

1824. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in breech loading ordnance, applicable also to small arms."—A communication to him from abroad by Lewis Wells Broadwell, residing at Saint Petersburg, Russia.

1826. And to William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of improved apparatus for copying letters or writings and draughts."—A communication to him from abroad by Francis Tryon, George Heydecker, and William Van Anden, of New York, in the United States of America. On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 19th day of July, 1861.

1827. To Edward Thomas Hughes, of the firm of Hughes and Son, Patent Agents, 123, Chancery-lane, London, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for manufacturing woven seamless gloves."—A communication to him from abroad by Messrs. Jean Bezon and Alphonse Berthod, both of Lyons, in the Empire of France.

1829. To William Price, of Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, Carpenter, for the invention of "improvements in tools for cutting shive and other conical blocks."

1831. To Thomas Roberts and John Dale, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturing Chemists, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of gunpowder."

1833. And to John Cole and Joseph Cole, both of Coventry, in the county of Warwick, Watch-makers, for the invention of "an improvement in the construction of watches, &c."

On their several petitions recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 20th day of July, 1861.

1835. To Marc Antoine François Mennons, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 39, Rue de l'Echiquier, Paris, in the Empire of France, and temporarily of Furnival's-inn, in the city of London, C.E., for the invention of "improvements in safety locks."—A communication to him from abroad by François Julien Toulze, of Paris, France.

1837. To Archibald Watson, of Johnstone, in the county of Renfrew, North Britain, Leather Merchant and Saddler, for the invention of "improvements in brake apparatus for common road vehicles."

1839. To William Hood, of the Railway Foundry, Reading, in the county of Berks, Ironfounder, for the invention of "improvements in beams and girders, and in applying the same in buildings."

1841. And to Joseph Beattie, of Lawn-place, South Lambeth, in the county of Surrey, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in arrangements in buildings and ships, with a view to the extinguishment of accidental fire therein, and also the ventilation thereof."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office, of the Commissioners on the 22nd day of July, 1861.

1843. To George Featherstone Griffin, of New Adelphi Chambers, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in the permanent way of railways."

1847. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's Inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, and of 166, Buchanan-street, in the city of

Glasgow, North Britain, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in forges."—A communication to him from abroad by Martin Chretiennot, commonly called Chretiennot-Radet, and Pierré Leon Rodet, both of Paris, in the Empire of France.

1849. And to William Clark, of 53, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for the condensation of steam in marine engines and in the particular application of parts thereof to the ship."—A communication to him from abroad by William Lighthall, Manufacturer, and Albert Nicholson Chrystie, Merchant, both of 29, Boulevard St. Martin, Paris.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 23rd day of July, 1861.

1851. To Thomas Hughes, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manager of the Imperial Iron Tube Company, for the invention of "an improved steam generator."

1855. To Henry Neville, of Portsmouth, in the county of Southampton, Optician, for the invention of "improved apparatus for taking photographs."

1859. To Richard Threlfall, of Bolton, in the county of Lancaster, Machine Maker and Founder, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for spinning cotton or other fibrous material."

1861. To John Platt, of Oldham, in the county of Lancaster, Mechanical Engineer, and William Richardson, of the same place, Mechanical Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus commonly called 'gins,' for cleaning cotton from seeds."

1863. And to William Longmaid, of Inver, Galway, Ireland, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of iron."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 24th day of July, 1861.

The Master of the Rolls at Chambers.

In the Matter of the Joint Stock Companies Acts, 1856 and 1857, in the Matter of the Joint Stock Companies Amendment Act, and of Meakin's Joint Stock Brewery Company.

THE Master of the Rolls, the Judge of the High Court of Chancery, to whose Court the winding up of this Company is attached, has this day appointed Mr. Turquand, of No. 16, Tokenhouse-yard, in the city of London, Accountant, Interim Manager of this Company.—Dated this 30th day of July, 1861.

Master of the Rolls' Chambers, Rolls-Yard, Chancery-lane, the 1st day of August, 1861.

In the Matter of the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Acts 1848 and 1849, and of the Electric Telegraph Company of Ireland.

BY direction of his Honour Sir John Romilly, the Master of the Rolls, the Judge of the High Court of Chancery, to whose Court the winding up of this Company is attached; notice is hereby given, that the said Judge purposes on Friday, the 9th day of August instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at his Chambers, situate in Rolls-yard, Chancery-lane, London, to proceed to make a call on all the contributories of the said Company, who shall then have been included in a