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THE Secretary of State for India has received the following papers:

No. 1.

Brigadier-General G. H. MacGregor, C.B., Military Commissioner, to the Secretary to Government.

Camp, Maharajpore, March 28, 1858.

SIR,

No. 197.

IN forwarding, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General in Council, the accompanying copy of a report from Major Walsh, in military charge of a brigade of Goorkhas, giving an account of the operations which resulted in the storm and capture of Charbagh, I have the honor to bring to the favourable notice of his Lordship in Council the gallant conduct of the men and officers mentioned by Major Walsh, especially of Brigadier Junga Dooje and Colonel Sri Kishoon.

2. To General Dhere Shumshere, the youngest brother of Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, who commanded the force detached on this duty, my best thanks and those of the Government are due, for the excellent service rendered by him.

3. To Major Walsh also great credit is due for the successful issue of the operations of that day.

I have, &c.

G. H. MACGREGOR,

Brigadier-General and Military Commissioner.

No. 2.

Major C. G. Walsh, in Military Charge of 2nd Brigade, 2nd Division, Goorkha Force, to Captain MacAndrew, Military Secretary.

Camp, Lucknow, March 13, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Military Commissioner, Brigadier-General Macgregor, C.B., that the 2nd Brigade, of which I am in military charge, moved under the orders of General Dhere Shumshere to the village situated north-east of the Charbagh yesterday morning.

On arriving in the village, we were informed that an attempt had been made to carry the Charbagh the previous evening, and had nearly succeeded. On this, General Dhere Shumshere requested me to ascertain if the village, lying a short distance to our west, was occupied. I accordingly proceeded, accompanied by Lieutenant Robertson and Serjeants Hone and Volkers, of the Artillery, and Fourah Sing, my orderly, and found the village unoccupied, and, under cover of it, passed into a garden adjacent to the Charbagh. We then returned to the General, who directed the Singanath Regiment to proceed by that route to the attack of the Charbagh, whilst he held two regiments in reserve. We effected an entrance without any loss, but had not proceeded many paces before a heavy fire of musketry, grape, and round shot was opened on us, which retarded our advance. The senior Goorkha officer suggested the advisability of bringing up the guns to open on the enemy, which, after some delay, occasioned by the difficulty of making an opening in the wall, was effected; the Goorkhas immediately resumed the advance, and I had every expectation of success crowning our efforts, when Lieutenant Sankey, of the Engineers, arrived, and informed me that it had been determined to enfilade the works on the opposite side of the canal, which would ensure the fall of the Charbagh without the necessity of any further active operations against it. The troops were accordingly withdrawn, and the enemy did not venture to molest them in their retreat. Our loss, as far as I have been able to ascertain, amounted to eleven men, of whom one was killed and ten were wounded.

My best thanks are due to Lieutenants Robertson and Gibb for their valuable assistance.

I am deeply indebted to General Dhere Shumshere for the prompt support he gave me throughout the operation. The enduring fortitude with which the officers and men of the Jungernath Regiment sustained a heavy fire without flinching was very creditable to them.

The cordial assistance rendered me by Brigadier Junge Doje and Colonel Sri Kishoon, of the Jungernath Regiment, was a source of great gratification to me.

I have, &c.

C. G. WALSH, Major,
In Military Charge, 2nd Brigade,
2nd Division.

No. 3.

Brigadier-General J. Jones, C.B., Commanding Shahjehanpore Field Force, to the Chief of the Staff.

Shahjehanpore, June 3, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to forward herewith, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, a despatch from Brigadier Taylor, C.B., detailing the operations at Shahabad of the force under his command.

Brigadier Taylor, C.B., has captured two guns, and dispersed the rebels assembled at Shahabad; the successful manner in which he has carried out my instructions have elicited my entire approbation.

In forwarding this last despatch, I beg to return my sincere thanks to the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of all branches of the service, for their ready co-operation and the cheerful endurance with which they have invariably sustained the fatigues of forced and continuous marches, during a most trying season of the year, in the Rohilcund campaigns since the formation of the Shahjehanpore Field Force.

From Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs, C.B., commanding Artillery, Brigadier C. Hagart, commanding Cavalry Brigade, Brigadier R. C. H. Taylor, C.B., commanding 1st Infantry Brigade, and from that indefatigable officer, Brigadier Coke, C.B., whose name I have so frequently had occasion to mention in my despatches, I have received much valuable assistance.

To the officers commanding the several regiments and corps composing the field force, Major Le Mesurier, commanding 3rd company 14th battalion Royal Artillery; Lieutenant Wilson, commanding 2nd troop 1st brigade Bengal Horse Artillery; Captain H. Hammond, commanding No. 14 Light Field Battery; Captain A. G. Austen, commanding 1st company 1st battalion Bengal Artillery; Lieutenant J. W. Stubbs, commanding 4th company 4th battalion Bengal Artillery; Captain S. R. J. Coles, commanding 9th Royal Lancers; Major R. Bickerstaff, commanding wing 6th Dragoon Guards; Major T. R. Palmer, commanding 1st battalion 60th Royal Rifles, a battalion that has rendered itself conspicuous throughout the campaign, as much by its uniform good conduct as by its dashing courage in presence of the enemy; to Lieutenant-Colonel Bingham, commanding 64th Regiment; Major Butt, commanding 79th Highlanders; Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, commanding 82nd Regiment; Captain F. W. Lambert, commanding 1st Punjaub Infantry; Major Gordon, commanding 1st Sikh Infantry; Captain Ouseley, commanding 22nd Punjaub Infantry; and to Lieutenant Beville, commanding wing, Belooch battalion, I am much indebted for the efficient manner in which they have commanded their regiments on all occasions.

I beg most respectfully to bring to the notice of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief the names of Captain C. Cureton, of the Mooltan Regiment of Cavalry, and Captain Drummond, Field Engineer. Captain Cureton, from the day the Roorkee field force crossed the Ganges, has on every occasion shown himself to be a first-rate leader of irregular cavalry. I need only instance his conduct at Nageena. Not only as an officer of cavalry has he been of the greatest advantage to me, but, from the important intelligence he was enabled to obtain, and from the reliance I felt I could place on his information, at times when all other sources failed, his services have been invaluable.

In Captain Drummond, Field Engineer, I have found an officer whose knowledge of his profession enabled me to carry out with success many under-

takings, and his energy and zeal cannot be surpassed.

Brigadier Taylor, C.B., speaks in high terms of Lieutenant Hudson, his Brigade Major, and Lieutenant T. P. Campbell, his orderly officer; also of Captain J. Maguire, commanding 1st battalion 60th Rifles, and the several officers commanding the regiments and corps composing his force.

The officers serving on the staff of the field force, Major Muter, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Captain Tedlie, Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General, Lieutenant Deedes, aide-de-camp, and Lieutenant J. H. Tyler, orderly officer, have been to me, in their respective departments, everything that I could wish.

Surgeon J. H. K. Innes, Field Surgeon, and Captain Carter, officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary-General, are also entitled to my best thanks, for their zeal and able assistance.

I beg leave to forward herewith a nominal roll of officers of the staff, and officers commanding regiments and corps of the Roorkee field force, from its crossing the Ganges at Kunkhul, on the 17th April, until its being broken up on the 7th May, after its occupation of Bareilly on the 6th May. I also forward a nominal roll of officers of the staff and officers commanding regiments and corps of the Shahjehanpore field force from its formation on the 7th May to the present date.

I have further to state, in conclusion, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, that the Shahjehanpore field force will be broken up from to-morrow inclusive, and, in compliance with orders received, I assume command of the brigade at Shahjehanpore.

I have, &c.

JOHN JONES, Brigadier-General,
Commanding Shahjehanpore.

No. 4.

Nominal Roll of Officers of the Staff and Officers Commanding Regiments and Corps of the Roorkee Field Force, under Brigadier-General Jones, C.B., employed during the Campaign in Rohilcund.

DIVISIONAL STAFF.

Brigadier-General John Jones, C.B., 1st battalion 60th Royal Rifles, commanding Field Force.
Major D. D. Muter, 1st battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
Captain W. Tedlie, 1st battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.
Lieutenant H. G. Deedes, 1st battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Aide-de-Camp.
Lieutenant J. H. Tyler, 20th Native Infantry, extra Aide-de-Camp.
Captain C. Need, 7th Native Infantry, Baggage Master.
Surgeon J. H. K. Innes, 1st battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Field Force Surgeon.
Captain J. W. Carter, 54th Native Infantry, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary-General.
Captain H. Drummond, Engineers, Field Engineer.
Lieutenant H. A. Brownlow, Engineers, Assistant Field Engineer.

ARTILLERY.

Captain A. G. Austen, commanding 1st company 1st battalion Artillery.
Lieutenant J. W. Stubbs, 6th battalion 3rd brigade commanding Heavy Field Battery.

ENGINEERS.

Lieutenant W. Jeffreys, Engineers, commanding 2nd Company Sappers and Miners.

CAVALRY.

Captain S. Bott, commanding squadron 6th Dragoon Guards.
 Captain C. Cureton, commanding Mooltanee Regiment of Cavalry.
 Lieutenant W. Smith, commanding detachment Pathan Horse.

INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Brigadier J. Coke, C.B., commanding.
 Captain H. C. Anderson, Major of Brigade.
 Major F. R. Palmer, commanding 1st battalion 60th Royal Rifles.
 Captain F. W. Lambert, commanding 1st Punjaub Infantry.
 Major S. Gordon, commanding 1st Seikh Infantry.
 Captain Larkins, commanding 17th Punjaub Infantry.

W. TEDLIE, Captain,
 Officiating Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.

J. JONES, Brigadier-General,
 Commanding Roorkee Field Force.

No. 5.

Nominal Roll of Officers of the Staff, and Officers Commanding Regiments and Corps of the Shah-jehanpore Field Force, under Brigadier-General John Jones, C.B., employed during the Campaign in Rohilcund.

DIVISIONAL STAFF.

Brigadier-General John Jones, C.B., 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles, commanding Field Force.
 Major D. D. Muter, 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
 Captain W. Tedlie, 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.
 Lieutenant H. G. Deedes, 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Aide-de-camp.
 Lieutenant J. H. Tyler, 20th Native Infantry, Extra Aide-de-camp.
 Captain C. Need, 7th Native Infantry, Baggage-Master.
 Surgeon J. H. K. Innes, 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles, Field Force Surgeon.
 Captain J. W. Carter, 54th Native Infantry, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary-General.
 Captain H. Drummond, Engineers, Field Engineer.
 Lieutenant H. A. Brownlow, Engineers, Assistant Field Engineer.

ARTILLERY.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Tombs, C.B., commanding Artillery Division.
 Captain A. Bunney, Artillery Division Staff.
 Major Le Mesurier, commanding 3rd Company, 14th Battalion of Royal Artillery.
 Lieutenant W. Wilson, commanding 2nd Troop, 1st Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery.
 Captain H. Hammond, commanding No. 14, Light Field Battery.
 Captain A. G. Austen, commanding 1st Company, 1st Battalion, Artillery.
 Lieutenant J. W. Stubbs, commanding 4th Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.
 Lieutenant Tod Brown, Commissary of Ordnance.
 Lieutenant J. R. Pearson, Deputy Commissary of Ordnance.
 Captain C. Cookworthy, commanding 4th Company, 6th Battalion, Bengal Artillery, attached to Siege Train.

ENGINEERS.

Lieutenant P. Murray, Engineers, commanding 3rd Company Sappers and Miners.
 Lieutenant W. Jeffreys, Engineers, commanding 2nd Company Sappers and Miners.

CAVALRY BRIGADE.

Brigadier C. Hagart, commanding Brigade.
 Major H. A. Sarel, Major of Brigade.
 Lieutenant A. W. Gore, Orderly Officer.
 Captain A. R. J. Coles, commanding 9th Royal Lancers.
 Major R. Bickerstaff, commanding wing 6th Dragoon Guards.
 Captain C. Cureton, commanding Mooltanee Regiment of Cavalry.
 Lieutenant J. B. Lind, commanding Mooltanee Horse.
 _____ commanding Detachment 17th Punjaub Cavalry.
 _____ commanding Pathan Horse.

1ST INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Brigadier W. M. Taylor, C.B., commanding.
 Lieutenant J. Hudson, Major of Brigade.
 Lieutenant F. P. Campbell, Orderly Officer.
 Major T. B. Butt, commanding 79th Highlanders.
 Lieutenant-Colonel G. W. P. Bingham, commanding Her Majesty's 64th Regiment.
 Lieutenant-Colonel D. Watson, commanding Her Majesty's 82nd Regiment.
 Lieutenant H. Beville, commanding wing Belooch Battalion.

2ND INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Brigadier J. Coke, C.B., commanding.
 Captain H. C. Anderson, Major of Brigade.
 Major F. R. Palmer, commanding 1st Battalion 60th Royal Rifles.
 Captain F. W. Lambert, commanding 1st Punjaub Infantry.
 Major S. Gordon, commanding 17th Punjaub Infantry.
 Captain R. Ouseley, commanding 22nd Punjaub Infantry.

W. TEDLIE, Captain,
 Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General.
 JOHN JONES, Brigadier-General,
 Commanding Shahjehanpore Field Force.

No. 6.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. M. Taylor, C.B., Commanding Brigade, to the Assistant Adjutant-General, Shahjehanpore Field Force.

SIR, *Camp Shahjehanpore, June 2, 1858.*

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of Brigadier-General Jones, C.B., that in compliance with his instructions, I marched with the force, as per margin,* under my command, on the evening of the 31st ultimo, about six o'clock from Shahjehanpore *en route* for Shahabad. The force halted and bivouacked a mile beyond Badshanugger, about eight miles, and resumed its march at two o'clock A.M., arriving before the town of Shahabad shortly after daylight. On the edge of a tope of trees outside the west side of the town, the enemy shewed a force of cavalry,

* Colonel Tombs's Troop, Horse Artillery; 1 Squadron of Carabineers; Cureton's Mooltanee Horse; a Wing Her Majesty's 60th Rifles; a Wing Her Majesty's 82nd Regiment; 22nd Regiment Punjaub Native Infantry; Detail of Sappers and Miners; 1 18-pounder gun: 1 8-pounder howitzer; 1 8-pounder mortar; 2 cohorn mortars.

about 150 or 200 strong, with 2 guns; upon the column advancing towards the position, the enemy opened fire upon us, throwing several shot with precision, but fortunately without causing any casualty. I immediately sent Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs, with half of his troop, to the right front, supported by a troop of carabineers and a party of the Mooltanee Horse, under Captain Cureton. Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs advanced his guns to within about 600 yards of the enemy's, and opened fire upon them with great rapidity. Such was the precision of his fire that, after a very few rounds, one of the enemy's guns was struck and dismounted, and, the cavalry beginning to show signs of confusion, Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs advanced rapidly, when all the horsemen took to flight, and 2 brass guns (a descriptive return of which is enclosed) were taken possession of by him. The whole line in the meantime had been advancing, and I now pushed forward 3 companies of the 60th Rifles, and an equal number of the 82nd in skirmishing order, and entered the city, leaving the heavy guns outside, protected by the 22nd Punjaub Native Infantry. At the same time, I ordered 3 guns of Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs's troop of horse artillery with a squadron of Mooltanee Horse, and a troop of carabineers, to work round the left of the town, whilst the remainder of the Mooltanee Horse circled round by the right. The city, however, was unoccupied, and totally deserted by the inhabitants. Having passed right through the town to the opposite side, from whence a commanding view of the surrounding country was obtained from high ground, and having ascertained that no force of the enemy was in sight, I retired the force back through the town, and sent in a detachment of engineers, under Lieutenant Jeffreys, together with the 22nd Punjaub Native Infantry, under Captain Ouseley, to burn and destroy the buildings, according to

the instructions received from the Brigadier-General. During the course of the day his desire was fully carried out. About twelve of the largest and most important buildings were blown up, and the whole town set fire to in several places. Having accomplished the object of the expedition, the force marched at 7 o'clock yesterday evening, halted near Badshanugger for four hours during the night, and returned to camp at Shahjehanpore at 6 o'clock this morning. I am happy to say only two casualties occurred in the force, one man of the 60th Rifles wounded by musket shot, and one conductor of the engineer park slightly burnt by an explosion of gunpowder. Of the enemy a few sowars were cut up by the Mooltanee Horse, and a few matchlockmen were killed by the skirmishers going through the town.

To all the officers commanding corps and detachments, Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs, Horse Artillery, Major Bickerstaff, Carabineers, Captain Cureton, Mooltanee Horse, Lieutenant Stubbs, Heavy Battery, Captain Maguire, 60th Rifles, Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, 82nd Regiment, Captain Ouseley, 22nd Punjaub Native Infantry, and Lieutenant Jeffreys, Engineers, my thanks are due for the cordial assistance I received from them; more especially am I indebted to Lieutenant-Colonel Tombs, C.B., and Captain Cureton, whose experience and advice were of great use to me.

Lieutenant Hudson, 64th, Brigade Major, acted with great intelligence and zeal, and Lieutenant F. P. Campbell, 79th Highlanders, acting as my Orderly Officer, performed his duties entirely to my satisfaction.

I have, &c.

W. M. TAYLOR, Lieutenant-Colonel,
79th Highlanders,
Commanding Brigade.

No. 7.

Brigadier Taylor's Brigade. Casualty Return.
Camp Shahabad, June 1, 1858.

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Wounded.	Remarks.
Her M.'s 60th Rifles	Private Thos. O'Donnell	1	Gun-shot wound in left wrist (severely)
Ordnance Department	Conductor Bruce	1	Burnt by explosion of powder (slightly)
	Total	2	

W. M. TAYLOR, Lieut.-Colonel Commanding Brigade.

No. 8.

RETURN of Ordnance captured at Shahabad by the Force under Command of Brigadier Taylor, C.B., on June 1, 1858.

Nature of Ordnance.	Weight.	Manufacture and Remarks.
	Cwt. qrs. lbs.	
Ordnance brass gun, 9-pounder	10 0 0	These guns are both of foreign manufacture, have been but little used, and were drawn by horses.
Do do 6-pounder	7 0 0	

TOD. BROWN, Lieutenant, Commissary of Ordnance.

No. 9.

Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., Commanding Central India Field Force, to the Adjutant-General of the Army, Poona.

SIR, *Camp Goolowlee, May 24, 1858.*

I HAVE the honor to report to you, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-chief, that the approach of Brigadier Smith's brigade from Rajpootana to Goonah, having secured Jhansi from attack by Kotah and Bundelcund rebels, I recalled Lieutenant-Colonel Lowth, commanding Her Majesty's 86th Regiment, whom I had detached with a column to watch the road from Jhansi to Goonah, and I marched with the 1st Brigade of my force from Jhansi, on the 25th ultimo, on Calpee.

I was still with the wing of the 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry, which I had sent to Goonah, to reinforce the right wing of Her Majesty's 71st Highland Light Infantry, on their march to join me, as, encumbered with a very large convoy of Treasure, and all sorts of stores, they had to cross the Sind river at a very difficult ghat, and I was not certain that they might not be exposed to a treacherous attack from the late Chandraree garrison, and other Bundelas, who, as already reported, had made an incursion on the Jhansi and Goonah road, acting, it was clear, in concert with the Kotah Rebels, to the north of the Indore and Goonah road.

I left at Jhansi, for its garrison, the force, forming part of the 2nd Brigade detailed in the margin.* I left there, also, Brigadier Steuart, with the remainder of his brigade with orders to bring up to me the 71st Regiment, and two troops of the 3rd Bombay Light Cavalry.

I joined Major Gall's Force, at Pooch, sixteen miles from Koonch, on the 1st of May. I had the honor to report on the 17th instant the movements of this officer's moveable column, as well as those of Major Orr's Field Force.

I received information from Sir Robert Hamilton and Major Gall, whom I had detached along the road from Jhansi to Calpee, with a flying column, to watch the enemy, and obtain information of their movements, that the Sepoy garrison of Calpee, of all arms, reinforced by five hundred Vilaities, under the Rancee of Jhansi, cavalry from Kotah, and guns and troops from disaffected Rajahs, the whole under the command of Tantia Topee, had occupied Koonch, and thrown up intrenchments, which they had armed, to defend the roads to the town from Jhansi; and that they were determined to make a vigorous opposition at Koonch, to my advance against Calpee. All the accounts agreed that the rebels were strong in cavalry, mutineers of Bengal, regular and irregular cavalry.

Koonch is an open town; but it is difficult to attack because it is surrounded by woods, gardens and temples, with high walls round them, every one of which is a defence.

I had directed Major Orr to do his utmost to prevent the Rajahs of Banpore and Shahgur, and any body of Rebels crossing the Betwa, and doubling back southwards. The two Rajahs, for the purpose of carrying out this very manœuvre, separated from the rebels of Koonch, and drove the troops of the Rajah of Goorserai, who held Kotra, commanding a ford across the Betwa, to the south bank of the river.

Major Orr crossed the Betwa, engaged the Rajahs, drove them from their position at Kotra, and took one of their guns; but he states that it was impossible to cut off the retreat of the Rajahs,

who, whilst Major Orr was attacking one part of their force, retired precipitately with the remainder some distance down the river, when they crossed at a ford, and took the road southwards, carriage and supplies being furnished by the treacherous Rajah of Signee. Major Orr, by my direction, marched to Koonch.

As nothing puts the rebels out so much as turning their flank or defences, and as the excessive heat of the day rendered it advisable that I should not undertake a long operation against Koonch, much less a siege, I made a flank march with my whole force, to the north-west; my left, the 1st Brigade, resting its left flank on the village of Nagupoor; my centre, the 2nd Brigade, under Brigadier Steuart, was in the village of Chomair; my right, Major Orr's force, in front of the village of Oomree.

This position threatened seriously the enemy's line of retreat from Koonch to Calpee; and it exposed the north-west of the town, which was not protected by intrenchments, to attack.

I gave the order that, as soon as the three columns had taken up the positions which I have mentioned, they were to advance against the town, and each effect a lodgment in it.

When we came within sight of Koonch, we perceived videttes, and strong pickets of the enemy's cavalry outside the wood. They conformed to our flank movement, and posted themselves nearly opposite to Nagupoor.

A few rounds of shrapnel from Captain Lightfoot's guns emptied some of their saddles, and they disappeared into the wood. The rebel infantry now showed in force behind a long wall to our front, and in the wood to the left of it.

I had marched the 1st brigade a distance of fourteen miles from Loharee that morning, for the purpose of surprising the enemy by the flank movement, and not giving them time to alter their plan of defence. To rest and refresh the men, I ordered their dinners to be cooked for them, and in the mean time battered the wall with the two 18-pounders, and the 8-inch howitzer.

The half-troop of horse artillery, advancing diagonally to their left, shelled the infantry to the left of the wall; the enemy in return shelled the troop, and the siege guns, from a battery to our right. Two of our guns were turned on the battery, and soon silenced it.

Lieutenant-Colonel Gall, Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons, galloped gallantly into the wood to reconnoitre the enemy, although he was in easy musket range of them, did not fire at him because the shelling from the horse artillery had caused confusion in their ranks; he ascertained that the infantry to the left had retreated further into the wood, having in their rear a large body of cavalry; that the siege guns had driven the enemy from the cover of the wall, but that, some way in rear of it, was posted a large body of infantry, with elephants.

I determined to drive the enemy out of the wood, gardens, and temples which surround Koonch, and then to storm the town, including a dilapidated mud fort, on a rising ground, a strong position, which was opposite, and to the right of the 1st brigade.

Once in possession of this position in the town, the enemy on our left and in our front would be cut off from the rest of their force, in the entrenchments on our right, which would be forced to retreat to the plain on the other side of the town, pursued by the 2nd Brigade and Major Orr's force, the 1st Brigade passing through the town, and pressing the enemy, with whom they had been engaged.

I effected this operation by throwing the left wing of Her Majesty's 86th Regiment, under Major

* Head Quarter Wing, 3rd European Regiment; 8 Companies 24th Bombay Native Infantry; 100 Hyderabad Cavalry; 3 guns late Bhopal Artillery; half-Company Bombay Sappers and Miners.

Steuart, and the whole of the 25th Bombay Native Infantry, under Lieutenant-Colonel Robertson. into skirmishing order, the 86th on the left, the 25th on the right, their flanks supported by the half-troop horse artillery, and a troop of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons, and Captain Ommanney's battery, and two troops of the 14th Dragoons.

I left Captain Woolcombe's battery, one troop 14th Light Dragoons, and right wing 86th Regiment in second line in reserve, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Lowth. The rapidity and precision with which this formation was simultaneously made, must have surprised the sepoys. The 25th skirmishers charged into the woods, temples, and walled gardens, and occupied them under a fire of musketry and artillery, from the battery on our right, which reopened its fire; and, after the guns of the Royal Artillery under Captain Field had effectually cannonaded the houses in the streets of Koonch, in their front, took them also. I expressed to Lieutenant-Colonel Robertson and the 25th, on the ground, my approbation of the gallantry with which they had gained this important position.

The 86th Regiment, covered by the three horse artillery guns, under Captain Lightfoot, who, throughout the day, made the most of this arm, and the troop 14th Light Dragoons, made a circuit to their left, took all the obstacles to their front, and then bringing their left shoulders forward, advanced, despite an artillery and musketry fire, through the whole north part of the town, and took the fort. The manner in which the 86th, ably led by Major Steuart, performed this movement, which completed the cutting of the enemy's line in two, adds another claim to the obligation I owe this regiment for their very distinguished conduct on all occasions in the field.

Just as the 86th and myself with the 25th were about to enter the town, Brigadier Steuart, commanding the 1st Brigade, observed that a large number of rebel infantry, strongly posted in cultivated ground, threatened the right of the line of attack of his brigade; he moved up Captain Field's guns, with Captains Thomson's and Gordon's troops of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons, and a troop of the 3rd Regiment Hyderabad Cavalry, to dislodge them. The enemy held the position obstinately, and it was not until a portion of the infantry, 2nd Brigade, moved down on them, from another direction, that they retreated, when Captain Gordon, whom I beg to recommend to his Excellency for his conduct on this occasion, with his troop, and the cavalry above mentioned, charged and broke the mass, cutting up several of them; tops of trees favored the escape of the remainder.

The 2nd Brigade, under Brigadier Steuart, owing to some misconception on his part, did not effect a lodgement in the town, but, moving round the south of it, their artillery and cavalry joined in the pursuit.

I have the honor to enclose a copy of Major Orr's report, which shows that he did his utmost to carry out my orders.

The enemy's line of defence being now cut in two, and their left completely turned, they retired in masses from Koonch to the extensive plains intersected by heavy ploughed land, stretching towards Orai and Calpee, forming an irregular and very long line, five or six deep in some places, covered by skirmishers at close distances, who, at intervals, were in groups or small masses, a mode of skirmishing peculiar to Indians, these groups act as a sort of bastion to the line of skirmishers.

The 1st Brigade made their way through the town, as quickly as its narrow and winding streets would allow them, and reached the plains in pursuit of the enemy.

But the infantry had already suffered so much

during the morning's sun (twelve men of the weak wing of Her Majesty's 71st having died from sun stroke,) that it would have been an heartless, and imprudent sacrifice of invaluable infantry to pursue with that arm. They were therefore halted, as well as were the infantry of the 2nd Brigade, and Major Orr's force, which had advanced through the wood, round the town, to the plains.

The cavalry of both brigades, and of Major Orr's force (except a party which I had left to watch the Jaloun road and my rear), the troop of Horse Artillery, Captain Field's guns, and the four guns of No. 18 Light Field Battery, went in pursuit.

If, on the one hand, the enemy had retired from Koonch with too great precipitation, on the other, it is fair to say that they commenced their retreat across the plain with resolution and intelligence. The line of skirmishers fought well to protect the retreat of the main body, observing the rules of Light Infantry drill. When charged, they threw aside their muskets, and fought desperately with their swords.

The pursuit was commenced by Captains McMahon's squadron, and Blyth's troop of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons charging, the first the right, and the latter the left of the enemy's skirmishers. A piece of very heavy plough caused a check in the pace, under a heavy fire, of Captain McMahon's squadron, but the deep ground was not broad, the squadron got through it, Captain McMahon leading the way, and cut to pieces the enemy, who fought fiercely to the last. Captain McMahon received three sabre wounds, but he continued the pursuit to the last. I beg to recommend him for his gallant conduct, and his unvarying zeal and attention to his duties.

On the centre, the Horse Artillery opened a hot fire on, and the cavalry charged, the skirmishers. The enemy now threw back the extreme right of their skirmishers so as to enfilade our line of pursuit. I directed Captain Prettyjohn to form line to the left, charge and cut off the enfilading skirmishers, which he did effectually. This officer, on the horses of his own troop being knocked up, placed himself with well-timed zeal at the head of a troop with fresh horses, which was without an officer, and continued with them the pursuit to the end. I beg to submit his name to the favorable consideration of his Excellency, as well as the names of Captain Blyth, Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons; and Captain Abbott, Commanding 3rd Regiment Hyderabad Cavalry, who each very gallantly charged and captured a gun from the retreating enemy under a heavy fire. In the course of the pursuit, more guns and ammunition were captured by the cavalry.

Captain Field, with the four 9-pounders of Captain Ommanney's battery of Royal Artillery, notwithstanding the heavy plough he had frequently to go over, and the weight of his guns, continued to turn them to good account, and kept up well with them to the close of the pursuit.

The greater part of the enemy's line of skirmishers being killed, the remainder driven in, and the rebel artillery captured, the main body, the first line, got into confusion, lost their nerve, and crowded into the road of Calpee, a long and helpless column of runaways; the Horse Artillery and cavalry were now so beat by sun and fatigue, that they were reduced to a walk; the guns were only able to rake the column in all its depth with round shot and shell, but could not approach sufficiently close to give it grape. The cavalry on their part had only strength to reach the numerous stragglers who could not keep up with the enemy.

On reaching some woods and broken ground about a village, seven or eight miles from Koonch, profiting by this cover, they sought safety from

attack by breaking into a scattered flight across the country.

The scorching rays of the sun, and the pace at which they retreated, told even on the sepoy; several fell dead on the road, struck by apoplexy, many, exhausted, threw away their arms; whilst others to quench their thirst, rushed to the wells, although our cavalry were upon them.

But the sun, fatigue, and scarcity of water, told still more on my artillery and cavalry, a great part of whom were Europeans, and had been marching or engaged for sixteen hours. The commanding officers of artillery and cavalry having on our arrival at the village reported to me that they were not longer able to pursue, I halted, and having watered the horses as well as I could, marched them back at sunset to Koonch.

The enemy must have lost about five or six hundred men in the action and pursuit; and, according to their own account, the 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, or "Henryki Pultun," which covered the retreat, was nearly destroyed. Nine guns, and quantities of good English ammunition and stores, furnished to the late Gwalior Contingent, were taken.

The defeat at Koonch gave rise to animosities and mistrust in the rebel army. The infantry sepoys accused their brother mutineers of the cavalry with having pusilanimously abandoned them; and all three arms brought the same charge against their general, Tantia Topee, who had disappeared at Koonch, as rapidly as he had done at Betwa, leaving to its fate at the most critical moment the force which he had called into existence under the pompous title of "The Army of the Peishwa."

The velaities also were charged with not having exhibited at Koonch the stern courage on which they pride themselves; they were accused with having left the field too soon, and their excuse, that they had felt it their duty to escort the Ranees of Jhansi to a place of safety, was not held to be a military one. It was said that the destruction of velaities at Jhansi had made their countrymen less anxious than usual to try the fate of war. These various causes created confusion in the councils of the Calpee mutineers; my immediate advance towards that fortress made matters worse; a panic seized the sepoys in Calpee, as well as those retreating towards it; they commenced to take different lines of retreat; and I was assured, on good authority, that at one time there were only eleven sepoys in the town and fort. The unexpected arrival of the Nawab of Banda with a large force of good sepoy cavalry, mutineers, some guns, and infantry; and his energetic exertions, backed up by those of the Ranees of Jhansi, produced one of those sudden changes from despair to confidence which mark the Indian character.

Their leaders again exhorted the sepoys, as I learnt from an intercepted letter, "to hold to the last Calpee, their only arsenal, and to win their right to paradise by exterminating the infidel English." The rebels returned to Calpee and its environs, reoccupying the strong position in the labyrinth of ravines which surround it, and in the entrenchments which they had thrown up and armed to arrest my advance; a few miles in front of the Chowrasse (eighty-four) Temples, which extended two or three miles from Calpee, they had already cut deep trenches across the road near the entrenchments, and in several other places, which were serious obstacles, because the ravines on each side of the road rendered it very difficult to turn them.

When driven out of the entrenchments, the rebels could fall back on the eighty-four temples, built, as well as the walls round them, of most solid masonry; the network of ravines afforded them a third; the town of Calpee a fourth;

another chain of ravines, between the town and the fort, a fifth; and, finally, the fort, a sixth and last line of defence.

The fort of Calpee is wretched, as a fortification; but, as a position, it is unusually strong, being protected on all sides by ravines, to its front by five lines of defence, and to its rear by the Jumna, from which rises the precipitous rock on which it stands.

Besides the officers previously mentioned in this despatch, I beg leave to bring to your Excellency's favorable notice, two officers who have lately joined my force, Colonel Wetherall, Chief of the Staff, and Captain Cockburn, of Her Majesty's 43rd Regiment, my Acting Aide-de-Camp. Colonel Wetherall, at Koonch, and since he joined my force, has given me all the assistance which was expected from his coolness, valuable experience, and excellent judgment.

Sickness had deprived me of the services of some of my staff, amongst others of that of Captain Macdonald, Assistant Quartermaster-General, who, although unable to stand from illness, would, with the never-failing devotion which characterises him, have taken part in the combat, if I had not ordered him back to his bed; but Captain H. H. A. Wood, Assistant Adjutant-General, and Captain Cockburn, made up amply for the deficiency by their intelligence and unwearied zeal under fire.

Lieutenant Baigrie, Acting Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General, and Lieutenant Lyster, 72nd (late) Bengal Native Infantry, my interpreter, deserve also to be specially mentioned; the former was severely wounded by a sword cut, which all but severed two fingers from his hand; notwithstanding, he gallantly continued during the action to discharge his duties with as much efficiency as before.

I had sent Lieutenant Lyster with an order for the cavalry to charge; on his way, he came across a group of some thirty sepoy skirmishers; single-handed he charged, in view of the pursuing force, cut his way through, and broke them; his horse was severely wounded. This is the second time that I have had the honor to mention this officer for gallant conduct in the field. The exertions of Dr. Arnott, Superintending-Surgeon, to take care of the sick and wounded, and to supply the field and other hospitals with medical comforts and requisites, are as unwearied as they are successful. I ought before now to have mentioned the conduct of Dr. Vaughan, Staff-Surgeon, at the Pass of Muddinpore, where, on account of the paucity of officers, he gallantly led a party of the Hyderabad Contingent Infantry, who cleared a difficult position of the enemy. The great heat of the sun, and the numerous casualties caused unfortunately by it, called into play all the zeal and devotion of the medical department of my force, shewing how eagerly the members of it go into danger when duty calls them there. Dr. Stack, of Her Majesty's 86th Regiment, was killed in the streets of Jhansi, in giving his first cares to a wounded man in the conflict.

Brigadier Stuart, C.B., Commanding 1st Brigade, reports that his best thanks are due to the officers of his staff; Captain Fenwick, Field Engineer; Captain Coley, Major of Brigade; Captain Bacon, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General; Lieutenant Henry, Deputy-Assistant Commissary-General, and Staff-Surgeon Mackenzie; also to Captain Lightfoot, Commanding 1st Troop Horse Artillery; Major Gall, Commanding Left Wing Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons; Captain Abbott, Commanding 3rd Regiment Hyderabad Cavalry; Captain Field, Commanding No. 6 Field Battery, Royal Artillery; Lieutenant Strutt, Commanding No. 4 Light Field Battery, Bombay Artillery; Lieutenant Edwardes, Assistant Field En-

gineer; and Lieutenant Gosset, Commanding 21st Company Royal Engineers; Lieutenant-Colonel Lowth, Commanding 86th Regiment; and Major Robertson, Commanding 25th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry.

Brigadier Steuart, C.B., Commanding 2nd Brigade, mentions that his staff, Captain Todd, Major of Brigade, and Captain Leckie, Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General, afforded him every assistance.

I beg also to bring to his Excellency's notice the officers named in Major Orr's despatch.

I have, &c.,

H. ROSE, Major-General,
Commanding Central India Field Force.

No. 10.

Major W. A. Orr, commanding Field Force,
Hyderabad Contingent, to the Chief of the Staff,
Central India Field Force.

SIR, Camp Etowra, May 14, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to forward the subjoined report, for submission to the Major-General-Commanding, of the part taken by the field force, Hyderabad Contingent, under my command, as per margin,* in the action at Koonch, fought with the rebel forces under Tantia Topee, on the 7th instant.

2. I received, during the night of the 6th instant, the instructions transmitted to me by you, directing me to move from my encampment at Aite towards my left flank, and, proceeding by Bappojee and Sonnow, align my force by its left, with the right of the 2nd Brigade, which I should find resting on the village of Oomree. I marched during the night, and early the next morning (the 7th), opened a communication with Brigadier Steuart, commanding 2nd Brigade. From Sunnow I advanced to Purrayta, took possession of the small village of Daree, about a quarter of a mile in front, and occupied it with a strong picquet of cavalry and infantry.

3. About eight o'clock the enemy appeared in force on my right flank. A large body of cavalry, supported by infantry, moving steadily down towards Daree, apparently advancing with much determination, and having opened fire from a battery mounting two or three guns, one of them of considerable calibre, I moved forward my line, and a few rounds from the guns forced the enemy back to their original position.

4. Having received the Major-General's orders to take ground to the left, I moved in that direction to the front of the village of Oomree, from which I advanced direct upon Koonch. In my immediate front were some gardens and walled enclosures held in force by the enemy, and from which a heavy fire was directed upon our line. The artillery, under Captain Douglas, advanced, and, its fire having silenced that of the rebels, I ordered the gardens and enclosures to be seized by the infantry. This was very gallantly effected by a detachment of the 5th Infantry, consisting of two companies, under command of Lieutenant Partridge, 23rd Bengal Native Infantry, doing duty 5th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, a very promising young officer, and the enemy were very quickly driven out; at the same time, I directed the whole of the cavalry, under command of Captain Murray and Lieutenant Dowker, to move to the right and charge the enemy's horsemen, who

* 1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, 182 sabres, Lieutenant Dowker, commanding; 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent, 137 sabres, Captain Murray, commanding; 1st Company Artillery, 2 6-pounder guns; 2nd Company Artillery, 3 6-pounder guns; 4th Company Artillery, 2 12-pounder howitzers, 2 3½-inch mortars; Captain Douglas commanding; Left Wing 3rd Infantry, 333 bayonets, Lieutenant Macquoid, commanding; 5th Infantry, 241 bayonets, Captain Hore commanding.

had all this time been threatening our flank. This service was promptly and effectually performed, the horsemen being driven quite off the field at this point, and forced back within the line of their supports of infantry, occupying several deep ravines and broken ground, and from the shelter of which a heavy fire was directed. The enemy's guns at the same time opened with round shot and shrapnel. The cavalry were subsequently joined by one squadron of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons, and two Horse Artillery guns, the whole commanded by Major Scudamore, and they retained possession of the ground they had gained until the general advance, when they also followed the enemy in pursuit.

5. The artillery had meanwhile advanced so far as to bring it completely within range of the enemy's guns from two batteries, and they were thus enabled to open upon it a double fire of round shot, shell, and shrapnel, from the effects of which several casualties occurred. The rebel infantry also, being strongly reinforced, again suddenly came forward with a rush in great numbers, and forced back the detachments holding the garden. I was about to advance once more at this point, when I learnt that the Major-General, with the 1st Brigade, had forced the enemy's positions, and was in possession of the fort and town. The whole force now advanced. The enemy was driven from the enclosures he held, and, joining in the retreat of his main body, proceeded in the direction of the Orai road. I moved forward with the cavalry portion of the force under my command, and joined with Her Majesty's 14th Dragoons, the Horse Artillery, and Horse Field Battery, in the pursuit, which continued for about eight miles, cutting up a great many of the fugitive rebels, consisting almost entirely of sepoys of the mutineer corps of the Gwalior Contingent and Bengal Army. The great start obtained by the enemy before the fact of their retreating became known, the extraordinary great heat of the day, and the utter want of water, and the exhaustion of both men and horses from these two causes, all combined to make the loss of the enemy—heavy though it was—less so than it would otherwise have proved. The force returned to camp at 8 P.M., having been since 2 A.M. under arms and in the saddle.

6. My best thanks are due to the undermentioned officers for the gallant, zealous, and efficient aid they afforded me throughout the day, and at all other times, and I beg to bring their names to the favorable notice of the Major-General.

Captain Douglas, Bengal Artillery, commanding Artillery Field Force, Hyderabad Contingent;

Captain G. Hare, commanding 5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.

Captain W. Murray, commanding 4th Cavalry.

Lieutenant H. C. Dowker, commanding 1st Cavalry.

Lieutenant R. Q. Macquoid, Adjutant 5th Infantry, commanding Left Wing 3rd Infantry.

Lieutenant E. W. Dun, second in command 4th Cavalry.

Lieutenant H. Fraser, Adjutant 4th Cavalry, and Staff Officer Field Force.

Lieutenant Westmacott, 23rd Bengal Native Infantry, and doing duty 4th Cavalry.

Lieutenant Johnson, Adjutant 1st Cavalry.

Lieutenant Partridge, 23rd Bengal Native Infantry, and doing duty 5th Infantry.

Surgeon J. H. Orr, 4th Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, and Senior Surgeon Field Force.

Assistant-Surgeon Sanderson, 1st Cavalry.

Assistant-Surgeon Burn, 5th Infantry.

7. I beg to forward casualty rolls both in men and horses.

I have, &c.,

W. A. ORR, Major,
Commanding Field Force,

NOMINAL ROLL of Officers and Men of the Central India Field Force Killed, Wounded, and Sunstruck, in the Action, with the Insurgents, at Koonch, on the 7th of May, 1858.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date.	Remarks.
		1858	
	<i>1st Brigade.</i>		
Staff... ..	Lieut. Baigrie, Deputy-Assist. Qrm.-General	May 7	Severely wounded
	Line-Serj. Charles H. Wilson	" 7	Killed
21st Comp. Royal Engineers	Colour-Serj. Charles Hawkins	" 7	Severely wounded
Left Wing H.M.'s 14th Light Dragoons	S. S. Major Samuel Whitaker	" 7	do
	Private Charles Hutchins ...	" 7	Slightly wounded
	" W. H. Haffernan ...	" 7	do
	" Thomas Hoey ...	" 7	do
	" John Henton ...	" 7	do
	" John Wilbraham ...	" 7	Vertigo
3rd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent	Bargeer Hymuth Khan ...	" 7	Mortally wounded, since dead
	" Synd Khan ...	" 7	Fracture, severely
H.M.'s 86th Regiment ...	Private Daniel Keilly ...	" 7	Severely wounded
	" James Kearns ...	" 7	Died of sunstroke
	" Patrick McInerney ...	" 7	do
	" Michael McNally ...	" 7	do
25th Bombay Native Infantry	Lieutenant P. P. P. Fenwick ...	" 7	Sunstroke
	Private Ramchunder Mohothey	" 7	do
	<i>2nd Brigade.</i>		
H.M.'s 14th Light Dragoons	Private William Crook ...	" 7	Killed in action
	" George Lawrence ...	" 7	do
	" F. G. Topley ...	" 7	do
	" James Steadman ...	" 7	do
	Captain W. McMahon...	" 7	Wounded severely by sword cut in right hand and leg.
	Private Peter Ward ...	" 7	Wounded severely, sword cut in right shoulder
	" William Gray...	" 7	Contusion of right eye, legs, and loins
	" Frederick Maytun ...	" 7	Wounded severely, gun shot wound of the chest
	" Samuel Smith ...	" 7	Wounded severely, gun shot wound in the neck
	" Dennis Touseid ...	" 7	Wounded severely, gun shot wound in neck (since dead)
	" Henry Jeffries...	" 7	Wounded slightly, sword cut on back of right hand
	" Hugh Cunningham ...	" 7	Wounded severely, bayonet wound through left hip
	" William Mitchels ...	" 7	Contusion of loins and legs
	" William C. Barnes ...	" 7	Contusion of left wrist
	" Peter Pennells...	" 7	Wounded slightly, sword cut on right hand
	" John Fitzpatrick ...	" 7	Contusion of right hand and thigh
	" Henry Pearce ...	" 7	Wounded slightly, sword cut on right elbow
	" William Hopton ...	" 7	Contusion of right eye
	Captain H. Need ...	" 7	Sunstroke
	Lieut. H. H. J. C. Travers ...	" 7	do
	Serjeant-Major — Holloway ...	" 7	do died 16th May
	Paymaster-Serj. R. Sexton ...	" 7	do
	Serjeant Stephen Sweeny ...	" 7	do
	Corporal George Rebbons ...	" 7	do
	Trumpeter William Hearndon	" 7	do died 13th May
	Private William Smith ...	" 7	do
	" George Stent ...	" 7	do
	" Thomas Cremore ...	" 7	do
	" George Wood ...	" 7	do
	" James Turner...	" 7	do
	" George Abraham ...	" 7	do
	" George Hunter ...	" 7	do
	" John O'Neil ...	" 7	do
	" Frederick Maltby ...	" 7	do
	" Thomas Crow ...	" 7	do
	Serjeant-Major J. Fisher	" 7	do

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Date.	Remarks.
H.M.'s 71st Regiment Highland Light Infantry	Private William Sharpe ...	1858 May 7	Slightly wounded in leg by a spent ball
	Colour-Serjt. Robert Banks ...	" 7	Sunstroke
	" Stephen McGill...	" 7	do
	Serjeant Alexander Ross ...	" 7	do
	Corporal Andrew McKay ...	" 7	do. died 7th May
	Private Hugh Griffin ...	" 7	do do
	" Peter McKinnon ...	" 7	do do
	" David Millar ...	" 7	do do
	" John Mitchell ...	" 7	do do
	" William Rutherford ...	" 7	do do
	" Alexander Steuart ...	" 7	do do
	" Adam Forbes ..	" 7	do died 8th May
	" Alexander Cairncross...	" 7	do
	" William Ferguson ...	" 7	do
	" John Dunsmore ...	" 7	do
	" William Kirly ...	" 7	do
	" Archibald Kirkup ...	" 7	do
	" John McPherson ...	" 7	do
	" Edward Redstone ...	" 7	do
	" William Steel ...	" 7	do
3rd Bombay European Regt.	" Robert Hudson ...	" 7	Wounded severely, gun-shot wound
	" Francis Dogherty ...	" 7	Slightly contused wounds
24th Regt. Native Infantry	Corporal John Droyson ...	" 7	Sunstroke
	Subedar Sumagee Israel ...	" 7	do
	Private Rheman Khan ...	" 7	do

ABSTRACT.

Corps.	War Casualties.			Sunstroke.		Horses.		
	Officers wounded.	Non - Commissioned Officers and Rank and File Killed.	Non - Commissioned Officers and Rank and File Wounded.	Officers.	Rank and File.	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.
<i>1st Brigade.</i>								
Staff... ..	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Royal Engineers ... ..	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Left Wing H.M.'s 14th Light Dragoons ...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
3rd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
H.M.'s 86th Regiment ... ..	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...
25th Regiment Native Infantry ... ..	...	...	...	...	2	..	...	...
<i>2nd Brigade.</i>								
H.M.'s 14th Light Dragoons	1	4	13	2	16	3	6	4
71st Highland Light Infantry ... ..	...	...	1	...	19	...	...	...
3rd European Regiment ... ..	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
24th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry ...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...
Total	2	5	24	3	43	3	6	4

H. H. A. WOOD, Captain,
Assistant Adjutant-General Central India Field Force.

No. 12.

NOMINAL RETURN of Officers and Men of the Field Force Hyderabad Contingent, Killed and Wounded in the Action with the Enemy at Koonch, May 7, 1858.

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date.	Remarks.
		1848	
1st Cavalry ...	Rissaldar Zoolicar Ali Beg ...	May 7	Contusion
	Russaidar Sufdur Ali Beg ...	" 7	Killed
	Duffedar Gunnace Sing ...	" 7	Severely wounded
	Trooper Nannoo Sing ...	" 7	Slightly wounded
	" Dhan Sing ...	" 7	do
	" Virdut Sing ...	" 7	Severely wounded
	" Nujoo Khan ...	" 7	do
	" Lall Sing ...	" 7	do
	" Bachoo Sing ...	" 7	Contusion
4th Cavalry ...	Duffedar Meer Goolam Hoosain ...	" 7	Slightly wounded
	Trooper Shaik Jumal Mahomed ...	" 7	Killed
	" Shitah Khan ...	" 7	Slightly wounded
	" Mirza Hymud Beg ...	" 7	Severely wounded
	" Sudhun Khan ...	" 7	Slightly wounded
	" Goolam Ali Khan ...	" 7	do
1st Company Artillery ...	Gun Lascar Nurso ...	" 7	Severely wounded
	" Rajunnah ...	" 7	Killed
2nd Company Artillery ...	Maistry Tackeerah ...	" 7	Slightly wounded
	Jemedar Chobee Sing ...	" 7	do
5th Infantry ...	Sepoy Takoor Sing ...	" 7	Severely wounded
	" Danah Sing ...	" 7	do
	" Bunkut ...	" 7	Slightly wounded
	" Takoor ...	" 7	do
	" Ittoojee ...	" 7	Severely wounded

ABSTRACT.

Corps.	War Casualties.			
	Officers Killed.	Officers Wounded.	Rank and File Killed.	Rank and File Wounded.
<i>Field Force Hyderabad Contingent.</i>				
1st Cavalry ...	1	1	...	7
4th Cavalry ...	...	...	1	5
1st Company Artillery ...	...	...	1	2
2nd Company Artillery ...	...	1	...	...
5th Infantry ...	...	...	...	5
Total ...	1	2	2	19

H. H. A. WOOD, Captain,
Assistant Adjutant-General Central India Field Force.

No. 13.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.—CENTRAL INDIA FIELD FORCE.

RETURN of Ordnance Stores captured from the Rebels at Koonch by the Force, under command of Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., on the 7th of May, 1858.

Camp, Orai, May 9, 1858.

Names of Stores.	Quantity.	Remarks.
Ball ammunition for small arms	11,800	All of European manufacture.— Also a quantity of native made round shot, grape, and powder; this last was expended in destroying the fort at Hurdowi.
Caps, percussion	3,100	
Portfires	114 lbs.	
Powder, Ordnance, in barrels	200	
Powder, in cartridges	850	
Shot, solid 9-pounder	410	
Shot, solid 6-pounder	49	

THOS. T. HAGGARD, Lieutenant, Bombay Artillery,
Commissary of Ordnance, Central India Field Force.

No. 14.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.—CENTRAL INDIA FIELD FORCE.

RETURN of Ordnance captured from the Rebels by the Force, under command of Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., in an engagement at Koonch, on the 7th of May, 1858, and in the subsequent pursuit.

Camp, Sundee, May 10, 1858.

No.	Description.	Calibre.	Length.		Manufacture.	Remarks.
			ft.	in.		
1	Brass Gun	3 -pr.	3	10	Native.	Burst in action.
2	Ditto	1½-pr.	4	2½		
3	Ditto	3 -pr.	4	6		
4	Ditto	2½-pr.	4	8		
5	Ditto	3 -pr.	3	9		
6	Ditto	2 -pr.				
7	Iron Gun	12 -pr.	5	3		
8	Ditto	½-pr.	3	0		
9	Ditto	½-pr.	1	6		

THOS. T. HAGGARD, Lieutenant, Bombay Artillery,
Commissary of Ordnance, Central India Field Force.

No. 15.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA.

Allahabad, June 30, 1858.

No. 238 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from Brigadier Wood, C.B., commanding at Allahabad, No. 520, of 11th June, 1858, forwarding one from the officer commanding the post of Soraon, submitting a report of the operations of a detachment under the command of Lieutenant Aynsley, 6th Madras Light Cavalry, against a body of rebels headed by a Beni Bahadoor Sing.

No. 16.

Brigadier D. E. Wood, C.B., Commanding at Allahabad, to the Chief of the Staff.

No. 520.

SIR, *Allahabad, June 11, 1858.*

I HAVE the honor to forward a despatch from Lieutenant-Colonel Whistler, commanding the post of Soraon, with inclosures, detailing the operations of a detachment of troops under the immediate command of Lieutenant Aynsley, 6th Madras Light Cavalry, who successfully encountered a force of rebels far superior in numbers, and by the ability he displayed in his disposition, and the bravery and determination of the 6th

Madras Cavalry, he was enabled to destroy and capture a great many.

I have, &c.,
D. E. WOOD, Brigadier,
Commanding at Allahabad.

No. 17.

*Lieutenant-Colonel J. Whistler, Commanding
Field Detachment, to the Major of Brigade.*

No. 55.

Camp Soraon, Allahabad, June 11, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Brigadier Commanding, that on the receipt of your letter No. 514, at 8 P.M., on the 9th instant, I immediately gave orders for a party, as per margin,* under command of Lieutenant Aynsley, 6th Madras Cavalry (being the only native troops available, the heat being too great to detach Europeans) to march at midnight, to attack a party of rebels at Kurnaipore, about 12 miles south-east of this, said to be about 1,000, and headed by the rebel Beni Bahadoor Sing. The expedition appears to have been very ably and most successfully carried out, and the detachment 6th Madras Cavalry behaved admirably, and with great zeal and gallantry against an enemy more than five times their number, who fought desperately, first firing their matchlocks, and then defending themselves with swords. The report of Lieutenant Aynsley, who commanded the detachment, I beg to inclose for submission to the Brigadier.

I have, &c.,
J. WHISTLER, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Field Detachment.

No. 18.

Lieutenant G. H. M. Aynsley, 6th Madras Cavalry, to the Station Staff Officer, Soraon.

SIR, *Camp Soraon, June 10, 1858.*

I HAVE the honor to state, for the information of the Officer Commanding, that this morning, a little after 12 o'clock, I proceeded, according to my instructions, with the force noted in the margin,† to Kurnaipore (distant from this about 14 miles to the eastward, and one of the residences of Beni Bahadoor Sing), for the purpose of attacking the rebels congregated there.

I arrived near the place at sunrise, and sent one troop round to the south of the village, which had the effect of making the rebels think we were going to attack on that side, and they accordingly, to the number of about 500 well armed men, marched out, as I wished, towards the north, in good order, with a strong advance and rear guard.

Being joined by the troop I had detached, I advanced with the squadron to the attack of the main body, which was completely successful. The enemy attempted to stand the charge, but in vain; he was instantly broken, 31 of his men were counted dead on the field (and many more must have been killed, but I had not time to go over all the ground,) and 11 prisoners were taken. The slaughter would have been greater, but every individual fought with desperation, discharging and throwing away his musket or matchlock, and fighting with his sword. My men were thus scat-

tered over the country in hand to hand fights, and my own charger being so weak from loss of blood from a sword-cut, that I was obliged to dismount, I was unable to carry on the pursuit as far as I could have wished.

The conduct of all ranks gave me the greatest gratification, and I desire to bring to the particular notice of the Commanding Officer the gallant way in which, without having any support at hand, and opposed to a force so immensely superior in numbers, standing firmly to receive them, they rushed to the charge, shouting "deen, deen," more especially when it is considered that this is the first time they have ever been called on to charge a determined enemy, many of whom were Sepoys. Where all did their duty so well, it would be invidious to mention names.

I have brought in 30 matchlocks and 5 muskets and 11 swords, found on the field; many more were scattered about, but, as I wished to return as soon as possible, to save the troops from the sun, I was unable to collect them.

I am sorry to report that Havildar Gholam Mohedeen was killed, one trooper had his arm broken, and one farrier was wounded. One horse was killed, one missing, and two wounded.

After the action was over, I returned to Kerama, remained there during the heat of the day, and returned to camp in the evening.

I have said nothing of the infantry in this report, as they were unfortunately unable to take part in the action, but I was much pleased with the steady way in which they advanced to the attack of Kurnaipore under Lieutenant Sawers, before it was found to be evacuated.

I have the honor to forward Lieutenant Sawers's report.

I have, &c.,
G. H. M. AYNSELEY, Lieutenant,
6th Madras Cavalry.

No. 19.

Lieutenant John L. Sawers, Adjutant, Police Military Levy, to Lieutenant G. H. M. Aynsley, 6th Madras Cavalry.

Fort Soraon, June 11, 1858.

SIR,

No. 1.

I HAVE the honor herewith to forward a report of the proceedings of the infantry force placed under my orders, at the village of Kurnaipore yesterday. The force, as per margin,* was made over by you to me on our arriving at Kurnaipore, where the sepoys in the service of the rebel Beni Bahadoor Sing were found collected in force.

According to your instructions, I took my men to the north of the village, that having been represented by you to be the weakest point for an attack.

When proceeding to carry out your orders, I was met by a villager, who reported that the enemy, to the number of 500, were collected in a grove of trees about 200 yards in advance of the intended point of attack. I at once communicated with you; when we were talking together, your trumpeter called your attention to a body of infantry moving off in regular order from the said grove.

Your orders were to follow the cavalry; this I did, halting for some time in the grove, in the chance of cutting off any of the enemy that might try to double back, and gain the entrenchment

* 6th Madras Cavalry, 74 sabres; Seikhs, 30; Police Levy, 67.

† 6th Madras Cavalry, 74 sabres; Seikhs, 30; Police Levy, 67.

* Seikhs belonging to the Ferozepore Regiment of all ranks, 23; 1st Sikh Volunteer Regiment, 7; Police Levy, 67; total, 97.

they had so shortly before evacuated. Seeing that none of them returned, I pushed my men towards the fight as fast I could, and joined you about a mile ahead. A large garden lay to our right. This I searched, but saw no one, so returned to the village of Kurnaipore, which was found to be quite destroyed by fire, and deserted by its inhabitants.

In conclusion, I beg to bring to your notice the conduct of the new Police Levy, who quite emulated the Sikh soldiers in their anxiety to reach the front, where the cavalry were skirmishing, and had they had an opportunity, I doubt not they would have acquitted themselves with credit.

I have, &c.,

JOHN L. SAWYERS, Lieutenant,
Adjutant, Police Military Levy.

No. 20.

Nominal List of Casualties in the Field Detachment under the Command of Lieutenant-Colonel J. Whistler, in the cavalry combat at Kurnaipore, on the 10th June, 1858.

Camp Soraon, June 11, 1858.

Havildar Gholam Mohedeen Khan, killed.
Farrier Francis Antony, severe musket-shot.
1 horse killed.
1 horse missing.
2 horses wounded.
Private Shaik Bram, arm broke.

J. WHISTLER, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Field Detachment.

No. 21.

No. 239 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following despatch from Brigadier-General Sir E. Lugard, K.C.B., Commanding Azimgurh Field Force, dated 14th June, 1858, inclosing a report from Brigadier Douglas of his operations and arrangements for intercepting the enemy in the vicinity of Buxar.

No. 22.

Brigadier-General Sir E. Lugard, K.C.B., Commanding Azimgurh Field Force, to the Chief of the Staff.

*Army Head Quarters, Camp Narainpoor,
June 14, 1858.*

SIR,

AFTER despatching my letter of yesterday's date, I received the accompanying Official Report from Brigadier Douglas, which I herewith beg to forward.

To show the rapidity and secrecy with which the rebels conduct their movements, I beg to state that in order to guard against the return of any party from the West towards the jungles without my getting timely intelligence, so that I might intercept them, I posted at Roop-Sagur, a village 13 miles to my south-west, on the track taken by the rebels in their flight, Captain Rattray with his Sikh battalion, who again threw forward scouts some miles in the same direction, and constantly had parties patrolling to the different villages; but in spite of every precaution, the rebel force were at Medneepore, within 4 miles of him, before he could communicate with me, and passed on towards the jungle the same night. Every endeavour to obtain information from the people of the district has proved vain; scarcely ever has any

intelligence been given to us until the time has passed when advantage could be taken of it.

EDWARD LUGARD, Brigadier-General,
Commanding Azimgurh Field Force.

P.S. 5 P.M., 14th June.—A report has just reached me that the rebels made for the Soane towards Beta, or Nonone, at day-break this morning, with intention of crossing the river. I have despatched scouts to ascertain the truth of this, and will report to-morrow.

I moved my camp to this side (east) of Jugdespore this morning, in order, if possible, to check any movement of this kind.

EDWARD LUGARD.

No. 23.

Brigadier John Douglas to the Chief of the Staff.

*Azimgurh Field Force, Camp Buxar,
June 12, 1858.*

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to state, for the information of Brigadier-General Sir Edward Lugard, K.C.B., that according to his instructions I proceeded on the evening of the 7th instant, with a force as per margin,* en route to Buxar. I arrived at Shahpoor at 11 P.M., and bivouacked; 8th, marched to Saumgunge, 12 miles, and encamped. Two men of the 84th died from sun-stroke this day. 9th. Marched to Buxar, 14 miles, and encamped. 10. Understanding that the rebels occupied the village of Ghamur, I advanced to attack them; at 3 miles from Buxar, crossed the Sarroududdy by a plank bridge; when within a mile of the Korumnassa river, I received information that a body of the enemy had crossed to this side of the river. I sent forward the cavalry and horse artillery, under command of Major Mitchell, Royal Horse Artillery; the artillery advanced to the river side, marked by the cavalry, and discovered the enemy, who had re-crossed the river, in a tope at some 500 yards; they fired about twelve rounds, dispersed and killed several of the enemy. The river not being fordable, and there being no bridge, the cavalry and artillery returned to the main body; the force then proceeded to Chawsa, 9 miles from Buxar, and encamped; during the afternoon a bridge of boats was thrown across the Korumnassa, by Captain Wilkinson, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, and a guard sent over for its protection. 11th. No certain information of the enemy's movements could be obtained; crossed the river at 4 A.M., and advanced through Barra to Ghamur; a thick tope of trees surrounds the village; at about 1,200 yards distance, a number of people were seen in the tope; two companies of the 84th advanced in skirmishing order and drove them off. I then moved to the rear of and round the village, sending skirmishers through it, but could not discover the enemy; the accounts of his movements were very conflicting. I sent the cavalry and artillery forward to Sheopoor Ghaut, to intercept them if they were crossing the river, having heard that the main body had taken that direction; but they did not see them. I heard afterwards that they had gone south and south-west. I burned the villages of Ghamur and Barra, re-crossed the Korumnassa and encamped near Chawsa. Three men of the Royal Horse Artillery died during the night from the effects of the sun, and 1 man of the 84th, 1 horse, and 1 trooper of Rattray's Sikhs were slightly wounded while burning the villages; the

* 3 guns Royal Horse Artillery; 3 troops Military Train; 1 troop 4th Madras Cavalry; Her Majesty's 84th Regiment.

detachment of this regiment joined me on my marching out of Buxar. The heat during the operations was intense, and the troops suffered much, particularly the 84th Regiment, who have now been thirteen months in the field. I consider this regiment at present to be quite unfit for active service; the men have no positive disease, but they are so exhausted that they can neither eat nor sleep. 12th. I returned to Buxar, and encamped. In the village of Ghamur, 45 brood mares belonging to Government were recovered and handed over to Mr. Jackson, of the stud establishment here, who accompanied the force. In conclusion, I beg to state that I have every reason to be satisfied with the way in which all did their duty.

I have, &c.,
JOHN DOUGLAS, Brigadier.

No. 24.

No. 241 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following despatch, from Colonel Millar, commanding Nagpore Irregular Force, dated 2nd June, 1858, detailing the operations of the Kamptee Moveable Column, late under his command, from August, 1857, to January, 1858.

No. 25.

Colonel Millar, 33rd Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, late in Command of the Kamptee Moveable Column, to Major-General Sir W. R. Mansfield, K.C.B., Chief of the Staff of his Excellency the Commander-in-chief in India.

Kamptee, June 2, 1858.

No. 106.

SIR,

I DO myself the honor of laying before you the following circumstances, for the favorable consideration of his Excellency the Commander-in-chief in India.

It will be remembered, that at the commencement of the mutinies, a small moveable column as per margin,* was organized from the Nagpore force for service in the Saugor and Nerbudda territories.

This column reached Jubbulpore, on the 21st August, 1857, and was there joined by two companies of the 28th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, and two companies of the Bengal 52nd Regiment Native Infantry. The whole then proceeded towards Saugor; but in consequence of the incessant rain, and the almost impassable state of the roads and rivers, did not reach Dumoh till the 30th August.

Dumoh, which was garrisoned by about 300 of the 31st Bengal Native Infantry, two companies of the 42nd Bengal Native Infantry, and about 120 of the 3rd Bengal Irregular Cavalry, with two 6-pounder guns, had been for some time hard pressed by the rebels and mutineers, but who at once withdrew on the approach of the column. I however found it necessary to send out large detachments against several petty chiefs in the neighbourhood before advancing upon Saugor, vide marked A. and B.

* D Company, 3rd Battalion Madras Artillery; 65 rank and file (Europeans), with 6 guns; 3rd squadron 4th Regiment, Madras Light Cavalry, 92 sabres; Head Quarters 33rd Regiment Madras Native Infantry, 425 rank and file; Rifle Company, 1st Regiment Nagpore Irregular Infantry, 91 rank and file.

On the 7th September, I was obliged, in consequence of very alarming accounts from Jubbulpore, to detach two guns of the European Battery of artillery, one troop of the 4th Light Cavalry, and three companies of the 33rd Madras Native Infantry, for the protection of that station. This detachment, under the command of Captain Tottenham, of the 4th Light Cavalry, reached Jubbulpore in ample time to secure the safety of that important station, which would otherwise have been destroyed.

With my force thus reduced, it was hardly possible to effect much; but I still persisted in my attempt to relieve Saugor, and had got as far as the right bank of the Sohah river on the 8th September, when my further progress was arrested by the intelligence, that the Dinapore mutineers were menacing the Rewah territories, and might come down upon Jubbulpore.

The aspect of affairs was at this time very unpromising, the Rewah Rajah having intimated to Lieutenant Osborne, the political agent at his Court, his inability to protect him; we therefore return to Dumoh, around which the rebels had again collected, but who fled at our approach.

About midnight on the 19th September, an express arrived, conveying the intelligence of the mutineers of the 50th and 52nd Regiments Bengal Native Infantry, at Nagode and Jubbulpore. It now became imperatively necessary for us to return at once to Jubbulpore, and before doing so to disarm the two companies of the 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, which was accomplished early next morning, without bloodshed, notwithstanding that the muskets of the 52nd were loaded at the time, they having just returned from a dour.

On the 21st September, the column was en route to Jubbulpore, having brought away with it a lac and 20,000 rupees from the Government Treasury, a considerable quantity of ammunition, and the arms of disarmed party of the 52nd.

On the 27th September, the column, while passing through a dense jungle near Kuttungunj, about twenty-five miles from Jubbulpore, was attacked by the mutineers of the 52nd Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, and a large body of rebels, who, after a brisk skirmish, were completely repulsed, vide marked C.

This I believe was the first time that Madras sepoys had been called upon to act against the mutineers, and it was highly gratifying to find, that there was no sympathy whatever between the men of the two armies.

The column reached Jubbulpore with all the treasure, &c., on the 1st October.

From this period till the end of January, the column was employed in protecting Jubbulpore, and the neighbouring district, and parties of greater or less strength, were continually obliged to be sent out to drive back the rebels, the whole country being up in arms against us.

In one of these skirmishes, the brave and talented Major Jenkins, of the Quartermaster-General's department, was shot dead while leading on his men in an attack upon the rebels near Kuttungunj, vide enclosure marked D.

On another occasion, Captain Tottenham, of the 4th Madras Light Cavalry, was mortally wounded, while pursuing at the head of his troop, some rebels near Ghosulpore, vide enclosure E.

I beg here to acknowledge my obligations to Major Erskine, Commissioner of the Jubbulpore and Saugor territories, who accompanied the column, and was present during the encounter with the mutineers at Kuttungunj, and without whose energetic assistance in procuring elephants and supplies, it would have been impossible for the column to have made any forward movement

during the very heavy monsoon in which its operations were conducted.

Although it did not fall to the lot of this column to see any severe fighting, yet it was continually engaged in sharp skirmishes with the rebels, in all of which it was uniformly successful, and in addition to which, the men were subjected to great hardships and privations, in consequence of long and continued marches in the midst of an exceedingly heavy monsoon, over roads, the state of which may be imagined when I mention, that the battery of artillery was seventy-six hours in accomplishing a march of eleven miles with the aid of numerous elephants.

In conclusion, I beg to draw attention to the fact, that on the occasion of the mutiny of the 52nd Bengal Native Infantry the preservation of Jubbulpore, together with the extensive public buildings, treasure, etc., was owing to the presence of Captain Tottenham's detachment, and the firm attitude he then assumed.

Moreover, the advance of the column to Dumoh saved that station, and the lives of the Europeans there, as also the Government Treasure, and induced the Shahgurbh Rajah to release Lieutenant Gordon and the other Europeans he had detained in confinement for nearly three months.

I have, &c.

J. MILLAR, Lieutenant-colonel,
Brevet-Colonel 33rd Regiment Madras
Native Infantry, lately commanding
the Kamptee Moveable Column.

No. 26.

Major W. G. P. Jenkins, Assistant Quartermaster-General, Nagpore Force, to Colonel J. Millar, Commanding Nagpore Moveable Column.

September 19, 1857.

No. 68.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you, that on the morning of the 17th instant, I proceeded agreeably to your orders, with the force as per margin,* for the purpose of collecting grain from certain rebel villages.

2. On arriving with a reconnoitering party at Nursinghur, I found that the fort was a very strong stone-built place, with a wet ditch, and well covered with gardens and stone enclosures. The fort was occupied by about 250 matchlockmen.

3. Behind the fort runs the Sonar river, having a very deep and difficult ford immediately behind the fort, and another pretty good ford about half a mile lower down.

4. Finding that the enemy were so strongly posted, I extended a portion of the infantry to cut them off from the lower ford, and brought the guns into position for throwing shrapnel.

5. Before, however, a shot could be fired from the guns, the enemy suddenly retired, and advancing the infantry at a run, we came on the enemy retreating in confusion across the upper ford.

6. The river at this ford is about 250 yards wide, the stones were exceedingly slippery, the water at one place so deep as to oblige men to swim, and the current was running with great force.

7. The enemy had to make their way across the above difficult ford, under a heavy and continuous fire, poured in by our men from the bank

One troop 4th Light Cavalry; two guns; two Companies 33rd Madras Native Infantry; two Companies 52nd Bengal Native Infantry.

above; and the panic was so great, that hardly a shot was fired in return.

8. Upwards of 30 prisoners were taken in the fort and town, 13 of whom were hung at Nursinghur by the civil authorities, and the remainder brought into Dumoh.

9. On the morning of the 18th, Lieutenant Nembhard, the deputy commissioner of the district, received a report from Busseah (a village under the hills about 10 miles south-east of Nursinghur) informing him that during the previous night, the enemy had fled in great disorder through the place, and given out that they had lost 50 men killed in the river: and on hearing this, a number of rebels, who had for some time occupied Busseah, fled with them to the hills.

10. Captain Ludlow, Field Engineer, having demolished the outer works of the fort, and partly filled up the ditch, the detachment, agreeably to your instructions, returned to camp this day.

I have, &c.,

W. G. P. JENKINS, Major,
Assistant-Quartermaster-General
Nagpore Force.

No. 27.

Brevet-Colonel J. Millar, Commanding Nagpore Moveable Column, to the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort St. George.

Camp Dumoh, September 3, 1857.

SIR,

No. 42.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-chief, that, at the request of the Commissioner of the Saugor and Nerbudda territories, a party, as per margin,* under my command, marched without tents or baggage against Balacote, fifteen miles distant, a large village with an old fort on a neighbouring hill, and the residence of a rajah of the Lodhee caste, named Surroop Sing, who had assisted with his followers in the attack upon Dumoh, and been very active in plundering the neighbouring village.

2. The detachment marched from camp at 3½ A.M. on the 1st instant, and arrived within a mile of the place at about 11 A.M. The last four miles was up a steep and rugged ghat, and through a dense jungle, which extended to within a few hundred yards of the place.

3. At about a mile from the village, I observed a small open valley leading down towards the right, by which I ordered the cavalry to proceed and endeavour to surround the village, and cut off the retreat of the rebels. When the infantry approached to within about three-quarters of a mile from the town, the enemy opened a brisk fire upon them, but were speedily driven in by the 33rd and 52nd, who advanced in skirmishing order and vied with each other in pushing forward, and would have entered the place, but I thought it prudent to halt them out of reach of fire till the guns which were close in the rear came up, and, from a height which commanded the town, fired a few rounds into it, when I allowed the infantry to go on, who entered the town, but found it completely evacuated, and most of the property removed.

4. I regret to say that, in the skirmish in the

* 3rd Squadron 4th Madras Light Cavalry, under Capt. Tottenham; ½ Battery of D. Company 3rd Battalion Artillery, with three guns under Captain James; two Companies 33rd Madras Native Infantry, under Captain Applegate; two Companies 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, under Lieutenant Oakes; Rifle Company 1st Nagpore Irregular Infantry, under Lieutenant Pereira; 1 Squadron 3rd Bengal Irregular Cavalry, under Lieutenant Sutherland; Captain Harrison, A.S.O. of the Detachment; Captain Ludlow, Field Engineer.

jungle, three men of the 33rd were wounded, one of whom has since died. I was unable to ascertain what loss was sustained by the enemy, on account of the thickness of the jungle; there was, however, one of the enemy killed in the evening by a party sent out to clear the immediate neighbourhood of the town previous to my picquets being posted.

5. I have much pleasure in expressing my satisfaction at the manner in which the whole of the troops employed behaved; the Artillery deserve great credit for the rapidity with which they brought up their guns over an almost impassable road.

6. The detachment, after having destroyed and set fire to the village, returned to camp the next day by a different road, destroying one of the enemy's recently deserted villages en route.

7. I beg to enclose the doctor's return of casualties.

I have, &c.,

J. MILLAR, Brevet-Colonel,
Commanding Nagpore Moveable Column.

No. 28.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Millar, Commanding Kamp-tee Moveable Column, to the Adjutant-General of the Army, Fort St. George.

Camp Kuttunghee, September 28, 1857.

SIR,

No. 69.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-chief, that, thanks be to God, the Kamptee Moveable Column gained a complete and decisive victory over the mutineers of the 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, numbering about 500 rank and file, and 1,000 insurgent matchlock-men, on the 27th September, 1857.

The 52nd Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, having mutinied at Jubbulpore, it was decided that the town and district of Dumoh should be abandoned by regular troops, and that the moveable column under my command, strength as per margin*, having disarmed the detachment of the Bengal 52nd Native Infantry serving with the column, and taking with it the Dumoh treasure, amounting to upwards of a lakh of rupees, and the arms and ammunition of the disarmed men, should retire to defend Jubbulpore.

The column left Dumoh on the 21st instant, and, after having been delayed in crossing the Nowtah river for three days, reached Singrampoor on the evening of the 26th September, where intelligence was received that the mutineers 52nd Regiment, numbering about 500 rank and file, had taken up a position at Kanee on the west of the Heran river, about twelve miles below Kuttunghee.

As there was a probability that the mutineers might seize and destroy the boats on the Heran, at Kuttunghee, on the road to Jubbulpore, I despatched, at 2 A.M. on the 27th instant, a party under Lieutenant Watson, strength as per margin†, to secure the boats above referred to. This party was accompanied by Major Jenkins, Assistant Quartermaster-General. At 5 A.M. on the 27th, just as the column was preparing to march, two troopers galloped into camp, with the intelligence that the advanced party had been surprised by the

52nd Mutineers, that the two officers had been killed, and the party retreating on our camp. I forthwith gave the order to march, and pushed on through a jungle country with a party, and took possession of the village of Gobra, about three miles in advance of Singrampoor, and which commands the mouth of the pass, and to the north of which the ground is open. I waited there a short time for the guns and main body to join here. Shortly after the guns came up, the 52nd Bengal Native Infantry were seen marching along the road in column of sections: two guns were fired into them, on which they left the road and advanced against us in the jungle, on both sides, accompanied by the matchlock-men. As the position the guns at first took up was too much exposed to fire from the jungle, and the enemy were evidently endeavouring to steal round our flanks, I retired about 200 yards close to the village, and took up a more favorable position, where the ground was a little more open. I kept the guns on the road, occupied the village and the jungle right and left with my infantry, and posted the cavalry in rear of the left, where the ground was open. After a brisk fire, which lasted for about half an hour, the enemy were driven back. The baggage having now closed up, I placed the treasure, guarded by the 33rd, in rear of the guns, threw out a strong body of skirmishers from the 33rd on the right, a little in front of the leading gun, and another line of skirmishers from the 28th and 33rd on the left, leaving one company of the 28th with the park and the rifles to protect the baggage and rear. In this order, we advanced slowly through three or four miles of very jungly country, driving the enemy before us, and halting occasionally to give them a few rounds from our guns.

On reaching the open country near Kuttunghee, I pushed on the cavalry to feel for the enemy, who were discovered making off up the hills with their baggage in rear of the town. From the nature of the ground the cavalry could not follow them, and, before the infantry arrived, the greater number had effected their escape. The rifles and parties from the 28th and 33rd, however, succeeded in killing some, and taking a few prisoners on the hill, and also in the town, who were afterwards hanged.

On our approaching Kuttunghee, we were agreeably surprised by Major Jenkins and Lieutenant Watson riding up to the column; they had succeeded in cutting their way through the ambuscade in the dark, and had concealed themselves on the hills until the advance of the column enabled them to rejoin us. Lieutenant Watson, I regret, was wounded on the cheek by a musket ball, and knocked off his horse; his escape was most miraculous. Major Jenkins's charger had two bullets through him, and is not likely to survive.

At the entrance to the town, was found lying on the public road, the body of Captain MacGregor, of the 52nd Regiment Bengal Native Infantry, with his throat cut, a shot in his breast, and a bayonet wound in his body, whom the mutineers having made prisoner on the occasion of their mutiny, had murdered at 3 A.M. before they proceeded to attack us.

My movements during the above operations were much hampered by having to keep an eye on the 120 disarmed men of the 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, who accompanied the column, and by the treasure, large amount of baggage, and people returning with us from Dumoh.

The whole force behaved well, and proved incontestably that the Madras sepoy has no sympathy with the Bengal mutineers.

The cavalry were very forward in pursuit of the enemy, and followed them up the side of the hill, capturing some of their baggage.

* 4th Madras Light Cavalry, 42 rank and file, under Lieutenant Burnet; D Company 3rd Battalion Madras Artillery, 4 guns, under Captain James and Lieutenant Caine; 28th Madras Native Infantry, 105 rank and file, under Captain Yates; 33rd Madras Native Infantry, 238 rank and file, under Lieutenant Benwell; Rifle Company Nagpore Light Infantry, 81 rank and file, under Lieutenant Pereira.

† One Company 33rd Madras Native Infantry; twelve Troopers, 4th Madras Light Cavalry.

The Rifle Company of the 1st Irregular Infantry, were very active in ascending the hill, and captured a colour havildar of the 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, who was one of the chief ringleaders of the mutiny. I enclose Lieutenant Pereira's report on this subject, and beg to inform you, that the commissioner has promoted the havildar therein mentioned to jemadar, and that I have promoted the two sepoy to havildars.

I feel much indebted to all the European officers; and the conduct of the European gunners was most exemplary.

I beg to add, that I received every assistance from Captain Ludlow, Field Engineer; and from Captain Harrison, Officiating Sub-Assistant Commissary-General, who acted as my staff; and from Captain Pinkney, 34th Regiment Madras Native Infantry, Deputy Commissioner, who was constantly with me, and whose knowledge of the localities enabled him to be of great service.

I enclose a medical return of casualties.

I have, &c.,

J. MILLAR, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Kamptee Moveable Column.

No. 29.

*Nominal List of Killed and Wounded in the Action
on the 27th September, 1857.*

Company and Number.	Rank and Names.	Remarks.
	WOUNDED.	
	33rd Regiment M.N.I.	
Gr. 1254	Lieut. H. Watson ...	Slightly.
	Private Shakh Ismal ...	Severely.
F. 19	<i>Detachment 4th Light Cavalry.</i>	
	Farrier G. Cartwright ...	Mortally since dead
„ 385	Private Lingogeeram ...	Slightly.
	<i>Public followers.</i>	
One	Comm't. bullock driver ...	Severely.
	<i>Private followers.</i>	
	Killed, one.	
	Wounded, one severely.	

H. ADAM, Assistant-Surgeon.

Camp, Kuttunghee, September 28, 1857.

No. 30.

Colonel Munsey, Commanding Kamptee Moveable Column, to the Assistant Adjutant-General, Nagpore Force, Kamptee.

Camp Jubbulpore, November 15, 1857.

SIR,

No. 195.

IT is with much regret I have the honor to report, for the information of the Brigadier Commanding Nagpore Force, the death of Brevet-Major W. P. Jenkins, Assistant Quartermaster-General, Nagpore Force; this officer was killed in a skirmish with some Bondailah rebels near Kuttunghee yesterday afternoon.

I beg to enclose the copy of a report made on the subject by Lieutenant Oakes, 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, who is attached to the moveable column, and accompanied the detachment under the command of the late Major Jenkins.

I have, &c.,

T. A. A. MUNSEY, Colonel,
Commanding Kamptee Moveable Column.

No. 31.

Lieutenant Richard Oakes, commanding Detachment, to the Brigadier commanding Kamptee Moveable Column, Jubbulpore.

Camp, Kuttunghee, November 14, 1857.

SIR,

IT is with deep regret I have to report the death of Major Jenkins, who was killed this afternoon in a skirmish with the Boondelas near the village of Enotah, about four miles from Kuttunghee.

About half-past 12 P.M. information was received that a party of Boondelas were looting a village about Rukreeta, two miles from camp; Major Jenkins ordered a party consisting of half a troop of cavalry under Lieutenant Burnett, 4th Light Cavalry, and 50 rank and file of the 33rd Regiment Madras Native Infantry, under Lieutenant Oakes, 52nd Native Infantry, to march immediately against them. The cavalry proceeded in advance, accompanied by Major Jenkins and Captain Pinkney, Sessions Judge, and, on their arrival at Rukreeta, found that the enemy had evacuated it and retreated to Enotah, to which place Major Jenkins followed them, and placed videttes to prevent their further retreat. On arrival of the infantry, Major Jenkins directed me to advance in skirmishing order, through a jowarree field at the back of the village. The rebels, on seeing us approach, succeeded, owing to the jungly nature of the ground, in making their escape to a hill in the vicinity. We followed them, and, on reaching the summit, Major Jenkins fell, mortally wounded by a matchlock ball. After driving the enemy off the hill I returned to the village and burnt it.

I am happy to say that there were no other casualties on our side.

On the part of the rebels we counted twelve killed, and brought in nine prisoners.

I shall remain encamped at Kuttunghee, waiting your further orders.

I have, &c.,

RICHARD OAKES, Lieutenant,
Commanding Detachment.

No. 32.

Lieutenant C. S. Stewart, 5th Troop 4th Regiment Light Cavalry, to the Brigade Major, Nagpore Moveable Column, Jubbulpore.

Camp, Jubbulpore, November 11, 1857.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to state, for the information of the officer commanding Nagpore Moveable Column, that Captain Tottenham, having been ordered to take the 5th troop 4th Madras Light Cavalry, on special service to Ghosulpore, marched on the morning of the 7th instant. On getting news at Pownalghur, the 1st stage, that Ghosulpore was being looted, we galloped on, but arrived too late, as the looters had all left and gone away to the right of the road, in which direction we followed, and after some time caught sight of nearly 1000 people running towards a village called Ramkaria (they were about one mile or so from the village, we were more than three). We went after them, but, owing to the bad nature of the ground, they reached the village before we got up to them. We followed them into the village, but nobody was to be seen; at last a man pointed out the Rajah's house as one likely to conceal men. We burst open the door and searched the house thoroughly, but could find nobody; at last Captain Tottenham, who was on foot, walked up to another door of the house to break it open, when four or five shots were fired through the door, and from the balcony above, at Captain Tot-

tenham, who ran to his horse, mounted, and called on me to take the troop out of the village, which I did afterwards. We had to go back to fetch Captain Tottenham, who had fainted on account of a wound, which I then for the first time learnt he had received in the middle of a village. I then posted the troop in small parties to watch the village all round, which they did till sunset, when I withdrew them as there were too few men with me to surround so large a village so as to prevent anybody getting away in the dark. I am unable to say, whether there were many people concealed in the village Ramkaria, or whether they ran through it to the jungles on the other side. We killed seven or eight men, and took eighteen prisoners, one of whom died of wounds; the rest were hanged.

I have, &c.,
C. S. STEWART, Lieutenant,
5th troop, 4th Regiment Light Cavalry.

No. 33.

Brevet-Major R. S. Sullivan, commanding Detachment Kamptee Moveable Column, to Major Jenkins, Assistant - Quartermaster - General, Nagpore Force, Jubbulpore.

Camp, Ghosulpore, November 7th, 1857.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the officer commanding the column, that, finding it impossible to push on the Dawk further than Kylwanah, where we arrived on the evening of the 4th (it being reported that the rebels were in force on the road in the neighbourhood of Jokai, and that the 52nd mutineers were also in our immediate vicinity), I deemed it prudent to retire on the evening of the 5th to Moorwanah.

On the morning of the 6th, the detachment had just resumed its march, and had only advanced about 400 yards, when we were surprised by a heavy fire upon us from two guns, ginjals and matchlocks. As soon as the guns could be got into position, we returned the fire with both our pieces, but unfortunately the axle tree of one of our guns broke down at the second round. Some delay ensued of course in effecting the repairs, which were accomplished in the most admirable and cool manner by Lieutenant Lane and his artillery men under fire.

Seeing the enemy making attempts to surround us, I ordered the squadron of cavalry to attack the enemy by a flank movement from my left, and the infantry to accomplish a similar movement along the road to the right. This was done to my most perfect satisfaction. The cavalry, previously on the right rear of the guns, passed in rear of them, crossed the road, and, after getting through two most difficult ravines, at a given signal from Lieutenant Lane of two guns in rapid succession, charged and captured one of the enemy's guns, which was turned on them as soon as they perceived the flank movement. Moving onwards, they sabred about 30 of the rebels, three of whom fell under Lieutenant Clerk's sword. The 33rd Native Infantry, entering the village, bayoneted several, and came on the second gun, which had been disabled and withdrawn before the cavalry charge.

In this engagement, we lost one Gun Lascar killed, one naique and two privates 4th Light Cavalry, severely wounded, and one private 33rd Native Infantry, and one grass-cutter 4th Light Cavalry, also severely wounded; Lieutenant Clerk received a slight graze from a sword.

The enemy are reported to have numbered from

1500 to 2000 men, with a fair proportion of matchlock-men, 60 of them were counted dead upon the field, and it is impossible to calculate the number of the wounded.

I cannot extol too highly the cool and gallant manner in which Lieutenant Lane and the Artillery under him worked their one gun and repaired the other, under a heavy fire of both grape and round shot. The squadron of the 4th with Lieutenant Clerk, also did their work most gallantly; and Lieutenant New with the infantry entered the village in the most spirited manner, and, along with some of the gunners, cleared the village most effectually.

My thanks are also due to Lieutenant Dick, 52nd Bengal Native Infantry, attached to the infantry, and to Assistant-Surgeon Adam for his great attention to the wounded men.

I beg to enclose a return of casualties. The guns captured are brass guns of small calibre.

I have, &c.,
R. S. SULLIVAN, Brevet-Major,
Commanding Detachment Kamptee
Moveable Column.

No. 34.

Return of Casualties in the engagement at Moorwanah, on the morning of the 6th November.

CAVALRY.

1 naique, } Severely wounded.
2 privates, }
1 camp-follower (grass-cutter) severely.

ARTILLERY.

1 Gun Lascar killed.

INFANTRY. 33RD MADRAS NATIVE INFANTRY.

1 private severely wounded.

HUNTER ADAM,
Assistant-Surgeon in medical charge.

No. 35.

Brevet-Colonel J. Millar, commanding Detachment Kamptee Moveable Column, to the Brigade-Major, Kamptee Moveable Column, Jubbulpore,

Dated Camp, Patun, December 27, 1857.

SIR,

IN continuation of my report of yesterday's date, I have the honor to state, for the information of the Brigadier commanding, that I marched out this morning at 6 A.M. to attack the rebels on the Konee Pass, and did not return till near 4 P.M. this afternoon.

2. There appeared to be about 1,000 of the rebels on the brow and sides of the hill, with an advanced picquet about a third of the way up the hill, where they had made a stone breastwork, behind which was a small gun.

3. After crossing the river I extended the grenadier and light companies of the 33rd Regiment Native Infantry, which covered the advance of the guns; the latter were unlimbered in a convenient position, and a few rounds of shrapnel and grape from the guns soon cleared the way for the advance of the skirmishers, who advanced up the hill without any check.

4. The artillery under Lieutenant Lane did excellent service in turning the enemy out of the side and from the brow of the hill, but were unable to ascend it, owing to the number of loose boulders and slabs of stone on the ghat. I therefore left them at the bottom with one company of infantry for their protection.

5. As soon as the skirmishers had reached the top of the ghat, which was covered with very thick jungle, I directed Captain Macintire to ascend with part of the cavalry and pursue the enemy as far as possible, which service was performed in the most satisfactory manner, the sowars ascending a pass over ground at a pace which I should have deemed utterly impossible for any cavalry to have accomplished. They cut down and captured six rebels to my knowledge.

6. The whole party then was formed up and advanced without opposition about three miles over a very rocky and difficult country, covered for the most part with thick jungle. As there was no water near, and as everything, including the guns, was below the ghat, I deemed it better then to return to our old camping ground, the pass being held for us during the night by a friendly thakoor.

7. The skirmishers were commanded by Lieutenant Dun and Watson, supported by Lieutenant Pearson with the E company, and advanced up the hill (especially the light company) in very gallant style, as the jungle was thick and the rebels in large numbers.

8. To Captain Baldwin, the Deputy-Commissioner, my best thanks are due for the very gallant style in which he led his Burkundauze up the hill, as well as for the general assistance he rendered.

9. About seven of the rebels we know to have been killed, and it is probable that many more were knocked over by the artillery, and carried off before we got up.

10. To morrow I propose to make another dour after the rebels.

I have, &c.,

J. MILLAR, Brevet-Colonel,
Commanding Detachment Kamptee
Moveable Column.

P.S.—Six prisoners taken in arms have been hanged. No casualties on our side at all.

STRENGTH OF THE DETACHMENT ENGAGED.

Head Quarters and one troop 2nd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, two guns D Company Madras Artillery, Head Quarters and 300 rank and file, 33rd Regiment Madras Native Infantry.

No. 36.

*Captain and Brevet-Major G. A. Harrison,
Kamptee Moveable Column, to Colonel Millar,
commanding 33rd Madras Native Infantry,
Detachment Kamptee Moveable Column, Patun.*

Camp, Jubbulpore, December 28, 1857.

SIR,

No. 334.

I HAVE had the honor of receiving and laying before Brigadier Lawrence your letters of 26th and 29th instant, and am directed to convey his approbation of the conduct of the Field Detachment under your command, as reported by you. The Brigadier congratulates you on the good service you have done without loss on our side, and he begs you will express his thanks to Captain Macintire, commanding 2nd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent, and all the officers and men of your detachment.

2. The Brigadier requests you will convey to Lieutenant Baldwin, Deputy Commissioner, his best thanks for the assistance he has rendered you as reported in your letter.

3. I am instructed to inform you that copies of your reports, together with this letter, will be

forwarded for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

4. The Brigadier having learned that there is water to be procured a little in advance of where you proceeded on to the table land above the Konee Ghaut, he begs that you will, if possible, advance and entirely dislodge the rebels from the neighbourhood, but it is left to your own discretion how far you follow them up, it being desirable that you should return to this station as soon as possible, as the troops under your command are required.

I have, &c.,

G. A. HARRISON,
Captain and Brigade Major, Kamptee
Moveable Column.

No. 37.

No. 242 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Adjutant-General of the Army, No. 431 A, dated 23rd June, 1858, enclosing a despatch from Major-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., giving the details of a most successful action near Nowabgunge on the 13th instant.

The Governor-General entirely concurs in the commendation bestowed by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief on Major-General Sir J. Hope Grant on this occasion.

No. 38.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

Head Quarters, Allahabad, June 23, 1858.

No. 431 A.

SIR,

BY desire of the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honor to forward, for submission to the Right Honorable the Governor-General, the enclosed despatch, dated the 17th instant, from Major-General Sir J. Hope Grant, K.C.B., commanding Lucknow Field Force, giving the details of a most successful action, in which 16,000 rebels were signally defeated near Nowabgunge, on the 13th idem.

2. I am directed to request you will inform his Lordship that the Major-General's operations upon this occasion appear to his Excellency to have been conducted throughout with the greatest skill and prudence, and to deserve high approval.

3. The return of the despatch is requested, when no longer required.

I have, &c.,

W. MAYHEW, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 39.

*Major-General J. Hope Grant, commanding
Lucknow Field Force, to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.*

*Head Quarters, Camp Nowabgunge,
June 17, 1858.*

SIR,

No. 104.

I HAVE the honor to report to you, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-

in-Chief that, on the morning of the 12th instant, I arrived with the column as per margin,* at Chinhut, where a garrison column had been stationed under command of Colonel Purnell, during my absence to the south of Lucknow. At this place I ascertained that a large force of rebels, amounting to some 16,000, with a good many guns, had taken up a position along a nullah in the neighbourhood of Nowabgunge, 12 miles miles from Chinhut.

I determined to start at night, though there was no moon, and to get close to this nullah before daybreak. I accordingly directed all baggage and supplies to be left at Chinhut, under charge of Colonel Purnell, and formed up my column along the Fyzabad road, at eleven o'clock P.M. The nullah ran across this road about four miles from Nowabgunge, over which there was an old stone bridge, but knowing that there was a large jungle about three miles to the north of the town, I determined to cross at a ford, or rather causeway, which lay about two miles above the bridge, that I might get between the enemy and this jungle. We got off soon after eleven o'clock, and the whole march was performed with the greatest regularity, though a great part of the way was across country.

The advanced guard arrived within about a quarter of a mile of the nullah, which ran along the front of the enemy's position, about half an hour before day-break on the morning of the 13th.

The column was halted, and the men had some refreshment.

As soon as it was light the force advanced towards the ford, which was defended by a body of the enemy, strongly posted in tops of trees and ravines, supported by three guns.

Three Horse Artillery guns of Captain Mackinnon's troop, and Captain Johnson's battery were immediately got into position to cover the passage of the advanced guard. The enemy's guns were soon silenced, and one of them turned over, and the advance, consisting of two horse artillery guns, under Lieutenant McLeod, two squadrons of cavalry, under Captain Stisted, 7th Hussars, and Lieutenant Prendergast, Wale's Horse, and 200 Infantry under Major Oxenden, immediately crossed and took up a position on the other side.

Our two guns opened fire, and the Rifles, advancing in gallant style, in skirmishing order, under a heavy fire, soon drove the enemy from his first position.

The remaining guns of the Horse Artillery, Captain Johnson's Battery, and a portion of the cavalry, immediately followed, and I at once advanced, at a trot, against what appeared to be the centre of the enemy's position. As soon as the dust cleared off, the enemy were to be seen all round, and their guns opened in my front, and on both flanks.

The troop of Horse Artillery immediately got into action to the front, and Captain Johnson's Battery, supported by two squadrons, 2nd Dragoon Guards, under Major Seymour, I sent to engage the enemy on my left, where they were in very considerable force.

About this time a large body of the enemy, cavalry and infantry, and two guns, moved round to my right rear, in the direction of the ford, expecting, no doubt, to find my baggage crossing; but Hodson's Horse, under Major Daly, C.B., a squad-

ron of the Police Horse under Lieutenant Hill and the 3rd Battalion of the Rifle Brigade under Lieutenant Colonel Glyn, had just crossed, and were ready to receive them. This body of cavalry and two companies of the Rifles, under the command of Captain Atherley, formed line to the right and advanced against them. Major Carleton's Battery, which was following, had some difficulty in crossing the ford, but, as soon as he got two guns across, he brought them up to the support of Major Daly.

Here the enemy offered considerable opposition. The Rifles charged them twice with the sword, cutting up many.

Major Daly detached 100 cavalry, under Lieutenant Mecham, and Lieutenant the Honourable J. Fraser, to act upon their left, while he with the remainder of his cavalry, charged them in front. Lieutenant Mecham led his men on gallantly over broken ground, and was severely wounded.

The remainder of Major Carleton's battery was brought up by Lieutenant Percival, into a good position on the right, and in time to open with considerable effect on the enemy as they retired.

Meanwhile, Captain Mackinnon's Troop Horse Artillery, supported by the 7th Hussars, under the command of Major Sir W. Russell, was hotly engaged to the front and left; as also Captain Johnson's battery, which was on my extreme left. The enemy in my front having been driven back, Mackinnon's troop changed front to the left, and the troop and battery advanced, supported by the cavalry, and the remainder of the 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, which had come up under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Glyn. The enemy here also were driven from their position after a sharp cannonade.

The action on my proper right having commenced again with great vigour, I proceeded in that direction, leaving Colonel Hagart to superintend the troops on the left. On arriving at this point, I found a large number of Gazzies, with two guns, had come out on the open plain, and attacked Hodson's Horse with two guns of Major Carleton's battery, which covered my rear. I immediately ordered up the other four guns under the command of Lieutenant Percival, and two squadrons of the 7th Hussars, under command of Major Sir W. Russell, and opened grape upon this force within 300 or 400 yards with terrible effect. But the rebels made the most determined resistance, and two men, in the midst of a shower of grape, brought forward two green standards, which they planted in the ground beside their guns, and rallied their men. Captain Atherley's two companies of the 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade at this moment, advanced to the attack, which obliged the rebels to move off. The cavalry then got between them and the guns, and the 7th Hussars, led gallantly by Major Sir W. Russell, supported by Hodson's Horse, under Major Daly, C.B., swept through them twice, killing every man. I must here mention the gallant conduct of two officers of the 7th Hussars, Captain Bushe and Captain Fraser. The latter I myself saw surrounded by the enemy, and fighting his way gallantly through them all; he was severely wounded in the hand.

About this time, Brigadier Horsford advanced with the 5th Punjaub Infantry, under Major Vaughan, being joined by the two companies of the Rifles, under Captain Atherley, and two of Major Carleton's guns, under Lieutenant Percival, and proceeded against a body of the enemy, which had taken up a position on their extreme proper left, in a large tope of trees, having two guns in position. Brigadier Horsford advanced steadily in skir-

* DETAIL.—Artillery: One troop Horse Artillery; two Light Field Batteries. Cavalry: Her Majesty's 2nd Dragoon Guards (two squadrons); Her Majesty's 7th Hussars; 1st Sikh Infantry Cavalry (one squadron); one troop Mounted Police; Hodson's Horse. Infantry: 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade; 3rd ditto ditto; 5th Punjaub Rifles; detail of Engineers and Sappers.

mishing order, under a sharp cannonade from the enemy's guns, which were well served and supported by large bodies of infantry.

The enemy was soon pressed, they retired their guns some distance, and then re-opened them, but in a few minutes they were carried in gallant style, without the aid of any cavalry. This closed the action on my left, front, and right.

The enemy having, at the commencement of the action, detached a large force which seriously threatened our rear, Brigadier Horsford sent the 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade to hold them in check. This duty was ably performed by Lieutenant-Colonel Hill. The advance of the enemy was not only checked, but they were forced to retire with considerable loss.

I trust, through the mercy of God, this severe blow to the rebels, will be the means of quieting all this part of the country.

I beg that the under-mentioned officers' names may be laid before his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Brigadier Horsford, I am much indebted to for the very excellent way in which he led on the infantry, and for the support he gives me upon all occasions.

To Colonel Hagart I am also much indebted. He has been most active, zealous, and attentive to all the duties entrusted to him.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hill, who, with his battalion, so gallantly and successfully protected our rear, a most important service.

Lieutenant-Colonel Glyn, a most excellent officer, and whose battalion, the third, behaved so well, being actively employed during the whole day.

Major Carleton, commanding the Artillery, to whose activity and zeal in getting his guns into action, I am much indebted.

Major Sir W. Russell, whose gallantry in leading the charge of the 7th Hussars, is deserving of my highest praise.

Major Vaughan, commanding 5th Punjab Rifles, who commanded his regiment to my entire satisfaction, who, supported by two companies of the Rifles, captured two guns, and whose name I inadvertently left out in my despatch from Barree on the 24th April last, when he was well deserving of mention.

Major Daly, to whom I am greatly indebted for his excellent conduct in the field, and for the good information he brought me.

To Captain Mackinnon, commanding troop Bengal Horse Artillery, and Captain Johnson, commanding battery Royal Artillery, I am also indebted for their excellent services.

Captains Bushe and Fraser, of the 7th Hussars, who commanded the two squadrons in the charge above mentioned, and whose gallantry in leading their men, was most conspicuous.

Major Seymour, commanding two squadrons 2nd Dragoon Guards, and Captains Aytoun and Stisted, 7th Hussars, all detached with guns, performed their duty much to my satisfaction.

Lieutenant Prendergast, commanding detachment Wale's Horse, also detached with guns, on this, as on all former occasions, proved himself an excellent and intelligent officer.

I beg to bring to his Excellency's notice, the efficient manner in which Captain the Honourable J. Fiennes, 7th Hussars, has conducted the duties of Major of Brigade of Cavalry in the Field. On this occasion he was most active and zealous, as also Cornet the Honourable W. Harbord, 7th Hussars, who was Colonel Hagart's Orderly Officer for the day.

Brigadier Horsford speaks in the highest terms of his Staff, viz.

Major Mallon, 75th Regiment, Major of Brigade, who had his horse killed under him, and Lieutenant Ramsbottom, Rifle Brigade, his Orderly Officer.

Lieutenant and Adjutant Baker, Hodson's Horse, is particularly mentioned by Major Daly, for his gallantry. Lieutenant Hill, commanding detachment of Mounted Police.

Lieutenant Mecham, Hodson's Horse, who was severely wounded in leading his squadron to the charge.

I beg also to mention the services of Lieutenant Percival, Bengal Artillery, second in command of Major Carleton's Battery.

Also Lieutenant Smart, Adjutant, Royal Artillery, and Lieutenant Strange, Quartermaster, Royal Artillery, and Lieutenant Wynn, commanding detachment of Engineers.

I beg also to bring to his Excellency's notice my personal and divisional Staff, viz. :—

Captain the Honourable A. Anson, 84th Regiment, Aide-de-Camp, who had his horse wounded.

Major Hamilton, 9th Lancers, Deputy Assistant-Adjutant General; Major Wolesey, Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General, from whom I have received great assistance on all occasions.

Dr. Fraser, Senior Surgeon, who deserves my approbation for his zeal and attention to the sick; Dr. Lynch, 7th Hussars, Division Surgeon; and Lieutenant Graham, Deputy Assistant-Commissary-General, a most active and intelligent officer, and whose name I inadvertently omitted to mention in my despatch from Barree, on the 24th April last.

I have to bring to notice the conduct of Private Same Shaw, of the 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade, who is recommended by his commanding officer for the Victoria Cross.

An armed rebel had been seen to enter a tope of trees; some officers and men ran into the tope in pursuit of him. This man was a Ghazee. Private Shaw drew his short sword and with that weapon rushed single-handed on the Ghazee. Shaw received a severe tulwar wound, but after a desperate struggle he killed the man.

I trust his Excellency will allow me to recommend this man for the Victoria Cross, and that he will approve of my having issued a Division Order stating that I have done so.

I would now report the good and gallant conduct of Resseldar Man Sing, and Jemadar Hussain Ali, both of Hodson's Horse: the former came to the assistance of Lieutenant Baker, and was severely wounded, the latter dismounted, and sword in hand, cut up some gunners who remained with their guns.

The return of guns captured (nine), I enclose.

From all the information which I can obtain, the enemy must have left between five and six hundred dead bodies on the field, and their wounded must have been very numerous.

My casualty return has already been forwarded.

In conclusion, I beg to point out, that the troops were under arms from 10 p.m. on the 12th until 9 a.m. on the 13th; during a most oppressive night they made a march of ten miles, and in the morning fought an action of three hours' duration. All officers and soldiers did their utmost, and their exertions deserve high praise.

I have, &c.

J. HOPE GRANT, Major-General,
Commanding Lucknow Field Force.

No. 40.

RETURN of Casualties of the Field Force under Command of Major-General Sir J. Hope Grant,
K.C.B., on the 13th of June, 1858, at Nowabgunge.

Camp, Nowabgunge, June 14, 1858.

Corps.	Killed.	Wounded.							Missing.		Remarks.				
		Serjeants and Havildars.	Trumpeters, Drummers, Rank & File, & Lascars.	Officers' Horses.	Troop Horses.	Captains.	Subalterns.	Staff.	Native Officers.	Serjeants and Havildars.		Trumpeters, Drummers, Rank & File, & Lascars.	Officers' Horses.	Troop Horses.	
<i>Artillery.</i> 2nd Tr. 3rd Brigade, B. H. A. Major Cartleton's Battery, B. A. Q. Battery Royal Artillery ...	* 1	* 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	* Died of sunstroke
	* 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	* Died of sunstroke
	...	* 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	* Died of sunstroke
	
	
<i>Cavalry.</i> 2nd Dragoon Gds. (Detacht.) 7th Q. O. Hussars ... 1st Seikh Irr. Cav. (Detacht.) 3rd do do ... Hodson's Horse ...	* 2	* 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	* Died of sunstroke
	* 2	* 7	...	...	6	1	1	1	...	15	1	19	...	1	* 1 Man since dead by sunstroke
	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	...	...
	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...
	...	3	1	10	...	2	...	...	2	2	17	1	19	...	
<i>Infantry.</i> 2nd Bat. Rifle Brigade 3rd do do ... Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	* Died of sunstroke
	...	* 1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	12	...	...	...	1	
	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	
	

J. HOPE GRANT, Major-General,
Commanding Lucknow Field Force.

No. 41.

LIST of Officers Wounded.

Brigade.	Rank and Name of Officers.	Regiment.	Remarks.
Cavalry	Captain C. C. Fraser	7th Queen's Own Husars	Severely wounded
Ditto	Lieutenant R. Topham	do	Slight contusion
Ditto	Cornet and Adjutant J. Mould	do	Slightly wounded
Ditto	Lieutenant Meekam	Hodson's Horse	Severely wounded
Ditto	Lieutenant the Hon. F. Fraser	do	Slightly wounded
Infantry	Lieutenant Hugh Lawton	2nd Battal. Rifle Brigade	Severely wounded

No. 42.

RETURN of Ordnance captured by the Field Force under the Command of Major-General Sir J. H. Grant, K.C.B., at Nowabgunge, on the 13th of June, 1858.

Camp Nowabgunge, June 14, 1858.

Description.	Remarks.
1 Brass 8-pounder 	On carriage complete
1 Brass 9-pounder 	do
1 Brass 9-pounder 	On carriage without limber
1 Brass 6-pounder 	do
1 Iron 6-pounder 	On carriage complete
1 Iron 6-pounder 	Carriage destroyed
	The whole of native manufacture
1 Iron 18-pounder 	Hooped guns on carriages
1 Iron 1-pounder 	do
1 Iron 6-pounder 	
The whole of the iron guns have been burst	

HENRY CARLETON, Major,
Commanding Artillery of the Field Force.

No. 43.

No. 243 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter, from the Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army No. 408A, dated the 9th June 1858, enclosing a despatch from Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., commanding Central India Field Force, reporting the details of an action with the rebel army under Tantia Topce near Jhansie, during the siege of that fortress.

The Governor-General cordially concurs with his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, in the unqualified approbation he has expressed of the conduct of the officers and men concerned in this action, and in his admiration of the brilliant charge made by Captain Need, at the head of a troop of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons.

No. 44.

The Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army, to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Camp Poora, June 9, 1858.

SIR, No. 408A.

I AM desired by the Commander-in-Chief to forward for submission to the Right Honorable the Governor-General, the enclosed copy* of a despatch, dated 30th April last (which has only now reached head-quarters), from Major-General Sir H. Rose, K.C.B., commanding Central India Field Force, reporting the details of an action fought on the 1st idem, with the rebel army under Tantia Topce, on the river Betwa near Jhansie.

2. The operations of the troops engaged upon this occasion, appear to his Excellency to have been conducted with the highest skill and vigour; and the behaviour of all concerned merits his unqualified satisfaction.

3. Sir Colin Campbell cannot, however, refrain from drawing his lordship's attention to the gallant and successful charge made by a troop of Her Majesty's 14th Light Dragoons, under Cap-

tain Need; and, indeed, to the services of all those especially named by the Major-General and Brigadier Stuart.

I have, &c.,

D. M. STEWART, Major,
Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 45.

Allahabad, July 1, 1858.

No. 244 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to publish the following despatch from Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., commanding Central India Field Force, bringing to notice the names of certain officers inadvertently omitted in his despatch, published in the General Orders of the Governor-General, No. 174, dated 31st May last, detailing the operations against, and the capture of, the fort and town of Jhansie.

No. 46.

Major-General Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., commanding Central India Field Force, to the Chief of the Staff.

Camp Soopowlie, June 14, 1858.

SIR,

IN my despatch, detailing the operations against, and the capture of, the fort and town of Jhansie, the names of several officers of the force under my command were inadvertently omitted, whose services I should have acknowledged; I have now the honor to request you to bring them to the notice of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

The name of Captain Abbott, commanding 3rd Hyderabad Cavalry, although mentioned more than once in the despatch, is omitted in the list of officers in command of corps. Captain Abbott, at the commencement of operations, was placed by me in command of the whole of the cavalry of the Hyderabad contingent, engaged in the investment of the fort and town.

* See London Gazette of Aug. 14, 1858.

The name of Captain Montrieu, commanding 24th Regiment Bombay Native Infantry, was also omitted in the same list.

Captain Scott, Military Paymaster, Captain Ashburner, Deputy Judge-Advocate-General, and Captain Gordon, Assistant Commissary-General to the force, have each, in their several departments, performed their duties to my entire satisfaction. To the two first, I have been indebted more than once for assistance volunteered in the field.

I have, &c.,

HUGH ROSE, Major-General,
Commanding Central India Field Force.

No. 47.

No. 245 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following despatch, from Brigadier Rowcroft, commanding Sarun Field Force, dated 12th June, 1858, submitting a report from Major Cox, Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, of a successful attack on a strong position of the enemy at Amorah, on the 9th inst.

No. 48.

Brigadier F. Rowcroft, commanding Sarun Field Force, to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp Bustee, June 12, 1858.

SIR,

No. 324.

I HAVE the honor to forward, enclosed, a report from Major Cox, Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, commanding a detachment sent out from the Field Force under my command, on the 30th ultimo, relative to his successful attack on the enemy's strong position at Amorah, on the 9th instant, for submission to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

2. On the 29th ultimo, I received from the commissioner, Mr. Wingfield, an urgent requisition for a strong detachment to proceed to Bansee, about 32 miles to the north of this; the late Nazim Mahomed Hoossen having suddenly arrived there, with a rebel force of some 3,000 or 4,000 men, and 6 guns, driving out the Bansee Rajah, who, with his family and adherents, fled to Sunnowlee, to a fort about 12 miles north of Bansee, in the jungle, where the Nazim followed him and besieged the fort. I immediately ordered a detachment as per margin,* half of my force, as much as I could venture to spare, with reference to the enemy lying in my front to the west and to the south, under the command of Major Cox, Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry to march the next morning, the 30th ultimo, at 2 o'clock for Bansee, the Commissioner accompanying the detachment, to make it in three marches, that the third into Bansee might be short, to enable the troops to arrive fresh for any work required of them in action. I divided my force with reluctance, but the case was urgent.

* One squadron Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, 10 officers and 93 rank and file; one squadron 6th Madras Cavalry, 3 officers and 90 rank and file; detachment 4th company 5th battalion Artillery, with one 9-pounder and one 24-pounder howitzer, one officer and 16 rank and file; detachment Naval Brigade with two 12-pounder mountain train howitzers and one 24-pounder rocket tube, 2 officers and 26 rank and file; detachment of Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, 8 officers and 203 rank and file; detachment Bengal Police Battalion, 1 native officer and 20 rank and file.

3. On the 31st ultimo, about 8 A.M., the Tehseeldar and Thannadar of Captaingunge, with some 200 irregular matchlock-men, hurried into Bustee, reporting that about 600 sepoys and other rebels, with 2 guns, had advanced on Captaingunge, 12 miles to the west of this, from Amorah, and that a greater force was coming on behind. To prevent the rebels holding on at Captaingunge, and having time to increase their numbers, and probably attack me here, I immediately ordered the headquarters of the field force, with the two remaining 12-pounder howitzers of the Naval Brigade, to march for Captaingunge, at 7 o'clock the same evening, so as to arrive there about 11 o'clock, and have a few hours' rest before attacking the enemy at daybreak, the cavalry to push on at 4 P.M., under Captain Clerk, 4th Madras Cavalry, to be at Captaingunge before dark, for information, and to keep the enemy in check. All baggage, stores, ammunition, and tents were ordered to be collected at 5 P.M. in the hospital compound, for I could barely spare 50 men as a guard to remain behind for their protection.

4. The enemy probably heard of our preparations to advance on them, for about 6 P.M. I received reports that the rebels had retreated in the middle of the day, having plundered the place, burnt down the lines of the irregulars and the bazaar, and trying to burn the gateway of the brick tessel, a stronghold for treasure, and calculated to hold about 150 or 200 men. The order for the march of the troops was countermanded, and the camps re-pitched, and orders sent out to the cavalry to push on at daybreak, four or five miles beyond Captaingunge, to see the enemy well cleared off, and then return to Bustee.

5. Major Cox's detachment reached Bansee on the 1st instant, and, as they approached the place, the Nazim getting information of it, he immediately gave up the siege of the Rajah's fort, retired a few miles towards Bansee, and made a precipitate retreat with his force towards the north-west. The Bansee Rajah returned the same evening. Major Cox pursued for two marches towards Doomuriagunge, by the south bank of the river Raptee, and the Bansee Rajah was to move and co-operate on the north side, but his aid was not very great or efficient. They came up with the enemy's rear guard, and ten of them were cut up by a party of cavalry, Bengal yeomanry, and 6th Madras Light Cavalry, sent out under Lieutenant Percival, Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry.

6. The detachment then moved, turning down towards the south-west, by the Bahnpore Thanna road, to Hurryah, about six miles west of Captaingunge, where they arrived on the 8th instant, and were reinforced by 90 rank and file, Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, 20 Royal Marines, and 40 Madras Light Cavalry, which I had sent on to Captaingunge to hold that post, and placing them at the disposal of Major Cox, if he called them up for an attack of the enemy at Amorah, which was successfully carried into effect on the 9th instant, as detailed in Major Cox's report.

7. I beg to express my best thanks to Major Cox, and my full satisfaction with the careful manner my instructions were carried out, and for the judgment and ability shown by Major Cox, in carrying out so successfully the service confided to him.

8. The officers and troops of all arms went through their fatigues at this hot and most trying season of the year, with their usual cheerfulness and readiness.

9. I beg to offer my best and cordial thanks to Mr. Wingfield, the Commissioner, for his valuable assistance to Major Cox, and for the daily information he communicated to me, and the Deputy

Magistrate, Shekh Kairoodeen, who accompanied the Commissioner, and afforded all the active aid in his power.

10. I beg to recommend to the most favourable notice of his Excellency, Sir Colin Campbell, all engaged in the operations herein detailed.

11. The Nazim Mahomed Hoossen is reported to-day to be at Sirocampore, about six miles north of Amorah.

12. Brigadier-General Sir E. Lugard not having yet assumed command of the Dinapore division, I beg to forward this despatch direct to army head-quarters.

I have, &c.,

F. ROWCROFT, Brigadier,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 49.

Major J. W. Cox, commanding Detachment, to the Brigade-Major, Sarun Field Force.

Camp Henyah, June 9, 1858.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of Brigadier Rowcroft, that the force under my command attacked and drove the enemy from two strong positions at Amora this morning.

From the information I received, it appeared that in number about 1,000, almost all rebel sepoys, occupied the Ranee's house and adjacent buildings at Amorah, round which an earthwork had been constructed. Here they had the principal part of their force with 2 guns; they also occupied our old fortifications on the Bustee road, which they had repaired and improved; here also they had 2 guns, so placed as to command the approach and sweep the bridge about 700 yards distant.

From having been for some time encamped in the neighbourhood, I was aware of the difficulties of a direct attack, especially on the Ranee's house, as the usual road to that place passes close to an extensive bamboo jungle. I therefore made arrangements to attack them from another direction, and during the night had a putte constructed, which, crossing the river Ramburka at a ford, would bring us to Amorah by the Gaighat road.

Having struck the tents and packed the baggage, I left them on the ground under a sufficient guard, and marched by this route at 2½ A.M., with

250 of the 13th Light Infantry, 85 of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, and 6th Madras Cavalry, under Captain Vine, 6th Madras Cavalry, and 2 Foot Artillery guns, and sent Major Richardson on the direct road with the remainder of the cavalry, 88 in number, two 12-pounder howitzers of the Naval Bridge, and 55 infantry, with instructions to consider his as a false attack, not to pass the river, while the fort was occupied by the enemy, but to open fire on it from his side of the bridge.

The party under Major Richardson came in contact with some of the enemy's picquets, who were strongly posted along the edge of a nullah; this delayed his advance, and obliged him to take up a position to keep them in check; meanwhile, the column under my command, coming unexpectedly on the enemy's flank and rear, quickly drove him out of his position near the Ranee's house.

I pursued him with infantry skirmishers, and the fire of Lieutenant Welch's guns, and sent the cavalry after them round the jungle, while I cleared it with a company of the 13th Light Infantry, in extended order, and pushed the column through the village towards our old fortification.

Such, however, was the consternation caused by the simultaneous advance of our two columns, that they also speedily evacuated this strong post, and made a most hurried retreat towards Belwah. As soon as I found the fort was evacuated, I again sent the squadron under Captain Vine in pursuit; the sepoys, however, broke up into several small bodies, which made for different villages, so that although the pursuit was continued for four miles and Captain Vine charged whenever an opportunity offered, he was only able here to cut off 15 or 20 sepoys, the number of the enemy found killed on the ground during the day being 30 or 40 men.

The positions being both completely carried, and the enemy in full flight, I returned to Hurrial, with most of the force, leaving the Madras Cavalry, and one troop of the Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry, to cover the destruction of the houses, &c., recently occupied by the enemy. The infantry and artillery were back in camp before 8.30 A.M., having marched fourteen miles, and been upwards of an hour in action. I beg to enclose a list of our casualties on this occasion.

I have, &c.

F. ROWCROFT, Brigadier,
Commanding Detachment.

No. 50.

RETURN of Casualties in the Field Force under Command of Major Cox, Her Majesty's 13th Light Infantry, in the Engagement at Amorah.

June 9, 1858.

Corps.	Rank and Names.	Nature of Casualties.	Remarks.
Bengal Yeomanry Cavalry	Lieut. A. R. J. Ellis	Severely wounded, sword cut on right arm	5 horses wounded, and one missing
	Trooper H. Scott	Severely wounded, sword cut of left leg	
6th Regt. Madras Light Infantry	Trooper Furreed Khan	Slightly wounded, sword cut of right leg	5 horses wounded
	Trooper Sied Kurree-modeen	Contusion of the back from blow of a musket	
District Police	One Burkundaze	Killed	

GENERAL ABSTRACT.

	Officers.	Men.	Horses.
Killed	None	One	None
Wounded	One	Three	Ten
Missing	None	None	One

J. W. COX, Major, Commanding Detachment.

No. 51.

Allahabad, July 3, 1858.

No. 250 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following despatch from Brigadier-General R. Walpole, C.B., commanding the Rohilcund Division, forwarding a communication from Brigadier Coke, C.B., reporting the movements of the rebels in the Budaon District, and of the measures adopted by him to intercept them.

No. 52.

Brigadier-General R. Walpole C.B., Commanding the Rohilcund Division, to the Chief of the Staff.

Bareilly, June 6, 1858.

SIR,

No. 32.

WITH reference to my communication, acquainting you, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, that the Tantia Rao, or some other rajah, had crossed the Ganges from the Doab near Oosaith, and transmitting copy of letter from Mr. Alexander, upon this subject, and copy of instructions to Brigadier Coke, directing him, in consequence, to proceed to the Budaon district, instead of to Phillebheet; I have the honor herewith to transmit copy of communication from Brigadier Coke respecting his march.

It appears from information received, that the rebel force left the neighbourhood of Jatee, on the 31st ultimo.

I have sent the left wing 42nd Highlanders, squadron of carabineers, and Lieutenant Caddell's heavy field battery to Budaon, all under Lieutenant-Colonel Wilkinson, from whence they will proceed to Moradabad, under Brigadier Coke; and I have instructed Brigadier Coke to leave at Budaon, the Seikh Irregular Infantry, and detachment 17th Irregular Cavalry.

I directed Major Cary, Deputy Assistant-Quartermaster-General, to accompany the troops under Lieutenant-Colonel Wilkinson, as far as Budaon.

I have been in communication with Lieutenant Chesney, Engineers, at Moradabad, and I am in hopes, that cover for the European part of Brigadier Coke's force, will be ready by the time he arrives at that station. The hospital accommodation was to have been completed about the 10th.

The rebels who were at Islamnugger, have been defeated by the troops of the Nawab of Rampoor, and their guns taken. It is stated, that they are now dispersed.

I have, &c.,

R. WALPOLE, Brigadier-General,
Commanding Rohilcund Division.

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No. 53.

Brigadier John Coke, C.B., Commanding Infantry Brigade, to the Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General, Rohilcund Division.

Camp, Oosaith, June 4, 1858.

SIR,

No. 82.

IN continuation of my letter, No. 79, dated Shahjehanpore, 31st May, I have the honor to report, for the information of the Major-General commanding, my arrival at this place.

2. On reaching Burrie Mathana, on the 1st of June, I received intelligence that the rebels were in the jungle, on the banks of the Ramgunga, in the vicinity of Kundurria Ghat. On my approaching the Ramgunga, this was confirmed by the report of a traveller, who said he had seen their force on the 1st of June in the forest. I sent off intelligence to Captain Beville, commanding at Jeellalabad, to which place he had marched with a wing of the Belooch regiment and 2 guns from Shahjehanpore, on the night of the 31st May. I received his reply after crossing the Ramgunga, to the effect that, shortly after his arrival at Jeellalabad, on the 1st of June, the rebels had crossed the Ramgunga, near the fort of Jeellalabad, and had passed in considerable force, with a number of elephants, about three miles south of the fort, and were proceeding towards Palee. Captain Beville's guns drawn by bullocks, having marched twenty miles that night, were not in a condition to move, and, as he had only a wing of his regiment and no cavalry, of which the enemy had a considerable number, he could not leave the fort in pursuit of them. Captain Beville, with a few horsemen, followed the enemy, to ascertain which road they took, and found that they were making for Palee.

3. Yesterday, on my way towards Budaon, I received intelligence, that more of the rebels were passing the Ganges near Soorujpore, on which I moved down from Myaon to this place, and found that the enemy had not crossed. It is stated that there are considerable numbers of them on the other side of the Ganges about Eta.

4. I have this day halted here to rest the men and cattle, the long marches having knocked up the latter. I have sent out the cavalry, about eight miles towards Soorujpore on the banks of the Ganges, to obtain, if possible, correct information regarding the rebels. Should they not be in that vicinity, I shall march to-morrow to "Kukrala," and the next day, 6th instant, to Budaon.

I have, &c.

JOHN COKE, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Infantry Brigade.

No. 54.

No. 251 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Resident at Hyderabad, No. 85, dated the 9th ultimo, forwarding copies of despatches from Major J. E. Hughes, reporting his successful operations in the re-capture of the fort of Copal, which had been seized by a body of rebels under Beem Row Dessaye.

No. 55.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Davidson, Resident at Hyderabad, to Colonel Birch, C.B., Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

Hyderabad Residency, June 9, 1858.

SIR,

No. 85.

I HAVE the honor to transmit, for the information of the Right Honorable the Governor-General of India, the despatches noted in the margin,* relative to the re-capture of the fort of Copal, seized by Beem Row Dessaye, with a body of rebels from the Zillah of Dharwar, in the southern Mahratta country.

I have, &c.

C. DAVIDSON,
Resident.

No. 56.

J. E. Hughes, Major, Commanding Field Force, to the Military Secretary, Residency Hyderabad.

SIR,

Camp, Copal, June 1, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to report to you, for the information of the Resident, that I was ordered on the 28th of May, 1858, to proceed with a field force from Bellary against rebel Beem Row and his followers in your territories. Hearing that they had surrounded Copal, I immediately marched to that place from Hospet, which I reached at break of day yesterday, and halted close to the fort unperceived by the enemy, by taking a circuitous route; and, having ascertained for certain that the fort was held by Beem Row and the rebels, I proceeded to surround as much of the fort as I was enabled with the infantry and Mysore Horse, on which the rebels opened fire on us, and have continued doing so up to the present time, which is occasionally returned by the infantry. The fort appears to be excessively strong with a lofty citadel, and I am therefore awaiting the arrival of the artillery, which I sent round by a route different to the one by which I came, escorted by a sub-division of the 47th Regiment Native Infantry. The rebels appear to have only 3 guns from which they can fire. I am informed by Tehsildar Bodun Khan, who was not in the fort when they seized it, that Beem Row's followers amount to about 400.

A small force from Lingsoogoor under the command of Lieutenant Pedler, has just arrived in camp. The fort I have entirely surrounded, and am now commencing to take it. My artillery has also arrived.

I have, &c.

J. E. HUGHES, Major,
Commanding Field Force.

No. 57.

J. E. Hughes, Major, to the Military Secretary, Residency Hyderabad.

SIR,

Camp Copal, June 1, 1858.

I HAVE the honor to report, for the information of the Resident that I arrived at Copal on the 30th May, 1858, as reported in my letter, dated 31st May, 1858. On the following morning, at four o'clock, a small force under the command of Lieutenant Pedler, accompanied by Lieutenant Taylor, Deputy Commissioner, arrived in camp, when I despatched a letter to Beem Row, recommending him to allow all the villagers and families of Copal to evacuate the town, and that three hours would be allowed for that purpose, at the expiration of which time, having received no reply, my guns were placed in position, and action commenced by shelling, and endeavouring to make a breach. I had previously disposed of the infantry and cavalry of Lingsoogoor, to strengthen my chain of picquets and sentries. At twelve o'clock noon, as I was preparing a portion of the 74th Highlanders, under Captain Menzies, and a company of the 47th Regiment Native Infantry, under Captain Rutherford, to storm the lower forts, signals were shown from the Pettah that the rebels were retreating to the citadel. The storming party immediately rushed forward, and entered the fort by the breach (that was partly made) and gateway, which was opened by the townsmen, and pursued and attacked the rebels, following them up towards the citadel, till the passage of the storming party was stopped by a strong gate. Up to this time about 100 of the rebels had fallen, including the chief Beem Row, and Keuchema Gowd. During this time, I brought round the 2 guns, under Lieutenant Gloag, to a point below the citadel, to cut off the retreat of the rebels, and prevent their gaining the uppermost bastions. Shortly after this, a message was sent to me, from Captains Menzies and Rutherford, to send up powder and a bag, to blow open the gate. When proceeding to join them with the powder, the rebels who had gained the inside of the gate, offered to surrender, and by three o'clock we had gained entire possession of the fort and town, and have taken, up to the present time, 150 prisoners. The 74th Highlanders and 47th Regiment Native Infantry, vied with each other in the pursuit. A portion of the rebels attempted to escape to the right of the fort by a breach, but were driven back by a sub-division of the Hyderabad Contingent. Their escape was entirely cut off. I had guarded every point; the chain of cavalry picquets and sentries completely surrounded the fort and range of hills at the back, for a distance of about seven miles. The infantry I had placed on the left of the fort and Pettah, advanced after the storming party had entered the breach. Had it not been for the great assistance rendered to me by every officer and man, I never could have accomplished what has been effected, namely, the complete annihilation of Beem Row and his followers; a few may have escaped, but I have as yet heard of none. I am happy to add that, in the attack, only one serjeant, six privates of Her Majesty's 74th Highlanders, and a duffadar of the Mysore Horse were wounded, a return of which I beg leave to enclose; none were killed. I have been unable to ascertain by whose hand Beem Row fell, on whose head a Government reward of 5,000 rupees was placed; he fell between gateways amongst others, and, being so hotly pursued by the infantry, I am informed by the officers, who were present that it was impossible to discover who actually shot him, so many muskets being levelled at the time,

* 1. From Major Hughes, commanding Field Force, to the Military Secretary, dated June 1, 1858. 2. From Major Hughes, commanding Field Force, to the Military Secretary, dated June 2, 1858. 3. From Major Hughes, commanding Field Force, to the Military Secretary, dated June 4, 1858. 4. From the Military Secretary to Major Hughes, No. 568, dated June 5, 1858.

Great assistance has been rendered to me by Lieutenant Taylor, Deputy Commissioner, Raichore Doab.

I have, &c.,
J. E. HUGHES, Major,
Commanding Field Force.

No. 58.

J. E. Hughes, Major, Commanding Field Force, to the Military Secretary, Hyderabad Residency.

SIR, *Camp Copal, June 4, 1858.*

I HAVE the honor to report to you, for the information of the Resident, that 77 prisoners, rebels in arms against Government, have been, by sentence of a General Court-Martial, executed, and that I have 100 more under trial.

2. Having received information from Mr. Collett, the Assistant Collector of Bellary, of yesterday's date, stating that Nurgound is in our possession, and the chief supposed to have fled towards Copal, pursued by Colonel Malcolm; in consequence of this, I have disposed 4 ressalahs of the Mysore Horse, 2 of which to Kookunoor, and 2 to Yelburgah, and I have also sent out spies in other directions. All perfectly quiet round Copal.

I have, &c.
J. E. HUGHES, Major,
Commanding Field Force.

No. 59.

The Military Secretary, Resident at Hyderabad, to Major Hughes, Commanding Moveable Column, Copauldroog, Hyderabad Residency.

June 5, 1858.

SIR, No. 568.

THE Resident has learnt the re-capture of the fortress of Copauldroog, by the troops under your command, and has directed me to convey his thanks for the rapidity of your advance, and the opportune important assistance you have thus afforded.

2. He begs me also to congratulate you, and the officers and men under your command, on the successful storm of the fortress, and the gallantry of their conduct.

I have, &c.
S. C. BRIGGS, Major,
Military Secretary.

No. 60.

Allahabad, July 6, 1858.

No. 254 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following despatch from Brigadier Sir T. Seaton, K.C.B., commanding Futtehgurh District, No. 655 dated June 4, 1858, forwarding reports from Colonel Riddell, commanding Mynpoorie Moveable Column, detailing his operations in the Etawah District.

No. 61.

Brigadier Sir T. Seaton, K.C.B., commanding Futtehgurh District, to Major H. W. Norman, Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Fort Futtehgurh, June 4, 1858.

SIR, No. 655.

I HAVE the honor to forward, for submission to his Excellency the Commander-in-chief, the

accompanying reports from Colonel Riddell, Commanding the Mynpoorie Moveable Column, detailing his operations in the Etawah district, for securing boats for the use of Sir Hugh Rose's force.

All seems to have been managed with great prudence and judgment, and I would beg to bring to the particular notice of his Excellency, Lieutenant Sheriff's account of his expedition by water to collect and bring down the boats.

I have, &c.,
T. SEATON, Brigadier,
Commanding Futtehgurh District.

No. 62.

Colonel Wm. Riddell, Commanding Mynpoorie Moveable Column, to the Major of Brigade, Futtehgurh.

Camp Oreyah, May 30, 1858.

SIR, No. 44.

I HAVE the honor to forward herewith a report, dated 29th instant (with three enclosures from Captain and Brevet-Major C. E. Walcott, Royal Artillery, Captain A. Pond, 3rd European Regiment, and Lieutenant W. Sherriff, of the 2nd Punjaub Infantry), to the address of Brigadier Sir T. Seaton, K.C.B., commanding the Futtehgurh district, detailing the services of the Mynpoorie Moveable Column, in the Etawah district, from the 9th to the 28th instant, which I beg may be submitted to the Brigadier with my request that, should he deem the services performed to be of sufficient importance, he will do me the favor of transmitting the papers for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-chief and of Government.

I have, &c.,
WM. RIDDELL, Colonel,
Commanding Mynpoorie Moveable Column.

No. 63.

Colonel W. Riddell, Commanding Mynpoorie Moveable Column, to Brigadier Sir T. Seaton, K.C.B., Commanding the Futtehgurh District.

Camp Oreyah, May 29, 1858.

SIR,

YOUR instructions, dated Futtehgurh, the 7th instant, directing me to march to Oreyah, collect the boats on the Jumna, and construct a bridge at Sheregurh Ghaut, for the purpose of taking ammunition, &c., across to the Central India Field Force, under Sir Hugh Rose, K.C.B., having reached me at Etawah on the forenoon of the 8th instant, and a reinforcement of 100 recruits of the 3rd Bengal European Regiment, having joined the Mynpoorie Moveable Column the same morning, I at once placed myself in communication with Mr. Hume, the collector, and made arrangements for an immediate move.

2. On the morning of the 9th instant, my force as detailed in the margin,* marched to Bukewar, where I was joined by the collector with the civil establishments, &c., a portion of the Etawah Yeomanry Levies, consisting of 200 horse, 150 foot, and 4 guns (one a 12-pounder carronade, and the rest small pieces, of native manufacture, carrying about a 3-pound ball).

3. In the course of the day, I ascertained that the band of insurgents, who, for some days past,

* Two 9-pounder guns, with detail of No. 7 Company, 14th Battalion, No. 4 Field Battery, Royal Artillery, 44 men; Head-quarters 5 Companies 3rd European Regiment, 444 men; detachment of the 2nd Punjaub Infantry, 117 men; Alexander's Horse, 217 sabres,

had been in possession at Anuntram (a village six miles in advance of my present camp), had entirely broken up, and retired in different directions, principally towards Oreyah and Aianah, a small fort belonging to Roop Sing, a noted rebel and one of their leaders. I accordingly decided on halting here for a day or two, until arrangements could be completed for floating down the boats.

4. To assist Mr. Hume, and conduct the river part of the expedition, I detached the following morning (10th instant), Lieutenant J. P. Sherriff with his Seiks, and the Etawah Local Troops and two small guns to the village of Naugaon, at which point it was proposed to collect the boats from Etawah downwards.

5. On the 12th instant Major Macpherson, Resident at Gwalior, reached my camp, *en route* to join Sir R. Hamilton at Calpee, and next morning the force marched to Ajeetmul, and Lieutenant W. Sherriff having reported all to be ready for an onward movement, the following morning (14th instant), I again marched to Nowadah, a village in the immediate vicinity of the little fort of Aianah, for the twofold purpose of reconnoitring and covering the passage of the boats.

6. On approaching our halting ground, I directed Lieutenant W. H. Furnell to make a detour to our right, with a squadron of Alexander's Horse, and ascertain the nature of the ground about Aianah, now in full view and not above a mile and-a-half off. As he neared the village, the rebels showed in considerable numbers, and opened a brisk fire on him, but without doing any mischief, whereupon he rejoined the force, and our camp was immediately formed.

7. The heat during the forenoon and throughout the day was most intense and extremely trying, and several cases of sun-stroke occurred; one of them, Lieutenant and Adjutant R. Thompson, of the 3rd European Regiment, terminated fatally after three hours' illness. Before midday, I heard that the rebels had evacuated Aianah, and in the evening I sent Captain A. Pond, with 100 men of the 3rd European Regiment, to take possession of the place and adopt measures for its destruction. Major C. E. Walcott, Royal Artillery, accompanied the party, and afforded his valuable aid in driving two mines under the Zemindar's house, and under one of the bastions. This party returned next morning, having accomplished the object desired, and destroyed the village and fort of the insurgents.

8. Information having again reached me from Lieutenant W. Sherriff, that the river expedition was successfully progressing, I resumed my march on the morning of the 16th instant, reaching Oreyah by sunrise. The accounts given me by the local authorities and townspeople about the rebel bands, who have now so long been infesting this locality, were most vague and unsatisfactory, tending, however, to lead me to believe, that they had all gone across the river; but, doubting the truth of their statements, and hearing that a few armed men had been seen by our advance guard lurking about the encamping ground just before we came up, I sent off Lieutenant W. H. Furnell, with a party of Alexander's Horse, to feel his way in the direction of the river, whilst our camp was being pitched. As he approached some broken ground about half a mile to our right front, and in the immediate vicinity of the village of Rampoor, the rebels showed themselves by firing on his party, and shortly afterwards they advanced in greater numbers with a few horsemen from the cover of some topes, creeping along over the broken ground. Lieutenant W. H. Furnell then withdrew his sowers, and I ordered the force to get under arms.

9. As the enemy appeared to grow somewhat bolder, I sent forward Major C. E. Walcott, with his two 9-pounder Royal Artillery guns, and two companies of the 3rd European Regiment under Captain A. Pond, with a squadron of Alexander's Horse, to drive them back, and act as circumstances might require; and I herewith append the reports of these officers, showing how ably and judiciously these orders were carried out. I regret having to record, that it was during this part of the operations that Lieutenant W. H. Furnell, in command of Alexander's Horse was very dangerously wounded by a sepoy, who fired at him from a few yards' distance, whilst gallantly charging a small knot of infantry, well ahead of his men; and Lieutenant H. Chapman, doing duty with Alexander's Horse, who accompanied Lieutenant W. H. Furnell in this charge, had his horse severely wounded in two places by musket shots. I subsequently threw forward a third company of Europeans, to occupy the village in our front, on ascertaining that Major E. C. Walcott and Captain A. Pond had succeeded in driving the enemy across the river, which they had fully effected by 1 P.M.

10. In the meantime, I received a communication from Major the Honorable T. Bourke, Her Majesty's 88th Regiment, in command of a detachment from Colonel Maxwell's column, informing me of his being within a short march of Oreyah, and soon afterwards Lieutenant Angelo reached my camp with his Towana Horse, having been sent over by Major the Honorable T. Bourke on hearing our guns open. I immediately sent word to Major the Honorable T. Bourke, requesting him to move up to Oreyah in the cool of the evening, and at 5 P.M., I changed my camp close down to the river's bank, so as to secure complete possession of the Sheregurh Ghaut. Major the Honorable T. Bourke reached Oreyah soon after dusk, and formed his camp between Oreyah and the village of Rampoor, which stands on the verge of the ravines.

11. The enemy took up a position on the opposite bank of the river about 1,200 yards distant, in a village and a small tope of trees, planting their three small guns in the ruins of a small bungalow, from which they kept up a random fire at intervals, until the afternoon of the 17th instant, when they suddenly withdrew their guns, and retired some two miles on the village and fort of Bhudeh.

12. On the evening of the 17th instant, Lieutenant J. P. Sherriff reached the ghaut with his fleet of boats, and I herewith forward his report of the river portion of the expedition, and to which I beg to call particular attention, as I consider the manner in which this duty has been performed reflects the highest credit on all engaged in it.

13. Deeming it advisable to destroy the village of Sheregurh, and a number of huts erected by the rebels on the opposite bank as a sort of standing camp, I sent over the Seiks and 100 of Mr. Hume's Levies, under Lieutenant W. Sherriff, on the morning of the 18th instant, supported by a party of 100 Europeans, under Lieutenant H. B. Blake, to effect this object, which was completely carried out, notwithstanding that the rebels assembled in considerable force, and brought out two of their guns from the Ghurree of Bhudeh. Having taken up a position on the high cliff on this bank of the river, I watched the whole operation; and on observing that the rebels were advancing in great numbers, and gradually drawing round our detachment, I sounded the recall, on which Lieutenant Sherriff withdrew his men slowly, and with the greatest regularity, and the party re-embarked and returned to this bank. We had one European

Sergeant (Serjeant-Major Edmonds, of the Etawah Local Artillery), one sepoy, and a regimental bheestie, slightly wounded.

14. On this occasion, I calculated that the rebels mustered at least from 1,000 to 1,200 footmen, many of them armed and accoutred as sepoys, about 100 cavalry and horsemen, and two guns; and as far as I can ascertain, were under the direction of Lallpoorie Gosain, an adherent of the Nana, aided by the Chief of Bhudeh, and Roop Sing of Aianah; they took up their former position immediately opposite to us, but the greater part of their force returned again to Bhudeh, on finding we had no intention of making any further movement on their side of the river. Nevertheless, they recommenced firing at intervals from their guns, and to take random shots with their rifles, and large heavy matchlocks, without the slightest injury to us.

15. On the 20th instant, I ordered Major the Honorable T. Bourke to rejoin Colonel Maxwell, C.B., now before Calpee on this side of the river, the latter officer having written to me urgently, requesting that the detachment might be allowed to return, their services being greatly needed to work his mortar batteries, &c.

16. Thus matters continued till the forenoon of the 24th, when suddenly the enemy again withdrew their guns, and entirely disappeared, there not being apparently a scout left as a look out. This somewhat unexpected movement was, however, fully explained by the receipt, that evening, of the intelligence of the occupation of Calpee, by Sir Hugh Rose, on the preceding day, an event of which they no doubt got intimation some hours earlier.

17. Sir Hugh Rose's instructions for the disposal of the boats having reached me through Colonel Maxwell, C.B., on the morning of the 28th, I immediately entered into communication with Mr. Hume, and arrangements were at once made for their being sent down to Calpee, under charge of the local police. The boats left Sheregurh Ghaut the same afternoon, and this morning I formed my camp in the vicinity of Oreyah.

18. Having thus completed the special duty entrusted to me, I have only to record my entire satisfaction with the conduct of all the troops composing my force. Their cheerful endurance of the fatigues and exposures to which they have been necessarily subjected has never flagged, and every officer and soldier has vied one with another in the performance of the trying duties which the nature of the service called for.

19. I would beg particularly to call attention to the services of Captain and Brevet-Major C. E. Walcott, commanding detail of Royal Artillery; to Captain A. Pond, 3rd European Regiment; to Lieutenant J. P. Sherrieff, in command of detachment of 2nd Punjaub Infantry, and Lieutenant W. H. Furnell, of Alexander's Horse, who succeeded to the command of that corps on the departure of Captain W. R. E. Alexander, on Medical Certificate. Captain Pond is a first-rate officer, and, being my second in command in the 3rd European Regiment, and the only officer with the force above the rank of subaltern, except Captain and Brevet-Major Walcott, his services have been most onerous, and I beg to recommend his services to favorable notice. Lieutenant C. F. Sharpe, of the 72nd Regiment Native Infantry, and Acting-Quartermaster of the 3rd European Regiment, has acted throughout as my Detachment Staff and Orderly Officer, and has proved himself an efficient Staff Officer.

20. The services of Surgeon A. W. Crozier, F.R.C.S., of the 3rd European Regiment, and Senior Medical Officer of the force, have been most

valuable, and, owing to his unremitting attention to the sick, no less than to his judicious sanitary precautions, I attribute in a great measure the almost perfect immunity from sickness, which we have been mercifully permitted to enjoy during the last two months.

21. In conclusion, I have now only to record my sense of the assistance I have at all times received from Mr. Hume, whose local experience and complete knowledge of the district of which he is the Magistrate and the Collector, has been of the greatest service to me.

I have, &c.,

WM. RIDDELL, Colonel,
Commanding Mynpoorie Moveable Column.

No. 64.

Major C. E. Walcott, Royal Artillery, to Colonel Riddell, 3rd European Regiment, Commanding Mynpoorie Moveable Column.

SIR, *Sheregurh Ghaut, May 17, 1858.*

IN obedience to your orders on the morning of the 16th instant, in consequence of the enemy showing themselves in force, about three quarters of a mile from our camp, and engaging a party of Alexander's Horse, who had been sent to reconnoitre, I advanced with my two guns, supported by a party of the 3rd European Regiment under Captain Pond. I opened on the enemy at about 600 yards, and drove them into the village (they had only one small gun, a 3-pounder), and then went to support Lieutenant Furnell and his cavalry, who were engaged on my left, where it was now evident the chief part of the enemy were having the ravines to retire through.

Captain Pond extended his men in skirmishing order, and, after a few rounds from my guns, the enemy retreated, Captain Pond following; and I advanced with my two guns along the high ground on my right, with a few Europeans for my support; this brought me in the road in rear of the village, which Lieutenant Wimberley, whom I had sent with a few men, found clear of the enemy.

I advanced along the road, passed a ditch and strong parapet across it, and approached a second village which the enemy evacuated on our approach. They had evidently intended defending this position, as there was a strong parapet completely commanding the road. Captain Pond here rejoined me, and we determined to drive the enemy across the river, and obtain possession of the ghaut.

Another company having arrived, that I had requested you to send me, and not liking to take my guns into the unknown ravines. I left them and the company to hold the village, and proceeded, with Captain Pond and the original company, towards the ghaut.

The heights were crowned by parties on each side, and we advanced down the road; the enemy fled, and, when we arrived at the ghaut, we found them crossing in great confusion. A few horses and some baggage were captured at the water's edge.

Captain Pond returned to report our success. The enemy numbered some 500 or 600, chiefly sepoys; 25 or 30 were found killed.

I regret to say Lieutenant Furnell, of Alexander's Horse, was dangerously wounded. I particularly noticed his gallantry in charging, with Lieutenant Chapman and one sowar, a body of 80 or 90 of the enemy. Captain Pond's coolness and judgment was conspicuous.

No casualties in the Royal Artillery.

I have, &c.,

C. E. WALCOTT, Major,
Royal Artillery.

No. 65.

Captain A. Pond, 3rd European Regiment, to Colonel Riddell, Commanding 3rd European Regiment, and Mynpoorie Moveable Column.

SIR, *Camp, Sheregurh Ghaut, May 17, 1858.*

I HAVE the honor to report that, agreeably to instructions received from you on the morning of the 16th, I proceeded in command of two companies, accompanying two guns, Royal Artillery, under Major Walcott.

As soon as the guns came into action, I sent Lieutenant E. B. Wimberley with a party to skirmish through the ravines, and feel his way in advance of the guns on the right of the road, while I took another party down the ravines on the left of the road, and threw out a party of twenty-five men, principally Enfield riflemen, under Lieutenant Hood, still further on my left, to prevent the rebels from turning our left flank: thus we advanced, driving the enemy through and out of the ravines, past the first two villages, and took possession of the last village, "Descullee," standing on a height in the midst of the ravines, and where the enemy had evidently intended making a stand, as we found they had thrown up an entrenchment, planted a stockade, and cut a trench across the road.

At this point, whence the road winds down at a rapid slope towards the ghaut, Major Walcott halted the guns, and another company of the 3rd moved up in support; a strong picquet was left in the village, to command the ravines and guard the guns, and the remainder pushed on in pursuit.

I detailed parties on either height of the road to skirmish down to the ghaut, while Major Walcott and myself with the main party, advanced down the road to the water's edge. On coming within sight of the river, we saw the enemy, to the number of 600, crossing with the greatest precipitancy, leaving a quantity of their baggage and several of their horses on this side the river, while the enemy fired upon us from a village on the other side of the river.

We took possession of the ghaut, and placed a picquet well under cover and commanding the ghaut: by one o'clock P.M., we were complete masters of the position.

The heat throughout the day, and especially in the ravines, was very great, and I regret to say several men fell down with sun-stroke, but the men bore up manfully and behaved admirably. A number of the enemy were killed in different parts of the ravines; it is impossible to calculate the number with any accuracy; but, from my own observations, and that of others who were skirmishing in the ravines, it may be set down at twenty-five or thirty killed, several of them sepoys.

I have, &c.,

A. POND, Captain,
3rd European Regiment.

No. 66.

Lieutenant J. P. Sherriff, in command of the Jumna Expedition, to Colonel Riddell, Commanding Mynpoorie Moveable Column.

SIR, *Camp, Sheregurh, May 18, 1858.*

ON the evening of the 9th May, when at Buke-war, I was directed to proceed with a force, as per margin,* to support the magistrate of Etawah, in collecting boats for a bridge to be made at Sheregurh Ghaut, and in conveying them thither.

* 110 2nd Punjaub Infantry; 50 Alexander's Horse; 150 Etawah Local Horse; 150 Etawah Local Infantry; two 3-pounder guns, Etawah Local Battery.

2. On the morning of the 10th, I marched to Nundgaon, which was evacuated by the rebel Rajah Nirunjun Sing, on our approach; only one shot was fired at us. We took here a quantity of native ammunition, and one very large wall piece.

3. On the 11th, with Messrs. Hume and Macnochie, and thirty riflemen, I proceeded to the Koondurea Ghaut, and, though the enemy fired pretty smartly on us at first, succeeded in raising and bringing over two boats that they had sunk on the other side.

4. On the evening of the 12th, the boats sent for by the magistrate having arrived from Etawah, the detachment of Alexander's Horse returned to your camp, the whole of our guns and infantry were embarked; and, the local horse a little in advance on the left bank, and infantry skirmishers thrown out on both banks, we started in the evening for Dulleep Nugger. The enemy fired at us from the right bank pretty nearly the whole night; but, kept in check by the skirmishers, did no harm, and we then proceeded steadily down the river, only halting to raise and bring on boats (for we found them all sunk), till about ten o'clock on the morning of the 16th, when we neared Beejhulpore with a train of thirty-two boats: as all the villages on the right, and many of those on the left bank were hostile to us, it was only by the greatest care in keeping the boats together that we proceeded thus far without accident.

5. Before reaching Beejhulpore, we had received information that the heights commanding that ghaut were occupied by the enemy in force, with guns, and having reconnoitred the place, and ascertained that it was impossible for the boats to pass without doing so, I determined to attack. I arranged for the boats with the guns to proceed down the river to support the land attacks, which consisted of three parties, one under Sergeant Purcell of about fifty of the local infantry, who were nearest the river (and therefore on the left of my line), a second under a havildar of the 2nd Punjaub Infantry with sixteen men, who occupied the centre, and the 3rd under myself, consisting of sixty-four of my detachment; with these latter, I forced the rear of the enemy's position, while the other two parties kept them engaged in flank. The place was very strong and some of the sepoys fought desperately, but my men were not to be repulsed, and the place was carried, some seventy sepoys killed, five small guns (one 4, two 3 and two 1-pounders), two immense wall-pieces, and a great quantity of ammunition captured, and the enemy utterly dispersed in about two hours. I may add that a party of about forty sepoys crossed on to the left bank early in the affair, and attacked the cavalry, but were held in check by these, till a small party of eleven of my own men and twenty of the new levies, whom I sent over to support, reached and drove them back again. I had one sowar severely, two sepoys very slightly wounded, and one horse was killed. Mr. Hume and Sergeant Purcell both fainted from the extreme heat and exertions to which we were all exposed in the ravines. Further details of the affair are given in the magistrate's narrative, a copy of which I annex.

6. On the 17th we again started and reached Sheregurh safely, with thirty-five boats.

7. The whole operation has been one of considerable difficulty and danger, and has entailed a very great deal of bodily labour, exposure, and privation on both men and officers, while the affair at Beejhulpore Silawa was, notwithstanding the enemy's great superiority in numbers and position, so entirely successful, and reflects so much credit on the men, that I trust you may consider it worthy of being brought to the notice of his Excellency the Commander-in-chief.

8. I cannot conclude without acknowledging the cordial support and assistance that I have received from first to last from Messrs. Hume and Maconochie, the civil authorities, who, from the nature of the expedition, shared equally in all its dangers, and on whom, of course, the whole of the non-military portion of the arrangements devolved.

9. To Dr. Sheetz, who was exposed in a like manner, my best thanks are also due for his conspicuous kindness and attention to all of us.

10. Sergeants Edmonde and Purcell, of the Etawah Local Artillery and Infantry, behaved admirably, and will, I hope, receive due notice.

I have, &c.,

J. F. SHERRIFF, Lieutenant,
Commanding Jumna Expedition.

No. 67.

Narrative.

Sunday, May 16, 1858.

IT was too late last night to communicate to Colonel Riddell the intelligence we had heard, as he was to march for Oreyah at 2 A.M., so we had to make up our minds to trust to ourselves alone to force our way. At daylight we started; but, there being absolutely no current, and the wind heing dead against us, it was eleven o'clock before we neared Beejhulpore. As usual, our local horse, with the camels, &c., was a little in advance on the left bank, and, when we were still some half mile off the enemy's main position, which was in Silawa (a village of the Jugummunpore Illaqua, opposite Beejhulpore) they, the cavalry, drew up in front of it. We halted to reconnoitre; the enemy at once opened with guns and musketry on the cavalry; and with musketry on us, a party of their skirmishers having crept up along the cliffs of the right bank close to us. We had ascertained that the force opposite us consisted of between 200 and 300 regular sepoy with a crowd of bundookchees; that they were mostly posted in an almost inaccessible village by the river bank entirely commanding the channel, though they had also several outlying moorchas defending the approaches, and that they had five guns in position, and a number of immense wall-pieces. Lieutenant Sherriff determined (as it was impossible to get the boats down without doing so) to attempt to drive the enemy out of their position, strong as it was. We, therefore, leaving seventy of the new levies and twenty-four artillerymen to guard the boats, landed on the right bank, and at once threw out a few skirmishers, who occupied the heights in our immediate proximity. In the mean time, the enemy crossed about forty sepoy lower down opposite their main position, who attacked the cavalry; one-half of the latter fell back on the boats covering the camels, our riding horses, &c.; the other half wheeled right and left, fell back and advanced, and kept them in check, till we sent twelve of the seikhs and about twenty of the new levies to support them, and these very soon drove the sepoy back across the river with a loss of eleven men. Whilst this was taking place, Lieutenant Sherriff, myself, and Sergeant Purcell, with the rest of the force, viz., eighty of the 2nd Punjaub Infantry, and fifty of the new levies, advanced in skirmishing order along the river bank, and the heights crowning the bank. Lieutenant Sherriff's arrangements were admirable, and he so led us, that, after driving the enemy from crag after crag and morcha after morcha, he and his men forced the rear of the main position while the attention of the enemy was engaged in front by the new levies; some of the sepoy fought desperately (Lieutenant Sherriff killed a havildar in hand to hand fight), but

they were soon overpowered, and the main body fled in utter confusion, leaving guns, wall-pieces, papers, plunder, &c. While we were engaged on land, Mr. Maconochie, Dr. Sheetz, and Sergeant Edmonds brought up the boats also, to a certain extent diverting the enemy's attention; but the attack of the infantry was so rapidly made good, that our two light guns on board the boats never had occasion to open, as Lieutenant Sherriff had arranged that they should, in support of the land attack. The whole operation was most successful, great as the disadvantages were with which we had to contend. The victory was complete, the whole force behaved admirably, but the men of the 2nd Punjaub Infantry especially displayed the greatest gallantry, and a havildar of my new levies distinguished himself much. About seventy sepoy were killed, whereas we had only one sowar and two sepoy wounded, and one horse killed. We found six boats in the neighbourhood destroyed and three uninjured, of which we took possession. The heat in the ravines was inexpressible. Both Sergeant Purcell and myself fainted, and the whole force were so exhausted by their exertions, that we were obliged to halt for the night where we were.

A. O. HUME.

No. 68.

No. 255 of 1858.

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Commissioner in Nagpore, forwarding one from the Deputy-Commissioner of the Chanda District, submitting a report from Lieutenant Nuttall, Adjutant 2nd Regiment Irregular Infantry, detailing the operations of the detachment of that regiment, and of a party of the Moolkee Horse under his command, up to the date on which they were brought on the strength of the Chanda Field Force.

R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India, Military
Department, with the Governor-General.

No. 69.

George Plowden, Esquire, Commissioner of Nagpore, to Colonel R. J. H. Birch, C.B., Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General, Allahabad.

*Nagpore, Commissioner's Office,
17th June, 1858.*

SIR,

No. 44.

I HAVE the honor to forward a copy of a letter, No. 81, dated the 14th instant, from the Deputy-Commissioner of the Chanda District, giving cover to one, No. 1, (without date) from Lieutenant Nuttall, the Adjutant of the 2nd Regiment of Irregular Infantry, furnishing a detailed account of the separate operations of the detachment of that regiment, and of a party of the Moolkee Horse under his command, up to the date on which they were brought on the strength of the Chanda Field Force, under Captain Shakespeare.

2. The Right Honorable the Governor-General will perceive that both Captain Crichton and Lieutenant Nuttall bear the highest testimony to the willingness, endurance, and gallantry, both of the infantry and the Moolkee Horse.

3. It appears to me that this praise is entirely supported by the account given of the operations,

and that Lieutenant Nuttall is himself entitled to much commendation for the intelligent and spirited manner in which he conducted the operations.

I have, &c.,
GEORGE PLOWDEN,
 Commissioner.

No. 70.

Captain W. H. Crichton, Officiating Deputy-Commissioner, Chanda, to George Plowden, Esq., Commissioner of Nagpore.

Chanda, June 14, 1858.

SIR,

No. 81.

I HAVE the honor to forward copy of a letter from Lieutenant Nuttall, Commanding the detachment of the 2nd Regiment Nagpore Irregular Infantry, which was out with me quelling the disturbances in the Ghote and Arpeillee Zemindaree, and I take the opportunity of bringing to your favorable notice the hearty co-operation I have received from Lieutenant Nuttall, as well as the excellent conduct of all ranks composing his detachment. Indeed, I cannot speak too highly of their willingness on every occasion.

2. The party who manned the guns deserve especial mention; they reached Tarsa, a distance of 48 miles, on the 3rd day after leaving Chanda; the bullocks, like the men, were unaccustomed to moving a gun about, and, to make matters worse, all the drivers had absconded; however, from the zeal and activity of the Sepoys, who took the place of the drivers, feeding and taking care of the bullocks, &c., &c., the gun and ammunition waggon were moved about from place to place over bad roads, with a steady regularity which did the men much credit.

I have, &c.,
W. H. CRICHTON, Officiating
 Deputy-Commissioner.

No. 71.

Lieutenant Nuttall to Captain Crichton, the Officiating Deputy-Commissioner, Chanda District.

SIR,

I HAVE now the honor to forward, for your information, a detailed account of the work done by the detachment under my command from the morning of the 26th April, 1858, the day I joined your camp, up to the 20th May, 1858, the day the force under the command of Captain Shakespear arrived.

Having joined your camp at Tarsa on the morning of the 26th April, 1858, with the detachment strength as per margin,* along with a small hospital and bazar establishment, I, the same evening, at your request, detached guards, strength as per margin, to the villages of Dhabba, Seonee, and Nandgaon, and moved my camp along with that of your own to the village of Ashtee, situated on the eastern bank of the Wein Gunga river; at daylight, on the following morning, I started along with you *en route* to the village of Arpeillee, with the rifle company as an advanced guard, leaving the Grenadier Company to escort the baggage a short distance in rear, as also No. 6 Company as the rear guard. After proceeding about 6 miles, and close to the village of Bemunpett, 4 sowars, who were riding about 30 yards at the head of the detachment, came suddenly on a band of 200 armed men, lying down behind the

* 3 subadars, 3 jemadars, 18 havildars, 18 naiks, 3 drummers, 3 fifiers, and 300 privates. Dhabba: 1 havildar, 1 naika, and 12 privates. Seonee: 1 naika and 6 privates. Nandgaon: 1 havildar, 1 naika, and 12 privates.

wooded bund of a tank; they opened fire on the sowars, who galloped back to me, and reported the circumstance. On this, I halted the Rifle Company to allow of the Grenadier Company joining us, which it did almost immediately. I then extended the right sub-division of the Rifle Company as skirmishers, and, with the left sub-division and Grenadier Company as supports, advanced on the bund; on our nearing the bund of the tank, a smart fire was opened on the skirmishers by the insurgents, who were under cover of the trees on the bund of the tank; on getting within about 20 yards of the bund, I charged the same with the skirmishers, who topped it with a cheer; the insurgents fled in every direction, leaving behind them a bag of gunpowder, 2 daggers, 3 spears, some clothes, cooking utensils, as also a packet of letters. I followed them up for some distance through the dense jungle bordering the tank; but they broke and dispersed in every direction, and, although we scoured the jungle, yet could find no trace of them, so I closed the skirmishers on the supports, and, bringing all the things they had abandoned with me, I rejoined you at the village of Bemunpett.

On my rejoining you, after your having perused the letters I had seized, you informed me that, from the contents of the letters, as also from the information you had received regarding two or three other strong parties being in the vicinity of the river bank, you deemed it advisable to return to our old encamping ground at Tarsa, so as to be able to protect the frontier of your districts. I accordingly did so, and again encamped at Tarsa, the men having been under arms for upwards of 9 hours. On your informing me, the following morning, that, from the reports you had received, you considered the rebels mustered about 1,000 or 1,200 men, as also that there were two mud-forts, one at Arpeillee, and the other at Ghote, as also that the insurgents had several wall-pieces with them, I brought to your notice the advisability of having a gun brought out from Chanda, as also a reinforcement of another company of infantry, so as to be able to establish such a strong line of posts along the frontier, that it would be impossible for the rebels to enter your district. The following morning, viz., the 23rd April, I started with two full companies at 4 o'clock A.M., and visited the villages of Nandgaon, Kownserrie, and Kurrowlie, but did not fall in with any of the rebels.

On the 30th April, 1st and 2nd of May, not having received any more information as to the exact whereabouts of the rebels, with the exception of sending a patrol up and down the river, remained inactive, but, on the evening of the same day, the gun, with a complete company of infantry, both of which left Chanda on the 30th April, having arrived, I, the following morning, viz., 3rd May, established a strong line of posts at the villages of Nandgaon, Dhabba, and Tarsa, which, with a detachment sent from Chanda to Chummoorsee, strength as per margin*, in my opinion, quite protected the frontier of the Chanda district, facing the rebel zemindaree. On the evening of the same day, crossed the river with the gun and the remainder of the detachment, as also your own camp. Shortly after the men had piled arms, a very severe storm of wind and rain came on, which, in a quarter of an hour, had turned the black cotton soil into a sea of mud; as the men had no tents, and as the old encamp-

* Nandgaon: 1 jemadar, 2 havildars, 2 naiks, 30 privates. Dhabba: 1 jemadar, 1 havildar, 2 naiks, 30 privates. Tarsa: 1 jemadar, 4 havildars, 3 naiks, 52 privates. Chummoorsee: 1 subadar, 1 jemadar, 5 havildars, 4 naiks, 70 privates.

ng ground was only a coss distant, we both of us thought it the best plan to return to our old encamping ground at Tarsa, which I did; but, although it was only a coss, yet I did not get in with the gun until quarter past 1 o'clock A.M., it having continued raining the whole time. The men were on this occasion upwards of nine hours under arms.

Halted on the 4th May, to give the men a rest; and early on the morning of the 5th May, again moved across the river to the village of Ashtee along with your own camp, and with the same detachment as I moved across the river on the evening of the 3rd May.

On the morning of the 6th, moved our camps to Kownserrie, and on the following morning at daylight, leaving our camps standing under charge, of a strong guard, moved on to the village of Arpeillie, the residence of one of the rebel zemindars. On nearing the village, expecting opposition, I threw the grenadier company out in skirmishing order, and with the rifle company as supports, and gun in the centre, advanced on the village, passed through the village and mud fort, the other side of which came in view of the bund of a tank distant from the village about 500 yards. Several armed men were seen evidently watching our movements. On seeing this, I doubled down with the grenadier company to the right corner of the bund, intending to take them in flank. On their seeing me do this, they retreated in a body at the double through the dense jungles. Previously to this, I had directed the Quartermaster-Sergeant, who was with the gun, in the event of his seeing a body of armed men, to open upon them. He, seeing these men, mustering, as far as he could judge, about 100, coming down towards his left, opened fire at about 400 yards, and gave them four rounds, but apparently to no effect, as they were immediately lost in the dense jungles. As I was advancing with the skirmishers at the double, I observed a man making the best of his way for the thick jungle, galloped up with four or five sepoys and made him prisoner, and, on handing him over to you, he proved to be one of the dewans of the rebel zemindar Yenkut Rao. This man, after being seized, pointed out two ghurries in the jungle, which he said contained his property; in one of these a matchlock with some powder was found. After scouring the jungle for some distance in the vicinity of the tank, and not being able to obtain any trace of where the armed men had gone to, I closed the skirmishers and returned to the village, where I rejoined you; and, after burning the zemindar's village to the ground, as we were returning to Kownserrie, several shots were fired at the detachment. On this occurring, I wheeled a company forward into line to the flank the shots came from. After extending, entered the jungle for some distance, but all to no use, from the extreme denseness of the jungle, as nothing could be seen of them at all. I closed the men, and resumed my march back to Kownserrie, which place I reached at 7 o'clock P.M., the men having been under arms for upwards of 14 hours, during which period they traversed about 30 miles of jungly tract of country, in which a great scarcity of water was experienced.

Halted at Kownserrie on the 8th May, to give the men a rest, and, on the following morning, moved with our camps to the village of Jamri.

On the morning of the 10th May, moved at daylight on the village of Ghote, the chief residence of the other rebel zemindar. As, from the reports you had received, much opposition was expected, the detachment marched in the following order, ready at any moment to come into action. As an

advanced guard, the Grenadier company along with 30 men of the Rifle company, after which came the gun, then the baggage, escorted by about 60 men of the Rifle company, and last of all a rear guard of 60 men under command of a native commissioned officer; on nearing the village, and at a distance of about 200 yards from the same, fire was opened on the detachment from a hill a short distance off the road, on our right flank, in which hill the insurgents had a small wall-piece in position, as also a large body of matchlock-men, posted amongst the rocks and jungle, whilst at the same time a heavy fire of matchlocks was kept up from the village to our front, in one corner of which was a large mud fort; on my getting clear of the jungle, and seeing the positions the insurgents occupied, I determined first to attack and gain possession of the fort. Accordingly, I extended the Grenadier company in skirmishing order, at the same time making the quartermaster-serjeant open fire from the gun with round shot on the hill. I then advanced on the fort, which the Grenadier company carried with a rush, the insurgents flying in every direction. I pursued them through the jungle, but they would not stand, and dispersed in every direction amongst the dense jungle. In the meantime, at the second round, the carriage of the gun broke down, and the gun was thus rendered useless. On this occurring, Subabar Ali Mahomed mounted the hill to the right of the road with a subdivision of No. 6 company, the insurgents fleeing and dispersing in every direction. The affair altogether lasted for about an hour; no one killed on our side; only a horse of the Moolkee Rissallah wounded. On the side of the insurgents, three men killed, and others reported wounded. The small loss of life on the side of the insurgents I attribute to the excellent cover they were in, as also their retreating so rapidly, as it was a case, after they were driven from the fort and village, of their firing and retiring through dense jungles, every foot of which they were acquainted with. On searching the village, numbers of swords, matchlocks, spears, bows and arrows, &c., were found.

On my rejoining you, it was just 1 o'clock, the men having been upwards of 9 hours under arms, during which period they had marched 10 miles, at the end of which they had engaged and driven the insurgents from two strong positions. The insurgents in this affair mustered between 600 and 700 men. The same evening I started at 5 P.M., with 100 men, and visited several villages in the vicinity of Ghote, from which villages, during the afternoon, shots had been fired at some camp-followers, but I found them quite deserted.

Halted on the 11th May, to get the gun repaired. Early in the morning, taking 150 men with me, searched several villages, but found them entirely deserted. During the course of the day, two prisoners were brought in, who were found to have arms in their possession, and I accordingly handed them over to you for punishment, having burned the villages of Ghote to the ground; and, as you urged the necessity of making a demonstration in the Chummoorsee direction, I accordingly marched with your camp to that place, on the morning of the 12th May, and halted there for five days; again, on the evening of the 18th May, marched to Ghote, halted there the 19th May, and, on the following morning, was joined by Captain Shakespear, and was that same day brought on the strength of his force. I cannot close this without bearing testimony to the willingness, endurance, and gallantry of the infantry under my command, a party of which served the gun in the most able manner; as also to the gallant conduct of the party of Moolkee Horse, who accompanied me

throughout these operations, and who made themselves useful in many ways.

I regret this report has not reached you sooner; but, from constantly moving about, I have been delayed in sending it in.

I have, &c.,

JOHN NUTTALL, Lieutenant,
Commanding Detachment 2nd Regiment
Nagpore Irregular Force, on Field
Service.

War-Office, Pall-Mall,
17th September, 1858.

2nd Regiment of Life Guards, Lieutenant R. D. Barré Cuninghame, from the 4th Dragoon Guards, to be Cornet and Sub-Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Wynne promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

2nd Dragoon Guards, Major William Henry Seymour to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Campbell, deceased. Dated 7th July, 1858.

Major C. S. Hutchinson to be Major, without purchase, vice Seymour. Dated 7th July, 1858.

Captain Henry Miles Stapylton to be Major, by purchase, vice Hutchinson, whose promotion by purchase on the 31st August, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Robert Blair to be Captain, without purchase, vice Hutchinson. Dated 7th July, 1858.

Cornet Francis O'Beirne to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Blair. Dated 7th July, 1858.

4th Dragoon Guards, Cornet Robert James Wright to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Cuninghame, appointed to the 2nd Life Guards. Dated 17th September, 1858.

9th Light Dragoons, Oliver Ormerod, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, in succession to Lieutenant A. S. Jones, promoted in the 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 17th September, 1858.

13th Light Dragoons, William Gore, Gent., to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Keyworth, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

16th Light Dragoons, Cornet George Ludlow Lopes has been permitted to retire from the service by the sale of his Commission. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Military Train, Paymaster George W. Macquarie, from the 99th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Thomas, who exchanges. Dated 17th September, 1858.

3rd Regiment of Foot, Major Thomas Henry Somerville to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Captain Walter Pownall to be Major, without purchase, vice Somerville. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Talbot Ashley Cox to be Captain, without purchase, vice Pownall. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon John Henry Beath, M.D., from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th September, 1858.

4th Foot, John William Goddard Telfer, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

8th Foot, Brevet-Colonel Edward Harris Greathead, C.B., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Hartley, deceased. Dated 26th June, 1858.

Captain James Johnston to be Major, without purchase, vice Greathead. Dated 26th June, 1858.

Brevet-Major A. C. Robertson to be Major, without purchase, vice Johnston, whose promotion on the 24th August, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 24th August, 1858.

Lieutenant F. B. McCrea to be Captain, without purchase, vice Johnston. Dated 26th June, 1858.

Ensign J. E. W. Black to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice McCrea. Dated 26th June, 1858.

Ensign A. G. Westby to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Black, whose promotion on the 30th July, 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 30th July, 1858.

9th Foot, Ellsworth Fursdon, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

15th Foot, Alexander Herbert Arthur Smith, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Gipps, appointed to the 35th Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

16th Foot, Charles Platt, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Stehelin, appointed to the 94th Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

17th Foot, Oliver John Bradford, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Fawcett, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lambart Francis Wilson Dwyer, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Mosse, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

18th Foot, Captain H. J. Haydock, from the 90th Foot, to be Captain, vice McGrigor, who exchanges. Dated 2nd July, 1858.

26th Foot, Lieutenant G. W. Northey to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated 1st August, 1858.

28th Foot, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Percy Archer Butler to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Brevet-Major William Roberts to be Major, without purchase, vice Butler. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Thomas Sutton Kirkpatrick to be Captain, without purchase, vice Roberts. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Ensign Mark Farley Wade to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Kirkpatrick. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon William Gerard Don, M.D., from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th September, 1858.

29th Foot, Ensign Kenrick Verulam Bacon to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Quin, promoted in the 20th Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

34th Foot, John MacCarthy O'Leary, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Wood, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

39th Foot, Ensign O. J. Bradford, from the 17th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Hussey, promoted in the 17th Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Augustus Frederic Raper to be Adjutant, vice T. W. Bennett, who resigns the Adjutancy only. Dated 17th September, 1858.

40th Foot, Edward Stack, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

43rd Foot, John McNeill, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Blyth, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Horatio Morgan, Esq., late Captain in the Turkish Contingent, to be Paymaster, vice Joseph Denton, deceased. Dated 17th September, 1858.

45th Foot, Ensign C. B. Steward to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Walker, promoted in the 21st Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Edward Browne, Gent., to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hayward, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

46th Foot, Assistant-Surgeon George R. Woolhouse, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th September, 1858.

47th Foot, Paymaster Henry Charles Watson, from the 67th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Pope, who exchanges. Dated 17th September, 1858.

48th Foot, Major Alfred Augustus Chapman to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

51st Foot, Captain William Agg to be Major, by purchase, vice the Honourable W. S. Knox, who retires. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant M. C. Farrington to be Captain, without purchase, vice Goddard, deceased. Dated 23rd June, 1858.

Lieutenant Augustus Brigstocke to be Captain, by purchase, vice Agg. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Ensign Edward Dudley Oliver to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Farrington. Dated 23rd June, 1858.

Paymaster George Henry Shuttleworth, from the 21st Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Powell, placed on half-pay as Lieutenant of the 15th Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

63rd Foot, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Harries to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel E. R. Hill, appointed Deputy Adjutant-General in the Windward and Leeward Islands. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Captain Francis Douglas Grey to be Major, without purchase, vice Harries. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Walter S. Marson to be Captain, without purchase, vice Grey. Dated 17th September, 1858.

67th Foot, Major Thomas Edmond Knox to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Brevet-Major John Porter to be Major, without purchase, vice Knox. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant G. T. Horton Atchison to be Captain, without purchase, vice Porter. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Serjeant-Major Charles Preice Killeen to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Ensign C. P. Killeen to be Adjutant, vice Atchison, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Paymaster John Andrew Pope, from the 47th Foot, to be Paymaster, vice Watson, who exchanges. Dated 17th September, 1858.

69th Foot, Ensign H. H. Bartlett to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Gildea, promoted in the 21st Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

William F. Butler, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Bartlett. Dated 17th September, 1858.

84th Foot, Ensign William Charles Driberg to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice G. P. Blake, promoted in the 100th Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

87th Foot, Ensign G. W. Marsden to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Gee, promoted in the 17th Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

John Leigh Hollest, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Marsden. Dated 17th September, 1858.

89th Foot, Ensign the Honourable William Harry Bruce Ogilvy, from the 26th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Grier, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

James Shaw Hay, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Hardinge, promoted in the 22nd Foot. Dated 17th September, 1858.

90th Foot, Captain W. T. McGrigor, from the 18th Foot, to be Captain, vice Haydock, who exchanges. Dated 2nd July, 1858.

91st Foot, Assistant-Surgeon Hugh Mackay Macbeth, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 17th September, 1858.

93rd Foot, Lieutenant FitzRoy McPherson to be Adjutant, vice McBean, promoted. Dated 2nd July, 1858.

99th Foot, Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel George Marmaduke Reeves to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Brevet-Major Henry James Day to be Major, without purchase, vice Reeves. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Francis Seymour Gaynor to be Captain, without purchase, vice Day. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Ensign Augustus William Henry Atkinson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Gaynor. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Charles Bruce Henry Somerset, Gent., to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Atkinson. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Paymaster Charles Schomberg Thomas, from the Military Train, to be Paymaster, vice Macquarie, who exchanges. Dated 17th September, 1858.

100th Foot, Lieutenant George Pilkington Blake, from the 84th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Bruce, who resigns. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Royal Malta Fencible Regiment, Paolo Bernard, Gent., to be Ensign, with local and temporary rank, vice Sedley, removed to the 1st Dragoon Guards. Dated 17th September, 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

To be Assistant-Surgeons to the Forces.

Edward Acton Gibbon, Gent., vice Chester, appointed to the 74th Foot. Dated 1st September, 1858.

Charles Drelincourt Campbell, M.D., vice Reid, appointed to the 75th Foot. Dated 1st September, 1858.

Thomas Ryan, Gent., vice Holton, promoted on the Staff. Dated 1st September, 1858.

Robert Cardiff Crean, Gent., vice Sharkey, appointed to the 97th Foot. Dated 1st September, 1858.

Robert Gillespie, M.D., vice Newland, appointed to the 5th Foot. Dated 1st September, 1858.

Austin Jonas Ferguson, Gent., vice Burton, appointed to the 6th Dragoons. Dated 1st September, 1858.

James Speedy, Gent., vice Seward, appointed to the Rifle Brigade. Dated 1st September, 1858.

John McLean Marshall, Gent., vice Hoysted, appointed to the 77th Foot. Dated 1st September, 1858.

To be Acting Assistant-Surgeons.

Edmund Brown, Gent. Dated 10th September, 1858.

Henry Frederick Meadows, Gent. Dated 17th September, 1858.

BREVET.

The undermentioned Officers, having completed three years' actual service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, to be promoted to be Colonels in the Army, under the Royal Warrant of the 6th October, 1854:

Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. D. Staveley, C.B., 44th Foot. Dated 6th May, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Fenwick, C.B., 10th Foot. Dated 26th July, 1858.

The undermentioned promotion to take place in the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, consequent on the death of Major-General Richard Benson, C.B., Bengal Infantry, on the 26th August, 1858:

To be Major-General.

Colonel Harry Meggs Graves, Bengal Infantry. Dated 27th August, 1858.

The undermentioned Officers of the Indian Military Forces of Her Majesty, retired upon full-pay, to have a step of honorary rank, as follows:

To be Major-Generals.

Colonel James Kilner, Bombay Engineers. Dated 21st May, 1858.

Colonel William Biddle, Madras Infantry. Dated 17th September, 1858.

To be Colonels.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Edward Turnour Richardson, Bengal Infantry. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Lieutenant-Colonel Samuel Landon, Bombay Infantry. Dated 17th September, 1858.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major Charles William Hodson, Madras Infantry. Dated 17th September, 1858.

To be Majors.

Captain David Lester Richardson, Bengal Infantry. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Captain John William Goad, Madras Artillery. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Captain Robert Levison James Ogilvie, Madras Infantry. Dated 17th September, 1858.

Admiralty, 8th September, 1858.

Corps of Royal Marines.

Gentleman Cadet James Samuel Derriman to be Second Lieutenant.

14th September, 1858.

Second Lieutenant William Crosbie Hesketh to be First Lieutenant, vice Hope, deceased.

Commission signed by the Queen.

Royal North Lincoln Militia.

David Davis, Gent., late of the 35th Foot, to be Quartermaster. Dated 23rd July, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

1st or Royal East Middlesex Regiment of Militia.

William Henry Mangles, Esq., late Captain 50th Foot, to be Captain, vice Birch, resigned. Dated 9th August, 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland.

Northumberland Regiment of Militia Artillery.

John William Finch, Gent., to be First Lieutenant. Dated 8th September, 1858.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy of the City of London.

Regiment of Royal London Militia.

Lieutenant Arthur Cumming Thomas Barrow to be Captain, vice Charles Clement Brooke, resigned. Dated 15th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Frederick Peto to be Captain, vice Alfred Chicheley Plowden, resigned. Dated 16th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Robert Harris Hardy, late 5th Fusiliers, to be Lieutenant, vice James Stuart Tulk, resigned. Dated 15th September, 1858.

Lieutenant Richard Lee Mayhew, late East Norfolk Militia, to be Lieutenant, vice John Thomas Henry Butt, resigned. Dated 16th September, 1858.

James Johnston Brown, Gent., to be Lieutenant, vice Edward Vere Jones, promoted. Dated 17th September, 1858.

George Coulson Childs, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Alexander Renwick. Dated 15th September, 1858.

Commissions signed by Her Majesty's Commissioners of Lieutenancy of the County of Ayr.

Royal Ayrshire Rifles.

Sir James Fergusson, Bart., late Lieutenant and Captain Grenadier Guards, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Sir Thomas Montgomery Cunningham, Bart., resigned. Dated 14th September, 1858.

Whitehall, July 31, 1858.

The Right Honourable Sir Alexander Edmund Cockburn, Bart., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has appointed Joseph Dodds, of Stockton, in the county of Durham, Gentleman, to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of

finances and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Durham, also in and for the North Riding of the county of York.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 60.) WALES—NORTH-WEST COAST.

Temporary Lights at Holyhead Old Harbour.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on and after the 6th of September, 1858, the outer end of the works of a new wooden jetty in course of construction at the entrance of the Old Harbour of Holyhead, will be indicated as they advance by two red lights, 20 feet apart, and each 5 feet above the level of the jetty. The work is to be extended in a N.E. direction from the pier-head lighthouse, and its entire length will be 500 feet.

By command of their Lordships,

John Washington, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
1st September, 1858.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—New Harbour of Holyhead, No. 2011; and Holyhead Bay, No. 1413.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 61.) NORTH SEA—COAST OF HOLLAND.

Light Vessel off the North Hinder Bank.

THE Minister of Marine at the Hague has given notice, that a light vessel has been moored in 21 fathoms water in lat. $51^{\circ} 36' 40''$ N.; long $2^{\circ} 34' 25''$ E., on the eastern side of the North Hinder bank, and that on and after the 23rd of August, 1858, a fixed white light would be exhibited from her mainmast, at an elevation of 40 feet above the sea, and visible in clear weather at the distance of about 11 miles.

The light-vessel has two masts, and is coloured red, with the words NOORD-HINDER painted in large white letters on her sides. During the day a red ball will be hoisted at her mainmast head, and in thick foggy weather a bell will be struck every quarter of an hour, preceded and followed by strokes of a gong.

Also, that a red buoy has been placed in 14 fathoms' water, N. $\frac{1}{2}$ E., 2 miles from the light-vessel, with the word HINDER marked on it in white letters. Vessels of large draught are recommended to keep to the northward of this buoy, in order to avoid the shoal patches on the North Hinder.

[All bearings are magnetic. Variation 20° West in 1858.]

By command of their Lordships,

John Washington, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
2nd September, 1858.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—North Sea, General, No. 2,339; Sheet 1, No. 1,406.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 62.) ENGLAND—EAST COAST.

Maplin Sand.

Beacons for measured Mile.

THE Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having caused four Beacons, each distinguished by a triangular head, to be erected on the southern edge of the Maplin Sand, within or to the W.N.W.

of the black can buoy on the Black-tail Spit, for the purpose of testing the speed of Her Majesty's steamers; it is therefore requested that mariners in charge of passing vessels will carefully avoid collision with these beacons, and any person who may be found wilfully injuring them will be prosecuted as the law directs.

The beacons are placed on E. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. and W. $\frac{1}{4}$ S. lines of bearing, a third of a mile apart, and are distant from each other 6085 feet, or one geographical mile. The eastern beacons bear respectively from the Mouse Light-vessel W.N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ W. $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles, and W.N.W. $\frac{1}{4}$ N. $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles; and the western beacons bear from the Nore Light-vessel E.N.E. $\frac{3}{4}$ E. $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles, and E.N.E. $\frac{1}{4}$ E. $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles. [All bearings are magnetic. Variation $21\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ West in 1858.]

By command of their Lordships,

W. G. Romaine, Secretary.

Admiralty, London,

2nd September, 1858.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Chart:—River Thames, Sheet 2, No. 1607.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the British Possessions in AMERICA, Computed from the RETURNS made in the Week ending the 14th day of September, 1858,

Is Twenty-seven Shillings and Eight Pence Three Farthings per Hundred Weight;

Exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon on the IMPORTATION thereof into GREAT BRITAIN.

No Return has been made of the Sale of BROWN or MUSCOVADO SUGAR, the Produce of the MAURITIUS, in the Week ending as above.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the EAST INDIES, Computed as above and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Twenty-nine Shillings and Four Pence per Hundred Weight;

The AVERAGE PRICE of the two foregoing Descriptions of SUGAR, jointly,

Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Twenty-seven Shillings and Nine Pence Three Farthings per Hundred Weight.

By Authority of Parliament,

WILLIAM RUCK,
Clerk of the Grocers' Company.

Grocers'-Hall, September 17, 1858.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for
2083. Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the petition of Jozé Luis, Patent Agent, of No. 1B, Welbeck-street, Cavendish-square, London, in the county of Middlesex, praying for letters patent for the invention of "a new system of moulding without foundry pattern"—a communication, was deposited and recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 14th day of September, 1858, and a complete specification accompanying such petition was at the same time filed in the said office.

Patent Law Amendment Act, 1852.

Office of the Commissioners of Patents for Inventions.

NOTICE is hereby given, that provisional protection has been allowed

1774. To James Bray Pascoe and John Roberts Thomas, of Chacewater, in the county of Cornwall, Engineers, for the invention of "an improved method of and apparatus for feeding boilers of all steam engines with liquid, without the aid of the force pump heretofore used."

On their petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 4th day of August, 1858.

1790. To Carl Barthélemy, of 27, Bush-lane, London, for the invention of "certain improvement in hats."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of August, 1858.

1820. To Robert Hanham Collyer, M.D., and C.E., of No. 3, Park-road, Regent's Park, county of Middlesex, for the invention of "an improved coating composition to protect vessels from marine animal and vegetable substances."

On his petition recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 10th day of August, 1858.

1824. To John Talbot Pitman, of the American and European Patent Offices, 67, Gracechurch-street, London, for the invention of "an improved mode of operating apparatus for lifting and pressing."—A communication.

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 11th day of August, 1858.

1900. To Albert Baker, of the city of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, in the United States of America, and of 6, Lambeth-road, Southwark, for the invention of "an improved method of and apparatus for submerging or laying under water electric cables, wires, or lines, and for the recovery thereof."

On his petition, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 20th day of August, 1858.

1950. To Jonathan Ireland, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Foundry Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in cupola furnaces."

1952. To William Foster, of Black Dike Mills, near Bradford, in the county of York, Spinner and Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture or production of fabrics known as fancy moreens."

1954. And to James Dupré Brabazon, of Lane's Hotel, St. Alban's-place, Haymarket, Esquire, for the invention of "improvements in giving motion by sails to screw and other propellers of ships and vessels."

On their several petitions, all recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 28th day of August, 1858.

1958. To Edward Massey, of Tysoe-street, Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, Ship's Log Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in ship's logs."

1960. To George Davies, of No. 1, Serle-street, Lincoln's-inn, in the county of Middlesex, and No. 28, St. Enoch-square, in the city of Glasgow, Civil Engineer and Patent Agent, for the invention of "improvements in billiard tables and cues."—A communication.

1964. To Griffith Jones, of Bangor Wharf, Pimlico, in the county of Middlesex, Slate Merchant, for the invention of "securing joints in slate ridge roll."

1966. To Edward Lindner, of New York, in the United States of America, Engineer, for the

invention of "improvements in breech loading fire arms and ordnance, and in cartridges."

1968. And to Thomas Richards Harding, of Leeds, in the county of York, Machinist, for the invention of "improvements in the method of making straight or circular combs for flax, wool, or silk machinery."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 30th day of August, 1858.

1970. To Edward Spary, of Queen's Graperies, Park-street, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Nurseryman and Florist, for the invention of "improvements in fumigators."

1972. To Marc Antoine François Mennons, of the British and Foreign Patent Offices, 39, Rue de l'Echiquier, Paris, in the Empire of France, for the invention of "improved apparatus for the elevation of liquids."—A communication.

1974. To Frederick Ayckbourn, of Lyon's Inn, Strand, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of beds and other articles for sitting or reclining upon."

1976. To Daniel Heyworth, Manager, Feather-stall Mill, Littleborough, in the county of Lancaster, and John Heyworth, Manager, Prospect Mill, Hebden Bridge, in the West Riding of Yorkshire, for the invention of "certain improvements in looms for weaving."

1978. To Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for the invention of "an improvement in gas burners."—A communication.

1980. And to Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for the invention of "improvements in air engines."—A communication.

On their several petitions, recorded in the office of the Commissioners, on the 31st day of August, 1858.

1982. To William Pursall, of No. 22, Whittall-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Percussion Cap Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of percussion caps."

1984. To William Hobbs, of No. 196, Piccadilly, in the county of Middlesex, Shop Fitter, for the invention of "improvements in ordnance and warlike projectiles to be used therewith."

1986. To Henry Constantine Jennings, of 8, Great Tower-street, in the city of London, Practical Chemist, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of artificial parchment, and converting the same into leather."

1990. And to William Edward Newton, of the Office for Patents, 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in springs for carriages, and other purposes."—A communication.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 1st day of September, 1858.

1992. To Joseph Walker and James Barnes, of Oakenshaw, in the county of Lancaster, Waterproof Cloth Manufacturers, for the invention of "improvements in blankets and lappings for machine and block printing and other similar purposes."

1993. To George Price, of Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, Iron Safe Manufacturer, and William Dawes, of Wolverhampton afore-

said, Engineer, for the invention of improvements in steam engines, steam boilers and apparatus connected therewith."

1995. To John Talbot Pitman, of the American and European Patent Offices, No. 67, Gracechurch-street, London, for the invention of "an improvement or improvements in the construction of pneumatic condensing apparatus, for the purpose of compressing air, aeriform or gaseous bodies, preparatory to their use as prime motors, or for other purposes."—A communication.

1996. And to Benjamin Winstone, of No. 100, Shoe-lane, London, Printing Ink Manufacturer, for the invention of "an improvement in the composition of copying and writing inks."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 2nd day of September, 1858.

1997. To Jean Marie Bellanger, of No. 41, Rue de Trévis, in the city of Paris, France, Shoemaker, for the invention of "caoutchouc socks or clogs, with springs and without bridles."

1998. To James Robertson, of Glasgow, in the county of Lanark, North Britain, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in driving belts and springs."

1999. To William Harkes, of Lostock Gralam, in the county of Chester, Agricultural Implement Maker, for the invention of "an improved plough and pulverizer."

2000. To Elias Cocker, of Newton-heath, near Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Mill Manager, for the invention of an "improvement or improvements in machinery for spinning, twisting, or doubling cotton, flax, silk, wool, or other fibrous materials."

2001. To George Tomlinson Bousfield, of Loughborough-park, Brixton, in the county of Surrey, for the invention of "improvements in knitting machinery."—A communication.

2002. And to Richard Archibald Brooman, of No. 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, E.C., Patent Agent, for the invention of an "improved apparatus for supporting the skirts of ladies' dresses."—A communication.

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners, on the 3rd day of September, 1858.

2003. To August Guye, of Clerkenwell, in the county of Middlesex, for the invention of "improvements in the escapement of chronometers and watches."

2004. To René Prosper Lavie, of the city of Paris, in the Kingdom of France, for the invention of "improvements in mills."

2005. To Richard Archibald Brooman, of No. 166, Fleet-street, in the city of London, E.C., Patent Agent, for the invention of "improved apparatuses for receiving, containing, and delivering liquids."—A communication from J. C. J. L'Hôte, of Paris.

2006. To William Henry Child, of Providence-row, in the county of Middlesex, Brush Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in hair and skin brushes."

2007. To William Peter Piggott, of No. 16, Argyle-street, Regent-street, London, and Septimus Beardmore, of No. 37, Upper Berkeley-street, West London, for the invention of "improvements in vinous and fermented liquors."

2009. To Alfred Vincent Newton, of the Office for Patents, No. 66, Chancery-lane, in the county of Middlesex, Mechanical Draughtsman, for the invention of "an improvement in fire arms"—A communication.

2010. To Hiram Hyde, of Truro, Nova Scotia, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in the construction of carriage springs."—A communication.

2011. And to Arthur Hills, of Blackheath, in the county of Kent, Gentleman, for the invention of a "method or methods for the better securing the integrity or genuineness of bankers cheques or orders for money."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 4th day of September, 1858.

2013. To Stanislas Hoga, of No. 14, Nassau-street, Middlesex-hospital, London, William Peter Piggott, of No. 16, Argyle-street, Regent-street, London, and Septimus Beardmore, of Upper Berkeley-street, London, for the invention of "improvements in submarine electric telegraphs."

2015. To John Ramsbottom, of Accrington, in the county of Lancaster, Engineer, and Thomas Watson, of Baxenden, in the said county, Overlooker, for the invention of "improvements in machinery or apparatus for weaving."

2017. And to Henry John Distin, of No. 9, Great Newport-street, Leicester-square, in the county of Middlesex, Musical Instrument Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in cornets and other musical wind instruments."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 6th day of September, 1858.

2019. To William Swain Champness, of No. 10, Osborne-terrace, Clapham-road, Surrey, Gentleman, for the invention of "improvements in syringes for male and female use."

2021. To Edward Fullwood, of Queen-square, Bristol, in the county of Gloucester, Cement Manufacturer, for the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of cements."

2025. And to Gustave Larssonier, of Paris, (France,) Manufacturer, and Auguste Blanche, of Paris, (France,) Civil Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in block-printing by hand on tissues, paper, or other suitable fabrics."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 7th day of September, 1858.

2027. To Bartholomew Hockin, of Gateshead Iron Works, Gateshead-on-Tyne, for the invention of "apparatus for repairing and fitting dockgates, and their machinery."

2029. To John Octavius Butler, of Kirkstall Forge, near Leeds, in the county of York, Engineer, for the invention of "improvements in weighing cranes."—A communication.

1031. To Andrew Lamb, of Southampton, and John White, of Cowes, for the invention of "improvements in life boats."

2033. To Charles Bartholomew, of Rotherham, and John Bell, of Swinton, for the invention of "improvements in pistons and safety-valve levers of steam and other engines."

2035. To Jean Ulrich Faessler-Petzi, of Lyons, in the Empire of France, Merchant, for the invention of an "improved process for the boiling off of tussah silks or wild silks."

2037. And to Alexander McEwan Peters, of Edinburgh, in the county of Midlothian, North Britain, Plumber, for the invention of "improvements in apparatus for regulating the flow or passage of fluids."

On their several petitions, recorded in the Office of the Commissioners on the 8th day of September, 1858.

Tolls to Let.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the tolls payable at the Toll Gates in Strood, and on the New Road from Rochester to Chatham Hill, in the county of Kent, will separately be let to farm to the best bidders for the term of one year, from the 30th day of November, 1858, at the Bull Inn, in Rochester, on Tuesday, the 19th day of October next, at twelve o'clock at noon. No person will be permitted to advance less than five pounds at each bidding; and whoever happens to be the approved bidder, must at the same time give security, with sufficient sureties, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners of the said Toll

Gates for the payment of the rents by quarterly payments in advance. The approved bidder will be required to pay at the time of letting one-half of the first quarter of a year's rent, and the remainder before the said 30th day of November. The present yearly rent of the tolls at Strood-gate is £715, and at the New Road-gate £15.

For further information enquire at the office of Messrs. Essell and Hayward, Solicitors, the Precinct, Rochester.

By order of the Commissioners,
Essell and Hayward,
Clerks.

The Precinct, Rochester,
September 10, 1858.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday the 15th day of September, 1858.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£.		£.
Notes issued	32,433,960	Government Debt	11,015,100
		Other Securities	3,459,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion	17,958,960
		Silver Bullion	—
	<u>£32,433,960</u>		<u>£32,433,960</u>

Dated the 16th day of September, 1858.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital	14,553,000	Government Securities (including	
Rest	3,696,116	Dead Weight Annuity)	10,970,514
Public Deposits (including Ex-		Other Securities	15,311,274
chequer, Savings' Banks, Com-		Notes	12,279,970
missioners of National Debt, and		Gold and Silver Coin	689,955
Dividend Accounts)	8,041,078		
Other Deposits	12,201,959		
Seven day and other Bills	759,560		
	<u>£39,251,713</u>		<u>£39,251,713</u>

Dated the 16th day of September, 1858.

M. Marshall, Chief Cashier.

AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK.

Statement of ASSETS and LIABILITIES to 31st August, 1858.

Liabilities.	£	s.	d.	Assets.	£	s.	d.
Paid-up Capital	1,000,000	0	0	Cash Balances	291,565	7	6
Reserve Fund	164,535	13	0	Government Securities (in-			
Floating Deposits	386,633	18	8	cluding Reserve Fund)	321,351	16	8
Fixed Deposits	875,229	8	11	Discounts, Loans, Credits	1,026,296	11	4
Profit and Loss	21,993	18	8	Branches (Internal Exchange)	413,793	11	1
				London in Exchange with India			
				and China	91,840	6	11
				Branches in Exchange with			
				London	303,545	5	9
	<u>£2,448,392</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>3</u>		<u>£2,448,392</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>3</u>

Francis R. Neilson, General Manager.

P.S.—This statement does not include the Branches' accounts to a later date than 17th July, 1858.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of Bullion and Specie registered in the Week ended 15th September, 1858.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Hansetowns	13,955	...	13,955	...	186	186
France	550	...	550	2,720	...	2,720
Portugal	26	...	26	6,680	...	6,680
Egypt	1,136	...	1,136	...	...	...
Australia ... ..	...	152,926	152,926	...	...	...
United States	300	16,909	17,209	63,645	8,924	72,569
South America and West Indies	...	33	33	...	8,182	8,182
Other Countries	224	...	224	579	475	1,054
...
...
...
...
Aggregate of the Importations } registered in the Week ... }	16,191	169,868	186,059	73,624	17,767	91,391
Approximate Value of the said } Importations computed at the rates specified below ... }	£ 62,919	£ 671,000	£ 733,919	£ 18,256	£ 4,830	£ 23,086
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 16 6 to 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 10 0 to 4 0 0	...	s. d. 4 11½ to 5 0¾	s. d. 5 5¼	...

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.	Ounces.	Ounces.	British.	Foreign.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Holland ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	22,110	65,000	87,110
France ... ..	...	1,700	...	1,700	...	17,200	...	17,200
Brazil ... ..	...	...	...	...	73,600	...	...	73,600
Other Countries	30	65	...	95	1,560	...	576	2,136
...
...
...
...
Aggregate of the Exportations } registered in the Week ... }	30	1,765	...	1,795	75,160	39,310	65,576	180,046
Approximate Value of the said } Exportations computed at the rates specified below ... }	£ 117	£ 6,854	£ ...	£ 6,971	£ 19,025	£ 9,746	£ 17,828	£ 46,599
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 17 8	£ s. d. ...	...	s. d. 5 0¾	s. d. 4 11½	s. d. 5 5¼	...

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom House, London, 16th September, 1858.

ALEX. C. FRASER,
Assist. Inspector-General of Imports and Exports.

WEEKLY RETURNS of the Quantities and Price of BRITISH CORN, IMPERIAL MEASURE, as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise in the following Cities and Towns in ENGLAND and WALES, from which the Prices that govern Duty are calculated, conformably to the Act of the 5th Victoria, cap. 14.

MARKETS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			OATS.			RYE.			BEANS.			PEAS.		
	Quantities.	Price.		Quantities.	Price.		Quantities.	Price.		Quantities.	Price.		Quantities.	Price.		Quantities.	Price.	
	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£ s. d.
London	4223	0	10 27 3	459	0	8 37 4	330	0	4 75 12	27	0	4 8 19	150	0	3 10 11	70	0	1 62 1
Uxbridge	908	4	2 16 4	10	0	15 0 0	49	4	7 3 17	10	0	18 15 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chelmsford	2796	3	6 19 11	116	0	2 29 0	117	4	1 41 2	—	—	—	100	0	2 16 11	10	0	23 5 0
Colchester	1503	3	3 57 2	196	0	3 41 11	31	0	4 0 8	—	—	—	251	4	5 10 5	38	0	84 18 0
Romford	677	0	1 11 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	72	0	1 54 12	6	0	14 14 0
Chipping Ongar	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Saffron Walden	259	0	5 86 7	54	0	10 3 19	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Braintree	764	1	1 77 0	20	0	3 8 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hertford	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Royaton	316	2	6 90 9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bishop Stortford	68	0	1 54 12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Albans	199	7	4 66 6	—	—	—	13	0	18 7 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hemel Hempstead	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hitchin	266	3	6 12 12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aylesbury	55	0	1 22 5	25	0	4 6 8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Buckingham	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
High Wycombe	49	0	1 05 2	—	—	—	16	0	20 5 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Newport Pagnel	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oxford	399	0	8 67 9	152	0	2 61 7	85	0	1 11 10	—	—	—	116	0	2 63 9	—	—	—
Banbury	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Henley	214	4	4 78 5	27	4	4 5 7	82	4	1 10 5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Witney	160	0	3 37 10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chipping Norton	220	0	4 53 5	—	—	—	15	0	2 1 0	—	—	—	27	0	64 16 0	—	—	—
Warminster	516	4	1 118 7	25	0	4 4 13	25	0	3 1 5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swindon	182	4	3 90 18	52	0	10 2 9	55	0	7 0 5	50	0	9 0 0	20	0	49 10 0	—	—	—
Devizes	573	4	1 217 15	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	4	9 18 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Salisbury	530	0	1 132 4	8	0	11 16 0	25	0	3 2 10	70	0	120 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Trowbridge	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clippenham	220	4	4 55 17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Windsor	103	0	2 50 7	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Reading	1478	0	3 390 7	87	0	1 32 6	202	0	2 56 10	18	4	32 9 6	44	4	10 8 19	10	0	23 0 0
Abingdon	219	4	5 04 16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Maidenhead	105	0	2 39 5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Received in the Week ended
September 11, 1858.

Received in the Week ended
September 11, 1858.

MARKETS.	Quantities.			Price.			Quantities.			Price.			Quantities.			Price.			Quantities.			Price.		
	Qrs.	Bs.		£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.		£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.		£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.		£	s.	d.
Newbury	1329	0		3071	7	3	—	—		60	0	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Wallingford	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Guildford	170	4		406	13	6	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Croydon	272	0		650	0	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Kingston	70	2		172	6	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Dorking	108	0		245	5	0	—	—		5	0		10	0		18	15	0	—	—		—	—	
Maidstone	1740	0		3735	1	9	112	0		217	2	0	167	0		200	17	6	5	0		206	0	
Canterbury	1946	0		4380	9	0	189	0		363	6	0	157	0		197	13	0	—	—		64	0	
Dartford	294	1		679	14	1	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		Incor rect.	—		—	—	
Chatham & Rochester...	62	6		142	5	6	—	—		40	0		51	0	0	—	—		20	0		41	1	3
Dover	117	0		254	10	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Gravesend	135	0		293	15	0	—	—		85	0		117	5	0	17	0		31	9	0	64	0	
Ashford	187	0		416	12	0	—	—		10	0		13	0	0	—	—		20	0		39	0	0
Chichester	448	2		1001	1	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Lewes	1095	0		2451	15	0	20	0		41	0	0	180	0		248	10	0	—	—		115	0	
Rye	None			Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Brighton	602	4		1370	15	0	—	—		170	0		199	10	0	—	—		—	—		—	—	
East Grinstead	7	4		15	7	6	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Battle	70	4		156	6	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Arundel ..	None			Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Hastings	329	0		738	12	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Midhurst	67	4		148	0	0	—	—		—	—		17	0		33	13	0	—	—		—	—	
Shoreham	None			Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Winchester	48	4		103	8	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Andover	674	0		1524	2	6	26	0		44	2	0	28	0		41	4	0	25	0		44	5	0
Basingstoke	520	0		1209	4	6	35	0		64	15	0	62	0		78	9	3	—	—		10	0	
Fareham	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Havant	35	0		77	0	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Newport	240	4		532	3	0	50	0		65	0	0	50	0		60	0	0	—	—		5	0	
Ringwood	164	4		348	3	3	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		9	10	0
Southampton	157	0		333	15	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		6	0		13	10	0
Portsmouth	None			Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		10	0	
Christchurch	None			Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Blandford	365	0		793	15	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Bridport	209	0		455	10	0	9	0		14	17	0	7	0		8	8	0	—	—		—	—	
Dorchester	745	4		1610	13	6	51	0		84	14	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Sherborne	None			Sold.	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	
Shottesbury	10	0		21	0	0	10	0		16	0	0	—	—		—	—		—	—		—	—	

Received in the Week ended
September 11, 1858.

MARKETS.	WHEAT.					BARLEY.					OATS.					RYE.					BEANS.					PEAS.				
	Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.			Quantities.		Price.		
	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£	s.	d.
Wareham.....	155	4	338	11	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Poole	20	0	41	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	3	16	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exeter	172	1	383	14	1	56	2	94	1	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Barnstaple	60	4	126	9	2	43	6	69	15	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Plymouth.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Totness	97	4	225	19	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tavistock.....	51	0	116	13	6	41	0	65	19	0	47	0	61	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kingsbridge.....	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oakhampton	139	4	304	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	46	3	48	19	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tiverton	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Honiton	50	7	115	3	0	6	2	9	17	6	17	4	20	8	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Truro	165	4	362	8	0	25	1	40	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bodmin	148	4	336	12	10	5	3	9	14	0	26	4	31	7	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Launceston	79	0	167	19	10	8	6	13	2	6	84	3	98	2	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Redruth	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Helstone	13	4	30	12	0	1	7	3	0	0	3	6	4	5	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Austell	16	7	40	10	0	4	1	6	12	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Falmouth	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Callington	7	4	16	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Liskeard	38	6	87	7	6	24	4	37	0	0	94	1	109	7	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Columb	7	4	17	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bristol	913	7	1770	3	3	88	0	147	12	0	532	2	706	9	3	5	0	10	0	0	117	4	276	15	0	—	—	—	—	—
Taunton	710	1	1627	19	8	72	6	120	19	10	91	0	112	5	8	—	—	—	—	—	152	4	337	15	10	—	—	—	—	—
Wells	134	0	272	9	0	112	0	153	10	0	328	0	429	15	4	—	—	—	—	—	55	4	130	19	0	—	—	—	—	—
Bridgewater.....	287	6	634	11	9	37	4	63	15	0	430	0	526	15	0	—	—	—	—	—	198	7	437	6	0	—	—	—	—	—
Frome	159	0	350	16	6	22	0	36	6	0	50	0	61	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chard	111	7	246	13	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Somerton.....	168	6	374	7	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Shepton Mallett	—	—	—	—	—	30	0	54	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wellington	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wiveliscomb	—	—	—	—	—	310	0	518	1	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Monmouth	29	5	63	18	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Abergavenny	62	0	136	15	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chepstow	198	6	403	0	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Pontipool.....	32	0	68	5	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Newport	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gloucester	952	4	1750	5	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cirencester	627	0	1278	2	8	172	0	258	18	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	30	0	72	0	0	20	0	45	0	0

Received in the Week ended
September 11, 1858.

MARKETS.	Quantities.			Price.			Quantities.			Price.			Quantities.			Price.			Quantities.			Price.				
	Qrs.	Bs.		£.	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£.	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£.	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£.	s.	d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£.	s.	d.
Tetbury	48	0		103	4	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Stow-on-the-Wold	35	0		73	10	0	6	4	11	7	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Tewkesbury	162	3		346	9	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Cheltenham	12	4		25	16	8	31	2	53	2	6	—	—	—	—	—	8	4	19	16	8	—	—	—	—	
Dursley	—	—		—	—	—	28	0	49	13	0	5	0	7	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Northleach	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Stroud	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Hereford	20	0		44	13	4	31	2	53	15	0	—	—	—	—	—	46	2	112	5	0	Incor	rect.	—	—	
Leominster	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Kington	52	4		108	10	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Worcester	292	0		613	19	10	50	0	81	13	4	—	—	17	4	32	13	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Bromsgrove	281	5		614	10	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Kidderminster	273	7		579	18	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Stourbridge	—	—		—	—	—	17	5	35	5	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Evesham	208	6		455	10	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	110	0	255	0	0	—	—	—	—	
Shrewsbury	323	7		688	17	6	13	2	27	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Ludlow	90	5		195	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Newport	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Oswestry ..	363	4		844	0	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Wellington	15	0		32	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Wenlock	49	3		108	18	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Whitchurch	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Market Drayton	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Stafford	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Burton-on-Trent	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Lichfield ..	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Newcastle-under-Lyne	No		Return.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Stone	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Uttoxeter	43	6		100	5	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Walsall ..	37	4		84	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Wolverhampton	752	0		1717	9	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Chester	312	4		675	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	21	0	22	5	11	—	—	—	—	—	25	0	58	6	8
Nantwich	468	6		1017	11	0	—	—	—	—	—	81	6	96	1	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Middlewich	88	7		195	17	10	—	—	—	—	—	32	0	50	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Four-Lane-Ends	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Congleton ..	23	3		51	17	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Macclesfield	None		Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Stockport	—	—		—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	

MARKETS	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			OATS.			RYE.			BEANS.			PEAS.		
	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.
	Qrs.	Bs.		Qrs.	Bs.		Qrs.	Bs.		Qrs.	Bs.		Qrs.	Bs.		Qrs.	Bs.	
Derby	243	4	£ 566	6	3	—	15	0	£ 20	5	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chesterfield ..	112	1	265	3	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Croventry	992	1	2200	15	1	37	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Birmingham ..	1697	0	3840	8	10	—	40	0	67	0	0	—	7	4	19	0	0	—
Warwick	1235	4	2724	8	4	—	58	0	88	12	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stratford-on-Avon	610	1	1341	4	0	106	11	3	24	7	6	—	47	2	118	11	0	—
Leicester	1564	0	3491	11	0	76	0	0	—	—	—	—	20	5	50	5	0	—
Loughborough ..	347	4	814	16	0	373	0	6	150	18	0	—	99	0	260	2	9	—
Hinckley	246	0	542	9	10	—	104	0	—	—	—	—	25	0	66	5	0	—
Lutterworth ..	45	0	100	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northampton ..	2131	0	4645	4	0	787	16	0	18	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Peterborough ..	2099	3	4719	5	6	253	4	0	66	11	0	20	20	0	49	12	0	—
Daventry	14	0	30	9	0	—	—	—	347	4	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wellingborough ..	489	0	1098	3	0	165	2	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Kettering	526	0	1167	14	0	411	15	6	66	14	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Oakham	No	Return.	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bedford	738	0	1648	11	6	94	10	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Leighton Buzzard ..	635	6	1421	4	0	12	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Luton	63	1	125	6	0	—	—	—	30	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Huntingdon	510	3	1138	17	0	87	10	0	25	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
St. Ives	920	2	2068	2	6	63	0	0	—	—	—	—	5	0	11	17	6	—
Cambridge	1470	0	3218	7	5	61	0	0	50	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ely	1854	6	4055	19	9	113	0	0	80	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Wisbeach	2375	0	5413	3	2	125	8	9	92	0	148	17	60	0	147	0	0	—
Newmarket	368	4	791	6	2	49	1	9	271	4	288	4	0	16	0	39	4	0
Ipawich	1167	6	2656	19	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Woodbridge	593	6	1361	14	3	94	16	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Sudbury	855	4	1962	19	0	162	0	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Hadleigh	268	7	622	17	9	69	8	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Stowmarket	190	0	422	16	0	—	—	—	12	4	17	10	0	—	—	—	—	—
Bury St. Edmunds ..	1476	6	3260	3	6	36	0	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Beccles	393	0	885	16	3	73	8	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bungay	277	0	624	6	0	44	12	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lowestoft ..	None	Sold.	—	—	—	127	8	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Norwich ..	3524	3	7866	12	8	999	12	6	11	4	17	5	0	—	—	—	—	—
Yarmouth ..	978	3	2199	5	4	5	19	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lynn	1906	2	4215	8	9	344	9	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Thetford ..	None	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	12	4	16	5	0	—	—	12	0	24

Received in the Week ended
September 11, 1858.

MARKETS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			OATS.			RYE			BEANS.			PEAS.		
	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.	Quantities.		Price.
	Qrs.	Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£. s. d.	Qrs.	Bs.	£. s. d.
Watton	60	0	134 10 9	—	—	—	—	—	—	22	4	37 2 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diss	294	0	672 7 10	117	6	215 0 3	—	—	—	17	4	28 7 6	8	4	17 16 0	—	—	—
East Dereham	624	0	1371 8 9	20	4	30 10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Harleston	299	5	660 12 4	48	0	88 16 0	8	0	11 14 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Holt	107	0	237 16 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Aylesham	64	1	141 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Fakenham	1392	0	3143 6 6	149	2	279 1 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northwalsam	44	3	91 6 3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Swaffham	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lincoln	6525	0	15381 0 6	169	0	305 16 0	64	0	86 13 0	2	4	4 2 6	—	—	—	—	—	—
Gainsborough	618	5	1386 12 6	40	0	64 0 0	40	0	52 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Glanfordbridge	1601	0	3617 10 0	160	0	289 15 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Louth	1709	0	3876 4 6	120	0	209 10 0	43	4	52 7 6	—	—	—	4	0	9 4 0	29	0	68 5 0
Boston	5087	4	11457 13 10	112	0	160 0 0	1283	0	1664 14 0	—	—	—	138	4	347 8 6	20	0	47 5 0
Sleaford	935	0	2142 6 9	20	0	31 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14	0	26 12 0
Stamford	911	0	2010 2 5	34	0	57 18 0	85	0	114 2 6	—	—	—	20	0	50 0 0	—	—	—
Spalding	1475	0	3448 19 6	12	0	22 8 6	432	0	532 3 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Barton-on-Humber	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bourne	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grantham	972	0	2194 10 6	61	0	109 0 6	14	0	21 14 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Grimsby	222	0	521 12 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Horncastle	873	0	1956 11 0	238	0	408 3 6	256	0	299 14 0	92	0	156 10 0	8	0	20 16 0	—	—	—
Market Raisin	1201	4	2722 19 6	—	—	—	110	4	141 7 9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Caister	77	0	175 3 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Alford	595	0	1347 11 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Holbeck	175	0	389 2 6	—	—	—	30	0	37 10 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Long Sutton	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Nottingham	1548	0	3650 14 3	223	0	406 15 6	77	0	105 13 0	—	—	—	166	0	423 2 0	—	—	—
Newark	725	4	1666 15 10	227	4	448 12 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	0	26 0 0	—	—	—
Mansfield	268	1	635 11 6	15	0	27 18 6	32	0	44 16 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Retford	100	1	246 7 6	90	0	156 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
York	797	0	1807 0 10	165	0	303 15 0	140	0	190 9 2	15	0	24 15 0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Leeds	2612	5	6077 3 8	—	—	—	22	0	34 2 0	10	0	18 0 0	140	0	327 5 0	5	0	11 0 0
Wakefield	2772	0	6474 9 11	50	0	98 12 0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bridlington	302	0	664 6 6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Beverley	75	2	185 12 1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Howden	388	0	869 7 4	81	0	146 16 0	89	0	114 5 3	—	—	—	8	0	18 16 0	—	—	—
Sheffield	None	—	Sold.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Received in the Week ended
September 11, 1858.

HENRY FENTON JADIS, Comptroller of Corn Returns.

SALE OF PROVISIONS, &c., AT PLYMOUTH.

Admiralty, Somerset-Place,
September 9, 1858.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that, on Tuesday the 5th October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the Captain Superintendent will put up to sale, in Her Majesty's Victualling Yard at Plymouth, several lots of

VICTUALLING AND TRANSPORT STORES;

Consisting of Salt Beef and Pork, Biscuit and Biscuit Dust, Cooks' Fat, Biscuit Bags or Rags, Staves, Casks, Paymasters' Implements, Seamen's Clothing, Transport Bedding, &c., &c., &c.,
all lying in the said Yard.

Persons wishing to view the lots must apply to the Superintendent for notes of admission for that purpose.

Catalogues and conditions of sale may be had here and at the Yard.

CONTRACTS FOR SALT BEEF AND SALT PORK.

Department of the Comptroller for
Victualling, Somerset-House,
July 30, 1858.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that on Thursday, the 30th September next, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Her Majesty's Victualling Stores at the undermentioned Ports, the following quantities of

SALT MEAT,

of the cure of any country, and all of the cure of the present season, viz.:—

	NAVY BEEF.		NAVY PORK.	
	Tierces.	Barrels.	Tierces.	Barrels.
Deptford	4,500 ...	6,500 ...	9,500 ...	4,700
Gosport	1,000 ...	1,500 ...	3,000 ...	1,700
Plymouth ...	1,000 ...	1,500 ...	1,500 ...	800
Haulbowline	500 ...	750 ...	1,000 ...	500

Their Lordships reserve to themselves the power, when the tenders are opened, of contracting either for the whole, or for such part thereof only as they may deem fit, or for a greater quantity, or of not contracting for any; and also an unlimited power of selection.

A separate tender must be given for the beef, and a separate tender for pork, and every tender must specify where the meat is intended to be cured.

Persons tendering for more than one Port must give a separate tender for each Port.

The beef and pork to be delivered into the respective Stores as follows, viz.:—One-third of each quantity for each place by the 31st day of January, 1859; another third thereof by the 15th day of March, 1859; and the remainder thereof by the 30th day of April, 1859, or any greater portion, or the whole, at any earlier period, if preferred by the party tendering, and to be paid for by bills payable in seven days from and after the respective dates thereof.

Parties tendering are desired to take special notice that the use of wooden hoops is abolished, and that iron hoops only will be required for the casks, in accordance with the conditions of the revised form of contract.

A form of the tender may be obtained, and the

conditions of the revised contracts, to which particular attention is called, may be seen at this office, at the Victualling Yards at Gosport and Plymouth, or by applying to the Agent Victualler at Haulbowline, or to the Collectors of Her Majesty's Customs at Bristol, Limerick, Belfast, Waterford, and Newry, or to the Secretary to the Postmaster-General at Dublin, or to the Commander conducting the Packet Service at Liverpool, or to the Resident Agent for Transports at Leith.

No tender will be admitted for a less quantity than 100 tierces, or 100 barrels.

No tender will be received after half past one o'clock on the day of treaty, nor any noticed, unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose; but it will not be necessary that the party tendering, or an agent appointed by him, should attend at this Office, as the result of the offer received from each person will be communicated to him and his proposed sureties in writing.

Bills in payment for any beef or pork delivered into Her Majesty's Stores will be sent to parties upon transmitting the usual certificates of receipt.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner of the envelope the words "Tender for Salt Meat," and "Comptroller for Victualling," and must also be delivered at Somerset-House.

CONTRACT FOR HONDURAS MAHOGANY TIMBER.

Department of the Storekeeper-General of the Navy, Somerset-Place, September 11, 1858.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby give notice, that on Tuesday the 28th instant, at two o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying Her Majesty's Dock Yards with

11,250 loads of HONDURAS MAHOGANY TIMBER.

To be delivered during the years 1859, 1860, and 1861, according to a distribution, which, with a form of the tender, the conditions of the contract, and a specimen of the timber, may be seen at the said office.

No tender will be received after two o'clock on the day of treaty, nor will any be noticed unless the party attends, or an agent for him duly authorized in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for Honduras Mahogany Timber," and must be delivered at Somerset-place, accompanied by a letter signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering in the sum of £5,000 for the due performance of the contract.

CONTRACT FOR MOULMEIN TEAK TIMBER.

Department of the Storekeeper-General of the Navy, Somerset-Place, September 11, 1858.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that on Tuesday the 28th instant, at two o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying Her Majesty's Dock Yards with

7,500 loads of MOULMEIN TEAK TIMBER.

To be delivered during the years 1859, 1860, and 1861, according to a distribution which, with

a form of the tender, and the conditions of the contract, may be seen at the said office.

No tender will be received after two o'clock on the day of treaty, nor will any be noticed unless the party attends, or an agent for him duly authorized in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for Moulmein Teak Timber," and must be delivered at Somerset-place, accompanied by a letter, signed by two responsible persons, engaging to become bound with the person tendering, in the sum of £5,000, for the due performance of the contract.

CONTRACT FOR STOCKINGS FOR THE ROYAL MARINES.

Department of the Comptroller for Victualling, Somerset-Place, September 14, 1858.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, do hereby give notice, that on Monday the 27th instant, at half past one o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying and delivering into Her Majesty's Victualling Stores at Deptford, all such

GREY WORSTED STOCKINGS for Serjeants of the Royal Marines as shall from time to time be demanded, under a contract for twelve months certain, and further until the expiration of three months' warning.

A pattern of the stockings may be seen at the Royal Marine Office, New-street, Spring-gardens, between the hours of one and four o'clock.

The conditions of the revised contract may be seen at the said office.

No tender will be received after half past one o'clock, on the day of treaty, nor any noticed, unless made on the printed form provided for the purpose, and which may be obtained on application at the said office.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left hand corner the words "Tender for Stockings," and must also be delivered at Somerset-place.

CONTRACT FOR BIRCH BROOMS.

Department of the Storekeeper-General of the Navy, Somerset-Place, September 14, 1858.

THE Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland do hereby give notice, that, on Tuesday the 5th October next, at two o'clock, they will be ready to treat with such persons as may be willing to contract for supplying Her Majesty's Dock Yards at Deptford, Woolwich, Chatham, and Sheerness, with

BIRCH BROOMS.

Patterns of the brooms and a form of the tender may be seen at the said Office.

No tender will be received after two o'clock on the day of treaty, nor will any be noticed, unless the party attends, or an agent for him duly authorized in writing.

Every tender must be addressed to the Secretary of the Admiralty, and bear in the left-hand corner the words "Tender for Birch Brooms," and must be delivered at Somerset-place, accompanied by a letter, signed by a responsible person, engaging to become bound with the person tendering, in the sum of £200 for the due performance of the contract.

East India-House, September 15, 1858.

THE Finance, Home, and Public Works Committee of the Council of India hereby give notice,

That the debentures for the second portion of the Loan Act, 21 Vic., cap. 3, will be ready for delivery, at the Treasury at this House, on and after Monday the 20th instant.

J. Cosmo Melvill.

Alliance British and Foreign Life and Fire Assurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the transfer books of the Company will be and continue closed from Wednesday the 29th instant to Friday the 8th of October next (both days inclusive), pursuant to the Act of Parliament.—Dated the 15th day of September, 1858.

F. A. Engelbach, Actuary and Secretary.

British and Foreign Ships' Sheathing Protection Company (Limited).

NOTICE is hereby given, that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of this Company, held at the Offices of the said Company, at No. 101, Leadenhall-street, in the city of London, the 14th day of July last past, a special resolution was duly passed that this Company should be wound up voluntarily, which resolution was afterwards duly confirmed at an adjourned Extraordinary General Meeting of the same Company, held at the Company's said Offices on the 15th day of September instant.—Dated this 17th day of September, 1858.

J. T. Bower, Secretary.

The South Bog Mining and Smelting Company (Limited).

Voluntary Winding up.

No. 61, Moorgate-Street, September 16, 1858.

I HEREBY give notice, that at a General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company, held at the Offices of the Company, No. 61, Moorgate-street, on Wednesday the 15th of September, 1858, Special Resolutions were passed confirming the Resolutions passed on the 2nd of July, 1858, for the voluntary winding up of the above Company, and the appointment of Mr. George Peircey, of No. 10, New-street, Bishopsgate-street, N.E., as the Liquidator, as per notice, dated September 4th, 1858.

Hiram Williams, Secretary.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, George Barber and Henry Raine Barker, under the firm or style of Barber and Barker, at No. 50, Mark-lane, in the city of London, as Merchants, was dissolved by mutual consent, as of the 1st day of January, 1857.—Dated this 5th day of August, 1858.

Geo. Barber.
H. R. Barker.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership subsisting between us the undersigned, William Lloyd and William Reynolds, of Jackfield, in the parish of Broseley, in the county of Salop, Brick and Tile Manufacturers, under the style or firm of Lloyd and Reynolds, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—Dated the 11th day of September, 1858.

The
William X Lloyd.
Mark of.
William Reynolds.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, Robert Gargett and Thomas Jackson, carrying on business as Coal Merchants, at Middlesbrough, in the county of York, under the firm of Gargett and Jackson, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 9th day of September, 1858.

Robt. Gargett.
Thomas Jackson.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Newton Wilson, William Newton, and Joseph Michael Wilson, carrying on business at No. 144, High Holborn, London, in the county of Middlesex, as Patent Chair Manufacturers, and also as Dealers in Patent Sewing Machines, under the style or firm of Wilson, Newton, and Co., was this day dissolved by mutual consent, as on and from the 1st day of September instant. All debts owing to and by the said firm, are to be received and paid by the said William Newton Wilson and Joseph Michael Wilson, who will continue the business on their own account.—Dated this 6th day of September, 1858.

W. N. Wilson.

Wm. Newton.

J. M. Wilson.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership between us the undersigned, Thomas Keeton and James Sylvester, of Lenton, in the county of Nottingham. Machine Builders, trading under the firm of Keeton and Sylvester, was, by mutual consent, dissolved this day. All demands upon the above firm will be paid by the said Thomas Keeton, who is empowered to receive and discharge all debts due to and from the said copartnership.—Witness our hands this 16th day of September, 1858.

Thomas Keeton.

Jas. Sylvester.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately subsisting between us the undersigned, William Russell Bland and Charles Albert Long, as Opticians, Mathematical, Chemical, and Philosophical Instrument Makers, Operative Chemists, and Manufacturers of, and Dealers in, Apparatus and Chemical Preparations used in the Art of Photography, at No. 153, Fleet-street, in the city of London, under the firm of Bland and Long, was, on the 4th day of September instant, dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said William Russell Bland, by whom in future the business will be carried on, under the style of Bland and Co.—As witness our hands this 16th day of September, 1858.

William Russell Bland.

Charles Albert Long.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership hitherto subsisting between us the undersigned William Hodgson and Joseph Longmire, carrying on business as Bone Manure Manufacturers, at Corkickle, near Whitehaven, in the county of Cumberland, or elsewhere, under the style or firm of Hodgson and Longmire, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts will be received and paid by the said William Hodgson, or by Mr. James Postlethwaite, Corn Merchant, Tangier-street, Whitehaven.—As witness our hands this 19th day of August, 1858.

William Hodgson.

Joseph Longmire.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, John Asquith Nelson and James Knevit Devey, in the trade or business of Brush Manufacturers, carried on by them at Keighley, in the county of York, under the style or firm of Nelson and Devey, or under any other style or firm, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, the said James Knevit Devey, will pay and be entitled to receive all debts and sums of money respectively due or owing by the said firm.—As witness the hands of the said parties this 25th day of August, 1858.

John Asquith Nelson.

James Knevit Devey.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by William Hurt Sitwell and William Edward Gilpin, under the firm of Gilpin junior, and Company, at Farnham-place, Gravel-lane, Southwark, in the trade or business of Oil Refiners, and Merchants, and Candle Manufacturers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, and that such dissolution should date as from the 30th day of April last.—As witness our hands this 15th day of September, 1858.

W. H. Sitwell.

W. E. Gilpin

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership between the undersigned, James Morison and Niels Peter Hansen Skafte, carried on at Liverpool, under the style of Morison and Skafte, in the trade or business of a Sail Maker, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to or by the firm will be received and paid by Mr. Morison.—Dated the 13th day of September, 1858.

James Morison.

N. P. H. Skafte.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore existing between us the undersigned, Henry Clegg and Robert Williams, under the style or firm of Clegg and Williams Stone Masons &c., Canal Side, Chester, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to the said firm, are to be paid to the said Robert Williams, and all debts due by the aforesaid firm are to be sent in to the said Robert Williams, for examination, and if found correct will be paid.

Henry Clegg.

Robert Williams.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership lately existing between Henry Kennett and Frederick Vosper, carrying on the business of Grocers and Tea Dealers, at Tenterden, in the county of Kent, under the firm of Kennett and Vosper, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and that the business will in future be carried on by the said Henry Kennett alone, by whom all debts due to and owing from the said copartners, will be received and paid.—Dated this 7th day of September, 1858.

Henry Kennett.

Frederick Vosper.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, James May the younger, and Samuel Brocklehurst, carrying on business in the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, as Estate and House Agents, under the firm of May and Brocklehurst, was this day dissolved by mutual consent.—As witness our hands this 15th day of September, 1858.

James May the younger.

Samuel Brocklehurst.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, George Washington Abbott and Joseph Seymour Salaman, of No. 13, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, Attorneys and Solicitors, is dissolved as and from the 1st day of July instant; and that all debts due from the firm are to be paid by the said George Washington Abbott.—Dated this 29th July, 1858.

G. W. Abbott.

J. Seymour Salaman.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned, Charles Jones and James Heeley, carrying on business as Jewellers, at Regent-place, in the borough of Birmingham, has been dissolved by mutual consent; and that all debts due and owing to or by the said late partnership will be respectively received or paid by the said James Heeley.—Dated this 8th day of September, 1858.

Charles Jones.

James Heeley.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, William Morton and James Hayes, carrying on business as Butchers, at No. 166, Ashted-row, in the parish of Aston-juxta-Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts due to and owing from the said partnership, are to be received and paid by the said William Morton.—Dated this 14th day of September, 1858.

William Morton.

James Hayes.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Partnership heretofore subsisting between us the undersigned, Leopold Newton and Richard Heath, carrying on business as Cotton Spinners, at California Mill, Royton, in the county of Lancashire, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; and that the business will henceforth be carried on by the said Leopold Newton alone, who pay and receive all moneys on account of the said business.—As witness our hands this 11th day of September, 1858.

Leopold Newton.

Richard Heath.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a cause James Bate and another, plaintiffs, against Emma Bate, Widow, and others, defendants, the creditors of and incumbrancers on the real estate of James Craig Bate, late a Brevet-Major in the Honourable East India Company's 11th Regiment of Bombay Native Infantry, and of Bromley, in the county of Kent, who died in or about the month of June, 1857, are, by their Solicitors, on or before the 16th day of November, 1858, to come in and prove their debts or claims, at the chambers of the Vice-Chancellor, Sir John Stuart, situate at No. 12, Old-square, Lincoln's-inn, Middlesex, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree. Saturday, the 20th day of November, 1858, at twelve o'clock at noon, at the said chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.—Dated this 3rd day of August, 1858.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by an indenture, bearing date the 11th day of September, 1858, Mary Sykes, of Woolley-bridge, in the county of Derby, Widow and Corn Dealer, hath conveyed and assigned all her estate and effects whatsoever to John Platt, of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Cheese Factor, John Duckworth, of Staley-bridge, in the said county of Lancaster, Grocer, and William Beckett Reddish, of Mottram-in-Longdale, in the county of Chester, Corn Factor, as trustees, upon trust for the equal benefit of all the creditors of her the said Mary Sykes; and that the said indenture was duly executed by the said Mary Sykes, John Duckworth, and William Beckett Reddish on the day of the date thereof, and by the said John Platt on the 13th day of September, 1858, and the due execution of which indenture by all the said parties thereto, was attested by Henry Reddish, of No. 2, Saint James's-square, Manchester aforesaid, Solicitor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Hannah Morrison, of Alnwick, in the county of Northumberland, Ironmonger, did by indenture of assignment, dated the 11th day of September instant, assign all her estate and effects, unto Robert Straghan, of Alnwick aforesaid, Butcher, and John Watson Bowey, of the same place, Foundryman, in trust for the equal benefit of the creditors of the said Hannah Morrison, the execution of such indenture being attested by William Forster, of Alnwick aforesaid, Solicitor; that the said indenture now lies at the offices of the said William Forster, in Alnwick aforesaid, for execution by the creditors, and that such of them as shall neglect or refuse to execute the same within three calendar months from the date thereof, will be excluded from all benefit to arise therefrom, and they are hereby requested to send statements of their accounts to the said William Forster without delay; and that all persons indebted to the said Hannah Morrison, are requested to pay the amount of their respective debts at the offices of the said William Forster forthwith.—Alnwick, 13th September, 1858.

THIS is to give notice, that by an indenture, bearing date the 27th day of August, 1858, William Taylor, of the borough of Newport, in the county of Monmouth, Ship Owner and Merchant, hath conveyed and assigned all his estate and effects whatsoever to Edmund Elmes Beekingham, of Newport aforesaid, Bank Manager, and David Price, of the same place, Agent, as trustees, upon trust, for the benefit of all the creditors of him the said William Taylor; and that the said indenture was duly executed by the said William Taylor and David Price, on the said 27th day of August, and by the said Edmund Elmes Beekingham on the 6th day of September, 1858, and the due execution of which indenture, by the said William Taylor, David Price, and Edmund Elmes Beekingham, was witnessed by John Cathcart, of Newport, in the county of Monmouth, Solicitor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by an Order of the Court of Bankruptcy in London, dated the 15th day of September, 1858, made in the matter of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy against Pizzey Vincent, of No. 19, Great Saint Helen's, in the city of London, Printer, carrying on business under the name, style, and firm of Thompson and Vincent. It was ordered that the adjudication of Bankruptcy against the said Pizzey Vincent, dated the 1st day of June, 1858, should be, and the same was thereby, annulled, and that the said Petition for adjudication should be, and the same was thereby, dismissed.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy was, on the 8th day of June, 1857, filed in the Court of Bankruptcy in London, against Joshua Shuckford, of Studley-terrace, Larkhall-lane, Lambeth, and Clifton-street, Wandsworth-road, both in the county of Surrey, Builder; and the said Joshua Shuckford was adjudicated bankrupt thereunder on the same day. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the said court, bearing date the 30th day of June, 1857, the said adjudication of bankruptcy has been annulled, and the petition dismissed.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy was, on the 16th day of September, 1858, filed against Charles John Howes, of Uxbridge, in the county of Middlesex, Hotel Keeper and Licensed Victualler, and he having been declared bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to Edward Holroyd, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy, on the 30th September instant, at half past two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, and on the 2nd day of November next, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose assignees, and at the last sitting the said bankrupt is required to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver

the same but to Mr. Edward Watkin Edwards, No. 22, Basinghall-street, London, the Official Assignee in the matter of this Bankruptcy, and give notice to Mr. Henry Fryer, Solicitor, No. 2, Gray's-inn-place, London.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy was, on the 8th day of September, 1858, filed against Joseph Moses, of No. 12, White's-street, Cutler-street, Houndsditch, in the city of London, Metal Dealer and Chapman, and he having been declared bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to Edward Holroyd, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy, on the 27th September instant, at two in the afternoon precisely, and on the 2nd of November next, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose assignees, and at the last sitting the said bankrupt is required to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or that have any of his effects are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Edward Watkin Edwards, No. 22, Basinghall-street, London, the Official Assignee in the matter of this bankruptcy, and give notice to Mr. Henry de Medina, Solicitor, No. 28, Broad-street-buildings, London.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, was, on the 15th of September, 1858, filed against Absalom White, of Swathling, in the county of Southampton, Licensed Victualler, Grocer and Tea Dealer, Dealer and Chapman, and he having been declared bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to Edward Holroyd, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy, on the 30th day of September instant, and on the 25th day of October next, at two o'clock in the afternoon precisely, on each day, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose assignees, and at the last sitting the said bankrupt is required to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Edward Watkin Edwards, No. 22, Basinghall-street, London, the Official Assignee in the matter of this bankruptcy, and give notice to Mr. H. J. Riches, Solicitor, No. 34, Coleman-street, London.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 11th day of September, 1858, hath been filed against Thomas Bulpit and Joseph Peakman, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Metal Dealers and Refiners, and they being declared bankrupts, are hereby required to surrender themselves to John Balguy, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Birmingham District Court of Bankruptcy, at Birmingham, on the 6th day of October next, and on the 1st day of November following, at ten of the clock in the forenoon on each of the said days, and make a full discovery and disclosure of their estate and effects; when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose assignees, and at the last sitting the said bankrupts are required to finish their examination. All persons indebted to the said bankrupts, or that have any of their effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Frederick Whitmore, No. 19, Upper Temple-street, Birmingham, the Official Assignee, whom the Commissioner has appointed, and give notice to Mr. Edward H. Collis, Solicitor, No. 38, Bennett's-hill, Birmingham.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 14th day of September, 1858, hath been filed against John Palmer, of the city of Worcester, Hop Merchant, and he being declared bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to John Balguy, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorised to act in the prosecution of Petitions for adjudication in Bankruptcy, in the Birmingham District Court of Bankruptcy, at Birmingham, on the 1st and 22nd days of October next, at half past eleven of the clock in the forenoon, on each of the said days, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose assignees, and at the last sitting the said bankrupt is required to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. George Kinnear, No. 37, Waterloo-street, Birmingham, the Official Assignee, whom the Commissioner has appointed, and give notice to Mr. James Ure, Solicitor, Birmingham.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy hath been filed on the 8th day of September, 1858, against John McMillan, of Liverpool, in the county of

Lancaster, Licensed Victualler, and he having been declared bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to Henry James Perry, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Liverpool District Court of Bankruptcy, at Liverpool, on the 1st and 18th days of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, on each of the said days, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects, when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts, and at the first sitting to choose assignees, and at the last sitting the said bankrupt is required to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. William Bird, of South Castle-street, Liverpool, the Official Assignee, whom the Commissioner has appointed, and give notice to Messrs. Neat and Martin, Solicitors, Liverpool.

WHEREAS a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy was filed on the 13th day of September, 1858, in Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, at Manchester, against Abraham Wardleworth, of Prestwich, in the county of Lancaster, Dyer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Manchester District Court of Bankruptcy, on the 29th day of September instant, and on the 26th day of October next, at twelve o'clock at noon, on each day, at the Manchester District Court of Bankruptcy, in Manchester, and make a full discovery and disclosure of his estate and effects; when and where the creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts and at the first sitting to choose assignees, and at the last sitting the said bankrupt is required to finish his examination. All persons indebted to the said bankrupt, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Francis Herniman, No. 69, Princess-street, Manchester, the Official Assignee, whom the Commissioner has appointed to receive the same, and to give notice to Messrs. Slater and Myers, Solicitors, Tib-lane, Manchester.

NATHANIEL ELLISON, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Newcastle-upon-Tyne District Court of Bankruptcy, the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 16th day of January, 1857, against William Doeg and John Skelton, of the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Timber Merchants, carrying on business in copartnership under the style or firm of Doeg and Skelton, will sit on the 14th day of October next, at twelve o'clock at noon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, in the Royal-arcade, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, to receive Proof of Debts against each of the separate estates of the said bankrupts under the said Petition; when and where the separate creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same.

MONTAGUE BERE, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Exeter District Court of Bankruptcy, being the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 24th day of May, 1858, against Henry James Crutchett, of Stonehouse, in the county of Devon, Shipowner, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 29th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, in the city of Exeter, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt, under the said Petition, pursuant to the Acts of Parliament made and now in force relating to bankrupts; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same.

MONTAGUE BERE, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Exeter District Court of Bankruptcy, being the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed the 5th day of June, 1858, by Robert Trim, of Weymouth and Melcombe Regis, in the county of Dorset, Confectioner, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 29th of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, in the city of Exeter, to Audit the Accounts of the Assignee of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt, under the said Petition, pursuant to the Acts of Parliament made and now in force relating to bankrupts; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, may come prepared to prove the same.

MONTAGUE BERE, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Exeter District Court of Bankruptcy, being the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 31st day of July, 1858, by James Gillham, of No. 149, Fore-street Hill, in the city of Exeter, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 29th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, Exeter, in the county of Devon, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of

the said bankrupt, under the said Petition, pursuant to the Acts of Parliament made and now in force relating to bankrupts, when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same.

MONTAGUE BERE, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Exeter District Court of Bankruptcy, being the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 15th day of June, 1858, against John Stokes Hutchings, of Dorchester, in the county of Dorset, Builder, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 29th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, in the city of Exeter, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt, under the said Petition, pursuant to the Acts of Parliament made and now in force relating to bankrupts; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same.

MONTAGUE BERE, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Exeter District Court of Bankruptcy, being the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 24th day of July, 1858, against Parmenas Pearce Mudge, of No. 3, Mount Radford-terrace, in the parish of Saint Leonard, in the county of Devon, and also of Trelake Farm, in the parish of Whitestone, in the same county, Professor of Music, and Dealer in Musical Instruments and Music, and Farmer, will sit on the 29th of September instant, at one in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, in the city of Exeter, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt, under the said Petition, pursuant to the Acts of Parliament made and now in force relating to bankrupts; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same.

JOHN BALGUY, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 27th day of April, 1858, and filed against John Hayward, of Warwick and Milverton, in the county of Warwick, Miller and Baker, will sit on the 29th day of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Birmingham District Court of Bankruptcy, at Birmingham, in order to Audit the Accounts of the Assignees of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt, under the said Petition, pursuant to the Acts of Parliament made and now in force relating to bankrupts.

JOHN SAMUEL MARTIN FONBLANQUE, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed the 5th day of May, 1858, by Henry Charles Sherborn, of Odiham, in the county of Southampton, Grocer, Tea Dealer, and Provision Merchant, will sit on the 9th day of October next, at half past one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOSHUA EVANS, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorized to act under a Petition under which adjudication of Bankruptcy was made, on the 5th day of November, 1857, against Charles Warwick, of No. 46½, Friday-street, Cheapside, in the city of London, Fancy Dress Warehouseman, trading under the name, firm, style, or description of Charles Warwick, junior, and Co., will sit the 11th of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOSHUA EVANS, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 28th day of January, 1858, against Francis Stevens, of Earls Burton, in the county of Northampton, Currier and Leather Merchant, will sit on the 11th day of October next, at half past eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend, and all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JOSHUA EVANS, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorized to act under a Commission of Bankruptcy, bearing date the 21st day of February, 1831, awarded and issued forth against John Cameron, Thomas Johnston, and William Bevern, of Henrietta-street, Westminster, in the county of Middlesex, Tailors, Dealers and Chapmen, late Copartners, but which has been superseded as to the said John Cameron, will sit on the 11th of October next, at twelve of the clock at noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, to make a Dividend of the joint estate and effects of the said bankrupts, when and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

NATHANIEL ELLISON, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Newcastle-upon-Tyne District Court of Bankruptcy, the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication in Bankruptcy, filed on the 16th day of January, 1857, against William Doeg and John Skelton, of the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Timber Merchants, carrying on business in copartnership, under the style or firm of Doeg and Skelton, will sit on the 14th day of October next, at twelve of the clock at noon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, at the Royal-arcade, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, to make a Final Dividend of the joint estate and effects of the said bankrupts; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

NATHANIEL ELLISON, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Newcastle-upon-Tyne District Court of Bankruptcy, the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy filed on the 26th day of April, 1858, against James Lumsdon and William Lumsdon, of South Shields, in the county of Durham, Chain and Anchor Manufacturers, and Copartners, trading under the style or firm of Edward Lumsdon and Sons, will sit on the 14th day of October next, at half past eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, in the Royal-arcade, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, to make a Dividend of the joint estate and effects of the said bankrupts; when and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

NATHANIEL ELLISON, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Newcastle-upon-Tyne District Court of Bankruptcy, the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 26th day of April, 1858, against Joseph Thorman the younger, of the borough of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Commission Agent, and Iron Merchant, carrying on business under the style or firm of Thorman and Company, will sit on the 12th day of October next, at half past eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, in the Royal-arcade, at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

NATHANIEL ELLISON, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Newcastle-upon-Tyne District Court of Bankruptcy, the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 3rd day of May, 1858, against Matthew Stainton, of South Shields, in the county of Durham, Iron Founder, Paint Manufacturer, and Ship Chandler, will sit on the 12th of October next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, in the Royal-arcade, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, in order to make a First Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

MONTAGUE BERE, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Exeter District Court of Bankruptcy, being the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 15th day of June, 1858, against John Stokes Hutchings, of Dorchester, in the county of Dorset, Coach Builder, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 12th day of October next, at one of the clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, in the city of Exeter, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their

debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

MONTAGUE BERE, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner of the Exeter District Court of Bankruptcy, being the Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 31st day of July, 1858; by James Gillham, of No. 149, Fore-street-hill, in the city of Exeter, Boot and Shoe Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, will sit on the 12th October next, at one in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, Exeter, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

HENRY JAMES PERRY, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 1st day of May, 1858, against William Stock, of Newton, near Warrington, in the county of Lancaster, Glass Manufacturer, will sit on the 11th of October next, at twelve at noon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, Liverpool, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend.

HENRY JAMES PERRY, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 11th day of May, 1858, against Joseph Hughes, of Ruabon, in the county of Denbigh, Tailor and Draper, will sit on the 11th day of October next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, in Liverpool, Lancashire, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend.

HENRY JAMES PERRY, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 23rd day of May, 1856, against John Rose, of Saint Helen's Mills, Saint Helen's, in the county of Lancaster, Miller and Flour Dealer, will sit on the 11th day of October next, at twelve of the clock at noon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, in Liverpool, Lancashire, in order to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend.

WHEREAS the Court, authorized to act in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 17th day of March, 1858, against William Barnett, of No. 81, London-road, Brighton, in the county of Sussex, Gas Engineer and Gas Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, has, on the application of the said bankrupt, appointed a public sitting under such Petition, to be held before John Samuel Martin Fonblanque, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy, on the 9th October next, at half past twelve in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, for the allowance of the Certificate of the said bankrupt's conformity to the laws now in force concerning bankrupts, according to the form and subject to the provisions of the Statute, passed in the Parliament holden in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849;" this is to give notice, that such Court will sit, at the time and place above mentioned, for the purpose aforesaid; when and where any of the creditors of the said bankrupt, who shall have given due notice of their intention to oppose, may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, and the same will be allowed, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary, or such other order will be made therein as the justice of the case may require.

WHEREAS the Court, authorized to act in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 30th day of April, 1858, against Percival Sampson Low, of No. 4, Layland-cottages, Lavender-grove, Queen's-road, Dalston, in the county of Middlesex, and late of No. 12, Little Tower-street, in the city of London, Ship Owner and Ship Broker, Dealer and Chapman, has, on the application of the said bankrupt, appointed a public sitting under such Petition, to be held before John Samuel Martin Fonblanque, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy, on the 9th day of October next, at twelve of the clock at

noon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, Basinghall-street, in the city of London, for the allowance of the Certificate of the said bankrupt's conformity to the laws now in force concerning bankrupts, according to the form and subject to the provisions of the Statute, passed in the Parliament holden in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849;" this is to give notice, that such Court will sit, at the time and place above mentioned, for the purpose aforesaid; when and where any of the creditors of the said bankrupt, who shall have given due notice of their intention to oppose, may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, and the same will be allowed, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary, or such other order will be made therein as the justice of the case may require.

WHEREAS the Court, authorized to act in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed against Henry Fletcher, of Painswick, in the county of Gloucester, Woollen Cloth Manufacturer, and bearing date the 21st July, 1858, has, on the application of the said bankrupt, appointed a public sitting under such Petition, to be held before Matthew Daveport Hill, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners of the Court of Bankruptcy, on the 19th of October next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, at Bristol, for the allowance of the Certificate of the said bankrupt's, conformity to the laws now in force concerning bankrupts, according to the form and subject to the provisions of the Statute, passed in the Parliament holden in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849;" this is to give notice, that such Court will sit, at the time and place above mentioned, for the purpose aforesaid; when and where any of the creditors of the said bankrupt, who shall have given due notice of their intention to oppose may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate and the same will be allowed, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary, or such other order will be made therein as the justice of the case may require.

THIS is to give notice, that Her Majesty's Commissioner authorized to act in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 5th day of July, 1858, against Philip Curno, of No. 17, Russell-street, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Wheelwright, has appointed a public sitting to be held on the 11th October next, at one in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, at the Athenæum, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, for the allowance of the Certificate of the said bankrupt's conformity to the laws now in force concerning bankrupts, according to the provisions of "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849;" when and where the assignees or any of the creditors of the said bankrupt, who shall have given due notice of his or their intention to oppose, may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate.

THIS is to give notice, that Her Majesty's Commissioner authorized to act in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 20th day of July, 1858, by John West, of Plymouth, in the county of Devon, Ironmonger, Dealer and Chapman, has appointed a public sitting to be held on the 11th day of October next, at one of the clock in the afternoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, at the Athenæum, Plymouth, in the county of Devon, for the allowance of the Certificate of the said bankrupt's conformity to the laws now in force concerning bankrupts, according to the provisions of "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849;" when and where the assignees or any of the creditors of the said bankrupt, who shall have given due notice of his or their intention to oppose, may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Walter Skirrow, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed the 19th day of May, 1858, by Tryall Holcroft, of the city of Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, Silk Throwster and Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, will, pursuant to "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849," on the application of the said bankrupt, sit on the 14th of October next, at twelve at noon precisely, at the Manchester District Court of Bankruptcy, in Manchester, for the allowance of the Certificate of conformity of the said bankrupt, under the said Petition. Any of the creditors of the said bankrupt, who shall have given due notice of his or their intention to oppose, may at such sitting be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Walker Skirrow, Esq., the Commissioner acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed the 29th day of March, 1854, against William Sutcliffe, of Enfield, within Clayton-le-Moors, in the county of Lancaster, Builder,

Dealer and Chapman, will, pursuant to "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849," on the application of the said bankrupt, sit on the 26th of November next, at twelve at noon precisely, at Her Majesty's District Court of Bankruptcy, in Manchester, for the allowance of the Certificate of conformity of the said bankrupt, under the said Petition. Any of the creditors of the said bankrupt, who shall have given due notice of his or their intention to oppose, may at such sitting be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Henry James Perry, Esq., Her Majesty's Commissioner authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed the 7th day of August, 1858, against James Wilkson, of Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, Engineer, Tank and Boiler Maker, trading under the style or firm of James Wilson and Sons, will, pursuant to "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849," sit on the 8th day of October next, at twelve of the clock at noon precisely, at the District Court of Bankruptcy, at Liverpool, for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the said James Wilson, under the said Petition. Any of the creditors of the said bankrupt, who shall have given due notice of his or their intention to oppose, may at such sitting be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, pursuant to the Statute in such case made and provided.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 1st day of July, 1858, against Joseph Stratford, of No. 20, Pelham-street, Thurlow-square, Brompton, in the county of Middlesex, Baker, did, on the 11th day of September instant, allow the said Joseph Stratford, a Certificate of the second class; and that such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 4th day of February, 1858, against James McClean and Terence Charles McClean, of Turnagain-lane, Skinner-street, Snow-hill, in the city of London, Wine, Spirit, and Beer Merchants, Dealers and Chapman, did, on the 13th day of September instant, allow the said James McClean and Terence Charles McClean, each a Certificate of the third class, after six months' suspension; and that such Certificate will be delivered to each of the said bankrupts, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 19th day of June, 1858, against Henry Williams, of No. 44, Ludgate-hill, in the city of London, Umbrella and Parasol Manufacturer, Dealer and Chapman, did, on the 11th day of September instant, allow the said Henry Williams a Certificate of the second class; and that such certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed the 3rd day of June, 1858, against James Horne, of No. 112, Tottenham-court-road, and No. 85, Edgware-road, both in the county of Middlesex, Hatter, Dealer and Chapman, did, on the 9th day of September instant, allow the said James Horne, a Certificate of the second class; and that such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 9th day of March, 1858, against William Powell, of Lowestoft, in the county of Suffolk, Grocer, did, on the 13th September instant, allow him the said William Powell a Certificate of the second class; and that such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 17th day of May, 1858, against James Dormer, of Garrard-street, Reading, in the county of Berks, Builder and Cement Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, did, on the 10th day of September instant, allow the said James Dormer a Certificate of the third class; and that such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 26th day of September, 1857, against Thomas

Hutchings, of No. 5, Adam-street, Adelphi, in the county of Middlesex, Contractor for Public Works, Dealer and Chapman, did, on the 10th day of September instant, allow the said Thomas Hutchings a Certificate of the third class; and that such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court authorized to act in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 12th of February, 1858, against John Peard, of Bristow, in the county of Devon, Draper and Taylor, did hold a public sitting for the allowance of the Certificate to the said bankrupt, on the 7th September, 1858, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, in the city of Exeter; and the said Court did then and there allow the same, and did award unto the said bankrupt a Certificate of the third class; and such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt at the expiration of twenty-one days from the date hereof unless an appeal be duly entered against the same.

THIS is to give notice, that the Court authorized to act in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 24th day of May, 1858, against Henry James Crutchett, of Stonehouse, in the county of Devon, Shipowner, Dealer and Chapman, did hold a public sitting for the allowance of the Certificate to the said bankrupt, on the 7th day of September, 1858, at the Court of Bankruptcy for the Exeter District, in Queen-street, in the city of Exeter, and the said Court did then and there allow the same, and did award unto the said bankrupt a Certificate of the second class; and such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt at the expiration of twenty-one days from the date hereof, unless an appeal be duly entered against the same.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Walker Skirrow, Esq., one of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Court of Bankruptcy, at Manchester, acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 12th day of September, 1857, against Thomas Frear, of Deansgate, in the city of Manchester, Draper, did, on the 9th day of September, 1858 (after a suspension of nine calendar months from the 4th day of December, 1857), allow the said bankrupt a Certificate of conformity of the third class; and that such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Court acting in the prosecution of a Petition for adjudication of Bankruptcy, filed on the 27th day of April, 1858, against Charles Dixon, of Sackville, in the county of Westmoreland, and province of New Brunswick, and of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Shipowner, Shipbuilder, Dealer and Chapman, did on the 10th September, 1858, allow the said bankrupt a Certificate of the second class; and that such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

JOHAN BALGUY, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorized to act under a Petition for adjudication in Bankruptcy, bearing date the 23rd day of June, 1858, and filed in Her Majesty's District Court of Bankruptcy, at Birmingham, against Joseph Lunt, of Camden-street, Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Victualler, Dealer and Chapman, did, on the 10th day of September, allow the said Joseph Lunt a Certificate of the second class; and that such Certificate will be delivered to the said bankrupt, unless an appeal be duly entered against the judgment of such Court, and notice thereof be given to the Court.

County Court of Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham.
In the Matter of William Wallace the younger, of Nottingham, an Insolvent Debtor.

TAKE notice, a Dividend of 1s. 6d. in the pound will be paid to the creditors of the above insolvent upon the debts admitted in his Schedule, or proved against his estate, upon application at the office of Mr. Edwin Patchitt, the Official Assignee, in Peter-gate, Nottingham: Bills and securities to be produced.—Dated this 7th day of September, 1858.

EDWIN PATCHITT, Official Assignee.

County Court of Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham.
In the Matter of Henry Sharp, of Nottingham, an Insolvent Debtor.

TAKE notice, a Dividend of 5d. in the pound will be paid to the creditors of the above insolvent, upon the debts admitted in his Schedule, or proved against his estate, upon application at the office of Mr. Edwin Patchitt, the Official Assignee, in Peter-gate, Nottingham: Bills and securities to be produced.—Dated this 7th day of September, 1858.

EDWIN PATCHITT, Official Assignee.

County Court of Nottinghamshire, at Nottingham.

In the Matter of Richard Parker, of Nottingham, an Insolvent Debtor.

TAKE notice, a Dividend of 1s. 4d. in the pound will be paid to the creditors of the above insolvent, upon the debts admitted in his Schedule, or proved against his estate, upon application at the office of Mr. Edwin Patchitt, the Official Assignee, in Peter-gate, Nottingham: Bills and securities to be produced.—Dated this 7th day of September, 1858.

EDWIN PATCHITT, Official Assignee.

WHEREAS a Petition of Joseph Henry Davis, of No. 8, Stafford-street, Walsall, in the county of Stafford, previously of Green-lane, Walsall aforesaid, and previously thereto of Caldmore, in the foreign of Walsall aforesaid, at all such places of abode carrying on the trade or business of a Butcher, and for eighteen months during his residence at Caldmore aforesaid, conjointly with his said trade using the business of a Milkman, an insolvent debtor, having been filed in the County Court of Staffordshire, at Walsall, and an interim order for protection from process having been given to the said Joseph Henry Davis, under the provisions of the Statutes in that case made and provided, the said Joseph Henry Davis is hereby required to appear before the said Court, on the 30th day of September instant, at ten in the forenoon precisely, for his first examination touching his debts, estate, and effects, and to be further dealt with according to the provisions of the said Statutes; and the choice of the creditors' assignees is to take place at the time so appointed. All persons indebted to the said Joseph Henry Davis, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Frederic Fuhrmann Clarke, of the said Court, at his office, in Walsall, the Official Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent.

WHEREAS a Petition of John Lodge, formerly of No. 32, High Wesley-street, Shieldfield, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Grocer and Provision Dealer, and acting as a Porter to Messrs. Charles Bragg and Company, of Pilgrim-street, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne aforesaid, Drapers, then of Canada-street, Shieldfield aforesaid, Grocer, Provision Dealer, and Porter to Mr. James Robson, of Mosley-street, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne aforesaid, Lace Merchant, and now of No. 15, Wesley-street, Shieldfield aforesaid, out of business, and acting as Porter to the said James Robson, an insolvent debtor, having been filed in the County Court of Northumberland, at Newcastle, and an interim order for protection from process having been given to the said John Lodge, under the provisions of the Statutes in that case made and provided, the said John Lodge is hereby required to appear before the said Court, on the 8th of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, for his first examination touching his debts, estate, and effects, and to be further dealt with according to the provisions of the said Statutes; and the choice of the creditors' assignees is to take place at the time so appointed. All persons indebted to the said John Lodge, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. John Clayton, Registrar of the said Court, at the County Court Office, Newcastle, the Official Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent.

WHEREAS a Petition of William Baron, at present residing and carrying on business at the Black Horse Inn, in Kirkheaton, in the county of Northumberland, as an Innkeeper or Publican, and Licensed Victualler, and at the same time carrying on the business of a Carrier of Goods, between Newcastle-upon-Tyne and Kirkheaton aforesaid, an insolvent debtor, having been filed in the County Court of Northumberland, at the Guildhall, Newcastle, and an interim order for protection from process having been given to the said William Baron, under the provisions of the Statutes in that case made and provided, the said William Baron is hereby required to appear before the said Court, on the 8th of October next, at ten in the forenoon precisely, for his first examination touching his debts, estate, and effects, and to be further dealt with according to the provisions of the said Statutes; and the choice of the creditors' assignees is to take place at the time so appointed. All persons indebted to the said William Baron, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. John Clayton, Registrar of the said Court, at the County Court Office, Newcastle, the Official Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent.

WHEREAS a Petition of Ephraim Dickinson, late of Musley Hill, in the parish of Ware, in the county of Hertford, Carpenter and Builder, and now of Princes-street, in the parish of Ware aforesaid, Journeyman Carpenter and Builder, an insolvent debtor, having been filed in the County Court of Hertfordshire, at Hertford, and an interim order for protection from process having been given to the said Ephraim Dickinson, under the provisions of the Statutes in that case made and provided, the said

Ephraim Dickinson is hereby required to appear before the said Court, on the 24th day of September instant, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, for his first examination touching his debts, estate, and effects, and to be further dealt with according to the provisions of the said Statutes; and the choice of the creditors' assignees is to take place at the time so appointed. All persons indebted to the said Ephraim Dickinson, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. E. R. Spence, Registrar of the said Court, at his office, at Hertford, the Official Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent.

WHEREAS a Petition of James Hamble, at present residing in Northgate-street, in Hartlepool, in the county of Durham, Beerhouse Keeper, and late of the same place, carrying on the same business, an insolvent debtor, having been filed in the County Court of Durham, at Hartlepool, and an interim order for protection from process having been given to the said James Hamble, under the provisions of the Statutes in that case made and provided, the said James Hamble is hereby required to appear before the said Court, on the 18th day of October instant, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, for his first examination touching his debts, estate, and effects, and to be further dealt with according to the provisions of the said Statutes and the choice of the creditors' assignees is to take place at the time so appointed. All persons indebted to the said James Hamble, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Mark Child, Registrar of the said Court, at his office, at Hartlepool, the Official Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent.

WHEREAS a Petition of John Morris, from 1847, to January, 1852, residing at Mold Green, near Huddersfield, in the county of York, carrying on business as a Tripe, Sausage, and Ginger-beer Dealer, from the last-named time, to June, 1852, residing in King-street, Huddersfield, carrying on same business, from the last-named time, to November, 1852, residing in Market-place, Huddersfield, carrying on the business of a Beerseller, from the last-named time, to June, 1853, residing in Ramsden-street, Huddersfield, carrying on business as a Beerseller, from the last-named time, to September, 1857, residing in Zealand-street, carrying on business as a Retailer of Wines, Spirits, Beer, and Tobacco, and Ginger-beer Manufacturer, and from last time to the present, residing in Zetland-street aforesaid, as a Ginger Beer Manufacturer and Dealer, an insolvent debtor, having been filed in the County Court of Yorkshire, at Huddersfield, and an interim order for protection from process having been given to the said John Morris, under the provisions of the Statutes in that case made and provided, the said John Morris is hereby required to appear before the said Court, on the 22nd day of October next, at half past ten in the forenoon precisely, for his first examination touching his debts, estate, and effects, and to be further dealt with according to the provisions of the said Statutes; and the choice of the creditors' assignees is to take place at the time so appointed. All persons indebted to the said John Morris, or that have any of his effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to Mr. Frederick Robert Jones, junior, Registrar of the said Court, at his office, at Huddersfield, the Official Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent.

In the Matter of the Petition of William Brown, of Thorne, in the county of York, late of West Carr, in the parish of Hatfield, in the same county, and previously of Market Rasen, in the county of Lincoln, Farmer and Licensed Horse Dealer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Court of Yorkshire, at Thorne, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon, at the said Court, on the 27th day of September instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of John Horner, from the 1st of October, 1851, till 8th March, 1855, residing at the Cock and Bottle Inn, Sandal Magna, near Wakefield, in the county of York, Publican and Innkeeper, and Assistant Overseer, thence till 8th September, 1855, in Jowett's-buildings, Thornes-lane, in Wakefield aforesaid, Labourer, thence till 8th of March, 1856, in Calder-row, Wakefield aforesaid, thence till 1st January, 1857, in Bridge-street, Wakefield aforesaid, being a Horse Keeper and Labourer, thence till 26th June, 1858, at Field House, in Sowerby, in the parish of Halifax, in the county of York, and thence and now in Sowerby Town aforesaid, being a Constable in the West Riding Police.

NOTICE is hereby given, that James Stansfeld, Esq., Judge of the County Court of Yorkshire, at the Court-house, Halifax, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon, at the said Court, on the 1st day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of William Buckley, now and for upwards of seventeen years last past, residing at No. 11, Southgate, in Halifax, in the county of York, and being during the whole of the said period a Barber, Hair Dresser, Umbrella and Parasol Maker, and Repairer and Dealer in Razors, Hair Brushes, Combs, and other small articles in the above businesses, and also during the months of March and April, 1857, having a shop No. 16, Waterhouse-street, Halifax, and carrying on the above-mentioned businesses there.

NOTICE is hereby given, that James Stansfeld, Esq., Judge of the County Court of Yorkshire, at the Court-house, Halifax, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon, at the said Court, on the 1st day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of John Hogg, from 1st January, 1852, to 1st May, 1855, residing at Saint Jude's-place, Bradford, in the county of York, thence till the 1st January, 1856, at Belgrave-place, Leeds, in the said county, thence till 21st May, 1856, in Meanwood-street, Leeds aforesaid, thence till 14th March, 1857, at No. 3, South-parade, Halifax, in the said county, and thence and now at Moorfield Villas, Skircoat, near Halifax aforesaid, being an Architect and Surveyor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that James Stansfeld, Esq., Judge of the County Court of Yorkshire, at the Court House, Halifax, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon, at the said Court, on the 1st day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of James Greaves, from 1st January, 1849, till 20th June, 1852, residing in Horton-street, from thence till 28th June, 1854, at No. 14, Lower Brunswick-street, thence till 28th June, 1858, in North Castle-street, and thence and now living in lodgings at No. 3, Freedom-street, Mount Pleasant, all in Halifax, in the county of York, being a Marble and Stone Mason.

NOTICE is hereby given, that James Stansfeld, Esq., Judge of the County Court of Yorkshire, at Halifax, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon, at the said Court, on the 1st day of October next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of William Henry Courtier, at present and for ten months now last past residing at No. 21, Newfoundland-street, in the parish of Saint Paul, and for three months previously thereto residing at No. 1, Ragland-place, Stapleton-road, in the out-parish of Saint Philip and Jacob, and for four years previously thereto residing at No. 19, Newfoundland-street aforesaid, all of which said places are in the city and county of Bristol, and at each of the aforementioned places carrying on business as a Haberdasher, Draper, Milliner, and Shopkeeper, and occasionally letting lodgings and apartments, part of the time working as a Shoemaker, and from October to December, 1857, employed as a Groom by the Crown at the Camp at Aldershot, in the county of Hants.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Court of Gloucestershire, at Bristol, acting in the matter of this Petition will proceed to make a Final Order thereon at the said Court, on the 30th day of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of Henry Ashley, at present and for three years and upwards now last past, residing at No. 6, Upper Montague-street, in the parish of Saint James, in the city and county of Bristol, and carrying on business there as a Carpenter, Builder and Undertaker, and occasionally letting apartments.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Court of Gloucestershire, at Bristol, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon at the said Court, on the 30th day of September instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of the Reverend Jonathan Beilby, Clerk, formerly of Feniscowles, in the township of Livesey, in the county of Lancaster, Schoolmaster and Incumbent of Emanuel Church, Feniscowles aforesaid, and now and for one year and upwards of Feniscowles aforesaid, Incumbent of Emanuel Church, Feniscowles aforesaid, and having resided within the district of this Honourable Court during six months and upwards now last past.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Court of Lancashire, at Blackburn, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon,

at the said Court, on the 4th day of October next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of Joseph Watson, formerly residing and carrying on business under the style of Joseph Watson and Sons, at Howdon Pans, in the county of Northumberland, as a Block and Mast Maker, afterwards residing at No. 28, Melbourne-street, in the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, then residing at No. 20, Upper Buxton-street, in the town and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and during the time of such two last-mentioned residences carrying on business at Blackwall, Gateshead, in the county of Durham, under the style of Joseph Watson and Sons, as a Block and Mast Maker, afterwards residing at No. 20, Upper Buxton-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne aforesaid, out of business, afterwards residing at the same place, Manager of a Block and Mast Manufactory at Blackwall, Gateshead aforesaid, and at present residing at No. 16, Stepney-terrace, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne aforesaid, Manager of a Block and Mast Manufactory at Blackwall, Gateshead aforesaid.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Court of Northumberland, at Newcastle, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon, at the said Court, on the 8th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

In the Matter of the Petition of Philip William May, at present residing in lodgings at No. 15, in Lisle-street, in the borough and county of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Commission Agent, previously residing at No. 9, York-street, near Rye-hill, in Newcastle-upon-Tyne aforesaid, Commission Agent, and also for the Sale of Iron, previously residing in Norfolk-street, in the borough of Sheffield, in the county of York, Commercial Traveller, and formerly residing at Tranmere, near Birkenhead, in the county of Chester, Assistant Engineer.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the County Court of Northumberland, at Newcastle, acting in the matter of this Petition, will proceed to make a Final Order thereon, at the said Court, on the 8th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, unless cause be then and there shewn to the contrary.

JOHN SAMUEL MARTIN FONBLANQUE, Esq., one of Her Majesty's Commissioners authorized to act under a Petition of Insolvency, filed on the 29th day of December, 1845, by James Woodward Cooper, formerly and for six years of Cranford, Middlesex, next and late and for eighteen months of No. 9, Park-road, Notting-hill, Bayswater, Middlesex, Clerk in the Commissariat Department, Whitehall, an insolvent debtor, will sit on the 9th day of October next, at half past eleven of the clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court of Bankruptcy, in Basinghall-street, in the city of London, in order to make a Seventh Dividend of the estate and effects of the said insolvent; when and where the creditors who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

BENJAMIN PARHAM Esq., Judge of the County Court of Worcestershire, at Pershore, authorized to act under a Petition of Insolvency, bearing date the 14th day of January, 1858, presented by John Pugh, then and for eighteen months and upwards then last past residing at the White Horse Inn, Church-street, in the parish of Holy Cross, Pershore, in the county of Worcester, and being a Licensed Victualler, previously of the parish of Saint John, in Bedwardine, in the city of Worcester, but formerly of the parish of Elmley Castle, in the said county of Worcester, and during his two last places of residence being Foreman and Overlooker of Works for Mr. Joseph Wood, of the said city of Worcester, Builder, will sit on the 9th October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon precisely, at the Court-house, Pershore, to Audit the Accounts of the Assignee of the estate and effects of the said insolvent, under the said Petition, pursuant to the Acts of Parliament made and now in force relating to insolvents; and the said Judge will also sit on the same day, at the same hour, and at the same place, to make a Dividend of the estate and effects of the said insolvent; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of the said Dividend. And all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE estates of the deceased Alexander Pirie. Keeper of the Union Club Coffee Rooms and Baker, in Aberdeen, were sequestrated on the 9th day of September, 1858, by the Sheriff of the county of Aberdeen.

The first deliverance is dated 9th September, 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of September, 1858, within the Lemon Tree Tavern, Aberdeen.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 9th day of January, 1859.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAMES and GEORGE COLLIS,
Advocates, Aberdeen, Agents.

THE estates of Charles Gordon, Factor, Broker, and Agent in Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 14th day of September, 1858, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 14th September, 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Friday the 24th day of September current, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's-place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 15th January, 1859.

A Personal Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

GAVIN HAMILTON, 98, West Nile-street,
Glasgow, Agent.

THE estates of Benjamin Oney, Draper and Clothier, in Dumfries, were sequestrated on the 10th of September, 1858, by the Sheriff-Substitute of Dumfriesshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 10th day of September, 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held upon Tuesday, the 21st day of September current, at one o'clock afternoon, within the Commercial Hotel, Dumfries.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 10th day of January, 1859.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAMES H. M'GOWAN,
Solicitor, Dumfries, Agent.

Dumfries, September 11, 1858.

THE estates of James Virtue and Son, lately Commission Agents, in Glasgow, and David Virtue, Commission Agent there, sole Partner of that Company, as such Partner, and as an Individual, were sequestrated on 13th September, 1858, by the Court of Session; and a Personal Protection granted in favour of the Bankrupt.

The first deliverance is dated 13th September, 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Tuesday the 21st day of September, 1858, at twelve o'clock noon, within the Globe Hotel, George-square, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle the creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 13th day of January, 1859.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN ROBERTSON, jr., S.S.C.,
15, Elder-street, Edinburgh, Agent.

THE estates of Isabella Latta, residing in Dumbarton, one of the Partners of the Western Bank of Scotland, were sequestrated on the 11th day of September, 1858, by the Sheriff of Dumbartonshire.

The first deliverance is dated the said 11th day of September, 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held within the Elephant Hotel, Dumbarton, on the 24th day of September, 1858, at one o'clock afternoon.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 11th day of January, 1859.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the bankrupt till the meeting for the election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. L. LANG, Writer, 52, W. Nile-street,
Glasgow, Agent.

THE estates of Thomas Kearsley, Metal and Wood Dealer, and Agent, residing in Port-Glasgow, Scotland, were sequestrated on the 13th day of September, 1858, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 13th day of September, 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is

to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of September, 1858, within the White Hart Inn, Greenock.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 13th day of January, 1859.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN ROSS, Agent,
79, Great King-street, Edinburgh.

THE estates of Robert Service, Joiner, in Helensburgh were sequestrated on the 14th day of September, 1858, by the Sheriff-Substitute of Dumbartonshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 14th day of September, 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Monday the 27th day of September, 1858, within the Fontine Hotel, Helensburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 14th January, 1859.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN DENNY, Agent,
Court-house, Dumbarton.

THE estates of Allan Granger, Bookseller, Stationer and Printer, Graham-street, Airdrie, were sequestrated on the 5th day of September, 1858, by the Sheriff of the county of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated the said 15th day of September, 1858.

The meeting to elect a Trustee and Commissioners is to be held, at twelve o'clock noon, on Friday, the 24th day of September current, 1858, within the Royal Hotel, Airdrie.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 15th day of January next, 1859.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt has been granted to the bankrupt.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

DAVID MITCHELL, Agent,
East High-street, Airdrie.

THE estates of the deceased John Gillanders, Innkeeper, and residing in Elgin, were sequestrated on the 14th day of September, 1858, by the Sheriff of Banff, Elgin, and Nairn.

The first deliverance is dated 14th September, 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners, is to be held, at twelve o'clock noon, on Saturday the 25th day of September, 1858, within the Gordon Arms Hotel, Elgin.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 15th January, 1859.

All future advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

MURDOCH and FORSYTH,
Writers, Elgin, Agents.

Elgin, September 14, 1858.

COURT FOR RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

Saturday the 14th day of September, 1858.

ASSIGNEES have been appointed in the following Cases. Further particulars may be learned at the Office, in Portugal-Street, Lincoln's-Inn-Fields, on giving the number of the Case.

Stephen Highfield, late of Renshaw-street, Chorlton-upon-Medlock, Lancashire, out of business, Insolvent, No. 86,698 C.; Samuel Kirkham, Assignee.

Thomas Dewhurst, late of North-parade, Manningham, near Bradford, Yorkshire, Stock Broker, Insolvent, No. 87,229 C.; Charles Couldwell, Assignee.

James Bolland, late of Westgate, Wakefield, Yorkshire, Licensed Victualler, Insolvent, No. 87,340 C.; Benjamin Blackburn, Assignee.

William Blenkinsop, late of Brunswick-street, South Shields, Durham, Ship Owner, Insolvent, No. 86,271 C.; Thomas Stainton, Assignee.

William Revitt the younger, late of No. 22½, Castlegate, Yorkshire, out of business, Insolvent, No. 87,547 C.; John Wing Unwin, Assignee.

COURT FOR RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

See Notice at the end.

The following **PRISONER**, whose Estate and Effects have been vested in the Provisional Assignee by Order of the Court, having filed his Schedule, is ordered to be brought up in Court, as hereinafter mentioned, at the Court-House, in Portugal-Street, Lincoln's-Inn-Fields, as follows, to be dealt with according to the Statute:

On Friday the 1st October, 1858, at Eleven o'Clock precisely, before Mr. Commissioner Phillips.

Andrew Samuel Knight, formerly of No. 9, John-street, Plymouth, Devon, then at the Island of Jersey, then of No. 4, Somerset-terrace, Kensington, Middlesex, then of Queen-square, Bristol, Somersetshire, then of Liverpool, Lancashire, then of Falmouth, Cornwall, then of No. 2, Wentworth-place, Mile End-road, then of No. 2, Jubilee-street, Mile End-road, then of No. 4, Arbour-square, Commercial-road East, then of No. 4, Devonport-street, Commercial-road East, then of No. 18, Archer-terrace, East India-road, then of No. 12, Canton-street, East India-road, then of No. 30, Woodstock-road, East India-road, then and late of No. 3, Paris-terrace, Thomas-street, Poplar, all in Middlesex, Master in the Royal Navy, and Teacher of Navigation.

TAKE NOTICE.

1. If any Creditor intends to oppose a Prisoner's discharge, notice of such intention must be given, by entry thereof in the proper page and columns of the book kept for that purpose at the Office of the Court, between the hours of Eleven in the Forenoon and Three in the Afternoon, two clear days before the day of hearing above mentioned, exclusive of Sunday, and exclusive both of the day of entering such notice and of the said day of hearing; but in the case of a Prisoner, for the removal of whom for hearing in the country an order has been obtained, but not carried into effect by the Creditors, notice of opposition will be sufficient if given one clear day before the day of hearing.

N.B. Entrance to the Office in Portugal-street.

2. The petition and schedule, and all books, papers, and writings filed therewith, will be produced by the proper Officer for inspection and examination until the last day for entering opposition inclusive; and copies of the petition and schedule, or such part thereof as shall be required, will be provided by the proper Officer, according to the Act 1 and 2 Vict. c. 110, sec. 105.

3. Notice to produce at the hearing any books or papers filed with the schedule must be given to the Officer having the custody thereof, within the hours above mentioned, on any day previous to the day of hearing.

4. Opposition at the hearing can only be made by the Creditor in person, or by Counsel appearing for him.

In the County Court of Derbyshire, holden at Derby.

AN ASSIGNEE has been appointed in the following Case.

Court, Saturday the 28th August, 1858.

Thomas Eastwood, late of the White Horse Inn, in West Bars, in Chesterfield, in the county of Derby, Innkeeper, and previously thereto of the Market-place, in Chesterfield aforesaid, Tinner, Brazier, and Ironmonger, Insolvent, No. 87,158 C.; Michael Connal, of Chesterfield, in the county of Derby, Brewer's Agent, Assignee.

COURT FOR RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

See Notice at the End.

The following PRISONERS, whose Estates and Effects have been vested in the Provisional Assignee by Order of the Court for Relief of Insolvent Debtors, and whose Petitions and Schedules, duly filed, have been severally referred and transmitted to the County Courts hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the Statute in that behalf, are ordered to be brought up before the Judges of the said Courts respectively, as herein set forth, to be dealt with according to Law :

Before the Judge of the County Court of Glamorganshire, holden at Cardiff, on Friday the 1st day of October, 1858.

Joseph Emery Merchant, sued and committed as Joseph Merchant, late of the Red Lion Inn, High-street, in the town of Swansea, Glamorganshire, Innkeeper and Cooper, previously of No. 80, and before then of No. 39, Redcliff-street, Bristol, Cooper.

Thomas Renoden, late of Oxford-street, in the town of Swansea, in the county of Glamorgan, Builder and Contractor, and previously of the same place, Innkeeper, Builder, and Contractor.

Henry Griffiths, late of Merthyr Tydvil, in the county of Glamorgan, Brewer, previously of Oxford-street, Swansea, in the said county of Glamorgan, Maltster and Dealer in Hops.

Benjamin Davies, late of Tydvils Well, in the town of Merthyr Tydvil, in the county of Glamorgan, Grocer, Tea, and Provision Dealer, and Innkeeper.

Josiah Austin Gee, formerly of the town of Rugby, in the county of Warwick, Coal Merchant, Charcoal Factor, and Dealer in Ale and Porter, afterwards of No. 34, Theobald-

street, New Kent-road, in the county of Surrey, carrying on business under the name of Walter Wright, as a Grocer, Provision, and General Dealer, and Beer-house Keeper, and late of No. 52, Bute-street, in the town of Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, Commission Agent.

Before the Judge of the County Court of Kent, holden at Canterbury, on Friday the 8th day of October, 1858.

Frederick John Buckingham (sometimes known as Frederick Buckingham), formerly of No. 65, High-street, Poplar, Middlesex, Draper and Silk Mercer, then of No. 4, Livermere-place, Dalston, out of business or employ, afterwards of the Red Lion Public-house, No. 53, Basinghall-street, London, Licensed Victualler, then of No. 3, Sarah-place, Kingsland-road, out of business or employ, then of No. 16, Peerless-place, City-road, both in Middlesex, Linen Draper, then and late of No. 21, Monastery-street, Canterbury, Kent, not following any business or occupation.

N.B.—1. If any Creditor intends to oppose a Prisoner's discharge notice of such intention must be given to the said Prisoner, in writing, which may be left at the Gaol two clear days before the day of hearing above mentioned, exclusive of Sunday, and exclusive both of the day of giving such notice and of the said day of hearing.

2. The petition and schedule will be produced by the proper Officer for inspection and examination at the Office of the Court in London, between the hours of Eleven and Three, on this notice being exhibited; and copies of the petition and schedule, or such part thereof as shall be required, will be provided by the proper Officer, according to the Act of 1st and 2nd Victoria, cap. 110, sec. 105.

N.B. Entrance to the Office in Portugal-street, Lincoln's-inn-fields.

3. The duplicates of the petitions and schedules, and all books, papers and writings filed therewith, will be produced by the Clerks or Assistant Clerks of the said County Courts, for inspection and examination, at the Offices of the said County Courts respectively, at the Towns aforesaid, and copies of the petition and schedule, or such part thereof as shall be required, will be provided according to sec. 106 of the Act.

All Letters must be Post-paid.

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Friday, September 17, 1858.

Price One Shilling.

