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Lemberg, Octob. 23.

THE Campagne being ended, the General Officers begin to return hither; The Prince of Courland arrived here the 23d Instant, and will part again from hence in few days for Mittau, to visit his Brother the Duke of Courland. The last Advices from Sniatyn gave an account, That the King had not only quitted Jassy, for that it was not defensible, but had likewise caused the several Forts, that were built to secure the passages of the great Forest of Bickovina, to be demolished; from whence People conclude, that the Forces of this Crown will not in a long time advance again so far, but that his Majesties design is to employ his Arms the next Campagne against Caminiec. He has already sent a Detachment of 5000 Horse, with Orders to post themselves in the Neighborhood of that place; And if this number be not sufficient, other Troops will be joined with them to block it up during the approaching Winter. The Ambassadors of Moscow are still here, and it's not yet known in what place they will have their first Audience. In the mean time Complaint has been made to them by the King's Command, that the Forces of the Czars have not given the Tartars the least diversion this Summer, as they were obliged to do by the new Alliance; For though we have had several Reports that the Moscovites and Cossacks subjected to them, were marching in very considerable Bodies to invade the Crime Tatars, yet after all it appears that they have not committed the least Hostility against them; The Reason of which we may well presume to be, that they were desirous to see the Success of this Campagne before they entered into the War, having this Pretence to justify it, that the League is not yet ratified by the Dyet of this Kingdom.

Vienna, Nov. 17. Since our last, we have the Confirmation that the Turks, upon the News of the approach of the Prince of Baden abandoned Darda (a place of considerable strength, as well by its Situation as Fortification, which commands the Danube, and on that side covers the Bridge of Essecke) and retired to the Town of Essecke, leaving only a small Body of Horse to observe the Imperialists, but these seeing our Troops advance immediately fled; The Prince of Baden having possessed himself of Darda, sent Detachments to burn the Bridge of Essecke with several Fireworks, which they executed so successfully, notwithstanding the Enemy play'd upon them all the time with their Cannon from Essecke, that they quite destroyed the Bridge from Darda to the Drave, as likewise the Bridge of boats which the Turks had over that River; after which the Prince of Baden marched back towards Caposwar to attack that place, if not already abandoned by the Turks, as the Report says

it was. By the places the Imperialists are now Masters of on that side, they will be able not only to hinder the Enemy from repairing the said Bridge; but likewise from sending any Supplies to Sigbet, Aiba Rexalis, and Canisa. We have an account from Zolnocke, that General Caraffa had furnished that place, where he intends to reside this Winter, with Provisions, and whatever else is necessary for the defence of a Frontier Town as that now is; And that he had sent the Marquis Doria with 3000 Men, Horse and Foot, to Rimafombat near Agria, and had commanded the Hungarian Troops to post themselves at Onor, in order to block up Agria this Winter; And that Count Magni was quartered with his Regiment of Dragoons in Ungwar, and Count Strozzi with some Horse and Foot at Berlas, to block up the Fortrels of Montatz, in which, we are informed, there is still a Garison of 1260 Foot, and 300 Horse. They write from Croatia, That the Militia of that Countrey, who had attended the Prince of Baden in his Expedition to the Bridge of Essecke, were returned home with a great many Prisoners.

Vienna, Nov. 17. On Thursday last their Imperial Majesties went to Closter-Neuburg, to divert themselves with Hunting; And having kept there the next day with great Magnificence the Feast of St. Leopold, returned hither in the Evening. The Prince of Baden did not think fit to leave a Garison in Darda, the Turks having quite ruined the place before they abandoned it.

Ratibonne, Nov. 19. The Advices from Hungary say, That the Imperial Forces commanded by Prince Louis of Baden arrived the 30th of the last month near the Bridge of Essecke; That the 11th Instant some Troops were detached, to observe the situation of the Fortrels of Darda; That they found it abandoned, and part of the Bridge; which is 8565 Paces long, and 17 broad, burnt by the Enemy; That the Night following the Imperialists, notwithstanding the Turks endeavoured to hinder them with their Cannon from the Fortrels of Essecke, burnt what remained of the Bridge in such manner, that it will be impossible to repair it in a years time, though all the Garisons of the Neighbouring places should be employed in the work. The 3d, the Prince of Baden marched back towards Caposwar, with above 1260 Prisoners, Men, Women and Children, intending to possess himself of that place, and then to put his Troops into their Winter-quarters.

Cologne, Nov. 23. The States of this Archbishoprick are still assembled at Bonn. The last Letters from Vienna, confirm the News of the Turks having quitted Darda, and the burning of the Bridge of Essecke by the Imperialists.

Hamburg, Nov. 22. This day the Heer Van Meurer took possession of his Office of Burgher-master, to which he was the last week elected by the Burghers at the Recommendation of the Duke of

of Zell. They write from *Baylin*, That an Alliance is treating between the Elector Palatine and the Elector of *Brandenburg*. The Letters from *Poland* tell us, That the King was come to *Sity*, and had been meet there by the Queen.

Groningen, Nov. 26. On Friday, the 22d Instant, it blew the whole day a most violent Storm from the S. E. towards Night the Wind changed to the West, then to the N. W. afterwards to the N. E. and back again to the N. W. The Weather continued thus Tempestuous all Night, accompanied with Thunder and Lightning; The Chimneys and Roofs of a great many Houses were blown down, and much more mischief was done, but it was not comparable to that which followed; for the Dykes not being able to resist the Violence of the Sea, agitated by these terrible Storms, the whole Country between this place and *Delfziel*, being about 18 English Miles, was the next morning overwhelmed with Water, which in many places was eight Foot higher than the very Dykes, and many People, and Thousands of Cattle were drowned, the Water breaking even through the Walls of the Town of *Delfziel*, to that height, that the Inhabitants were forced to betake themselves to their Garrets and Upper Rooms for shelter; The whole Village of *Oterdum* is in a manner swept away; At *Termunderzel* there is not one House left, above 300 People being drowned there, and only 19 escaping; *Herreskes*, *Weymert*, *Woldendorp*, and all the Villages near the *Eems*, have suffered extremely; The Western quarter has likewise had its share in this Calamity, and the highest Lands have not escaped; On Sunday and yesterday it reached this City, the Lower Parts whereof are now all under Water; From the Walls of this City we can see nothing but the Tops of Houses and Steeples that remain above Water; In a word, the Misery and Desolation is greater than can be expressed.

Groningen, Nov. 26. It's impossible to describe the present sad condition of this Province, occasioned by a most terrible Inundation that happened the 23d Instant. The like has not been known these hundred years; The whole Province, except the higher parts of this City, lies under Water; Whole Villages have been swept away, and a great many People, with abundance of Cattle drowned; And those that have escaped, sheltering themselves in Garrets and upper Rooms, are in great distress for want of Relief; Nothing but Lamentations, and the Jangling of Bells for Help, is heard through the whole Country; And though all possible care is taken to assist them from hence and other places, yet there not being Boats enough to afford help to all, it's to be feared many will be lost for want of it. At *Oterdum* near *Delfziel*, but 25 Persons have escaped; In the Village of *Peterborne* there are but three Houses left standing, and in general, all the Houses that stood near the Dyke have been swept away.

Hague, Nov. 29. This day the Heer *Van Heemskerck*, late Ambassador from this State at *Madrid*, made his Report in the Assembly of the States General. The Prince of *Nassau*, Stadtholder of *Friesland* and *Groningen*, is expected here to-morrow.

Brussels, Nov. 26. We are told that the most Christian King has, upon the representation of the Count de *Val*, referred the difference about the Limits near *Namur*, to the examination of Commissioners to be appointed on both sides with a Declaration that upon their meeting the French Artists that were lately set up shall be taken down; That his Majesty has named the Intendant *Fauvel* on his part; And our Governor the Ad-

vocate General of *Namur* for the Crown of *Spain*; And that these Commissioners are to meet at *Dinant*. The Marquis de *Bedmar*, Captain General of the Artillery in these Countries, arrived here this week from *Spain*. The Letters from *Vienna* of the 17th Instant, bring the confirmation of the *Turks* having abandoned the Fortresses of *Darda*, of which they give this account, That the Enemy hearing the Christians had taken Five Churches and *Syclos*, were seized with such fear, that they immediately quitted that Post, after having drawn out the Cannon and Ammunition; and that in their Retreat they burnt and ruined part of the Bridge of *Essecke*; That the Imperial Troops commanded by the Prince of *Baden* arriving there, had ruined the rest of the Bridge as far as they could go, being above 3000 Paces; After which they returned with a great many Prisoners towards *Capefwar*, intending to attack that place before they went into their Winter-quarters. These Letters add, that an Envoy was arrived at *Vienna* from Prince *Abassii*, with a Train of 20 Persons, but not having had his Audience, his Business was not yet known; And that the Emperor was sending an Ambassador to the King of *Poland*.

Paris, Novemb. 27. The King is so well, that in all appearance his Cure will be speedier than could have been at first expected. The Ambassadors of *Siam*, who have been to see the most considerable places of the New Conquest, returned hither this week.

Whitehall, Nov. 22. This day the Parliament met at *Westminster*, and was farther Prorogued to the 15th day of February next.

Whereas by an Advertisement in the Gazette of the 22d Instant, one Thomas Poyntz was said to be missing, These are to give Notice, That the said Thomas Poyntz has been discovered, and restored to his Friends by the Patentees appointed by His Majesty, for Binding and Registering Servants for the Foreign Plantations, at their Office in *Greenwich-yard*, in *Cornhill*, where Care will be taken to stop all persons upon Notice.

Advertisements:

Prosodia Pharmacopæorum: Or, The Apothecaries *Prosodia*. By Richard Browne B. Coll. Med. Londoni. The Author of the *Pilula Londinenses*, which may be had at his House in *Winchester-Street*, and at B. Billington's Bookeller under the Royal Exchange in *Cornhill*. H. B. Buckinghamshire Feast will be kept on Tuesday the 30th of November Instant at *Haberdashers Hall*; And Tickets may be had at *Garaway's Coffee-House*, *Wilkes's Coffee-House* in *Spittle-Fields*. Mr. Men's at *Charing-cross*, at the Crown Tavern in *St. Mary-lane*, and at the Crown and Petros in *Bishopsgate Street*.

THE Annual *Wiltshire* Feast will be kept the 2d of December at *Drapers Hall*: Tickets may be had at the Boufflers-head at *Charing-cross*, at the One Bell in the Strand, at Mr. Edward Smiths Milliner over against St. Andrews Church, *Holborn*, at the Blue Anchor in *Swthins Alley*, at Mr. Bryan Edwards at the Dog Tavern at *Billingsgate*, and at Mr. John Kayns at the Bridge house in *Southwark*.

A Highland Scotchman, named John Maccaesling, speaks bad English, a middle-sized Man, short black hair, about 30 years old, sometimes served in Capt. Bell's Company in the Earl of Maars Regiment in Scotland; Run away from his Colour on the 17th Instant, in Lieutenant Colonel Barklay's Company in Sir Edw. Hales's Regiment, taking with him a Red Coat, Sword and Belt, besides several things of his Comrades and Landlords. Whoever gives Notice of him (at his Officers Quarters in *Southwark*) so as he be apprehended, shall have a Guinea Reward, and reasonable Charges.

One whose Christian Name is Hugh, flaxen hair'd, about 40 years of age, in light colour'd Cloaths, a brown colour'd Gambler Upper Coat, a black Hat, Took away the 23d Instant, from Benjamin Townsend at the Crown in *Hatton-Garden*, a Silver Watch, in a rich studded Case, value 4 l. and likewise several remarkable pieces of Silver, with other Money. Whoever secures the said Person to the aforesaid Mr. Townsend, or the Things specified, shall have a Guinea Reward, and all reasonable Charges.