hereinafter-mentioned, for the benefit of the minister of the said district, when duly licensed as before-mentioned, and upon the further understanding that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient) the whole right of patronage of the said district, and of the nomination of the minister thereto, should be assigned to the Honourable and Right Reverend Samuel, Bishop of Carlisle, the Very Reverend Francis Close, Dean of the cathedral church of Carlisle, the Venerable William Whitmarsh Phelps, canon residentiary of the same cathedral church, the Reverend Edward Auriol, the rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of Saint Dunstan-in-the-West, in the city of London, and the Reverend Charles Kemble, the rector or incumbent of the rectory of the parish of Saint Peter and Saint Paul, otherwise the Abbey Parish, Bath, in the county of Somerset, their heirs and assigns, in the manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.



"Now, therefore, with the consent of the said Samuel, Bishop of Carlisle, as the bishop of the diocese (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme) we humbly recommend and propose that all that part of the said portion of the parish of Saint Mary, Carlisle aforesaid, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall, upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Saint James, Denton Holme.'

"And we further recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered to appropriate, out of the common fund created by the firstly herein-named Act as aforesaid, a capital sum of one thousand pounds, in aid of the endowment of the district so recommended to be constituted, and for the benefit of the minister thereof, for the time being, when duly licensed, according to the provisions of the herein secondly-mentioned Act, and that such capital sum or any part thereof, may be paid or applied by us towards the purchase or acquisition for the endowment of such district, of any land, tithe, or other hereditament which may appear to us to be suitable for annexation thereto, and that in the meantime there shall be allowed and paid by us by equal half-yearly payments on the first of May and the first day of November in each and every year, to the minister for the time being of the said district, in respect of such capital sum, or such part thereof as shall remain from time to time unapplied towards such purposes as aforesaid, the annual sum of thirty-three pounds six shillings and eight pence, or such a part thereof as shall bear a proportion to the part of the said capital sum so remaining unapplied as aforesaid, corresponding with the proportion which the amount of the said yearly payment bears to the amount of such capital sum.

"And we further recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the minister thereof, shall, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to, and become absolutely vested in, and shall and may from time to time be exercised jointly by the said Samuel, Bishop of Carlisle, Francis Close, William Whitmarsh Phelps, Edward Auriol, and Charles Kemble, their heirs and assigns.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

**The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.**

"The district of Saint James, Denton Holme, being:—

"A certain part of that portion of the parish of Saint Mary, Carlisle, in the county of Cumberland,

and in the diocese of Carlisle, which is subject from and after the next avoidance of the perpetual curacy of the same parish to the provisions of an Order in Council made by His late Majesty King William the Fourth, on the twenty-seventh day of June, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-two, and published in the London Gazette on the nineteenth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-four relative to the intended district parish of Trinity, Carlisle, that is to say:—all such part as is situate to the southeast of an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary which divides such portion (hereafter subject to the provisions of the Order in Council as aforesaid) from the remainder of the said parish of Saint Mary, Carlisle, at a point in the centre of the bridge which spans the River Caldew, and is called 'Caldew Bridge'; and extending thence, south-westward, along the middle of such bridge, to its junction with the bridge which spans the mill-stream branch of the said river, which said mill-stream branch is called 'Little Caldew,' and continuing thence, in the same direction, along the middle of the last described bridge, to a point opposite to the middle of the northern end of the street called 'Shaddon-gate'; and extending thence, first, southward, to and along the middle of the last-named street, and then south-westward, along the middle of the same street, to the line of the Newcastle and Carlisle Railway, and continuing in the last-mentioned direction along the middle of the level crossing over the said line of railway, and along the middle of the high road which leads from Carlisle by Murrell-hill towards Dalston, as far as the boundary which divides the said portion of the parish of Saint Mary, Carlisle, which is hereafter subject to the provisions of the Order in Council as aforesaid, from the parish of Dalston, in the same county and diocese."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act, been transmitted to the incumbent and to the patrons of the church of the said parish of Saint Mary, Carlisle, and to the incumbent and to the patron of the church of the said intended district parish of Trinity, Carlisle (out of which it is proposed that the district recommended in the said scheme to be constituted shall be taken), and the first-mentioned incumbent and patrons, and also the patron last mentioned, have respectively signified their assent to the said scheme.

And whereas the said incumbent of the intended district parish of Trinity, Carlisle, has made certain objections or observations to or upon the said scheme, which said objections or observations have, together with such scheme, been laid before Her Majesty in Council.

And whereas the said scheme has, notwithstanding the said objections or observations, been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Carlisle.

*Arthur Helps.*



**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of Her Majesty, chapter seventy; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the eighth and ninth years of your Majesty, chapter seventy; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a consolidated chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Mary, situate at Ambleside, in the parish of Windermere, in the county of Westmorland, and in the diocese of Carlisle.

"Whereas at certain extremities of the said parish of Windermere, and of the parish of Grasmere, in the same county and diocese, which lie contiguous one to another, and are described in the schedule hereunder written, there is collected together a population which is situate at a distance from the several churches of such respective parishes.

"And whereas it appears to us to be expedient that such contiguous portions of the said parish of Windermere, and of the said parish of Grasmere, should be formed into a consolidated chapelry for all ecclesiastical purposes, and that the same should be assigned to the said church of Saint Mary, situate at Ambleside aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consents of the Honourable and Right Reverend Samuel, Bishop of Carlisle, the Bishop of the diocese, and of George, Cumberland Hughes le Fleming, of Rydal Hall, in the said county of Westmorland, late a Major-General in the Madras Army of the Honourable the East India Company, the patron of the rectories, both of the said parish of Windermere, and of the said parish of Grasmere (in testimony whereof they have respectively signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those contiguous portions of the said parish of Windermere, and of the said parish of Grasmere, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be united and formed into one consolidated chapelry for the said church of Saint Mary, situate at Ambleside aforesaid, and that the same should be named 'The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Mary, Ambleside,' and that the right of presentation and appointment to the church of such consolidated chapelry should belong to and be exercised by the said George Cumberland Hughes le Fleming, his heirs and assigns.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such order in respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The Consolidated Chapelry of Saint Mary, Ambleside, being:—

"All that portion of the parish of Windermere, in the county of Westmorland, and in the diocese of Carlisle; and also all that portion of the parish of Grasmere, in the same county and diocese, which are comprised within and are co-extensive with the township and parochial chapelry of Ambleside."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law, immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Carlisle.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church called Christ Church, situate in the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church called Christ Church, situate in the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert, Bishop of Ripon (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that portion of the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portion, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Christ Church, Bradford.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Robert, Bishop of Ripon (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, and churchings should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always, that so long as the Reverend John Burnet, the present vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, shall remain such vicar or incumbent, all the said fees shall be paid by the minister aforesaid to the said John Burnet.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet."

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Christ Church, Bradford, being:—

"All that portion of the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is comprised within, and is bounded by, an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary dividing such parish from the district chapelry of Saint Jude, Manningham (heretofore part of the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford), at the point in the middle of Manningham-lane, near Eldon-place, where such boundary diverges from the said lane, and extending thence south-eastward along the middle of the same lane, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the south-western end of Trafalgar-street, and extending thence north-eastward to and along the middle of such street to its northern extremity, and continuing thence precisely in the same direction, and in a straight line (crossing the main line of the Leeds and Bradford Railway, and crossing also Valley-road), to a boundary stone, inscribed on its southern side 'B. Ch. Ch. D. C., 1863,' and placed on the western bank of the Bradford Beck, and continuing thence first in the same direction to the middle of the said beck, and then either south-eastward or south-westward along the middle of the same beck, as far as a point in the middle of the north-eastern end of Kirkgate, and extending thence south-westward along the middle of Kirkgate, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the northern end of Market-street, and extending thence first south-eastward to and along the middle of the last-named street, and then south-westward along the middle of the same street to a point in the middle of the bowling-green, opposite to the middle of the south-western end of Market-street aforesaid, and extending thence first north-westward, and then northward along the middle of the bowling-green aforesaid to a point in the middle of Ivegate, opposite to the middle of the northern end of the said bowling-green, and extending thence north-westward along the middle of Ivegate aforesaid, and along the middle of Westgate (crossing the Old Market-place), as far as a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of Lumb-lane, and extending then first northward to and along the middle of the said lane, and then north-westward along the middle of the same lane, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the south-western end of the road which passes at the back of the

houses on the south-eastern and north-eastern sides of Peel-square, and extending thence first north-eastward to and along the middle of such road, and then north-westward along the middle of the same road, as far as the boundary dividing the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, from the district chapelry of Saint Jude, Manningham, as aforesaid, and extending thence north-eastward along the said boundary to the point in the middle of Manningham-lane, near Eldon-place, where the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Ripon.

*Arthur Helps.*

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a representation, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Thomas the Apostle, situate in the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Thomas the Apostle, situate in the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Robert, Bishop of Ripon, (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that portion of the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portion, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same

should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Thomas, Bradford.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Robert, Bishop of Ripon (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, and churchings, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being: Provided always that so long as the Reverend John Burnet, the present Vicar or Incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, shall remain such Vicar or Incumbent, all the said fees shall be paid by the minister aforesaid to the said John Burnet.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Thomas, Bradford, being :—

"All that portion of the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, in the county of York, and in the diocese of Ripon, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cura of souls, which is comprised within and is bounded by an imaginary line, commencing at a point in the middle of Tumbling Hill-street where the boundary dividing the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, from the new parish of Saint John, Bradford, in the same county and diocese, meets the boundary dividing the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, from the consolidated chapelry of Saint Andrew, Bradford, also in the same county and diocese, and extending thence north-westward along the last described boundary (following the middle of the Bradford Beck), as far as the point where such boundary diverges from the said Beck, and extending thence north-eastward still along the middle of the same Beck, as far as a point in the middle of Thornton-road, and extending thence north-westward along the middle of the said road, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the south-western end of Clayton-street, and extending thence north-eastward to and along the middle of the said street to its junction with Brick-lane, and extending thence north-eastward to and along the middle of the last-named lane to a point on the boundary in the middle of Westgate, which divides the said parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, from the district chapelry of Saint Jude, Manningham, in the county and diocese aforesaid, and extending thence south-eastward, along the the last-described boundary, following the middle of Westgate aforesaid, as far as the point where such boundary diverges therefrom, and continuing thence still south-eastward along the middle of Westgate as aforesaid (crossing the old market-place), and along the middle of Westgate to a point opposite to the middle of the north-eastern end of the street or road called the Bowling-green, and extending thence south-eastward to and along the middle of the last-named street or road, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the north-eastern end of Tyrrell-street, and extending thence south-westward to and along the middle of the last-named street to

the boundary which divides the parish of Saint Peter, Bradford, from the new parish of Saint John, Bradford (as first described), at or near to the south-eastern end of Thornton-road aforesaid, and extending thence first north-westward along the boundary last referred to, and then south-westward along the same boundary to the point in the middle of Tumbling Hill-street, where the said imaginary line commenced."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Ripon.

*Arthur Helps.*

At the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church situate at Oldbury-upon-Severn, in the parish of Thornbury, in the county of Gloucester, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church situate at Oldbury-upon-Severn aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles John, Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Thornbury which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Oldbury-upon-Severn.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Charles John, Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol (testified

as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We therefore humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Oldbury-upon-Severn, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Thornbury, in the county of Gloucester, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, which is comprised within and is co-extensive with the limits of the ancient chapelry of Oldbury-upon-Severn."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law, immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty by and with the like advice is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the two several Registries of the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, at Bristol and at Gloucester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church situate at Falfield, in the parish of Thornbury, in the county of Gloucester, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church situate at Falfield aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles John, Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Thornbury which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Falfield.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Charles John, Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Falfield, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Thornbury, in the county of Gloucester, and in the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, which is comprised within and is co-extensive with the limits of the ancient chapelry of Falfield."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the two several Registries of the diocese of Gloucester and Bristol, at Bristol and at Gloucester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representa-

tion, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church situate at Arkholme, in the parish of Melling, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church situate at Arkholme aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend James Prince, Bishop of Manchester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Melling which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Arkholme.'

"And, with the like consent of the said James Prince, Bishop of Manchester (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Arkholme, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Melling, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester, which is comprised within and is co-extensive with the limits of the township and parochial Chapelry of Arkholme with Cawood."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Manchester.

Arthur Helps.

A T the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the eleventh and twelfth years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a representation, bearing date the twenty-third day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the eleventh and twelfth years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint James, situate at Millbrook, in the particular district of Saint Paul, Stalybridge, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint James, situate at Millbrook aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend John, Bishop of Chester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation) we humbly represent that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said particular district of Saint Paul, Stalybridge, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint James, Millbrook.'

"And with the like consent of the said John, Bishop of Chester (testified as aforesaid) we further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint James, Millbrook, being:—

"All that part of the particular district of Saint Paul, Stalybridge, in the county of Chester, and in the diocese of Chester, wherein the present Incum-

bent of such district now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is situate to the north of an imaginary line extending along the middle of Brushes Brook otherwise called 'Mear Brook.'"

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Chester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared, and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one

hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme, for making better provision for the cure of souls in certain parishes and districts.

"Whereas the several benefactions, consisting of cash or of land, which are mentioned in the fourth column of the schedule hereunto annexed, have been paid over to us in favour of, or have been otherwise secured to, the several benefices set forth in the first column of the same schedule respectively, upon condition that certain capital sums hereinafter mentioned, should be appropriated by us to the said several benefices respectively.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered to appropriate out of the Common Fund created by the herein firstly-mentioned Act, to each of the several benefices specified in the first column of the said schedule hereunto annexed respectively, the capital sum set against the name of each such benefice, in the fifth column of the same schedule, and that such capital sums respectively, or any part or parts thereof, may be paid and applied by us towards the purchase or acquisition for such livings respectively, or any one or more of them, of any land, tithe, or other hereditaments, which may appear to us to be suitable for annexation to such benefices respectively, or towards defraying the cost of providing suitable parsonage houses for the same.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

**" SCHEDULE.**

Name and Quality of Benefice or Church.	County.	Diocese.	Benefaction.	Capital Sum appropriated from Common Fund.
Bowden Hill, St. Anne, P.C.	Wilts	Gloucester and Bristol	£1,000	£. 1,000
Canterbury, St. Margaret, R.	Kent	Canterbury	£300	300
Dunsforth, Low, P.C. ...	York	Ripon	£500 and one acre of land	600
Greenhow Hill, P.C. ...	York	Ripon	£285	285
Hale, V. ... ..	Cumberland	Carlisle	£420 and land of value of £100	520
Havenstreet, P.C. ...	Southampton	Winchester	£200	200
Laister Dyke, St. Mary, P.C.	York	Ripon	£150 cash, and land valued at £350	500
Vauxhall, St. Peter District	Surrey	Winchester	£500	500

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London

Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the dioceses of Canterbury, Winchester, Carlisle, Gloucester and Bristol, and Ripon.

*Arthur Helps.*



**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared, and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church called Christ Church, situate at Roxeth, in the parish of Harrow-on-the-Hill, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient, that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church called Christ Church, situate at Roxeth aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend Archibald Campbell, Bishop of London (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Harrow-on-the-Hill, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Christ Church, Roxeth.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Archibald Campbell, Bishop of London (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient, that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Christ Church, Roxeth, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Harrow-on-the-Hill, in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, wherein the present incumbent of

No. 22771.

D

such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is situate to the southwest of an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish from the new parish of Saint John, Wembley, in the same county and diocese, at a point in the middle of the turnpike road leading from London to Harrow, opposite to the north-eastern end of a certain green lane, and opposite also to the south-western end of Hundred Elms-lane, and extending thence first north-westward and then northward along the middle of the said turnpike-road, as far as a point opposite to the middle of the south-eastern end of the road or street called The London Hill, and extending thence north-westward to and along the middle of the last-named road or street for a distance of three hundred and seventy-nine yards, or thereabouts, to a point opposite to the middle of the south-western end of the fence dividing the inclosure occupied by the buildings and premises, known respectively as Harrow National School and Harrow Infant School, from the close numbered 204A upon a map of the said parish of Harrow-on-the-Hill, which has been recently made for the parish, and is now deposited in the Vestry Room of the church thereof, and upon the map hereunto annexed, and extending thence northward to and along the middle of the said fence to its junction with the fence dividing the close numbered 197 upon the said maps, from the closes numbered respectively 204A, as aforesaid, 203 and 202 upon the same maps, and extending thence first south-westward and then north-westward, and then north-eastward along the middle of the last-described fence to its junction with the fence dividing the close numbered 201 upon the said maps, from the close numbered 202 as aforesaid, and extending thence north-westward along the middle of the last described fence to a boundary stone inscribed 'R. Ch. Ch. D. C. 1863, No. 1,' and placed in the middle of the north-western extremity of the last-described fence on the eastern side of the middle road, and continuing thence still north-westward, and in a direct line to a point in the middle of the last-named road, and extending thence south-westward along the middle of the same road to its junction with the road leading from Northolt to Harrow, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the last-described road, as far as a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'R. Ch. Ch. D. C. 1863, No. 2,' and placed on the western side of the last-described road, in the middle of the south-eastern end of the fence dividing the close and premises, numbered 248 upon the said maps, from the close and premises numbered 249 upon the same maps, and extending thence north-westward to the said boundary stone, and continuing thence either in the same direction or northward, along the middle of the last described fence, and along the middle of the fences dividing the closes numbered respectively 321, 323, 327, 329, 331, and 333, upon the said maps, from the closes numbered respectively 253, 320, 319, 328, 315, 314, and 313, upon the same maps, to a boundary stone inscribed 'R. Ch. Ch. D. C., 1863, No. 3,' and placed in the middle of the north-western extremity of the fence dividing the close numbered 333 from the close numbered 313, as aforesaid, upon the boundary which divides the said parish of Harrow-on-the-Hill from the parish or parochial chapelry of Pinner, in the county and diocese aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice



of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of London.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-one; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following, that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the thirteenth and fourteenth years of your Majesty, chapter forty-one; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for making better provision for the cure of souls in certain parishes and districts within the original limits of the parish of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, and diocese of Manchester.

"Whereas under the provisions of the secondly-mentioned Act certain monies have been paid to us by the dean and canons of the cathedral church of Manchester, and the same, together with the accumulations of interest arising therefrom, are now in our hands and are applicable under such provisions to making better provision for the cure of souls within the original limits of the said parish of Manchester.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that there shall be paid by us, out of the monies now in our hands, subject to the provisions of such secondly-mentioned Act, on the first day of November and the first day of May now next ensuing, to the incumbent for the time being of each of the benefices named in the first schedule hereunto annexed, one moiety of the sum set opposite to the name of each such benefice in the last column of the same schedule.

"And we further recommend and propose that there shall be paid by us out of the common fund referred to in the herein-before mentioned Acts, to the incumbent for the time being of each of the benefices named in the second schedule hereunto annexed on the first day of November and the first day of May now next ensuing, one moiety of the sum set opposite to the name of each such benefice in the last column of the last-mentioned schedule.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

# " FIRST SCHEDULE.

Name of Benefice.	Grant from Manchester Chapter Surplus Revenue.
	£
Manchester, Saint Mary, R. . .	127
Salford, Saint Stephen, R. . .	125
Manchester, Saint George's in the Fields, R. . .	66
Manchester, Saint Matthew, R. . .	111
Manchester, Saint Michael, R. . .	83
Salford, Saint Philip, R. . .	89
Manchester, Saint Jude, R. . .	88
Manchester, Saint Simon and Saint Jude, R. . .	5
Ancoats, All Souls, R. . .	24
Denton, Saint Lawrence, R. . .	52
Manchester, Saint Peter, R. . .	72
Barlow Moor, Emmanuel, R. . .	71
Bradford - cum - Beswick, Christ Church, R. . .	65
Heaton Mersey, Saint John, R. . .	63
Gorton, R. . .	16
Hulme, Saint John the Baptist, R. . .	40
Chorlton-on-Medlock, Saint Luke, R. . .	40
Crumpsall, Saint Mary, R. . .	38
Manchester, Saint James, R. . .	30
Redbank, Saint Thomas, R. . .	22
Blackley, R. . .	16
Openshaw, Saint Barnabas, R. . .	17
Rusholme, Holy Trinity, R. . .	15
Oldham Road, Saint Peter, R. . .	12
Chorlton-on-Medlock, Saint Paul, R. . .	10
Didsbury, Saint James, R. . .	4

# " SECOND SCHEDULE.

Name of Benefice.	Grant from Common Fund.
	£
Salford, Saint Stephen, R. . .	95
Manchester, Saint George's in the Fields, R. . .	120
Manchester, Saint Matthew, R. . .	73
Manchester, Saint Michael, R. . .	99
Salford, Saint Philip, R. . .	73
Manchester, Saint Jude, R. . .	73
Ancoats, All Souls, R. . .	130
Oldham Road, Saint Peter, R. . .	73
Ardwick, Saint Thomas, R. . .	69
Newton Heath, All Saints, R. . .	60
Salford, Saint Bartholomew, R. . .	49
Ardwick, Saint Silas, R. . .	39
Bradford Road, Saint Philip, R. . .	16
Hulme, Saint George, R. . .	23"

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Manchester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the seventh and eighth years of Her Majesty, chapter ninety-four; duly prepared, and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the seventh and eighth years of your Majesty, chapter ninety-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Sutton, in the county of Surrey, and in the diocese of Winchester.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion, that the particular portion of the said parish of Sutton hereinafter mentioned, such portion not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship, should be constituted a separate district, in the manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas a sum of three thousand nine hundred pounds, three pounds per centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, has been contributed and transferred to our account and into our name in the books of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, by Thomas Alcock, of Kingswood, in the said county of Surrey, Esquire, in aid of the endowment of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, and of the maintenance of the minister thereof for the time being; and we have in respect thereof agreed with the said Thomas Alcock, and have undertaken to provide and pay, by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year, to such minister as aforesaid, when duly licensed in accordance with the provisions of the herein secondly-mentioned Act, the yearly sum of one hundred and seventeen pounds.

"And whereas the said sum of three thousand nine hundred pounds, three pounds per centum Consolidated Bank Annuities, was so transferred to us by the said Thomas Alcock as aforesaid, upon the understanding that in consideration of such transfer we should, in order to making up the endowment for the said district of one hundred and fifty pounds per annum contemplated by the herein secondly-mentioned Act, appropriate out of the Common Fund, created by the firstly herein-named Act, the capital sum hereinafter mentioned, for the benefit of the minister of the said district, when duly licensed as before mentioned, and upon the further understanding that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient) the whole right of patronage of the said district, and of the nomination of the minister thereto, should be assigned to the said Thomas Alcock, his heirs and assigns, in the manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles Richard, Bishop of Winchester (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we humbly recommend and propose

that all that portion of the said parish of Sutton, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portion, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall, upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Benhilton.'

"And we further recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered to appropriate out of the Common Fund, created by the firstly herein-named Act as aforesaid, a capital sum of one thousand pounds in aid of the endowment of the district so recommended to be constituted, and for the benefit of the minister thereof for the time being, when duly licensed according to the provisions of the herein secondly-named Act; and that such capital sum, or any part thereof, may be paid or applied by us towards the purchase or acquisition, for the endowment of such district, of any land, tithe, or other hereditament which may appear to us to be suitable for annexation thereto; and that in the meantime there shall be allowed and paid by us, by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year, to the minister for the time being of the said district, in respect of such capital sum, or such part thereof as shall remain from time to time unapplied towards such purposes as aforesaid, the annual sum of thirty-three pounds, six shillings, and eight pence, or such a part thereof as shall bear a proportion to the part of the said capital sum so remaining unapplied as aforesaid, corresponding with the proportion which the amount of the said yearly payment bears to the amount of such capital sum.

"And we further recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the minister thereof, shall, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to and become absolutely vested in, and shall and may from time to time be exercised by the said Thomas Alcock, his heirs and assigns, for ever.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Benhilton, being:—

"All that portion of the parish of Sutton, in the county of Surrey, and in the diocese of Winchester, which is situate to the north and east of an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary dividing the said parish from the parish of Carshalton, in the same county and diocese, at a point in the middle of the Lower-road leading from Carshalton to Sutton, past the southern side of the wood and lands known as Benhill, and extending thence north-westward along the middle of such road as far as a point opposite to the middle of the south-eastern end of the road called the Benhill-street-road, and extending thence first northward to and along the middle of the last-named road, then north-westward, and then westward, along

the middle of the same road to a point in the middle of the turnpike-road leading from Brighton through Sutton to London, opposite to the middle of the north-western end of the Benhill-street-road aforesaid, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the said turnpike-road as far as a point opposite to the middle of the eastern end of a certain road called the Brickfields-road, and extending thence first westward to and along the middle of the said last-named road, and then southward and then westward along the middle of the same road to a point in the middle of the lane called Balhaam-lane, opposite to the middle of the western end of the Brickfields-road aforesaid, and extending thence north-westward along the middle of Balhaam-lane aforesaid to a point in the middle of Clensham-lane, opposite to the middle of the northern end of Balhaam-lane aforesaid, and extending thence south-westward along the middle of Clensham-lane aforesaid to the boundary which divides the said parish of Sutton from the parish of Cheam, in the same county and diocese, at a point on the eastern side of a certain lane called Gander-green-lane, leading from Lower Cheam to North Cheam."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has been, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly mentioned Act, transmitted to the patron of the rectory of the said parish of Sutton (out of which it is proposed that the district recommended in the said scheme to be constituted, shall be taken), and the said patron has made certain objections or observations to or upon such scheme, which said objections or observations have, together with the said scheme, been laid before Her Majesty in Council.

And whereas a writ of sequestration has been issued, whereby the temporalities of the said rectory of the parish of Sutton aforesaid have been sequestered into the hand of John Burder, of number 27, Parliament-street, in the city of Westminster, Esquire, the sequestrator in the same writ named and appointed.

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has been, in accordance with the provisions of the said hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act; and of the hereinbefore thirdly-mentioned Act, transmitted to the said John Burder as such sequestrator as aforesaid, and he, as such sequestrator, has since signified his assent to the same scheme.

And whereas, notwithstanding the said objections or observations which have been made by the patron as aforesaid, the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Winchester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared, and laid before Her Majesty

in Council, a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for making better provision for the cure of souls in certain parishes and districts.

"Whereas the several benefactions, consisting of sums of cash or stock, or of land, rent charges, or other hereditaments, which are mentioned in the fourth column of the schedule hereunto annexed, have been paid over to us in favour of, or have been otherwise secured to, the several benefices set forth in the first column of the same schedule respectively, upon condition that certain capital sums, hereinafter mentioned, should be appropriated by us to the said several benefices respectively; and upon further condition that, in respect of such of the said benefactions as consist of cash or of Government stock, or such part or parts thereof as shall, from time to time, remain in our hands, there shall be paid by us, to the incumbents for the time being of the said benefices respectively, by equal half-yearly payments, on the first day of May and the first day of November in each year, the yearly sums respectively specified and set forth in the sixth column of the same schedule, or a proportionate part of each of such annual sums.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered to appropriate out of the 'Common Fund,' created by the herein firstly-mentioned Act to each of the several benefices specified in the first column of the said schedule hereunto annexed respectively, the capital sum set against the name of each such benefice in the fifth column of the same schedule, and that such capital sums respectively, or any part or parts thereof, may be paid and applied by us towards the purchase or acquisition for such livings respectively, or any one or more of them, of any land, tithe, or other hereditaments which may appear to us to be suitable for annexation to such benefices respectively, or towards defraying the cost of providing suitable parsonage houses for the same; and that in the meantime there shall be allowed and paid by us, by equal half-yearly payments on the first day of May and the first day of November in each year, to the incumbents for the time being of the said several benefices respectively, in respect of such capital sums, or of such part or parts thereof as shall remain from time to time unapplied towards such purposes as aforesaid, the several yearly sums specified in the seventh column of the said schedule and therein set against the names of the said several benefices respectively, or such parts of the said several yearly sums respectively as shall bear a proportion to the parts of the said several capital sums last mentioned so remaining unapplied, as aforesaid, corresponding with the proportion or proportions which the amounts of the said several yearly payments respectively bear to the amounts of the said respective capital sums so specified in the fifth column, as aforesaid.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any further or other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

" SCHEDULE.

Name and Quality of Benefice or Church.	County.	Diocese.	Benefaction.	Capital Sum appropriated from Common Fund.	Annual Payment by Commissioners.		
					In respect of Benefaction.	In respect of Grant.	Total Annual Payment.
Battersea, St. John, P.C. ... ..	Surrey ... ..	Winchester ... ..	Charges of £80 per annum on endowment of Vicarage of Battersea, and of £10 per annum on endowment of Vicarage of Wandsworth, and £810 in Cash	£ 1000	£ s. d. 27 0 0	£ s. d. 33 6 8	£ s. d. 60 6 8
Beeley, P.C. ... ..	Derby ... ..	Lichfield ... ..	Rent Charge of £25 per annum	700	...	23 6 8	23 6 8
Charlestown, St. Thomas, P.C. ... ..	York ... ..	Ripon ... ..	£34 8s. 0d. per annum Rent Charge, and £200 Cash	900	6 13 4	30 0 0	36 13 4
Clapham, Christ Church, P.C. ... ..	Surrey ... ..	Winchester ... ..	0A. 1R. 3P. of land, valued at £700	700	...	23 6 8	23 6 8
Farlam, P.C. ... ..	Cumberland ... ..	Carlisle ... ..	1A. 0R. 33½P. of land, with house and premises	1000	...	33 6 8	33 6 8
Lambeth, St. Thomas, P.C. ... ..	Surrey ... ..	Winchester ... ..	£700	700	23 6 8	23 6 8	46 13 4
Saint Alban's, R. ... ..	Hertford ... ..	Rochester ... ..	Land valued at £400	400	...	13 6 8	13 6 8
Southwark, St. Stephen, P.C. ... ..	Surrey ... ..	Winchester ... ..	£750 Consols and £325 Cash	1000	33 6 8	33 6 8	66 13 4
Tew, Little, P.C. ... ..	Oxford ... ..	Oxford ... ..	£600	600	20 0 0	20 0 0	40 0 0
Whitley, Christ Church, P.C. ... ..	Berks ... ..	Oxford ... ..	£1068 1s. 0d. Consols	£961 2s. 6d.	32 0 9	32 0 9	64 1 6
Whitley, Lower, P.C. ... ..	York ... ..	Ripon ... ..	Difference in value between certain land comprising 29A. 1R. 13P. and two Rent Charges secured thereon	£392	...	13 1 4	13 1 4

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the respective Registrars of the dioceses of Winchester, Carlisle, Lichfield, Oxford, Ripon, Rochester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-nine; and of the Act of the seventeenth and eighteenth years of Her Majesty, chapter eighty-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the fourth and fifth years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-nine; and of the Act of the seventeenth and eighteenth years of your Majesty, chapter eighty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for making better provision for the cure of souls within the district chapelry of Christ Church, Portswood, in the county of the town of Southampton, and in the diocese of Winchester.

"Whereas the vicar or incumbent for the time being of the vicarage of the parish of South Stoneham, in the county and diocese aforesaid, is, in right of his vicarage, the patron of the perpetual curacy of the said district chapelry of Christ Church, Portswood.

"And whereas the Bishop of Winchester for the time being is, in right of his see, the patron of the rectory of the parish of Saint Mary, in the town and county of the town of Southampton.

"And whereas it has been made to appear to us that the church of the said district chapelry of Christ Church, Portswood, is at present ill-endowed, and that it is desirable that some additional provision should be made for the cure of souls within the said district chapelry.

"And whereas the Right Reverend Charles Richard, Bishop of Winchester, the bishop of the diocese, and the patron, in right of his see, of the rectory of the parish of Saint Mary, Southampton, as aforesaid, has proposed to us, and it appears to us to be expedient, that the income of the said rectory of such lastly-mentioned parish should be apportioned between the rector or incumbent thereof and the incumbent of the said district

chapelry of Christ Church, Portswood, in the manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.

"And whereas, with a view to such apportionment being made, it has been agreed that the patronage of the church of the said district chapelry of Christ Church, Portswood, shall be transferred from the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the parish of South Stoneham (to whom it now belongs, as aforesaid), and be vested in the Bishop of Winchester and his successors, bishops of the same see, as hereinafter recommended and proposed.

"Now, therefore, with the consents of the said Charles Richard, Bishop of Winchester, and the Reverend William Dann Harrison, Clerk, the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of South Stoneham (in testimony whereof they have respectively signed and sealed this scheme), we humbly recommend and propose that the whole right of patronage of the said district chapelry of Christ Church, Portswood, and of the nomination of the incumbent thereto, shall, without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying the same; and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette, be transferred from the said William Dann Harrison, the vicar or incumbent of the vicarage of the said parish of South Stoneham, and from his successors in the same vicarage, and be assigned to and be absolutely vested in, and shall and may from time to time be exercised by the said Charles Richard, Bishop of Winchester, and his successors, bishops of the same see for ever.

"And with the consent of the Right Honourable and Most Reverend Charles Thomas, Archbishop of Canterbury (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), and with the consent of the said Charles Richard, Bishop of Winchester (testified as aforesaid), and with the consent of the Reverend Mark Cooper, the rector or incumbent of the rectory of the said parish of Saint Mary, Southampton (testified by his signing and sealing this scheme), we further recommend and propose, that without any conveyance or assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying the same; and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, the tithes, or rent charges in lieu of tithes, issuing, arising, and payable out of or in respect of certain lands, tenements, and hereditaments, situate within the said parish of South Stoneham, and now forming part of the endowments of the said rectory of the said parish of Saint Mary, Southampton, which are set forth and described in the schedule hereunto annexed, shall be disannexed and transferred from such last-named rectory, and from the rector or incumbent thereof and his successors, and shall become and be absolutely vested in the Reverend Gerald Stephen Fitzgerald, the incumbent of the perpetual curacy of the said district chapelry of Christ Church, Portswood, and his successors, incumbents of the same perpetual curacy, for ever, as part of the endowments of such perpetual curacy.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

# SCHEDULE TO WHICH THE FOREGOING SCHEME HAS REFERENCE.

“ Extract from the Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes in the parish of South Stoneham, in the county of Southampton, made in the year 1845,  
and

“ Extract from the Altered Apportionment of the Rent Charge in lieu of Tithes on certain Lands in the parish of South Stoneham, in the county of Southampton, made in the year 1849.

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Numbers referring to the Plan.	Name and Description of Lands and Premises.	State of Cultivation.	Quantities in Statute Measure.	Amount of Rent Charge apportioned upon the several Lands, and to whom payable.
						Payable to Rector of Saint Mary's, Southampton.
					A. R. P.	£. s. d.
Craven, Honourable George Augustus, Executors of the late	Georgina Craven ...	1909	Broomswood ... ..	...	34 0 2	2 14 0
		1926	Royal ditto and Keeper's Lodge ... ..	Wood...	65 2 6	4 7 0
					99 2 8	7 1 0
	Richard Soffe ...	1867	Six Acres ... ..	Arable ...	7 1 0	2 18 6
		1868	A piece ... ..	Arable ...	1 2 11	0 14 6
					8 3 11	3 13 0
	John Soffe ...	1866	The Water Meadow ... ..	Water mead ...	5 3 16	1 10 3
		1869	The Nineteen Acres ... ..	Arable ...	12 0 18	5 9 0
		1897	Long Close ... ..	Arable ...	12 0 20	5 0 0
		1898	Cottage and garden ... ..	...	0 1 29	
		1899	House, buildings, and yard ... ..	...	2 0 28	
		1902	Home Field ... ..	Arable ...	18 2 0	8 2 4
		1903	Long Piece ... ..	Pasture ...	1 1 5	
		1904	Four Acres ... ..	Arable ...	4 3 30	2 1 0
		1905	Winterhill Copse ... ..	Wood ...	14 3 4	0 13 9
		1831	Meadow ... ..	Mead ...	1 3 28	0 7 0
					74 1 18	23 3 4

## SCHEDULE (continued).

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Numbers referring to the Plan.	Name and Description of Lands and Premises.	State of Cultivation.	Quantities in Statute Measure.	Amount of Rent Charge apportioned upon the several Lands, and to whom payable.
						Payable to Rector of Saint Mary's, Southampton.
Craven, Honourable George Augustus, Executors of the late—(continued)	Henry Powell	...				
		1911	Bushy Close ... ..	Arable ...	A. R. P. 14 1 25	£ s. d. 3 19 0
		1912	The Eight Acres ... ..	Arable ...	10 0 4	2 12 0
		1913	Row ... ..	Wood ...	1 1 10	0 1 4
		1914	The Six Acres ... ..	Arable ...	6 1 15	1 4 3
		1915	The Nine Acres ... ..	Arable ...	11 0 32	3 0 0
		1916	Inner Great Field ... ..	Arable ...	13 3 4	3 0 0
		1917	Outer Great Field ... ..	Arable ...	16 3 5	5 4 3
		1918	Long Brooms ... ..	Arable ...	11 1 20	3 16 9
		1919	The Wood ... ..	Wood ...	2 0 33	0 1 9
		1920	Church Purrock ... ..	Arable ...	4 0 1	1 0 3
		1921	Green Close ... ..	Arable ...	10 3 28	2 15 0
		1922	Pasture piece ... ..	Pasture ...	0 3 35	
		1923	Droeway, buildings, &c. ... ..	... ..	1 0 17	
		1924	Garden ... ..	Garden ...	0 3 2	
		1925	The Meadow ... ..	Pasture ...	2 0 36	
		1927	Somers Land ... ..	Arable ...	13 2 37	3 0 9
		1928	Row ... ..	Wood ...	1 1 24	0 1 0
		1929	Great Pond Close ... ..	Arable ...	14 3 30	3 8 9
		1929A	Droeway ... ..	Pasture ...	1 0 33	
		1930	Little Pond Piece ... ..	Arable ...	8 3 10	1 18 6
		1931	Wood in ditto ... ..	Wood ...	2 0 14	0 1 2
		1932	Seven Acres ... ..	Arable ...	8 0 34	1 5 6
1933	The Ten Acres ... ..	Arable ...	13 3 27	2 14 0		
1939	The Hill Close ... ..	Arable ...	9 1 1	2 0 9		
					180 3 37	41 11 0



## SCHEDULE (continued).

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Numbers referring to the Plan.	Name and Description of Lands and Premises.	State of Cultivation.	Quantities in Statute Measure.	Amount of Rent Charge apportioned upon the several Lands, and to whom payable.
						Payable to Rector of Saint Mary's Southampton.
					A. R. P.	£ s. d.
Vines, Mary ... ..  						

## SCHEDULE (continued).

Landowners.	Occupiers.	Total Quantities in Statute Measure.			Total Rent Charge.			
		A.	R.	P.	£	s.	d.	
	<i>Summary.</i>							
Craven, Honourable George Augustus, Executors of the late	Georgina Craven	...	99	2	8	7	1	0
	Richard Soffe	...	8	3	11	3	13	0
	John Soffe	...	74	1	18	23	3	4
	Henry Powell	...	180	3	37	41	11	0
Vines, Mary	Herself	...	10	2	28	1	10	0
Craven, W. George, Esquire, Trustees of	John Soffe	...	93	2	34	38	5	11
			468	0	16	115	4	3

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Winchester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for constituting three separate districts for spiritual purposes out of the district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston (sometime part of the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch), in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion, that the particular portions of the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, hereinafter mentioned and described (such portions not at present containing within their limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship),

should be constituted separate districts, in manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas certain hereditaments and premises, situate within the said parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch, have become vested in us under the provisions of and for the purposes of the herein-mentioned Acts.

"And whereas a sum of ten thousand five hundred pounds sterling has been contributed and paid to the credit of our account at the Bank of England by certain persons, to be applied in equal shares and proportions towards the provision of churches for the several districts hereinafter recommended to be constituted.

"And whereas it has been proposed to us, and it appears to us to be expedient, that in consideration of the contribution and payment to us of the said sum of ten thousand five hundred pounds as aforesaid, the right of patronage of the respective districts hereinafter recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the respective ministers thereof, should be for such term as is hereinafter mentioned, assigned, as hereinafter recommended and proposed.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Honourable and Right Reverend Archibald Campbell, Bishop of London (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we humbly recommend and propose that all those several portions of the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, which are respectively described in the first, second, and third schedules hereunder written, and which are delineated and set forth on the maps or plans numbered respectively 1, 2, and 3, hereunto annexed, shall, upon, and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying this scheme, be respectively constituted and become and be separate districts for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be respectively named 'The District of Saint Columba, Haggerston,' 'The District of Saint Chad, Haggerston,' and 'The District of Saint Augustine, Haggerston.'

"And we further recommend and propose, that there shall be paid by us, in each and every year, to the minister for the time being of each of the districts so recommended to be constituted, when duly licensed according to the provisions of the herein secondly-mentioned Act, the sum of two hundred pounds, and that so soon as a church shall have been erected within either or any of such districts respectively, and shall have been approved by us and consecrated as the church of such district, and for the use and service of the minister and inhabitants thereof, and such district shall have thereupon become, according to the provisions of the said lastly-mentioned Act, a new parish for

ecclesiastical purposes, there shall be paid by us to the perpetual curate for the time being of such new parish the further sum of one hundred pounds, making in the whole the sum of three hundred pounds; and that the said sums of two hundred pounds or three hundred pounds, as the case may be, shall be paid by equal half-yearly payments on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year; and that the first such payment, or a proportionate part thereof, shall be made on the first day of May or of November next after the day of the date of the licence of such minister, or of the consecration of such church as aforesaid, as the case may be; and that in case a vacancy in the ministry or perpetual curacy of any one of such districts or new parishes shall happen on any other day than the first day of May or the first day of November, the amount then next thereafter payable shall be duly apportioned between and paid to the minister or the perpetual curate making the vacancy, or his personal representative or representatives, and the minister or the perpetual curate succeeding to such district or new parish: Provided always, that if it shall appear to us to be expedient at any future time that instead of the annual sum then in course of payment by us to the minister or perpetual curate of the said district or new parish, or instead of any part of such annual sum, any land, tithe, or other hereditament should be conveyed or secured to such minister or perpetual curate and his successors, nothing herein or in any other scheme contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing such a substitution.

"And we further recommend and propose, that the right of patronage of the said respective districts so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the respective ministers thereof, shall, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned in manner following, that is to say, that for forty years commencing from the day lastly herein-before mentioned the right of patronage of the said respective districts, and of the nomination of the respective ministers thereof, shall be absolutely vested in, and shall and may, from time to time, be exercised jointly by, the incumbent of the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, and by Richard Foster, of Upper Clapton, in the said county of Middlesex, Esquire; Robert Brett, of Stoke Newington, in the same county, Esquire; and Henry Hucks Gibbs, of Saint Dunstan's Villa, Regent's Park, in the county of Middlesex, Esquire; and their assigns.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

The FIRST SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Saint Columba, Haggerston, being:—

"All that portion of the district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston (some time part of the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch), in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, wherein the present incumbent of such district parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is situate to the west of an imaginary line, commencing upon the boundary dividing the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, from

the district of Saint Andrew, Hoxton (heretofore part of the said district parish), at a point in the middle of Kingsland-road opposite to the middle of the north-eastern end of King's-road, and extending thence southward along the middle of Kingsland-road aforesaid as far as the boundary which divides the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, from the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch aforesaid, at a point opposite to the middle of the eastern end of Huntingdon-street.

The SECOND SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference:

"The District of Saint Chad, Haggerston, being:—

"All that portion of the district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston (some time part of the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch), in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, wherein the present incumbent of such district parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls which is comprised within and is bounded by an imaginary line commencing at the point in the centre of Kingsland-road Bridge, where the boundary dividing the said district parish from the new parish of All Saints, Haggerston (heretofore part of the same district parish) meets the boundary dividing the said district parish from the district of Saint Andrew, Hoxton (also heretofore part of the same district parish), and extending thence southward along the middle of Kingsland-road; following the last-described boundary to the point opposite to the middle of the north-eastern end of King's-road, where the said boundary diverges from the middle of Kingsland-road aforesaid, and continuing thence still southward along the middle of the last-named road as far as the boundary which divides the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, from the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch aforesaid, at a point opposite to the middle of the eastern end of Huntingdon-street, and extending thence eastward along the last-described boundary to its junction with the boundary which divides the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, from the new parish of Saint Thomas, Bethnal-green, in the county and diocese aforesaid, at a point in the middle of the Hackney-road, and extending thence north-eastward along the last-described boundary as far as a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of the street called Weymouth-terrace, and extending thence northwards to and along the middle of the last-named street to the point where it is intersected by Weymouth-street, and extending thence westward along the middle of the last-named street as far as a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of Appleby-street, and extending thence northward to and along the middle of the last-named street to its northern extremity, and continuing thence still northward and in a direct line across Pearson-street to a point in the middle of the southern end of Rutland-street, and continuing thence still northward along the middle of the last-named street to its junction with York-street, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the last-named street as far as a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of the wall forming the western boundary of the land upon which the school buildings known as the Saint Mary Haggerston Schools are situate, and extending thence first north-westward to and along the middle of the said wall to its junction with the wall forming the northern boundary of the same land, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the last-described wall to its extremity on the western side of the before-named street

called Weymouth-terrace, and continuing thence still north-eastward and in a direct line to a point in the middle of the said street, and extending thence north-westward along the middle of the same street to its junction with Haggerston-lane, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the last-named lane to its junction with the street called Victoria-place, and extending thence northward along the middle of the last-named street to the first-described boundary which divides the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, from the new parish of All Saints, Haggerston, as aforesaid, at a point in the centre of Haggerston-bridge, and extending then westward along the boundary last referred to, to the point in the centre of Kingsland road-bridge, where the said imaginary line commenced.

**The THIRD SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.**

"The district of Saint Augustine, Haggerston, being :—

"All that portion of the district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston (some time part of the parish of Saint Leonard, Shoreditch), in the county of Middlesex, and in the diocese of London, wherein the present incumbent of such district parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls which is situate to the east of an imaginary line commencing at the point where the boundary dividing the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, from the district chapelry of Saint Paul, Haggerston, (heretofore part of the said district parish) meets the boundary dividing such district chapelry from the new parish of All Saints, Haggerston (also heretofore part of the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston), the said point being situate in the centre of Queen's-road Bridge, at or near to the northern end of Great Cambridge-street, and extending thence southward to and along the middle of Great Cambridge-street aforesaid to its southern extremity, and continuing thence still southward and in a direct line to the boundary which divides the said district parish of Saint Mary, Haggerston, from the new parish of Saint Thomas, Bethnal-green, in the same county and diocese, at a point in the middle of the Hackney-road."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has been, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act, transmitted to the incumbent and to the patron of the district parish out of which it is proposed that the three districts recommended in such scheme to be constituted shall be taken.

And whereas the said incumbent has assented to the said scheme, and the said patron has made to or upon it certain objections or observations which have been, together with such scheme, laid before Her Majesty in Council.

And whereas, notwithstanding the said objections or observations which have been made by the patron as aforesaid, the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of London.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; and of the Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Helen, Auckland, in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us, that it would promote the interests of religion that the particular portions of the said parish or parochial chapelry, which are hereinafter mentioned and described (such portions not at present containing within their limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship), should be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, in manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas certain hereditaments and premises situate within the same parish or parochial chapelry have become vested in us, under the provisions of and for the purposes of the herein-mentioned Acts.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Charles, Bishop of Durham (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we humbly recommend and propose that all those several portions of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Helen, Auckland, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall, upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council, ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that such district shall be named 'The District of Evenwood.'

"And we further recommend and propose, that there shall be paid by us in each and every year to the minister for the time being of the district so recommended to be constituted, when duly licensed according to the provisions of the herein secondly-mentioned Act, the sum of one hundred and fifty pounds; and that upon any building within such district being duly licensed by the Bishop of the diocese for the performance of Divine Service, according to the provisions of the same Act, there shall be paid by us in like manner to such minister the further sum of fifty pounds, making together the sum of two hundred pounds, and that so soon as a church shall have been erected within such district, and shall have been approved by us and consecrated as the church of such district, and for

the use and service of the minister and inhabitants thereof, and such district shall have thereupon become, according to the provisions of the said lastly-mentioned Act, a new parish for ecclesiastical purposes, there shall be paid by us to the perpetual curate for the time being of such new parish the further sum of one hundred pounds, making in the whole the sum of three hundred pounds; and that the said sums of one hundred and fifty pounds, two hundred pounds, or three hundred pounds, as the case may be, shall be paid by equal half-yearly payments on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year; and that the first such payment, or a proportionate part thereof, shall be made on the first day of May or of November next after the day of the date of the license of such minister, or of such building, or of the consecration of such church as aforesaid, as the case may be; and that in case a vacancy in the ministry or perpetual curacy of such district or new parish shall happen on any other day than the first day of May or the first day of November, the amount then next thereafter payable shall be duly apportioned between and paid to the minister or the perpetual curate making the vacancy, or his personal representative or representatives, and the minister or the perpetual curate succeeding to such district or new parish: Provided always, that if it shall appear to us to be expedient at any future time that instead of the annual sum then in course of payment by us to the minister or perpetual curate of the said district or new parish, or instead of any part of such annual sum, any land, tithe, or other hereditament should be conveyed or secured to such minister or perpetual curate and his successors, nothing herein or in any other scheme contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing such a substitution.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Evenwood, being:—

"All that portion of the parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Helen, Auckland, in the county of Durham, and in the diocese of Durham, which is comprised within and is co-extensive with all that part of the township of Barony and Evenwood which is not included within the separate and distinct parish of Etherley, in the county and diocese aforesaid. And also all that portion of the said parish or parochial chapelry of Saint Helen, Auckland, which is comprised within the detached portion of the township of West Auckland, which is locally situate within the said part of the township of Barony and Evenwood hereinbefore mentioned."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has been, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly-mentioned Act, transmitted to the incumbent and to the patron of the parish or parochial chapelry, out of which it is intended that the district therein recommended to be constituted shall be taken, and such incumbent and patron have respectively assented to the said scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every

part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Durham.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight; and of another Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, sections two, three, and four; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven, sections six and eight; and of another Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four, sections two, three, and four; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for authorising the sale and disposal of certain property formerly belonging to the Bishoprick of Durham, and now vested in us.

"Whereas under the said Act of the twenty-third and twenty-fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and twenty-four; and by virtue of an Order of your Majesty in Council, bearing date the twenty-fifth day of July, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, and duly published in the London Gazette on the twenty-sixth day of the same month; the lands, tenements, and hereditaments particularly described in the schedules to such Order were assigned as an endowment to the said See of Durham.

"And whereas immediately from and after the publication of the said Order in the London Gazette, all the lands, tithes, hereditaments, and endowments, theretofore belonging to the said See of Durham (except such portions thereof as were by the said Order, assigned as part of the endowment of the said See, and except all rights of patronage or presentation, and the episcopal house of residence known as Auckland Castle, in the county of Durham), became, by force of the said last-mentioned Act, absolutely vested in us, for the purposes, and subject to the provisions, applicable to other hereditaments vested in us.

"And whereas the lands, tithes, hereditaments, and endowments so vested in us as aforesaid, are not subject to any beneficial lease or grant, but are now in possession; but some portions thereof, on account of their character or situation, are unsuitable or inconvenient to be held or applied for the purposes for which estates vested in us are applicable, under the Acts by which our proceedings are governed.

And whereas with a view to the advantageous appropriation of the said lands, tithes, hereditaments, and endowments, or of the proceeds thereof, for the ultimate improvement of our common fund, it is expedient that the said lands, tithes, heredita-

ments, and endowments, or such part or parts thereof, as we shall, at any time, and from time to time, think fit, should be sold or disposed of, and accordingly that we should be empowered to dispose of our interest in such lands, tithes, hereditaments, and endowments, or in any part or parts thereof, and in such manner as shall appear to us advisable.

"Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose that we may be authorized and empowered, by instrument or instruments in writing, duly executed according to law, from time to time, to sell or dispose of and duly to convey, according to the provisions of the said Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty's reign, all or any of the said lands, tithes, hereditaments, and endowments, theretofore belonging to the said Bishoprick of Durham, and so vested in us as aforesaid, with their appurtenances, and all our estate, right, title, and interest therein, or in any part or parts thereof, unto and to the use of any person or persons desirous or willing to purchase the same, and his, her, or their heirs, executors, administrators, or assigns, or otherwise; as he, she, or they, shall direct or appoint, and for such consideration as shall, upon due calculation and inquiry, appear to us to be just and reasonable.

"And we further recommend and propose that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Durham.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of Her Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the sixth and seventh years of your Majesty, chapter thirty-seven; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for constituting a separate district for spiritual purposes out of the parish of Gillingham, in the county of Kent, and in the diocese of Rochester.

"Whereas it has been made to appear to us that it would promote the interests of religion that the

particular part of the said parish of Gillingham hereinafter mentioned, such part not at present containing within its limits any consecrated church or chapel in use for the purposes of Divine worship, should be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, in the manner hereinafter set forth.

"And whereas by a deed, bearing date the nineteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and made or expressed to be made between the Reverend John Page, Doctor of Divinity, vicar of the vicarage and parish church of Gillingham, in the county of Kent, and diocese of Rochester aforesaid, of the first part; the Principal and Scholars of the King's Hall and College of Brasenose, in the University of Oxford, patrons of the said vicarage, of the second part; the Right Reverend Father in God, Joseph Cotton, Lord Bishop of Rochester (within whose diocese the said parish and vicarage are situate), of the third part; and us, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, of the fourth part (which deed is intended to be enrolled in your Majesty's High Court of Chancery at Westminster); a clear yearly rent-charge or sum of one hundred pounds has been granted and secured to the minister for the time being of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted, when and so soon as the same shall be constituted, to be for ever issuing and payable out of and charged upon or being part of the vicarage of Gillingham aforesaid, and the glebe lands, tithes, or tithe commutation rent-charges, and hereditaments and other emoluments, to the said vicarage belonging or in anywise appertaining.

"And whereas a sum of one thousand pounds sterling has been contributed and paid to the credit of our account at the Bank of England by the Reverend Alfred Willis, of New Brompton, in the county of Kent aforesaid, Clerk, in augmentation of the provision so made by the said John Page for the minister for the time being of the district hereinafter recommended to be constituted; and we have in respect of such contribution and payment as aforesaid, agreed and have undertaken to provide and pay by equal half-yearly payments on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year, to such minister as aforesaid, when duly licensed in accordance with the provisions of the herein secondly-mentioned Act, the yearly sum of thirty-three pounds six shillings and eight-pence.

"And whereas the said yearly rent-charge or sum of one hundred pounds, and the said sum of one thousand pounds sterling, were so respectively granted, contributed, and paid as aforesaid, upon the understanding that, in consideration of such grant, contribution, and payment, we should, in order to making up the endowment for the said district of one hundred and fifty pounds per annum, contemplated by the herein secondly-mentioned Act, appropriate out of the common fund created by the firstly herein-mentioned Act, the capital sum hereinafter named, for the benefit of the minister of the said district, when duly licensed as before-mentioned, and upon the further understanding that (such arrangement appearing to us to be expedient) the right of patronage of the said district, and of the nomination of the minister thereof should be assigned in the manner hereinafter recommended and proposed.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the said Joseph Cotton, Bishop of Rochester (in testimony whereof he has signed and sealed this scheme), we humbly recommend and propose that all that part of the said parish of Gillingham, which is described in the schedule hereunder

written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, shall, upon and from the day of the date of the publication in the London Gazette of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, become and be constituted a separate district for spiritual purposes, and that the same shall be named 'The District of Saint Mark, New Brompton.'

"And we further recommend and propose, that we may be authorized and empowered to appropriate out of the common fund created by the firstly herein-mentioned Act as aforesaid, a capital sum of one thousand pounds, for the benefit of the minister for the time being of the district so recommended to be constituted, when duly licensed, according to the provisions of the herein secondly-mentioned Act, and that such capital sum, or any part thereof, may be paid or applied by us towards the purchase or acquisition for the endowment of such district of any land, tithe, or other hereditament which may appear to us to be suitable for annexation thereto, and that in the meantime there shall be allowed and paid by us, by equal half-yearly payments on the first day of May and the first day of November in each and every year, to the minister for the time being of the said district, when duly licensed as aforesaid, in respect of such capital sum, or such part thereof, as shall remain from time to time unapplied towards such purposes as aforesaid, the annual sum of thirty-three pounds six shillings and eight-pence, or such a part thereof, as shall bear a proportion to the part of the said capital sum so remaining unapplied as aforesaid, corresponding with the proportion which the amount of the said yearly payment bears to the amount of such capital sum.

"And we further recommend and propose, that the right of patronage of the said district so recommended to be constituted, and of the nomination of the minister thereof, shall, without any assurance in the law other than this scheme, and any duly gazetted Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying the same, and upon and from the day of the date of the publication of such Order in the London Gazette as aforesaid, be assigned to, and be vested in, and shall and may be exercised by the said John Page, and the said Principal and Scholars of the King's Hall and College of Brasenose, in the University of Oxford aforesaid, in manner following, that is to say, that the first nomination of a minister to such district shall be assigned to, and be vested in, and shall be exercised by the said John Page, as vicar of the vicarage of the parish of Gillingham aforesaid, and that all future or other nominations shall be assigned to, and be vested in, and shall and may from time to time be exercised by the said Principal and Scholars of the King's Hall and College of Brasenose, in the University of Oxford aforesaid.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the said Acts, or of either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Scheme has reference.

"The District of Saint Mark, New Brompton, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Gillingham, in the county of Kent, and in the diocese of Rochester, wherein the present incumbent of such parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is

situate to the west of an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary dividing the said parish from the parish of Chatham, in the same county and diocese, at a point in the middle of the Chatham and Dover turnpike road opposite to the middle of the south-eastern end of Canterbury-lane, and extending thence north-westward to and along the middle of such lane to its junction with the road leading from Chatham-hill to Gillingham, and numbered 1504 upon the tithe commutation map of the said parish of Gillingham, and upon the map hereunto annexed, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the last-described road as far as a point opposite to the middle of the eastern end of a certain cross road numbered 1289a upon the said maps, leading to Canterbury-lane aforesaid, and extending thence westward to and along the middle of such cross road to its junction with the said lane, and extending thence north-westward along the middle of the same lane as far as a point over the middle of the line of the London, Chatham, and Dover Railway, and extending thence north-eastward for a distance of four hundred yards or thereabouts along the middle of such line of railway to a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of Victoria-street, and extending thence northward to and along the middle of Victoria-street aforesaid (intersecting Station-road and Jeffery-street), as far as a point opposite to the middle of the eastern end of Andrew-street, and extending thence westward to and along the middle of the last-named street as far as a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of Lower Gardiner-street, and extending thence north-eastward to and along the middle of the last-named street to a point in the middle of the fence forming the southern boundary of the close numbered 555 upon the said maps, and extending thence westward along the middle of the same fence to its junction with the fence forming the eastern boundary of the close numbered 538 upon the same maps, and known as Arden's Field, and extending thence northward along the middle of the last-described fence for a distance of one hundred and sixty yards, or thereabouts, to a point opposite to a boundary stone inscribed 'N. B. St. M. D. 1863, No. 1,' and placed on the western side of such fence at the southern end of the roadway leading from Arden's Field aforesaid to Gillingham-lane, and extending thence first westward to a point in the middle of such roadway, and continuing thence northward along the middle of the same roadway to its junction with Gillingham-lane aforesaid, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of such lane for a distance of sixty yards, or thereabouts, to a point opposite to the middle of the southern end of a certain road leading from the said last-mentioned lane to Gillingham Parish Wharf, and extending thence northward to and along the middle of the last-described road to a boundary stone inscribed 'N. B. St. M. D. 1863, No. 2,' and placed in the middle of the northern extremity of such road, and extending thence in a direct line due north to the north-eastern boundary of the said parish of Gillingham, in the middle of the River Medway."

And whereas a draft of the said scheme has been, in accordance with the provisions of the hereinbefore secondly mentioned Act, transmitted to the incumbent and to the patrons of the parish of Gillingham, out of which it is intended that the district recommended in such scheme to be constituted shall be taken, and such incumbent and such patrons have respectively signified their assent to the same scheme.

And whereas the said scheme has been approved



by Her Majesty in Council : now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts ; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the said diocese of Rochester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four ; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine ; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five ; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following ; that is to say :

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four ; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine ; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five ; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of the Holy Trinity, situate at Langdale, in the parish of Grasmere, in the county of Westmorland, and in the diocese of Carlisle.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate at Langdale aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Honorable and Right Reverend Samuel, Bishop of Carlisle (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those portions of the said parish of Grasmere, which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Langdale.'

And with the like consent of the said Samuel, Bishop of Carlisle (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Langdale, being :—

"All that portion of the parish of Grasmere, in the county of Westmorland, and in the diocese of Carlisle, which is comprised within the chapelry and township of Langdale ; and also all that other portion of the said parish of Grasmere which is comprised within that part of the township of Rydal and Loughrigg, wherein the present incumbent of the said parish now possesses the exclusive cure of souls, which is situate to the south of an imaginary line commencing at the point near Huntingsty Crag, where the boundary dividing the said chapelry and township of Langdale from the township of Grasmere, in the same parish, meets the western boundary of the said township of Rydal and Loughrigg, and extending thence eastward along the ridge forming the water-shed between the vale of Grasmere and Rydal, on the north side, and the vale of Langdale and Skelwith on the south side, to a point on the boundary in the middle of the Red Bank-road, which divides the said parish of Grasmere from the new parish of the Holy Trinity, Brathay, situate partly in the said county of Westmorland, and partly in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Carlisle aforesaid, such point being at the northern extremity of the said new parish."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council ; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts ; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Carlisle.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four ; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine ; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five ; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a representation, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following ; that is to say :

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth

year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church called Christ Church, situate at Great Broughton, in the parish of Bridekirk, in the county of Cumberland, and in the diocese of Carlisle.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient, that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church, called Christ Church, situate at Great Broughton aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Honourable and Right Reverend Samuel, Bishop of Carlisle (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all those portions of the said parish of Bridekirk which are described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portions, together with the boundaries thereof, are delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Christ Church, Great Broughton.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Samuel, Bishop of Carlisle (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Christ Church, Great Broughton, being:—

"All those portions of the parish of Bridekirk, in the county of Cumberland, and in the diocese of Carlisle, which are comprised within, and are co-extensive with, the limits of the three several townships of Great Broughton, Little Broughton, and Ribton."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council; now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same, and every part thereof, shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct, that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Carlisle.

Arthur Helps.

No. 22771.

F

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Mary, situate at Temple Balsal, in the parish of Hampton-in-Arden, in the county of Warwick, and in the diocese of Worcester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Mary, situate at Temple Balsal aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend Henry, Bishop of Worcester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Hampton-in-Arden, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Mary, Temple Balsal.'

"And, with the like consent of the said Henry, Bishop of Worcester (testified as aforesaid), we further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices, should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Mary, Temple Balsal, being:—

"All that part of the parish of Hampton-in-Arden, in the county of Warwick, and in the diocese of Worcester, which is comprised within and is co-extensive with the limits of the hamlet of Balsal, otherwise called 'Temple Balsal.'

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, there-

fore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Worcester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a representation, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty, chapter sixty; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of Saint Paul, situate at Hoddlesden, in the district chapelry of Saint James, Over Darwen, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of Saint Paul, situate at Hoddlesden aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend James Prince, Bishop of Manchester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would in our opinion, be expedient that all that portion of the said district chapelry of Saint James, Over Darwen, which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which portion, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of Saint Paul, Hoddlesden.'

"And with the like consent of the said James Prince, Bishop of Manchester (testified as aforesaid), we further represent that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, churchings, and burials should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto, as to your Majesty in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of Saint Paul, Hoddlesden, being:—

"All that portion of the district chapelry of Saint James, Over Darwen (heretofore part of the parish of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Manchester) which is situate to the northeast of an imaginary line commencing at the point where the boundary which divides the said district chapelry from the parochial chapelry of Turton, in the same county and diocese, meets the boundary which divides the same district chapelry from the district chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Over Darwen (also heretofore part of the said parish of Blackburn), such point being the centre of Grimehills Bridge, upon the Old Bury-road, and extending thence north-westward along the last-described boundary, following the middle of the said road, as far as the point where such boundary diverges from the middle of such road, and continuing thence still north-westward along the middle of the same road, as far as the point where it is intersected by the road leading from Over Darwen through Ellison Fold, to Brocklehead, and extending thence north-eastward along the middle of the last described road to its junction with the road and footpath leading from Brocklehead through Harwood Fold, and past Bent, and through Nursery Nook to the bridge over Grimshaw Brook, called Grimshaw-bridge, and extending first north-westward and then northward and then north-eastward along the middle of the said road and footpath, to the centre of Grimshaw Bridge aforesaid, and extending thence north-westward along the middle of Grimshaw Brook aforesaid, as far as the boundary which divides the said district chapelry of Saint James, Over Darwen, from the district chapelry of Saint James, Lower Darwen, in the county and diocese aforesaid."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Manchester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

**PRESENT,**

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's reign, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's reign, chapter thirty nine; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a

scheme, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the third and fourth years of your Majesty's reign, chapter one hundred and thirteen; and of the Act of the fourth and fifth years of your Majesty's reign, chapter thirty-nine; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme for substituting a money payment to the prebendary of the prebend of Saint Margaret's, Leicester, in the cathedral church of Lincoln, for the property belonging to such prebend.

"Whereas by and under the provisions of the said Acts the whole of the separate estates and endowments belonging to the said prebend of Saint Margaret's, Leicester (excepting any right of ecclesiastical patronage), will upon the first avoidance of the said prebend become absolutely vested in us for the purposes of the said Acts, and the chief of such purposes is that of making better provision for the cure of souls in parishes where such assistance is most required.

"And whereas it was by the same Acts enacted that by the authority therein provided and for the purpose of fully carrying into effect any of the provisions thereof any arrangement might from time to time be made with the consent, in writing, under the hand of any prebendary of any cathedral church for the sale, transfer, or exchange of any lands, tithes, or other hereditaments belonging to such prebendary, or for the purchase of other lands, tithes, or other hereditaments in lieu thereof, or for substituting in any case any lands, tithes, or other hereditaments for any money payment, or any money payment for any lands, tithes, or other hereditaments.

"And whereas it has been agreed between us and the Reverend Sir John Hobart Seymour, Clerk, and Baronet, the present prebendary of the said prebend, that with a view to sooner carrying into effect the purpose of the said recited Acts hereinbefore particularly mentioned, the following arrangement should be recommended by us to your Majesty in Council.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the said Sir John Hobart Seymour (testified by his having signed and sealed this scheme), we humbly recommend and propose that immediately upon the gazetting of any Order of your Majesty in Council ratifying this scheme, and without any conveyance or assurance in the law, other than such duly gazetted order, all lands, tithes, and other hereditaments whatsoever (except any right of ecclesiastical patronage), new belonging to the said Sir John Hobart Seymour, as such prebendary as aforesaid, or to or in which he has or ought to have any estate, right, title, or interest, shall, together with all such estate, right, title, and interest therein (except as aforesaid), be, and be held to be for the consideration hereinafter mentioned, transferred and conveyed by and from the said Sir John Hobart Seymour to us, and shall then and thereupon become and be absolutely vested in us for the purposes of the said Acts, subject only to any legally subsisting lease or leases thereof, or of any part or parts thereof; and that in consideration of and for such transfer and conveyance there shall be paid by us to the said Sir John Hobart Seymour the sum of two thousand five hundred and fifty pounds: Provided that no renewal of any lease nor any new lease of the said lands, tithes, or hereditaments, or of any part or parts thereof shall, since the fourteenth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred

and fifty eight, have been or shall be granted or made by the said Sir John Hobart Seymour.

"And we further recommend and propose, that nothing herein contained shall prevent us from recommending and proposing any other measures relating to the matters aforesaid, or any of them, in conformity with the provisions of the said recited Acts, or either of them, or of any other Act of Parliament."

And whereas the said scheme has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said scheme, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Lincoln.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England have, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of Her Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of Her Majesty, chapter fifty-five; duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council, a representation, bearing date the sixth day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of the Act of the fifty-ninth year of His Majesty King George the Third, chapter one hundred and thirty-four; of the Act of the second and third years of your Majesty, chapter forty-nine; and of the Act of the nineteenth and twentieth years of your Majesty, chapter fifty-five; have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following representation as to the assignment of a district chapelry to the consecrated church of the Holy Trinity, situate at Parr Mount, in the parish of Saint Helen's, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Chester.

"Whereas it appears to us to be expedient that a district chapelry should be assigned to the said church of the Holy Trinity, situate at Parr Mount aforesaid.

"Now, therefore, with the consent of the Right Reverend John, Bishop of Chester (testified by his having signed and sealed this representation), we humbly represent, that it would, in our opinion, be expedient that all that part of the said parish of Saint Helen's which is described in the schedule hereunder written, all which part, together with the boundaries thereof, is delineated and set forth on the map or plan hereunto annexed, should be assigned to the said church, and that the same should be named 'The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Parr Mount.'

"And with the like consent of the said John, Bishop of Chester (testified as aforesaid), we

further represent, that it appears to us to be expedient that banns of matrimony should be published, and that marriages, baptisms, and churchings, should be solemnized or performed at such church, and that the fees to be received in respect of the publication of such banns, and of the solemnization or performance of the said offices should be paid and belong to the minister of the same church for the time being.

"We, therefore, humbly pray, that your Majesty will be graciously pleased to take the premises into your Royal consideration, and to make such Order with respect thereto as to your Majesty, in your Royal wisdom, shall seem meet.

The SCHEDULE to which the foregoing Representation has reference.

"The District Chapelry of the Holy Trinity, Parr Mount, being :—

"All that part of the parish of Saint Helen's, in the county of Lancaster, and in the diocese of Chester, which is situate to the east of an imaginary line commencing upon the boundary which divides the said parish from the distinct and separate parish of Saint Nicholas, Sutton, in the same county and diocese, at a point near to Peasley Cross, opposite to the middle of the south-eastern end of Peasley Cross-lane and extending thence in a direction mainly north-westward to and along the middle of the said lane to its junction with Parr-street, and extending thence westward along the middle of the said street to a point in the centre of the turnbridge which spans the Saint Helen's Canal, and extending thence in a direction mainly north-eastward along the middle of such canal to a point on the boundary dividing the said parish of Saint Helen's from the particular district of Saint Peter, Parr, in the county and diocese aforesaid, such point being the centre of Islands Brow Bridge."

And whereas the said representation has been approved by Her Majesty in Council: now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her said Council, is pleased hereby to ratify the said representation, and to order and direct that the same and every part thereof shall be effectual in law immediately from and after the time when this Order shall have been duly published in the London Gazette, pursuant to the said Acts; and Her Majesty, by and with the like advice, is pleased hereby to direct that this Order be forthwith registered by the Registrar of the diocese of Chester.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the fifteenth and sixteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in the Metropolis;" it is enacted, that in case it appears to Her Majesty in Council, upon the representation of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, for the protection of the public health, burials in any part or parts of the metropolis, or in any burial-ground or places of burial in the metropolis, should be wholly discontinued, or should be discontinued,

subject to any exception or qualification, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that, from and after a time mentioned in the Order, burials in such part or parts of the metropolis, or in such burial-grounds or places of burial, shall be discontinued wholly, or subject to any exceptions or qualifications mentioned in such Order, and so from time to time, as circumstances may require; provided that notice of such representation, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order the same to be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, and shall be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of the parishes in which any burial-grounds or places of burial affected by such representation shall be situate, or on some other conspicuous places within the part or parts of the Metropolis affected by such representation, one calendar month at the least before such representation is so considered; provided always, that no such representation shall be made in relation to the burial-ground of any parish until ten days' previous notice of the intention to make such representation shall have been given to the Incumbent and the Vestry Clerk of such parish:

And whereas the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbent and Vestry Clerk of the parish hereinafter mentioned, ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, has made a representation stating that, for the protection of the public health, burials should be forthwith discontinued therein;

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by Her Order in Council of the twenty-seventh day of July last, to give notice of such representation, and to order that the same should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the tenth day of September instant, and such Order has been published in the London Gazette, and copies thereof have been affixed, as required by the above recited Act;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that burials be discontinued in the undermentioned parish as follows, viz. :—

**LAMBETH.**—Forthwith in the churchyard of St. Matthew, Brixton, with the exception of now existing vaults, brick graves and family earthen graves, which shall be used in accordance with the official regulations for new burial grounds.

*Arthur Helps.*

**A**T the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**W**HEREAS by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England, beyond the limits of the metropolis, and to amend the Act concerning the burial of the dead in the metropolis;" it is enacted that, in case it appears to Her Majesty in Council, upon the representation of one of Her

Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, that, for the protection of the public health, the opening of any new burial-ground in any city or town, or within any other limits, save with the previous approval of one of such Secretaries of State, should be prohibited, or that burials in any city or town, or within any other limits, or in any burial-ground or places of burial, should be wholly discontinued, or should be discontinued subject to any exception or qualification, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that no new burial-ground shall be opened in any city or town, or within such limits, without such previous approval, or (as the case may require), that after a time mentioned in the Order, burials in such city or town, or within such limits, or in such burial-grounds or places of burial, shall be discontinued wholly, or subject to any exceptions or qualifications mentioned in such Order, and so from time to time, as circumstances may require; provided always, that notice of such representation, and of the time when it shall please Her Majesty to order that the same be taken into consideration by the Privy Council, shall be published in the London Gazette, and shall be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of, or on some other conspicuous places within the parishes affected by such representation, one month before such representation is so considered; provided also, that no such representation shall be made in relation to the burial-ground of any parish until ten days' previous notice of the intention to make such representation shall have been given to the Incumbent and Vestry Clerk or Churchwardens of such parish;

And whereas the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbents and the Churchwardens of the parishes hereinafter mentioned, ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representations, has made representations, stating that, for the protection of the public health, no new burial-ground shall be opened in the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials shall be discontinued therein;

And whereas Her Majesty was pleased, by Her Order in Council of the twenty-seventh day of July last, to give notice of such representations, and to order that the same should be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the tenth day of September instant, and such Order has been published in the London Gazette, and copies thereof have been affixed, as required by the said Act:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that no new burial-ground shall be opened in the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, and that burials in the said parishes shall be discontinued (except as is herein otherwise directed), as follows; viz.:

**KINGSBRIDGE, DEVON.**—In the Wesleyan burial ground no grave to be opened within three yards of any dwelling nor unless it can be opened without the disturbance of any coffin, and no coffin to be buried at a less depth than five feet.

**BROCKENHURST, HAMPSHIRE.**—Forthwith beneath the parish church, and from and after the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in the churchyard, with the exception of now existing family vaults and brick graves which can be opened without exposing human remains, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in brickwork, properly cemented, also with the exception of the now existing and reserved deep earthen graves, in which, when required, the coffin last buried shall be covered with not less than four feet of earth

**KINGSTONE, KENT.**—Forthwith beneath the parish church and also in all those portions of the churchyard which lie on the north and west sides of the church.

**LITTLE STANMORE.**—Forthwith beneath the parish church, the coffins deposited in these vaults to be properly covered with a layer of fresh earth, 18 inches thick, and a layer of concrete, 6 inches thick, and to be closed up with brickwork well cemented.

**ENDERBY, LEICESTERSHIRE.**—Forthwith beneath the parish church, and from and after the thirty-first of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, in the churchyard, with the exception of now existing family vaults and brick graves, which can be opened without exposing human remains, and in which each coffin shall be separately entombed in brick or stone work properly cemented.

**MINSTER, NEAR RAMSGATE, KENT.**—Forthwith beneath the parish church.

**CREDITON.**—Forthwith in the church, and in the churchyard, except in vaults and walled graves, in which each coffin shall be embedded in charcoal, and separately enclosed by concrete, brickwork, or masonry properly cemented, and except in earthen graves, not less than five feet deep, which are free from water, and can be opened without exposure of coffins, or the disturbance of remains.

*Arthur Helps.*

At the Court at Windsor, the 12th day of September, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

**WHEREAS** by an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the eighteenth and nineteenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act further to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England," it is, amongst other things, enacted that it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time to postpone the time appointed by any Order in Council for the discontinuance of burials, or otherwise to vary any Order in Council made under any of the Acts recited in the said Act, or under the said Act (whether the time thereby appointed for

the discontinuance of burials thereunder, or other operation of such Order, shall or shall not have arrived), as to Her Majesty, with such advice as aforesaid, may seem fit ;

And whereas certain Orders in Council have been made, directing the discontinuance of burials in the churchyards and burial-grounds hereinafter mentioned, from the time specified in such Orders respectively ; and whereas it seems fit to Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the time for discontinuing burials in the said churchyards and burial-grounds be postponed ;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice aforesaid, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the time for the discontinuance of burials in such churchyards and burial-grounds be postponed, as follows ; viz. :

In the churchyard of **WONERSE**, Surrey, from the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to the thirtieth of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

In the churchyard of **MIDDLEWICH**, from the first of June, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, provided that no grave be dug less than four feet deep, nor unless it can be so dug without exposing any coffin.

In the churchyard and in the burial-grounds of the Presbyterian Unitarian, and Independent chapels, in the parish of **RINGWOOD**, Hants, from the first of October, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, to the first of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

And whereas by an Order in Council of the tenth of May, one thousand eight hundred and sixty, it was directed that burials should be discontinued, with certain exemptions, in the churchyard of **LAMERTON**, and whereas it seems fit that such Order be varied ; now, therefore, Her Majesty is pleased to direct that a further exemption be made to the operation of such Order by interments being permitted in vaults and walled graves, each coffin buried in which shall be separately entombed in concrete or in masonry or brickwork properly cemented.

*Arthur Helps.*

AT the Court at *Windsor*, the 12th day of *September*, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS the Right Honourable Sir George Grey, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, after giving to the Incumbent and the Churchwardens of the parish hereinafter mentioned, ten days' previous notice of his intention to make such representation, has, under the provisions of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament, held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign,

intituled "An Act to amend the laws concerning the burial of the dead in England beyond the limits of the metropolis, and to amend the Act concerning the burial of the dead in the metropolis," made representations stating that, for the protection of the public health, no new burial-ground should be opened in the undermentioned parishes without the previous approval of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State ; and that interments in the same should be discontinued, with the following modifications ; viz. :

**BARTON, SAINT MARY, GLOUCESTER.**—Forthwith in the cemetery at Wotton, near Gloucester, except for the interment of husbands, wives, parents, children, brothers, or sisters of those buried therein before the first of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, and that the regulations for new burial grounds be observed therein.

**GLOUCESTER.**—That no new burial ground be opened in the city of Gloucester, or within two miles thereof, without the previous consent of one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Now, therefore, Her Majesty in Council is pleased hereby to give notice of such representations, and to order that the same be taken into consideration by a Committee of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, on the twenty-sixth day of October next :

And Her Majesty is further pleased to direct that this Order be forthwith published in the London Gazette ; and that copies thereof be affixed on the doors of the churches or chapels of or on some conspicuous places within the parishes affected by such representations, one month before the said twenty-sixth day of October.

*Arthur Helps.*

*War Office, September 15, 1863.*

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Colonel Henry Yule, late of the Royal (Bengal) Engineers, and late Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department, to be an ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

*Foreign Office, September 11, 1863.*

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. Thomas Ryan as Consul at Quebec for the Free Hanseatic City of Lubeck.

*St. James's Palace, September 9, 1863.*

The Queen has been pleased, on the nomination of the Right Honourable Lord Foley, to appoint Brevet-Major Bevil Granville, late 23rd Foot, one of Her Majesty's Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms, vice Major James Peters, retired.



(1044.)

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,  
September 15, 1863.*

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Charge d'Affaires at Hamburg, enclosing the following translation of the Mecklenburgh Customs' Tariff, which will come into operation on the 1st October next:

CUSTOMS LAW for the Grand Duchies of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and Mecklenburg-Strelitz, with the exception of the Principality of Ratzeburg, with Appendices A, B, and C. (Published as a Supplement to the Government Gazette of the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, No. 20 of the year 1863, dated Schwerin, May 30th, 1863.)

#### A.—GENERAL DETERMINATIONS.

##### Sec. 1.

The present Law is equally applied to the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, with the exception of the Principality of Ratzeburg. The two Grand Duchies are in respect thereof to be considered as one land.

##### Sec. 2.

All importation, exportation, and transit, are allowed. The prohibition of the import of chicory and of playing-cards, loses its force upon the introduction of this Customs' law, viz., on the 1st of October, 1863.

##### Sec. 3.

Upon all articles imported from abroad an import duty based upon the Tariff, Appendix A, is to be levied, in so far as they are not duty free by that Tariff, or fall under the specified exceptions (Sec. 9).

##### Sec. 4.

The articles exported from the land are not subject to any export duty.

##### Sec. 5.

The present Customs' law does not apply to the Elbe tolls, or to the transit tolls by the Berlin-Hamburg Railway.

Upon all articles otherwise passing through the land no transit duty will be levied; but the goods charged by the Tariff with an import duty on importation for consumption or free traffic, are subject, on transit through the land, to the control required for the security of the Customs, and below determined in Sec. 15, sub. b, and by the Customs' Ordinance, Sec. 21, besides which such goods may be unladen within the land under the control of the Customs' officers, and warehoused at places where public warehouses are established for purposes of further despatch, or intermediate trade. In all such cases nothing is to be charged beyond the control or warehouse fees fixed by the Tariff.

##### Sec. 6.

The trade in the interior of the land is not subject to any payment of Customs; the internal duties are abolished; but these determinations do not apply to actual dam-road, or bridge tolls, or to private tolls on goods, provided such dues have now a legal existence.

#### B.—SPECIAL DETERMINATIONS.

##### I.—Levying of the Customs.

##### Sec. 7.

The levying of the import duty is made either by the weight of the article chargeable, or respectively by the measure, or the piece, with a proper reduction thereof into the weight fixed by the Tariff, compare Sec. 4 of the Customs' Ordinance.

The Customs' weight is the new Mecklenburg weight.\*

The Customs' duty is to be reckoned and levied by the gross-weight of the goods liable to duty; there is therefore no allowance of tare.

Every fraction of the duty under 3 Pfennige is to be reckoned as 3 Pfennige; this rule may only be deviated from in the case of articles subject to duty arriving by the Grand Ducal posts, which until further orders are exempted from paying any fraction of duty under 3 Pfennige.

##### Sec. 8.

For the right application of the Tariff is to serve the specification of goods to be officially made known which enumerates the particular articles of goods according to their denominations used in trade, or otherwise customary, in alphabetical order, and designates the rate of the Tariff applicable to each of them. If doubts should arise as to the right application of the Tariff to particular articles liable to duty, the administrative officers will decide thereon for the concrete case.

Alterations of particular rates of the Customs' Tariff, or explanations of the same, can be made only with the constitutional assent of the States, and are, as a rule, unless particular circumstances make an exception necessary, to be declared only once in every two years, and at least two months before to be publicly notified.

If complaints arise touching the right application of the Tariff they are to be addressed to the Tax and Customs' Direction, against whose decision an appeal is allowed, in Mecklenburg-Schwerin to the Ministry of Finance, in Mecklenburg-Strelitz to the Government of the land.

##### Sec. 9.

The Sovereigns and the members of the Grand Ducal Families have for their persons unlimited freedom from Customs.

There shall also be the following exemptions from Customs' duties:

1. Articles liable to duty but not imported in the way of commerce or trade, which, reckoning together several simultaneous transports of goods for the same receiver, do not exceed the weight of 25lbs. or are not chargeable by the Tariff with more than 6¼ schillinge in the whole. If the weight is more, or the Customs payable exceeds 6¼ schillinge, then such goods must pay the full duty upon the entire quantity.

2. The baggage of travellers for their private use, likewise tools and instruments which travelling artists carry with them for the exercise of their art.

3. Articles by post, with goods liable to duty under 4lbs. weight. Compare Sections 31 and 32 of the Customs' Ordinance.

4. Foreign articles liable to duty which  
a. are imported to fairs or exhibitions in the interior, or for being repaired or improved, so that the duty to be paid on entrance is to be returned when they are exported unsold:

\* The new centner contains 100 lbs. = 110¼ lbs avoirdupois.

*b.* are legitimized by official certificates as effects removed, or articles of marriage dowry belonging to parties settling in the land:

*c.* are brought in by commercial travellers as samples, or pattern-cards, provided that when large quantities of goods are described as samples, their examination with a deposit of duty may be ordered, if circumstances should require, in order to prevent their sale within the land duty free.

5. Articles of home manufacture which have been sent abroad to fairs, exhibitions, or to be repaired or improved, and are returned with satisfactory proof that they are of native origin:

6. Articles brought by sea from abroad into one of the two seaports (Rostock and Wismar) and there transhipped before importation from one ship to another, and then further exported.

In such cases, however, the measures of control prescribed by the Toll Ordinance are to be most strictly observed.

#### Sec. 10.

The tax and Customs' Direction is allowed to grant relaxations to the traffic in goods liable to duty on the frontiers of the land,—both in respect of the importation of articles liable to duty out of the prescribed roads and landing places, and in respect of Customs' clearances, having regard to local or personal circumstances either temporarily or in special cases, taking the necessary measures for the security of the duties. Any abuse of such relaxations will cause the withdrawal of the same with the infliction of the penalty incurred.

#### Sec. 11.

The person who at the time when the Customs are due, is the holder (natural possessor) of the article liable to duty, is bound to pay the same. On the same footing as the holder is he who takes the article liable to duty out of an unduty-paid warehouse (*entrepôt*, storehouse). (Sec. 24.)

#### Sec. 12.

The Customs are to be paid either on the frontier or in the interior of the land at a Custom-house authorised to receive the same, viz:—

1. Upon articles imported by the Baltic Sea, the duty is always to be levied in the sea-ports of Rostock or Wismar (subject to the exceptions after-mentioned). In the special case where a vessel is laden for both sea-ports, and either discharges successively in them, or in the first port discharges into another vessel the articles destined for the second port, the duty upon the latter articles is to be charged in that port where the actual importation of the goods takes place.

2. Articles entering by land, not transported into freight-waggons, and not forwarded on by railway or post, are always to be charged with duty at the frontier (Customs' stations, or frontier Custom-house) compare Sec. 22 of the Customs' Ordinance.

3. In the case of articles imported by land in freight-waggons, or by water, otherwise than by the Baltic Sea, the parties may choose whether they will pay the Customs at the frontier or in the interior at the Custom-house at the place of destination, or nearest to the same. If the Customs are to be paid in the interior the articles in question are to be referred by the frontier Custom-house, with an accompanying certificate, to the proper place of levying in the interior for final clearance, that is to say: after previous examination, and according to the quality of the goods, either under Customs' lock, or upon security given for payment of the duty, or in the discretion of the frontier Custom-house, with application of both measures of security. The carrier

of the goods must convey them unchanged to their destination, and before their delivery to the receiver, to present them to the Custom-house, where the final clearance is to be effected, together with the accompanying certificate, and in the meantime to keep uninjured the official lock placed upon the same.

4. All articles imported by railway or post are to pay the duties at that station where they leave the railway or post. If they are conveyed further from the railway without payment of duty by freight-waggon, or boat, for final clearance at a tax-office in the interior, then the proceeding prescribed, sub. No. 3, for the frontier Custom-house is to take place at the last railway station. Lastly,

5. The articles received into an unduty-paid warehouse (Sec. 24) are to be charged with duties at the Custom-house of the place of warehousing, before they are taken out of the warehouse.

*Notes.—a.* Notwithstanding the determination sub. 1, the permission to import from sea by Ribnitz, so long as such importation is legal, is continued.

*b.* Continues to the landed proprietors on the Baltic the privilege allowed them by Sec. 368 of the Constitutional Recess of the land, to import building materials, and other articles by sea, for their estates, with the exception of articles of merchandise, in the way of trade, provided that they must pay the duties thereon according to the Tariff. For the mode of proceeding they are referred to Sec. 15 of the Customs' Ordinance.

#### Sec. 13.

The articles liable to Customs are answerable, without reference to the claims of any third parties thereto, for the punctual and full payment of the duty charged upon them, and may, until such payment is made, or the security determined by the Customs' officers is given for the same, be detained by them, or seized. The prohibition issued by a Customs' officer to the owner of an article liable to duty of disposing further of the article in question, has the full effect of a legal seizure. The delivery of the goods, on which there is a claim for Customs, can in no case, not even by courts of justice, creditors, or representatives of estates in bankruptcies, be required before the duties shall have been paid thereon.

#### Sec. 14.

Where too much duties are levied through an erroneous application of the tariff, or by mistake, they are to be returned, but where too little or no duties have been levied, they shall be subsequently collected by the officers from the parties liable. Both must, however, be done within a term of three months from the day on which the duty was paid or to be paid. After the expiration of that term, all claim not previously made for restitution or subsequent payment of Customs, as well against the Customs' officers as the parties liable, is extinguished.

This term does not, however, apply to the right of the Customs' administration to call upon the officers to make duties good, but these latter are not authorized to make any claim for compensation upon the parties liable to duty.

A repayment of a once regularly paid duty on account of a subsequent change in the destination of the goods, is not admissible, nor can the determinations contained in Sec. 82 of the Land-Recess be applied to the Customs on the frontier.

## II. For securing the levy of the Customs.

## Sec. 15.

A. All articles liable to duty coming from abroad may be imported or carried through in transit, as a general rule only, in the day-time, and only by one of the Customs-ways, designated in the Appendix B (land and water-ways) respectively, over the landing-place therein designated.

B. The transport of articles passing in transit by land-carriage and on the water-ways is allowed only under Customs' lock; and in the former case the transport must, as a rule, be effected in the same waggon; in the latter case, the boats may be laden with goods in transit only, except any imported articles remaining at the first place of landing on entrance into the land, unless there should be on board the boat a special locked-up place for goods in transit.

The conductors of the waggons or boats have at the same time to pay at the Custom-house of entrance the Customs due by the Tariff upon the transit-goods brought by them, as a Customs' deposit; but are to receive the same back at the Custom-house of departure, provided they shall have observed on their passage through the prescribed Regulations of Control.

The amount of the deposit to be made as above for the Customs upon goods in transit is to be fixed after special examination at the Custom-house: if the carrier of the goods will not submit thereto, he must pay the highest rate of duty for the goods in transit. Separate packages notified for transit can only be allowed to pass if they can be securely locked up, and if the duty is deposited according to the highest rate of the Tariff.

C. From the obligation to keep to the Customs-ways, and respectively to import only at the prescribed landing-places, are however exempted.

1. All persons and waggons which bring or have laden no articles liable to duty by the Tariff or merely such as are declared free in Sec. 9, sub. 1. In respect of the import of articles conditionally free by Sec. 9, or to the previously legitimized as such, like patterns and effects of removal or dowry, the legal rule remains in force.

2. The inhabitants of places in the flat-land, distant not more than two miles from the frontier, importing articles liable to duty under the following conditions:

a. They must not be imported by freight-waggons.

b. The importers or carriers must be provided with a declaration, which, besides a correct statement of the contents and weight of the articles imported, comprises the assurance that the articles are destined for the private, domestic, or household use of the receiver, who will within eight days settle at the nearest frontier Custom-house the legal amount of Customs due. This declaration must be provided by the receiver with the signature and seal, or stamp, of the chief officer of the place, or his deputy, before it is produced, in order to be used to that frontier Custom-house at which the duty is to be paid. Whoever imports goods liable to duty otherwise than by the Customs-ways, with an unvisaed declaration, is to be treated as one entirely unfurnished with a declaration. If the goods are not destined for the chief officer himself, there must be a certificate that the receiver is known as safe and trustworthy for the settlement of the duty, in which case the receiver must also sign the declaration with his own hand.

c. The Customs legally due upon the articles imported must be sent to the proper Custom-

house within eight days, accompanied by the declaration which the Customs' Ordinance requires to be made by the receiver.

3. On the Baltic sea-coasts of the land may in cases of necessity or stranding (besides the exceptions specified in note b to sec. 12), the ships and other vessels land and discharge elsewhere than in the two sea-ports, and respectively again take in the discharged cargoes; but the masters must give immediate notice thereof to the nearest Custom-house.

4. Vessels coming in from the exterior by the other water-ways, with articles destined for the interior of the land, in so far as they may not have paid the Customs fully on their entrance, or as necessities arise to which the Regulations No. 3 would apply, may only discharge or load at those places where there is a Custom-house, and not lie at any other places, except when required for fastening the vessel during the night with contrary winds, &c. The landing and lading at other places is allowed exceptionally if the vessel is to take in there the produce of the land; the master must, however, in such case, be provided with a proper certificate of lading from the shipper or the receiver.

The cases provided in Sec. 26 of the River Police Ordinance of May 26th, 1860, sub b to d, are also to be reckoned as cases of necessity; but the masters of the vessels must, in the cases sub. b and c, as also in other cases of necessity, limit himself to the necessary measures; in the case sub. d the unloading is only to take place under Customs' control.

## Sec. 16.

Waggons and vessels whose cargoes, either wholly or in part, to be charged with Customs into the interior of the land, are allowed on their way to the place of destination to lade more goods, but only under Customs' control; likewise, also, waggons or vessels which convey goods in transit under Customs' lock (Sec. 15, b) may take in other goods destined for the exterior under Customs' control.

It is allowed to transfer or change the lading of articles of import or transit goods from carriage to railway, or from carriage or railway to vessel, and *vice-versa*, but both must be done under Customs' control.

## Sec. 17.

The traffic in the interior of the land is entirely free from Customs' restrictions, except in so far as it is subjected to the control necessary for securing the import duty in accordance with this law, particularly in those parts of the land lying between the frontier and the frontier Custom-houses.

The traffic of the places in the land lying on the coasts and shores of the Baltic Sea and of the inland waters bounded by the exterior, both with each other and with the landing-places (Sec. 15) is subject to no restriction, when carried on in open waggons, likewise may open fishing-vessels carrying on the fishery in the Baltic and the designated inland waters depart from the inland coasts and shores of the land, and return thither without hindrance. On the other hand, decked vessels may only land elsewhere than at the landing-places, when they depart from the landing-places and immediately return to the same, without reference to the cases of exception, and necessity to which the regulations in Sec. 15, ad. 3 and 4 are applicable.

### III.—*Officers of the Customs, their Authority and Duties.*

#### Sec. 18.

The Custom-houses and By-offices (Customs' posts) lying next the frontiers of the land and specified in the Appendix C, and in the interior of the land the Grand Ducal Tax-offices, and the Customs' Dispatch-offices attached to them at the railway stations for the import of goods per railway, are obliged and entitled to fix, levy and secure the Customs. The tax-offices have, in regard to levying the Customs, the character of Custom-houses.

#### Sec. 19.

The importation of articles liable to duty is allowed in unlimited quantities at the frontier Custom-houses, designated in the Appendix C.

The By-offices (Customs' posts) which are intended to facilitate the traffic in articles liable to duty with the neighbouring places in the exterior, are only authorized to levy duties under the following modifications:

a. The whole of the articles brought in in one waggon, car, or by one porter, &c., must be presented at the Customs' post for payment of duties; but

b. The total amount of the Customs to be paid in each individual case of levy must not exceed the sum of ten dollars.

#### Sec. 20.

Besides the officers and under officers appointed to the before-mentioned Customs' offices, special officers of inspection and control will be appointed for the inspection of the goods imported or exported by the frontier. They will receive suitable instructions, which they are to keep always by them for their legitimation. Every conductor of a waggon or boat, as well as every car-driver or porter is obliged to give them the requisite information in reply to their questions as to their loadings being liable to duty, and to obey the orders given by them in pursuance of their instructions. The before-mentioned inspection does not in general extend to carriages with persons or riders, but is only to be applied in cases where a defraudation of the Customs is strongly indicated. Besides the above-mentioned inspectors, the Grand-Ducal gens d'armes in Mecklenburg-Schwerin, the Grand-Ducal district Hussars and gens d'armes on foot in Mecklenburg-Strelitz, and the sluice-masters stationed on the Elbe and Stör canal, are authorized and instructed to exercise a joint inspection and control.

#### Sec. 21.

The houses in which the business of the Customs' officers is transacted shall be designed by shields of arms, and the officers appointed to the Custom-houses, in so far as they in their official functions come into immediate contact with the duty-paying public, shall wear uniform.

#### Sec. 22.

The hours of business, during which the offices of the Customs' officers must be regularly opened for the clearances of articles subject to duty, as well as the exceptions therefrom for the despatch of travellers, goods by post, and goods with speed entering by the railways, will be determined by the Customs' Ordinance. (Sec. 25.)

#### Sec. 23.

It will be the duty of all Customs' officers and other persons employed in inspection, under penalty of a disciplinary, or, according to circumstances, yet severer punishment, in the per-

formance of their functions, to observe a respectful and modest behaviour, not to carry their investigations beyond the matter in hand, and generally to avoid giving occasion to well-founded complaints.

Every complaint brought to the cognizance of the Customs' administration shall necessitate the calling upon the officer in question for an answer or the watching him narrowly, and, in discretion, the rendering him harmless to the trading public.

But the penalty of dismissal shall be applied to those who—

1. Demand or receive, either by themselves or through others, for any official business a gift in money, or in things, or a satisfaction under whatever name; or

2. Borrow money of any persons officiating in the Customs under their control, or borrow of them for their own use through the agency of others.

On the other hand, the Customs' officers may expect a respectful behaviour from those liable to pay duties, and whosoever resists any such officer in the execution of his office, offends the same either by words or disrespectful deportment, or makes any sort of attack upon him, or offers or makes him gifts or loans of money on the occasion of his official functions, shall (in so far as he has not incurred a more severe penalty according to the character of his act and according to the existing criminal law) be punished by the Customs' Court with either fine or imprisonment, according to the circumstances.

#### Sec. 24.

For facilitating the immediate transit and the internal traffic there may, in the important commercial places of the interior, as occasion shall appear to require, be allowed by the Tax and Customs' Direction in its discretion, public warehouses under official inspection wherein goods, on which the import duty has not been paid, shall be warehoused until their further destination, and to which the articles liable to duty are to be forwarded from the frontier, under the prescribed regulations, for security.

The Customs' Ordinance and the special Storehouse Regulations will contain the necessary rules as to the obligations of the holder of the goods on warehousing the same, as to their treatment whilst warehoused, the administration and inspection of the warehouse, the eventual payment of duty on the goods when taken out, the term of warehousing, &c. The holder, owner, or sender of the goods must, if he declares or causes to be declared such goods for warehousing, submit unconditionally to those rules, without any special declaration being required to that effect.

### IV.—*Final Determinations.*

#### Sec. 25.

The Customs' Ordinance contains the more particular determinations as to the application and execution of the legal Customs' rules contained in the above Sections, especially as to the proceedings before and at the Customs' Clearance, and as to the obligations to be fulfilled on the part of the carriers of the goods and their representatives, in respect of the declaration and revision of the articles liable to duty, the security to be given for duties eventually payable, the locking up of the goods by the officers of Customs, &c.

#### Sec. 26.

The "Customs' Penal Law" contains the special determinations as to the proceedings of investi-

gation and punishment for violation of the legal rules relative to the Customs.

## APPENDIX A.

## CUSTOMS' TARIFF.

*First Part.*

## Articles Customs Free.

All articles not mentioned or specified in the following Parts II to VIII pass until further order on their importation Customs free, but especially the following, viz. :—

1. Building wood, cut of all sorts, as—balks, beams, boards, laths, planks, spars, windlass and pump wood, if proved to be procured for the private use of the receiver, and not for commerce or trade, and imported by waggon, or by sea, by the owners of estates bordering on the Baltic, according to Sec. 368 of the Constitution of the Land.
- Oak wood for building, if proved to be intended for ship-building, is Customs free, without any restriction.
2. Trees, bushes, living plants, and shrubs, basket willows, and the like; also uncut building wood and fire wood.
3. Bee-hives with live bees.
4. Books, brought from abroad either by booksellers or private persons.
5. Chicory-roots.
6. Thatching straw; thatching chips.
7. Dung—as blood, stall, lime, or other mineral dung (chili, saltpetre, sulphate of ammonia).
8. Eggs.
9. Ice—raw.
10. Fresh fish, crabs (river crabs).
11. Mould, sand.
12. Fresh garden fruits and fresh vegetables.
13. Fowls and game.
14. Grain of all sorts.
15. Glass shreds.
16. Gravel.
17. Guano.
18. Hay, straw, and chaff.
19. Limestone, rough.
20. Potatoes.
21. Bones.
22. Flax, rape, and turnip-seed.
23. Milk.
24. Fruit, fresh.
25. Paper shreds.
26. Sacks, old; likewise old mats, chests, or casks, returning empty from abroad.
27. Stones, unhewn.
28. Turf.
29. Cattle, horses, oxen, pigs, wethers, sheep, goats, &c.
30. Wool (raw sheep's wool).
31. Bricks of all sorts, except those mentioned in Part VIII.

For the rest in regard to the freedom from duty of travellers' baggage and certain other exemptions allowed under particular limitations and conditions, compare the determinations in Sec. 9 of the Customs' Law.

*Second Part.*

Articles to be charged with twenty-five schillinge courant per Customs' centner, gross weight :—

*Note.*—1 dollar containing 48 Mecklenburg schillinge = 1 Prussian dollar, or 3s. English. Ergo, 25 Mecklenburg schillinge = 1s. 6½d. English. 1 Customs' centner = 110½ lbs. avoirdupois,

1. Apothecaries' wares and drugs, so far as not specified by name in Part III.
2. Oranges, citrons, lemons, pommeranz, oranges, small oranges, and other similar southern fruits.
3. Cotton yarn and cotton stuffs of all sorts, not enumerated in Part III.
4. Beer of all sorts; also porter, ale, mead, in barrels, casks, bottles, or pots.
5. Jewellery of all sorts.
6. Cacao, cacao in cakes or blocks, cacao butter, pulverized cacao, cacao shells, and chocolate.
7. Coffee, coffee substitutes of all sorts, chicories, hygienic coffee, &c.
8. Sweetmeats and pastry, bon-bons, lozenges, breast paste (paté pectorale) cakes, gingerbread nuts, &c.
9. Delicacies,—as anchovies, oysters, capers, caviar, mushrooms, dates, lobsters, smoked salmon, morchels, muschels, nine eyes, olives, pies, pickles, pistachio-nuts, candied orange peel, punch essence, sardines, sauces, succades, mustard, in pots or glasses, turtles, smoked sprats, truffles, &c.
10. Vinegar of all sorts, in casks, pots, or bottles.
11. Dyes, dye essences, lead, gold and silver-leaf; also Indian ink, and dye stuffs of all sorts, not specified in Part III.
12. Porcelain (earthenware), packed in chests. See Part III, No. 11.
13. Feathers, bed feathers, eider down, filled feather beds, quills, pens.
14. Fruit, syrup and preserved fruits.
15. Gallantry wares—as artificial flowers of all sorts, borders, crepines, fans, feathers of all sorts, fringes of all sorts, pearl and other embroideries, perfumery articles, pomade, millinery of all sorts, jewellery, real or unreal, tresses, toilette soap and other toilette articles, watch chains, watch keys of all sorts, &c.
16. Pictures, lithographs, photographic works, land and sea, maps, and music.
17. Spices, not European; cinnamon, cinnamon blossom, cassia, cardamon, ginger, mace flowers, man nuts, cloves, pepper, pimento, saffron, vanilla, &c.
18. Glass and glass wares of all sorts,—as mirrors, mirror glass, crystal glass, white or green window glass, roof glass, glass tiles, glass to be inclosed in ships' decks, clubs, retorts, watch glasses, glass beads, glass corals, glass knobs, &c.
19. Gold wares and gold works of all sorts.
20. India-rubber, gutta-percha, caoutchouc, India-rubber works and wares, gutta-percha works and wares, caoutchouc works and wares of all sorts.
21. Hair cloth, and hair cloth wares of all sorts.
22. Gloves and glovemakers' works of all sorts, as jackets, hose, braces, bed stays, &c.
23. Hats, men's and women's, of all sorts, without distinction of what materials made; also hat blocks.
24. Instruments :
  - a. Astronomical, surgical, mathematical, mechanical, optical, physical, &c.
  - b. Musical—as harpsichords, pianofortes, grand pianos, harps, barrel organs, organs properly so, violins, bass viols, flutes, horns, clarionettes, hautboys, trumpets, flageolets, harmonicas, Jews' harps, Æolian harps, musical forks, musical hammers, violin bows, &c.

- c. Various—as spectacles, compasses, electrifying machines, drawing materials, hygrometers and hydrometers, air pumps, microscopes, sewing-machines, hour glasses, thermometers, barometers, inch rules, &c.
25. Clothes, and wash linen of all sorts, ready made, new, also worn clothes and body linen, imported for sale.
26. Small wares :
- A. Various, viz. :
1. Finer, as ribbons of all sorts, pencils, letter-wetters, letter-weights, fine lead wares, gunsmiths' work, coloured lining work, fine brush work, rabbit yarn, cravats, beaver yarn, harpsichord strings, corals, real or unreal, corset staves, and crinoline, stiffening of whalebones, &c.; sword hangings, ink, ink pulver, draught-boards, domino-boards, wire of copper, brass, or steel, also wire baskets, turnery works, finer or fine.
    - a. Of horn, bone, whalebone, cocoanuts, coal or wood, with or without ornament, likewise rings, combs, and buttons, sticks wholly or partly made of wood or other materials, with or without ornaments, as walking sticks, umbrella and parasol sticks, &c.
    - b. Turned works of art, made of ivory, mother-of-pearl, amber, tortoiseshell, or other materials.
  - Ivory plates, enamels, etuis, boxes and small chests, with or without instruments, as work-boxes, barbers' or hairdressers' boxes, and card boxes, feather balls, feather brooms, fireworks, fire-irons, whalebone (split) and whalebone wares, fishing lines, foil (foil for joiners and looking-glass foil).
  - Money bags, gypsum wares hooks and eyes, cravats, breeches braces, mohair wares, mohair yarn, combmakers' works, finer and fine basketmakers' work, buttonry, children's and other pockets, lustres of all sorts, furriery of all sorts, better and finer copper-smith ware, such as polished, painted, varnished, bronzed, plated, or silvered plated copper plates, &c.
  - Bells (for ringing.)
  - Wax, sealing-wax, wafers, sticking plaister, sticking glue, lamps of all sorts, lanterns and lantern-boards, lustres of the better kind, light-shades, snuffers of all sorts.
  - Leather wares of cordwain, kid, morocco, and all other sorts of leather; mattresses of all sorts, masks, medals of all sorts.
  - Fine brass wares and all girdlers' wares, metallic wares of bronze and other metallic compositions like brass, caps and cap shades of all sorts, needlemakers' wares of all sorts, as birdcages, &c.
  - Nails of copper, brass, zinc, &c.
  - Nürnberg wares, so called (dolls, dolls' heads, toys, and articles for presents, of all sorts).
  - Orthopædic instruments, as fracture bandages, foot-clubs, instruments, stays, &c.
  - Pasteboard, *papier-maché*, and paper wares, not belonging to the articles enumerated in Part III., No. 82.
  - Slippers of all sorts (except heavy wooden ones).
  - Pearls of all sorts, without distinction.
  - Whips and whip-handles.
  - Mother-of-pearl, and manufactures thereof.
  - Wigmakers' work of all sorts.
  - Stamps, and wax for impressions thereof.
  - Pipes, pipe-heads, pipe-tubes, pipe-snakes of all sorts.
  - Paint brushes (brushmakers' work).
  - Platina wares, plated wares.
  - Lace works, lace wares of all sorts.
  - Powder-flasks and horns.
  - Hardware of all sorts.
  - Smoking powder, candles, wax.
  - Umbrellas and parasols, travelling bags and pockets.
  - Graters, counters, rheumatism-tractors (galvanic chains).
  - Blinds, plain or painted.
  - Strings (of gut, steel wire, brass, or other metals, also gut strings).
  - Saddlery, and reins and straps of all sorts.
  - Boxes of chaff, wood, paper, or other materials.
  - Writing materials.
  - Guns (Rifle-makers' work).
  - Skates, belts, stays, and stay-laces.
  - Printing materials,—as letters, metallic plates for printing notes, vignettes, &c.
  - Shoemakers' work of all sorts, shoe and boot blacking.
  - Swordmakers' work of all sorts, chess-boards.
  - Sponge (for washing and baths) sulphuric matches.
  - Sievmakers' work.
  - Silver work and wares, and new silver wares.
  - Chip work, spurmakers' work.
  - Razor-strops, fine straw works, wax cloth, wax taffety, wax cloth manufactures.
  - Wax wares, finer white copper wares, fine tin and zinc wares.
  - Tooth-brushes, tooth-powder, tooth-picks, tooth-tincture, artificial teeth, percussion caps for guns, thread.
  2. Coarser; as, coarse white-lead works, coarse brushes, coarse lead wares (lead pipes, boilers, weights, &c.)
  - Ballast shovels, binding cord, brushes, coffee-mills, cask-cocks of all sorts (wood, copper, brass, or tin).
  - Fox, martin, rat, or mouse traps, gypsum figures, curled horsehair, wooden trunks, &c.
  - Coarse basketmakers' wares of unpeeled twigs, also coarsest baskets of chip, and coarse fodder baskets.
  - Coarse unpolished coppersmiths' works, copper pipes, boilers, &c.,
  - Nets of all sorts, slates and other reckoning tablets, and common pencils.
  - Common cutting tools, squirt-pipes of hemp, leather, &c.
  - Crucibles burned of clay.
  - Wool cards.
- B. Iron and steel wares, viz. :—
1. Finer :
    - a. Filed, polished, chiselled,—as lustres, stands for light-shades, waiters' and other plates, writing materials, smoking cases, paper-weights, fruit-dishes, flower-vases, statues, bas-reliefs, medallions, &c.
    - b. Hardwares of iron or steel,—as rings, cloth-nails, crosses, stamps, watch-chains, watch-hooks, knitting-hooks, knitting-needles, body belts, necklaces, and bracelets, &c.
    - c. Finer iron manufactures,—as corset machines, corset staves, carbine hooks, crinoline stiffening, swords, sword-rings, sword sheaths, fire steel, fish-hooks, fire.

- irons, fire shovels, knives and forks, wrought buttons, scissors, sabres, steel pens, shoemakers' awls, needles for darning, sailmaking, packing, larding, lacing, or sewing, corkscrews, spurs, stirrups, buckles of all sorts (without distinction, whether unpolished, blank, lacquered, incrustated, or plated), also horse-bits, curbs, with or without plating, harness rings, &c.
- d. Iron plate wares, painted, lacquered, with or without plating, tinned iron spoons, cooking utensils of plated iron, boxes for firing, painted, lackered, or varnished, &c.
2. Coarser :
- Axes, hatchets, borers, hoop, bolt, and plate iron, common bread and pocket knives, coffee roasters, circles, comforts, decimal scales, strainers, saws, files, balustres, money-chests, coarse wire work, money-boxes, weights, gutters, grapples, hammers, hacking knives, planes, wood screws, horseshoes, chains (except of ships), boilers, coarse lustres, masons' trowels, chisels, dung-forks, stoves, stove-pipes, pans, rasps, retorts, bolts, pipes of milled or rifled wrought iron, saw blades, shovels, locks, vices, scythes, sickles, saving-horns, spades, iron bars, curry-combs, door-bolts and bands, crucibles, weighing beams, wool shears, and other large shears, drawing knives, hedge clippers, &c.
27. Finer linen of flax and hemp, bleached or unbleached, linen yarn, and manufactures of all sorts.
28. Candles of all sorts.
29. Manufactures of all sorts, not otherwise enumerated in the Tariff, and without distinction of the materials of which they are made.
30. Drugs (materials) of all sorts, not otherwise specially enumerated, or specified respectively in other parts of the Tariff.
31. Paper, viz.:—Writing, post, note, drawing, coloured, printing, or of any other kind (except packing-paper, straw-paper, or old paper as rubbish).
32. Peltrey, and manufactures thereof.
33. Porcelain of all sorts, without distinction.
34. Powder (gunpowder).
35. Silk and silk manufactures of all sorts, without distinction.
36. Soap of all sorts.
37. Playing cards.
38. Spirituous liquour of all sorts, without distinction of strength, also essences and extracts of all sorts.
39. Tobacco, raw, in leaves or rolls, also manufactured of every sort, as chewing tobacco, carottes, rappé, cigars, &c.
40. Hangings of paper or other stuffs.
41. Carpets of all sorts.
42. Tea of all sorts.
43. Clocks and parts of clocks of all sorts, also clock cases of all sorts, without distinction of the materials used for the same.
44. Wine of all sorts, without distinction, in casks, chests, or bottles; also apple wine (cider), and other artificially made wines, also wine lees and wine colouring.
45. Woollen manufactures of all sorts, without distinction of their work or materials, also woollen yarn and woollen woven stuffs.
46. Sugar, raw or refined, of all sorts, in so far as raw sugar does not fall conditionally under Part III, No. 36; Confectioners' work and sugar-work.
- Third Part.*
- Articles to be charged with twelve schillinge courant (=  $\frac{1}{4}$  dollar) per Customs' centner, gross weight :—
1. Alum.
  2. Ashes, potashes, and other kinds of ashes.
  3. Cotton; wool, rough and coarse cotton manufactures, stouts in open packages.
  4. Lead in blocks, trays, rollers, also old lead.
  5. Brown-stone.
  6. Butter.
  7. Common drugs, viz.:—Bole, chlorate of lime, alkali, emery, and tripoly, bluestone or copperas, green iron vitriol, zinc vitriol, Vienna chalk.
  8. Iron manufactures, as—iron anvils, axletrees, nails, wire, plates, black or tinned, flat irons.
  9. Dyes, common dye-earths (brown-red) (*caput mortuum*, Cologne earth, green-earth, ochre, redstone, umbra), also lampblack, shumac, waid, woad.
  10. Dye-woods of all sorts, in pieces, pounded, or rasped, as also dye-roots, herbs, and berries.
  11. Porcelain (earthenware), packed loose or in hurdle-baskets.
  12. Fat of all sorts, as tallow, train-oil, bacon, stearin, waggon and other grease, &c.
  13. Fish-beards (unsplit whalebone).
  14. Flax.
  15. Meat, slaughtered, of all sorts, fresh, salted or smoked.
  16. Pearl-barley, and grits of all sorts.
  17. Hemp, tow.
  18. Hops.
  19. Horns of buffaloes, stags, &c.
  20. Cheese of all sorts.
  21. Cork and cork-stoppers.
  22. Copper, steeped copper, old copper, copper plates or sheets.
  23. Leather of all sorts, also cordwain, kid, morocco, &c.
  24. Common linen, as sail-cloth, and sails, also grey sacking and packing linen, oil and tarpauling cloths, &c.
  25. Furniture, wooden without distinction, rough painted, polished, stuffed, &c., in so far as it is not enumerated in any other class.
  26. Machinery and parts of machinery of all sorts, not belonging to the finer instruments rated under No. 24 of Part II of the Tariff.
  27. Flour of all sorts, without distinction, and bread (ship-biscuit), imported by sea or by railway.
  28. Brass, unworked, or old to be worked up.
  29. Metals, unworked not otherwise rated.
  30. Grocery, not otherwise rated.
  31. Oils of all sorts, not being perfumery rated under No. 15 of Part II of the Tariff.
  32. Packing-paper, straw paper and old paper as rubbish.
  33. Pasteboard except that for roofing.
  34. Ropes, and ropemakers' work.
  35. Rice of all sorts.
  36. Raw sugar, with proof of importation for the use of sugar refineries in the interior.
  37. Seeds of all sorts, clover, timothy, and other grass seeds, also hemp and poppy seeds, woods seeds (except flax, rape, and turnip seeds which are Customs free).
  38. Acids of all sorts (sulphuric, muriatic, nitric acid, &c).



39. Steel, unwrought of all sorts.
40. Stock fish and other dried fish.
41. Chairmakers' work of all sorts, and cane for chairs.
42. Treacle and molasses.
43. Tobacco, stalks and refuse.
44. Coachmakers' work, whole carriages, or parts or belongings thereof. Also complete sledges or parts thereof, of all sorts.
45. Tin and zinc, unwrought in blocks, bars, or plates, or old intended to be re-wrought, also coarse tin and zinc wares (baths, pipes, &c.)

#### Fourth Part.

Articles to be charged with four schillinge courant per Customs' centner gross weight.

1. Coopers' wares, also troughs and wooden nails.
2. Iron in bars, bundles, also hoe-plates, (hoe-rakes, ships' anchors, ships' chains, rails for railways, and the sleepers belonging thereto, coarse cast-iron pipes, bombs, balls, cannons in general, everything produced by the first casting of raw iron, without further aid or polish, also coarse iron hardwares not rated in Part III of the Tariff.
3. Skins and hides (not peltry), raw of all sorts.
4. House, inn, farm, or ship utensils not otherwise enumerated in the Tariff.
5. Salted herrings and small cod.
6. Blown glass, common in natural colours (green, black or yellow), loosely packed.
7. Mats, Russian matting.
8. Furniture wood, unworked, of all sorts.
9. Pitch of all sorts.
10. Salt, also rock-salt and soda.
11. Splints for bookbinders, shoemakers and swordmakers, also split twigs.
12. Tar of all sorts.

#### Fifth Part.

Articles to be charged with two schillinge courant per Customs' centner gross weight.

1. Asphalte, asphalte-felt.
2. Cement.
3. Roofing-felt, roofing-pasteboard, roofing-slates.
4. Mineral water.
5. Beet root, kiln-dried, and other kiln-dried turnips and carrots.
6. Stone felt.
7. Pottery and stove tiles.

#### Sixth Part.

Articles to be charged with one schillinge courant per Customs centner, gross weight.

1. Coke.
2. Lime burnt, gypsum burnt, also slimed chalk, clay in casks.
3. Clover.
4. Oil cakes.
5. Raw iron.

#### Seventh Part.

Articles to be charged with one-half of a schillinge courant per Customs centner, gross weight.

1. Brown coals.
2. Charcoal.
3. Pit coals.
4. Tanning stuff.

#### Eighth Part.

Articles to be charged with twelve schillinge courant per last of 40 Custom centners (or per 80 cubic feet of wood).

1. Building wood, cut, of all sorts, as—  
Balks, beams, boards, laths, planks, spars, round, stave, windlass, or pump-wood, in so far as they may not be imported Customs free under the conditions mentioned in Part I, No. 1.

2. Hewn stones of all sorts, drip-stones, mill, grinding, or large whet-stones, &c.
3. Roof tiles, drains.
4. Clay, loose in lumps (not in casks).
5. Gypsum-stone, raw.
6. Chalk, loose in pieces (not in casks).
7. Fire-proof wall-stones, clinkers, &c.

### APPENDIX B.

#### LIST OF CUSTOMS' WAYS.

##### I. Roads by Land.

1. The Berlin-Hamburg Railway.
2. Paved road from Lübeck to Dassow, with the two carriage-roads from Travemünde by Privall, and Ziegelking to Dassow, and by Kalkhorst to Klütz.
3. High road from Schönberg to Dassow.
4. Ditto from Schönberg to Gravesmühlen.
5. Paved road from Schönberg to Rehna.
6. High road from the Ratzeburg-Gadebusch paved road to Rehna.
7. Paved road from Ratzeburg to Gadebusch.
8. High road from Mölln by Dritzon and Roggendorf to Gadebusch.
9. Ditto from Ratzeburg by Marienstädt to Zarrentin.
10. Ditto from Mölln to Zarrentin.
11. High road from Büchen by Valluhn to Zarrentin and Wittenburg.
12. Ditto from Büchen by Schwanheide to Boitzenburg.
13. Paved road from Lauenburg by Horst to Boitzenburg.
14. Road from Bleckede by the Elbe to Boitzenburg.
15. The Neuhaus-Lübbtheen high road.
16. Road from Dannenberg with ferry over the Elbe to Dömitz.
17. High road from Leuzen by Polz to Dömitz.
18. High road from Leuzen by Gorlosen into the country.
19. Paved road from Perleberg by Warnow to Grabow.
20. High roads from Perleberg and Pütlitz by Pampin to Grabow, Neustadt and Parchim respectively.
21. Ditto from Pütlitz to Parchim.
22. Ditto from Pütlitz to Lütz.
23. Ditto from Meyenburg to Lütz.
24. Paved road from Pritzwalk and Meyenburg to Plau.
25. High road from Wittstock and Fienstein respectively to Plau and Röbel.
26. Paved road from Wittstock to Röbel.
27. High road from Wittstock to Mirow.
28. Ditto from Zechlin to Rheinsberg by Starsow to Mirow.
29. Ditto from Rheinsberg by Strasen and Ahrensberg to Neustrelitz.
30. Paved road from Gransee to Fürstenberg.
31. High road from Lychen to Fürstenberg.
32. Ditto from Lychen to Alt-Strelitz.
33. Ditto from Lychen to Feldberg.
34. Ditto from Boitzenburg to Feldberg.
35. Ditto from Fürstenwerder to Feldberg.
36. Ditto from Fürstenwerder to Woldegk.
37. Paved road from Prenzlau to Woldegk.
38. Ditto from Strasburg to Woldegk.
39. High road from Strasburg to Friedland.
40. High road from Pasewalk to Friedland.
41. Paved road from Anclam to Friedland.
42. High road out of Pomerania by Schwanbeck to Friedland.
43. Paved road from Treptow to Neu-Brandenburg.
44. High road from Treptow to Stavenhagen.
45. Paved road from Demmin to Stavenhagen.

46. High road from Demmin to Malchin.
47. High road from Demmin to Dargan.
48. High road from Demmin to Gnoiën.
49. Paved road from Triebsees to Sülz.
50. The carriage-roads out of Pomerania by the Recknitz Bridge to Marlow.
51. Paved road from Dammgarten to Ribnitz.
52. Road from Dhrenshaf, on the Dars, to Altenhagen on Fischland.

## II. Water-ways.

1. The Baltic Sea. Landing-places: the seaports of Rostock, with Warnemünde, and Wismar.
2. The Trave and the Lake of Dassow. Landing-place: Dassow.
3. The Maurine. Landing-place: Dassow.
4. The Elbe. Landing-places: Boitzenburg and Dömitz.
5. The Havel. Landing-place: Fürstenberg.
6. The Peene and the Lake of Cumberow. Landing-places: Maldien and Neukalen.
7. The Recknitz. Landing-places: near Sülz, Marlow, and Ribnitz.
8. The Lake of Ribnitz. Landing-place: Ribnitz.

## APPENDIX C.

### LIST OF CUSTOM-HOUSES AND CUSTOMS' POSTS ON THE FRONTIERS OF THE LAND.

1. Custom-house at Dassow with Customs' Post on Prival.
2. Ditto at Grevesmühlen.
3. Ditto at Rehna with ditto at Roduchelsdorf.
4. Ditto at Gadebusch with ditto at Roggendorf.
5. Ditto at Zarrentin with ditto at Valluhn.
6. Ditto at Boitzenburg with Customs' Clearance on the railway, Customs' Post at Horst, and Customs Inspector's Station at Greyen.
7. Ditto at Lübben.
8. Ditto at Dömitz.
9. Ditto at Grabow, with Customs' Clearance on the railway, and Customs' Posts.
10. Ditto at Pardiem with Customs' Post at Suckow.
11. Ditto at Lübz with ditto at Porepp.
12. Ditto at Plau with ditto at Wendisch, Priborn, and Saßbitz.
13. Ditto at Röbel with ditto at Neukrug.
14. Ditto at Mirow with ditto at Starsow and Strasen.
15. Ditto at Fürstenberg with ditto at Danneuwalde.
16. Ditto at Alt-Strelitz with ditto at Neubrück.
17. Ditto at Feldberg with ditto at Mechow and Fürstenhagen.
18. Ditto at Woldegk with ditto at Göhren.
19. Ditto at Friedland with ditto at Schönhausen, Rohrkrug, and Schwanberg.
20. Ditto at Neu-Brandenburg with ditto at Neddemin.
21. Ditto at Stavenhagen with ditto at Basepohl.
22. Ditto at Malchin.
23. Ditto at Neukalen.
24. Ditto at Dargun } with ditto at Brudersdorf.
25. Ditto at Gnoiën }
26. Ditto at Sülz with ditto at Langsdorf.
27. Ditto at Marlow.
28. Ditto at Ribnitz with ditto in the Turnpike-house before Dammgarten, and at Wristrow-on-Fischland.
29. Ditto at Rostock with Customs' Office at Warnemünde.
30. Ditto at Wismar.

(1049.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall,  
September 15, 1863.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Saint Petersburg, enclosing a copy of an Imperial Russian Decision, fixing as follows the duties on the undermentioned articles when imported into Russia by sea:

	R.	C.
Cloves, nutmegs, and nutmeg flowers, cinnamon dried and cinnamon flowers, canella (casse giroflée), and cardamom	the pood	3 50
Pepper of all kinds, in pods, in grain, or ground ...	... pood	2 30
Bonbons and preserves of all kinds, prepared with syrup of sugar and of honey, preserved fruits in pots and jars, syrup of fruits, gingerbread, and other pastes of the same kind, such as paste of all sorts, soys and sauces, and other condiments of the same kind	pood, gross	4 50
Arrack or raki, rum, and French brandy, of whatever strength	pood, gross	7 75
Cheese ...	... pood	4 50
Indigo, in lumps or pieces	... pood	3 0
Silk, spun (twisted and thrown), as also wound for warp and weft, warps put up, thread of waste silk and of ravelled silk, and all kinds of woollen thread or of down mixed with silk, dyed, not dyed, and printed ...	... pood	4 50
Writing paper, except paper specified elsewhere, blotting and filtering paper, and paper for typographic impressions, plain and coloured paper hangings of all kinds, and borders for hangings ...	... pood	5 50
Carpentry and turnery, polished varnished, veneered, gilt, and silvered, as also with ornaments gilt and silvered, turned objects in horn and common bone, or in any other hard material not specially mentioned, except articles of haberdashery ...	... pood	1 50
Glass, and pendants of lustres in glass not polished, and services of ordinary glass, or with designs run in without other ornaments, except such as are specified elsewhere ...	... pood	1 50
Glass and pendants of lustres in polished glass, watch glasses, objects of glass and of crystal, gilt or painted, as also ornaments in bronze, except articles classed as common haberdashery ...	... pood	9 50
Tissues of cotton, closely woven, of all kinds except those specified below, such as mitcals, cambrics, calicos, jaconets, dimities, quiltings, nankins, brilliants, Tickings, half cottons, and others similar, unbleached, bleached, or tinted, plain, woven, with threads of various colours, figured or printed, as also tissues of hair or crinolines, mixed with silk, wool, or cotton, gauze and all other tissues of cotton plaited or knitted, such as socks, caps, night-caps, gloves, night dresses, drawers, netted furniture covers, galloons, ribbon, edging, fringes, and tassels of cotton, of flax, and of hemp, cotton canvas, and canvas with embroideries commenced in cotton, in flax, and in hemp, in glass beads and in glass jet, in wool and in silk, cotton chenille, and objects of cotton chenille	per lb.	0 35

The same tissues printed and embroidered, as also manchesters, velverets, cotton velvets of one colour only, tissues of threads of various colours, and printed, as also stuff and handkerchiefs in pure cotton, in imitation of Turkish shawls and cashmeres and cotton velvet ribbons	per lb.	0 65
Cloths, napkins, towels, unbleached linen (kolomianka) for drawers, and other twilled tissues, mixed or not with cotton, bleached or unbleached, plain, figured, printed, dyed of one colour, and tissues of thread of various colours, hemmed or not hemmed and marked ...	per lb.	0 65
Cloths, waxed or gummed, whether of flax, hemp, cotton, or mixed, except those of silk ...	per lb.	0 10
Cloths of a particular make, and coarse woollen textures for oil mills, paper manufactories, printing works and others, as also woollen bags for pressing oil, list and felt of all kinds, including those which are printed ...	per lb.	0 10
Carpets of every dimension and of every manufacture, as also reps and thick similar stuffs for carpets (except reps and stuffs for carpets printed), of a single colour, and mixtures, figured, printed, and embroidered, as also pieces sewn together, and with sewn fringes	per lb.	0 40
Tissues of wool, closely woven, combed, of all denominations, such as camlets, barracans, stuff, casinets, patent cords, &c., &c., except printed and embroidered, not weighing more than one pound to every 15 archines (an archine is about 28 inches English)...	square	0 50
The same tissues printed and embroidered	per lb.	0 70
Stockings, caps, waistcoats, drawers, night dresses, and all other knitted objects, white, coloured, mixed, and embroidered, as also galleons, thread, ribbon, wide and narrow, twists, tassels, and fringes of pure wool, or mixed with cotton, flax, or hemp, white, one colour and mixed	per lb.	0 50
Earthenware services of all kinds, white, or of one colour, with simple borders or bands of one colour, without other ornament ...	per pood	1 10
The same articles of several colours, gilt, silvered, with paintings, with coloured borders or printed designs ...	per pood	3 50
Objects in porcelain, for the ornamentation of apartments, and not being any part of table services, such as vases, statuettes, &c., &c., with paintings, gildings, and ornaments of bronze ...	pood	23 50
Fox skins, except black fox skins	...	12 0

The same decision also fixes the duty on horse-tails, exported by sea, at 1r. 50c. per *berkovets* (1083 lbs. avoird.), and the duty on unprepared hare and rabbit skins, exported by sea or land, at 10c. per pood.

*Admiralty, 7th September, 1863.*

*Royal Marine Light Infantry.*

Serjeant-Major George White to be Quartermaster, vice Brickdale, deceased.

R. C. *Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.*

*3rd Regiment of Royal Surrey Militia.*

Wilfred Dakin Speer, Esq., late Captain Royal East Middlesex Militia, to be Captain, vice Stringer, promoted. Dated 5th September, 1863.

*Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Gloucester, and of the City and County of the City of Gloucester, and of the City and County of the City of Bristol.*

*Royal South Gloucestershire Light Infantry Regiment of Militia.*

William Alexander Hill, Gent., to be Lieutenant (Supernumerary). Dated 11th September, 1863.

*Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Montgomery.*

*Montgomeryshire Yeomanry Cavalry.*

John Edmond Severne, Esq., late Captain in Her Majesty's 16th Lancers, to be Captain, vice Jones, resigned. Dated 3rd September, 1863.

#### MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commissions held by Captain David Jones and Veterinary-Surgeon Joseph Jenks in the above Regiment.

*Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.*

*Victoria Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Captain Barclay Greenhill to be Major, vice Grant, resigned. Dated 6th August, 1863.

Lieutenant William Ewing to be Captain. Dated 25th August, 1863.

Lieutenant Edwin Willmott to be Captain. Dated 25th August, 1863.

Lieutenant James Sanders to be Captain. Dated 25th August, 1863.

Ensign Hector Maclean Hay to be Captain. Dated 25th August, 1863.

Ensign Charles James Mitchell to be Lieutenant. Dated 25th August, 1863.

Ensign Samuel Boxhill Robertson to be Lieutenant. Dated 25th August, 1863.

#### MEMORANDUM.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Ensign Lord John Hay in this Corps. Dated 9th September, 1863.

*St. George's Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant John Robson Hawkins to be Captain. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant Charles Nathaniel Peal to be Captain. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Lieutenant Francis Otter Hodgkinson to be Captain. Dated 2nd September, 1863.

Ensign Thomas Banting to be Lieutenant. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Ensign Charles Bullen Waller to be Lieutenant. Dated 1st September, 1863.

Ensign William Benson to be Lieutenant. Dated 2nd September, 1863.

*Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.*

*Leicestershire Regiment of Militia.*

Captain Sir Frederick Thomas Fowke, Bart., to be Major, vice Powys-Keck, deceased. Dated 5th September, 1863.

*Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, and of the City and County of the City of York.*

*30th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

William Harrison, Gent., to be Lieutenant. Dated 2nd September, 1863.

*38th West Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Joseph Todd, Gent., to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 28th August, 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The name of the Lieutenant-Colonel of the 1st West Riding of Yorkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps is *Waud*, and not *Wand*, as previously gazetted.

*Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Ayr.*

*Ayrshire Yeomanry Cavalry.*

William Samuel Cooper, Gent., to be Cornet. Dated 5th September, 1863.

Francis Thomas Romilly Kennedy, Gent., to be Cornet. Dated 5th September, 1863.

*1st Administrative Brigade of Ayrshire Artillery Volunteers.*

John Eglinton Montgomerie, Esq., Captain R.N., to be Major. Dated 27th August, 1863.

*Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.*

*1st Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.*

Lieutenant Henry Jones to be Captain. Dated 21st August, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

The title of Captain Commandant has been conferred on Captain Charles Ainsworth, of the 18th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Charles Sutcliffe, of the 87th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

*Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland.*

*4th Cumberland Artillery Volunteers.*

John Key to be Captain, vice Mahon, resigned. Dated 27th August, 1863.

Thomas Sadler Douglas to be First Lieutenant, vice Penrice, resigned. Dated 27th August, 1863.

MEMORANDA.

*1st Durham Regiment of Militia.*

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant Charles Godfrey Bolam in this Regiment.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Captain Foster Grey Blackburne in the Oxford University Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by Lieutenant W. H. Coussmaker in the 1st Pembroke-shire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The 1st Kincardineshire Artillery Volunteer Corps has been united to the 1st Administrative Brigade of Aberdeenshire Artillery Volunteers. Dated 3rd September, 1863.

NAVAL PRIZE MONEY.

*Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 11, 1863.*

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the slave and tonnage bounties of a brigantine, name unknown, captured on the 3rd June, 1862, by Her Majesty's ship "Antelope."

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any captor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

NAVAL SALVAGE MONEY.

*Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House, September 8, 1863.*

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested therein, that preparations are now being made for the intended distribution of the Four Dividends arising from the estate of Messrs. Miles, Beale, and Co., bankrupts, on account of salvage services, rendered to the "Agnes," by Her Majesty's ship "Trident," between the 3rd of August, and the 8th of September, 1857.

Agents or other persons having any just and legal demand, unliquidated, against the said proceeds, are required to transmit the particulars of any such demand to the Registrar of the High Court of Admiralty, in order that the same may be examined, taxed, and allowed by that Officer, and paid under the sanction of the Judge of the said Court.

Agents and all other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share belonging to any salvor, are requested, with as little delay as possible, to transmit the same, accompanied by the usual documents, to the Prize Branch of the

Department of the "Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-House."

Due notice will be given, by future advertisements in the London Gazette, of the date proposed for the commencement of distribution; and, at the same time, the amount of an individual's share in the respective classes will be announced.

*India Office, September 11, 1863.*

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice, that holders of India 4 per cent. Debentures, who have assented to their conversion into "India 4 per cent. Stock," are required to surrender their Debentures at the Chief Cashier's Office, Bank of England, on or before the 1st of October next, and to state at the same time the names, addresses, and quality of the parties in whose favour the Stock is to be registered.

The Stock will be created on the 8th of October, and will be transferable after that date.

Holders of "India 4 per cent. Stock" who are registered in the books of the Bank of England on the 8th of October next, and who desire to hold "Stock Certificates to bearer with Coupons attached," in lieu of Stock registered in their names, may do so by transferring their Stock to "The Secretary of State in Council of India," on or after the 8th of October next, when they will receive "Stock Certificates to bearer" in lieu thereof.

Debentures which are to be paid off on or after the 8th of October next, must be left at the Chief Cashier's Office, Bank of England, for examination three days previous to payment being made.

Parties leaving their Debentures on or before the 5th of October can receive payment of the same on the 8th of October.

Receipts will be given for the Debentures deposited.

*Thomas George Baring.*

A RETURN shewing the Amounts received from, and paid to, Savings' Banks, and Post Office Savings' Banks, in the United Kingdom, by the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, during the Four Weeks ending Saturday the 12th September, 1863.

	Total Amount received by the Commissioners.	Total Amount paid by the Commissioners.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
<b>SAVINGS' BANKS—</b>		
In Money and Interest credited ... ..	53,208 19 3	53,625 17 1
To Transfer Certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ... ..	36 8 3	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks ... ..	.....	4,817 10 6
<b>Total ... ..</b>	<b>£ 53,245 7 6</b>	<b>£ 58,443 7 7</b>
<b>POST OFFICE SAVINGS' BANKS—</b>		
In Money and Interest credited ... ..	82,023 1 4	.....
To Transfer Certificates from Savings' Banks to Post Office Savings' Banks ... ..	4,817 10 6	.....
By Transfer Certificates from Post Office Savings' Banks to Savings' Banks ... ..	.....	36 8 3
<b>Total ... ..</b>	<b>£ 86,840 11 10</b>	<b>£ 36 8 3</b>

Total Amounts on the 12th September, 1863, at the credit of—

The Fund for the Banks for Savings ... ..	£ 40,325,030 1 6
The Post Office Savings' Banks Fund ... ..	2,652,088 2 10
<b>Total ... ..</b>	<b>£ 42,977,118 4 4</b>
Ditto—by last Monthly Account ... ..	£ 42,895,512 0 10

C. J. BOTT, Check Officer,  
National Debt Office, 14th September, 1863.

A. Y. SPEARMAN,  
Comptroller-General.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act seventh and eighth Victoria, cap. 32, of the Average Amount of BANK NOTES, of the several Banks of Issue in ENGLAND and WALES, in Circulation during the Week ending Saturday, the 5th day of September, 1863.

## PRIVATE BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Ashford Bank .....	Ashford .....	Jemmett, Pomfret, & Co. ....	12400
Aylesbury Old Bank .....	Aylesbury .....	Cobb and Co. ....	25085
Baldock Bank and Baldock and Biggleswade Bank .....	Biggleswade .....	Wells, Hogge, and Co. ....	19341
Barnstaple Bank .....	Barnstaple .....	Marshall and Co. ....	4262
Basingstoke and Odiham Bank .....	Basingstoke .....	Seymour, Lamb, and Co. ....	17447
Bedford Bank .....	Bedford .....	Barnard and Co. ....	30353
Ricester and Oxfordshire Bank and Oxford Bank .....	Bicester .....	Tubb and Co. ....	13999
Birmingham Bank .....	Birmingham .....	Attwoods, Spooner, and Co. ....	23720
Boston Bank .....	Boston .....	Claypon and Co. ....	59522
Boston Bank .....	Boston .....	Gee and Co. ....	14715
Bridgwater Bank .....	Bridgwater .....	J. and J. L. Sealey .....	7453
Bristol Bank .....	Bristol .....	Miles, Miles, and Co. ....	24367
Broseley and Bridgnorth and Bridgnorth and Broseley Bank .....	Broseley .....	Pritchard & Co. ....	14471
Buckingham Bank .....	Buckingham .....	Bartlett, Parrott, and Co. ....	19048
Bury and Suffolk Bank, Sudbury Bank, and Stowmarket Bank .....	Bury St. Edmunds .....	Oakes, Bevan, and Co. ....	49815
Banbury Bank .....	Banbury .....	J. C. and A. Gillett .....	27296
Banbury Old Bank .....	Banbury .....	Cobb and Son .....	18586
Bedfordshire Leighton Buzzard Bank .....	Leighton Buzzard .....	Bassett, Son, and Co. ....	34355
Birmingham Bank .....	Birmingham .....	Lloyds and Co. ....	25383
Bradford Old Bank .....	Bradford, Yorkshire .....	Harris and Co. ....	12486
Brecon Old Bank .....	Brecon .....	Wilkins and Co. ....	40811
Brighton Union Bank .....	Brighton .....	Hali and Co. ....	19234
Burlington and Driffield Bank .....	Burlington .....	Harding, Smith, and Co. ....	12336
Bury Saint Edmunds Bank .....	Bury St. Edmunds .....	Worledge and Co. ....	3092
Cambridge Bank .....	Cambridge .....	Mortlock and Co. ....	9816
Cambridge and Cambridgeshire Bank .....	Cambridge .....	Messrs. Fosters .....	41726
Canterbury Bank .....	Canterbury .....	Hammond and Co. ....	25700
Cardiff Bank .....	Cardiff .....	David Morris and Sons .....	17614
Chertsey Bank .....	Chertsey .....	La Coste and Son .....	2570
Colchester Bank .....	Colchester .....	Round, Green, and Co. ....	14377
Colchester and Essex Bank, and Witham and Essex Bank, and Hadleigh, Suffolk, Bank .....	Colchester .....	Mills, Bawtree, and Co. ....	27688
Cornish Bank, Truro .....	Truro .....	Tweedy and Co. ....	33109
Coventry Bank .....	Coventry .....	Little and Woodcock .....	3496
City Bank, Exeter .....	Exeter .....	Milford and Co. ....	15311
Craven Bank .....	Settle .....	Alcocks, Birkbeck, and Co. ....	75838
Chepstow Old Bank .....	Chepstow .....	Snead and Co. ....	6390
Derby Bank .....	Derby .....	W. and S. Evans and Co. ....	8209
Derby Bank .....	Derby .....	Samuel Smith and Co. ....	30490
Derby Old Bank and Scarsdale and High Peak Bank .....	Derby .....	Crompton, Newton and Co. ....	27227
Devizes and Wiltshire Bank .....	Devizes .....	Locke and Co. ....	6629
Diss Bank .....	Diss .....	Fincham and Co. ....	9788
Doncaster Bank and Retford Bank .....	Doncaster .....	Cooke and Co. ....	57378
Darlington Bank, Durham Bank, and Stockton-on-Tees Bank .....	Darlington .....	Backhouse and Co. ....	83466
Devonport Bank .....	Devonport .....	Hodge and Co. ....	8047
Dorchester Old Bank and Dorsetshire Bank .....	Dorchester .....	Williams and Co. ....	37264
East Cornwall Bank .....	Liskeard .....	Robins, Foster, and Co. ....	87250
East Riding Bank .....	Beverley .....	Bower and Co. ....	49224

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Essex Bank and Bishop's Stortford Bank .....	Chelmsford .....	Sparrow, Tufnell, and Co. ....	37788
Exeter Bank .....	Exeter .....	Sanders and Co. ....	20777
Farnham Bank .....	Farnham .....	Knight and Son .....	6058
Faversham Bank .....	Faversham .....	Hilton and Co. ....	5168
Godalming Bank .....	Godalming .....	Mellersh and Co. ....	4898
Guildford Bank .....	Guildford .....	Haydon and Co. ....	9884
Grantham Bank .....	Grantham .....	Hardy and Co. ....	21452
Hull Bank and Kingston-upon-Hull Bank .....	Hull .....	Smith, Brothers, and Co. ....	18166
Huntingdon Town and County Bank .....	Huntingdon .....	Veasey and Co. ....	36681
Harwich Bank .....	Harwich .....	Cox, Cobbold, and Co. ....	4773
Hertfordshire, Hitchin Bank .....	Hitchin .....	Sharples and Co. ....	30762
Ipswich Bank .....	Ipswich .....	Bacon and Co. ....	18635
Ipswich and Needham Market Bank, Suffolk, Hadleigh Bank, Manningtree and Mistley Bank, and Woodbridge Bank .....	Ipswich .....	Alexanders and Co. ....	49334
Kentish Bank .....	Maidstone .....	Randall and Co. ....	10278
Kington and Radnorshire Bank .....	Kington .....	Davies and Co. ....	15623
Knaresborough Old Bank and Ripon Old Bank .....	Knaresborough .....	Harrison and Co. ....	19860
Kendal Bank .....	Kendal .....	Wakefield, Crowdsen, and Co. ....	42949
Longton Staffordshire Bank .....	Longton .....	C. Harvey and Son .....	5301
Leeds Bank .....	Leeds .....	Beckett and Co. ....	54569
Leeds Union Bank .....	Leeds .....	W. Williams, Brown and Co. ....	35850
Leicester Bank .....	Leicester .....	T. and T. T. Paget .....	22404
Lewes Old Bank .....	Lewes .....	Whitfield and Co. ....	22373
Lincoln Bank .....	Lincoln .....	Smith, Ellison, and Co. ....	77857
Llandovery Bank, Lampeter Bank, and Llandilo Bank .....	Llandovery .....	D. Jones and Co. ....	18497
Loughborough Bank .....	Loughborough .....	Middleton, Cradock and Co. ....	6300
Lymington Bank .....	Lymington .....	S. and G. F. St. Barbe .....	3260
Lynn Regis and Lincolnshire Bank ..	Lynn Regis .....	Gurneys and Co. ....	28527
Lynn Regis and Norfolk Bank ..	Lynn Regis .....	Jarvis and Co. ....	10476
Macclesfield Bank .....	Macclesfield .....	Brocklehurst and Co. ....	13280
Manningtree Bank .....	Manningtree .....	Nunn and Co. ....	5298
Merionethshire Bank .....	Dolgelly .....	Williams and Son .....	5410
Miners' Bank .....	Truro .....	Willyams and Co. ....	19413
Monmouthshire Agricultural and Commercial Bank ..	Abergavenny .....	Bailey and Co. ....	25612
Monmouth Old Bank .....	Monmouth .....	Bromage and Gosling .....	5000
Newark Bank .....	Newark .....	Godfrey and Riddell .....	19652
Newark and Sleaford Bank, and Sleaford and Newark Bank ..	Sleaford .....	Handley, Peacock, and Co. ....	39949
Newbury Bank .....	Newbury .....	Bunny, Slocock, and Co. ....	12991
Newmarket Bank .....	Newmarket .....	Hammond and Co. ....	16119
Norwich Crown Bank and Norfolk and Suffolk Bank .....	Norwich .....	Harveys and Hudsons .....	45829
Norwich and Norfolk and Fakenham Banks .....	Norwich .....	Gurneys and Birkbecks .....	81962
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Bank .....	Nottingham .....	Hart, Fellows, and Co. ....	7386
Naval Bank, Plymouth ..	Plymouth .....	Harris and Co. ....	19835
New Sarum Bank .....	Sarum .....	Pineckney, Brothers .....	7819
Nottingham Bank ..	Nottingham .....	Samuel Smith and Co. ....	23705



Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.			Average Amount.
			£.
Oswestry Bank and Oswestry Old Bank	Oswestry .....	Croxon and Co.....	8546
Oxford Old Bank .....	Oxford .....	Parsons and Co. ....	27825
Old Bank, Tonbridge, Tonbridge and Tonbridge Wells Old Bank, Ton- bridge and Tonbridge Wells and Sevenoaks Bank.....	Tonbridge .....	H., S., A. H., T., and A. T. } Beeching .....	9310
Oxfordshire Witney Bank .....	Witney .....	J. W. Clinch and Sons.....	9442
Pease's Old Bank, Hull, the Hull Old Bank and Beverley Bank.....	Hull .....	Peases and Co. ....	44005
Penzance Bank .....	Penzance ... ..	Batten and Co. ....	9400
Pembrokeshire Bank .....	Haverfordwest..	J. and W. Walters .....	11382
Reading Bank .. ..	Reading .....	Simonds and Co. ....	23723
Reading Bank .....	Reading .....	Stephens, Blandy, and Co. ....	26253
Richmond Bank .....	Richmond .....	Roper and Co. ....	6466
Rochdale Bank .....	Rochdale .....	Clement, Royds, and Co. ....	2595
Rochester, Chatham, and Strood Bank	Rochester.....	Day, Nicholson, and Co. ....	6225
Royston Bank .....	Royston .....	Fordham and Sons .....	10119
Rugby Bank .....	Rugby .....	A. Butlin and Son.....	9211
Rye Bank.....	Rye .....	R. C. Pomfret and Co.....	9610
Saffron Walden and North Essex Bank	Saffron Walden ..	Gibson, Tuke, and Co.....	20249
Salop Bank .....	Shrewsbury .....	Burton, Lloyd, and Co. ....	9492
Scarborough Old Bank .. ..	Scarborough .....	Woodall and Co. ....	20126
Shrewsbury Old Bank and Shrews- bury and Ludlow Bank .. ..	Shrewsbury..	Rocke, Eytons, and Co. ....	27277
Sittingbourne and Milton Bank.....	Sittingbourne .....	Vallance and Co. ....	3079
Southampton Town and County Bank	Southampton .....	Maddison, Pearce, and Co. ....	10644
Southwell Bank .....	Southwell .....	Wylde and Co. ....	8290
Southampton and Hampshire Bank ...	Southampton .....	Atherley and Co. ....	2605
Stafford Old Bank .....	Stafford .....	Stevenson and Co. ....	11892
Stamford and Rutland Bank .....	Stamford .....	Eaton, Cayley, and Co.....	17897
Shrewsbury and Welsh Pool Bank.....	Shrewsbury .....	Beck, Downward, and Co. ....	18154
Taunton Bank .....	Taunton .....	H., R. and H. J. Badcock .....	27588
Tavistock Bank .....	Tavistock.....	Gill, Sons, and Co. ....	9625
Thornbury Bank.....	Thornbury .....	Harwood and Co. ....	7424
Tiverton and Devonshire Bank .....	Tiverton .....	Dunsford and Co. ....	10261
Thrapston and Kettering Bank, } Northamptonshire .. ..	Thrapston .....	Eland and Eland .....	11853
Tring Bank and Chesham Bank .....	Tring .....	Butcher and Sons .....	13706
Towcester Old Bank .....	Towcester .....	Percival and Co. ...	6435
Union Bank, Cornwall .....	Helston .....	Vivian and Co. ....	13712
Uxbridge Old Bank .....	Uxbridge.....	Hull, Smith, and Co. ....	9423
Wallingford Bank .....	Wallingford.....	Hedges, Wells, and Co.....	5697
Warwick and Warwickshire Bank.....	Warwick .....	Greenway and Co.....	17390
Wellington Somerset Bank.....	Wellington .....	Fox, Brothers, and Co.....	3943
West Riding Bank, Wakefield, and } Pontefract Bank .....	Wakefield .....	Leatham, Tew, and Co. ....	40417
Whitby Old Bank .....	Whitby .....	Simpson, Chapman, and Co. ...	14257
Winchester, Alresford, and Alton Bank	Winchester .....	Bulpett and Co.....	Not received.
Weymouth Old Bank and Dorchester Bank .. ..	Weymouth .....	Eliot, Pearce, and Co.....	14886
Wirksworth and Ashbourne Derby- shire Bank .....	Wirksworth.....	Arkwright and Co. ....	33034
Wisbech and Lincolnshire Bank .....	Wisbech .....	Gurneys and Co. ....	33501
Wiveliscombe Bank .....	Wiveliscombe .....	P. and W. Hancock .....	6284
Worcester Old Bank and Tewkes- bury Old Bank .....	Worcester .....	Berwick, Lechmere, & Co. ....	50692
Wolverhampton Bank .....	Wolverhampton ...	R. and W. F. Fryer ....	10850
Yarmouth and Suffolk Bank, and } Halesworth and Suffolk Bank...	Yarmouth .....	Gurneys, Birkbeck, and Co.....	39837
Yarmouth, Norfolk and Suffolk Bank	Great Yarmouth...	Sir E. H. K. Lacon, Bt., and Co.	9105
Yerk Bank .....	York .....	Swann, Clough and Co. ....	35049

## JOINT STOCK BANKS.

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.		Average Amount.
		£.
Bank of Westmorland .....	Kendal .....	8821
Barnsley Banking Company .....	Barnsley .....	9248
Bradford Banking Company .....	Bradford .....	48466
Bilston District Banking Company .....	Wolverhampton .....	9078
Bank of Whitehaven .....	Whitehaven .....	27269
Bradford Commercial Banking Company .....	Bradford .....	19892
Burton, Uttoxeter, and Staffordshire Union Banking Company .....	Burton-upon-Trent .....	38380
Chesterfield and North Derbyshire Banking Company .....	Chesterfield .....	9079
Cumberland Union Banking Company .....	Workington .....	36125
Coventry and Warwickshire Banking Company .....	Coventry .....	17215
Coventry Union Banking Company .....	Coventry .....	11192
County of Gloucester Banking Company .....	Cheltenham .....	100029
Carlisle and Cumberland Banking Company .....	Carlisle .....	26329
Carlisle City and District Bank .....	Carlisle .....	20094
Dudley and West Bromwich Banking Company .....	Dudley .....	34213
Derby and Derbyshire Banking Company .....	Derby .....	20490
Darlington District Joint Stock Banking Company .....	Darlington .....	21691
East of England Bank .....	Norwich .....	23396
Gloucestershire Banking Company .....	Gloucester .....	130193
Halifax Joint Stock Bank .....	Halifax .....	18086
Huddersfield Banking Company .....	Huddersfield .....	35485
Hull Banking Company .....	Hull .....	28050
Halifax Commercial Banking Company .....	Halifax .....	11633
Halifax and Huddersfield Union Banking Company .....	Halifax .....	42535
Helston Banking Company .....	Helston .....	1467
Knarborough and Claro Banking Company .....	Knarborough .....	24814
Lancaster Banking Company .....	Lancaster .....	53721
Leeds Banking Company .....	Leeds .....	22472
Leicestershire Banking Company .....	Leicester .....	52710
Lincoln and Lindsey Banking Company .....	Lincoln .....	46956
Leamington Priors and Warwickshire Banking Company .....	Leamington Priors .....	10290
Ludlow and Tenbury Bank .....	Ludlow .....	8533
Moore and Robinson's Nottinghamshire Banking Company .....	Nottingham .....	29133
Nottingham and Nottinghamshire Banking Company .....	Nottingham .....	27796
National Provincial Bank of England .....	Birmingham .....	402481
North Wilts Banking Company .....	Hd. Office, 112, Bishopsgate-st., London	
Northamptonshire Union Bank .....	Melksham .....	42323
Northamptonshire Banking Company .....	Northampton .....	63360
North and South Wales Bank .....	Northampton .....	19378
	Liverpool .....	60547
Pares's Leicestershire Banking Company .....	Leicester .....	47610
Saddleworth Banking Company .....	Saddleworth .....	560
Sheffield Banking Company .....	Sheffield .....	36150
Stamford, Spalding, and Boston Banking Company .....	Stamford .....	44921
Stuckey's Banking Company, Bristol Somersetshire Bank, } and Somersetshire Bank .....	Langport .....	295617
Shropshire Banking Company .....	Shifnal .....	38055
Stourbridge and Kidderminster Banking Company .....	Stourbridge .....	52986
Sheffield and Hallamshire Banking Company .....	Sheffield .....	23682
Sheffield and Rotherham Joint Stock Banking Company .....	Sheffield .....	51358
Swaledale and Wensleydale Banking Company .....	Richmond .....	46630
Wolverhampton and Staffordshire Banking Company .....	Wolverhampton .....	26067
Wakefield and Barnsley Union Bank .....	Wakefield .....	14057

Name, Title, and Principal Place of Issue.		Average Amount.
		£
Whitehaven Joint Stock Banking Company .....	Whitehaven .....	25396
Warwick and Leamington Banking Company .....	Warwick .....	22573
West of England and South Wales District Bank ....	Bristol .....	74985
Wilts and Dorset Banking Company .....	Salisbury .....	68519
West Riding Union Banking Company .....	Huddersfield .....	31670
Whitchurch and Ellesmere Banking Company .....	Whitchurch .....	4641
Worcester City and County Banking Company.....	Worcester .....	3525
York Union Banking Company .....	York .....	66655
York City and County Banking Company.....	York .....	82070
Yorkshire Banking Company .....	Leeds .....	123505

W. W. DALBIAC, Registrar of Bank Returns.

*Inland Revenue Office, September 12, 1863.*

## CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

AN ACCOUNT shewing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal Imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, Exported from the United Kingdom, in the week ended the 12th September, 1863.

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM.		
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	The United Kingdom.	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Exported.
	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.
Wheat ... ..	67,708	30,857	35,876	134,441	251	10	261
Barley ... ..	12,839	2,076	...	14,915	1	...	1
Oats... ..	39,400	1,180	...	40,580	73	...	73
Rye ... ..	5	42	...	47	...	...	...
Peas ... ..	1,302	2,483	...	3,785	115	16	131
Beans ... ..	4,178	1,348	...	5,526	6	5	11
Indian Corn ... ..	12,790	9,203	69,224	91,217	...	165	165
Buckwheat ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beer or Bigg ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malt ... ..	...	...	...	...	285	...	285
Total of Corn ...	138,222	47,189	105,100	290,511	731	196	927
Wheatmeal or Flour	Cwt. 42,399	Cwt. 12,848	Cwt. 623	Cwt. 55,870	Cwt. 166	Cwt. 2,235	Cwt. 2,401
Barley Meal ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat Meal... ..	...	...	...	...	363	...	363
Rye Meal ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pea Meal ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean Meal ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Corn Meal ...	102	...	...	102	...	...	...
Buckwheat Meal ...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
Total of Meal ...	42,502	12,848	623	55,973	529	2,235	2,764
Total of Corn and Meal stated in Imperial Quarters ...	150,365	50,860	105,273	306,503	1,009	834	1,843

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,  
Custom House, London, September 14, 1863.JOHN A. MESSENGER,  
Inspector-General.

## MONTHLY RETURN.

AN ACCOUNT shewing the Quantities of Corn, Grain, Meal, and Flour, imported into the United Kingdom, and admitted to Home Consumption, in the month of August, 1863.

SPECIES OF CORN, GRAIN, MEAL, AND FLOUR.	Quantities Imported into the United Kingdom, and admitted to Home Consumption, in the month of August, 1863.					
	Imported from Foreign Countries.		Imported from British Possessions out of Europe.		TOTAL.	
	Qrs.	Bush.	Qrs.	Bush.	Qrs.	Bush.
Wheat ... ..	584,193	1	147,870	7	732,064	0
Barley ... ..	84,372	0	—	—	84,372	0
Oats ... ..	224,640	6	5	0	224,645	6
Rye ... ..	2,073	1	—	—	2,073	1
Peas ... ..	22,068	3	31,763	0	53,831	3
Beans ... ..	39,912	5	—	—	39,912	5
Maize or Indian Corn ...	556,140	2	26,688	7	582,829	1
Buck Wheat ... ..	5	1	—	—	5	1
Beer or Bigg ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total of Corn and Grain ...	1,513,405	3	206,327	6	1,719,733	1
Wheat Meal and Flour ...	Cwt. 420,752	qrs. 2	lb. 27	Cwt. 275,447	qrs. 0	lb. 25
Barley Meal ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oat Meal ... ..	6	1	0	1	3	0
Rye Meal ... ..	5	2	0	—	—	—
Pea Meal ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bean Meal ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maize or Indian Corn Meal ...	1,147	2	27	0	1	0
Buck Wheat Meal ... ..	12	0	0	—	—	—
Total of Meal and Flour ...	421,924	0	26	275,449	0	25
Wheat Meal and Flour ...	Cwt. 696,199	qrs. 3	lb. 24	Cwt. 696,199	qrs. 3	lb. 24
Barley Meal ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oat Meal ... ..	8	0	0	8	0	0
Rye Meal ... ..	5	2	0	5	2	0
Pea Meal ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bean Meal ... ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maize or Indian Corn Meal ...	1,147	3	27	1,147	3	27
Buck Wheat Meal ... ..	12	0	0	12	0	0
Total of Meal and Flour ...	697,373	1	23	697,373	1	23

Custom House, London, 12th September, 1863.

F. G. GARDNER, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a separate building, named the Independent Church, situated at the Victoria-avenue, Harrogate, in the parish of Bilton-with-Harrogate, in the county of York, in the district of Knaresborough, being a building certified according to law as a place of religious worship, was, on the 5th day of September, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 9th day of September, 1863.

Edwin Smith, Superintendent Registrar.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a building, named St. Ann's Roman Catholic Church, situated at No. 40, Alcester-street, in the parish of Aston, in the county of Warwick, being a building licensed and used for public religious worship as a Roman Catholic Chapel exclusively, was, on the 14th day of July, 1863, duly registered for solemnizing marriages therein, pursuant to the Act of 6th and 7th Wm. IV., cap. 85.

Witness my hand this 7th day of September, 1863.

E. Pearson, Superintendent Registrar.

# Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that—

1098. William Grindley Craig, of Cannon-street in the city of London, Engineer, has given notice at the Office of the Commissioners of his intention to proceed with his application for letters patent for the invention of "improvements in feed apparatus for steam boilers."—A communication to him from abroad by Michel Turck, of Paris, France.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 1st day of May, 1863.

1107. And John Thomas Oakley and Thomas Oakley, both of Grange-road, Bermondsey, Engineers, and Millwrights, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of garden pumps, part of which said improvements are applicable to fire engines and other hydraulic machines."

As set forth in the petition, recorded in the said office on the 2nd day of May, 1863.

1109. And Edmund Richard Southby, of Wareham, in the county of Dorset, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the extraction of scents from plants, flowers, and other odoriferous substances."

1110. And John Fortune, of Morton, near Bingley, in the county of York, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved means of joining or fastening together lace, blond, quilling or similar materials."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 4th day of May, 1863.

1116. And William Walsh, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturing Chemist, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in obtaining and purifying oxalate of soda, which improvements are also applicable to the manufacture of oxalic acid."

1122. And Peter Bradshaw, of Earls Barton Mills, in the county of Northampton, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of improvements in mounting or hanging mill stones for grinding grain and other substances."

1123. And Joseph Henry Knott, of Nelson-square, Blackfriars-road, in the county of Surrey, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in pumps."

1126. And Samuel Beach Cochran, of 48, Fleming-road, Kennington, in the county of Surrey, Machinist, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in sewing machines, and in apparatus connected therewith."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 5th day of May, 1863.

1127. And Thomas Sagar, of Burnley, in the county of Lancaster, Machine Maker, and John Wilkinson, of the same place, Foreman, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in power looms for weaving."

1131. And Samuel Dunseith Mac-Kellen, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Watch Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in watches and other time-keepers."

1134. And Thomas Beesley, of Symonds' Inn, in the county of Middlesex, Wine and Beer Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of boxes or cases for carrying and packing bottles."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 6th day of May, 1863.

1143. And George Bower, of St. Neots, in the county of Huntingdon, Gas Engineer, and Alexander Dick, of Alfred-street, City-road, in the county of Middlesex, Chemist, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the purification of gas ordinarily used in illuminating, and in the reduction of ores and smelting of metals by means of such gas so purified."

1145. And John Bettridge, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the ornamentation of papier maché or other japanned wares, wood, ivory, or other similar materials."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both re-

corded in the said office on the 7th day of May, 1863.

1149. And Peter Joel Livsey, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Consulting Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in compound steam engines."—A communication to him from abroad by Levi Leigh, of St. Petersburg, Russia, Cotton Spinner.

1151. And Henry Schooling, of Nos. 5, 6, and 7, North Side, Bethnal Green, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in moulding or shaping lozenge paste or other plastic materials."

1153. And Charles Lloyd Braithwaite, of Kendal, in the county of Westmoreland, Manufacturer, and Joseph Hirst, of the same place, Manager, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for feeding slivers of wool and other material to carding engines."

1157. And Evariste Chamonin Boët, of Lille, Department du Nord, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in tanning hides and skins."—A communication from Jean Baptiste Vanrymenant, a person resident at Bruxelles, in the Kingdom of Belgium.

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 8th day of May, 1863.

1164. And James Norie, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Ironfounder, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in making moulds for casting, and in apparatus therefor."

1172. And James Burrell, of No. 85, Back Church-lane, Whitechapel, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for cutting the teeth of bevelled wheels."

1174. And James Burrell, of No. 85, Back Church-lane, Whitechapel, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in salinometers."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 9th day of May, 1863.

1177. And Benjamin Hargreaves, of Arden House, near Accrington, in the county of Lancaster, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in tiles for drainage or sanitary purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of May, 1863.

1187. And Benjamin Lilly, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Brass Founder, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of 'snap caps,' or 'nipple protectors,' for fire arms."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 12th day of May, 1863.

1224. And Alexander Macmillan, of No. 17, King's-road, Ball's Pond-road, Islington, in the county of Middlesex, Tailor and Clothier, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in buttons and in fastening buttons to garments."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 15th day of May, 1863.

1231. And Robert Talbot, of Strand, on the Green, Chiswick, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a folding rudder for steering barges in the River Thames or coastwise."

1234. And John Titus Newton, of Ystalyfera, near Swansea, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for planishing and rolling sheet metal."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 16th day of May, 1863.

1263. And John Cassell, of La Belle Sauvageyard, Ludgate-hill, in the city of London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the treatment of mineral oils and hydrocarbons."—A communication to him from abroad by Louis Martin, of Paris.

1270. And William Walker, of the city of Manchester, Agent and Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in looms for weaving."

1275. And Nathaniel Jones Amies, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Smallware Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in the manufacture of elastic webbing."

As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 21st day of May, 1863.

1288. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of waterproof fabrics."—A communication to him from abroad by John Foster Greene, of Warwick, Rhode Island, in the United States of America.

1289. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improved machinery for the manufacture of waterproof fabrics."—A communication to him from abroad by John Foster Greene, of Warwick, Rhode Island, United States of America.

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of May, 1863.

1327. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in machines for separating the fibre from the flesh of plants."—A communication to him from abroad by Eduardo Juanes y Patrullo, of New York City, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 26th day of May, 1863.

1369. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved construction of maline spike."—A communication to him from abroad by Albin Warth, of Stapleton, in the county of Richmond, State of New York, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 1st day of June, 1863.

1448. And Moritz Hatschek, of Pesth, in the Empire of Austria, now residing at No. 32, Lower Belgrave-place, in the county of Mid-

dlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved method of mashing."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of June, 1863.

1466. And George Davies, of No. 1, Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, and No. 28, St. Enoch-square, in the city of Glasgow, Civil Engineer and Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the currying and finishing of leather."—A communication to him from abroad by Benjamin Head Lightfoot, of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 12th day of June, 1863.

1487. And Isaac Gray Bass and William Bass, both of Broughton Little, in the county of Cumberland, and carrying on business at Workington, in the said county, under the style or firm of I. G. Bass and Son, Nail Manufacturers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of nails and spikes."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 13th day of June, 1863.

1731. And Robert Hawthorn and William Hawthorn, both of the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Engineers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the working of railways."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 10th day of July, 1863.

1791. And Nathan Thompson, of No. 15, Abbey-gardens, St. John's Wood, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in boat building, and in machinery for shaping wood therefor."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 16th day of July, 1863.

1807. And Frederick Joseph Mavor, of Park-street, Grosvenor-square, in the county of Middlesex, Veterinary Surgeon, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in horse shoes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 18th day of July, 1863.

1962. And John Thornton, James Thornton, Albert Thornton, and William Thornton, all of Nottingham, Manufacturers, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus used for producing looped fabrics."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 8th day of August, 1863.

2059. And Thomas Howard, of Hyde, in the county of Chester, Cotton Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in machinery for spinning cotton, flax, wool, silk, and other fibrous substances."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 19th day of August, 1863.

2072. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of cartridges."—A communication to him from abroad by Albert Hook, of the city of New York, United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 20th day of August, 1863.

2087. And Louis Emile Constant Martin, of No. 32, Albion-street, Hyde-park, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for heating and purifying water."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of August, 1863.

2095. And Ange Capello, of No. 4, Rue du Repentir, Marseilles, in the Empire of France, Currier, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved method of and apparatus of glazing morocco leather."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of August, 1863.

2102. And John Walter Friend, of Freemantle, Southampton, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the construction of gas meters, and in apparatus to be employed in connection therewith for regulating the pressure and flow of gas to the same."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 26th day of August, 1863.

2144. And Louis Emile Constant Martin, of No. 32, Albion-street, Hyde-park, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for generating steam and for generating gases to be used for heating steam boilers, or for other purposes."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 29th day of August, 1863.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications, are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objections to such application, at the said Office of the Commissioners within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

#### CONTRACTS FOR VINEGAR, WINE, COCOA, AND PEPPER.

Department of the Comptroller of Victualling, Somerset - House, September 3, 1863.

**T**HE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that, on Thursday, the 17th instant, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Her Majesty's Victualling Stores at Deptford, the undermentioned articles; viz.:

Vinegar, 15,000 gallons; half to be delivered in one calendar month, and the remainder in one calendar month afterwards, or earlier if preferred by the party tendering.

Wine (Sherry, good sound) 500 gallons; half to be delivered in three weeks, and the remainder in three weeks afterwards, or earlier if preferred by the party tendering.

Cocoa, 150 tons; half to be delivered in three weeks, and the remainder in three weeks afterwards, or earlier if preferred by the party tendering.

Pepper (Whole Black), 5 tons; half to be delivered in three weeks, and the remainder in three weeks afterwards, or earlier if preferred by the party tendering.

*Tenders may be made for the whole or any portion of the articles.*

*Their Lordships reserve to themselves the power, when the tenders are opened, of contracting either for the whole or for such part thereof only as they may deem fit, or for a greater quantity, or of not contracting for any, and also an unlimited power of selection.*

*The wine, cocoa, and pepper to be exempted from the Customs' duties, and parties tendering are to state where they are lying.*

*Samples of the vinegar (not less than a quart), which the parties tendering may propose to supply, must accompany their tenders, as the delivery will be required to be made in accordance with the samples which may be accepted, and the vinegar tendered to be No. 20, trade denomination.*

*The vinegar to be delivered in good, sound, strong, and substantial casks, which are to be retained as long as required by the said Commissioners or their officers without payment therefor, but are to be taken back from the said Victualling Stores (when emptied) by and at the expense of the contractor.*

*Samples of the wine (in pints) from each cask, must be produced by the parties tendering, and not samples only for each Import mark.*

*Each tender for cocoa must specify the Mark and Landing Number of each package, the ship in which imported, and the country or place of its growth or produce, and an average sample (not less than two pounds for each Import Mark), must be produced by the parties tendering, and not an average of different Marks or several Imports, and any parcel that is found not to be of the same Mark or average quality as the sample tendered and accepted, will be rejected by the Officers.*

*The samples produced by persons whose tenders are not accepted, are requested to be taken away by them immediately after the contracts have been decided.*

*No tender will be received unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose, and which may be obtained on application at the said office, or to the Officer conducting the Packet Service at Liverpool, or to the Collector of Customs at Bristol.*

*Particular attention is called to the conditions of the contracts, which may be seen at the said office, and at Liverpool and Bristol.*

*No tender will be received after half past one o'clock on the day of treaty, and it will not be required that the party tendering, or an agent on his behalf, should attend at the Office on the day of contract, as the result of the offer received from each person will be communicated to him and to his proposed sureties in writing.*

*Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for" and must also be delivered at Somerset-House.*

#### CONTRACT FOR OXEN FOR SALT BEEF FOR HER MAJESTY'S NAVY.

Department of the Comptroller of Victualling, Somerset - House, September 11, 1863.

**T**HE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby give notice, that on Tuesday, the 13th October next, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Her Majesty's Victualling Yard at Deptford, all such

#### OXEN FOR SALT BEEF.

as shall from time to time be demanded, between the 31st October next, and the 31st March, 1864, both days inclusive.



No tender will be received unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose, and which may be obtained on application at the said Office.

Particular attention is called to the conditions of the contract, which may be seen at the said Office.

No tender will be received after half-past one o'clock on the day of treaty, and it will not be required that the party tendering, or an agent on his behalf, should attend at the office on the day of contract, as the result of the offer received from each person will be communicated to him and his proposed sureties in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for Oxen for Salt Beef," and must also be delivered at Somerset-House, signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering, in the sum of £500 for the due performance of the contract.

#### CONTRACTS FOR SALT.

Department of the Comptroller of Victualling and Transport Services, Somerset-House, September 12, 1863.

**THE** Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that on Tuesday, the 13th October next, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Her Majesty's Victualling Stores at Deptford,

100 tons WHITE SALT.

250 „ St. UBE'S BAY SALT.

to be delivered by the 7th November next.

Tenders may be made for the whole or any portion of the salt.

Their Lordships reserve to themselves the power, when the tenders are opened, of contracting either for the whole or for such part thereof only as they may deem fit, or for a greater quantity, or of not contracting for any, and also an unlimited power of selection.

Samples (not less than 3 lbs. of each description of salt) must be produced by the parties tendering.

The samples produced by persons whose tenders are not accepted, are requested to be taken away by them immediately after the contracts have been decided.

No tender will be received unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose, and which may be obtained on application at the said Office, or to the Officer conducting the Packet Service at Liverpool, or to the Collector of Customs at Bristol.

Particular attention is called to the conditions of the contracts, which may be seen at the said Office, and at Liverpool and Bristol.

No tender will be received after half past one o'clock on the day of treaty; and it will not be required that the party tendering, or an Agent on his behalf, should attend at the office on the day of contract, as the result of the offer received from each person will be communicated to him and to his proposed sureties in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for Salt," and must also be delivered at Somerset House.

#### CONTRACT FOR SALT PORK.

Department of the Comptroller of Victualling, Somerset-House, August 26, 1863.

**THE** Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice,

that on Tuesday, the 29th September next, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Her Majesty's Victualling Stores at the undermentioned Ports, the following quantities of

#### SALT PORK,

all of the cure of the present season, viz. :—

#### NAVY PORK.

	Tierces.	Barrels.
Deptford .....	2,400	... 2,400
Haulbowline .....	2,400	... 2,400

The Pork to be delivered into the respective Stores as follows; viz. : one-third of each quantity for each place by the 30th day of January, 1864; another third thereof by the 10th day of March, 1864; and the remainder thereof by the 30th day of April, 1864; or any greater portion, or the whole, at any earlier period, if preferred by the party tendering, and to be paid for by bills at three days after date, which will be sent to parties as usual.

Their Lordships reserve to themselves the power, when the tenders are opened, of contracting either for the whole, or for such part thereof only as they may deem fit, or for a greater quantity, or of not contracting for any; and also an unlimited power of selection.

Every tender must specify the name of the person by whom the meat is intended to be cured, the brand of the meat, and the place of cure.

Tenders for pork, of the cure of the United States of America, will not be admitted.

Persons tendering for more than one Port must give a separate tender for each Port.

Persons tendering must give a reference to a banker for each surety proposed; and they are desired to take special notice that the use of wooden hoops is abolished, and that iron hoops only will be required for the casks in accordance with the conditions of the contract.

A form of the tender may be obtained, and the conditions of the contract, to which particular attention is called, may be seen at this office, at the Victualling Yards at Gosport and Plymouth, or by applying to the Agent Victualler at Haulbowline, or to the Collectors of Her Majesty's Customs at Bristol, Limerick, Belfast, Waterford, and Newry, or to the Secretary to the Postmaster-General at Dublin, or to the Commander conducting the Packet Service at Liverpool.

No tender will be admitted for a less quantity than 100 tierces, or 100 barrels.

No tender will be received after half past one o'clock on the day of treaty, nor any noticed, unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose; but it will not be necessary that the party tendering, or an agent appointed by him, should attend at this Office, as the result of the offer received from each person will be communicated to him and his proposed sureties in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner of the envelope the words "Tender for Salt Pork," and "Comptroller for Victualling," and must also be delivered at Somerset-House.

#### SALE OF HER MAJESTY'S STEAM SLOOP "VULTURE."

Department of the Storekeeper-General of the Navy, Somerset-Place, September 10, 1863.

**THE** Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice,

that on Tuesday, the 29th instant, at two o'clock, they will be ready to receive sealed tenders for the purchase of

Her Majesty's Steam Sloop "VULTURE," with engines, boilers, and spare gear on board, 1,191 tons burden, 470 horse power, lying at Portsmouth.

No tender will be received after two o'clock on the day of treaty; nor will any be noticed unless the party attends, or an Agent for him duly authorized in writing to make a deposit of £25 per cent. on the amount of the tender.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for the Purchase of the 'Vulture,'" and must also be delivered at Somerset-place.

Catalogues and conditions of sale may be obtained here, or on application to the Superintendent of Her Majesty's Dock Yard at Portsmouth, who will also give notes of admission to view the vessel.

South Sea House, London,  
September 14, 1863.

**NOTICE.**—The Trustees of the late South Sea Company, acting under the provisions of a certain Indenture, bearing date the 12th day of March, 1856, and also under an Order of the High Court of Chancery, bearing date the 25th day of July, 1863, intend, forthwith, to proceed to the payment and distribution of the residue of the Trust Funds remaining unapplied under the trusts of the same indenture, between and amongst the several persons who, by the books of the Company appeared on the 1st day of July, 1857, to be the Proprietors of the Capital Stock of the Company, and who have claimed and received their distributive shares of the assets of the said Company, divisible in respect of the stock standing in their respective names in the books of the Company, and the persons who, before the 1st day of July, 1863, appeared and established their respective rights to a share of such distribution as being the proprietors of the Company, on the 1st of July, 1857, their respective executors, administrators, and assigns; for the purposes of which payment and distribution attendance will be given at the Banking-house of Messrs. Bosanquet, Franks, and Co., No. 73, Lombard-street, London, daily, for one calendar month, commencing on Tuesday, the 13th day of October next, between the hours of eleven o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon, and subsequently on Tuesdays and Fridays only, between the same hours, until further notice.

John Jesse, Clerk to the Trustees.

N.B. The powers of attorney formerly granted may be made available for the above purpose; a letter of request to that effect, signed by the respective grantors, being previously forwarded to Mr. Jesse, at the South Sea House, London.

The Bury and Radcliffe Patent Brick and Tile Manufacturing Company (Limited).

**NOTICE** is hereby given that a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the house of Mr. Richard Ainsworth, the Lord Nelson Inn, in Bury, in the county of Lancaster, on Thursday, the 15th day of October, 1863, at the hour of half-past seven o'clock in the evening, for the purpose of receiving the final accounts of the Liquidators of the said Company, and also the report of the Inspector duly appointed by the shareholders to inspect the said accounts; and at which said meeting will be submitted a resolution that the affairs of the Company

have been fairly and satisfactorily wound up.—  
Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

William Fairbrother.  
James Livesey.

Liquidators.

Union Society, September 14, 1863.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Annual General Meeting will be holden at the office in Cornhill, on Friday, the 25th instant, to ballot for Directors, from twelve o'clock until one o'clock in the day. The chair will be taken at one o'clock precisely, to report the said election, and to submit the accounts of the Society for the last year.

Wm. B. Lewis, Secretary.

Taunton Local Industrial Co-operative Society, (Limited).

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that at the Annual Meeting of the above Society, the following resolution was duly passed:—

"That whereas the report and balance-sheet of the Auditors of this Society, shows that a growing deficiency continues in the returns, and finding that the present assets are not sufficient to pay its liabilities, it is resolved that the Society be forthwith wound up, and that Mr. Edwin Watton, of Taunton, Accountant, be appointed Liquidator, and hereby empowered to employ such legal and other assistance as may be necessary in thoroughly sifting into the Society's affairs; in realizing and applying the funds and property of the Society, in liquidation of its liabilities.

Jno. Bradford, Chairman.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned, Martha Weightman, of Oasby, in the county of Lincoln, and Edward Elston, of Welby, in the same county, as Machine Owners, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 8th September instant. All persons having any claims or demands against the above-named firm are requested immediately to send the particulars thereof to Mr. W. G. Wagstaffe, Solicitor, Grantham; and all persons standing indebted to the same firm, at the time of the dissolution thereof, are requested immediately to pay the amount of their respective debts to the said W. G. Wagstaffe.

Martha Weightman.  
Edward Elston.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership now subsisting between Thomas Stammers Blyth and James Frederick Blyth, of Nayland, in the county of Suffolk, Grocers, Drapers, and General Shopkeepers, will be dissolved on the 7th day of September next, and that the same business of a Grocer, Draper, and General Shopkeeper, will, in future, be conducted, and solely carried on, by the said James Frederick Blyth, with whom all business accounts, contracted by the said firm, are to be settled, and to whom all monies, due to the said firm, are to be paid.—As witness our hands this 29th day of August, 1863.

Thomas Stammers Blyth.  
James Frederick Blyth.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between Horatio Edward Boucher and John Bettridge Hill, carrying on business at No. 28, Albion-street, Birmingham, as Manufacturing Jewellers, under the style or firm of Boucher and Hill, is dissolved as and from the 31st day of August last, by mutual consent. All debts will be received and paid by the said Horatio Edward Boucher, at Albion-street aforesaid, whose receipt alone will be a sufficient discharge for the same.—As witness the hands of the said parties this 4th day of September, 1863.

H. E. Boucher.  
J. B. Hill.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Benjamin Hammond Richardson and Alfred Richardson, heretofore carrying on business as Dyers and Finishers, at Littletown, in the parish of Birstal, in the county of York, under the style of Richardson Brothers, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to or owing from the said firm will be received and paid by the said Alfred Richardson, who will in future carry on the said business.—As witness our hands this 1st day of August, 1863.

Benjamin Hammond Richardson.  
Alfred Richardson.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, William German and Thomas Goring German, of Derby, in the county of Derby, Mercers, Drapers, and Tailors, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent; and that all debts due and owing to and from the said partnership will be received and paid by the said William German.—As witness our hands this 10th day of September, 1863.

*William German.  
Thomas Goring German.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us the undersigned, Thomas Kettle and William Love, carrying on business as Hop Factors, at Calverts-buildings, in the borough of Southwark, in the county of Surrey, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 10th day of September, 1863.

*Thomas Kettle.  
William Love.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, William Crompton Griffiths, Benjamin Mayman, and Arthur Wellesley Mills, carrying on business in co-partnership at Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, as Merchants and Commission Agents, under the style or firm of William Griffiths and Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, so far as concerns the said Arthur Wellesley Mills. The business of the late firm will be carried on as usual under the same style or firm of William Griffiths and Co., at Liverpool aforesaid, by the undersigned, William Crompton Griffiths and Benjamin Mayman, by whom all debts owing by the late firm will be paid, and to whom all debts owing to the same firm will be collected and received.—As witness our hands this 28th day of August, 1863.

*Wm. C. Griffiths.  
B. Mayman.  
A. W. Mills.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Henry Hall, James Hall, and John Sewell, as Manufacturers at Freckleton, in the county of Lancaster, under the firm of Henry Hall and Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due or owing by or to the said firm, will be paid and received by the said Henry Hall and James Hall, who will continue to carry on the said business in partnership, under the firm of Henry Hall and Son.—Dated this 12th day of September, 1863.

*Henry Hall.  
James Hall.  
John Sewell.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership between the undersigned, Alfred Barfoot, and John James Bodmer, in the trade or business of Patent Lamine Manufacturers, at Newport, in the county of Monmouth, under the firm of Barfoot and Co., has been dissolved by mutual consent, from the 1st day of August last, and that in future the same trade or business will be carried on by the said John James Bodmer, on his own sole account, and that he will pay and receive all debts owing from and to the said partnership.—Witness our hands this 3rd day of September, 1863.

*Alfred Barfoot.  
John James Bodmer.*

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, Edward Jay and James Baker, carrying on business as Grocers, Hop and Seed Merchants, at No. 21, Saint Andrew's-street, Cambridge, in the county of Cambridge, under the style or firm of Jay and Baker, expired by effluxion of time, on the 25th day of March, 1863.—Dated the 11th day of September, 1863.

*Edward Jay.  
James Baker.*

[Extract from the Edinburgh Gazette of September 11, 1863.]

#### NOTICE.

**THE** Copartnery of Angus Fraser and Company, Grocers, Wine and Spirit Merchants, in Aberdeen, was this day dissolved by mutual consent of the subscribers, the sole partners thereof. The business will in future be carried on in the same premises by the subscriber, James Milne, for his own behalf, and he will receive payment of, and settle all accounts due to and by the late firm.

*Angus Fraser.  
James Milne.*

**PATRICK COOPER**, Advocate, Aberdeen,  
Witness.  
**J. M. CHIVAS**, Clerk, Aberdeen, Witness.  
22, Union-street, Aberdeen—1863.

#### JOHN TURNER, Deceased.

Notice to creditors and others.—Pursuant to an Act made and passed in the session of Parliament, held in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, chapter 35, intituled "an Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**ALL** persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John Turner, late of North Bank, Regent's Park, in the county of Middlesex, Esq., deceased (who died on the 12th day of August, 1862, and whose will was proved on the 27th day of November, 1862, in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, by William Peter Jolliffe, Henry Morris Kemshead, and Robert Clarke Marsden, the executors therein named), are required to send the particulars thereof to the said executors, at the Office of their Solicitor, Mr. George Frederick Cooke, No. 3, Serjeants'-inn, Chancery-lane, London; on or before the 5th day of November next; at the expiration of which time the said executors will distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which the said executors shall then have had notice; and they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose claim they shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 10th day of September, 1863.

**GEO. FRED. COOKE**, No. 3, Serjeants'-inn, Chancery-lane, Solicitor to the said Executors.

#### MILNES MORTON, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all persons having any debt, claim, or demand against or upon the estate of Milnes Morton, late of the Hop Pole, William-street, Blackfriars, Publican (who died on the 22nd day of September, 1862, and whose will was proved by Maria Morton, the executrix therein named, on the 23rd day of October, 1862, in the Principal Registry in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, are hereby required to send in particulars of their respective debts or claims to me, the undersigned, Solicitor to the said executrix, on or before the 20th day of November next, at the expiration of which time the said executrix will distribute the whole of the assets of the said testator, having regard to the claims of which she shall then have had notice.—Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

**HOWARD PADDISON**, No. 3, New Boswell-court, Lincoln's Inn, Solicitor for the Executrix.

#### WILLIAM TULLEY the Elder, Deceased.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that pursuant to the Statute 22nd and 23rd Victoria, chapter 35, section 29, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees," that all creditors and other persons having any debt, claim, or demand against the estate of William Tulley the elder, formerly of No. 5, Mint-street, in the parish of St. George-the-Martyr, Southwark, in the county of Surrey, Egg Merchant, but late, and at the time of his death, of No. 13, Grey's-terrace, Dover-road, Southwark aforesaid, deceased (who died on or about the 30th day of July, 1863, and whose will was proved in the Principal Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate on the 28th day of August, 1863, by William Tulley, heretofore the younger, of No. 5, Mint-street aforesaid, Egg Merchant, the son of the said deceased, and John Williams, of No. 16, Mill-lane, Tooley-street, in the parish of St. Olave, Southwark aforesaid, Licensed Victualler, the executors, named in the said will), are hereby required to send the particulars of their respective debts, claims, or demands upon or against the estate of the said deceased to their Solicitor, Mr. John Hudson, at his office, No. 4, Fenchurch-buildings, Fenchurch-street, in the city of London, on or before the 15th day of November, 1863; after which date, or at the expiration of which time, the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said testator among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which the said executors shall then have had notice; after which period the said executors will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person or persons of whose debts, claims, or demands the said executors shall not have had notice at the time of such distribution.—Dated this 12th day of September, 1863.

**JOHN HUDSON**, No. 4, Fenchurch-buildings, Solicitor to the said Executors.

#### Mr. GEORGE HARTLEY, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the 22nd and 23rd years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that all creditors and persons having any claims or demands upon or against the estate of George Hartley, late of the city of Lincoln, Merchant, deceased (who died on the 15th day of May, 1863),

and who have not already sent in their claims to the executrix, are hereby required to send the particulars of their respective debts or claims upon or against the said estate, with the nature of their securities (if any) to Mrs. Fanny Hartley, the executrix named in the will of the said George Hartley, or to me, the undersigned, as the Solicitor to the said executrix, at my office in Lincoln, on or before the 1st day of November next, or in default thereof the said executrix of the said George Hartley will, after the said 1st day of November next, proceed finally to distribute the assets of the said George Hartley among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have received notice.—Dated this 9th day of September, 1863.

J. T. TWEED, Solicitor, Lincoln.

Pursuant to the Act "to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees," 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35. In the Matter of WILLIAM COWL, Cartwright, Deceased.

**T**HE creditors of William Cowl, late of Marske, in the county of York, Cartwright, who died on or about the 17th day of March last past, and whose will was duly proved, by the executor therein named, in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, in the District Registry of York, on the 22nd day of April last, are, on or before the 10th day of October next, to send the particulars of their debts or claims to the office of Mr. William Weatherill, in Guisborough, in the county of York, Solicitor, or in default thereof the executor of the said William Cowl, will, after the said 10th day of October next, proceed to distribute the assets of the said William Cowl amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims only of which he has then notice.—Dated this 2nd day of September, 1863.

WM. WEATHERILL, of Guisborough aforesaid, Solicitor to the Executor.

JOHN BULLEN, Deceased.

Pursuant to an Act of Parliament of the 22nd and 23rd Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property, and to relieve Trustees."

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of the Reverend John Bullen, late of Bartlow, in the county of Cambridge, Clerk, who died on the 3rd day of May, 1863, and whose will was proved in the District Registry of Her Majesty's Court of Probate, at Peterborough, on the 24th day of June, 1863, by George Bullen, of Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, Esquire, the executor named in the said will, are hereby required, on or before the 10th day of November, 1863, to send in the particulars of their debts, claims, and demands to the executor, at the office of Messrs. Kitcheners and Fenn, Newmarket, Cambridgeshire, the Solicitors to the executor; after which day the executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said John Bullen among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the debts, claims, and demands of which the said executor shall then have had notice; and the said executor will not be liable for the assets so distributed, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose debt, claim, or demand he shall not then have had notice.—Dated this 10th day of September, 1863.

KITCHENERS and FENN, Solicitors, Newmarket, Cambridgeshire.

In Chancery.—Pembrokeshire.

In the Matter of an Act to facilitate Leases and Sales of Settled Estates; and in the Matter of the settled estates of George Ellis and Carteret John Kempson, Esquires, deceased.

**M**ESSRS. GOODE and OWEN have been instructed to offer for sale by public auction, at Saint David's and Narberth, on the 15th and 17th of September, 1863, at one o'clock (pursuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, made in the above mentioned matters, with the approbation of his Honour Vice-Chancellor Sir John Stuart, Knight), the following valuable and productive freehold estates, viz.:

At the Commercial Inn, Saint David's, on Tuesday, the 15th of September, in six lots, several fields and slangs in the townland of Carvai, otherwise Carvai, in the parish of Saint David's, containing together about 40 acres of rich and productive land, with a right of depasture over Carvai Common, now let to respectable tenants, at annual rents, amounting together to £41 or thereabouts.

Also the productive farms and lands of Porthmawr and Laithy, in the said parish of Saint David's, containing respectively 27A. 2R. 29P., and 68A. 3A. 18P., or thereabouts, with valuable and extensive rights of common appurtenant, now in the respective occupations of Mr. D. Arnold and Mr. James Lewis, at the respective low yearly rents of £24 and £38.

And at the Rutzen Arms Hotel, Narberth, on Thursday, the 17th of September, in one lot, the valuable farm and lands called Pendilo, in the parish of Amroth, containing

34A. 2R. 37P. or thereabouts, now held by Captain Burgess, as yearly tenant, at the yearly rent of £20.

The premises may be viewed at any time prior to the sale, on application to the tenants, and printed particulars and conditions of sale, with lithographic plans, may be obtained (gratis) of the Auctioneers, at their office at Haverfordwest; of Messrs. Kempson and Trollope, Solicitors, No. 31, Abingdon-street, Westminster; and of Messrs. Powell, Matthias, and Evans, and Arthur Lort Phillips, Esq., Solicitors, Haverfordwest.

**P**URSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause George Augustus Davis, plaintiff, against Marian Christiana Mary Davis, defendant, the creditors of Thomas Davis, late of Boxmoor, in the county of Herts, Surgeon, who died in or about the month of May, 1863, and also the incumbrances upon his real estate, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the 11th day of November next, to come in and prove their claims at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor Sir John Stuart, No. 12, Old-square, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, or in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Wednesday, the 18th day of November, 1863, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.—Dated this 23rd day of July, 1863.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy, for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5437.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Composition and Release.

Date of Deed—The 26th day of August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—The 26th day of August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—James Flanagan, of No. 3, St. Ann's-square, and of No. 17, Market-street, and of No. 3, Corporation-street, all in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster. Hosier, Glover, and Outfitter.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—The creditors of the said James Flanagan.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Composition and Release, whereby the creditors of the said James Flanagan agree to accept payment of a composition of six shillings and six pence in the pound upon the amount of their respective debts.

When left for Registration—11th September, 1863, at 12 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5440.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship.—Deed of Assignment.

Date of Deed—14th day of August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—14th day of August 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor; as in the Deed—William Frederick Brown, of Saint Martin's-le-Grand and Little Britain, in the city of London, Silk Warehouseman and Umbrella Manufacturer, thereafter called the assignor, of the first part.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—John Folland Lovering, of King-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, Accountant, a trustee for the creditors of the said assignor, of the second part; and, the several persons creditors of the said assignor, of the third part.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Assignment of the stock-in-trade, furniture, fixtures, debts, securities, and all other the personal estate and effects of him the said William Frederick Brown to the said trustees, upon trust, for the equal benefit of all his creditors.

When left for Registration—11th September, 1863, at 3 o'clock.

• RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required

by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5441.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Conveyance.

Date of Deed—17th August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—17th August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—Richard Gazely, of Baptist Mills, in the city and county of Bristol, Butcher.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—George Gardiner, of No. 2, Albert-villas, in the said city and county, Accountant, on behalf and with the assent of the creditors of the debtor.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Conveyance of all debtor's estate and effects to the said trustees, absolutely, to be applied and administered for the benefit of the creditors, in like manner as in bankruptcy.

When left for Registration—12th September, 1863, at 12 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5442.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Deed of Assignment and Arrangement.

Date of Deed—8th September, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—8th September, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—Thomas Arthur Boate, of Watford, in the county of Herts, Gentleman, 1st part.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—Samuel Bake, of No. 12, Billiter-square, in the city of London, Provision Merchant, 2nd part; and the several persons creditors of the said debtor, 3rd part.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Assignment to trustee of concession or right of foreshore for an oyster fishery in Dungarvon, in Ireland, and conditional agreement for lease of coal and ironstone mines under Wassell Grove Estate, in Worcestershire, in trust, for sale for benefit of creditors; and also assignment of one-fourth part of any salary, stipend, or income, which he may derive from any source whatever; liberty to debtor to engage himself as Secretary, or to enter into any employment he might think fit, and to render a true account of all moneys derived from such employment, and verify truth of his statements on oath if required; proceeds to be applied towards expenses of and incidental to deed and arrangement, and surplus invested; letter of license to debtor for six months, with power to trustee to extend same; creditors to release debtor on payment of debts in full, without interest.

When left for Registration—12th September, 1863, at 1 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5444.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Composition.

Date of Deed—27th August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—27th August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—John Wesley Timmis, of Burslem, in the county of Stafford, Clock and Watch Maker and Jeweller.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—John Machin Tunnicliffe, of Burslem, in the county of Stafford, Book Keeper, Samuel Lea, of Sound, in the parish of Wrenbury, in the county of Chester, Yeoman, second part; the creditors of the said debtor, third part; and Josiah Woolsincroft Powell, of Burslem aforesaid, Accountant.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Deed of Composition, whereby the creditors of the said John Wesley Timmis agree to accept 7s. 6d. in the pound, payable by three equal instalments at three weeks and six and twelve calendar months after date; and release by creditors to said John Wesley Timmis in con-

sideration thereof; and separate covenants by the parties of the first and second parts with the party of the fourth part for payment of the instalments.

When left for Registration—12th September, 1863, at 1 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5445.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Conveyance.

Date of Deed—18th August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—18th August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—John Orton, of Foleshill, in the county of Warwick, Surgeon, the debtor.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—George Edmands, of Bedworth, in the said county, Druggist, and Joseph Anstey, of the city of Coventry, Draper, trustees, on behalf and with the assent of the creditors of the said debtor.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Conveyance of all the debtor's estate and effects to the said trustees, absolutely, to be applied and administered for the benefit of the creditors of the said debtor, as in bankruptcy.

When left for Registration—12th September, 1863, at 1 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5446.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Conveyance.

Date of Deed—1st September, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—2nd September, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—Edward Rudge, of Chester-road, Tranmere, and Oxtown-road, Birkenhead, both in the county of Chester, Ironmonger.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—Frederick Henry Peters, of No. 18, Chapel-street, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Produce Broker.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Conveyance by the said Edward Rudge, of all his estate and effects to the said Frederick Henry Peters, absolutely, to be applied and administered for the benefit of the creditors of the said Edward Rudge, as in bankruptcy.

When left for Registration—14th September, 1863, at 12 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5447.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Deed of Composition and Release.

Date of Deed—27th August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—27th August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—Samuel Handforth, late of the White Bear Inn, Market-place, in Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Innkeeper, but now of Victoria-street, Mumps, in Oldham aforesaid, Agent.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—The several persons whose names and seals are thereunto subscribed and affixed in the schedule thereunder written, being respectively creditors of the said Samuel Handforth.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—A Deed of Composition and Release, whereby the said creditors accept the composition of 3s. 4d. in the pound on the amount of their respective debts, in full discharge thereof, and release the said Samuel Handforth therefrom.

When left for Registration—14th September, 1863, at 12 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition, and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198.

Number—5449.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Deed of Assignment.

Date of Deed—21st day of August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—21st day of August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—John Lowe the younger, of Hardingewood, in the parish of Wolstanton, in the county of Stafford, Grocer and Beerseller.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—William Pointon, of Odd Rode, in the county of Chester, Miller, and Charles Hilditch, of Audley, in the county of Stafford, Wholesale Grocer.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—A Deed of Assignment, whereby all the estate and effects of the said John Lowe the younger were conveyed to William Pointon and Charles Hilditch, absolutely, to be applied and administered for the benefit of the creditors of the said John Lowe the younger, as if he had been at the date thereof duly adjudged a bankrupt.

When left for Registration—14th September, 1863, at 12 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5450.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Conveyance.

Date of Deed—17th August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—17th August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—Thomas Rowbotham, of Godley, in the county of Chester, Cotton Manufacturer.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—James Halliday, of the city of Manchester, Accountant, on behalf, and with the assent of the undersigned, creditors of the said Thomas Rowbotham.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Conveyance of all the estate and effects of the said Thomas Rowbotham, to the said James Halliday absolutely, to be applied and administered for the benefit of the creditors of the said Thomas Rowbotham, as in bankruptcy.

When left for Registration—14th September, 1863, at 12 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5452.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Assignment.

Date of Deed—26th August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—26th August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—George Hibbert, of Sincil-street, in the city of Lincoln, Grocer.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—William Ross, of the city of Lincoln, Grocer, and William Toplis Frost, also of the same city, Grocer.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Assignment of all the personal estate and effects whatsoever and wheresoever of the said debtor to the said trustees, upon certain trusts therein contained, for the equal benefit of all the creditors of the said debtor.

When left for Registration—14th September, 1863, at 1 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required

No. 22771.

K

by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5453.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Assignment.

Date of Deed—17th day of August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—17th day of August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—John Coulson, of Leeds, in the county of York, Commission Agent, 1st part.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—Joshua Rawson, of Leeds aforesaid, Cloth Merchant, 2nd part; and the creditors of the said John Coulson, 3rd part.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Assignment of all the personal estate and effects of the said John Coulson to the said trustees, in trust, for the equal benefit of all his creditors.

When left for Registration—14th day of September, 1863, at half-past 1 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**NOTICE** is hereby given that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5454.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Conveyance.

Date of Deed—20th of August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—20th of August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—Jesse Bennett, of the borough, of Sunderland, in the county of Durham, Ship Chandler, of the one part.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—John Richardson, of the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Accountant, on behalf of and with the assent of the creditors of the said Jesse Bennett, of the other part.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Conveyance by the said Jesse Bennett of all his estate and effects to the said trustee, absolutely, to be applied and administered for the benefit of his creditors, as in bankruptcy.

When left for Registration—14th September, 1863, at 2 o'clock.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the following is a copy of an entry made in the book kept by the Chief Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Registration of Trust Deeds for the benefit of Creditors, Composition and Inspectorship Deeds executed by a Debtor, as required by the Bankruptcy Act, 1861, secs. 187, 192, 194, 196, and 198:—

Number—5458.

Title of Deed, whether Deed of Assignment, Composition, or Inspectorship—Composition.

Date of Deed—29th August, 1863.

Date of execution by Debtor—29th August, 1863.

Name and description of the Debtor, as in the Deed—John Hedges Rogers, of Wingrave, in the county of Bucks, Butcher, of the other part.

The names and descriptions of the Trustees or other parties to the Deed, not including the Creditors—And the several persons whose names are mentioned and set forth in the first column of the schedule, thereunder written or thereunto annexed, of the first part.

A short statement of the nature of the Deed—Composition and Release, whereby the debtor proposed to pay to the parties of the first part, 1s. in the pound on the amount of their respective debts, on their executing the said deed.

When left for Registration—15th September, 1863, at 1 o'clock, afternoon.

RICHARD BETHELL, Registrar.

In the Matter of Henry Bursell, of Kenilworth, in the county of Warwick, formerly Hotel Keeper and Coal Merchant, but now Farmer.

**I** HEREBY give notice, that the creditors who have proved their debts under the above Petition for adjudication, bearing date the 4th day of June, 1862, may receive a Dividend of 2s. 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. in the pound, upon application at my office, as under, on any Tuesday, between the hours of eleven and three. No Dividend can be paid without the production of the securities exhibited at the time of proving the debt. Executors and administrators



will be required to produce the probate of the will or the letters of administration under which they claim.—September 12, 1863.

FREDERICK WHITMORE, Official Assignee,  
No. 17, Waterloo-street, Birmingham.

In the Matter of William Streather, of Raunds, in the county of Northampton, Builder, a Bankrupt. Petition filed on the 13th day of February, 1863.

**I** HEREBY give notice, that the creditors who have proved their debts under the above estate, may receive a Dividend of 3d. in the pound, upon application at my office, at Thrapston, in the county of Northampton, on any day, after the 20th day of September, 1863, between the hours of ten and four. No Dividend can be paid without the production of the securities exhibited at the time of proving the debt. Executors and administrators will be required to produce the probate of the will or the letters of administration under which they claim.—Dated the 11th day of September, 1863.

JOHN ARCHBOULD, Official Assignee.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Tonbridge.

In the Matter of Moses Brooks, of Edenbridge, in the county of Kent, Miller, a Bankrupt.—Petition dated 24th March, 1863.

**I** HEREBY give notice that the creditors who have proved their debts under the above estate may receive a first Dividend of 4s. in the pound, upon application at the County Court Office, Tonbridge, any day after the 17th day of September instant, between the hours of ten and four, except on Saturdays, when the office will be closed at one.—Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

SYDNEY ALLYN, Official Assignee.

**W**HEREAS Augustus Woodley Bernal, late a Prisoner in the Debtors' Prison, London, and now of No. 4, Saint James's-place, Saint James's-street, Middlesex, Gentleman, in no profession or employ, was adjudicated a bankrupt, on the 20th day of July, 1863, and under such adjudication duly surrendered, on the 6th day of August, 1863. This is to give notice, that by an Order of the said Court, bearing date the 11th day of September, 1863, the said adjudication of bankruptcy was annulled.

**W**HEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy was, on the 11th day of August, 1863, filed against Edward George Altmann, of No. 43, High-street, White-chapel, in the county of Middlesex, Oilman and Tallow Chandler, and the said Edward George Altmann, was duly adjudicated a bankrupt, pursuant to the same petition. This is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of the said Petition, hath by an Order, dated the 3rd day of September, 1863, duly annulled the said adjudication of Bankruptcy.

In the Matter of "The Companies Act, 1862," and of the Sheffield and Hallamshire Ancient Order of Foresters Co-operative and Industrial Society.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a Petition for the winding up of the above-named Company by the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Sheffield, was, on the 3rd day of September, 1863, presented to his Honor William Walker, Esquire, Judge of the said Court, by George Edward Swift, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Steel Manager, a contributory of the said Company, and that the said Petition is directed to be heard before the said William Walker, Esquire, the Judge of the said Court, on the 1st day of October, 1863, at twelve o'clock at noon, and any creditor or contributory of the said Company desirous to oppose the making of an order for the winding up of the said Company under the above Act, should appear at the time of hearing by himself, or his Counsel, for that purpose, and a copy of the petition will be furnished to any creditor or contributory of the said Company requiring the same, by the undersigned, on payment of the regulated charge for the same.

SMITH and BURDEKIN, No. 25, Norfolk-street, Sheffield, Solicitors for the Petitioner.—Sheffield, 11th September, 1863.

### The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

#### Notice of Adjudications and First Meeting of Creditors.

Rebecca Thomas, of London House, Walthamstow, in the county of Essex, Spinster, and late a Prisoner for Debt in Springfield Gaol, Essex, having been adjudged bankrupt by a Registrar of the County Court of Essex, holden at Chelmsford, attending at Springfield Gaol, Essex, on the 9th day of September, 1863, and the adjudication being directed to be prosecuted at the Court of Bankruptcy, Basinghall-street, London, is hereby required to surrender herself to William Frederick Higgins, Esq., a Registrar of the said last-men-

tioned Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Aldridge, of No. 46, Moorgate-street, London, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Constantine Smith (sued with John Hay and John Ormerod), formerly of Manchester-road, Bradford, Yorkshire, Clerk to the Lancashire and Yorkshire Railway Company, then of Nelson-street, Bermondsey, Surrey, then and now of No. 17, New-square, Minories, London, Clerk in the London and North-Western Railway, a Prisoner for Debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 9th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Aldridge, of No. 46, Moorgate-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Ellen Curnin, heretofore of Tiverton, Devon, carrying on the business of a Boarding-school Keeper, in partnership with Jane Rebecca Thomas, then of Cambridge-terrace, Edgware-road, then of Abbey-gardens, St. John's Wood, both in Middlesex, then of Rabley, Herts, then of the Plough Hotel, Lewisham, Kent, of no business, Widow, a Prisoner for Debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender herself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Aldridge, of No. 46, Moorgate-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

George Crook, of King's Arms-court, Finsbury, Middlesex, Journeyman Painter, previously of No. 47, Featherstone-street, in the city of London, Beershop Keeper, and before that of Bath, in the county of Somerset, Baker and Beerseller, a Prisoner for Debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 8th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Aldridge, of No. 46, Moorgate-street, London, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

James Boreham, of No. 76, Roman-road, Barnsbury, previously of New Church-road, Hackney, previously of Bernard-place, Holloway, previously of Charles-street, Caledonian-road, previously of Charles-street, Holloway, previously of Union-place, Lower-road, Islington, all in Middlesex, Carpenter and Builder, a Prisoner for Debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 8th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Aldridge, of No. 46, Moorgate-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

John Matchett, a lodger at the Prince of Wales Tavern, Enfield-highway, Middlesex, previously of Vincent-square, Westminster, Middlesex, previously of Lisbon, in the Kingdom of Portugal, previously of Bridge-court, Westminster, Middlesex, previously lodging at the Coach and Horses, Saint Martin's, Middlesex, lately a Contractor, but now out of business, a Prisoner for Debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 8th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of



creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at eleven in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Aldridge, of No. 46, Moorgate-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Rebecca Fisher (sued and committed and known as Rebecca Hicks), of No. 20, Devonshire-place, Edgware-road, previously of No. 9, Acacia-road, Saint John's-wood, previously of Wellington-road, also in Saint John's-wood, previously of Brighton, Sussex, previously of North Bank, Saint John's-wood aforesaid, of no business, Spinster, a Prisoner for Debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in forma pauperis), filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 8th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender herself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Aldridge, of No. 46, Moorgate-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Edward Price, of Warminster, in the county of Wilts, Grocer and Baker, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at one of the clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Linklaters and Hackwood, of No. 7, Walbrook, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

George Smith, of No. 22, Johnson-street, Notting-hill, in the county of Middlesex, Painter, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at one in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. R. Hare, of No. 86, Basinghall-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Thomas Scott, of No. 63, Roupell-street, Blackfriars, Surrey, and also of New Milford, in the county of Pembroke, lately a Master Mariner, but now out of employ, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. N. Bartley, of No. 10, Bucklersbury, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

James Francis Paris, of Westgate-street, Ipswich, in the county of Suffolk, Berlin Wool Dealer and Draughtsman, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. H. Jones, of Colchester, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

William Henry Bell, late of No. 8, Calthorpe-street, Gray's-inn-lane, in the county of Middlesex, but now a Prisoner for Debt in the Debtors' Prison, Whitecross-street, in the city of London, Warehouseman, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. J. R. Chidley, of No. 25, Old Jewry, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

John Eames Watkins, formerly of No. 20, High-street, Aberystwyth, South Wales, Baker and Confectioner, then of No. 19, Calthorpe-place, Gray's-inn-road, then of No. 22, Desborough-place, Harrow-road, Paddington, Middlesex, Confectioner, and now of No. 23, Hampden-street, Harrow-road aforesaid, out of business, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at twelve of the clock at noon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. H. R. Silvester, of No. 18, Great Dover-street, Newington, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

William Tuck, of New-street, Holt, in the county of Norfolk, Junkeeper, Coach Proprietor, and Farmer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Doyle, of No. 2, Verulam-buildings, Gray's-inn, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy, as Agent for Mr. Sadd, Solicitor, of Norwich.

Joseph Harper, of New Romney, in the county of Kent, Farmer and Grazier, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. S. F. Langham and Son, of No. 10, Bartlett's-buildings, Holborn, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy, as Agents for Messrs. J. G. Langham and Son, Solicitors, of Hastings, Sussex.

Joseph Seeley, at present residing in furnished lodgings at No. 75, Ponsoby-place, Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, previously for about six months residing at Bordeaux and Pau, in the Empire of France, out of business, theretofore residing in furnished lodgings, at No. 153, Regent-street, Westminster, in the said county of Middlesex, and previously of No. 21, Warwick-street, Pimlico, in the said county of Middlesex, Tobaccoconist, and Attorney's Clerk, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 9th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. R. W. Lovesy, of No. 7, New-inn, Strand, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Frederick George Williams, of No. 15, Rose-lane, Ratcliff, in the county of Middlesex, and No. 8, Exmouth-street, Commercial-road East, in the hamlet of Mile End Old Town, in the said county of Middlesex, Wine Cooper, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 9th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. H. Webster, of No. 10, Tokenhouse-yard, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Vincent Howard Oldfield, of No. 66, Connaught-terrace, Edgware-road, in the county of Middlesex, out of business, and formerly trading as a Retailer of Beer and Wine, at No. 34, Spring-street, Paddington, in the aforesaid county, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 12th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official

Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Charnock, of No. 51, King William-street, London, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

James Henry Quixley, of Forest Hill, in the county of Kent, Saddler and Tobaccoist, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 12th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. W. Charnock, of No. 51, King William-street, London, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Henry Baker Russell (known and trading as Henry Russell, of No. 21, Gloucester-terrace, New-road, Commercial-road East, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 12th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. F. Hill, of No. 10, Basinghall-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

William Ballard Willmott, of Bishop's Hatfield (commonly called and known as Hatfield), in the county of Hertford, Coal Merchant and Corn Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 12th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. R. Hare, of No. 66, Basinghall-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Adam Shingfield, of No. 11, Jubilee-street, Commercial-road East, in the county of Middlesex, Carpenter and Joiner, formerly of No. 26, Crombie-row, Commercial-road East, in the said county, in the same business, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 12th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. R. Buchanan, of No. 13, Basinghall-street, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Absalom Samuel Shackleton, of No. 95, Gracechurch-street, London, Appraiser and House Agent, residing privately at No. 44, Old Kent-road, Surrey, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in London, on the 12th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry Philip Roche, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. Herbert Harris Cannan, of No. 36, Basinghall-street, London, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. H. R. Silvester, of No. 18, Great Dover-street, Newington, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

George Langman, of Bilston-street, Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Auctioneer and Furniture Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Birmingham District, on the 10th September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court, at Birmingham. Mr. Frederick Whitmore, of No. 17, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. H. and P. E. Underhill, of Wolverhampton, and W. A. Green, of Birmingham, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

Charles Earp and Robert Bostock (carrying on the business of Hosiery Manufacturers, as copartners in trade under the style or firm of Earp and Bostock), of Hinckley, in the county of Leicester, Hosiery Manufacturers, Dealers

and Chapman, having been adjudged bankrupts under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Birmingham District, on the 7th day of September, 1863, are hereby required to surrender themselves to a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court, at Birmingham. Mr. George Kinneare, of No. 37, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Samuel Preston, of Hinckley, and Mr. W. H. Reece, of Birmingham, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

Joseph Lee, of the town of Leicester, Engineer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Birmingham District, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Charles Waterfield, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 29th day of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at the Shirehall, Nottingham. Mr. John Harris, of Lower-pavement, Nottingham, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Browne and Son, Nottingham, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

John Shaul, late of No. 31, Belvedere, Lansdown, Bath, in the county of Somerset, Grocer, Innkeeper, and Brewer, a Prisoner for Debt in the Gaol at Taunton, having been adjudged bankrupt by the Registrar of the County Court of Taunton, attending at the Gaol at Taunton, on the 9th day of September, 1863, and the adjudication being directed to be prosecuted in the Court of Bankruptcy for the Bristol District, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Honourable Montague Wilde, the Registrar of the said last-mentioned Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at Bristol. Edward Mant Miller, Esq., of No. 19, St. Augustine's-place, Bristol, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Henry Brittan, of Bristol, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Charles Henry Waring, of the Darran, near Neath, and of Glyn Neath, near Neath, both in the county of Glamorgan, Mining Engineer, Colliery Agent and Proprietor, Iron Master, Dealer and Chapman, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Bristol District, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Honourable Montague Wilde, the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at Bristol. Edward Mant Miller, Esq., of No. 19, St. Augustine's-place, Bristol, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Hare and Wadham, of Bristol, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

William Attwood Minty, of Cinderford, in the county of Gloucester, Grocer and General Shopkeeper, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Bristol District, at Bristol, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Honourable Montague Wilde, the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th day of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Alfred John Acraman, Esq., of No. 19, St. Augustine's-place, Bristol, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. George Peters Wilkes, of Gloucester, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Henry Andrew, of St. Ives, in the county of Cornwall, Master Mariner and Innkeeper, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, on the 12th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 30th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court, in Queen-street, Exeter. Mr. H. L. Hirtzel, of Queen-street, Exeter, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. William Tomlin Tredder, of St. Ives, and Mr. George Hirtzel, of Exeter, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

William Heap, of Huddersfield, in the county of York, Cotton Waste Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, on the 11th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Samuel Payne, Esq., a Registrar of

the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at the Commercial-buildings, Leeds: Mr. George Young, of Leeds, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Jonas Craven, of Huddersfield, and Messrs. Bond and Barwick, of Leeds, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

Henry Christopher Poole, of Bradford, in the county of York, formerly a Commission Agent, in copartnership with one James Charnock, and also a Skirt Manufacturer, and now Manager for a Stuff Finisher, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, on the 10th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Samuel Payne, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th of September instant, at eleven in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at the Commercial-buildings, Leeds. Mr. George Young, of Leeds, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Bond and Barwick, of Leeds, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

Edward Taylor, of Golcar, near Huddersfield, in the county of York, Manufacturer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, on the 14th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Samuel Payne, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at the Commercial-buildings, Leeds. Mr. George Young, of Leeds, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Bond and Barwick, of Leeds, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

Daniel Newton, of Sheffield, in the county of York, Joiner and Builder, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, on the 12th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Samuel Payne, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 26th of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at the Council-hall, Sheffield: Mr. George Young, of Sheffield, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. W. B. Fernell, of Sheffield, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Thomas Phillips, of Blackburn, in the county of Lancaster, Licensed Victualler, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Manchester District, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to George Harris, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors, to be held before the said Registrar, on the 1st of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at Manchester. James Stansall Pott, Esq., of No. 45, George-street, Manchester, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Robert Swan, of Manchester, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

David Morecroft, of King-street West, Stockport, in the county of Chester, Butcher and Provision Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Manchester District, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to George Harris, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th day of September instant, at eleven in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court, at Manchester. Francis Hernaman, Esq., of No. 69, Princess-street, Manchester, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. William Smith, of Stockport, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

James Morris, late residing in Cranmore-street, Nechells-green, Aston, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Carpenter and Builder, and formerly residing at No. 88, Nechells-park-road, Birmingham, in the same county, Carpenter and Builder, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Warwick, on the 1st day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to John Guest, Esq., the Registrar of the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th day of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court-house, Waterloo-street, Birmingham. The Registrar of the said Court is the Official Assignee.

James Bubb, late residing at No. 3, William Edward-street, Balsall-leath, Birmingham, in the county of War-

wick, Shopkeeper and Coal Dealer, and formerly of Vaughton-street South, Birmingham aforesaid, Shopkeeper and Coal Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Warwick, on the 1st day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to John Guest, Esq., the Registrar of the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th day of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court-house, Waterloo-street, Birmingham. The Registrar of the said Court is the Official Assignee.

Thomas Darbyshire, late residing at No. 89, Rea-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, and carrying on business at No. 22½, Rea-street aforesaid, as Jeweller and Spectacle Maker, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Warwick, on the 1st day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to John Guest, Esq., the Registrar of the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th day of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court-house, Waterloo-street, Birmingham. The Registrar of the said Court is the Official Assignee.

William Morgan, otherwise William Mugan, late residing at No. 30, Fordrough-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, General Dealer in Skins, and formerly of No. 14½, Norfolk-street, Birmingham aforesaid, Innkeeper, Coal Dealer, and Dealer in Skins, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy (in formâ pauperis), filed in the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Warwick, on the 18th day of August, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to John Guest, Esq., the Registrar of the County Court of Warwickshire, holden at Birmingham, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th day of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court-house, Waterloo-street, Birmingham. The Registrar of the said Court is the Official Assignee.

Michael Crinage, now in lodgings with Mrs. Scott, of No. 7, Arkwright-street, in the town of Nottingham, out of business or employ, and previously in lodgings with Mrs. Jones, of Wheeler-gate, in the said town of Nottingham, Manager to a Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham, on the 12th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Edwin Patchitt, Esq., Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 7th day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Shirehall, Nottingham. Edwin Patchitt, Esq., of Nottingham, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. John Ashwell, of Nottingham, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

William Maltby, formerly of Bridlesmith-gate, in the town and county of the town of Nottingham, Hosier and Outfitter, then of Union-road, in the said town of Nottingham, Hosier, Outfitter, and Tobacconist, and now of Welbeck-street, in the said town of Nottingham, out of business, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Nottingham, on the 12th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Edwin Patchitt, Esq., Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 7th day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Shirehall, Nottingham. Edwin Patchitt, Esq., of Nottingham, is the Official Assignee, and William Brown, of Nottingham, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

William Rock, of Abbots Bromley, in the county of Stafford, Boot and Shoe Maker, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Uttoxeter, on the 9th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Abraham Augustus Flint, Gentleman, the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 26th day of September instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Townhall, Uttoxeter. Abraham Augustus Flint, Gentleman, is the Official Assignee, and George Palmer, Gentleman, of Rugeley, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Alfred Gordon Montagu, of Milford Haven, in the county of Pembroke, Assistant Paymaster in the Royal Navy, on board Her Majesty's ship Blenheim, at Milford Haven, in the county of Pembroke, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bank-

ruptcy, filed in the County Court of Pembrokeshire, holden at Haverfordwest, on the 3rd day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Mr. James Summers, the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 26th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the Shirehall, Haverfordwest. Mr. James Summers is the Official Assignee, and Mr. George Parry, of Pembroke Dock, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Charles Smith Gorton, of North Moor, in Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Painter, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Oldham, on the 5th of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Mr. John Summerscales, the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 24th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the County Court Office, Oldham. Mr. John Summerscales is the Official Assignee, and Mr. John Lowe, of Oldham, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

James Barton and James Barton the younger, of the town of Crickhowell, in the county of Brecon, Cattle Salesmen, Dealers, Chapmen, and Copartners, having been adjudged bankrupts under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Brecknockshire, holden at Crickhowell, on the 12th day of September, 1863, are hereby required to surrender themselves to Edward John Cox Davies, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 24th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. E. J. C. Davies, of Crickhowell, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. William Lewis, of Crickhowell, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Henry Sagar Garforth, of Salem-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, and having a Shop or Stall in the Market-place, in Bradford aforesaid, Butcher, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 8th day of October next, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. George Robinson, the Registrar of the said Court, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. James Gwynne Hutchinson, of Bradford, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

James Taylor, of Harris-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, out of business, theretofore of Aldermanbury, in the city of London, in the county of Middlesex, Commercial Traveller, theretofore of Harris-street, in Bradford aforesaid, Warehouseman and Commercial Traveller, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 8th day of October next, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Mr. George Robinson, the Registrar of the said Court, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. James Gwynne Hutchinson, of Bradford, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Thomas Rogers, formerly of High-street, Botley, Hants, Baker and Dealer in Flour, and now of No. 65, Buckland-road, Buckland, Portsea, Hants, Baker and Grocer and Beer Retailer, his wife, late Sarah Coombs, Widow, having previously carried on the businesses last aforesaid at No. 65, Buckland-road, Buckland aforesaid, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Hampshire, holden at Portsmouth, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 1st day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court-house, St. Thomas's-street, Portsmouth. The said Registrar is the Official Assignee, and Mr. J. H. Paffard, of Portsea, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

James Saph, of the Boar's Head Inn, No. 20, in Gower-street, at Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Licensed Victualler, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea, on the 9th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Lewis Morris, Esq., the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 6th day of October next, at three o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Town-

hall, Swansea. Mr. Lewis Morris, of No. 3, Fisher-street, Swansea, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Henry Morris, of No. 7, Rutland-street, Swansea, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Alfred Drage, of Scarletwell-street, in the town of Northampton, in the county of Northampton, Baker, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Northamptonshire, holden at Northampton, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to William Dennis, Gentleman, Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 26th day of September instant, at ten of the clock in the forenoon precisely, at the County Court Office, Sheep-street, Northampton. William Dennis, Gentleman, of Northampton, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Shield and White, of Northampton, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

Daniel Shaw, of Harding's Wood Dockyard, in the parish of Wolstanton, in the county of Stafford, Boat Builder, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Hanley, Burslem, and Tunstall, on the 12th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Edward Challinor, Esq., Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 26th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the County Court Office, Lamb-street, Hanley. Mr. Edward Challinor, of Hanley, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Robert William Litchfield, of Newcastle-under-Lyme, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Frederick Kendrick, of High-street, Stone, in the county of Stafford, Innkeeper, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Stone, on the 7th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to William Tym Middleton, Gentleman, Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 7th day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. William Tym Middleton, Gentleman, is the Official Assignee, and William Robinson, Gentleman, of Stafford, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

John Yardley, now of Oxford-street, Bilston, in the county of Stafford, Butcher and Journeyman Butcher, formerly of Hall Fields, Bilston aforesaid, Butcher, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Wolverhampton, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th day of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the Court-house, Queen-street, Wolverhampton. Mr. C. G. Brown, of Wolverhampton, is the Official Assignee, and T. J. W. Bailey, of Wednesbury, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Thomas Meddings, of Shelfield, in the county of Stafford out of employment, previously of Walsall Wood, in the county of Stafford, Licensed Victualler and Dealer in Tobacco, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Walsall, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 1st day of October next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court-house, Lichfield-street, Walsall. Mr. F. F. Clarke, of Walsall, is the Official Assignee, and Joseph Edward Sheldon, of Wednesbury, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Samuel Brookes, of Belle Vue-road, in Leek, in the county of Stafford, Timber and Coal Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Leek, on the 10th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to James Bloore, Esq., the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 25th of September instant, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the County Court Offices, in Russell-street, Leek. Mr. James Bloore is the Official Assignee, and Mr. George Smith, of Leek, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Walter Watkins, living in lodgings at the Cornish Hotel, No. 19, York-street, at Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, out of business, and before then of the Malster's Arms, in Oxford-street, at Swansea aforesaid, Licensed Victualler, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea, on the 11th day of Sep-

tember, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Lewis Morris, Esq., the Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 6th day of October next, at three of the clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Townhall, Swansea. Mr. Lewis Morris, of No. 3, Fisher-street, Swansea, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Henry Morris, of No. 7, Rutland-street, Swansea, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

John Kington the younger, of Penselwood, in the county of Somerset, Innkeeper, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Somersetshire, holden at Wincanton, on the 11th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to John Messiter, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 28th of September instant, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the County Court Office, Wincanton. Mr. John Messiter, of Wincanton, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. George Chitty, of Shaftesbury, Dorsetshire, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Henry Butler, now of Bilston-street, Darlaston, in the county of Stafford, out of business, late of Church-street, Lower Gornal, in the said county of Stafford, Grocer, Provision Dealer, and Schoolmaster, formerly of New-street, Darlaston aforesaid, Grocer and Provision Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Dudley, on the 5th day of September, 1863, is hereby required to surrender himself to Thomas Walker, Esq., Registrar of the said Court, at the first meeting of creditors to be held before the said Registrar, on the 24th day of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the said Court. Thomas Walker, Esq., is the Official Assignee, and James Slater, of Darlaston, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Public sittings will be appointed by the Court for the said bankrupts, respectively, to pass their Last Examinations, of which sittings due notice will be given in the London Gazette. At the said first meetings of Creditors the Registrar will receive the Proofs of the Debts of the Creditors, and the Creditors may choose an Assignee or Assignees of the bankrupt's estate and effects. At the public sittings proofs of debts of creditors will also be received, and the said bankrupts will be respectively required to submit themselves to be examined, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of all their estate and effects and to finish their examinations.

Notice is also hereby given to all persons indebted to any of the said bankrupts, or that have any of their effects, not to deliver the same but to the Official Assignee whom the Court has appointed in that behalf, and give notice to the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

### The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

#### Notice of Sittings for Last Examination.

Rees Williams, of Presteign, in the county of Radnor, Tailor, Draper, and Milliner, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Bristol District, on the 26th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Matthew Davenport Hill, Esq., the Commissioner of the said Court, on the 27th day of October next, at the said Court, at Bristol, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Edward Mant Miller, of No. 19, St. Augustine's-place, Bristol, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Henry Brittan, of Bristol, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Thomas Milroy, of Gilligate, in the city of York, Draper, but now of Everton, near Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, out of business, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Liverpool District, on the 24th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Henry James Perry, Esq., the Commissioner of the said Court,

on the 9th day of October next, at the said Court, at Liverpool, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Charles Turner, Esq., of No. 53, South John-street, Liverpool, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Evans, Son, and Sandys, of Commerce-court, Lord-street, Liverpool, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

George Thornely, of Altrincham, in the county of Chester, Saddler and Clock and Watch Maker, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Manchester District, on 25th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before George Harris, Esq., a Registrar of the said Court, on the 29th day of September instant, at the said Court, at Manchester, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. James Stansall Pott, Esq., of No. 45, George-street, Manchester, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Rowley and Son, of Manchester, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

Alexander Malony, of Dyvatty-street, Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Labourer and Butcher, and before then of No. 17, in Bethesda-street, at Swansea aforesaid, Labourer and Butcher, and using, during the time he was so residing in Dyvatty-street and Bethesda-street, Stall No. 75, in the Public Market, at Swansea, for the Sale of Butcher's Meat, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea, on the 5th August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Thomas Falconer, Esq., Judge of the said Court, on the 7th day of October next; at the said Court, at the Townhall, at Swansea, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Lewis Morris, of No. 3, Fisher-street, Swansea, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Henry Morris, of No. 7, Rutland-street, Swansea, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

John Thomas, of No. 16, in Frog-street, Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Tailor and Draper, having been adjudged bankrupt, under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea, on the 17th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Thomas Falconer, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 7th day of October next, at the said Court, at the Townhall, at Swansea, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Lewis Morris, of No. 3, Fisher-street, Swansea, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Henry Morris, of No. 7, Rutland-street, Swansea, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Francis Charles Francis, of Benson-street, in the hamlet of Saint Thomas, Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Master Mariner and Grocer, and Tea Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea, on the 24th of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Thomas Falconer, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 7th day of October next, at the said Court, at the Townhall, Swansea, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Lewis Morris, of No. 3, Fisher-street, Swansea, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Henry Morris, of No. 7, Rutland-street, Swansea, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Robert Kitt, of West Hallam, in the county of Derby, Schoolmaster, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby, on the 22nd day of June, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before William Elmsley, Esq., Q.C., the Judge of the said Court, on the 28th day of September instant, at the said Court, at the County Hall, in Derby (by adjournment), at twelve at noon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. George Henry Weller, Registrar of the said Court, is the Official Assignee, and Samuel Leech, of Derby, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

George Miller Ord, of No. 8, Low Tenters-street, Bishop Auckland, in the county of Durham, Emigration Agent, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court



of Durham, holden at Bishop Auckland, on the 20th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Henry Stapylton, Esq., Judge of the said Court, on the 23rd day of October next, at the said Court, at Bishop Auckland, in the county of Durham, at ten in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. William Trotter, of Bishop Auckland, is the Official Assignee, and John Proud, of Bishop Auckland, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Thomas Smith, of Keighley, in the county of York, Reed and Heald Maker, late a Prisoner for Debt in Her Majesty's Prison at York Castle, having been adjudged bankrupt by a Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, attending at Her Majesty's Prison at the Castle at York, on the 14th day of August, 1863, and the adjudication having been directed to be prosecuted in the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Keighley, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before James John Lonsdale, Esq., the Judge of the said last-mentioned Court, on the 21st day of October next, at the said Court, at Keighley, at ten of the clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Thomas Waterworth, of Springfield House, Keighley, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Henry Boulton Harle, of Leeds, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

William Raven, of Townfield-street, Chelmsford, in the county of Essex, Baker, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Essex, holden at Chelmsford, on the 17th day of July, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, will be held before the Registrar of the said Court, on the 28th day of September instant, at the said Court, to be holden at the Shirehall, Chelmsford, at eleven in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender; and the said bankrupt is hereby required to make application to the Judge for his Discharge, at a Court to be holden at the Shirehall, Chelmsford aforesaid, on the 12th day of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon. Mr. Thomas Morgan Gepp, of Chelmsford, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. William Ward Duffield, of Chelmsford, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

George Gee, of Edingthorpe, in the county of Norfolk, Cattle Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Court of Bankruptcy for the London District, on the 6th day of May, 1863, and the proceedings thereunder, and the further prosecution thereof, having been transferred to the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before the Judge of the said last-mentioned Court, on the 29th day of September instant, at the said Court, at the Shirehall, Norwich Castle, in the county of Norfolk, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Thomas Hitchin Palmer, of the said city, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Miller, Son, and Bugg, of Norwich, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

John Daymond Ellis, of No. 13, Furnivals-inn, in the city of London, and of No. 2, Bristol-gardens, Maida Hill, in the county of Middlesex, Architect, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Court of Bankruptcy for the London District, on the 20th day of July, 1863, and the proceedings thereunder and the further prosecution thereof, having been transferred to the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich, a public sitting for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before the Judge of the said last-mentioned Court, on the 29th day of September instant, at the said Court, at the Shirehall, Norwich Castle, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Thomas Hitchin Palmer, of the said city, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Miller, Son, and Bugg, of Norwich, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

George Kerrison (trading as Kerrison and Co.), of Timber-hill, in the city of Norwich, having also a shop at No. 67, St. Stephen's-street, in the said city of Norwich, Wholesale Tea Dealer, before then of Cundall's-court, in the Market-place, in the said city of Norwich, Wholesale Tea Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Court of Bankruptcy for the London District, on the 20th August, 1863, and the proceedings thereunder and the further prosecution thereof having been transferred to the County Court of Norfolk, holden at Norwich, a public sitting, for

the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before the Judge of the said last-mentioned Court, on the 29th day of September instant, at the said Court, at the Shirehall, Norwich Castle, in the county of Norfolk, at eleven in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Thomas Hitchin Palmer, of the said city, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Tillet and Son, of Norwich, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

William Crossley, late of No. 41, Infirmary-street, in Bradford, in the county of York, but now in a furnished house or lodgings at Euston-crescent, Little Horton-lane, in Bradford aforesaid, Commission Agent, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford, on the 21st day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before James John Lonsdale, Esq., Judge of the said Court, on the 16th of October next, at the said Court, at half-past ten of the clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. George Robinson, of No. 1, Drewton-street, Bradford, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. James Gwynne Hutchinson, of Bradford, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Frances Coulson, of Lincoln City, Widow, formerly of the same city, Licensed Victualler, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Lincoln, on the 27th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass her Last Examination, and make application for her Discharge, will be held before John Godfrey Teed, Esq., Q.C., Judge of the said Court, on the 6th day of October next, at the said Court, at twelve of the clock at noon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Field Uppleby, Esq., Registrar of the said Court, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Brown and Son, of Lincoln, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

George Cooke, of Carlton le Morland, in the county of Lincoln, Baker, Dealer in Bread, Flour, Coals, and Jobber, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Lincolnshire, holden at Lincoln, on the 11th day of August, 1863, and duly transferred to, and directed to be prosecuted in, the County Court of Nottinghamshire, at Newark, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Richard Wildman, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 31st day of October next, at the County Sessions Room, at Newark, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. William Newton, is the Official Assignee, and Messrs. Brown and Son, of Lincoln, are the Solicitors acting in the bankruptcy.

James Lindley, of Castle Foregate, Shrewsbury, in the county of Salop, Fishmonger, Greengrocer, and Game Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Shropshire, holden at Shrewsbury, on the 5th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Uvedale Corbett, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 5th of October next, at the said Court, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Joshua John Peele, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Corbet Davies, of Shrewsbury, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Thomas Higley the elder, of Habberley, in the county of Salop, Wheelwright and Carpenter, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Shropshire, holden at Shrewsbury, on the 14th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Uvedale Corbett, Esq., Judge of the said Court, on the 5th day of October next, at the said Court, at ten in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Joshua John Peele, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Corbet Davies, of Shrewsbury, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Joseph Reeves, of the Robin Hood, Shrewsbury, in the county of Salop, Licensed Victualler and Innkeeper, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Shropshire, holden at Shrewsbury, on the 24th day of July, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be

held before Uvedale Corbett, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 5th day of October next, at the said Court, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Joshua John Peel, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Joseph Green James, of Wellington, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Henry Stockdale, late of No. 48, Adam-street, New Town, in the town of Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, Greengrocer, Fruiterer, and Provision Dealer, and now of the New Arcade, Saint Mary-street, in the town of Cardiff aforesaid, Greengrocer, Confectioner, and Fruiterer, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Glamorgan-shire, holden at Cardiff, on the 17th day of June, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before John Maurice Herbert, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 25th of September instant, at the said Court, at the Townhall, at Cardiff, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Robert Francis Langley, of Saint Mary-street, Cardiff, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. J. H. Goodere, of Cardiff, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

William Henry Dandy, of Great Driffield, in the county of York, Joiner and Shopkeeper, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Great Driffield, on the 1st day of July, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before the Judge of the said Court, on the 21st day of September instant, at the said Court, at Great Driffield, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Edmund Dade Conyers, of Great Driffield, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. George Hodgson, of Great Driffield, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

John Anderson, lately a Prisoner for Debt in the Gaol of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, before then and at present residing at No. 19, John's-place, High West-street, out of business or employment, and formerly of No. 30, previously of No. 17, Molendine-terrace, and during part of such last-mentioned residence, Secretary to the Tyne and Hope Shipping Insurance Club, and during other part of the said residence out of business or employment, all which said several residences are in Gateshead, in the county of Durham, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Durham, holden at Gateshead, on the 20th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before the Judge of the said Court, on the 19th of October next, at the said Court, at the Towhall, Gateshead, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Henry Ingledew, the Registrar of the said Court, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Joseph George Joel, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Benjamin Turley, of Tipton, in the county of Stafford, Annealer of Tin Plate Iron, and previously thereto of Sedgley, in the said county of Stafford, Beer-house Keeper and Annealer of Tin Plate Iron, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Dudley, on the 8th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Rupert Kettle, Esq., Judge of the said Court, on the 13th day of October next, at the said Court, at Dudley, at ten in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Thomas Walker, Esq., Registrar of the said Court, is the Official Assignee, and Edward Marcus Warmington, of Dudley, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

James Thomas West, of Church-street, Gillingham, in the county of Kent, Caulker in Her Majesty's Dockyard at Chatham, in the said county, and late of Edward's Cottages, Old Church Path, Gillingham aforesaid, Caulker aforesaid, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Kent, holden at Rochester, on the 14th day of August, 1863, a public sitting for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before James Espinasse, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 7th day of October next, at the said Court, at Rochester, at twelve of the clock at noon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. George Brindley Acworth,

Gentleman, Registrar of the said Court, is the Official Assignee, and William Webb Hayward, Gentleman, of Rochester, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

John Bryant, of Diss, in the county of Norfolk, Tailor, Draper, and Hatter, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Norfolk and Suffolk, holden at Diss and Eye, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before John Worledge, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 19th day of October next, at the said Court, at Diss, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Mr. Edgar Chenery, of Eye, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Charles Cream, of Eye, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Joseph Higgs, residing in furnished lodgings at the house of Enoch Wheeler, Pheasant Inn, High-street, Tipton, in the county of Stafford, Miner, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Worcestershire, holden at Dudley, on the 18th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before Rupert Kettle, Esq., the Judge of the said Court, on the 13th day of October next, at the said Court, at Dudley, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Thomas Walker, Esq., Registrar of the said Court, is the Official Assignee, and William Cole Maltby, of Dudley, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

Daniel Wilks, of Bloxwich, in the borough of Walsall, in the county of Stafford, Cabinet Lock Maker and Rent Collector, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Staffordshire, holden at Walsall, on the 26th day of August, 1863, a public sitting, for the said bankrupt to pass his Last Examination, and make application for his Discharge, will be held before the Judge of the said Court, on the 3rd of October next, at the Court-house, Goodall-street, Walsall, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, the day last aforesaid being the day limited for the said bankrupt to surrender. Frederic F. Clarke, of Walsall, is the Official Assignee, and Mr. Samuel Wilkinson, of Walsall, is the Solicitor acting in the bankruptcy.

The first meeting of creditors has been duly held in each of the said bankruptcies, and at the several public sittings above-mentioned, Proofs of Debts of creditors who have not proved will be received, and the said several bankrupts will be respectively required to surrender themselves to the said Court, and to submit themselves to be examined, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of all their estate and effects, and to finish their examinations.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the creditors of Henry Simmons Peters, of the Welshback, in the city of Bristol, Ship Chandler, Dealer and Chapman, who was adjudicated bankrupt on the 23rd day of July, 1863, will be held before the Honourable Montague Wilde, Registrar of the Court of Bankruptcy for the Bristol District, at Bristol, in the city and county of Bristol, on the 22nd day of October next, at eleven in the forenoon precisely, when the creditors' assignee, will submit a statement of the whole estate of the bankrupt as then ascertained, of the property received, and of the property outstanding, specifying the cause of its being so outstanding, and of all the receipts and all the payments thereout made, and any creditor who has proved, may attend and examine such statement, and compare the receipts with the payments; and the meeting will declare, by resolution, whether any and what part of the said produce of the estate (after making a reasonable deduction for future contingencies) shall be divided amongst the creditors; and at the same time the majority in value of the creditors will determine whether any and what allowance shall be made to the bankrupts out of the estate; and creditors who have not already proved their debts are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

GEORGE HARRIS, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Registrars authorized to act in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 17th day of June, 1863, by James Cameron, of Holton, in the county of Lancaster, Grocer and Innkeeper, will sit



on the 7th day of October next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, at Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, in Manchester, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

In the County Court of Norfolk and Suffolk, holden at Diss and Eye.

In the Matter of John Offord, of Thornham Magna, in the county of Suffolk, Dealer in Cattle and General Dealer, having been adjudged bankrupt, under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Norfolk and Suffolk, holden at Diss and Eye, on the 20th day of February, 1863.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt will be held at the Registrar's Office, Castle-street, Eye, on Wednesday, the 30th day of September, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, to make a dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

In the County Court of Norfolk and Suffolk, holden at Diss and Eye.

In the Matter of John Bolton, late of Eye, in the county of Suffolk, Engine Driver and Engine and Machine Owner, in partnership with William Olley, of Diss, in the county of Norfolk, Engineer and Engine and Machine Owner, previously of Diss aforesaid, Engine Driver and Engine and Machine Owner, in partnership with the said William Olley, as Engine and Machine Owners, having been adjudged bankrupt under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the County Court of Suffolk, holden at Ipswich, on the 17th day of January, 1862, and the adjudication being directed to be prosecuted in the County Court of Norfolk and Suffolk, holden at Diss and Eye.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt will be held at the Registrar's Office, Castle-street, Eye, on Wednesday, the 30th day of September, 1863, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, to make a second and final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend; and all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

### The Bankruptcy Act, 1861.

#### Notice of the Granting of Orders of Discharge.

The Bankrupts hereinafter named have had Orders of Discharge Granted or Suspended as hereinafter mentioned by the several Courts acting in prosecution of their respective Bankruptcies, and such Orders will be delivered to the Bankrupts unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

Richard Gully Amos, formerly of the Lansdown Arms, Gloucester-road, Regent's-park, in the county of Middlesex, Licensed Victualler, then of Wick, near the city of Bath, out of business, then Manager of the Globe Brewery, Stoke Newington, in the said county of Middlesex, then Barman at the Rose Tavern, Weston-street, Bermondsey, in the county of Surrey, and then and now Manager of the King's Arm Tavern, Bishopsgate-churchyard, in the city of London, adjudicated bankrupt the 19th day of June, 1863. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 7th day of August, 1863.

Charles William Saunders, of No. 53, Rufford's-buildings, High-street, Islington, Middlesex, Trimming Seller and Piece Broker, adjudicated bankrupt the 23rd day of June, 1863. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 31st day of July, 1863.

Clarissa Brooks, of the town and county of the town of Southampton, Widow, Wine and Spirit Merchant and House Agent, formerly in copartnership with Charles Jones, of the same place, as Wine and Spirit Merchants and House Agents, adjudicated bankrupt the 4th day of June, 1863. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 22nd day of July, 1863.

Edward Charles King Bearcroft, of Downham-market, in the county of Norfolk, a Clerk in Holy Orders, adjudicated bankrupt the 22nd day of June, 1863. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 7th day of August, 1863.

Benjamin James Quail, of No. 42, Hare-street, Bethnal-green, in the county of Middlesex, Tin Plate Worker, adjudicated bankrupt the 27th day of June, 1863. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 13th day of August, 1863.

George Orton, of No. 69, High-street, Wapping, in the county of Middlesex, Shipping Butcher, adjudicated bankrupt the 26th day of May, 1863. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 13th day of July, 1863.

James Welch, of No. 42, Penton-place, Pentonville, also carrying on business at No. 48, Church-street, Stoke Newington, both in the county of Middlesex, Builder and Contractor, adjudicated bankrupt the 22nd day of May, 1863. An Order of Discharge was granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 10th day of August, 1863.

Peter Pankhurst and Thomas Pankhurst, of South-street, Isleworth, in the county of Middlesex, and of High-street, Mortlake, in the county of Surrey, Coach and Cart Wheelwrights, trading in copartnership under the name, style, or firm of P. Pankhurst and Son, adjudicated bankrupts the 5th day of May, 1863. Orders of Discharge were granted by the Court of Bankruptcy, London, on the 3rd day of August, 1863.

**T**HIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Birmingham District Court of Bankruptcy, at Birmingham, on the 16th day of July, 1863, by Samuel Goodaker the elder, of No. 126, Great Brook-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Baker and Provision Dealer, did, on the 9th day of September, 1863, grant the Discharge of the said Samuel Goodaker the elder; and that such Discharge will be delivered to the bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

**T**HIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Birmingham District Court of Bankruptcy, at Birmingham, on the 16th day of July, 1863, by Richard Arnold, of Yardley Wood, in the parish of Yardley, in the county of Worcester, Farmer, and Coal Dealer, did, on the 9th day of September, 1863, grant the Discharge of the said Richard Arnold; and that such Discharge will be delivered to the bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

**T**HIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Birmingham District Court of Bankruptcy, at Birmingham, on the 1st day of July, 1863, by William Nicholls, of Dudley Ports, in the parish of Tipton, in the county of Stafford, Charter Master and Retail Brewer, did, on the 9th day of September, 1863, grant the Discharge of the said William Nicholls; and that such Discharge will be delivered to the bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

**T**HIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed in the Birmingham District Court of Bankruptcy, at Birmingham, on the 7th day of July, 1863, by William Dyer, of No. 31, Great Hampton-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Stationer, did, on the 9th day of September, 1863, grant the Discharge of the said William Dyer; and that such Discharge will be delivered to the bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

**T**HIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 29th day of July, 1863, in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, against Henry James Lyons, of the town or borough of Kingston-upon-Hull, Ironmonger, did, on the 9th day of September, 1863, on the application of the said bankrupt for an Order of Discharge, adjudge the said bankrupt entitled to such Order of Discharge, and the same was allowed and granted accordingly.

**T**HIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 27th day of May, 1863, in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, against Thomas Richardson, of Kingston-upon-Hull, Joiner, did, on the 9th

day of September, 1863, on the application of the said bankrupt for an Order of Discharge, adjudge the said bankrupt entitled to such Order of Discharge, and the same was allowed and granted accordingly.

**THIS** is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 6th day of July, 1863, in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, against John Smith, of Howthorpe, in the parish of Hovingham, in the county of York, Farmer, did, on the 8th day of September, 1863, on the application of the said bankrupt for an Order of Discharge, adjudge the said bankrupt entitled to such Order of Discharge, and the same was allowed and granted accordingly.

**THIS** is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 21st day of July, 1863, in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, against George Watson, of Bedale, in the county of York, Currier, Dealer and Chapman, did, on the 8th day of September, 1863, on the application of the said bankrupt for an Order of Discharge, adjudge the said bankrupt entitled to such Order of Discharge, and the same was allowed and granted accordingly.

**THIS** is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 23rd day of July, 1863, in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, against Thomas Herbert, of Wakefield, in the county of York, Glass and China Dealer, did, on the 8th day of September, 1863, on the application of the said bankrupt for an Order of Discharge, adjudge the said bankrupt entitled to such Order of Discharge, and the same was allowed and granted accordingly.

**THIS** is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 16th day of July, 1863, in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, against William Thorley, of the town and county of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Innkeeper, did, on the 9th day of September, 1863, on the application of the said bankrupt for an Order of Discharge, adjudge the said bankrupt entitled to such Order of Discharge, and the same was allowed and granted accordingly.

**THIS** is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 4th day of July, 1863, in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy for the Leeds District, against John Thrustle, of the town and county of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull, Butcher, did, on the 26th day of August, 1863, on the application of the said bankrupt for an Order of Discharge, adjudge the said bankrupt entitled to such Order of Discharge, and the same was allowed and granted accordingly.

**NOTICE** is hereby given, that the County Court of Cornwall, holden at Redruth, acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 14th day of May, 1863, by Richard Runnalls, of the parish of Phillack, in the county of Cornwall, did, on the 9th day of September, 1863, allow the said bankrupt his Order of Discharge, under the "The Bankruptcy Act, 1861," and that such Order of Discharge will be delivered to the said bankrupt at the expiration of thirty days from the said 9th of September, 1863, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

In the County Court of Lancashire, holden at Oldham. In the Matter of James Bayley and Elizabeth Bayley, his wife (which said Elizabeth Bayley is the administratrix of the estate and effects of her late husband William Bowker, deceased), now and for the last eleven weeks previous thereto residing in Manchester-street, Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, and there carrying on business as a Publican.

**WHEREAS** at a public sitting of the said County Court, held on the 28th day of August, 1863, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupts. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupts, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the granting thereof.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Rochester. In the Matter of Jeremiah Moverly, of High-street, Gillingham, then of No. 5, Navy-row, Gillingham, then of Railway-street, New Brompton, and then of Church-path, New Brompton, all in the county of Kent, Dredgerman, Grocer and Tea Dealer, a Bankrupt.

**WHEREAS** at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be delivered to the bank-

rupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 9th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Kent, holden at Rochester. In the Matter of Edward Warden, late of Bridgewood Cottage, Burham, in the county of Kent, Dealer in Artificial Manures, late a Prisoner for Debt in Maidstone Gaol, a Bankrupt.

**WHEREAS** at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be delivered to the bankrupt after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 9th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Yorkshire, holden at Bradford! In the Matter of David Jolly, of No. 12, Silsbridge-lane, in Bradford, in the county of York, Grocer and Oil Dealer.

**WHEREAS** at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Essex, holden at Chelmsford. In the Matter of George Ellis, of Great Waltham, in the county of Essex, Coach Builder and Wheelwright, who was adjudicated bankrupt on the 6th day of July, 1863.

**WHEREAS** at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 7th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea.

In the Matter of Thomas Hill, late of Bond-street, Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Fishmonger, who was adjudicated bankrupt on the 15th day of May, 1863, by the Registrar attending at the Gaol at Cardiff.

**WHEREAS** at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea.

In the Matter of William Mabe, of No. 102, in High-street, at Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Butcher and Cattle Dealer, and having a Stall (No. 101) in the Public Market, at Swansea aforesaid, for the sale of Butcher's Meat, a Bankrupt.

**WHEREAS** at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea.

In the Matter of William Jones, now living in lodgings in Fynone-street, at Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, out of business, before then in lodgings at No. 6, Langdon-place, at Swansea aforesaid, Labourer, previously of No. 42, on the Strand, at Swansea aforesaid, Labourer, and before then of the Welcome to Town, on the Strand aforesaid, previously of the St. Ives, in Caer-street, at Swansea aforesaid, Licensed Victualler and Vendor of Coal, and before then of the Will and the Way, in High-street, at Swansea aforesaid, Licensed Victualler, a Bankrupt.

**WHEREAS** at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Swansea.

In the Matter of William Matthias Bruster, now living in lodgings at the Mumbles, in the parish of Oystermouth, in the county of Glamorgan, Printer, before then of the London, Coffee-house and Eating-house Keeper and Printer, previously of No. 8, Mansel-street, at Swansea aforesaid, and carrying on the business of a Printer at No. 36, Goat-street, at Swansea aforesaid, a Bankrupt.

**W**HEREAS at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Newark.

In the Matter of Charles Moss, of Newark-upon-Trent, in the county of Nottingham, Stationer, Bookbinder, and Paper Hanger.

**W**HEREAS at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 8th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Newark.

In the Matter of William Timlinson Hand, of Egmontton, in the county of Nottingham, Schoolmaster.

**W**HEREAS at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 8th day of September, 1863.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Newark.

In the Matter of George Atkinson, late of Grassthorpe, Miller, but now of Egmontton, in the county of Nottingham, out of business.

**W**HEREAS at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 29th day of August, 1863.

In the County Court of Nottinghamshire, holden at Newark.

In the Matter of Frederick Taylor, of Newark-upon-Trent, in the county of Nottingham, Butcher.

**W**HEREAS at a public sitting of the Court, held this day, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of the said Court.—Dated this 29th day of August, 1863.

In the County Court of Cheshire, holden at Congleton.

In the Matter of William Thomas Birch, of Congleton, in the county of Chester, Victualler and Postmaster, and late of Nottingham, in the county of Nottingham, Assistant to a Surgeon.

**W**HEREAS at a public sitting of the said County Court, held on the 8th day of September, 1863, the Court granted an Order of Discharge to the said bankrupt. Notice is hereby given, that an Order of Discharge will be drawn up and delivered to the said bankrupt, after the expiration of thirty days from this date, unless, in the meantime, an appeal be duly entered against the granting thereof.

In the County Court of Sussex, holden at Brighton.

In the Matter of George Henry Gay, formerly of No. 14, Bond-street (lodging there), carrying on business at No. 60, King's-road, as a Dealer in Toys and Fancy Goods, both in Brighton, in the county of Sussex, then of Bond-street, out of business, and now of Bond-street aforesaid, Stonemason, an Insolvent Debtor.

**N**OTICE is hereby given, that application is intended to be made on behalf of the said George Henry Gay, at a sitting of the above Court, to be holden at the Town

Hall, Brighton aforesaid, on Friday, the 9th day of October, 1863, for an Order to dismiss the Petition of the said insolvent, on the ground that all the creditors who have any claim upon the estate of the said insolvent have been satisfied such their respective claims. At which meeting the said application will be heard, and any creditor of the said insolvent desirous of opposing such application must attend.—Dated this 11th day of September, 1863.

EWEN EVERSHED, Official Assignee.

**T**HE estates of George Thomson, Merchant, Tarland, were sequestrated on the 10th day of September, 1863, by the Sheriff of Aberdeenshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 10th day of September, 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Friday, the 18th day of September, 1863, within the Lemon Tree Hotel, in Aberdeen.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 11th day of January, 1864.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN WATT, Junior, Advocate,  
40, King-street, Aberdeen, Agent.

**T**HE estates of William Bowstead and Company, Merchants and Metal Refiners, West Nile-street, Glasgow, and William Bowstead, Merchant and Metal Refiner, West Nile-street, Glasgow, an individual partner of that Company, as such partner, and as an individual, were sequestrated on the 9th day of September, 1863 years, by the Sheriff of the county of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated 26th August, 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock, noon, on Friday, the 18th day of September, 1863, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 9th day of January, 1864.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. G. HOUSTOUN, Writer,  
98, West Nile-street, Glasgow, Agent.

**T**HE estates of Thomas Harper, Grocer and Spirit Merchant, Musselburgh, were sequestrated on the 10th day of September, 1863, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 10th day of September, 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Friday, the 18th day of September, 1863, within Dowells and Lyon's Sale Rooms, No. 18, George-street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 11th day of January, 1864.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

A. DUNCAN, S.S.C.,  
21, Bernard-street, Leith, Agent.

**T**HE estates of Legget and Ring, Leather Merchants, Glasgow, and Alexander Legget and Cort Ring, Leather Merchants there, the Individual Partners of that Company, as such Partners, and as Individuals, were sequestrated on the 10th day of September, 1863, by the Sheriff of the county of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated the 10th day of September, 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Friday, the 18th day of September, 1863, within the Faculty of Procurators' Hall, Saint George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 10th day of January, 1864.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the Bankrupts.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAS. MURDOCH, Agent,  
48, West Nile-street, Glasgow.

**T**HE estates of Charles Rogers and Company, Printers and Publishers, in Stirling, as a Company, and the Reverend Charles Rogers, LL.D., Printer and Publisher

there, sole Partner of that Company, as such, and as an Individual, were sequestrated on the 12th day of September, 1863, by the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills in the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated 12th September, 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Tuesday, the 22nd day of September, 1863, at twelve o'clock, at noon, within the Golden Lion Hotel, King-street, Stirling.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and

grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 12th day of January, 1864.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff-Court of Stirlingshire.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt, Charles Rogers, against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

LINDSAY & PATERSON, W.S.,  
10, Northumberland-street, Edinburgh, Agents.

*All Letters must be Post-paid and all communications on the business of the London Gazette to be addressed to the Office, No. 45, St. Martin's Lane.*

Published by THOMAS LAWRENCE BEHAN, Editor, Manager, and Publisher, of No. 26, Charles Street, in the Parish of St. James, at No. 45, St. Martin's Lane, in the Parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, both in the County of Middlesex.

Printed by THOMAS RICHARD HARRISON and THOMAS HARRISON, Printers, at their Office, No. 45, St. Martin's Lane, in the Parish and County aforesaid.

Tuesday, September 15, 1863.

Price One Shilling.

