## BURRUK REGIMENT OF GOORKHAS.

Bulubeer Thapa Purbeer Rana Runbeer Khutree Kooma Khutree Rugobeee Thapa	 Sepoy do do do			9th 7th 10th 7th 9th		do	Killed Gunshot wound of left arm Incised wounds of neck and right arm. Incised wound of left thumb. Incised wound of neck.
	 Killed Wound	led—Seve	 erely	•	.CT.		 2 2 2 3

Total

ARCH. H. HILSON, M.D.,
Assistant-Surgeon in Medical charge of Burruk
Regiment of Goorkhas.

No. 43. *Allahabad, May* 24, 1858. No. 162 of 1858.

Horses wounded

THE Right Honorable the Governor-General is pleased to direct the publication of the following despatch from the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army, No. 330 A, dated 19th May 1858, forwarding a report from Brigadier-General J. Jones, C.B., of the relief of the garrison of Shahjehanpore on the 11th May 1858:—

## No. 44.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, with the Governor-General.

> Head Quarters, Camp Shahjehanpore, May 19, 1858.

SIR.

No. 330 A.

I HAVE the honor, by desire of the Commander-in-Chief, to forward copy of a despatch, dated the 16th instant, from Brigadier-General J. Jones, C.B., reporting his relief of the garrison of Shahjehanpore, on the 11th idem; and I am to beg that, in submitting it to the Right Honorable the Governor-General, you will express to his lordship, his Excellency's entire approval of the manner in which the duty entrusted to the Brigadier-General has been carried out.

I have, &c., H. W. NORMAN, Major, Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

## No. 45.

Brigadier-General John Jones, C.B., Commanding Shahjehanpore Brigade, to the Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp Shahjehanpore, May 16th, 1858.

Sir,

BY daylight of the morning of the 11th, I reached the ford, which I was to cross to relieve the garrison in the jail of Shahjehanpore.

To cover the crossing of the main body, the

cavalry and No. 7 Light Field Battery crossed over; but, on attempting the passage of the heavy guns, the ford was found impracticable, on account of quicksand.

A large body of the enemy's cavalry, crossing from the city by the bridge of boats, appeared on my right flank, and threatened the baggage in the rear.

Under these circumstance, I changed the plan suggested, and advanced upon the jail, over the bridge of boats, and through the city.

I therefore withdrew the guns and cavalry, which had passed the ford, and formed line with the Infantry, the 60th Rifles and 79th Highlanders being in advance, with the Light Field Battery, and Mooltanee Cavalry on the right, and the heavy guns and Carabineers on the left; the whole supported by the wing of Her Majesty's 82nd, and the 22nd Punjaub Infantry.

When within range, the heavy guns opened on the enemy's cavalry, which though, led by the Moulvic in person, was scattered by a few welldirected rounds from the 8-inch howitzers.

The field guns, pushing rapidly on, opened with effect as the enemy retreated across the bridge.

Having swept this bank clear, the heavy guns were moved close to the head of the bridge, and the town I shelled for two hours.

The fire was principally directed on the fort, and it had the effect of setting the city on fire in several places.

When I had reason to believe that the place was abandoned by the enemy, I directed Colonel the Honorable Percy Herbert, with the wing of the 82nd Regiment, and two guns, to advance up the street, and occupy the fort and the head of the stone bridge on the other side of the town, which was effected without opposition.

These points being secured, and the troops refreshed by the halt under a tope of trees, I advanced with the 60th and 79th, the four light guns and the Carabineers.

I had previously detached Captain Cureton, with the Mooltanee Cavalry across by the ford I attempted in the morning, for the purpose of occupying the attention of the enemy, while I passed through the town, and came up in their rear.

He found, on approaching the jail, that the