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Venice, August 24. HE 22d Instant, an Express arrived here by the way of Otranto, with Letters from Captain General Morofini of the 27th past, wherein he gives the Senate an account, that having on the 18th of the same Month held a great Council of War, it was Unanimously resolved to besiege Napoli de Romania, the better to secure the Conquests which the Forces of the Republick have already made in the Morea; That having accordingly difposed all things for this important Enterprize, he failed from Modon, the same day he dispatched his Express, with the Venetian Fleet and the Auxiliary Gallies, which had on Board 24000 Land-men, and at the same time sent Orders to the Captain Extraordinary of the Ships to approach towards that Coast with the Squadron under his Command, that he may join the Fleet if there be occasion. Letters from Dalmetia confirm the Advice we had Tome time ago of an Incursion which the Morlag es had made into the Province of Boffina, where they burnt and plundered the Town of Marden, the Capital of that Countrey; And add, that the Tark sh Troops which the Bassa of Scutari had drawn together to the Number of 7 or 8000 Men, with a Resolution, as was believed, to attack the City of Budua, were ordered to march towards Hungary, to reinforce the Army commanded by the Grand Visier, but that upon the first News of it almost one half of them had deferted; That Signior Michieli, Proveditor-General of Dalmatia, to second the defign of General Cornaro, who was marching with a Body of 6000 Men to attack Caftle-Novo, had drawn out part of the Garifons of Budua + Parasta Pastrovich, and several other places to soin him, and had fent two Polanders and 18 Galeots to block up that place on the fide of the Sea. The Master of a French Vessel arrived from Negroponte reports, that in his Voyage he had heard great shooting for a whole day, and that he understood afterwards that some Venetian Men of War had met the Caravan that was going from Alexandria to Constantinople; of which we are impatiently expecting more certain Advice.

Lemberg, Aug. 4. The last Letters from the Polish Camp are o the 27th of the last Month; They tell us, that the Army advanced the 24th to the Forest of Buckovine (where the Poles were engaged with the Energy the last year) and that the next day the King, who had stay'd behind with his Guards at Tlumazz, to dispatch an Envoy to the Sieur Samiolovizz, General of the Cossacks, subject to the Czars, rejoined the Army; That his Majesty had given Orders for the building several Redoubts to guard the Passages of the Forest for the security of his Retreat, and that so soon as they were striffled he would decamp; and march towards

Jassi, the Capital City of Moldavia, to give the Hospodars of that Countrey and of Valuchia, an opportunity to join their Forces with him, as they had promised to do; after which his Majeny intended to enter into the Provinces of Kili and Birlagrod. There was encamped a Body of 20000 Turks and Tartars between the Forest and Czecora, but being so much inferior to the Poles, it was not believed they would expect them there, but that they would retire so so our Army moved towards them. These Letters add, that the King had received advice, that 27000 Moscovites, the Vanguard of the Czar's Army, were already entred into the Crim Tartary, where they had made a great Ravage; And that 20000 Saparovian Cossacks were marching with the same design towards the Little Tartary.

From the Imperial Camp before Buda, Aug. 25. The 23 Instant the Bavarians (as we gave you an account in our last) made themselves Masters of the Caftle, and of the strong Tower in the middle of it, which the Besieged endeavoured to regain the next day, fetting fire to a quantity of Powder that the Smoak which the wind drove against our Men might hinder their fight; but notwithstanding this stratagem they were repulsed with considerable loss; in this occasion the Lieutenant-Colonel of the Regiment of Trautmanfdorfe was killed. We continued at the Duke of Lorrain's Attack our Mines under the fecond Wall, and the flancks of the Enemies Retrenchmknts, which we likewise battered from two new Batteries, one of two, the other of feven pieces of Cannon, with good fuccess, and at the fame time were employed in filling up the Ditches of the second Wall with sacks of Earth, Sc. a Deferter came out of the place, and reported that the Succors that got the other day into the Town, were most of them wounded; That the Garison is reduced to 1200 Men, and that they began to want Ammunition; The fame day there came likewise a Deferter from the Turkish Army, who declared that the Grand Visier intended to attack our Lines this Morning at break of day; upon which the Duke of Lorrain drew all his Cavalry and Infantry, except what were necessary to maintain the Attacks against the Town, out of the Lines; This Morning the Ottoman Army appeared accordingly in the great Plain before our Camp, and the two Armies faced each other for feveral hours; but after fome skirmishes between small detachements, the Enemy retired about ten a clock, and the Imperialists returned into their Camp. Thus the Enemy gives us continual alarms.

From the Imperial Camp before Buda, August 28. The 26th, the Elector of Bavaria caused an Hungarian Renegado who was taken in the Camp, observing the disposition of it, and the state of the Siege, in order to his giving the Grand Visier an account thereof, to be Empaled on the Breach for a Terror to others. Yesterday a Deserter came into

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