

2601. And Josiah Pratt, of Bath-street, City-road, in the county of Middlesex, and Thomas Radcliffe, of Shaftesbury-street, Hoxton, in the said county of Middlesex; have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of brushes."
As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 19th day of November, 1855.
2610. And John Poole, of 2, Riley-street, Chelsea, in the county of Middlesex, Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved mode of regulating the supply of steam from the boiler to the cylinder, and thereby better governing the motion or speed of steam-engines."
2615. And Peter Armand Le Comte de Fontaine Moreau, of No. 4, South-street, Finsbury, London, and 39, Rue de l'Echiquier, Paris, Patent Agent, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in apparatus for preventing horses from running away."—A communication.
As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 20th day of November, 1855.
2624. And William Cooke, of 49, Frederick-street, Gray's-inn-road, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in gas and solar light reflectors."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office, on the 21st day of November, 1855.
2631. And John Roberts, junior, of Whitechapel-road, in the county of Middlesex, Tobacco Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "a machine or apparatus for cooling tobacco during the process of manufacture."
2634. And Henry Hibling, of Norwich, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in waterproof boots and shoes."
2636. And Frederic Lotteri, of Bergamo, Lombardy, but now residing in London, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "obtaining fibre from the bark of trees of the morus family or class, and the application thereof to the manufacture of paper and textile materials, and for other useful purposes."
As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 22nd day of November, 1855.
2640. And Thomas Tuckey, of the city of Cork, Barrister-at-Law, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "modes of construction by which steam or other vapour or gas may be used as a source of motive power for some purposes more conveniently than hitherto, and more suitably for locomotion on common roads."
2644. And Joseph Ellisdon, of Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, Designer and Cabinet Maker, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in 'castors' for cabinet furniture."
As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office, on the 23rd day of November, 1855.
2650. And John Jephson Rowley, of Rowthorn, near Chesterfield, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for cleaning and cutting turnips and other roots."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 24th day of November, 1855.
2657. And John Wilkes, of Birmingham, in the county of Warwick, Manufacturer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improvement or improvements in the manufacture of tubes of copper and alloys of copper."
2659. And François Coignet, of 90, Rue Hauteville, Paris, in the Empire of France, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in the use and preparation of plastic materials or compositions to be used as artificial stone, or as concrete or cement for building and other purposes."
2665. And Robert Bell, of 92, Glassford-street, Glasgow, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of woven fabrics when made of wool and cotton, or of wool, cotton, and silk."
As set forth in their respective petitions, all recorded in the said office on the 26th day of November, 1855.
2675. And George Louis Stott, of St. George's, in the county of Gloucester, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in the manufacture of carbonate of soda."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 27th day of November, 1855.
2685. And Benjamin Rosenberg, of New Charles-street, City-road, in the county of Middlesex, Merchant, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in protecting metallic and other surfaces from corrosion and decay."—A communication.
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 28th day of November, 1855.
2698. And George North, of Lewisham-road, Greenwich, in the county of Kent, Coach Builder, &c., has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved portable apparatus for supporting and folding heads, tilts, coverings, and awnings of wheel carriages, marine vessels, goods, and ways."
2699. And Pierre Louis Bergeon, Manufacturer, of Paris, in the French Empire, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "an improved spitting-box or spittoon."—A communication.
As set forth in their respective petitions, both recorded in the said office on the 29th day of November, 1855.
2771. And Herman John van den Hout, Artist, and Ebenezer Brown, Carver, both of Kentish Town in the county of Middlesex, have given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in utilising leather shavings."
As set forth in their petition, recorded in the said office on the 7th day of December, 1855.
2794. And Alexandre Tolhausen, of No. 7, Duke-street, Adelphi, London, county of Middlesex, Sworn Interpreter at the Imperial Court of Paris, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "certain improvements in mariners' and land compasses."—A communication from John Prime, Washington, United States.
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 11th day of December, 1855.
2833. And John Aspinall, of Limehouse, in the county of Middlesex, Civil Engineer, has given the like notice in respect of the invention of "improvements in machinery for curing sugar and extracting moisture therefrom, parts of which are applicable to separating liquids and moisture from substances containing the same."
As set forth in his petition, recorded in the said office on the 15th day of December, 1855.