sessions, or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the said Act, of the third year of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said Act, divide the said northern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

C. C. Greville.

T the Court at *Balmoral*, the 24th day of September, 1855,

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act, passed in the ses-sion of Parliament held in the sixth and seventh years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An "Act for rendering more easy the taking the poll " at county elections," it is enacted that it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, from time to time, on petition from the justices of any county, riding, parts, or division in England or Wales, in quarter sessions assembled, representing that the number of polling places for such county, riding, parts, or division is insufficient, and praying that the place or places mentioned in the said petition may be a polling place or polling places for the county, riding, parts, or division of the county within which such place or places is or are situate, to declare that any place or places mentioned in the said petition shall be a polling place or polling places for that county, riding, parts, or division, and that the justices of the peace for such county, riding, parts, or division in quarter sessions, or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the Act passed in the third year of the reign of His said late Majesty, intituled "An Act to settle and deter-" mine the divisions of counties, and the limits of " cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in "so far as respects the election of Members to "serve in Parliament," shall, conformably to the said last-mentioned Act, divide such county, riding, parts, or division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place;

And whereas the justices of the peace for the county of Stafford, in general quarter sessions assembled, on the second day of July last, have presented a petition to Her Majesty in council, representing that the number of polling places for the southern division of the said county is insufficient, and praying that the town or place of Gnosall, and the township of Forebridge, in the parish of Castle Church, may be a polling places for the said southern division, within which such places are situate;

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, having taken the said petition into consideration, doth, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, declare, order, and direct, and it is hereby declared, ordered, and directed, that the town or place of Gnosall, and the township of Forebridge, in the parish of Castle Church, shall be polling places for the southern division of the county of Stafford; and further, that the justices of the peace for the said county, in quarter sessions, or some special sessions assembled, as mentioned in the said Act of the third year of His said late Majesty, shall, conformably to the said Act, divide the said southern division into convenient polling districts, and assign one of such districts to each polling place.

> C. C. Greville. A 2

Downing-Street, September 29, 1855.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Philip Francis Little, Esq., to be Attorney-General; John Dent, Esq., to be Colonial Secretary; Edmund Hanrahan, Esq., to be Surveyor-General; and George Henry Emerson, Esq., to be Solicitor-General for the Island of Newfoundland.

Her Majesty has also been pleased to appoint Lawrence O'Brien, James Tobin, John Rochfort, M.D., George Henry Emerson, John Munn, Samuel Carson, M.D., Thomas Row, James Johnstone Rogerson, Thomas Harrison Ridley, James Furlong, Philip Duggan, and James Cormack, Esqs., to be Members of the Legislative Council of Newfoundland.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, September 29, 1855.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Naples, reporting the abolition of quarantine at that port, in respect of vessels arriving from Marseilles and the Italian ports.

Board of Trade, Whitehall, October 1, 1855.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul-General at Christiania, enclosing translations of two Notices of the Royal Norwegian Marine Department, of which the subjoined are copies.

NOTICE.

(Copy.)

Relating to the lighting of a Channel Lighthouse, on Staværnspoint (Staveern-sodden.)

ON Staværnspoint, on the eastern side of the southern channel into Frederickveern a fixed channel light will be lighted on the first of next October, and kept lighted from the 15th July all through the winter, until the morning of the 1st June. The period of burning, the same as the other lights in the kingdom, viz. : From the 21st September to the 20th March, half an hour after sunset until sunrise; and from the 15th July to the 20th September, one hour after sunset until sunrise. Its north latitude 58° $59\frac{4}{2}'$, longitude east of Greenwich 10° $4\frac{1}{2}'$, and it is visible at a distance of 2 Norwegian or 8 English miles.

The light is visible from \mathbf{N} . to E. through north to N.N.W. $\frac{3}{4}$ W. by compass, so that by keeping within the circumference of its light, you clear "Rakkeboorne" on the west, and "Svinoërskaten" on the east side. From east it shines from W.N.W. to S.W. to W. in which light circumference by sailing in the south of the channel you are clear on the north of the "Fladen" reefs inside Svinoërskaten. On the other hand, the Rouoers Reefs, as well as the coast, and shoals and reefs lying off the same, on the north side of the channel, lie at an angle with the light, consequently cannot serve as a guide either for the north side of the channel, or so far east as the Roucerne.