- 10. No naked light shall be allowed at any time or on any account.
- 11. The scuttles and stemports, if any, shall, weather permitting, be opened at seven o'clock A.M. and kept open till ten o'clock P.M.; and the hatches shall be kept open whenever the weather permits.
- 12. The coppers and cooking utensils shall be cleaned every day.
- 13. The beds shall be well shaken and aired on deck at least twice a week.
- 14. The bottom boards of the berths, if not fixtures, shall be removed and dry-scrubbed, and taken on deck at least twice a week.
- 15. A space of deck-room shall be apportioned for a hospital, not less, for vessels carrying one hundred passengers, than forty-eight superficial feet, with two or four bed-berths erected therein; nor less, for vessels carrying two hundred or more passengers, than one hundred and twenty superficial feet, with six bed-berths therein.
- 16. Two days in the week shall be appointed by the master as washing days; but no washing or drying of clothes shall on any account be permitted between decks.
- 17. On Sunday mornings the passengers shall be mustered at ten o'clock A.M. and will be expected to appear in clean and decent apparel. The Lord's day shall be observed as religiously as circumstances will admit.
- 18. No spirits or gunpowder shall be taken on board by any passenger; and if either of those articles be discovered in the possession of a passenger, it shall be taken into the custody of the master during the voyage, and not returned to the passenger until he is on the point of disembarking.
- 19. No loose hay or straw shall be allowed below for any purpose.
- 20. No smoking shall be allowed between decks.
- 21. All Gambling, fighting, riotous or quarrelsome behaviour, swearing and violent language, shall be at once put a stop to. Swords and other offensive weapons shall, as soon as the passengers embark, be placed in the custody of the master.
- 22. No sailors shall be allowed to remain on the passenger deck, among the passengers, except on duty.
- 23. No passenger shall go to the ship's cookhouse without special permission from the master, nor remain in the forecastle among the sailors on any account.
- 24. In vessels not expressly required by the said "Passengers' Act, 1849," to have on board such ventilating apparatus as therein mentioned, such other provision shall be made for ventilation as shall be required by the emigration officer, at the port of embarkation, or in his absence by the officers of customs.
- 25. And to prevent all doubts in the construction of this Order in Council, it is hereby further ordered that the terms "United Kingdom" and "Passenger Ship" shall herein have the same significations as are assigned to them respectively in the said "Passengers' Act, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine."

And the Right Honourable Earl Grey, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

Wm. L. Bathurst.

A T the Court at Osborne-House, Isle of Wight, the 6th day of October 1849.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a report from the General Board of Health, dated the twenty-sixth day of September last, in the words following; that is to say:

"We, the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of the Public Health Act, 1848, have, in pursuance of the provisions of that Act, upon the petition of not less than one-tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the poor of and within the borough of Wigan, and within the boundaries of the said borough, as fixed for the purposes of an Act passed in the sixth year of the reign of King William the Fourth, intituled 'An Act 'to provide for the regulation of municipal corporations in England and Wales' (the number of the said petitioners greatly exceeding thirty in the whole), directed George Thomas Clark, a superintending inspector, appointed for the purposes of the said Public Health Act, to visit the said borough, and to make public inquiry and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any local Acts of Parliament in force within such borough, for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said borough, or having relation to the purposes of the said Public Health Act; also as to the natural drainage, areas, and existing municipal, parochial, or other local boundaries, and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of that Act:

"And the said superintending inspector having previously given the notices directed by the said Public Health Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry in the manner directed by that Act, and hath reported in writing to the said Board upon the several matters with respect to which he was directed to inquire, and upon certain other matters with respect to which he deemed it expedient to report for the purposes of that Act;

"And copies of the said report, accompanied by a notice stating that written statements might be forwarded to the said Board with respect to any matter contained in or omitted from the said report, or any amendment proposed to be made therein, have been duly published and deposited as directed by the said Public Health Act, and the time for forwarding such statements has now elapsed; and all such statements as have been received by the said Board have been duly deposited, as required by that Act;

"And it appears by the said report, that there is no local Act of Parliament in force within the said borough for paving, lighting (otherwise than for the profit of proprietors or shareholders), cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving such borough, or any part thereof, or in anywise relating to the purposes of the said Public Health Act;

"Now, therefore, We, the said General Board of Health, do hereby, in pursuance of the said Public Health Act, humbly report to your Majesty, that it appears to us to be expedient that the Public Health Act, 1848, and every part thereof, except the sections numbered 50 and 96 in the copies of that Act, printed by your Majesty's printers, should be applied to and be in force within and throughout the entire area, places, and