The Ministers and Secretaries of State for the Affairs of the Interior and of Finance, shall have it printed, published, and put into circulation.

Given at the Palace of Mafra on the 31st day of January, 1863.

(Signed) THE KING.

EARL RUSSELL, Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received from Mr. Ward, Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General at the Hanse Towns, a copy of an Ordinance of the Senate of Lübeck, abolishing the necessity of passports to foreigners frequenting the territory of that State from the 1st of May next, of which the following is a translation.

Translation. 1863, April 11.—No. 7.

ORDINANCE TOUCHING THE ABOLITION OF THE NECESSITY OF PASSPORTS.

(Published April 15th, 1863).

In order to facilitate the resort of foreigners, the Senate has resolved upon the following regulations, which shall come into force on the 1st of May next.

Foreigners who arrive in the Lübeck territory shall not be required to produce a Passport or any other document of legitimation of their journey, or to have the same visa-ed by the Lübeck Police authorities; but they shall be obliged, as heretofore, if officially required, to give satisfactory proof as to their persons and means of living.

After a term of residence exceeding one month, the regulations of the Ordinance of November 28th, 1860, touching the residence of foreigners in the State of Lübeck, and the necessity of cards of residence (aufenthaltskarten), shall come into force.

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Foreign handicraftsmen, only passing through, shall, in consequence of the above general regulations, also be exempted from the necessity of producing their travelling-book to the Police Authorities, or of having it visa ed by them; at the desire of the former, however, their books shall be visa-ed, as has hitherto been the practice.

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Foreign handicraftsmen, workmen in factories, mechanics, servants, and others of the same class who arrive in the Lübeck territory in search of work, livelihood, or service; or who travel in the State of Lübeck in search of a livelihood, or living, by their profession, shall still be subject to the respective special regulations, and shall therefore, directly on their arrival, be obliged to produce to the Police authorities the necessary papers (viz., travelling-book, work-book, Passport, or certificate of settlement).

As regards the admission of Foreigners into the houses of Lubeck subjects, the regulations of the Ordinance of December 27th, 1851, which relates to the necessity of giving notice of the names of foreigners staying in the inns and public houses, as well as the Ordinances of August 25th, 1855, touching the admission of foreigners and the rules for servants, dated June 25th, 1862, shall remain in force.

Given at Lübeck, in the assembly of the Senate, on April 11th, 1863.

(Signed) C. TH. OVERBECK, Dr., Secretary. T the Court at Windsor, the 28th day of April, 1863,

PRESENT.

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council:

THIS day, the Right Honourable George Frederick Samuel, Earl de Grey and Ripon, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

AT the Court at Windsor, the 28th day of April, 1863,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

ER Majesty having been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable George Frederick Samuel, Earl de Grey and Ripon, to be one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, he was this day, by Her Majesty's command, sworn one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State accordingly.

A T the Court at Windsor, the 28th day of April, 1863.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

W HEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament, held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act "for rendering more easy the taking the poll at "County Elections," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for his Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on peti-tion from the Justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in Quarter Sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county, within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division; and that the Justices of the Peace for such county, riding, parts, or division in Quarter Sessions, or some special Sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle and describe the divisions of counties, and the limits of cities and boroughs in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of members to serve in Parliament," shall conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

And whereas by another Act passed in the Session of Parliament, held in the sixteenth and seventeenth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to limit the time for proceeding to "election in counties and boroughs in England and "Wales, and for polling at elections for the "Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, and for

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