

nection with sewing machines, for turning over and presenting the edge of the material to be hemmed properly to the needle."—A communication from abroad, by Joseph Poole Pirsson, of New York.

1591. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, E. C., Patent Agent, for the invention of "a cementing powder or mixture, and process for cementing, converting, refining, strengthening, and steelifying iron."—A communication from abroad, by Job Johnson, of East Brooklyn, Long Island, in the State of New York.
1592. And to Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for the invention of "an improvement in the process of, and improved apparatus for, separating metals from their ores."—A communication from abroad, by Lewis Solomon, of New York, in the United States of America.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of July, 1859.

1593. To James McIntosh, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Tanner and Currier, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of leather driving belts."

1594. To William Knapton, of Albion Foundry, Monkbar, in the city of York, and Adam Aitchison, of Knottingley, in the county of York, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of gas."

1597. To William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improved apparatus for moving iron or other metals while the same is in process of manufacture at the rolls."—A communication from abroad, by Charles Hewitt, of the city of Trenton, in the State of New Jersey, one of the United States of America.

1599. And to John Watkins, of the Cwmmaman Colliery, Aberdare, in the county of Glamorgan, Agent, and James Pugh, of the same place, Mechanic, for the invention of "improvements in lubricating wheels."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 5th day of July, 1859.

1601. To Jozé Luis, of the British and Foreign Office for Patents, No. 1B, Welbeck-street, Cavendish-square, London, in the county of Middlesex (Patent Agent), for the invention of "an apparatus for washing wool, manufactured or not, and all other matters."—A communication from abroad, by Eugène Pasquier, No. 10, Rue Mogador, Paris, in the Empire of France.

1603. To Joshua Horton, of Dudley, in the county of Worcester, Machinist, for the invention of "a new or improved gas meter."

1605. To Samuel Burton Haskard, of Wollaton-street, in the town and county of the town of Nottingham, Spring, Point, and Guide Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of hook guides used in machines for the making of lace or other fabrics."

1607. To Louis Schwartzkopff, of Berlin, and Ferdinand Carl Philippson, of Dusseldorf, for the invention of "improvements in steam hammers, and in machines for cutting files, and for planing and grooving iron, stone, and other substances."

1609. And to John Thomas Edmonds, of Prestwood, Great Missenden, in the county of Bucks, Iron-founder, for the invention of "improvements in

winnowing or corn cleaning machines, parts of which are applicable for other screening or sifting purposes."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of July, 1859.

1613. To John Knowelden, of Southwark, in the county of Surrey, Engineer, and Downes Edwards, of Upper Belgrave-place, in the county of Middlesex, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in hydraulic engines and pumps, and the employment of apparatus for applying motive power."

1615. To Sir Francis Charles Knowles, of Lovell Hill, in the county of Berks, Baronet, for the invention of "improvements in making iron castings."

1617. To William Robinson, of Wembdon, Bridgewater, in the county of Somerset, Brewer, for the invention of "improvements in cask washing machines."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 7th day of July, 1859.

Vice-Chancellor Kindersley, at Chambers.

In the Matter of the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Acts, 1848 and 1849, and of the British Colonial and Foreign Sugar Company.

**B**y direction of the Vice-Chancellor Sir Richard Torin Kindersley, the Judge to whose Court this matter is attached, notice is hereby given, that the said Judge will proceed, on Monday the 25th day of July, 1859, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at his chambers, No. 3, Stone-buildings, Lincoln's-inn, London, to settle the list of contributories of this Company; and that after such list shall have been settled, no party affected thereby will be allowed to dispute the same without leave of the High Court of Chancery first obtained.—Dated this 4th day of July, 1859.

Vice-Chancellor Wood.

*Saturday, the 9th day of July, in the twenty-third year of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, 1859.*

In the Matter of the Chester Music Hall Company; and of the Joint Stock Companies Winding-up Acts, 1848 and 1849; and of the Joint Stock Companies Acts, 1856, 1857.

(Extract.)

**T**HIS Court doth order that the Chester Music Hall Company be absolutely dissolved as from this day, and wound up by the Judge to whose Court this matter is attached, under the provisions of the said Joint Stock Companies Winding up Acts, 1848 and 1849, and 1856 and 1857.

S. C. Ward, C. R., & W.

**CONTRACT FOR FRESH BEEF AT KINGSTOWN AND DUBLIN.**

Department of the Comptroller for Victualling, Somerset-Place, July 7, 1859.

**T**HE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that on Tuesday the 19th instant, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying