1681. And Hobert Henry Bishop, of Leicesterstreet, Leicester-square, in the county of Middlesex, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in sewing machines."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 2nd day of July, 1861.

1702. And William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in engines for obtaining motive power by the elastic force of steam and air combined, parts of which improvements may be employed for sounding steam whistles."—A communication to him from abroad by Robert Rogers, of Philadelphia, in the United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 4th day of July, 1861.

1716. And James Roberts Black, of 23, Sumnerplace, Onslow-square, in the county of Middlesex, M.D., and Henry William Spratt, of Walbrook-buildings, in the city of London, Architect and Surveyor, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of improvements in the manufacture of boxes, cases, tubes, rings, and such like articles, and machinery for the same."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 6th day of July, 1861.

1731. And Richard Hornsby, Junior, of Spittlegate Iron Works, Grantham, in the county of Lincoln, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for washing, wringing, mangling, and churning."

As set forth in his petition recorded in the said office on the 8th day of July, 1861.

1738. And Frederick Settle Barff, of the city and county of Dublin, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a new or improved process for the induration and preservation of stone and other analogous absorbent substances or materials, which process is also applicable to the production of artificial stone."

1742. And Richard Hornsby, Junior, of Spittlegate Works, Grantham, in the county of Lincoln, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in thrashing machines."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 9th day of July, 1861.

1764. And James Pickering, of Clitheroe, Henry Pickering, of Burnley, and Nathan Pickering, of Wingates, Westhoughton, all in the county of Lancaster, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in self-acting mules, for spinning cotton and other fibrous materials."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 13th day of July, 1861.

1769. And Edward Briggs, of Castleton Mills, near Rochdale, in the county of Lancaster, Silk Spinner and Manufacturer, and Samuel Fearnley, of Rochdale aforesaid, Engineer, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of piled fabrics, and in the machinery or apparatus employed in manufacturing piled and other fabrics."

As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 15th day of July, 1861.

1802. And Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved process and improved machinery for obtaining fibres from the stalks or leaves of fibre yielding plants."—A communication to him from abroad by James Mallory and Gelston Sanford, of New York, in the United States of America.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 17th day of July, 1861.

1804. And Samuel Tawell, of Aldermanbury, in the city of London, Lace Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement in, or addition to, the selvages of laces and other woven fabrics."

1813. And James Archibald Jaques, of Tottenham, in the county of Middlesex, Chymist, and John Americus Fanshawe, of the same place, Engineer, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved apparatus for, or mode of, stopping, plugging, or closing inkstands, bottles, and other vessels of capacity."

As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 18th day of July, 1861.

1847. And John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's Inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, and of 166, Buchanan-street, in the city of Glasgow, North Britain, Gentleman, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in forges."—A communication to him from abroad by Martin Chretiennot, commonly called Chretiennot-Radet, and Pierre Leon Rodet, both of Paris, in the Empire of France.

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 23rd day of July, 1861.

1857. And William McIntyre Cranston, of 58, King William-street, London-bridge, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in grass mowing machines."—A communication to him from abroad by William Anson Wood and John Milton Rosebrooks, of Hoosick Falls, New York, United States."

As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of July, 1861.

And notice is hereby further given, that all persons having an interest in opposing any one of such applications, are at liberty to leave particulars in writing of their objections to such application, at the said Office of the Commissioners within twenty-one days after the date of the Gazette in which this notice is issued.

Errata in Gazette, Friday, August 2, 1861.

1702. For "electric force," read "elastic force."

1829. For "cutting shives," read "cutting shives."

1833. For "watches, &c.," read "watches.".