

1807. To Nathaniel Berry, of Paris, in the Empire of France, Merchant, for the invention of "an improvement in the manufacture of knitted fabrics."—A communication from William Benjamin, residing in New York.

1809. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "an improvement in billiard and bagatelle cues."—A communication from abroad by Jonathan H. Green, of Christiansburg, in the State of Iowa, United States of America.

1810. To Francis William Beaumont, of Clapham, in the county of Surrey, Civil, Mechanical, Mining, and Gas Engineer, and Surveyor, for the invention of "a hydraulic apparatus, applicable to transmitting, regulating, and measuring the supply or flow of liquids."

1811. And to Warren Thompson, of No. 45, Essex-street, Strand, London, for the invention of "an improved printing telegraph."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 5th day of August, 1859.

1815. To Augustus Bryant Childs, and Lemuel Dow Owen, of No. 192, Tottenham-court-road, London, in the county of Middlesex, Engineers, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for cleaning grain and seeds from smut and other extraneous matter."

1816. To Alfred Theodore De Lisle, of No. 14, Addison-road, Kensington, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in clarifying and decolorizing solutions of sugar and other liquids."

1817. To Edward Albert Süwerkrop, of Leith, in the county of Mid Lothian, Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in reaping and mowing machines."—Partly a communication from abroad by Francois Leroy, of San Francisco.

1818. To Albert François Delannoy, of Paris, in the Empire of France, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in lubricating the axles or journals of wheels, also applicable to lubricating apparatus for the transmission of motion in general."

1819. To John Wellington Welch, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Warp Sizer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for sizing or dressing yarns or threads for weaving."

1820. And to Edward Thomas Hughes, of the firm of Hughes and Son, Patent Agents, No. 123, Chancery-lane, London, W.C., for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for manufacturing chenille."—A communication from abroad by Jean Baptiste Mallion, Merchant, residing at Saint Chamond Département de la Loire, in the Empire of France.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of August, 1859.

1821. To Joseph Weston, of Fenton, in the county of Stafford, Druggist, for the invention of "improvements in breaks for railway carriages, and in the method of applying the same, and in conveying signals from one part to another of the same train, parts of which are applicable to breaks for other purposes."

1823. To Henry Liddle, of Middleton, in the county of Lancaster, Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for polishing yarns or threads."

1829. To John Henry Johnson, of 47, Lincoln's-inn-fields, in the county of Middlesex, and of 166, Buchanan street, in the city of Glasgow, North Britain, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for steering ships, applicable also in all cases where a rotatory or partial rotatory motion is required."—A communication from abroad by Messrs. François Augustin Harel and Michel Boniere, the younger, both of Paris, in the Empire of France.

1831. To Barnet Solomon Cohen, of Magdalen-row, Great Prescott-street, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in ever pointed pencils."

1833. And to Thomas Blinkhorn and Richard Blinkhorn, both of the New-road, Spalding, in the county of Lincoln, Engineers, for the invention of "an improved composition for removing scale or fur from the interior of boilers, and also for preventing the formation of scale or fur therein."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 8th day of August, 1859.

1835. To Thomas Dunn, of the city of Manchester, Engineer, for the invention of "improvement in machinery and apparatus for elevating and regulating the level and flow of liquids, part of which is applicable for propelling vessels."

1837. To Pierre François Rolland, of Hensies, in the province of the Hainaut, Belgium, Mechanic, for the invention of "a new electric telegraph."

1839. To Isaac Mitchell and Samuel Lister, of Bradford, in the county of York, Machine Makers and Repairers, for the invention of "an improvement in apparatus applicable to machinery for spinning fibrous materials."

1841. To John Brazer Babcock, of 35, Milk-street, Boston, in the United States of America, for the invention of "improvements in bustles and skirts."—A communication from Handle N. Daggett, residing at Attleboro, Massachusetts, United States of America.

1843. To John Dyer Bryant, of Rock, in the county of Cornwall, Merchant, for the invention of "improved superphosphate of lime."

1845. To Benjamin Browne, of No. 52, King William-street, in the city of London, Civil Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of paints and pigments."—A communication from abroad by Francis Gybbon Spilsbury, of Louvain, in the Kingdom of Belgium.

1847. And to Walter Mac Lellan, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Iron Merchant, for the invention of "improvements in parts of the permanent way of railways."—A communication from abroad by John Gregory, of Lisbon, in the Kingdom of Portugal, Engineer.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 9th day of August, 1859.

1849. To William Muir, of the Britannia Works, in the city of Manchester, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in machinery for communicating motion to foot lathes and other machines to be worked by treadles."

1851. To William King Westly, of Leeds, in the county of York, Machinist, for the invention of "improved machinery for combing, heckling, and preparing to be spun flax and other fibrous substances."