negligent Regimental Hospital Orderlies have been replaced by men from the Medical Staff Corps, and within the last week six nurses, under the superintendence of Mrs. Stuart, have been added to the orderlies.

Of the 17 deaths which occurred during the week, eight were from fever, two from apoplexy, the result of intemperance, three from diseases of the lungs, one from the effects of frost bite, two from injuries, one in a man of the 11th Hussars, who was thrown from his horse, and another, a man of the Land Transport Corps, over whose head a cart wheel passed. The 17th man belonged to the Army Works Corps, and is returned as having died of gangrene.

The ratio of admissions to strength this week has been 2.32 per cent.

Deaths to strength 0.02 per cent., sick to well 3 98 per cent., all of which I consider remarkably low; much lower than we can reasonably expect them to continue as the spring advances.

I have, &c., J. HALL,

Inspector-General of Hospitals.

General Sir William J. Codrington, K.C.B., Commanding-in-Chief.

Enclosure 2.

SIR

Head-Quarters, Camp, Crimea, April 8, 1856.

IN reply to your query of this morning, I have the honour to inform you that First Class Staff-Surgeon McIllree arrived at Scutari on the 4th November, 1854, and served in the General Hospitals there until February, 1856, when he came to the Crimea. He was anxious to have served in the Crimea at an earlier period, but Dr. Cumming, Inspector-General of Hospitals and Principal Medical Officer at Scutari, wrote to me to say that he found him so efficient and useful in the hospitals that he could not spare him, but trusted it would not militate against his future prospects.

Mr. McIllree entered the Service in February, 1835, obtained his Surgeoncy in December, 1845, and was promoted to his present rank in October, 1854.

I have, &c.,

J. HALL, Inspector-General of Hospitals.

General Sir Wm. J. Codrington, K.C.B., Commanding-in-Chief.

T the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 4th day of April, 1856,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HEREAS the Ecclesiastical Commissioners \mathbf{V} for England have, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to carry into effect, with "certain modifications, the fourth report of the " Commissioners of Ecclesiastical Duties and Reve-"nues," and of another Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the fourth and fifth years of Her Majesty's reign, intituled "An Act to " explain and amend two several Acts relating to reversion, to the said Edward, Bishop of Durham,

A 2

" the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England," duly prepared and laid before Her Majesty in Council a scheme, bearing date the thirteenth day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six, in the words and figures following; that is to say:

"We, the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, in pursuance of an Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the third and fourth years of your Majesty's reign, intituled 'An Act to carry into effect, with certain modifications, the fourth report of the Commissioners of Ecclesiastical Duties and Revenues, and of another Act, passed in the session of Parliament held in the fourth and fifth years of your Majesty's reign, intituled 'An Act to explain and amend two several Acts relating to 'the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England,' have prepared, and now humbly lay before your Majesty in Council, the following scheme relating to the bishoprick of Durham.

"Whereas it was by the said recited Acts enacted and declared, that, by the authority of a scheme prepared by us and ratified by an Order of your Majesty in Council, and for the purpose of fully carrying into effect any of the provisions of the said first-recited Act, any sum of money which should have been invested in the public funds, or in other security or securities, in trust, for any ecclesiastical body corporate, aggregate or sole, might upon application in writing to the Ecclesiastical Commissioners for England, under the hand and seal of such body corporate be directed to be sold, and the same should be sold accordingly, and that the produce of such sale should be applied to such purpose and in such manner as should appear most conducive to the permanent benefit of such body corporate; and also that for any like purpose any arrangement might be made, with the consent in writing under the corporate seal of any bishop, for the sale, transfer, or exchange of any lands, tithes, or other hereditaments belonging to such bishop, or for the purchase of other lands, tithes, or other hereditaments in lieu thereof, or for substituting in any case any lands, tithes, or other hereditaments for any money payment, or any money payment for any lands, tithes, or other hereditaments.

"And whereas the Right Reverend Edward, Bishop of Durham, is seized in right of his bishoprick of divers manors, lands, tithes, tenements and hereditaments, the greater part of which have been demised on leases for lives or years for small annual reserved rents, and upon payment of fines.

"And whereas one of the purposes of the said recited Acts, is to provide a fund for making better provision for the cure of souls, and the said bishop has agreed with us that the said manors, lands, tithes, tenements and hereditaments (except as hereinafter excepted), should be dealt with in the manner hereinafter mentioned, and we are of opinion that it would ultimately conduce, as well to the improvement of the said fund, as to the permanent benefit of the said bishoprick to deal with the same accordingly.

" Now, therefore, we humbly recommend and propose, with the consent of the Right Reverend Edward, Bishop of Durham, testified by his having hereunto affixed his hand and episcopal seal, that in consideration of the money payment hereinafter mentioned, to be paid by us to the said bishop and his successors in the said bishoprick, all the manors, lands, tithes, tenements and hereditaments which now belong either in possession or